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MUSAR:HERCUL:COLUM: NE VSQUE. To the Imortall Memorie of the Incomparable Heroe. HENRYE Prince of Wales.

The Tamb. Arms. Status: All throws hit is fall if our of Deathe. And worthin Fatherall Forms him best wood for Frome, in moght to deare: The folial Airtuse ver's exemple the major to deare. We Made. and wasted phrifting have early founde. Command Coff.: And broke 6 when arounded. We to inter all make the cure from the Karms. Tombo. Status: secret Earthy Things. What late is thrown left very large with the status of the control of the status. The status is the status of the

And 6 its kept: Not the thrice [acred will Sign d with the Deathe; moues any to fulfill for suff bequests to me: Thou dead then; [act deathe, for anima the Eterntie;]

To all Tymes future Tois I Yones March externa? Tiomer, No Parone found? Nor Chapman freind? Jonotus minis omnibus : Sat notes minis fib :

...



TOTHEHI BORNE PRINCE OF

MEN, HEN RIE, THRICE Royall inheritor to the united Kingdomes

of Great BRITTAINE, Ec.



Ince perfect happineffe, by Princes fought. Is not with birth, borne, nor Exchequers bought, Nor followes in great traines; nor is possest With any outward State, but makes him blest

That governes inward, and beholdeth there. All his affection stand about him bares That by his powre can fend to Towre, and death. All traitrous passions; marshalling beneath His justice, his meere will, and in his minde Holds such a scepter, as can keepe confinde His whole lifes actions in the royall bounds Of Vertue and Religion; and their grounds Takes-in, to fow his honours, his delights, And complete empire. You should learne these rights (Great Prince of men) by Princely prefidents; Which here, in all kindes, my true zeale prefents To furnish your youths ground-worke, and first State; And let you see, one Godlike man create All forts of worthiest men; to be contrived In your worth onely; giving him reviv'd, For whose life, Alexander would have given One of his kingdomes:who(as fent from heaven, And thinking well, that so divine a creature Would never more inrich the race of Nature)

The Epistle Dedicatorie.

Kept as his Crownehis workes; and thought them still His Angels, in all power to rule his will. And would affirme that Homers poefie Did more advance his Asian victorie. Then all his armies. O! tis wondrous much (Though nothing prilde) that the right vertuous touch Of a well written foule, to vertue moves. Nor have we foules to purpose, if their loves Of fitting objects be not so inflam'd. How much then, were this kingdomes maine foule maim'd, To want this great inflamer of all powers That move in humane foules? All Realmes but yours, Are honour'd with him; and hold bleft that State That have his workes to reade and contemplate. In which, Humanitie to her height is raise: Which all the world (yet, none enough) hath praisde. Seas, earth, and heaven, he did in verse comprise: Out-fung the Muses, and did equalife Their king Apoue, being fo farre from cause Of Princes light thoughts, that their grave & lawes May finde stuffe to be fashioned by his lines. Through all the pompe of kingdomes still he shines, And gracethall his gracers. Then let lie Your Lutes, and Viols, and more loftily Make the Heroiques of your Homer sung, To drums and trumpets fet his angels tongue: And with the Princely sport of Hawkes you use, Behold the kingly flight of his high Muse: And fee how like the Phoenix the renues Herage, and starrie feathers in your sunne; Thousands of yeares attending, every one Blowing the holy fire, and throwing in Their seasons, kingdomes, nations that have bin Subverted in them; lawes, religions, all Offerd to Change, and greedy Funerall; Yet still your Homer lasting, living, raigning; And proves, how firme truth builds in Poets faining.

The Epiftle Dedicatorie.

A Princes statue, or in Marble cary'd,
Or steele, or gold, and shrin'd (to be presery'd)
Alost on Pillars, or Pyramides;
Time into lowest ruines may depresse;
But, drawne with all his vertues in learn'd verse,
Fame shall resound them on oblivious herse,
Till graves gaspe with her blasts, and dead men rise.
No gold can follow, where true Poesie sies.

Then let not this Divinitie in earth (Deare Prince) be fleighted, as the were the birth Of idle Fancie; fince she worker so hie: Nor let her poore disposer (Learning) lye Still bed-rid. Both which, being in men defact. In men (with them) is Gods bright image rac't. For, as the Sunne and Moone, are figures given Of his refulgent Deitie in heaven: So, Learning, and her Lightner, Poelie. In earth present his fiery Maichie. Nor are Kings like him, fince their Diademes Thunder and lighten, and project brave beames. But fince they his cleare vertues emulate: In truth and Inflice, imagining his state: In Bountie, and Humanitie fince they shine; Then which, is nothing (like him) more divine: Not Fire, nor Light; the Sunnes admired course, The Rife, nor Set of Starres; nor all their force In us, and all this Cope beneath the skie; Nor great Existence, term'd his treasurie. Since not, for being greatest, he is blest; But being just, and in all vertues best.

What fets his justice and his truth, best forth,
(Best Prince) then use best, which is Poesies worth.
For, as grear Princes, well inform'd and deckt
With gracious vertue, give more sureeffect
To her perswasions, pleasures, reall worth
Then all thinferiour subjects she sets forth;
Since there she shines at full; hath birth, wealth, state,

Power.

The Epistle Dedicatorie.

Power, fortune, honor, fit to elevate Her heavenly merits, and fo fit they are Since the was made for them, and they for her: So, truth, with Poelie grac't, is fairer farre, More proper, moving, chafte, and regular, Then when she runnes away with untrus't Profe. Proportion, that doth orderly dispose Her vertuous treasure, and is Queene of Graces; In Poesie, decking her with choisest Phrases, Figures and numbers: when loose Prose puts on Plaine letter-habits; makes her trot upon Dull earthly businesse (she being meere divine:) Holds her to homely Cares, and harsh hedge-wine, That should drinke Poefies Nectar; every way One made for other, as the sunne and day, Princes and vertues. And, as in a spring, The plyant water mov'd with any thing Let fall into it, puts her motion out In perfect circles, that move round about The gentle fountaine, one another, railing: So truth and poesie worke; so poesie blazing, All subjects faine in her exhaustlesse fount, Workes most exactly, makes a true account Of all things to her high discharges given, Till all be circular, and round as heaven.

And lastly, great Prince, marke and pardon me,
As in a flourishing, and ripe fruit tree,
Nature hath made the barke to save the Bole;
The Bole, the sappe the sappeto decke the whole
With leaves and branches; they, to beare and shield
The usefull fruit, the fruit it selfe to yeeld
Guard to the kernell, and for that all those
(Since out of that againe, the whole tree growes:)
So, in our tree of man, whose nervie root
Springs in his top, from thence even to his foot,
There runnes a mutuall aide, through all his parts,
All joyn'd in one to serve his Queene of arts.

The Epifle Dedicatorie.

In which, doth Poelie, like the kernell lie Obscurd; though her Promethean facultie Can create men, and make even death to live For which the thould live honor'd, Kings thould give Comfort and helpe to her, that the might still Hold up their spirits in vertue; make the will. That governs in them to the power conformd; The power to justice, that the scandals storm'd Against the poore Dame, clear dby your faire Grace, Your Grace may thing the clearer. Her low place, Not shewing her, the highest leaves obscure. Who raife her, raife themfolyes . and he fits fure, Whom her wing'd hand advanceth, fince on it Eternitie doth (crowning Vertue) fit All whose poore seed, like violers in their beds Now grow with bosome-hung, and hidden heads. For whom I must speake (though their Fates convinces Me, worst of Poets) to you, best of Princes.

> By the most humble and faithfull implorer for all the graces to your highnesse eternised by your divine Homes.

> > GEO. CHAPMAN.

Λ4

An



AN ANAGRAM OF THE NAME OF OVE DREAD PRINCE, MY MOST Gracious and facted Meetings

HENRYE, PRINCE OF WALES, OVR SYNN, HEYR, PEACE, LIFE.

Eto us as thy great Name doth import,

(Prince of the people) nor suppose is vaine,

That in this secret and prophesique sore,

Thy Name and Noblest Title doth containe

So much right to us; and as great a good,

Nature doth nothing vainly; much lesse Art

Persecting Nature. No spirit in our bloud,

But in our soules discourses beares a part.

What Nature gives at random in the one,

In th other, orderd, our divine part serves.

Thom are not Heyrthen, to our state alone;

But Sunn, Peace, Life. And what thy powere deserves of us, and our good, in thy womost strife;

Shall make thee to thy selfe, Heyr, Sunn, Peace, Life.



OTHE SACRED FOUNTAINE OF PRINCES, SOLE EMPRESSE OF BEAUTIE AND VERTVE; ANN E, Quecous of England, &c.

Ith what soever Honour we adorne
Tour Royall issue; we must gratulate you;
Imperiall Sover aigne. Who of you is horne,
Is you; One Tree make hoth the Bole and Bow.

if it ve bonour then to joyne you both
To such a powerfull worke, as shall defend
Roth from foule Death, and Ages ugly Moth;
This is an Honour that shau never end.
I hey know not vertue then, that know not what
The vertue of defending vertue is;
It comprehends the guard of all your State,
And joynes your Greatnesse to as great a Blisse.
Shield vertue, and advance her then, Great Queen.
And make this Book your Glasse, to make it seen.

Your Majesties in all subjection most humbly confecrate,

GEO. CHAPMAN.

TO



TO THE READER.



Eft with fonle hands you tench thefe boly Rites.
And with preindicacies on prophane,
Paffe Homes, in your other Poets fleights;
Wash here. In this Porth to his mamerous Phane,
Heave ancient Oracles sheake, and tellyon whom

Ton have to censure. First then Silius heave, Who thrice was Consult in renowned Rome; Whose verse (saith Martiall) nothing shall ont-weave.

Silius Italicus. Lib.13.

E, in Elyfum, having cast his eye Vpon the figure of a Youth, whole haire With purple Ribands braided curioufly, Hung on his shoulders wondrous bright and faire: Said, Virgin, What is he whose heavenly face Shines past all others, as the Morne the Night, Whom many marvelling foules, from place to place, Purfue and haunt, with founds of fuch delight? Whose countenance (wer't not in the Stygian shade) Would make me, questionlesse, beleeve he were A very God. The learned Virgine made This answer: If thou shouldft beloeve it here, Thou shouldst not erre: be well deserved to be Efteem'd a god; nor held his fo-much breaft A little presence of the Deitie: His verse comprise earth, seas, starres, soules at rest In fong, the Muses he did equalize; In honour, Phabas: he was onely soule; Saw all things fpher'd in Nature, without eyes, And railde your Troy up to the flarric Pole? Glad Scipio, viewing well this Prince of Gholts, Said, Oif Fates would give this Poet leave To fing the acts done by the Romane Hoalts, How much beyond, would future times receive The fame facts, made by any other knowne? Obleft Bacides! to have the grace Thatout of fuch a mouth, thou houlds be flowne To wondring Nations, as enricht the race Of all times future, with what he did know: Thy vertue, with his verse, shall ever grow.

Now heare an Angell fing our Poets Fame: Whom Fate, for his divine fong, gave that name.

Angelus Politianus, in Nutrica.

More living, then in old Demodecus. Fame glories to waxe yong in Howers verle. And as when bright Hyperson holds to us His golden Torch, we see the starres disperse. And every way flye heaven; the pallid Moone Even almost vanishing before his sight . So with the dazeling beames of Homers Sunne. All other antient Poets lofe their light. Whom when Apollo heard, out of his ftarre. Singing the godlike acts of honor d men: And equalling the actuall rage of warre, With onely the divine ftraines of his pen-He stood amaz'd, and truely did confesse Himfelfe was equall'd in Maonides.

Next, beare the great and learned Plinic #6 His censure of our facred Poets Mufe.

Plin Naz, Hift. lib. 7. Cap. 29.
Turnd into verfe, that no Profe may come neare Homer.

Whom shall we choose the glory of all wits, Held through fo many forts of discipline, And fuch variety of worker and spirits, But Grecian Homer? like whom none did thine. For forme of worke and matter: And because Our proud doome of him may stand instified By nobleft judgements, and receive applause In fpite of enuy, and illiterate pride; Great Macedon, amongst his matchlesse spoiles, Tooke from rich Perfia (on his Fortunes call) A Casket finding (full of precious oyles) Form'd all of gold, with wealthy fromes enchac't.

He tooke the oyles out, and his nearest friends Askt, in what better guard it might be ufde? All giving their conceits to feverall ends:

He answerd, his affections rather chusde Anuse quite opposite to all their kindes:

And Howers bookes should with that guard be ferved. That the most precious worke of all mens mindes,

In the most precious place, might be preserved. The Fount of wit was Homer; Learnings Syre,

And gave Antiquity her living fire.

[70lumes of like praise, I could heape on this] Of men more ancient, and more learn'd then thefe: But fince true Vertue enough lovely is

TO THE READER.

With her owne beauties: all the fuffrages Of others I omit; and would more faine That Hower, for himselfe, should be belou'd Who enerie fort of love-worth did containe. Which how I have in my connection proud. I must confesse. I hardly dare referre To reading indecements; fince, so generally, Custome hath made even thablest Agents erre In thefe translations, all so much apply Their paines and cunnings, word for word to render

Their patient Authors; when they may as well. Make fish with fowle, Camels with VVhales engenders Or their tongues foeech, in other mouths compell. For, eucn as different a production

Aske Greeke and English: fince as they in founds. And letters, thunne one forme, and written. So have their fense, and elegancie hounds

In their diffinguisht natures, and require Onely a indegment to make both confent, In lenie and elocution, and afpire

As well to reach the spirit that was spent In his example, as with arte to pierce His Grammer, and erymologie of words.

But, as great Clerkes, can write no English verfe. Because (alas! great Clerks) English affords (Say they) no height, nor copie; a rade toung,

(Since tis their Natiue): but in Greeke or Latine Their writs are rare; for thence true Poefic forong: Though them (Truth knowes) they have but skil to chat-in.

Compard with that they might fay in their owne; Since thither th other sfull foule cannot make The ample transmigration to be showne

In Nature loueing Poefie: So the brake That those Translators sticke in, that affect

Their word-for-word traductions (where they lose Thefree grace of their natural! Dialect

And flame there Authors, with a forced Glose) I laughto fee; and yet as much abhorre

More licence from the words, then may expresse Their full compression, and make cleare the Author. From whole truth, if you thinke my feet digtelfe.

Because I vie needfull Periphrases: Reade Valla, Hellis, that in Latine Profe, And Verse connert him; reade the Messines.

That into Tuscan turns him, and the Glose Grane Salel makes in French; as he translates:

Which (for th'aforefaide reasons) all must doo; And see that my conversion much abates

Of Translation. and the natural aiference of Dral als necestari to to be obtained

TO THE READER.

The licence they take, and more showes him too:
Whose right, not all those great learn'd men have done
(In some maine parts) that were his Commentors:
But (as the illustration of the Sunne
Should be attempted by the erring starres)
They fail'd to search his deepe, and treasurous hart.
The cause was, since they wanted the fit key

The pawer of ma Of Nature, in their down-right strength of Art;

The power of na ture, about Art in Poesse.

With Poesse, to open Poesse.
Which in my Poeme of the mysteries
Reucal'd in Homer, I will clearely proue.
Till whose neere birth, suspend your Calumnies,
And farre-wide imputations of selfe lone.
Tis further from me, then the worst that reades;
Prosessing me the worst of all that write:
Yet what, in following one, that brauely leades,
The worst may show, let this proofe hold the l
But grant it electe: yet hath detraction got

Yet what, in following one, that brauely leades,
The worst may show, let this proofe hold the light.
But grant it cleere: yet hath detraction got
My blind side, in the forme, my verse puts on;
Much like a dung-hill Massife, that dares not
Assault the man he barkes at; but the stone
He throwes at him, takes in his eager iawes,
And spoyles his teeth became they cannot spoyle.
The long verse hath by prooferecein d applause
Beyond each other number: and the foile,

That fquint-ey'd Enuie takes, is cenfurd plaine.
For, this long Poeme askes this length of verfe,
Which I my felfe ingeniously maintaine
Too long, our fhorter Authors to reherfe.

And for our tong, that fill is so empayr'd
By traualing linguists, I can proue it cleare,
That no tongue hath the Muses viterance beyr'd
For verse, and that sweet Musique to the care

Strooke out of rime, so naturally as this,
Out Monofyllables, so kindly fall
And meete, opposed in rime, as they did kisses
French and Italian, most immerricall;
Their many syllables, in harth Collision,

Fall as they brake their necks, their bastard Rimes Saluting as they justed in transition,

And fet our teeth on edge; nor tunes, nor times Kept in their falles. And me thinkes, their long words Shew in short verse, as in a narrow place,

Two opposites should meet, with two-hand swords Vnweildily, without or vseor grace.

Thus having rid the rubs, and strowd these flowers
In our thricesacred Homers English way;
What rests to make him, yet more worthy yours?

TO THE READER.

To cite more prayle of this, were meere delay To your glad fearches, for white these meere delay To your glad fearches, for white these meer found, That gaue his praife, past all, so high a place: Whose vertues were so many, and so cround, By a ll consents, Dinine; thist not to grace, Or adds: increase to them, the would dock need Another Homer, but enen to beherfe And number them: they did so much exceed:

And number them: they did to much exceed;
Men thought him not a man; but that his verte
Some m cere celeftiallnature did adorne.

And all may well conclude, it could not be.
That for the place where any man was borne,
So long, and mortally, could difagree
So many Nations, as for Homer firmed.

Valeffe his spurre in them, had bene dinine.
Then end their strife, and look him (thus renin'd)
As borne in England: see him oner lisine

All other-Countrie Poets; and truft this,
That whole focuer Mule dares use her wing
When his Muse flies, shee will be trufs t by his;
And show as if a Bernacle should foring

Beneath an Eagle. In none fince was feene
A foule fo full of heaven as earth's in him.
O! if our moderne poefie had beene

Of it our moderne poetie had beene
As louely as the Ladie he did lymne.
What barbarous worlding, growling after gaine,
Could vie her louely parts with fuch rude hare.

As now the fuffers vnder every fwaine?

Since then its nought but her abuse and Fate,
That thus empaires her; what is this to her

As face is reall, or in natural right.
But fince in true Religion men faculd erre
As much as Poefic, should th' abufe excite

The like contempt of her Dininitie?
And that her truth, and right faint facted Merites;
In most lines, breed but reverence formally.

What wonder is if Poefie inherits
Much leffe observance, being but Agent for her:

And finger of her lawes, that others fay?
Forth then ye Mowles, sonnes of the earth abhorre her;
Keepe still on in the durty vulgar way.

Till durt receine your foules, to which ye vow,
And with your poison'd spirits bewitch our thrists.
Ye cannot so much despite vs as we you.

Nor one of you, aboue his Mowlehill lifts His earthy Minde, but, as a fort of beafts, Kept by their Guardians, never to be

Kept by their Guardians, neuer care to heare Their manly voices; but when, in their fifts,

Our English language, aboue all others, for Respirate Poesse.

Tb

TO THEREADER.

They breathe wild whiftles, and the beafts rude care Heares their Curres barking; then by heapes they flic. Headlong together: So men, beauly ginen, The manly foules voice (facred Poefie, Whole Hymnes the Angels cuer fing inheaten) Contempe, and heare not but when brutilla noiles (For Gaine, Luft, Honour, in litigious Profe) Are bellow'd-out, and cracke the barbaro usvoices Of turkish Stenters; O! ye leane to those Like itching Horse, to blockes, or high May-poles: And breake naught but the wind of wealth, wealth, All In all your Documents; your Afinine foules (Proud of their burthens) feele not how they pall. But as an Affe, that in a field of weeds Affects a thiftle, and falles fiercely to it; That pricks, and gals him; yet he feeds, and bleeds; Forbeares a while, and lickes; but cannot woo it To leave the sharpnes when (to wreake his smart) He beates it with his foote: then backward kickes. Recause the Thistle gald his forward part: Nor leaves till all be eate, for all the prickes: Then falles to others with as hote a frife: And in that honourable warre doth wafte The rall heate of his fromack, and his life: So, in this world of weeds, you worldings tafte Your most-lou'd dainties; with such warre, buy peace, Hunger for torment, vertue kicke for vice, Cares for your states, do with your states increase: And though ve dreame ye feast in Paradife. Yet Reasons Day-light, shewes ye at your meate Affes at Thiftles, bleeding as ye cate.

THE



THE PREFACE TO



F all books extant in all kinds, Homer is the first and best. No one before bis (Iosephus affirmes,) nor before biss (saith Velleius Pater-culus) was there any whom he imitated: nor after biss, any that could imitate biss. And that Poesse may be no cause of detraction for all the eminence we give biss. Spondanus (preferring it to all Arts and (5).

ences) unanswerably argues and proves. For the gloric of God, and the singing of his glories, no man dares deny) man was chiefly made. And what are performes this chiefe end of man, with so much excitating, and expression as Peese? Moles, David, Salomon, lob-slay, seemup, &c. chiefly whigh that to the end about said. And since the excellence of it cannot be obtained by the labour and art of man(as all casily confession; it must need be acknowledged a disine insuson. To prove which in a word, this distinct, (in my estimation) serves something nearely:

Great Poesie, blind *Homer*, makes all see Thee capable of all Arts, none of thee.

For out of him (according to our most grave and indicial Plutarch) are all Arts deduced, confirmed, or illustrated. It is not therfore the worlds wilifying of it, that can make it vile: for so we might argue, by blash heme the most incomparably sacred. It is not of the world indeed but (like Truth) bides it felfe fro it. Nor is there any such reality of wildomes truth in all humane excellence as in Poets fictions. That most vulgar de foo. lish receipt of Poeticall licence, being of all knowing men to be exploded; excepting it. as if Poets had a tale-telling primiledge about others,) no Artist being so strictly, and inextricably confined to all the lawes of learning, wifedome, and truth, as a Poet. For were not his fictions composed of the finewes and soules of all those : how could they differ farre from , and be combined with eternitie? To all (ciences therfore, I must still (with our learned and ingenious Spondanus) preferre it; as having a perpetual commerce with the dinine Maiefly; embracing and illustrating all his most holy precepts and injering continuall discourse with his thrice perfect, and most comfortable spirit. And as the contemplatine life is most worthily of dininely preferred by Plato, to the affine as much as the head to the foote; the eye to the head; resion to fence; the foule to the bodie: the end it felfe to all things directed to the end: quiet to motion; and Eternitie to Time : fo much preferre I dimine Poefie to all worldly wifdome, To the onely shadow of whose worth yet. I entitle not the bold rimes of enery Apish and im pudent Braggart (though be dares a flume any thing) fuch I turne over to the weaming of Cobwebs, and shall but chaster on molebils (farre under the bill of the Muses) when their fortunat it selflone and ambition bath advanced them bir best. Poelie is the flower of the Sun, by disdains to open to the eye of a candle. So kings hide their treafares, & counfels fro the vulgar; ne cuilcfcant (faith our Spond.) we baue example facred enough, that true Poefic humility, powerty by contempt, are badges of aininity, not vanity. Bray shen, and barke againft it ye wolf-fac't worldings, that nothing but

Οιμέκα δη νου δίου Αλέανδρου Μενέλα Θ

Ninies, &c. For avoiding the common readers trouble here, I must referre the more Greekish to the rest of the speechin Homer, whose translation adverbum by Sondanus, I will here cite, and then pray you to conserve it with that

TO THE READER.

which followeth of Valla.

Quoniam vero nunc alexandram, Menelam
Pofiquem vicit, vult odiofam me domum abducere;
Properea vero nunc dohan (ceu colos) cogitans aduenifti?
Sede apud ipfum vadens, deoram abnega vias,
Neque vnquam tuis pedibus renertain in coelum,
Sed femper circa cum arumnas prefer, & ipfum ferua
Donec te vel vxorem faciat, vel hic fernam, &c.

Valla thu:

Quoniam victo Paride, Memelsas, me miferam, est reportaturus ad lares, ideo ta, ideo fassa sub imagine venisti; ut me deciperes ob tuam nimiam in Paridem beneuolenia: cò dumilli ades, dum illi studes, dum pro illo satagls, dum illum obseruas arque custodis, deorum commercium reliquisti, nec ad eos renersuras amplius; adeò (quantum suspicor) ant vxor cius efficieris, aut ancilla. Erc.

Wherein more if shere be any fachtbing as most of this in Homer, yet only to expresse (as bethinks) Homers conceipt, for the more pleasure of the reader, be vett this ouerplas dum illi ades, dum illi studes, dum pro illo satagis, dum illum obseruas, atque custodis, deorum commercium reliquisti. Which (besides bis superfluitie) is veterly falfe. For where be faith reliquifti deorum commercium, Hellen faith, Our d'avojat un d'oram antem abnega, or abnue vias, aviati, (vel ante evenir, as it is weed poetically signifying denegate, or abnuere; & Hellen (in contempt of ber too much observing men) bids ber renounce beanen, and come line with Paris till be make her bis wife or fermant; scoptically or scornefully speaking it : which doth Valla, Embanus, and al other interpreters (but thefe ad verbum) bane veterly mift. And this one example I thought necessarie to insert here, to thew my detractors that they have no reason to vilisse my curcumlecution sometimes, when their most approned Greciaus, Homers interpreters generally hold bim fit to be fo connerted. Tet bow much I differ, and with what authoritie, let my impartiall, and indiciall reader indge. Alwaies conceining bow pedantical and abfurd an affectation it is in the interpretation of any Anthor (muchmore of Homet) to turne bim word for word; when (according to Horace and other best laweiners to translaters) it is the part of energy knowing and indiciall interpreter, not to follow the number and order of words, but the matterall things them felnes, and femences to weigh diligently and to clothe and adorne them with words, and such a sile and sorme of Oration, as are most apt for the language into which they are connerted If I have not turned him in any place falfly (as all other bis interpreters bane in many and most of bis chiefe places;) If I have not left behind me any of his fontence elegancie, beight, intention, and innention: if in some few places (especially in my first edition, being done so long fince, by following the comon tract) I be somthing paraphrasticall of faulty mit instice in that poore fault if they will needs have it fo) to drowne all the roft of my labour? But there is a certaine entions Windfacker that boners up and down laboriously engroßing al the aire with bulaxurious ambition; and buzzing into enery eare my detraction; affirming I turne Homer out of the Latine onely, dec. that fets all bis affocietes, and the whole rabble of my maligners on their wines with him, to beare about my empaire, and poy on my reputation. One that as be thinkes, what focuer be gines to others, he takes from him-(elfe; so what somer he takes from others, be addes to bimfelfe. One that in this kinde of robberie, doth like Mercuric, that fole good, and supplied it with counterfeit bad

fill. One like the two gluttons, Phyloxenus and Gnatho, that would fill emptie sheir nofes in the dishes they load, that no man might eate but themselues. For so this Castrill, with too bate a liner, and last after his owne glorie, and to dequare all himselfe, discourageth all appetites to the same of another. I have striken, single him as you can. Nor note I this, to cast any rubbes, or plaster out of the particular may of mins owne estimation with the world; for I resolve this with the wilfully observe:

Sine honore, viuam nullóq, numero ero. Without mens honors I will line, and make No number, in the manlessecourse they take.

But to discourage (if it might be) the generall detraction of industrious, and well meaning vertue. I know I cannot too much diminish, and deicit my selfe; yet the passing little that I am, God onely knowes; to whose ener-implored respect, and composing little that I am, God onely knowes; to whose ener-implored respect, and composing little that I am, surface as a single (God asissing me) and amplishe my barsh Comment to Homets farre more right, and mine owne earnest, and ingenious love of him; Notwithstanding, I know, the curious, and envious, will never set downe satisfied. A mam may go over and over, till be come over and over; and his paines be onely his recompence every man is solded with his particular head; and nothing in all respects perfect, hus what is perceined by sew. Homet himselfse bato met with my fortane, in many maligners; and therefore may my poore-selfe, put up with motion. And so listle I will respect malignitie; and somuch encourage my selfe with mine owne knowns strength, and what I sinde within me, of comfort, and construence; examining my selfe throughout, with a sarre more icalous and seuere cye, then my greatest enemies.

Index iple sui totum se explorat ad unguem, &c.)

That aftershese lliads, I will (God lending melife and any meanest meanes) with
more labour then I have lost here, and all uncheckt alacritic, dive through his oancient, learned, andright noble frind M. Richard Stapilton, first mest described
mover in the frame of our Homer. For which (and much other most ingenious and
usterst undescribed as the second property on the free and the second property undescribed and full restore. In the meane space, I intreat my impartially, and indiciall Reader; that all things to the quick be will not pare; but humanely and nobly
pardon desects, and if he sinde any thing persets, receive it uncaused.

Of Homer.

of his countrie, and time, the difference is so instinite amongs all writers, that there is no question (in my coniectare) of his antiquitie beyond all. To which opinion, the nearest I will cite; Addam Cedrenus placeth him under Dauids & Solomon, Michael Glycas Siculus assirmeth him. Aristotle (in tertio de Poetica) assirmeth him. Aristotle (in tertio de Poetica) assirmeth him who be not a urigine of that the, compress by that Genius, who being quecke with the Muses, and a virgine of that the, compress by that Genius, who being quecke with the Muses, and a virgine of that the, compress by that Genius, who for face was taken of thecaes, and brought to Smyrna, to Moon king of the Lidians, who for her beautic maried her. After which, she walking neare the slood Meletes; on that shore being overtaken with the throwes of her deliverie, she brought forth Homes, and instants

TO THE READER.

stantly died. The infant was received by Mccon, and brought up as his owne till his death; which was not long after. And according to this, when the Lydians in Smytna, were afficied by the Eolians, and thought fit to leave the citie, the Captaines by a Herald willing all to go out that would, and follow them; Homer (being a little child) faid be would also inserve (that is, sequi.). And of that, (for Meletigenes, which was his sirst mame) be was called Homer. These Plutarch,

The varieties of other reports touching this, I omit for length: and in place therefore, thinke it not unfit to infert something of his praise, and honor among the greatest of all Ages; not that our most absolute of him selfe, meedes it; but that such antentical testmomies of his splendor and excellence, may the better consince the ma-

lice of bis malioners.

Firft, what kind of person Homer was, (faith Spondanus) his statue teacheth; which Cedrenus describeth. The whole place we will describe, that our relation may hold the better coberence; as Nylander connerts it. Then was the Octagonon as Constantinople consumed with fire; and the Bath of Seucrus, that bore the name of Zeuxippus: in which there was much varietie of speciacle, and splendor of Arts; the worker of all Ages being conferred, and preserved there, of Marble, Rockes, Stones and Images of Braffe; to which, this onely wanted; that the foules of the persons they presented, were not in them. Amongst these master peeces, and all-witexceeding workmanships, flood Homer, as be was in his age; thoughtfull, and mutime: bis bands folded beneath bis bosome, bis beard antrimmed, and banging downer, the baire of his bead in like fort thinne on both fides before his face with acc and cares of the world (as thefe imagine) wrinkled and auftere; his note proportioned to his other parts; his eyes fixt or turned up to his eye browes, like one blind (as it is reported be was) not borne blind (faith Vell. Paterculus) which he that imagins (faith ber is blindefall senses. V pon bis under coate be was attired with a loose robe; and at the base beneath his feete, a brazen chainbung. This was the statue of Homer, which in that conflagration perified. Another renowned flatne of his faith Lucian in his Encomion of Demolthenes) flood in the temple of Ptolomy, on the upper handef bis own ftatue. Cedrenus likewife remembreth a Library in the Pallace of the king at Constantinople, that contained a thousand a bundred and twenty bookes: among ft which there was the gut of a Dragon, of an bundred and twentic foote long; in which, in letters of gold; the Iliads, and Odiffes of Homer were in feribed : which miracle (in Basiliscus the Emperours time) was consumed with fire.

For his respect amongst the most learned; Plato in Ione celleth him deserved.

Subtrator Handone Velor wounth, distinum Poetam, and in Theaterus, Socrates citing distinute of the most wife and learned for confirmation of his there held epision. (45 Protagoras, Heraclitus, Empedoeles, Epicharmus, and Homer) who (sith Socrates) a gainst such as well be held ridiculous? This for Scaliger, and all Homer, envious or resist, hus he will be held ridiculous? This for Scaliger, and all Homer, envious and signorant detractors. Why therefore, Plato in another place hansshet him with all other peets out of his Common-wealth, dealing with them like a Politician indeed, use men, and then cast them off, (though Homer he thinks fit to send out crowned, and announted;) I see not, since he maketh still such howerable mention of him, and with his verses (as not precious Iemmes) enerie where enchaceth his writings.

So Aristotle, continually celebrated him. Nay even a mongst the Barbarous, not one-ly Homers name, but his Poems have bene recorded and riversanced. The Indians

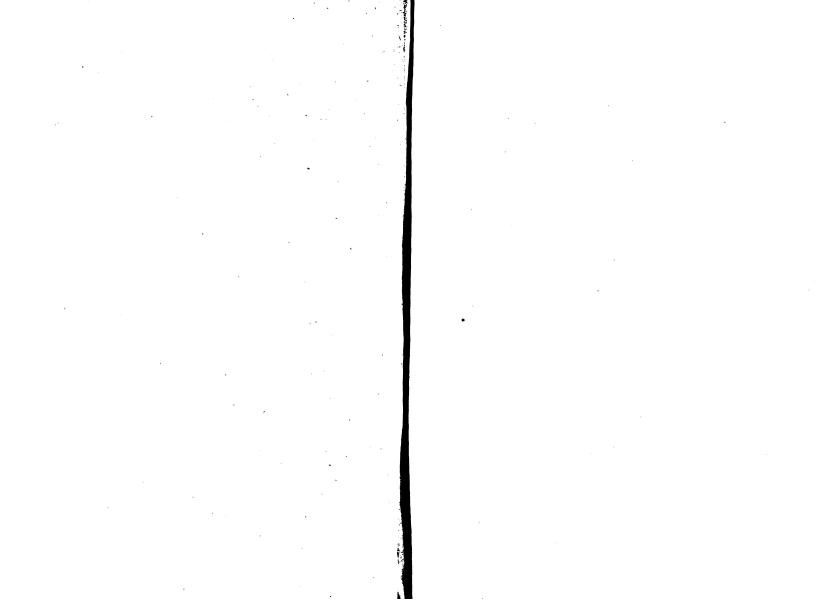
(fait

THE PREFACE &c.

(faith Elianus var. hift. lib.12. cap 48.) intheir owne tongue had Homers Poems translated and lung. Nor those Indians alone, but the kings of Persia. And among & the Indians (of all the Greek Poets, Homer being ener first in estimatio) when lower they vied any dinine duties according to the custome of their bou holds and bolbitalities, they inuited ener, Apollo, and Homer. Lucian in his Encomion of Demofth: affirmeth all Poets celebrated Homers birth day of facrificed to him the firf fruites of their verfes. So Therfagoras answereth Lician, he wied to doe bim felfo. Alex. Paphius (faith Euftathius deliuers Homer, as borne of Egyptian Parents; Damalazoras being bis father and Exhra bis mother bis nour fe being a certaine Propheteffe. and the daughter of Oris, Ilis Priest from whose breasts, of tensimes, honey flowed in the mouth of the infant. After which, in the night, he uttered nine fewerall motes ar voices of fowles, viz. of a Swallow, a Peacocke, a Done, a Crow, a Partrich, a red-Shank. a Stare, a Blackebird, and a Nightingale: and being a little boy, was found playe in his bed with nine Doues. Sibylla being at a feast of his Parents, was taken with for daine furie; and fing verfes, whose beginning was Danamappa wohulen ! polynice. firnifring much victories in which fong also he called him myanner, great in glories and stowertw, lignifying garland-feller; and commanded him to build a temple to the Pegridari, that is, to the Mufes. Herodoms affirmes, that Phæmius teaching a pub. like schoole at Smyrna) was his maifter; and Dionysius in bis 56 oration faith, Socrates was Homers scholler. In short; what be was, bis workes

shew most train; to which (if you please) go on andexamine him.







THE FIRST BOOKE OF

THE ARGUMENT.

Pollo's Prieft to th' Argine fleet doth bring A Gifts for bis dang beer, prifoner to the King; For which, her rendered freedome, be entreats. But, being dismist with continuelions threats, At Phoebus bands, by wengefull prayer be seeks To have a plasme inflicted on the Greekes. Which had, Achilles doth a Counfell cite, Emboldning Chalchas in the Kings desbite. To tell the truth, why they were punisht so. From bence their fierce and deadly firste did grow. For wrong in which, Eacides fo raves, That Goddeffe Theris from ber throne of waves, (Ascending beaven) of love affiftance ween, To plague the Greeks, by absence of ber soune; And make the Generall himselfe repent, To wrong fo much his Armies ornament. This found by Inno, he mich love centends, Till Vulcan, with beaven's emp, the quarrell ends.

Bacilles, for ame of Achilles, temg the grand-child of Bacus

Another Argument.

Alpha the prayer of Chryles fings: The Armie's plague: the strife of Kings.

Chilles banefull wrath refound, O Goddesse that imposed Infinite forrowes on the Greekes, and many brave soules losed From breasts Heroique: sent them sarre, to that invisible cave, That no light comforts 3 & their lims to dogs & vulnures gave.

Betwixe Arrides king of men, and Thesis godlike sonne.

What God gave Eris their command, and op't that fighting veine?
Iove's and Latinus sonne, who sir dagainst the king of men,
For contumely shown his Priest, infectious ficknesse sent
To plague the army, and to death by troopes the soldiers went.
Occasion'd thus, Gloryse the Priest came to the steet, to buy,
For presents of unwalted noise, his daughters liberty.

Occasion of thus, Giryles the Pricit came to the fleet, to buy, For prefents of unvalued price, his daughters liberty. The golden Scepter, and the Growne of Phethwin his hands Proposing and made fair to all, but most to the Commands Of both th dirides, who most ruld. Great stream fonnes (faid he) And all ye wel-greev Greeks, the gods, whose habintions be In heavenly houses, grace your powers with Priam's razed towne,

His propelition and invocation.

Atrider, firmane
of Agamembon,
being fomne to
Arresse
Eris the goddeffe
of contention.
Novation.

Agamemmon & Menelmus, called the Atrides, being brothers, and bath femmes 10

.

And grant ye happy conduct home: to win which wisht renown Of love, by honouring his sonne (farre-shooting Phabus,) daine Confa the Poil For thefe fit prefents to diffolye, the ranfomable chaine Arrida, and 6. Of my lov'd daughter's fervitude. The Greekes entirely gave

Glad acclamations, for figne, that their defires would have The grave Priest reverenced, and his gifts, of so much price embraced.

The Generall yet, bore no such minde, but viciously disgrac'd, With violent termes, the Priest, and said ; Doterd, avoid our fleet, Where lingring be not found by me, nor thy returning feet

continue ious repulsed Confes Let ever vilite us againe, left nor thy godhead's crowne, Nor scepter fave thee. Her thou feekst, I still will hold mine owne, Till age defloure her. In our Court at Argos (farre transferd

See my teal From her lov'd country) the thall ply, her web, and fee *prepard state, it may be (With all fit ornaments) my bed. Incense me then no more,

eaglib: the But (if thou wilt be fafe) be gone. This faid, the fea-best shore nona a grade (Obeying his high will) the Priest trod off with haste, and scare: And walking filent, till he left fare of his enemies care;

finitem, as Phabus (faire-hair'd Latona's fonne) he stird up, with a vow, fat, appoint to To this sterne purpose : Heare, thou God that bear st the silver bow, another on the o. That Chry/a guard ft, ruleft Tenedos with ftrong hand, and the round pet others tran. Of Cilla most divine dost walk: O Sminthus, if crown'd

flue, espellen- With thankfull offerings thy rich Phane I ever faw, or fir'd tem, & ador. Fat thighs of oxen, and of goats, to thee; this grace defired fine it somes Vouchsase to me : paines for my teares, let these rude Greeks repay, bell o a reader, Forc'd with thy arrowes. Thus he praid, and Phabus heard him pray;

The graph of And vext at heart, downe from the tops of freep heaven froopt; his bow Cyce to Apollo And quiver cover'd round, his hands did on his shoulders throw; And of the angry deity the arrowes as he mov'd,

Rathd about him. Like the night he rang'd the hoft, and roved (Apart the fleet fet) terribly, with his hard-loofing hand

His filver bow twang'd, and his shafts, did first the Mules command, apallo fends the And (wift hounds: then the Greeks themselves his deadly arrowes shot.

The fires of death never out, nine daies his shafts flew hot ine Greeks. About the army, and the tenth, Achilles cald a Court

Of all the Greekes: heaven's *white-arm'd Queen (who every where cut short Beholding her loved Greeks by death) suggested it : and he

Attides, a Ags. (All met in one) arole, and faid ; Atrides, now I fee We must be wandering againe, flight must be still our stay, (If flight can fave us now) at once fickneffe and battell lay Such Brong hand on us. Let us aske some Prophet, Priest, or prove Some dreame-interpreter, (for dreames are often fent from Iove) Why Phabus is so much incenst? If unperformed vowes

He blames in us, or Hecatombs; and if these knees he bowes To death, may yeeld his graves no more; but offering all supply Offavours, burnt from lambs, and goats, avert his fervent eye, And turne his temperate. Thus he fate 3 and then flood up to them

Chalcas, firnamed Theftorides, of Augures the supreme : He knew things prefent, past, to come; and rulde the Equipage OF HOMER'S ILIADS.

Of the Argive fleete to Ilion, for his Prophetique rage Given by Apollo: who well feene, in th'ill they felt, propold This to Achilles : Ioves below d'would thy charge fee disclos d. The fecret of Apollo's wrath? then convenant and take oth,

To my discoveries that with words, and powerfull actions both, Thy firength will guard the truth, in me; because I well conceive That he whose Empire governs all, whom all the Grecians give, Confirmed obedience, will be mov'd; and then you know the state,

Of him that moves him, when a king hath once markt for his hate, A man inferior; though that day, his wrath feemes to digeft Th'offence he takes; yet evermore, he rakes up in his breft,

Brands of quick anger; til revenge, hath quencht to his defire, The fire referred. Tell mee then, if, whatfoever, ire Suggests, in hurt of me, to him; thy valor will prevent?

Achilles answered; All thou knowst, speake, and be confident: For by Apollo, Ioves belov'd (to whom, performing vowes,

O Calchas, for the state of Greece; thy spirit Prophetique showes Skills that direct us) not a man, of all these Grecians here, (I living, and enioying the light, that through this flowrie sphere)

Shall touch thee, with offensive hands, though Agamemnen be The man in question, that doth boast, the mightiest Emperie, Of all our armic. Then tooke heart; the Prophet vnreprovid, And faid: They are notunpaid vowes, nor Hecatombs, that mov'd

The God against us: his offence, is for his Priest, empaird, By Agamemnon; that refuld, the present he presend And kept his daughter. This is cause, why heavens farre-darter darts

Thele plagues amongst us; and this still, will emptie in our hearts His deathfull quiver, vncontaind; till to her loved fire, The blacke eyd damfell be refign'd; no redemtorie hire.

Tooke for her freedome; not a gift; but all the ransome quit; And the convaide, with facrifice, till her enfranchifd fecte. Treade Chryfa vnder : then the God (fo pleafd) perhaps we may Move to remission. Thus he sate; and up, the great in sway,

Heroique Agamemuon rose cagerly bearing all: His minds feate overcast with fumes: an anger generall, Fill'd all his faculties; his eyes sparckl'd like kindling fire; Which, sternely cast upon the Priest, thus vented be, his ire:

Prophet of ill? For never good, came from thee towards me; Not to a words worth: evermore, thou tookft delight to be Offensive in thy Auguries: which thou continuest still; Now casting thy prophetique gall, and vouching all our ill

(Shot from Apollo.) is imposed, fince I refufd the prize Of faire Chryfeis libertie; which would in no worth rife, To my rate of her felfe; which moves, my vowes to have her home; Past Clytemnestra loving her; that grace my nuptiall roome,

With her virginitie, and flowre. Nor aske her merits leffe, For person, disposition, wit, and skill in housewiferies. And yet, for all this, thee shall go: if more conducible

Calchas to A. chiles.

Achilles to Chaichas

Calchas difca wers. to the Greekes the cause of ben

Azamenman incenft, to Laichas

Alamemnon 19

That course be, than her holding here. I rather wish the weale Of my lov'd armie then the death. Provide yet, instantly. Supplie for her, that I alone, of all our royaltie, Lose not my winnings: tis not fit, ye see all, I lose mine Forc't by another: fee as well, some other may religne,

Achitecto . ga His Prife to me. To this, replied, the swift-foote God-like sonne Of Theis, thus: King of usall, in all ambition; Most coverous of all that breath; why should the greatfoul'd Greekes Supply thy loft prife, out of theirs? nor what thy avarice feekes, Our common treasurie can find; solittle it doth guard And given our fouldiers; which againe, to take into our hands Part with thy most lon'd prife to him : not any one of us, Exacts it of thee : yet we all, all losse thou sufferst thus, Will treble; quadruple in gaine, when Impiter bestowes

Achilles.

Of what our rac'd towns, yeelded us; of all which, most is shar'd, Were ignominious, and base. Now then, since God commands, The facke of well wall'd Troy one us; which by his word he owes. Do not deceive your selfe with wit, (he answerd) God-like man; Though your good name may colour it; tis not your fwift foote can Out runne me here, nor shall the glosse, set on it with the God, Perswade meto my wrong. Wouldst thou, maintaine in sure abode Thine owne prile, and flight me of mine? Resolve this : if our friends (As fits in equitic, my worth) will right me with amends, So rest it; otherwise my selfe, will enterpersonally On thy prife; that of Ithacus, or Aisx, for supply; Let him, on whom I enter, rage. But come we'le order thele Heareafter, and in other place. Now put to facred scas Our black saile; in it rowers put, in it fit sacrifice; And to these, I will make ascend, my so much envied prife, Pright cheekt Chyfeis. For conduct, of all which, we must chuse A chiefe out of our counfellors; thy feruice we must vie, Idomeneus; Aiax, thine, or thine, wife Ithacus; Or thine, thou terriblest of men, thou some of Peleus; Which fittest were, that thou mightst see, these holy acts performd, For which thy cunning zeale fo pleades; and he whose bow thus stormed For our offences, may be calm'd. Achilles, with a frowne, Thus answer d . O thou impudent! of no good but thine owne, Euer respectfull; but of that, with all craft, covetous; With what heart can a man attempt, a service dangerous, Or at thy voice be spirited to flie upon a foe; Thy minde thus wretched? For my felfe, I was not injured fo, By any Troian, that my powers, should bid them any blowes; in nothing beare they blame of me. Phthia, whose bosome flowes With corne and people, neuer felt, impaire of her increase, by their invation: hils cnow, and farre-refounding feas, Powre out their shades, and deepes, betweene: but thee thou frontlesse in We follow, and thy triumphs make, with bonfires of our bane: Thine, and thy brothers vengeance fought (thou dogs eyes) of this TreOF HOMER'S ILIADS.

By your expord lives; whose deferts, thou neither dost employ With honour, nor with care. And now, thou threatst to force from me The fruit of my sweat, which the Greekes, gave all : and though it be (Compar'd with thy part, then fnatcht up) nothing: nor ever is, At any fackt towne : but of fight (the fetcher in of this) My hands have most share : in whose toyles, when I have emptied me Of all my forces, my amends, in liberality (Though it be little) I accept, and turne pleafd to my tent: And yet that little, thou efteem'ft too great a continent In thy incontinent avarice. For Phthya therefore now My course is : fince tis better farre, than here rendure, that thou

Should'ft ftill be ravilhing my right, draw my whole treasure dry And adde dishonour. He replied; If thy heart serve thee, fice; Stay not for my cause; other here, will aid, and honour me;

If not, yet love, I know, is fure ; that counfellor is he That I depend on : as for thee, of all our love-kept kings. Thou still art most mine enemy: strifes, battels, bloody things, Make thy blood feafts still. But if strength, that these moods build upon, Flow in thy nerves, God gave theeit, and fo tis not thine owne,

But in his hands still: what then lifts thy pride in this so high? Home with thy fleet, and Myrmidons ; use there their Empery, Command not here: I weigh thee not, nor meane to magnifie Thy rough hewne rages ; but instead, I thus farre threaten thee ;

Since Phabus needs will force from me, Chryfeis, the shall go. My thips and freinds thall waft her home : but I will imitate fo His pleasure, that mine owne shall take, in person, from thy tent. Bright cheeckt Brifen; and so tell thy firength how eminent My power is, being compar'd with thine: all other, making feare To vaunt equality with me, or in this proud kind beare

Their beards against me. Their some at this stood vext, his heart Briffled his bosome, and two waies drew his discursive part, If from his thigh, his sharp sword drawne, he should make roome about Atrides person, flaughtring him; or sit his anger out,

And curb his spirit. While these thoughts strived in his blood and minde, And he his sword drew : downe from heaven Athenia floopt, and shin'd About his temples, being fent by th Ivory-wrifted Queene

Saturnia, who out of her heart had ever loving beene, And carefull for the good of both. She flood behind, and tooke Achilles by the yellow curles, and onely gave her looke

To him; appearance not a man of all the rest could see. He turning back his eye, amaze strooke every faculty, Yet straight he knew her by her eyes, so terrible they were,

Spatkling with ardour, and thus spake: Thou seed of Impiter, Why com'ft thou? to behold his pride, that bofts our Empery? Then witnesse with it my revenge, and see that insolence dy, That lives to wrong me. She replied, I come from heaven to fee

Thine anger fetled; if thy foule will use her soveraignty In fit reflection. I am fent from Inne, whole affects

A billes te Pallas.

Achilles anory with Agament

Pallas to .4. chilles.

Stand

of equitur.

gil airectly

tranflates:

Nation to Achit.

ri and Aga-

renten.

Stand heartily inclind to both : Come give us both respects.

etare

And cease contention: draw no sword; use words, and such as may Be bitter to his pride, but just; for trust in what I fav. A time shall come, when thrice the worth of that he forceth now. He shall propole for recompence of these wrongs: therefore throw Reines on thy paffions, and serve us. He answer'd: Though my heart Achille Valladi, Burne in just anger, yet my soule must conquer th'angry part, hor eft, rationi And yeeld you conquest. Who subdues his earthy part for heaven. Heaven to his prayers subdues his wish. This said, her charge was given Fit honor : in his filver hilt he held his able hand, And forc't his broad (word up; and up to heaven did reascend Minerva, who in Ioves high roofe, that beares the rough shield, tooke Her place with other Deities. She gone, againe for fooke Patience his passion, and no more his silence could confine His wrath, that this broad language gave; Thou ever steept in wine, Dogs face with heart, but of a Hart; that nor in th'open eye Of fight dar it thrust into a prease; nor with our noblest, lie In secret ambush. These works seeme too full of death for thee; Tis safer farre, in th'open host to dare an injury. To any croffer of thy luft. Thou subject eating king, Bale spirits thou govern's, or this wrong had been the last foule thing Thou ever author dit : yet I vow, and by a great oath fweare, Even by this Scepter ; that as this, never againe shall beare Tim famile vir- Green leaves, or branches, nor encrease with any growth, his file; Nor did, fince first it left the hils, and had his faculties And ornaments bereft, with iron; which now to other end Judges of Greece beare; and their lawes, receiv'd from Iove, defend; (For which my oath to thee is grreat:) So whenfoever need Shall burne with thirst ofme, thy host, no prayers, shall ever breed Affection in me, to their aid; though well deserved woes Afflict thee for them; when to death man-flaughtring Hedor throwes Whole troopes of them : and thou torment it thy vext minde with conceit Of thy rude rage now: and this wrong, that most deserved the right Of all thy army. Thus he threw his Scepter against the ground, With golden fluds fluck, and tooke feat. Asrides breast was drown'd In rifing choler. Vp to both sweet-spoken Neftor stood, Action and The cunning Pylian Orator; whose tongue pour'd forth a flood Of more than hony-sweet discourse: two ages were increast

Of divers languag'd men; all borne in his time, and deceast

In sacred Pylos, where he reign'd, amongst the third ag'd men:

He (well seene in the world) advis'd, and thus express it then.

Her king, and all his sonnes will make as just a mock, and joy

In counsell, and in skill of fight, they heare this: Come, repell

With men superiour to you both, who yet would ever heare

These yong men's passions: y are not both (put both you yeeres in one)

Of these disjunctions, if of you, that all our host excell,

So old as I: I liv'd long fince, and was companion

O Gods, our Greeke earth will be drownd in just teares; rapefull Troy,

My counfels with respect. Mine eyes yet never witnesse were, Nor ever will be, of fuch men as then delighted them. Perithons, Exading, and god-like Polypheme, Ceneus, and Dryas prince of men, Agean Thefeus. A man like heaven's immortals form'd; all, all most vigorous. Of all men that even those daies bred, most vigorous men, and sought With beafts most vigorous; mountain beafts, (for me in strength were nought Matcht with their forces) fought with them, and bravely fought them downe. Yet even with these men I converst, being call'd to the renowne Of their focieties, by their fuites, from Pylos farre, to fight In th Asian kingdome : and I fought to a degree of might That helpt even their mights; against such, as no man now would dare To meet in conflict : yet even these, my counsels still would heare, And with obedience crowne my words. Give you fuch palme to them; Tis better than to wreath your wrath. Atrides? give not streame To all thy power, nor force his prize; but yeeld her still his owne, As all men else do. Nor do thou encounter with thy crowne, (Great fonne of Pelens) fince no king that ever I ove allow'd Grace of Scepter, equals him. Suppose thy nerves endow'd With strength superior, and the birth, a very Goddesse gave; Yet he of force is mighrier, fince what his owne nerves have. Is amplied with just command of many other. King of men Command thou then thy felfe, and I with my prayers will obtaine Grace of Achilles, to Subduchis sury, whose parts are Worth our intreaty, being chiefe check to all our ill in warre.

All this, good father (faid the king) is comely, and good right. But this man breaks all fuch bounds; he affects past all men, height, All would in his power hold, all make his fubjects, give to all His hot will for a temperate law: all which he never shall Perswade at my hands. If the gods have given him the great stile Of ablest soldier; made they that, his licence to revile Men with vile language? Thetis fonne prevented him, and faid:

Fearfull and vile I might be thought, if the exactions laid By all meanes on me, I should beare. Others command to this, Thou shalt not me 3 or if thou dost, farre my free spirit is From feruing thy command. Befide, this I affirme, (afford Impression of it in thy soule) I will not use my sword On thee, or any, for a wench: unjustly though thou tak it The thing thou gav'ft; but all things elfe, that in my thip thou mak'ft Greedy survey of, do not touch without my leave; or do Adde that acts wrong to this, that thele may see that outrage too; And then comes my part: then befure, thy blood upon my lance Shall flow in vengeance. These high termesthese two at variance

Víd to each other; left their feats, and after them arole The whole Court. To his tents and ships, with friends and soldiers, goes Angry Achilles. Atress sonne the swift shipt lancht, and put

B 4

Within it twenty chosen row'rs; within it likewise shut The Hecatomb, t'appeale the God: Then cauf'd to come abord

A miles to

.! zamemach.

Agamemn's

to Neftor.

The Grecian counfell diffe!

(If

ber father.

Faire checkt Chryfeis. For the cheite, he in whom Pallas pour'd the feufenste Her ftore of counfels, (Ithacus) aboord went laft, and then The moift wayes of the feathey fayl'd. And now the king of men Bade all the hoaft to facrifice. They facrific'd, and caft The offall of all to the deepes; the angry God they grac't With perfect Hecatombs : some buls, some goats, along the shore Of the unfruitfull (ea, inflam'd. To heavens the thick fumes bore Enwrapped fauours. Thus though all, the politick king made shew Respects to heaven, yet he himselfe all that time did pursue His owne affections. The late jarre, in which he thundred threats Against Achilles, Still he fed, and his affections heats Thus vented to Talthibius and grave Eurybates, Heralds, and ministers of trust, to all his messages.

Tal. bybius and Eurybates hia Heralds.

Haste to Achilles tent, where take Brifeis hand, and bring Her beauties to us ; if he faile to yeeld her, fay, your Kine Will come himselfe with multitudes, that shall the horribler Make both his presence, and your charge, that so he dares deserre.

This faid, he fent them with a charge of hard condition. They went willingly, and trod the fruitlesse sea's shore : soone They reacht the navy and the tents, in which the quarrell lay, Of all the Myrmidons, and found the chiefe Chiefe in their fway. Set at his black bark in his tent. Nor was Achilles glad To fee their prefence; nor themselves in any glory had Their message, but with reverence stood, and fear'd thossended King; Asktnot the dame, nor spake a word. He yet well knowing the thing

receipt of the Heralds.

Addition Friench That cauf'd their comming, grac'd them thus ; Heralds, ye men that beare The mestages of men and Gods, y' are welcome, come ye necre: I nothing blame you, but your king ; tis he, I know doth fend You for Brifeis, fine is his. Patroclas? honour dfriend. Bring forth the damfell, and these men let lead her to their Lord. But Heralds, be you witnesses, before the most ador'd, Before us mortals, and before your most ungentle king, Of what I fuffer : that if warre ever hereafter bring My ayd in question, to avert any severest bane It brings on others; I am scusde, to keep minde ayd in wane, Since they mine honour. But your king, in tempting mischiese, raves; Nor fees at once, by prefent things, the future; how like waves, Ils follow ils ; injustices being never so secure In present times, but after-plagves, even then, are seene as sure: Which yet he fees not, and so sooths his present lust, which checkt, Wouldcheck plagves future; and he might in succouring right, protect Such as fight for his right at fleet; they ftill in fafety fight, That fight fill juftly. This speech uf d, Patroclus did the rite His friend commanded, and brought forth Brifeis from her tent, Gave her the Heralds, and away to th'Achive ships they went: She sad, and scarce for greife could go; her love, all friends for sooke,

And wept for anger. To the shore of th'old sea he betooke

Himselfe alone, and casting forth upon the purple sea,

Filial led to fameranon.

His wer eves, and his hands to heaven, advancing this fad plea, Made to his mother: Mother, fince you brought me forth to breath, Acides is The-So short a life : Olympias, had good right to bequeath My thort life, honour; yet that right, be doth in no degree: But lets Airides do me shame, and force that prife from me That all the Greekes gave: this with teares, he uttered and the heard: Set with her old fire, in his deepes; and inftantly appear'd, Vp, from the gray fca, like a cloud: fate by his fide, and faid: (lavd Why weepes my fonne? what grieves thee? speake; conceale not what hath Thetit to Athil-Such hard hand on thee : let both know. He (fighing like a fforme) Replied: Thou doft know; why should I, things knowne; againe informe? Achilles to The-We marcht to Thebs, the facred towns, of king Ection, Sackt it, and brought to fleete the spoile, which everie valiant sonne Of Greece, indifferently that'd. Atrides had for thare. Faire-cheekt Chryfeis; after which, his prieft, that shoots so farre, Chryles, the faire Chryleis fire, arrived at the Achive fleete. With infinite ransome, to redeeme, the deare imprison d feete. Of his faire daughter. In his hands, he held Apollos crowne, And golden scepter: making suite, to every Grecian sonne, But most, the sonnes of Atrem, (the others orderers) Yet they least heard him; all the rest, received with reverend ears The motion: both the Prieft, and gifts, gracing; and holding worth His wisht acceptance. Assem tonne; yer (wext) commanded forth With rude termes Phebus reverend Priest: who, angrie, made retreat, And prayd to Phebusin whole grace, he ftanding palling greate, Got his petition. The God, an ill shaft sent abrode, That tumbl'd downe the Greekes in heapes. The hoft had no abode, That was not visited; we aske a Prophet that well knew The cause of all, and from his lips, Apollos prophecies flew, Telling his anger. First my selfe, exhorted to appeale The angerd God. which Atress sonne, did at the heart displease. And up he stood, usde threats, performd. The blacke-eyd Greeks sent home Chryseis to her fire; and gave, his God a Hecatombe; Then, for Brifeis to my tents, Atrides Heralds came, And tooke her, that the Greekes gave, all. If then thy powers can frame Wreake for thy fonne, afford it; scale Olympus, and implore 1002, (if by either word, orfact: thou ever didl reftore Ioy to his green'd heart now to helpe. I oft have heard thee vant In court of Peleus; that alone, thy hand was conversant In rescue from a cruell spoile, the blacke-cloud-gathering Ione; Whom other Godheads, would have bound. (The power whose pace doth The round earth; heavens great Queene, and Pallas) to whose bands Neptune, lune, Thou cam'ft with rescue, bringing up, him with the hundred hands and Palas, cor. federates in the To great Olympus, whom the Gods, call Briaraw; men binding of lugi-Æzaon; who his fire furpalt; and was as ftrong againe; The fiction of And in that grace, fat glad, by love; thimmortals flood difmaid Briar 225. At his ascension; and gave, free passage to his aid. Of all this, tell love; kneele to him; embrace his knee, and pray

THE SECOND BOOKE

(If Trois aide he will ever deigne) that now their forces may Beat home the Greeks to fleet, and fea; embruing their retreat In flaughter : their pains paying the wreake, of their proud Soveraigns bear And that farre-ruling king may know, from his poore fouldiers harms, His owne harme falls: his owne, and all, in mine; his best in arms.

There to delid- Her answer three powr'd out in teares : O me, my sonne (said the)

Why brought I up, thy being at all; that brought thee forth to be Sad subject of so hard a fate? O would to heaven, that since. Thy fate is little, and not long; thou mightlt without offence. And teares performe it. But to live, thrall to fo sterne a fate As Grants thee least life; and that least, so most vnfortunate. Grieues me t'haue giuen thee any life. But what thou wishest now

(If love will grant) lle up, and aske. Olimpus cround with fnow Ile clime: but sit thou fast at fleete : renounce all warre, and feed Thy heart with wrath, and hope of wreake : till which come, thoushalt neede.

Alittle patience : Inpiter, went yesterday to feast Amongst the blamelesse Æthiops, in th'Oceans deepned breast,

Ini ers feaft w. bibt Ac-

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pligge.

All Gods attending him : the twelfth, high heaven againe hee fees, And then his braffe pau'd court Ile skale; cling to his powrefull knees, And dout not, but to winne thy wish Thus made she her remove, And left wrath tyring on her fonne, for his enforced love.

Viriles, with the Hecatomb, arrived at Chryfas fhore: Winnergies to And when, amidst the heapens deepe mouth, they came to vie the oare, They straite stroke sayle, then rold them up, and on the hatches threw. The top mast, to the kelfine then, with haleyards downe they drews Then brought the ship to Port with oares, then forked anchor cast, And gainst the violence of storme, for drifting made her fast.

All comeashore, they all exposd, the holy Hecatomb To angry Phabus; and with it, Chryfeis welcomd home: Whom, to her fire, wife Ithacus, that did at th'altar fland, For honour, led; and (speaking thus) resignd her to his hand:

wifes to they Chryses, the mightie king of men (great Agamemnon) sends Thy loved feed, by my hands, to thine; and to thy god commends A Hecatomb, which my charge is, to facrifice, and feeke

Our much-fight mixt-woe, his recure, innokt by everie Greeke. Thus he refignd her, and her fire, received her highly loyd.

About the well-built altar then, they orderly emploide The facred offring. Walht their hands, tooke falt cakes, and the Priest (With hands held up to heaven) thus praid: O thou that all things feeft, Faurour of Chryfa, whose faire hand, doth guardfully dispose

Celeffiall Cilla: governing, in all power, Tenedos: O heare thy pricit, and as thy hand, in freegrace to my prayers

Shot scruent plague shafts through the Greekes: now hearten their affaires, With health renew'd and quite remove, th'infection from their blood. He praid; and to his prairs againe, the god propitious flood:

All, after prayre, cast on salt cakes; drew back, kild, flaid the beenes, Cut out, and dubd with fat their thighes, faire dreft with doubled leaves; And on them, all the sweet-breads prickt. The Pricit, with small fere wood Did facrifice, pour'd on red wine, by whom the yong men flood. And turn'd (in five ranks) fpits ; on which (the legs enough) they eat The inwards; then in giggots cut the other fit for meat;

And put to fire; which (rofted well) they drew; the labour done. They ferv'd the feast in, that fed all to satisfaction.

Defire of meat and wine thus quencht, the youths crown d cups of wine Drunk off, and fild againe to all. That day was held divine.

And spent in Pasans to the Sunne, who heard with pleased care; When whose bright chariot floopt to fea, and twilight hid the electe.

All foundly on their cables flept, even till the night was worne : And when the Lady of the light, the rofic fingerd mome

Rose from the hils; all fresh arose, and to the camp retird. Apollo with a fore right wind their swelling bark inspired. The top mast hoisted, milk white fayles on his round breast they put; The milens strooted with the gale, the ship her course did cut

So swiftly, that the parted waves against her ribs did rore; Which comming to the camp, they drew aloft the fandy shore : Where, laid on flocks, each fouldier kept his quarter as before.

But Pelius Conne, (wift-footed Asbilles, at his (wift flaips fate Burning in wrath, nor ever came to conneels of chate, That make men honor'd : never trod the fierce embattell'd field,

But kept close, and his lov'd heart pin'd i what hight and cries could yeeld, Thirfting at all parts to the hoft. And now fince first he told

His wrongs to Theris, twelve faire metris their enfigues did unfold. And then the everliving gods mounted Glympus; Tove

First in ascension. Thesis then remembred well to move Achilles motion : role from the fea, and by the morns first light.

The great heaven, and Olympus climbd; where in supremest height Of all that many-headed hill, the faw the farre-feene fonne Of Saturne, set from all the rest, in his free seat alone :

Before whom (on her owne knees faln) the knees of Iupiter

Her left hand held, her right his chin; and thus she did prefer Her son's petition: Father love, If ever I have flood

Aidfull to thee in word or work, with this implored good Requite my aid, renown my sonne, fince in so short a race (Paft others) thou confinft his life : an infolent difgrace

Is done him by the king of men : he forc'd from him a prize Woon with his fword. But thou, O love, that are most strong, most wise, Honor my sonne for my sake; adde strength to the Troians side

By his fides weaknesse, in his want : and see Troy amplifide In conquest, so much, and so long, till Greece may give againe The glory rest him; and the more, illustrate the free reigne

Of his wrong'd honor. Iove at this fate filent, not a word In long space past him : Thetis still hung on his knee; implord The second time his help, and faid ; Grant, or deny my suit, Befree in what thou doft; I know thou canft not fit thus mute,

For feare of any; speak, deny, that so I may be sure, Of all heaven's goddeffes, tis I, that only must endure The banques.

The evening.

The morning.

lupiter and the oth r gods from

Jugiter:

Thetis tr:121 to Impiter.

Inve to Thetis.

Inno's rep's.

1.: cincen?.

Dishonour by thee. Inpiter, the great cloud-gatherer, griev'd With thought of what a world of greifes this fuit akt, being atchiev'd. Swell'd, figh'd, and answer'd: Works of death thou urgeft. O at this Iuno will fforme, and all my powers inflame with contumelies. Ever the wrangles, charging me, in care of all the gods, That I am partiall still; that I adde the displeasing oddes Of my aid to the Ilians. Be gone then, left the fee: Leave thy request to my care: yet, that trust may hearten thee With thy defire's grant, and my power to give it act, approve How vaine her strife is: to thy prayer my eminent head shall move. Which is the great figne of my will, with all thimmortall flates: Irrevocable : never failes : never without the rates Of all powers else: when my head bowes, all heads bow with it still.

As their first mover, and gives power to any work I will. He faid; and his black eyebrowes bent; above his deathleffe head Th'Ambrofian curles flowed; great heaven shook, and both were severed. Their counsels broken. To the depth of Neptune's kingdome div'd Thetis, from heaven's height: Ieve arose, and all the gods receiv d (All rifing from their thrones) their fire; attending to his Court. None fate when he grofe; none delaid the furnishing his port. Till he came necre all mer with him, and brought him to his throne.

Nor fate great Iuno ignorant, when the beheld, alone. Old Nereus filver-footed feed with Love, that the had brought Counsels to heaven; and straight her toggue had seeth in it, that wrought This sharp invective: Who was that, (thou craftiest counsellor

Of all the gods) that fo apart, fome fecret did implore? Ever apart from me thoulov-A to counfell and decree Things of more close trust than thou think's are fit t'impart to me:

What ever thou determin ft, I must ever be denied Tuple of June. The knowledge of it, by thy will. To her speech, thus replied The father both of men and gods: Have never hope to know

My whole intentions, though my wife: it fits not, nor would show Well to thine owne thoughts : but what fits thy woman's eare to heare. Woman, nor man, nor god, shall know before it grace thine care: Yet, what apart from men and gods I please to know, for beare

T'examine, or enquire of that. She with the cowes faire eyes (Respected Iuno) this return d: Austere king of the skies. What haft thou utter'd? when did I, before this time, enquire, Or fift thy counfels? palling close you are still, your defire

Is ferv'd with such care, that I feare you can scarce vouch the deed That makes it publike, being feduc dby this old fea-god's feed, That could fo early use her knees, embracing thine. I doubt .

The late act of thy bowed head, was for the working out Of some boone the askt; that her sonne, thy partiall hand would please With plaguing others. Wretch (faid he) thy fubtle jelofies

Are fill exploring : my defignes can never scape thinceye, Which yet thou never canst prevent. Thy curiosity

Makes thee leffe car'd for at my hands, and horrible the end

Shall make the humor. If it be what the suspects intend, What then? tis my free will it should to which, let way be given ? With filence; curb your tongue in time, left all the gods in heaven Too few be, and too weak to help thy punisht insolence, When my inacceffible hands shall fall on thee. The sense Of this high threatning made her feare, and filent the fate downe. Humbling her great heart. All the gods, in Court of Iove, did frowne At this offence given : amongst whom, heaven's famous Artizan, Ephailtus, in his mother's care, this comely speech began:

Beleeve it, these words will breed wounds, beyond our powers to beare, If thus for mortals ye fall out. Ye make a tumult here

That spoiles our banquet. Evermore worst matters put down best. But mother, though your selfe be wife, yet let your sonne request

His wisdome audience. Give good termes to our lov'd father love, For feare he take offence againe, and our kinde banquet prove A wrathfull battell. If he will, the heavenly lightner can Take you, and toffe you from your throne, his power Olympian

Is fo furpaffing. Soften then, with gentle speech his spleen, And drink to him; I know his heart will quickly downe againe. This faid, arifing from his throne, in his lov'd mother's hand

He put the double handed cup, and faid : Come, do not stand On these crosse humors; suffer, beare, though your great bosome greeve, And left blowes force you : all my aid not able to releeve

Your hard condition; though these eyes behold it, and this heart Sorrow to think it : tis a task too dangerous to take part

Against Olympius. I my selfe, the proofe of this still feele; When other gods would faine have helpt, he took me by the heele, And hurld me out of heaven : all day I was in falling downe,

At length in Lemnos I struck earth; the likewife falling Sunne, And I, together fet: my life almost fet too; yet there The Sintii cheerd, and tookeme up. This did to laughter cheere White-wrifted Iuno, who now took the cup of him, and fmil'd.

The sweet peace-making draught went round, and lame Ephaistus fild Nectar to all the other Gods. A laughter never left, Shook all the bleffed deities, to fee the lame so deft

At that cup service. All that day, even till the Sunne went downe, They banqueted, and had such cheere, as did their wishes crowne. Nor had they mulick leffe divine, Apollo there did touch His most sweet Harp; to which, with voice, the Muses pleased as much. But when the Sun's faire light was fet, each godhead to his house

Addrest for sleep, where every one with are most curious (By heaven's great both-foot halting god) a feverall roofe had built; Even he to fleep went, by whose hand heaven is with lightning guilt,

(High love) where he had ul'd to rest, when sweet sleep seil'd his eyes, By him the golden thron'd Queene flept, the Queene of deities.

A name of Fulcan.

Vulcan fils and gives the cup to

The fall of Vul-

Vulcan skinker to the zods.

Apollo touches bis Harp at the banquet and the Mufes fing to it.

COMMENTARIVS.

once I diffent from all other Translators, and Interpreters, that ever affaid ofition of this miraculous Poem, especially wherethe divine rapture is most exempt from capacity, in Grammarians merely, and Grammaticall Criticks, and where the inward fenfe or foule of the facred Mufe is only within eye-foot of a Pocitcall forms infection : (left I beeprejudiced with opinion, to diffent, of ignorance, or fingularity) I am bound by this briefe Comment, to few I understand Law all other extants understand ; my reasons why I reject them; and how I rea comy Author. In which labour, if where all others finde discords and diffotaces. I prove him intirely harmonious and proportionate : if where they often alter, and fice his originall, I at all parts fland fast, and observe it : if where they were most pitifull castigations with his prayses, I render him without touch, and beyond admiration : (though truth in her very nakedneffe fits in fo deepe a that from Gades to Aurora, and Ganges, few eyes can found her:) I hope na, inose few here, will so discover and confirme her, that the date being out of her aarknesse in this morning of our Homer; be shall now gird his temples with e Sunne, and bee confest (against his good friend) Nunquam dormitare. But new all Translators, Censors, or Interpreters, have slept, and been dead to bis true understanding, I hope it will neither cast shadow of arrogance in me to affirme, nor of difficulty in you to believe : if you please to sufpend censure, and diminution, tall your impartiall conference of their paines and mine bee admitted. For indu-Esten and preparative to which patience, and perfuation, troubleyour felves but to know this . This never-enough glorified Poet (to vary and quicken his etermall Pecen) hath inspired his chiefe persons with different spirits, most ingenious and immitable characters; which not understood, how are sheir speeches ? being one by another, as conveniently and necessarily knowne, as the instrument by the found. If a Iranslator or Interpreter of a ridiculous and cowardly described per son (being deceived in his character) so violates, and vitiates the original, to make his speech grave, and him valiant: can the negligence and numbresse of such an Interpreter or Translator, bee leffe than the sleepe and death I am bold to firinckle upon him? or could I do leffe than affirme and enforce this, being fo happily discovered ? This therefore (in his due place) approved and explaned, let me hope my other assumpts will prove as conficuous.

This first and second booke I have whosty translated againe; the seventh, eighth, ninth, and tenth bookes, deserving still imperfest, being all Englished so long since, and my late hand sovercome with labour) not yet rested enough to remem first twelve labors, as my last, not having competent time, nor my prost in his converted being so ample, as when driving through his this tenth and last books, I rew the maine depth, and saw the round coming of this silver bow of our Phoetic cleare scope and concepture of his work; the full and most beautifull silver seems of the chiefe spersons. To those last twelve then, I must refer you, for all the chiefe sing post and converts. And in the meanes space, I entrear your acceptance are touchess in the suit. Not people sing you in suff or last with any acceptance with such as store diminished, mangled, and maimed my most worthing the last worthing and maimed my most worthing the last were all timbered diather.

a Aist registers and theing compounded ex a privativa, & eide video) fignifies locus tenebricolus, or (according 10 Virgil) fine luce domus; and therefore (different from others) I so convert it.

b Kusant, διανούσι τε πασίζους και) is the unigar reading, which I read καφάρουν οιανοιστε (πασίδους εξ τελέντο βαλή) became πασί refer d το καφάρουν, έχει is redom dans and idle; to the miléries of the Greeks by Ioves counfell, grave, έχε (nientions.

CEE in ma acora, or ex quo quidem primum: EE in ma cora, or ex quo. Here our common readers would have tempore understood; because from the point the Poet must otherwise buve reserved; is the seminine gender. But Homer understands love; as in mu verse 273, be expounds himselfein these words: — and min was, or which Pindarus Thehanus in his Epiteme of these Iliads, rightly observes, in these worses.

Conficiebat enim fummi fententia Regis, Ex quo contulerant discordi pectore pugnas. Sceptriger Atrides, & bello clarus Achilles.

d Endoquiñou Agaio, comprobarunt Graci, all athers urue is; but fince Endoquido fignifics properly, faulta acclamatione, do fignificationem approbationis, Itherefore accordingly convert it, because the other intimates a comprobation of all the Greekes by word; which was not so, but only by inarticulate acclamations, or should be desired.

e Auguschina: application signifies properly, circumambulo, and only metaphorice, protego, or tucor, as is in always in this place translated; which suffers alteration with me, fince our usuall phrase of walking the round in townes of garrison, for the desence of it, sits so well shop property of the originals.

f 1140 35 has Sian Adranda Stop). Practificat cum Dea alba ulnis Inno? Why Inno hould fend Pallas, is a thing not noted by any: I therefore answer; Because luno is Goddesse of state. The allegory therefore in the Prosopopoeia both of luno and Pallas is, that Achilles for respect to the state there present, the rather used that discretion and restraint of his anger. So in divers other places, when state is represented, suno presents it: as in the eighteenth booke, for the state of Patroclus his setching off, suno commands the Sanne to go down before his time, for.

g Do Odro dazev zew: fic dixit lachrimans, &c. Thefe teares are called by car Commentators, unworthy, and fitter for children, or women, than fuch an Heroc as Achilles : and therefore Plato & cited in 3 de Repub. where he faith, Octor dea, erc. Meritò igitur, clarorum virorum ploratus è medio tolleremus, &c. To answer which, and instific the fitnesse of teares generally (as they may be occasioned) in the greatest, and most renowned men (omitting examples of Virgil's Aneas, Alexander the great, (gc.) I oppose against Plato, only one president of great and most perfect humanity, (to whom infinitely above all other, wee must prostrate our imitations) that shed teares, viz. our All-perfect and Almighey Saviour, who wept for Lazarus. This then, leaving the fitneffe of great mens teares generally, utterly unanswerable: these particular teares of unvented anger in Achilles, are in him most naturall : teares being the highest effects of greatest and most fiery spirits; either when their abilities cannot performe to their wils, or that they are restrayned of revenge, being injured, out of other considerations: as now the confideration of the state, and gravity of the counsell, and publike good of the army curbd Achilles. Who can deny, that there are teares of manlineffe, and magnanimity, as well as womanish and pusillanimous? So Diomed wept for

curst heart, when Apollo struck bis scourge from him, and hindered his horse race: having been warned by Pallasbefore, not to resist the Deities; and so his great spirits being curbed of revenge, for the wrong hee received them. So when not enough wented anger was not to be expressed enough by that teare-starting affection in couragious and sierce men, our most accomplisht expressor belos the illustration in a Simile of his fervour, in most fervent spirited somes, resembling the wrathfull solt of Sarpedon and Patroclus to two Vultures sighting, and crying on a rock; which thus I have afterwards Englished, and here for example inserted:

Down jumpt he from his chariot; down leapt his foe as light:
Andas on some far-seeing rock, a cast of Vultures fight,
Fly on each other, strike, and trusse; part, meet, and then stick by;
Tugge both with crooked beakes, and strees; cry, sight, and fight, and cry.
So fiercely sought these areas.

So fiercely fought these angry Kings, &c.

Wherein you see, that crying in these eagerly fought sowles (which is like teares in angry men) is so farres from softwesser of farrest own softwesser of the sand courage, it expresses both. Nor must we be so gross to imagine, that Homer made Achilles or Diomed blubber, or sob, eye, but in the very point and sing of their novemed anger, shed a sew violent and see thing-over teares. What Assembly suffer that every where may read these inimitable touches of our Homers mastery, any where to oppose his arrogant and ignorant castigations? when hee should rather (with his much better understander Spondanus) submit where hee oversees him saulty; and say thus: Quia tu tamen hoc volu-

isti, sacrosance tuz authoritati, per me nibil detrahetur.

The end of the first Booke.



THE SECOND BOOKE OF HOMER'S ILIADS.

THE ARGUMENT.

I Ove cals a vision up from Sommus den,
To bid Atticks muster up his men.
The King (to Greeke dissembling his desire)
Perswades them to their country to retire.
By Pallas will, Vlysses sayes their slight;
And wis cold Neston theartens them to sight.
They take their meat: which done, to armes they go:
And murch in good array against the foe.
So those of Troy, when Itis, from the skie,
Of Saturn's sonne, performs the Ambassie.

Another Argument.

Beta the dream and Synod cites,
And catalogues the navall knights.

He other gods, and knights at armes, all night slept: only *love*, Sweet slumber seifed not; he discours how best he might approve His vow made for *Achilles* grace, and make the Greeians finde

Inputer carefu'l imperforming bis new to Theus.

His miffe, in much death. All waies cast; this counsell served his mind
With most allowance: to dispatch a harmfull dream to greet
The king of men; and gave this charge; Go to the Achive sleet,
(Pernicious dream) and being artiv'd in Agamemnos; tent,
Deliver truly all this charge; command him to convent
His whole host arm'd, before these towers, for now Troy's broad-way'd town
He shall take in: the heaven-housed gods are now indifferent grown,

Iumo's request hath won them: Troy now under imminentis,
At all parts labours. This charge heard, the vision strait fulfils;
The ships reacht, and Arrides tent, in which he sound him laid;
Divine sleep pour dabout his powers. He stood above his head
Like Nestor (grac'd of old men most) and this did intimate:

Sleepes the wife Asteun-tame-horfe fonne? a counfellor of State Must not the whole night fixed in sleep 3 to whom the people are For guard committed 3 and whose life stands bound to so much care. Now heare me then, (1000's messenger) who, though farre off from thee, Is neere thee yet, in ruth, and care 3 and gives command by me, Is neere they whole host. Thy strong hand, the broad-way'd town of Troy, Shall now take in 2 no more the gods dissentiously imploy Their high-housed powers: 1000's suit that homenethem all to her, And ill fates ouer-hang these towers, address by tupiter.

The vision 'o Agamemnor,

Fame, love's

Amballadrelle.

A torrance diff affe bof las vojan.

Fix in thy minde this, nor forget to give it action, when Sweet fleep shall leave thee. Thus he fled, and left the king of men Repeating, in discourse, his dream; and dreaming still, awake. Of power, not ready yet for act. O foole, he thought to take In that next day, old Priam's town : not knowing what affaires love had in purpose; who prepar'd (by strong fight) fighes and cares For Greeks and Trojans. The dream gone, his voice still murmured About the Kings cares: who fate up, put on him, in his bed, His filken inner weed, faire, new, and then in haft arole: Cast on his amplemantle, tied to his soft feet faire shoes: His filver hilted fword he hung about his shoulders, took His fathers scepter, never stain'd : which then abroad he shook. And went to fleet. And now great heaven, goddeffe Aurora scaled To love, and all gods, bringing light. When Agamemnon call'd His Heralds, charging them aloud, to call to instant Court

Tiemaraine.

The thick-haird Greeks. The Heralds call'd, the Greeks made quick refort : The Councell chiefly he composed of old great minded men, At Neffor's ships, the Pylian King, all there affembled then, Thus Acreus sonne begun the Court: Heare friends, a dream divine, Amidft the calm night in my fleep, did through my flut eyes shine,

Within my fantalic: his form did paffing naturally Resemble Nestor: such attire, a stature just as high. He flood above my head, and words thus falhioned did relate.

Is a bis vilian.

Sleepes the wife Atreus tame-horle sonne ? a counsellor of State Must not the whole night spend in sleep 3 to whom the people are For guard committed ; and whose life stands bound to so much care, Now heare me then, (Iove's meffenger) who, though farre off from thee, Is neere thee yet, in love, and care; and gives command by me, To arme thy whole hoft. Thy ftrong hand, the broad-way'd town of Troy, Shall now take in : no more the gods diffentiously imploy Their high-houl'd powers: Saturnia's fuit hath wonnethem all to her, And ill fates ouer-hang these towers, addrest by Impiter. I x in thy minde this. This exprest, he took wing, and away; And sweet fleep left me : let us then by all our meanes affay, To arme our army ; I will first (as farre as fits our right) Try their addictions, and command with full fail'd ships our flight: Which if they yeeld to, oppose you. He sate and up arose Neffor, of fundy Pylos, King: who (willing to dispose Their counfell to the publick good) propold this to the State:

112.

Princes and Councellors of Greece ? if any should relate This vision, but the King himselfe; it might be held a tale, And move the rather our retrait: but fince our Generall Affirms he faw it, hold it true; and all our best meanes make To arme our army. This speech ufd, he first the Counsel! brake; The other scepter-bearing States arose too, and obeyd The peoples Rector. Being abroad, the earth was overlaid With flockers to them, that came forth: as when of frequent Bees Swarmes rife out of a hollow rock, repairing the degrees

Of their egreffion endlefly, with their ever rifing new, From forth their sweet nest: as their store, still as it faded, grew. And never would ceale fending forth her clusters to the spring, They still crowd out so; this flock here, that there, belabouring The loaded flowers. So from the ships and tents, the armies store. Troopt to these Princes, and the Court, along th'unmeasur'd shore: Amongst whom, Iove's Ambassadresse, (Fame) in her vertue shin'd. Exciting greedineffe to heare. The rabble thus inclin'd. Hurried together; uproreseif'd the high Court; earth did grone Beneath the fetling multitude: tumult was there alone. Thrice three vociferous Heralds role to check the rout, and get Eare to their 10ve-kept Governors; and instantly was fet The huge confusion; every man set fast, the clamor ceast: Then stood divine Atrides up, and in his hand comprest His scepter, th'elaborate work of firv Mulciber : Who gave it to Saturnian love; love to his messenger; His messenger (Argicides) to Pelops, skild in horse : Pelops to Atrem, chiefe of men; he dying, gave it course To Prince Thyestes, rich in heards; Thyestes to the hand Of Agamemnon rendred it, and with it, the command Of many Iles, and Argos, all. On this he leaning, faid: O friends, great sonnes of Danam, servants of Mars; love laid

Azamanman to tit Greeks.

The (cepter of

Acamemnan

A heavy curseon me, to vow, and binde it with the bent Of his high forehead; that (this Troy, of all her people fpent) I should returne; yet now to mock our hopes, built on his vow; And charge ingloriously my flight; when such an overthrow Of brave friends I have authored. But to his mightiest will We must submit us; that hath raz'd, and will be razing still, Mens footsteps, from so many townes; because his power is most, He will destroy most. But how vile, such, and so great an host, Will show to future times? that matcht with leffer numbers farre, We fly, not putting on the crowne of our fo long-held warre? Of which there yet appeares no end. Yet should our foes and we Strike truce, and number both our powers: Troy taking all that be Her arm'd inhabitants; and we in tens should all sit downe At our truce banquet; every ten allow'd one of the towne To fill his scast-cup; many tens would their attendant want: So much I must affirme, our power exceeds th'inhabitant. But their auxiliary bands, those brandishers of speares, (From many cities drawn) are they, that are our hinderers, Not suffering well-rayed Troy to fall. Nine yeeres are ended now, Since love our conquest vow'd, and now our vessels rotten grow, Our tackling failes, our wives, yong fonnes, fit in their doores, and long For our arrivall; yet the work that should have wreakt our wrong, And made us welcome, lies unwrought: Come then, as I bid, all Obey, and fly to our lov'd home; for now, nor ever shall Our utmost, take in broad-way'd Troy. This said, the multitude Was all for home, and all men elfe, that what this would conclude

·.mile.

Therates de-

Acbilles.

Ther fites to Aza-

memnon.

Had not discover'd. All the crowd was shov'd about the shore; In sway, like rude and raging waves, rowled with the servent blore Of th' East and South winds, when they break from love's clouds, & are borne On rough backs of th'Icarian feas : or like a field of corne High grown, that Zepbyr's vehement gusts bring easily underneath, And make the stiffe up briss d'acres do homage to his breath: For even fo easily, with the breath Asrides ufd, was swaid The violent multitude. To fleet, with shouts, and disaraid. All rusht; and with a fogge of dust, their rude feet, dim'd the day; Fach cried to other, clenic our thips; come, lanch, aboord, away. The clamors of the runners home reacht heaven, and then paft fate, The Greeks had left Troy, had not then, the goddeffe of effate. Jane to Taller. Thus spoke to Pallas; O foule shame, thou untam'd feed of love,

Shall thus the feas broad back be charg'd with thefe our friends remove? Thus leaving Argive Hellen here? thus Priam grac'd? thus Troy? In whole fields, farre from their lov downe, (for Hellen's fake) the joy, And life of somuch Grecian birth is vanisht? take thy way T'our braffe-arm'd people, speak them faire, let not a man obey The charge now given, nor lanch one ship. She said, and Pallas did As the commanded : from the tops of heaven's freep hill the flid, And strait the Greeks swift ships the reacht : Vigffes (like to Iove In gifts of counsell) she found out ; who, to that base remove, Stird not a foot, nor toucht a ship; but griev'd at heart to see That fault in others. To him close, the blue-eyd deity Made way, and faid ; Thou wiscft Greek, divine Laertes sonne, Thus fly ye homewards, to your ships, shall all thus headlong runne? Glory to Priam, thus ye leave; glory to all his friends, If thus ye leave her here; for whom so many violent ends Have clofd your Greek eyes? and so farre from their so loved home? Go to these people, use no stay; with faire termes overcome Their foule endevour; not a man, a flying fayle let hoyce.

Thus spake she, and Vly fes knew twas Palles by her voyce: Ran to the runners, cast from him his mantle, which his man And Herald, grave Eurybases, the Ithacensian That follow'd him, took up. Himselfe to Agamemnon went, His incorrupted scepter took, his scepter of descent, And with it went about the fleet. What Prince, or man of name, He found flight-given, he would restrain with words of gentlest blame;

Good fir, it fits not you to fly, or fare as one afraid; You should not only stay your selfe, but see the people staid. You know not cleerely (though you heard the Kings words) yet his minde, He only tries men's spirits now, and whom his trials finde Apt to this course, he will chastise. Nor you, nor I, heard all He spake in counsell; nor durst presse too neere our Generall, Left we incenft him to our hart. The anger of a King Is mighty; he is kept of love, and from love likewife fpring His honours , which, out of the love of wife love, he enjoyes. Thus he the best fort ufd: the worst, whose spirits brakeout in noise,

He cudgeld with his scepter, chid, and faid; Stay wretch, be ftill, And heare thy betters; thou are base, and both in power and skill Poore and unworthy; without name, in counfell, or in watre, We must not all be kings: the rule is most irregular Where many rule; one Lord, one King, propose to thee; and he To whom wife Saturn's fonne hathgiven both law, and Empery, To rule the publick, is that King. Thus, ruling, he restrained The hoft from flight: and then, agains the Councell was maintain'd With fuch a concourse, that the shore rung with the numult made; As when the farre-resounding sea doth in his rage invade His fandy confines, whose fides grone with his involved wave, And make his owne breaft eccho fighes. All fate, and audience gave : Therfites only would speak all. A most disorder'd store Of words he foolishly pour dout of which his minde held more Than it could manage; any thing with which he could procure Laughter, he never could containe. He should have yet been sure To rouch no Kings. Toppose their states becomes not jesters parts. But he, the filthicft fellow was, of all that had deferts In Troy's brave fiege: he was fquint-eyd, and lame of either foot; So crook-backt, that he had no breaft: sharp headed, where did shoot (Here and there sperst) thin moffie havre. He most of all envi'd Viriles and Eacides, whom still his splene would chide: Nor could the facred King himfelfe avoid his fawcy vaine. Against whom, since he knew the Greeks did vehement hates sustaine, (Being angry for Achilles wrong) he crid out : rayling thus: Atrides? why complain's thou now? what woulds thou more of us? Thy tents are full of braffe, and dames; the choice of all are thine: With whom, we must present thee first, when any townes religne To our invalion. Want'st thou then (besides all this) more gold From Troy's Knights, to redeem their fonnes? whom, to be deerely fold. I, or some other Greek, must take : or wouldst thou yet againe Force from some other Lord his prze, to sooth the lusts that reigne In thy encroching appetite? it fits no Prince to be A Prince of ill, and govern us; or lead our progeny By rape to ruine. O bale Greeks, deferving infamy, And ils eternall : Greekish girles, not Greeks ye are : Come, flee Home with our ships; leave this man here to perish with his preys, And try if we helpt him, or not . he wrong'd a man that weighes Farre more than he himselfe in worth : he forc'd from Their sonne, And keepes his prize still: nor think I, that mighty man hath won

Thus he the people's Pastor chid; but strait stood up to him Divine Vlyffes; who with lookes exceeding grave, and grim, This bitter check gave . Cease, vaine foole, to vent thy rayling vaine On Kings thus, though it serve thee well: nor thinke thou canst restraine, With that thy rayling faculty, their wils in least degree, For not a worfe, of all this hoft, came with our King, than thee,

The stile of wrathfull, worthily; he's foft, he's too remisse,

Or elfe Atrides, his had been thy last of injuries.

Ply Tes to Therfacs.

Hc

To

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23

To Troy's great fiege: then do not take into that mouth of thine, The names of kings; much leffe revile the dignities that thine In their supreme states , wresting thus, this motion for our home, To footh thy coward fe; fince our felves yet know not what will come Of these designments: if it be our good, to stay, or go: Nor is it that thou stand'st on ; thou, revil'st our Generall fo. Only, because he hath so much, not given by such as thou, But our Heroes. Therefore this thy rude veine makes me vow, (VVhich shall be curiously observed) if ever I shall heare This madneffe from thy mouthagaine, let not Vlyffes beare This head, nor be the father call'd, of yong Telemachus; If to thy nakednesse, I take, and strip thee not, and thus Whip thee to fleet from Councell , fend, with tharp ftripes, weeping hence, This glory thou affects to raile. This said, his infolence He feel d with his scepter; ftruck his back and shoulders so. That bloody wales role; he shrunk round; and from his eyes did flow Moift teares, and looking filthily, he fate, fear'd fmarted; dried His blubberd checks; and all the prease (though griev'd to be denied, Their witht retrait for home) yet laught delightfomely, and spake Either to other; Oye Gods, how infinitely take Thefes vertues in our good? author of Counfels, great In ordering armies; how most well this act became his heat To best from Councell this rude foole? I think his fawcy spirit Hereafter will not let his tongue, abuse the soveraigne merit. Exempt from such base tongues as his. Thus spake the people: then The city-razer, Ithacus, flood up to fpeake againe, Holding his Scepter. Close to him, gray cyd Minerva flood; And like a Herald, filence caufed, that all the Achive brood (From first to last) might heare and know, the counsell; when (inclin'd To all their good) Flyffes faid; Atrides, now I finde, These men would render thee the shame, of all men; nor would pay Their owne vowes to thee, when they tooke their free and honor'd way, It om Argos hither; that till Troy were by their brave hands rac'd, They would not turne home; yet like babes, and widowes, now they hafte To that bale refuge. Tis a spite, to see men melted so In womanish changes. Though tis true, that if a man do go Oaly a month to sea, and leave his wife farre off, and he Tortur'd with winters stormes, and tost with a tumultuous sea, Growes heavy, and would home ; us then, to whom the thrice three yeere Huth fild his revoluble orbe, fince our arrivall here, I blame not, to wish home much more: yet all this time to stay (Out of our judgements) for our end; and now to take our way Without it, were absurd and vile. Sustaine then friends, abide, The timefet to our object: try, if Calchas prophecied True of the time or not. We know, yeall can witnesse well, (Whom these late death, conferring fates have faild to send to hell) That when in Aulis all our fleet affembl'd with a freight Of the to liken, and her friends: beneath the faire growne height

A Platane bore, about a fount, whence chystall water flow'd, And necre our holy altar, we, upon the gods bestowd Accomplisht Hecatombs; and thereappear da huge portent. A Dragon with a bloody skale, horrid to fight, and fent To light by great Olympia: which crawling from beneath The Altar, to the Platane climb'd 3 and ruthleffe crasht to death A Sparrowes yong, in number eight, that in a top-bough lay Hid under leaves : the dam the ninth, that hoverd every way. Mourning her lov'd birth; till atlength, the Serpent watching her, Her wing caught, and devourd her too. This Dragon, Impiter (That brought him forth) turn'd to a stone; and made a powerfull meane To stirre our zeales up, that admir'd, when of a fact so cleane Of all ill as our facrifice, fo fearfull an oftent Should be the iffue. Calchas then, thus prophecied the event: Why are ye dumb struck, faire-haird Greekes? wife love is he hath showne This strange oftent to us. Twas late, and passing lately done, But that grace it foregoes to us, for fuffering all the flate Of his appearance, (being fo flow) nor time shall end, nor fate. As thefe eight sparrowes, and the dam, (that made the ninth) were cat By this sterne Serpent; so nine yeeres we are t'endure the heat Of ravenous warre, and in the tenth, take in this broad-wayd towne. Thus he interpreted this figne; and all things have their crowne As he interpreted, till now. The reftthen, we facceed, Beleeve as certaine: flay we all, till that most glorious deed Of taking this rich towne, our hands are honord with. This faid. The Greeks gave an unmeafor'd shout, which back the ships repaid With terrible ecchoes, in applaule of that perfwalion Divine Vlyffes ufd; which yet held no comparison With Neftor's next speech, which was this: O shamefull thing! ye talk Like children all, that know not warre. In what aire's region walk Our oathes, and covenants? Now I fee, the fit respects of men-Are vanisht quite; our right hands given, our faiths, our counsels vaine; Our facrifice with wine; all fled in that prophaned flame We made to binde all : for thus still, we vaine perswafions frame. And strive to work our end with words; not joyning stratagems And hands together; though thus long the power of our extremes Have urg'd us to them. Arem sonne? firme as at first hourestand; Make good thy purpose; talk no more in counsels, but command In active field. Let two or three, that by themselves advise, Faint in their crowning; they are fuch as are not truly wife: They will for Argos, erethey know if that which Ieve hath faid Befaile or true. I tell them all, that high Iove bow'd his head As first we went aboord our fleet, for signe we should confer Thefe Trojans their due fate and death; almighty Impiter All that day darting forth his flames, in an unmeasured light, On our right hands; let therefore none once dreame of coward flight, Till (for his owne) some wife of Troy he fleepes withall, the rape Of Hellen wreaking; and our fighes, enforced for her escape:

Neller to the

to Notice.

It any yet dare dote on home, let his dishonour'd haste,
His black, and well-buist bark, but touch, that (as he first disgrae'd
His countries spirity fare, and death may first his spirit let go.
But be thou wise (king) do not trust thy selfe, but others. Know
I will not use an abject word: see all thy men arraid
In tribes and nations 5 that tribes, tribes; nations may nations aid:
Which doing, thou shalt know what Chiefs, what soldiers play the men;
And what the cowards: for they all will fight in severall then,
(Easse for note.) And then shalt thou, if thou destroys not Troy,
Know if the prophesies desses, or men thou dost employ
In their approved arts, want in warre: or lack of that brave heat,
Fit for the ventrous spirits of Greece, was cause to thy desage.

To this the King of men replied Ofather, all the fonnes Of Greece thou conquerft, in the strife of consultations, I would to love, Athenia, and Phabus, I could make (Ofall) but ten such Counsellors : then instantly would shake King Priam's city, by our hands laid hold on, and laid waft. But love hath orderd I should grieve, and to that end hath cast My life into debates, past end. My selfe, and Thetis sonne, (Like girles) in words fought for a girle, and I th'offence begunne: But if we ever talk as friends, Troy's thus deferred fall, Shail never vex us more one houre. Come then, to vicles all, That flrong Mars, all may bring to field; each man his lances fleele See tharpned well; his thield well lin'd, his horfes meated well. His chariot carefully made ftrong; that these affaires of death. We all day may hold fiercely out: no man must rest or breath. The bosomes of our targatiers must all be steept in sweat. The lanciers arme must fall dissolv'd; our chariot-horse with heat Must seeme tomelt. But if I finde one sold er take the chace, Or ftirre from fight, or fight not still, fixt ... his enemies face : Or hid a shipboord: all the world for force, nor price, shall fave His hated life; but fowles and dogs, be his abhorred grave.

He faid, and such a murmure rose, as on a losty flaore
The waves make, when the Southwind comes, and tumbles them before
Against a rock, grown neere the strand, which diversly befer,
Is never free, but here and there with varied uprores bear.

All rose then, rushing to the sleet, persum'd their tents, and eat:
Each offing to th'immortall gods, and praying to scape th'heat!
Of warre and death. The King of men, an Ox of five yeeres spring
Ealmighty love slue: call'd the Pecres, sinth Nesson, then the King
Manneaux: after them, th' Ajaces, and the sonne
Of Tydeus; Ithacus the sixth, in counsell Paragon
To love him selfe. All these he bade, but at a martiall cry.
Good Menclaus, since he saw his brother bussly
implayed at that time, would not stand on invitation,
But of himselfe came. All about the offring overthrown
Stood round, took salt-cakes, and the King himselfe thus praid for all:

O love most great, most glorious, that in that starry hall,

Sit'st drawing darke clouds up to aire: let not the Sunne go downe, Darknesse supplying it; till my hands, the Pallace, and the towne Of Priam ouer throw, and burne; the armes on Hearr breast Diuiding; spoiling with my sword, thousands (in interest Of his bad quarrell) laid by him, in dust, and eating earth.

Of his bad quarrell) laid by him, in dult, and eating earth.

He pray d, low heard him not, but made, more plentifull the birth

Of his fad toiles; yet tooke his gifts. Prayers paft, cakes on they threw:

The Oxe then (to the alter drawne,) they kill'd and from him drew

His hide: then cut him vp, his thighes (in two hewne) dubd with fat,

Prickt on the sweet-breads, and with wood, leauelesse, and kindl'd at

Apposed fire, they burne the thighes; which done, the inwards slir,

They broild on coales, and eate. The rest, in giggots cut, they spit,

Roast cunningly, draw, sit, and seastinought lack to leaue alaid

Each temperate appetite; which served, Nestor began and said.

Attrides, most grace king of men, now no more words allow,

Nor more deferre the deed lone vowes. Let heralds fummon now The brasen-coted Greekes; and vs. range cuerie where the host. To stirre a strong warre quickly vp. This speech no sillable lost. The high-voic't heralds, instantly, he charged to call to armes The curld-head Greekes; they call'd; the Greeks, straight answerd their alarmes The loue-kept kings, about the king all gatherd, with their aide Rang'd all in tribes and nations. With them the gray eyd maide Great Azis (Ioues bright fhield) fustain'd, that can be never old; Neuer corrupted, fring'd about, with serpents forg'd of gold. As many as fuffilde to make, an hundred fringes, worth A hunderd oxen, cuerie Inake, all Iprawling, all fet forth With wondrous spirit. Through the host, with this the Goddesse ran In furie, casting round her eyes, and furnisht euerie man With frength; exciting all to armes, and fight inceffant. None Now lik't their lou'd homes like the warres. And as a fire vpon A huge wood, on the heights of hils, that farre off hurles his light: So the dinine braffe thin'd on thefe, thus thrusting on for fight; Their splendor through the aire reacht heauen : and as about the flood Caifter, in an Afian meade, flockes of the airie brood (Cranes, Geefe, or long neckt Swans) here, there, proud of there pinions, flie, And in their fals lay out such throats, that with their spiritfull crie The meddow thrikes againe : fo here, these many nation'd men. Flow'd ouer the Scamandrian field, from tents, and ships; the din Was dreadfull, that the feet of men, and horse, beate out of earth. And in the florishing meade they stood, thicke as the odorous birth Of flowres, or leaves bred in the fpring; or thick as swarmes of flies Throng then to ship-coates; when each swarme, his erring wing applies To milke deawd on the milke maids pailes: all eagerly disposd, To giue to ruine th'Ilians. And as in rude heapes closd, Though huge Goate-heards are at their food, the Goat-heards early yet, Sort into fundry heards; so here, the Chiefes in battell fet, Here tribes, here nations, ordering all. Amongst whome shin'd the king, With eyes, like lightning-louing loue; his forehead answering,

OF HOMER'S ILIADS.

27

With

In breaft like Neptune: Mars in waste: and as a goodly Bull Most eminent of all a heard, most strong, most masterfull. So Agamemnon, Ione that day, made ouerheighten clere. That heaven-bright armie; and preferd, to all th'Heroes there.

Nowtell me Muses, you that dwell, in heavenly roofes (for you Are Goddeffes; are present here, are wife, and all things know. We onely trust the voyce of fame, know nothing:) who they were That here were captaines of the Greekes? Commanding Princes here. The multitude exceed my fongs though fitted to my choice Tentongues were, hardned palats ten, a break of braffe, a voyce Infract, and trumplike : that greate worke, unleffe the feede of Inve (The deathiesse Muses) vndertake, maintaines a pitch aboue All mortall powers. The Princes then, and nanie that did bring Those so inenarrable troopes, and all their soyles, I fing,

The Catalogue of the Grecian Ships and Captains.

DEneleus, and Leitus, all that Boeotia bred. Arcefilaus, Clonius, and Prothogner, led; Th'inhabitants of Hyria, and stonie Aulida; Schene, Schole, the hilly Eteon, and holy Thefia; Of Grea, and great Micaleffe, that hath the ample plaine; Of Herma, and Ilefius, and all that did remaine. In Erith, and in Eleon; in Hylen, Petcona, In faire Ocalea, and the towne, well builded, Medeona; Capas, Eutresis, Thisbe that, for Pigeous doth surpasse; Of Coroneio, Harliat; that hath such store of graffe. All those that in Platea dwelt, that Gliffa did possesses And Hipothebs, whose wel-built wals, are rare and fellowlesses In rich Onchestus famous wood, to watrie Neptune vow'd; And Arne, where the vine-trees are, with vigorons bunches bow'd With them that dwelt in Mydes, and Niffa most divine. All those whom vtmost Anthedon, did wealthily confine. From all these coasts in generall, full fiftie faile were sent, And fixfcore strong, Bastian youths, in enerie burthen went. But those who in Affledon dwelt, and Minian Orchomen; God Mars his sonnes did leade (Ascalaphus, and Jalmen.) Who in Azidon Actors house, did of Astioche come; The ballifull Maide, as the went vp, into the higher roome, The warre-god fecretly compreft in fafe conduct of thefe, Did thirtie hollow-bottom'd barkes, dinide the wanie feas. Eraue Schedius and Epiftrophus, the Phofian captaines were, Nauvolida, Iphitus sonnesall-proofe gainst any feare; With them the Cyparifians went, and bold Pythonians, Men of religious Chryfas foyle, and fat Daulidians : Sanopaans, Anemors, and fierce Hyampolifts: And those that dwell where Cephifus, casts up his silken mists?

The men that faire Lyles held, neare the Cephifica fpring, Their fle : 40. All which did fortie fable barkes to that defiguement bring. About th'entoyld Phocenfian fleet, had thefe their faile affignde; And neare to the finister wing, the arm'd Bocotians shinde. diax the leffe, Oilem fonne, the Locrians led to warre. Aiax.O: espain n the Not like to Aiax Telemen, but leffer man by farre. Localita Little he was, and ener wore, a breaftplate made of linne. But for the manage of his lance, he generall praise did winne. The temas of the The dwellers of Caliarus, of Bella, Opera; Lorians. The youths of Cynne, Scarphin, and Augine, lonely men; Of Tarphis, and of Thronius, nere flood Beagrius fall: Twife twentie martiall barkes of thefe, leffe Aiax faild with all. Their nay Who neare Enbass bleffed foile, their habitations had, Strength-breathing Abams, who their feats, in sweet Enbara made: E. Seguera The Aftaas rich in grapes, the men of colsida; their tory The Cerinths, bordering on the fea, of rich Fretria; Of Dyons highly feated towne; Chariffus, and of Styre; All these the Duke Alphener led, a flame of Mars his fire: Surnam'd Chalcodontiades, the mightie Abants gnide; Alchem : C Bress Swift men of foot, whose broad-fet backes, their trailing haire did hide. Well scene in fight and soone could pierce, with farre extended darts The breftplates of their enemies, and reach their dearest hearts. Fortie blacke men of ware did failein this Alpheners charge. The fouldiers that in Asheus dwelt, a citic builded large. Their fleet 40. The people of Eristhine, whom Ione-Iprung Pallas fed : And plentious-feeding Tellas brought, out of her flowrie bed: The Albenians Him, Pallas plac't in her rich Fane, and eueric ended yeare, Of Buls and Lambes, Athenian youths, please him with offrings there. Mightie Menesthem, Pethem fonne, had their deuided care : For horsemen and for targatiers, none could with him compare: Menefib:us Nor put them into better place, to hurt or to defend: their Cheife. But Neftor (for he elder was) with him did fole contend: With him came fiftie fable faile. And out of Salamine Great Aiax brought twelve faile, that with, th'Athenias did combine. Nauc: Altica Who did in fruitfull Arges dwell; or ftrong Hyrintha keepe : Hermion, or in Alinen, whole bolome is to deepe; The Same bes irmed wer die. Trazena, Elion, Epidare, where Bacchus crownes his head; Their keen! d. Egina, and Mazeras foyle, did follow Diemed. ier Teaminus. Sbip: 12. And Sthenelm, the deare lou'd fonne, offamous Copanem: The Argui. Together with Eurialm, heire of Mecistam, Di mie ibeir esplaine wi b The king of Talaonides: past whom, in deeds of warre, S:beneius and The famous fouldier Diemed, of all was held by farre; Eur.a us. Fourescore blacke ships did follow these. The men faire Mycene held: The wealthy Corinth, Clean that, for beautious fight exceld: Their Pas So Arathireas louely scate, and in Ornias plaine, Jaile. The Mycen: ans. And Syciona, where at first, did king Adrastas raigne: Their towards. High scated Gonees towers, and Hyperifias; Thar dwelt in fruitfull Pellenen, and in dinine Agine :

OF HOMERS ILIADS.

With all the fea-side borderers, and wide Helices triends;
To Azamemnon enery towns, her natine birth commends,
In double siftie sable barks: with him a world of men
Most strong and full of valure went: and he in triumphahen
Put on his most resplendent aimes, since he did overshine
The whole heroique host of Greece, in power of that designe.
Who did in Leasterners was here.

Who did in Lacedamons rule, th'n measur'd concauc hold: High Phares, Spartas, Messes towers, for doues so much extold, Bryseins and Angias grounds, strong Las, Octylon; Amyelas, Hales harbor-towne, that Neptune beats upon: All these did Menelans leade, (his brother that in cries Of warre was samous) sixtic ships, convaid these enemies, To Troy in cheese; because their king, was chiefly injur'd there, In Hellens rape, and did his best, to make them buy it deare.

Whodwelt in Pylos fandic foyle, and Arene the faire;
In Theyen, neare Alphaus flood, and App full of aire:
In Cypariffun, Amphygen, and little Peteleon;
The towne where all the Illiots dwelt, and famous Dorcon;
Where all the Muses (opposite, in firite of Poesite,
To ancient Thamyru of Thrace) did vie him cruelly;
He coming from Enrytus court the wise Ochasian king:
Because he proudly durst affirme, he could more sweetly sing,
Then that Pyerean race of sove; who (angry with his vant)
Berest his eye-sight, and his song, that did the eare enchant;
And of his skill to touch his Harpe dissurnished his hand:
All thele in ninetic hollow keeles, grave Nessor did command.

The richly bleft inhabitants of the Arcadian land Below Cyllenes mount, that by Epymrs tombe did flands Where dwelt the bold neare fighting men; who did in Phaneas line: And Orchomen, where flockes of theepe, the shepheards clustring drive: In Rype and in Stratie, the faire Mantinean towne, And strong Enifpe, that for height, is ever weather blowne, Teged, and in Stimpbalus Parbasia strongly wall'd, All these Alease sonne; to field (king Agapenor) call'd, In sixtie barks he brought them on and everie barke well mand, With sirce Arcadians, skild to vie, the vemost of a band. King Agameman on these men, did well-built ships bestow, To passe the guise purple sea, that did no sea rites know.

They who in Hermin, Bupbrasis, and Elis did remaine,
What O lens Cliffes, Alisus, and Arysin did containe,
Where led to warre by twife two Dukes, and each ten ships did bring,
Which many venterous Epians, did serue for burthening,
Beneath Alphinascus his charge, and valiant Talphine,
Sonne of Euritus Actor, one, the Cteasus,
Diores Amarineides, the other did imploy;
The sourth dinine Polixenus, Agashenus his joy:
The king of faire Angeiades, who from Dukebius came,
And from Euchinaus sweet Iles, which hold their holy frame

By ample Elis region, Meges Phelides led:
Whom Duke Phylem, Joues belou'd, begat, and whilome fled
To large Dulychius for the wrath, that fird his fathers breaft.
Twife twentie ships with Ebon sailes, were in his charge address.
The war-like men of Cephale, and those of Ishaca,

Wooddy Nerytus, and the men of wet Crosilia:
Sharp Ægilipha, Samos Ile, Zacynthus, fea incloid;
Epyrus, and the men that hold, the Continent oppoid;
All these did wise Visses leade, in counsell Peere to Iove:

All their did wile Visjes leade, in countel Peere to Jove:
Twelte ships he brought, which in their course, vermilion sternes did moue.

I we the Inips he brought, which in their course, vermilion sterues die Thous, Andrewons wel-spoke sonne, did guide th'Ætolians well; Those that in Pleuron, Oleson, and strong Pylene dwell; Great Caleis that by sea side stands, and strong Calidon; For now no more of Oemeus sonnes survivid; they all were gone: No more his royall selse did line, no more his noble sonne, The golden Meleager now, their glasses all were run. All things were left to him in charge, the Ætolians Chiefe he was, And sortic ships to Troian warres, the seas with him did passe. The royall souldier Idomess, did leade the Gretans stout:

The men of Gnoffu, and the towns, Corsima, wall'd aboutThemen of Gnoffu, and the towns, Corsima, wall'd aboutOf Lidus and Myletus townes, of white Lycaftus flate,
Of Phefius and of Rhiftias, the cities fortunate:
And all, the rest inhabiting, the hundred townes of Crete,
Whom ware-like Idomen did leade, copartner in the fleete,

Whom ware-like Idemen did leade, copartner in the fleere, With kil-man Nerion, eightie ships, with them did Troy inuade. Tlepolemus Heraclides, right flrong and bigly made, Brought nine tall ships of warre from Rhodes, which hautic Rhodians mand.

Who dwelt in three differend parts, of that most pleasant land;
Which Lyndm and Isliffus were, and bright Comyrus, cald:
Tlepelsmus commanded thele, in battel vnappald:
Whom faire Associate belong the forth, by force of Hersules;
Let out of Ephyr with his hand, from river Sellects.

When many townes of princely youths, he leueld with the ground.

Tipplem (in his fathers houle, for building much renownd,

Brought vp to headftrong flate of youth) his mothers brother flue,

The flowic of armes, Lysymins, that fomewhat aged grew:

Then ftraight he gathred him a fleete, affembling bands of men,

And fled by fea, to thun the threats, that were denounced then, By other fonnes and nephewes of th' Alciden fortitude. He in his exile came to Rhodes, driven in with tempelts rude:

The Rhodians were diffind in tribes, and great with love did fland,
The king of men and Gods, who gave, much treasure to their land.

Nireus out of Symus hauen, three wel-built barkes did bring: Nireus faire Agiatus sonne, and Charpes the king: Nireus was the fairest man that to faire Hism came, Of all the Greekes, sane Peleus sonne, who past for general frame. But weake this was, not fit for warre, and therefore sew did guide,

Who did in Cassus, Nifrus, and Crapathus abide,

In Co, Enripilus his towne, and in Calydnus foyles, Phydippus and bold Antiphus, did guide to Troian toyles, The fonnes of crowned The falm, derin'd from Herenles. Who went with thirtie hollow ships well ordred to to the seas. Now will I fing the fackfull troopes, Pelafgian Argos held. That in deepe Alus, Alopé, and foft Trechina dwelds In Pthya and in Hedade, where live the lovely dames, The Myrmidens, Helenians, and Achines, robd of Fames: All which the great Acides, in fiftie ships did leade. For these forgat warres horrid voice, because they lackt their head. That would have brought them bravely foorth; but now at fleete did lie, That wind-like vier of his feet, faire Thetis progenie. Wroth for bright cheekt Bryfeis loffe; whom from Lyrneffus spoiles, (His owne exploit) he brought away, as trophec of his toiles, When that towne was depopulates he funke the Theban towres: OMyneta, and Epiftrophus, he fent to Plutees bowres. Who came of king Euenus race, great Helepiades: Yet now he idely lives enrag'd, but soone must leave his case, Of those that dwelt in Phylace, and flowric Pyrrason The wood of Ceres, and the foyle, that sheepe are fed vpon, Iten and Antron, built by fea, and Pteleus full of graffe, Protesilaus while he lin'd, the worthie captaine was: Whom now the fable earth detaines: his teare-torne faced fpoule He wofull left in Philace, and his halfe finisht house: A fatall Dardane first his life, of all the Greekes, bereft. As he was leaping from his ship; yet were his men valeft With out a Chiefe, for though they wisht, to have no other man, But good Protesilay their guide; Podarces yet began To gouerne them, Iphitis fonne, the fonne of Philacus, Most rich in sheepe, and brother to short-lin'd Preschlaus: Of yonger birth, leffe, and leffe ftrong; yet feru'd he to direct The companies, that still did more, their ancient Duke affect. Twife twentie lettie failes with him, the swelling streame did take. But those that did in Pheres dwell, at the Bæbreian lake. In Bebe, and in Glaphira, Iaolous builded faire: In thrice fix thips to Pergamus : did through the leas repaire, With old Admetes tender sonne, Eumelau, whom he bred, Of Alc. ft Pelins fairest child, of all his femall feed. The fouldiers that before the fiege, Methones vales did hold: Thaumacia, flowrie Meliba, and Olison the cold, Duke Philocietes gouerned, in darts of finest sleight: Senen vessels in his charge conuaid, their honorable freight. By fiftic rowers in a barke, most expext in the bow: But he in facred Lemnos lay, brought miferably low, By torment of an ulcer growne, with Hydras poyfor d bloud: Whose sting was such, Greece left him there, in most impatient moode: Yet thought they on him at his ship, and chusde to lead his men,

Medon, Oylem baltard sonne, brought forth to him by Rhen.

om Thricce, bleake Ithomens cliffes, and hapleffe Oechaly Eurites citie rul'd by him, in wilfull tyrany, In charge of Esculapises sonnes, physician highly praise: (Machaon, Podalirius, were thirtie veffels raifd : Who neare Hiperias fountaine dwelt, and in Ormenius: The snowy tops of Titanum, and in Afterius: Exemons foane Euripilus, did leade into the field: Whose townes did fortie blacke-saild ships, to that encounter veeld-Who Gyrton, and Argiffa held, Orthen and Elons feate, And chalkie Oloogine, were led by Polipete; The iffue of Perithons, the lonne of Impiter. Him the Athenian Thefens friend, Hypodomy did beare; When he the briffled fauages : did gine Ramnufia, And draue them out of Pelisu, as farre as Etbica. He came not fingle, but with him, Leontew, Corons fonne, An arme of Mars; and Corons life, Ceneus feed begun. Twifet wentie thips, attended thefe. Cones next did bring, From Caphus, twentie faile and two, the Enians followings And fierce Perabi, that about, Dodones frozen mold, Did plant their houses, and the men, that did the medowes hold, Which Titorefius deckes with flowers, and his fweet curent leades, Into the bright Peneins, that bath the filuer heads. Yet with his admirable streame, doth not his wayes commix; But glides aloft on it like oyle: for tis the floud of Srix. By which th'immortall Gods doe sweare. Tenthredons honor'd birth Prothous led the Magnets forth, who neare the shadic earth. Of Pelins, and Pencion, dwelt; fortie reuengefull faile Did follow him; these were the Dukes, and Princes of anaile, That came from Greece : but now the man, that overshin'd them all. Sing Muse : and their most famous Steeds, to my receitall call, That both th' Atrides followed, faire Pheretiedes, The brauest mares did bring by much; Eumelius manag'd these: Swift of their feete as birds of wings; both of one haire did thine, Both of an age, both of a height, as mefur'd by a line: Whom filuer bow'd Apollo bred, in the Pierean mead; Both flicke and daintie, yet were both, in warre of wondrous dread. Great Aiax Telamon for strength, past all the Pecres of warre, While vext Achilles was away : but he furpast him farre: The horse that bore that faultlesse man, were likewise past compare: Yet lay he at the crookt-Rem'dships, and furie was his fare, For Acres formes vngracious deed: his men yet pleafd their hearts, With throwing of the holed stone; with hurling of their darts, And shooting fairely one the shore. Their horse at chariots fed, On greatest parily, and on sedge, that in the fens is bred. His Princes tents their chariots held, that richly couerd were. His Princes, amorous of their Chiefe, walkt forming here and there, About the hoft, and fcorn'd to fight: their breaths, as they did paffe, Before them flew, as it a fire, fed on the trembling graffe.

Earth vader-gron'd their high raifd feet, as when offended tove, In Arime, 1 yphoise, with rattling thunder droue, Beneath the earth: in Arime, men fay the graue is fill, Where thunder tomb d Typhoise, and is a monstrous hill. And as that thunder made earth grone, so gron'd it as they past, They trode with such hard-fet-downe steps, and so exceeding fast.

To Troy the rainbow-girded dame, right heavie newes relates, From Jove (as all to Councell drew; in Priams Pallace gates) Refembing Priams fonne in voyce, Polytes swift of feete: In trust where of (as Sentinell, to see when from the steet, The Grecians sallied) he was set, you the lostic brow Of aged Estets tombe, and this did Iris show:

O Priam, thou artalwaies pleafd, with indifereet aduice:
And fram'ft thy life to times of peace, when such a warre doth rise
As threats incuitable spoyle, I neuer did behold
Such and so mightic troupes of men, who trample on the mould,
In number like Animnus leaues, or like the marine sand:
All ready round about the walles, to vice ruining hand.
Hettor? I therefore charge thee most, this charge to undertake:
Amultitude remaine in Troy, will fight for Priams sake,
Of other lands and languages, let excric leader then
Bring forth, well arm'd into the field, his seuerall bands of men.

Strong Hettor knew, a deitie, gaue charge to this allay:
Difmist the Counsell straight, like waves, clusters to armes do sway:
The ports are all wide open set: out rusht the troopes in swarmes,
Both horse and soote, the citie rung, with sudden-cryed alarems:

A Columne stands without the towne, that high his head doth raise, A little distant, in a plaine trod downe with divers waies; Which men do Baticia call, but the immortalls name Myrinnes famous sepulcher, the wondrous active dame: Here were th' Auxiliarie bands, that came in Trojes desence, Distinguisht under severall guides, of speciall excellence.

The Duke of all the Troian power great helme-deck: the Was Which flood of many mightic men, wel skilld in darts of braffe:

Aness of commixed feed (a goddeffe with a man,

Anchies, with the Queene of loue:) the troopes Dardanian,
Led to the field, his louely Sire, in Idas lower shade,
Begat him of sweet Cypridia, he folely was not made
Chiefe leader of the Dardan powers: Antenors valiant sonnes,

Archilochus, and Acamas, were loyn'd companions.

Who in Zelia dwelt, beneath, the facred foote of Ide,
That dranke of blacke Elepus Areame, and wealth made full of pride,
(The Aphny) Lycaons sonne, whom Phaebus gaue his bow,
Prince Pandarus) did leade to field. Who Adressinus owe,

(Apelus citic, Pitai, and mount Tereies)
Adrellus, and stout Amphim led, who did their Sire displease,
Merops Percosim) that exceld, all Troy in heavenly skill,
Of futures scarching prophesie: for much against his will,

His fonnes were agents in those armes: whome since they disobeyd, The sates, in letting slip their threds, their hastie valures staid. Who in Percetes, Prassim, Arishe slid abide, Who Sessu and Abidus bred, Hyrtacides did guide: Prince Asim Hyrtacides that through great Selees force, Brought from Arisha to that sight, the great and sierie horse. Pylem, and Hypothom, the stout Pelasgians led, Of them Lavissus fruitful soyle, before had noutished: These were Pelasgian Pithm sonne of Tentemides.

The Thratian guides where Pyrom, and valiant Acamas.

The Thratian guides where Pyrom, and valiant Acamas.
Of all that the impetuous flood, of Hellefront encloid;
Euphemm, the Ciconian troopes, in hiscommand difoofd;
Who from Trezenius Ceades, right noble did descend.

Perechmes did the Peons rule, that crooked bowes do bend.
From Axim out of Amidon, hehad them in command:
From Axim, whose most beautious streame, still ouerslowes the land.

Pylemen with the well arm'd heart, the Paphlagonians led,
From Enes, where the race of mules, fit for the plough is bred:
The men that broad Cytern bonds, and Sefamus enfold,
A bout Parthenius lottle flood in houses much extold,
From Cronna and Aggialus, the men that armes did beare,
And Enrithymus fituate high, Pylemens fouldiers were.
Epifrophus and Dius did, the Halizonians guide,
Far-fetcht from Alybe, where first, the filter mines were tride.
Chronius, and Augur Emonnus, the Mysians did command,
Who could not with his auguries, the strength of death withstand:
But suffired it beneath the stroke, of great Austides,
In Xanthus: where he made more soules, dine to the Stygian seas.

In Xanthus: where he made more foules, dine to the Stygian feas.

Phoreys and faire Afanius, the Phrygians brought to warre;
Well train'd for battell, and were come, out of Afanius farre.
With Methler, and with Antiphus (Pylemeus founcs) did fight,
The men of Mezon, whom the fenne) Gyges brought to light.
And those Maconians that beneath, the mountaine Tauslus forongs.

The rude vnletterd Cariba, that barbarous were of tongue,
Did under Nauftes colours march, and young Amphimachus,
(Nomyons famous fonnes) to whom, the mountaine Phibirorus,
That with the famous wood is crown'd, Niletus, Nicales,
That hath so many loftic markes for men that loue the seas,
The crocked armes (Meander bowd with his so stake flood,
Resigned for condust the choice youth, of all their mortial brood.
The soole Amphimachus, to field, brought gold to be his wracke,
Proude girlelike that doth euer beare, her dowre upon her backe,
Which wise Achilles marks, slew him, and tooke his gold in strife,
Acxanthus floud, so little death, did feare his golden life,
Sarpedons led the Lycians, and Glamus warepron'd,
From Lycia and the gulfie flood, of Xanthus fare remound:

COMMENTARIUS.

a Mere Erea, dye. Sicut examina prodeunt apum frequentium, &c. Jachu Simile, Virgil (wfing the like in imitation) is preferd to Homer ; wub what reafon I pray you fee. I heir ends are different. Homer imending to expresse the infinite multitude of fouldiers enery where diferfing; Virgil, the diagence of builders. Virigil. Simile is this. 1. Aneid.

Qualis apes æstate noua, per florea rura Exercet sub sole labor; cum gentis adultos Educunt fœtus; aut cum liquentia mella Stipant; & dulci distendunt Nectare cellas: Aut onera accipiunt venientum; autagmine facto: Ignauum fucos pecus à presepibus arcent :

Feruent opus; redolent thymo fragrantia mella. Now compare this with Homers, but in my translation; and inage if to both their ends, there be any such betternesse in Virgils: but that the renerence of the scholler due to the maister (even in these bis maligners) might well have contained their lame censures of the Poeticall furie, from these unmanuerise and batefull comparisons. Especially, since Virgil bath nothing of his owne, but onely elecution; bis invention, matter and forme, being all Homers : which laid by a man , that which he addeth, is onely the worke of a woman, to netific and polish. Nor do 1. alas , but the formost ranke of the most ancient and best learned that ever were come to the field for Homer, biding all other Poets under bis cufique: bate not me then, but them; to whom, before my booke I referre you. But much the rather I insist on the former Simile; for the word I'hadon, caternation, or conferring which is noted by Spondanus to containe all the arishous, reddition, or application of the comparison, and is nothing fo. For though it be all the reddition Homer expresses; yet be intends two speciall parts in the application more; which he leaves to his indicial readers understanding, as he dosh in all his other Similes : fince a man may permially (or as he paffeth) difectre all that is to be underflood. And bere, befides ther throngs of fouldiers, exprelt in the fourmes of Bees, hee intimates the infinite number in those throngs or companies, issung from fleete so ceastest, that there appeared almost no end of their issue: and thirdly, the eneriewhere differ fing them felues. But Spondanus wente excuse Homer, for expressing no more of bis applycation, with affirming it imposible; that the thing compared, and the comparison should answere in all paris; and therefore alledges the vulgar understanding of a Simile, which is as groffe as it is vulgar; that a similitude must vno pede lemper claudicare. Hu reason for it as absurd as therest: which is this, is ea inter se omnino responderent, falleret illud axioma, nullum fimile eft idem; as though the generall application of the compared, and the comparison, would make them any thing more the same, or all one; more then the swarmes of Bees, and the throng of fouldiers are all one or the fame; for answering most aprly. Bus that a Simile must needs hale of ove force still, theweth how lame vulgar tradition is, especially in her censure of Poclic. For who at first fight, will not conceine it absurd to make a Simile, which fermes to the illustration and ornament of a Pocme, lame of a foot, and idle? The incredible violence suffered by Homer in all the rest of his most inimitable Similes, being

express in his place, will abundantly proue the stapiditie of this tradition; and how iniurioully foors his interpreters must needs come of him in his streight and deepe places, when in bis open and faire paffages, they balt and hang back fo.

b Tor par deignar biner Dede, de. hunc quidem claru (or illustrem) fecit Deus; as it is by all translated; wherein I note the strange abuse (as I apprehend it) of the mord deland; beginning bere, & continuing where foener it is found in the fe Iliads. It is by the transition of linto s in derination, acording to the Dericke for which canfe our Interpreters will needes bane Homer intend audin G. which is charus or illustris when be himselfe laith, aelan Gr which is a compound of api, which is valde, and (na @, and fignifies quem valde æmulamur, or valde æmulandus, according to Scap. But because Jung is most authentically expounded, impetus mentis ad cultum diuinum, that exposition I follow in this place, and expound T: 7 HEP agi (18 Nor 9 17 HEP Deds; hunc quidem magnum impulsum ad cultum divinum lecit Deus; because be turned so suddenly and miraculously the Dragon to a stone. To make it agidator, and fay clarum or illustrem fecit Deus qui oftendit.or oftenderat, (which followes in the verfe) and faith thus much in our tonque : God that shewed this, made it cleare; it very little more, then God that shewed this, shewed it. One way it observes the word (betwint which, and the other, you see what great difference) and is faire, full, grane, the other alters the originall, and is

uglie emptie, idle.

c Antinal@ A iriale Bonrajasis Meriado, &c. Spontaneus autem ei venit, voce bonus Menelaus; and some fay bello ftrenuus Menelaus: which is farre estranged from the mind of our Homer, Aon figuifying vociferatio, or clamor, though fome will haue it pugna,ex consequenti; because fights are often made with clamor, But in bello fteenuus, (unleffe it be ironically taken) is bere ftraind beyond (ufferance, & is to be expounded vociferatione bonus Menelaus : which agreeth with that part of his character in the next book, that telleth his manner of veterance or voice: which is mand notion, valde fridule, or arguto cum fridore; notion being comenly and most proper lie taken in the worfe part, and fignifiet b fbrillie, or noisefullie, (queaking : bowfeener in the valgar connersion it is in that place most erosselic abused. To the consideration wherof, being of much importance, I refer you in his place. And in the meane time frem you, that in this first and next verse, Homer (peaking (coptically) breakes open the fountaine of his ridiculous humor following: mener by anie interpreter under flood, or touched at, being yet the most ingentous conceited person that any man can shew in any heroicall Poeme, or in any Comick Poet. And that you may fomething perceive him before you reade to him in bis senerall places : I will, as I can in haste vine you bim here together as Homes at all parts prefents bim : viz. fimple, wel-meaning, flanding fiell affectedle on telling truth, fmall, and shrill voice; (not fweet, or eloquent, as some most against the baire would bane bim) short spoken after bis countrie the Laconical manner : yet speaking thicke and fast, industrious in the field, and willing to bee emploied. And (being mollis Bellator himfelfe) fet fill to call to encree bard fernice, the hardieft. Enen by the wit of Alax, plaid opon, about whom he would fill be diligent : and what he nanted of the martiall furie and facultic bimselfe, that he would be bold to supplie out of Aiax : Aiax and he, to any for blowes: Antilochus and be for wit: (Antilochus old Nestors fonne, a most ingenione, valiant, and excellenslie formed per (on.)

Sometimes valiant, or daring, (as what coward is not) sometimes, falling a pon lentence

37

sentence, and good matter in his speeches (as what meanest capacitie doth not?) Nor which our most inimitable Imitator of nature, this croffe and deformed mixture of his parts, more to colour and avoid too broad a taxation of so eminent a version, then to follow the true life of nature, being often, or alwaies, exprest fo Alparent in her creatures. And therefore the decorum that some poore Criticks have flood upon to make fooles alwaies foolish, cowards at all times cowardly, egc. is farre from the variant order of nature, whose principles being contrary, ber productions most needes containe the like opposition.

But now to the fir ft; our tual & Jedinale, Ge. spontaneus autem ci venit, &c. 4bont which, a paging great peece of work is pickt out by our greatest Philosophers. conching the vahidden coming of Menelaus to Supper or Counsell, which some commend others condemne in him: but the reason why he staid not the inuitement. rendered immediatly by Homer, none of the will understand, viz. H See 38 27 Daysor ere, feichat enim in animo quantum frater laborabat : of which werfe bis interpreters crie out for the expunction, only because it was never enterdin their apprehenfon, which more then admire (for the eafine fe of it) fo freely offering it felfe to their entertainment for yet wling the hoofe of Pegalus, only with a touch breaking open (as about faid) the fountaine of his bumor. For thus I expound it, (laying all againe together, to make it plaine enough for you,) Agamemnon inviting all the chiefe Commanders to supper left out his brother; but he feeing how much his brother was troubled about the dreame, and bufied, would not fland upon inuitement. at came of himfelf. And this being focken scoptice, or by way of irrifion, argueth what manner of man he made of him. Ineptus enim (asit is affirmed in Plutarch. 1 . Symp. and fecond question) fuit Menelaus, & locam dedit prouerbio qui ad confilium dandum acceffiffet, non vocatus : And to this place he had reference, because a Counsell of war was to be held at this supper. And here (I fay) Homer onened the veine of bis simplicitie not so much inhis going unbidden to supper. and Counsell, as in the reason for it ironically rendered; that he knew his brother was bufie, dyc. And yet that addition, without which the very lenfe of our Poet is not fafe, our interpreters would have raced.

The end of the fecond Booke.

THE



THIRD BOOK F OF HOMER'S ILIADS.

THE ARGUMENT.

Aris (betwixt the Hoafts) to single fight (Of all the Greekes) dares the most hardie knight : King Menelaus doth accept his brave Conditioning that he againe should have Faire Helena, with all fhe brought to Troy, If he fubd'd; elfe Paris fould enion Her, and her wealth, in peace. Conquest doth grant Her deare wreath to the Grecian combatant; But Venus to her champions life doth reeld Safe rescue, and conveyes him from the field, Into his chamber; and for Hellen fends: Whom much, her lovers foule differace offends: Yet Venus for him fill makes good her charmes, And ends the fecond combat in his armes.

Another Argument.

Gamma the fingle fight doth fing Twist Paris and the Spartan King.

AHenevery least Commanders will, best souldiers had obaide. And both the hofts were rang'd for fight, the Troians would have The Greeks with noises; crying out, in comming rudely on, (fraid The Trains At all parts like the Cranes that fill, with harth confution, Of brutish clanges all the aire: and in ridiculous warre, (Eschuing the unsufferd stormes, shot from the winters starre) Visite the Ocean, and conferre the Pygmei souldiers death. The Greekes charg'd filent, and like men, bestow'd their thrifry breath In strength of iar-resounding blowes; still entertaining care Of eithers rescue, then their strength did their engagements dare. And as upon a hils freepe top, the South winde powres a cloud To shepheards thankleffe; but by theeves that love the night, allowd, A darknesse letting downe, that blinds a stones cast off menseyes: Such darknesse from the Greeks swift feet, (made all of dust) did rise But ere sterne conflict mixt both strengths, faire Paris stept before The Troian host, athwart his backe, a Panthers hide he wore, A crooked bow, and sword, and shooke two brazen-headed darts, With which (well arm'd) his tongue provok't the best of Grecian hearts To fland with him in fingle fight. Whom, when the man wrong'd most Of all the Greekes, to glarioufly, faw stalke before the host;

As

C:脚Dared to Cranes.

The filent al.

fauls of the

Greekes.

innile

THE THIRD BOOKE As when a Lyon is rejoye't (with hunger halfe forlorne) That findes some sweet prey, (as a Hart, whose grace lyes in his home. Or Sylvane Goat) which he devours, though never fo purfu'd With dogs and men; fo Spartes King, exulted when he viewd The faire fac'd Paris to exposde to his to thirsted wreake. Whereof his good cause made him sure. The Grecian front did breake. And forth he rusht, at all parts arm'd: leapt from his chariot. And royally prepar'd for charge. Which feene, cold terror fhot The heart of Paris, who retird, as headlong from the King. As in him: he had fhund his death: and as a hilly foring. Presents a serpent to a man, full underneath his feet, Her blew necke ((wolne with poyfon) raifd, and her fling out, to greet His heedleffe entry: fodainly his walke he altereth. Starts backe amaz'd, is thooke with feare, and lookes as pale as death . So Menelaus, Paris scard fo that divine fac't foe. Shrunke in bis beauties. Which beheld, by Heller, he let goe mell via Pails. This bitter checke at him. Accurft, made but in beauties fcorne: Impostor, womans man! O heaven, that thou hadst nere beene borne, Or (being so manlesse) never liv'd to beare mans noblest state, The nupriall honour, which I with, because it werea fate Much better for thee, then this shame; this spectacle doth make A man a monster: Harke how lowd the Greekes laugh, who did take Thy faire forme for a continent of parts as faire; a rape Thou mad'ft of Nature, like their Queene. No fonle, an emptie shape Takes up thy being: yet how spight to every shade of good. Fils it with ill? for as thou art, thou covidit collect a broad Ofothers like thee: and farre hence, fetcht ill enough to us: Even to thy father: all these friends, make those foes mockethem thus. In thee: for whose ridiculous sake, so seriously they lay,

> (In thee) hath terrified our hoft; for which, thou well deservit A coat of Tomb stone, not of steele. in which, for forme thou servist. To this thus Paris spake, (for forme, that might inhabit heaven) Hector? Because thy sharpe reproofe, is out of justice given, I take it well. but though thy heart (inur'd to these affrights, Guts through them, as an axe through Oake; that, more ufd, more excites The workmans facultie: wholeart can make the edge goe farre, Yet I (leffe practild, then thy felfe, in thefe extremes of warre) May well be pardond, though leffe bold; in these your worth exceeds, In others, mine: Nor is my minde of leffe force to the deeds

All Greece, and Fate upon their neckes: O wretch! not dare to flav

What strength, lost beauty can infuse; and with the more griefe dyed,

Your Harpes sweet touch, curld lockes, fine shape, and gifts so exquisite,

Given thee by Venus, would have done your fine Dames little good,

Weake Menelaus? But twas well: for in him, thou hadft tried

To feele thou robft a worthier man; to wrong a fouldiers right:

When bloud and dust had ruffled them, and had as little stood

Thy felfe in flead; but what thy care of all thefe in thee flyes.

We should inflict on thee our selves: infectious cowardise

Requir'd in warre, because my forme, more flowes in gifts of peace. Reproach not therefore the kinde gifts of golden Gyprides, All heavins gifts have their worthy price, as little to be found. As to be wonne with firength, weight, frate, with which, to be adorn'd,
Some man would change, flate, weight, of strength. But if your martiall heart With me to make my challenge good, and hold it fuch a pert Of shame to give it over thus, cause all the rest to rest: And twixt both hofts, let Spartas King and me performe our beft, For Hellen and the wealth the brought and he that overcomes, Or proves superiour any way, in all your equal doomes, Let him enjoy her utmost wealth, keepe her, or take her home: The rest strike leagues of endlesse date, and hearty friends become: You dwelling fafe in gleby Troy, the Greekes retire their force, T'Achaia, that breedes fairest Dames: and Argos, fairest horse. He faid, and his amends full words, did Heder highly pleafe, Who rutht betwixt the fighting hofts, and made the Troians cease, By holding up, in midft, his Lance: the Grecians noted not The figuall he for parle ufde, but at him fiercely thote Hurld stones, and still were levelling darts. At last the King of men (Great Agememnen) cryed alowd: Argives? for shame containe : Youths of Achaia! shoot no more; the faire-helm'd-Heller showes As he defir'd to treate with us. This faid, all ceast from blowes, And Heller spake to both the hofts: Trojans, and hardie Greekes: Heare now, what he that stird these warres, for their cessation seekes: He bids us all, and you difarme, that he alone may fight With Menelaus, for us all; for Hellen and her right, With all the dowre the brought to Troy; and he that wins the day, Or is, in all the art of armes, inperiour any way; The Queene, and all her forts of wealth, let him at will enjoy,

The rest strike truce, and let love seale sirme leagues twixt Greece and Troy. The Greeke hoft wondred at this Brave: filence flew every where; At last spake Spartas warlike King: Now also give me care, Whom griefe gives most cause of reply; I now have hope to free The Greekes and Trojans of all ils, they have fuffaind for me And Alexander, that was cause I stretche my spicene so farre Of both then, which is nearest face, let his death end the warre : The rest immediately setire, and greet all homes in peace. Go then (to bleffe your champion, and give his powers fucceffe) Fetch for the Earth, and for the Sunne, the (gods on whom ye call) Two lambs, a blacke one and a white: a female and a male; And we another for our felves, will feech, and kill to leve; To figue which rites, bring Prisms force, because we well approve His fonnes perfidious envious (and out of practifd bane To fight, when the believes in them) loves high truce may prophane, All yong mens bearts are still unstaid: but in those wel-weigh'd deeds, An old man will confert to paffe things past, and what succeeds, He lookes into; that he may know how best to make his way Through both the fortunes of a fact: and will the worlt obay.

Helier to the Greekes and Trojams.

M enelmu to bath the armies. Of lone'd-for reft, from thole long toyles, their tedious warre had bred.

Hellor feudeth for Priam.

Their horses then in ranke they set, drawne from their chariots rounds Descend themselves, tooke off their armes, and place them on the ground, Nearc one another; for the space, twixt both the hofts was small. Hettor two heralds fent to Troy, that they from thence might call King Priam; and to bring the lambs, to rate the truce they lwore. But Agamemuen to the fleet, Taltbibim fent before. To fetch their lambe, who nothing flackt, the royall charge was given. Itis the raine bow then came downe, Amballadrelle from heaven.

tris en Hellen.

To white arm'd Hellen; the assum'd, at every part, the grace Of Hellens last loves sisters shape, who had the highest place In Hellens love, and had to name, Landice, most faire Of all the daughters Priam had: and made the nuptiall paire, With Helicaon; royall sproute, of old Anteners seed: She found Queene Hellena at home, at worke about a weed. Woy'n for her felfe: it shin'd like fire; was rich, and full of fife: The worke of both fides being alike, in which the did comprise The many labours, warlike Troy, and braffe-arm'd Greece endur'd For her faire fake, by cruell Mars, and his sterne friends procurd. Iris came in, in joyfull hafte, and faid: O come with me. (Lourd Nymph) and an admired fight of Greekes and Troians fee, Who first on one another brought, a warre so fall of teares. (Even thirfly of contentious warre) now every man forbeares. And friendly by each other fits, each leaning on his shield; Their long and shining lances pitcht fast by them in the field. Paris, and Spartas King alone, must takeup all the strife; And he that conquers, onely call faire Hellens his wife. Thus spake the thousand colour'd Dame: and to her minde commends

Hellens defire to The ioy to fee her first espould, her native towrs and friends. fee her fifth buf. Which flir'd a fweet defire in her, to ferve the which, the hi'd : band er friends. Shadowed her graces with white veiles, and (though the tooke a pride To fet her thoughts at gaze, and fee in her cleare beauties flood, What choice of glory fwum to her, yet tender womanhood) Scason'd with teares, her ioves to see, more ioves the more offence: And that perfection could not flow from earthly excellence.

Thus went the forth, and tooke with her, her women most of name, Althra, Pitthens levely birth: and Clymene, whom fame Hath, for her faire eyes, memorifd. They reacht the Sezan towrs, Where Prism fat to fee the fight, with all his Counfellors, Panthous, Lampus, Clitim, and fout Hycetaon, Thimates, wife Amenor, and profound Vcalegon: All grave old men, and fouldiers, they had beene, but for age Now left the warres; yet Counfellors they were exceeding fage. their weate ut. And, as in well-growne woods, on trees, cold spinic Grashoppers

trance, meg. Sit chirping, and fend voyces out, that scarce can pierce our eares. to Graft ppers b For fortnesse, and their weake faint founds: so (talking on the towre) and their ling- These Seniors of the people sate: who when they saw the powre

Of beauty, in the Queene alcend; even those cold-spirited Pecres: Those wife, and almost witherd men, found this heate in their yeeres: That they were forc't (though whitpering) to fay; what man can blame The Greeckes and Trojuns to indure, for fo admir d a Dame. So many mileries, and lo long? In her fweet countenance thine Lookes like the Goddeffes: and yet (though never fo divine) Before we boaft, uninftly still, of her enforced prife, And justly suffer for her fake, with all our progenies, Labour and ruine, let her goe: the profit of our land, Must passe the beauty. Thus, though these could beare so fit a hand On their affections: yet when all their graveft powers were ufde. They could not chuse but welcome her, and rather they accused The gods then beauty; for thus foake the most fam'd King of Troy; Come, loved daughter, fit by me, and take the worthy joy Of thy first husbands sight; old friends, and Princes neareallyed: And name me fome of these brave Greekes, so manly beautified. Come: doe not thinke I lay the warres, endur'd by us, on thee, The gods have fent them, and the teares, in which they fwumme to me, Sitthen, and name this goodly Greeke, fotall, and broadly fored, Who then the rest, that stand by him, is higher by the head; The bravest man I ever faw, and most maiesticall; His onely prefence makes me thinke him King amongst them all.

The fairest of her fexe replyed, Most reverend fath'r in law : Most lovd, most fear'd: would some ill death had seisd me, when I saw The first meane, why I wrong'd you thus, that I had never lost The fight of these my ancient friends; of him that lov'd me most, Of my fole daughter, brothers both; with all those kindely mates. Of one sovie, one age borne with me, though under different fates, But these boones envious starres deny; the memory of these, In forrow pines these beauties now, that then did too much please; Nor fatisfic they your demand, to which I thus reply: That's Agamemnon, (Atrem fonne) the great in Emperie; A King, whom double royaltie doth crowne, being great and good; And onethat was my brother in law, when I contain'd my bloud, And was more worthy; if at all, I might be faid to be, My Being, being loft fo foone, in all that honour d me?

The good old King admir'd, and faid: O Arrew bleffed fonne! Borne under joyfull defimies, that haft the Empire wonne Of fuch a world of Grecian youths, as I discover here; I once marche into Phrygia, that many vines doth beare, Where many Phrygians i beheld, well skild in use of horse, That of the two men, like two gods, were the commanded force, (Otram, and great Migdonus) who on Sangarius lands, Set downe their tents, with whom my felfe (for my affiftant bands) Was numbred as a man in chiefe the cause of warre was then, Th' Amazon dames, that in their facts, affected to be men. In all, there was a mighty powre, which yet did never rife, To equall these Achaian youths, that have the sable eyes,

Hellens beautie moves evenile

Priam cak Helien to informe bim of the Greek Princes.

Hellen to Triam

Priems edmire tion to Agamery. Then (feeing Viriles next) he faid, Lov'd daughter, what is he. That lower then great Atrem fonne, feemes by the head to me? Yet in his shoulders, and big breast, presents a broader show. His armor lyes upon the earth: he up and downe doth go. To fee his foulders keepe their rankes, and ready have their armes. If, in this truce, they should be tried by any false alarmes: Much like a well growne Bel-weather, or feltred Ram he fhewes. That walkes before a wealthy flocke of faire white-fleeced Ewes. High Iove, and Ledas faireft feed, to Priam thus replies :

vinles afferibed This is the old Laertes fonne, Vinffes cald the wife: Who, though unfruitfull Itbaca, was made his nurling feate. Yet knowes he every fort of fleight: and is in counfels great.

digreffion.

The wife Antenor answerd her, tis true, renowned Dames For, some times past, wife Ithacus, to Troy a Legate came With Menelaus, for your cause: to whom I gave receit. As guefts, and welcom'd to my house, with all the love I might. I learn'd the wisedomes of their soules, and humors of their bloud: for when the Troian Councell met, and these together stood, By height of his broad shoulders had Atrides eminence. Yet fet, Vlyffes did exceed, and bred more reverence. And when their counsels and their words, they wove in one, the speech Of Airem sonne was passing loud, small, fast, yet did not reach To much; being naturally borne Laconicall; nor would His humour lycfor any thing, or was (like th'other) old. But when the prudent Ithacus, did to his counfels rife, He stood a little still, and fixt upon the earth his eves: His scepter moving neither way, but held it formally. Like one that vainely doth affect. Of wrathfull qualitie. And franticke (rashly judging him) you would have said he was, But when out of his ample breaft, he gave his great voyce palle, Diffes wifedom: And words that flew about our eares, like drifts of winters inow; None thenceforth might contend with him, though nought admird for show.

firsted by fimilitude.

A.a. Telamon the Grecian bulmarks. of Cre e.

So raifd in height, that to his breaft, I fee there reacheth none? To him the Goddesse of her sexe, the large veild Hellen said. That Lord is Aiax Telamon, a Bulwarke in their aide: On th'other fide stands Idomen, in Crete of most command. Idomenus King And round about his royall sides, his Cretane Captaines stand. Oft hath the warlike Spartan King, given hospitable due To him within our Lacene court, and all his retinue. And now the other Achive Dukes, I generally discerne, All which I know, and all their names, could make thee quickly learne. Two Princes of the people yet, I no where can behold. For all stand-fights, and force of hand; both at a burthen bred.

Cafter and Pol Cafter, the skilfull Knight on horfe, and Pollux uncontrold, My naturall brothers: either here, they have not followed, From lovely Sparta; or (arriv'd within the fea-borne fleet)

The third man, aged Priam markt, was Aiax Telamon :

Of whom he askt, What Lord is that so large of limme and bone,

(In feare of infamic for me) in broad field shame to meet. Nor fo. for holy Tellus wombe inclosed those worthy men. In Sparts their beloved foyle, The vovcefull beralds then. The firme agreement of the gods, through all the citie ring : Two lambs, and spirit-refrelling wine (the fruit of earth) they bring. Within a Goate-skin bottle closed; Idem also brought A maffie glittering boll, and cups, that all of gold were wrought: Which bearing to the King they cride; Sonne of Laomedon? Rife, for the wel-rode Peeres of Troy, and braffe-arm'd Greekes in one, Send to thee to descend the field, that they firme vowes may make. For Paris, and the Spartan King must fight for Hellens fake, With long arm'd Lances, and the man that proves victorious. The woman and the wealth she brought, shall follow to his house: The rest knit friendship, and firme leagues, we fafe in Trey shall dwell; In Argos and Achaia they that doe in Dames excell.

Hesaid, and Priams aged joynts with chilled seare did shake, Yet instantly he bad his men, his chariot ready make. Which soone they did, and he ascends: he takes the reines, and guide, Antenor cals, who instantly mounts to his royall fide: And through the Sczan ports, to field, the swift-foot horse they drive. And when at them of Troy and Greece, the aged Lords arrive. From horse, on Troyes well feeding soyle, twixt both the hosts they go. When straight up rose the King of men, up rose Ply fes to The heralds in their richest cotes, repeate (as was the guise) The true vowes of the gods, term'd theirs, fince made before their eyes, Then in a cup of gold they mixe the wine that each fide brings. And next, poure water on the hands of both the Kings of Kings. Which done, Atrides drew his knife, that evermore he put Within the large (heath of his fword: with which, away he cut The wooll from both fronts of the lambs, which (as a rite in use Of execration to their heads, that brake the plighted truce) The heralds of both hofts did give the Peeres of both, And then With hands and voyce advan't to heaven, thus prayd the king ofmen:

O leve, that Ida doft protect, and haft the titles wonne. Most glorious, most invincible; and thou all-feeing Sunne. All-hearing, all-recomforting; flouds? earth? and powers beneath? That all the periuries of men, chaftife even after deathe Be witnesse, and see perform'd, the heartie vowes we make, If Alexander thall the life of Menelan take, He shall from henceforth Hellens, with all her wealth retaines And we will to our houshold gods, hoyse sayle, and home againe. If by my honourd brothers hand, be Alexander flaine, The Troians then, shall his forc't Queene, with all her wealth restore, And pay convenient fine to us, and ours for enermore. If Priam and his fonnes deay to pay this, thus agreed, When Mexander shall be slaine; for that perfidious deed, And for the fine, will I fight here, till dearely they repay By death and ruine, the amends that fallhood keepes away.

The beraids wepare for the

him(el/e prayes,

The contrast is confirmed.

This faid, the throtes of both the lambs, cut with his royall knife, He laid them panting on the earth, till (quite deprive of life) The freele had rob d them of their firength. Then golden cups they crownd. With wine out of a cifterne drawne. which pour'd upon the ground. They fell upon their humble knees, to all the deities. And thus pray'd one of both the hofts, that might doe facrifices

Lynn ant praies. whole other was

O Iupiter, most high, most great and all the deathlesse powers, though office was Who first shall dare to violate the lates worne ouths of ours. So let the blonds and braines of them, and all they shall produce. Flow on the staind face of the earth; as now, this facred invice: And let their wives with baftardife, brand all their future race; Thus praid they: but with witht effects, their prayes love did not grace.

man ber · . 95.

When Pr am faid: Lords of both hofts? I can no longer flay, To feemy lov'd fonne try his life; and fo must take my way To winde exposed Ilion. Jove yet and heavens high States. Know onely, which of these must now pay tribute to the Fates. Thus putting in his coach the lambs, he mounts and reines his horse, Antenor to him; and to Troy, both take their speedy course.

Pium and An-1 107.

lizar and V-! Se measure the croundfor the combat.

Then Hector (Priams martiall fonne) flept forth, and met the ground. (With wife Vlyffes) where the blowes of combat must refound. Which done, into a beline they put two lots, to let them know. Which of the combatants should first his braffe pil'd javeline throw. When, all the people flanding by, with hands held up to heaven, Pray'd love, the conquest might not be by force or fortune given: But that the man, who was in right the author of most wrong, Might feele his justice, and no more thefe tedious warres prolong. But finking to the house of death, leave them (as long before) Linkt fast in leagues of amitie, that might dissolve no more. Then Hetter shooke the helme that held the equal doomes of chance,

Heiler fliages the belme and Paris draives the lat to cur. mi.

He arme .

The fouldiers all fate downe enrank't, each by his armes and horfe, That then lay downe, and cool d their hoofes. And now th' allotted course Bids faire-hair'd Hellens husband arme: who first makes fast his greaves. With filver buckles to his legs: then on his breaft receives The curets that Lycaen wore, (his brother) but made fit For his faire body: next, his fword he tooke, and fastned it (All damaskt) underneath his arme: his shield then, grave and great. His shoulders wore: and on his head, his glorious helme he set; Topt with a plume of horses haire, that horribly did dance, And feem'd to threaten as he mov'd. At last he takes his Lance, Exceeding big, and full of weight, which he with case could use.

Look't backe, and drew; and Paris first had lot to hurle his lance.

Mentions aren. In like fort, Spartas warlike King, himfelfe with armes indues. Thus arm'd at either armie both, they both flood bravely in, Possessing both hosts with amaze: they came so chin to chin, And with fuch horrible afpects, each other did falute.

Lie combat.

A faire large field was made for them: where wraths (for hugeneffe) mitte And mutuall, made them mutually, at either shake their dares, Before they threw: then Paris first, with his long javeline parts,

It smote Atrides orbic targe: but ranne not through the braffe: For in it (arming well the (hield) the head reflected was. Then did the (econd combatant apply him to his speare :

Where ere he threw, he thus befought almightie Impiter : O love! vouchfafe me now revenge, and that my enemy (For doing wrong fo undeferv'd) may pay defervedly

The paines he forfeited; and let these hands inflict those paines. By conquering, I, by conquering dead, him on whom life complaines: That any now, or any one, of all the brood of men

To live hereafter, may with feare, from all offence abstaine. (Much more from all such soule offence) to him that was his host. Andentertain'd him, as the man whom he affected most. This faid, he shook, and threw his lance, which strook through Paris shield.

And with the firength he gaue to it, it made the curets veeld: His coate of Maile, his breaft and all: and drave his intrailes in. In that low region, where the guts in three fmall parts begin: Yet he, in bowing of his breaft, prevented fable death. This taint he follow'd with his fword, drawne from a filver sheath : Which (lifting high) he strooke his belme, full where his plume did stand,

On which, it piece-meale brake, and fell from his unhappy hand. At which, he fighing flood, and flar'd upon the ampleskie,

And faid, O love, there is no god, given more illiberally To those that serve thee, then thy selfe, why have I pray'd in vaine? I hop't my hand should have reveng'd the wrongs I still sustaine On him that did them: and still dares their foule defence purfue:

And now my Lance bath mift his end, my fword in thivers flew. And he scapes all. With this againe, he rusht upon his guest. And caught him by the horse haire plume, that dangl'd on his crest. With thought to drag him to the Greekes, which he had forely done, And so (besides the victory) had wondrous glory wonne: (Because the needle-painted lace, with which his helme was tied Beneath his chin, and so about his dainty throte implyed

Had ftrangl'd him.) but that in time, the Cyprian feed of Jove

Did breake the ftring, with which was lin'd, that which the needle wove. And was the tough thong of a Steere, and so the victors palme Was (for fo full a man at armes) onely an emptie helme. That then he fwong about his head, and cast among his friends, Who fcrambled, and took't up with shouts. Againe then he intends To force the life bloud of his foe, and range on him amaine. With shaken javeline, when the Queene, that lovers loves, againe Attended; and now ravisht him from that encounter quite,

With eafe, and wondrous fodainly for the (a Goddeffe) might. She hid him in a cloud of gold, and never made him knowne. Till in his chamber, (fresh and sweet) she gently set him downe; And went for Hellen, whom the found in Scaas utmelt height; To which, whole swarmes of citie Dames had climb'd to see the fight.

To give her errand good fuccesses she tooke on her the shape Of beldame Gree, who was brought by Helles in her rape,

Menelaus prayeto to luve.

Menelaus front d breaketh.

Menclaus et Tupiter.

Venus rapiure of Paris fram Menela us. Thu place Virel mitateth.

Venus like Gres to Hellen

From

THE THIRD BOOKE

From Lacedæmon, and had trust in all her secrets still. Being old, and had (of all her maids) the maine bent of her will: And foun for her, her finest wooll; like her, leves Empresse came. Puld Helles by the heavenly veile, and foftly faid: Madame. My Lord cals for you, you must needs make all your kinde haste home: He's in your chamber, flaves, and longs; fits by your bed; pray come. Tis richly made, and sweet; but he, more sweet; and lookes so cleare. So fresh, and movingly attird: that (seeing) you would sweare. He came not from the dufty fight, but from a courtly dance. Or would to dancing. This themade a charme for dalliance. Whose vertue Hellen felt, and knew (by her so radiant eyes. White necke, and most inticing breasts) the deisied disguise.

Hellen chideth Veuc.

At which amaz'd, the answerd her: unhappy Deitie? Why low it thou Rill in these deceits, to wrap my phantasie? Or whether yet (of all the townes, given to their luft befide, In Phrygia, or Mæonia) com'ft thou to be my guide? lithere (of divers languaged men) thou haft (as here in Troy) Some other friend, to be my shame? since here thy latest iov, By Minelans now fabdu'd; by him shall I be borne Home to his Court, and end my life in triumphs of his fcorne. And to this end, would thy deceits my wanton life allure. Hence, goe thy felfe to Priams sonne, and all the waies abittre Of gods, or godlike minded Dames, nor ever turne againe Thy earth-affecting feet to heaven: but for his fake, fuftaine Toyles here: guard, grace him endlefly: till he require thy grace. By giving thee my place with him: or take his fervants place, If all dishonourable waies, your favours seeke to serve His never-pleafd incontinence: I better will deferve. Then serve his dotage now: what shame were it for me to feed This luft in him? all honour'd Dames would hate me for the deeds He leaves a womans love fo fham'd, and showes so base a minde: To feele, nor my shame, nor his owne; griefes of a greater kindel Wound me, then such as can admit such kinde delights so soone!

Tenkatirr.fies

The Goddesse, (angry that past shame, her meere will was not done) Replied, Incense menot you wretch, lest (once incenst) I leave Thy curst life to as strange a hate, as yet it may receive A love from me; and left I spread through both hosts such despite, For those plagues they have felt for thee, that both abiure thee quite-And (fetting thee in midft of both) turne all their weaths on thee, And dart thee dead: that fuch a death may wreake thy wrong of me. This strooke the faire Dame with such searc, it tooke her speech away. And (shadowed in her fnowy veile) she durst not but obay: And yet (to shun the shame shefear'd) she vanisht undescride

Of all the Troian Ladies there; for Venas was her guide.

Hellenfolloweth Arriv'd at home, her women both, fell to their worke in haffe: When the that was of all her fexe, the most divinely gract, Ascended to a higher roome, though much against her will, Where levely Alexander was, being led by Venus still.

The laughter loving Dame difcern'd her mov'd mind, by her grace: And (for her mirth fake) let a flook full before Peris face. Where the would needs have Hellen fit: who (though the durit not chuse But fir. ver) lookt away for all the Goddelle powre could ufc. And usde her tongue too, and to chide, whom Fener footh'd so much. And chid too, in this bitter kinde, and was thy cowardife fuch. (So conquerd) to be feene alive? O would to God thy life Had perifht by his worthy hand, to whom I first was wife: Beforethis, thou wouldft glorifie, thy valour, and thy Lance; And past my first Loves, boast them farre: Goe once more, and advance Thy braves against his fingle power: this foilemight fall by chance. Poore conquerd man; twas fuch a chance, as I would not advise. Thy valour should provoke againe: shun him thou most unwife, Lest next, thy spirit sent to hell, thy body be his prife:

He answerd, pray thee woman cease to chide and grieve me thus: Diferaces will not ever laft; looke on their end, on us Will other gods, at other times, let fall the victors wrath, As on him Pallas put it now. Shall our love finke beneath The hate of fortune? In loves fire, let all hates vanish: Come, Love never to inflam'd my heart; no not, when (bringing home Thy beauties so delicions prise) on Cranaes bleft shore I long'd for, and enjoyd thee first. With this, he went before, She after, to the odorous bed. While these to pleasure yeeld, Perplexe Atrides, favage-like, ran up and downe the field. And every thickest troupe of Troy, and of their farre-caldaid, Searcht for his foe; who could not be by any eye betraid, Nor out of friendship (out of doubt) did they conceale his fight; All hated him fo like their deaths, and ow'd him fuch despight.

At last thus spake the King of men: Heare me, ye men of Troy, Ye Dardans and the rest, whose powres you in their aides employ; The conquest on my brothers part, ye all discerne it cleare: Doe you then Argive Hellena, with all her treasure here Reffore to us, and pay the mulch, that by your vowes is due, Yeeld us an honourd recompence: and all that would accrue To our posterities, confirme, that when you render it. Our acts may here be memorifd. This all Greekes elfe thought fit.

COMMENTARIVS.

a Ipis Jo auf EAson, Go. Irisautem Helene, &c. Elegantly, and moft aptly (faith Spondanus) is Hellen called by Homer, to the fellacle of this fingle fight: as being the chiefe per fon in can le of all the action. The chiefe end of whole comming yet, enviously and most vainely, Scaliners Criticus taxeth. Which was ber relation to Priam, of the persons henoted there: jefting (with bis French wit) at this Greeke Father, and fount of all wit; for making Priam to feeke now of their names and knowledges, when nine yeares together they had been there before. A great piece of necessity to make him therefore know them before, when there was no fuch urgent occasion before, to bring Priam to note them? nor so calme a convenience, in their ordered and quiet distinction ? But let this criticisme in this be weighed

Venus mir t wirb Helen.

Hellens bitter reproofe of Paris

Park to Bake

Menelaus fee-Lete for Paris through . le troutes.

Азапинения. but the a mis. with his other faults found in our master: as, for making lightning in winter before (now or raine; which the most ignorant upland peasant could teach him out of his observations. For which yet, his Criticus hath the project impudence to taxe Homer. Most fally repeating his words too : faying, Vbi ningit, when hee (aith, The year in worker out for, dre. Parans, or ftruens, vel multum imbrem, immenlamue grandinem, vel nivem : preparing, or going about those moist impressions in the agre, not in present all with them. From this, immediatly and most rabid. ly he ranges to VIviles reprehension, for killing the wovers with his bow, in the Odviscs. Then to bis late vomit againe in the Iliads the very next word, and enwreth Achilles her fe for speaking, (because himselfe would have all the tonoue) when, in facred writ, Balaams of fe could have taught him, the like bath beene heard of. Yet now to the Odysses againe with a breath, and challengeth Vivsses thip for suffering Neptuneto turne it to a rocke. Here is strange laving out for a master (o curiously methodicall. Not with what Graces, with what Muses, we may aske he was inspired; but with what Harpyes? what Furies? putting the putidum mendacinm upon Homer. Putidus, ineptus, frigidus, puerilis, (being termes fitter for a feold or a bawd, then a man foftened by learning) he belebeth against him, whom all the world hath reverenced, and admired, as the founsaine of all wit, wisedome, and learning. Woat touch is it to me then, to beare shots of depravations, when my great master is thus muddily dawb'd with it? But who ever law true learning, wisedome, or wit, vouchlafe mansion in any prond vaineglorious, andbraggartly (pirit, when their chiefe att and end is, to abandon and abhorre it? Language, reading, habite of speaking, or writing in other learning. I grant in this reviler great and abundant: but in this Poelie, redundant I affirme him, and rammish. To conclude, I will use the same words of him, that he of Erasmus (in calce Epinomidos) which are these (as I convert it:) Great was his name, but had beene futurely greater, would himselfe have beene leffe : where now, bold with the greatneffe of his wit, be hath undertaken the more, with much leffe exactneffe; and fo his confidence fet on by the renowne of his name, hath dri. ven him beadlong, &c.

b Orangelerun lier. Vocem suavem emittunt; faith the Interpreter (intending the Grashoppers, to whom he compareth the old Connsellers) but it is here to be expounded, ovcem teneram, not suavem: (Newtons in this place signifying teners) for Grashoppers sing not sweetly, but harshly and faints; wherein the weeke and tender voyces of the old Counsellers is to admiration express. The Simile Spondanus highly commends, as most apt and expressive: but his application in one part doth abuse it, in the other right it: and that is, to make the old men resemble Grashoppers for their cold, and bloudlesse spinings. Tython being for age turned to a Grashopper. But where they were grave and wise Counsellers, to make them garrulous, as Grashoppers are stridulous; that application boldeth not in these old men, though some old men are so. These being, Eddon doppers, bo. ni, & periti concionatores; the word Eddon fignissing sings also, which is temperate or full of all moderation, and so sarre from intimating any touch of garruling. Nor was the conceit of our Poetby Spondanus or any other, undersood in this Simile.

Ly, or compendiously, say bis interpreters; which is utterly otherwise, in the voice emerged by, say bis interpreters; which is utterly otherwise, in the voice emerged by, sanifying velociter, properly, mode corum qui currunt; he shake fast or thicke.

a πωραμάν, δ.c. few words yet, be nfed, αλλά μαλά λίγων, sed valde acute: they expound it; when it is valde stridule, shrilly, smally, or alowd, λίγων (as I bave word bisser) being properly taken in the worse part: and accordingly expounded, maketh even with the simple charmiter at all parts, his atterance being noy sefull, small, or squeeching: an excellent pipe for a shole. Nor is the voyce or manner of atterance in a man, the least key that discovereth his wisedome or folly. And therefore worth the noting is that of Vlysies in the second booke: that he knew Pallas by her voyce: απία απλίμουθη, quoniam non garrulus, or loquax, being borne naturally Lacenicall, which agreeth not the lesse with his said or thicke speaking: for a man may have that kinde of uncerance, and yet sew words.

c Oo I arauly τότης: neque in verbis peccans. Lay the Commentors, as though a foole were perfectly spoken: when the word here hath another sence, and our Homer a farre other meaning, the words being thus to be expounded: neque mendax crass, be would not bye by any meanes, for these affectedly be stands in pon here after. But to make a foole non peccans verbis, will make a man nothing wonds:

at any pescancie or absurditie, in men of meere language.

Ton see then, to how extreme a disference and contrarictic the word and sence by subjects: and that without first finding the true sigures of persons in this kinde presented, it is impossible for the best language being so disserted; any Greeke author, the language being so disserted; significant: which me indicially sitted with the exposition, that the place (and coherence with other places) requireth, what a mosley, and consust the place (and coherence with other places) requireth, what a mosley, and consusted the translator may present? As most they doe all, of Menclaus, who, where severe he is called assisted; is there untruely translated bellicosus; but cui Mars est charus, because he might love the warre, and yet be no good warrious: as many love many exercises at which they will never be good: and Homer gave it to him for another of his peculiar Epithes, as a vasine closious assertion in him, rather them a solid affection.

And here bafte makes me give end to thefe new Annotations, deferring the like in the next nine bookes for more breath and encouragement. Since time (that hath ever opprest me) will not otherwise let me come to the last twelve, in which the first free light of my Author, entred and emboldned me. Where so many rich discoveries important my poore expression, that I feare rather to berray them to the world, then expresse them to their price. But howsoever envy and presudice fland (quirting their poy fon through the eyes of my readers, thu shall appeare to all competent apprehensions, I have followed the Originall with authenticall expositions (according to the proper fignification of the word in this place, though ! differ therein atterly from others: \ I have rendred all things of importance with answerable life and height to my Author, (though with some periphrasis, without which no man can worthily translate any worthy Poet.) And fince she translation it felfe, and my notes, (being importially conferred) amply approve this, I will fill be confident in the worth of my paines, bow idly and unworthily for ver I be confused. And thus to the last swelve Bookes (leaving other horrible errors in his other Interpreters unmoved) with those free feet that entred me, I haste, sure of nothing but my labour.

The end of the third Booke.

dies errore out

Fupiter.



THE FOVRTH BOOKE OF HOMER'S ILIADS.

THE ARGUMENT.

He Gods in Counsell, at the last decree, That famous Ilion shall expugned be. And, that their owne continued faults may prove The reasons that have so incensed love. Minerva feekes with more offences done. Against the lately insur'd Atreus fonne. (A ground that clearest would make seene their sinne) To have the Lycian Pandarus beginne. He (gainst the Truce with sacred covenants bound) Gives Menelaus a dishonour'd wound, Machaon heales him. Agamemnon then, To mortall warre incenseth all his men : The battels joyne, and in the beate of fight, Cold death fouts many eyes in endle fe night.

Another Argument.

In Delta is the Gods affile, The Truce is broke, warres freshir rife.

The code in Consider I thin the faire pav'd Court of Iove, he and the gods conferd About the fad events of Troy; among twhom ministerd, G.w. Bleft Hebe, Nectar. As they fate and did Troyes towers behold, They drank, and pledg'd each other round, in full crownd cups of

The mirth at whose feast was begun by great Saturnides, (gold In urging a begun dislike amongst the Goddesses. But chiefly in his folemne Queene, whose spleene he was disposed To tempt yet further, knowing well what anger it inclosed, And how wives angers should be usd. On which (thus pleased) he playd: Two Goddeffes there are, that fill give Menelaus ayd :

inus mino mito And one that Paris loves. The two that fit from us fo farre, (Which Argive Iuno is, and the that rules in deeds of warre, Jaugher P. lias. No doubt are pleased, to see how well the late-seene fight did frame. And (yet upon the adverse part) the laughter-loving Dame, Made her powre good too, for her friend. For though he were so neare The stroke of death, in thothers hopes, she tooke him from them cleare; The conquest yet is questionlesse, the martiall Spartan Kings We must consult then whatevents shall crowne these surre things. If warres and combats we shall still, with even successes strike; Or (as impartiall) friendship plant on both parts. If ye like

The laft, and that it will as well delight, as meerely pleafe Your happy Deities: still let stand, old Priamstowne in peace: Asd let the Lacedamon King, againe his Queene enjoy. As Palles and heavens Queene for close, completting ill to Troy: With filent murmurs they receiv'd this ill-likt choice from Ieve: Gainst whom was Pallas much incenst, because the Opene of Love Could not without his leave relieve in that late point of death. The fonne of Priam, whom the leath'd, her wrath yet fought beneath Her supreme wisedome, and was curb'd: but Jano needs must case Her great heart with her ready tongue, and faid: What words are these (Austere, and too much Seturns sonnes) why wouldst thou render still My labours idle? and the sweat of my industrious will, Dishonour with so little power? My chariot horse are tir'd With posting to and fro, for Greece: and bringing banes desir'd, To people-mustring Prismus, and his perfidious sonnes: Yet thou protectit, and joynit with them, whom each just Deitic thuns.

Goe on, but ever goe refolv'd, all other gods have vow'd To crosse thy partial course for Troy, in all that makesit proud. Jupiter to Juno.

At this, the cloud-compelling Iove, a farre-tetcht figh let flie : And faid, thou Furie, what offence of fuch impietie, Hath Prism or his sonnes done thee? that with so high a hate Thou shouldst thus ceasiesly defire to raze and ruinate So well a builded towne as Troy? I thinke (hadft then the powre) Thou wouldft the ports and farre-stretcht wals flye over, and devoure Old Priam, and his iffue quicke: and make all Troy the feafts And then at length I hope thy wrath and tired spleene would rest: To which, run on thy chariot, that nought be found in me, Of iust cause to our future iarres. In this yet strengthen thee, And fixe it in thy memory fast; that if I entertaine As peremptorie a defire, to level with the plaine, A citie, where thy leved live; fand not betwixt my ire, And what it aimes at; but give way, when thou haft thy defire, Which now I grant thee willingly, although against my will. For not beneath the ample Sunne, and heavens starre-bearing hill, There is a towne of earthly men, so honour'd in my minde, As facred Troy, nor of earths Kings, as Priam and his kinde, Who never let my alters lacke rich feast of offrings slaine,

And their fweet favours. for which grace, I bonour them againe. Drad Inno, with the Cowes faire eyes, replyed; three townes there are Of great and eminent respect, both in my love and care, Mycena, with the broad high wayes, and Argos rich in horse; And Sparta: all which three destroy, when thou envi'st their force; I will not aid them, nor malignethy free and foversigne will: For if I should be envious, and set against their ill, I know my envy were in vaine, fince thou art mightier farre: But we must give each other leave, and winke at eithers warre. I likewife must have power to crowne my workes with wished end;

F 2

Because I am a Deitie, and did from thence descend,

Her deadly bate to Tras.

Troy mel loved of lupiter, of all other cities.

Three cities deare to Iuno.

Whence

of Panderu kil

Virgit uferb

Ebel: vs.fcs.

d engh: and

Menelaus bur

Pandarus

Whence thou thy felfe, and th'elder borne, wife Saturne was our Sire, and thus there is a two fold cause that pleads for my defire. Being fifter, and am cald thy wife: and more, fince thy command Rules all gods elfe; I claime therein a like superiour hand. All wrath before then, now remit, and mutually combine In eithers Empire; I, thy rule, and thou illustrate mine. So will the other gods agree: and we shall all be strong: And first, (for this late plot) with speed, let Pallas goe among The Trojans: and some one of them, entice to breake the truce, By offering in some treacherous wound, the honourd Greekes abuse.

The Father both of men and gods, agreed, and Palles fent Ligitar to Taller With these wing'd words to both the hosts; Make all haste, and invent come meane, by which the men of Troy, against the truce agreed, May ftirre the glorious Greekes to armes, with some inglorious deed. Thus charg'd he her with hafte, that did before in hafte abound,

ratio faste w VVho cast her selfe from all the heights, with which steepe heaven is crownd: And as love brandishing a starre (which men a Comet call) Hurls out his curled haire abroad, that from his brand exhals A thousand sparkes; to fleets at sea, and every mighty host. (Otall prefages and ill haps, a figne mistrusted most:) So Pallas fell twixtboth the Camps, and fodginly was loft. When through the breafts of all that faw, the ftrooke a ftrong amaze. With viewing in her whole descent, her bright and ominous blaze. When straight, one to another turn'd, and faid; Now thundring Iove, (Great arbiter of peaceand armes) will either stablish love Amongst our nations: or renue such warre as never was.

Thus either armie did presage, when Pallas made her passe Amongst the multitude of Troy; who now put on the grace Of brave Landocus, the flowic of old Antenors race; And fought for Lycian Pandarus, a man that being bred Out of a faithleffe familie, the thought, was fit to thed The bloud of any innocent, and breake the covenant (worne. He was Lycaons fonne, whom love into a Wolfe did turne For facrificing of a childe, and yet in armes renownd, As one that was inculpable: him Pallas standing found, And round about him, his strong troupes that bore the shadie shields? He brought them from Ælæpus floud let through the Lycian fields: Whom standing neare, the whispred thus: Lycaous warlike some? Shall I despaire at thy kinde hands, to have a favour done? high the trace. Nor dar'st thou let an arrow flye upon the Spartan King? It would be fuch a grace to Troy, and fuch a glorious thing. That every man would give his gift, but Alexanders hand Would loade thee with them, if he could discover from his stand. His foes pride strooke downe with thy shafe, and he himselse ascend The flaming heape of funerall: Come, shoote him (princely friend.) But first invoke the god of light, that in thy land was borne,

And is in archers art the best that ever sheafe hath worne:

To whom ahundred first ew'd lambs, vow thou in holy fire.

When fafe to facred Zelias towres, thy zealous fleps retire With this, the mad-gift-greedy man, Minerva did perswade: Who inflantly drew forth a bow, most admirably made Of th'antler of a immping Goate, bred in a freepe up land. Which Archerlike (as long before he tooke his hidden fland. The Evicke, skipping from a rocke) into the breaft he smote, And headlong feld him from his cliffe. The forchead of the Goate Held out a wondrous goodly palme, that fixteene branches brought: Of all which (toynd) an ulefull bow, a skilfull Bowyer wroughts (Which pickt and polifit,) both the ends he hid with hornes of gold. And this bow (bent) he close laid downe, and bad his fouldiers hold Their shields before him; lest the Greekes (discerning him) should rise In tumples, ere the Spartan King could be his arrowes prize. Meane space, with all his care he chuld, and from his quiver drew An arrow, fetberd best for flight; and yet that never flew. Strong headed, and most apt to pierce; then tooke he up his bow. And nockt his shaft, the ground whence all their future griefe did grow. When (praying to his God the Sunne, that was in Lycia bred, And king of Archers; promiting, that he the bloud would fled Of full an hundred first fallen lambs, all offred to his name, When to Zelias facred wals, from refcu'd Troy he came) He tooke his arrow by the north and to his bended breft, The Oxy finew close he drey will the pile did reft Vpon the bosome of the bosom is that favage prife, His strength constraind into an Orb, (as if the winde did rife) The comming of it make a noise, the finew forged firing Did give a mighty evengs and forth the eager shaft did fing, (Affecting speedinesse of flight) amongst the Achive throng: Nor were the bleffed heavenly powres, unmindfull of thy wrong, O Menelaus; but in chiefe, loves feed the Pillager. Stood close before, and flacke the force the arrow did confer. With as much care and little hurt, as doth a mother use, And keepe off from her babe, when sleepe doth through his powers diffuse His golden humour; and th'affaults of rude and bufie flies, She still checks with her carefull hand: for so the shaft the plies, That on the buttons made of gold, which made his girdle fast, And where his curets double were, the fall of it the plact. And thus much proofe the put it to: the buckle made of gold, The belt it fallned, bravely wrought, his curets double fold; And last, the charmed plate he were, which helpt him thore then all. And gainst all darts and shafts bestowd, was to his life a wall. So (through all these) the upper skin, the head did onely race, Yet forth the bloud flow'd, which did much his royall person grace; Aud thew'd upon his Ivorie skin, as doth a purple dye, Laid (by a Dame of Caira, or lovely Macony) On Ivorie; wrought in ornaments to decke the cheekes of horfe;

Which in her marriage roome must lie; whole beauties have such force,

That they are witht of many Knights, but are fuch precious things,

When

That

Would

That they are kept for horse that draw the chariots of Kings: Which horse (so deckt) the charioteere esteemes a grace to him: Like thefe (in grace) the bloud upon thy folid thighes did fwim. O Menelaus, downe thy calves and ankles to the grounds For nothing deckes a fouldier fo, as doth an honour'd wound. Yet (fearing he had far'd much worse) the haire stood up on end On Agamemnon, when he faw fo much blacke bloud descend. And ftifned with the like difmay, was Menelaus to . But (seeing th'arrowes stale without,) and that the head did goe No further then it might be seene, he cald his spirits againe: Which Agamemuon marking not (but thinking he was flaine) He grip't his brother by the hand, and figh't as he would breake : Which figh the whole hoft tooke from him, who thus at last did speake . O dearest brother, is't for this? that thy death must be wrought.

Acomimicans com laint and feare of his br. ib.rs burt.

Wrought I this truce? For this haft thou, the fingle combat fought For all the armie of the Greekes? For this hath Ilion fworne. And trod all faith beneath their feet? Yet all this hath not worne The right we challeng'd out of force; this cannot render vaine Our stricken right hands; sacred wine, nor all our offrings slaine. For though Olympius be not quicke in making good our ill, He will be fure, as he is flow; and sharplier prove his will: Their owne hands shall be ministers of those plagues they despite : Which shall their wives and children reach, and all their progenies. For both in minde, and foule, I know, that there shall come a day, When Ilion, Priam, all his powre shall quite be worne away; When heaven-inhabiting love shall shake his fierie shield at all, For this one mischiese. This I know, the world cannot recall. But, be all this; all my griefe still, for thee will be the same, (Deare brother:) if thy life must here put out his royall flame; I shall to fandie Argos turne, with infamie, my face, And all the Greekes will call for home: old Priam and his race Will flame in glory; Helena untoucht, be still their prev. And thy bones in our enemies earth, our curled fates shall lays Thy Sepulcher be trodden downe, the pride of Troy desire, (Infulting on it:) Thus, Othus, let ogamemnons ire, In all his acts, be expiate, as now he carries home His idle armie, emptie ships, and leaves here overcome Good Menelam. When this Brave, breakes in their hated breathe Then let the broad earth swallow me, and take me quicke to death. Nor shall this ever chance (said he) and therefore be of cheare, Lest all the armie (led by you) your passions put in searce

Menetaus to Agamemnon.

The arrow fell in no fuch place, as death could enter at; My girdle, curets doubled here, and my most trusted plate, Objected all twixtme and death, the shaftscarce piercing one. Agamemnon to Good brother (faid the King, I with it were no further gone; For then our best in medicines skild, shall ope and search the wounds Applying balmes to eafe thy paines, and foone reftore thee found. This faid, divine Talibybius he cald, and bad him hafte

Machan) E feelspins fonne, who most of men was grac't Авати**ти**си With Phylickes loveraigne remedies) to come and lend his hand Cends Talibibi-To Menelaw . that by one well skild in the command wfor Machacu. Of how and arrowes, one of Troy, or of the Lycian aid. Who much hath glorified our foe, and us as much difmaid. He heard and hafted instantly, and cast his eyes about The thickest squadrons of the Greekes, to finde Machaen out. He found him standing guarded well, with well-arm'd men of Thrace; With whom he quickly joynd, and faid. Man of spelles race? Hafte, for the King of men commands to fee a wound imprest Talthab us to Mach.on. In Menelaus (great in armes) by one instructed best In th'art of archerie, of Troy, or of the Lycian bands, That them with much renowne adornes, us with dishonour brands. Machaon much was mov'd with this, who with the herald flew From troupe to troupe, alongst the host, and soone they came in view Of hurt Atrides, circled round with all the Grecian Kings, Who all gave way, and straight he drawes the shaft: which forth he brings Mathain dians Without the forkes, the girdle then, plate, curets, off he pluckes, tte en co. And viewes the wound, when first from it the clotterd bloud he suckes, Then medicines wondroufly composed, the skilfull Leech applyed, Which loving Chyron taught his Sire, he from his Sire had tryed. While these were thus employed to case, the Arress martialist, The Trojans arm'd, and charg'd the Greekes, the Greekes arme and refift. The Traigns re-Then not afleepe, nor maz'd with feare, nor shifting off the blowes, new to a fight. You could behold the King of men, but in full foced be goes To fet a glorious fight on foot: and he examples this. Agamemu: n With toyling (like the worst) on foot, who therefore did dismisse marshals bus His braffe-arm'd chariot, and his fleeds with Ptolomen fonne. arni:. (Sonne of Pyraides) their guide, the good Entymiden; Yet (faid the King) attend with them, left wearineffe should feile My lims, furcharg'd with ordering troupes, so thicke and wast as these: Eurimiden then rein'd his horse, that trotted neighing by; The King a foot-man, and fo fcowres the fquadrons orderly. Those of his swiftly-mounted Greekes, that in their armes were fit, Agamemno: to Those he put on with chearefull words, and bad them not remit the Greater. The least sparke of their forward spirits, because the Troians durst Take these abhord advantages, but let them doe their worst: For they might be affor'd that love would patronife no lies, And that, who with the breach of truce, would hart their enemies, With Vultures should be torne themselves; that they should raze their towne, Their wives and children at their breaft, led vaffals to their owne. But fuch as he beheld hang off from that increasing fight, Such would he bitterly rebuke, and with diferace excite. At swemmen to Bale Argives, bluffs we not to fland, as made for Buts to darts? the negigent Why are ye thus discomfitted like Hinds that have no hearts? fen siers.

Who wearied with a long-run field, are infantly emboff,

Stand still, and in their beaftly breasts, is all their courage lost :

And so stand you strooke with amaze, nor dare to strike a stroke.

Would ve the foe should nearer yet, your dastard spicenes provoke? Even where on Neptunes fomie shore, our navies lie in fight ? To fee if love will hold your hands, and teach ye how to fight ?

Thus he (commanding) rang'd the hoft, and (passing many a band) He came to the Cectensian troupes, where all did armed stand About the martiall Idomen; who bravely stood before, In vantguard of his troupes, and matcht, for ftrength a favage Bore. Meriones (his charioteere) the Rereguard bringing on : Which scene to Arrew sonne, to him it was a sight alone; And Idomens confirmed minde, with these kinde words be seekes.

Idinea.

Agamemnon to O Idomen! I ever lov'd thy felfe past all the Greekes; In warre, or any worke of peaces at table, every where; For when the best of Greece besides, mixe ever, at our cheere, My good old ardent wine, with fmall; and our inferiour mates Drinke even that mixt wine meafur'd toos thou drinkft without those rates Our old wine, neate; and evermore thy boll flandsfull like mine; To drinke still when, and what thou wilt. Then rowse that heart of thine, And whatfoever heretofore thou haft affum'd to be. This day be greater. To the King in this fort answerd he,

Homen to Age Atrides, what I ever feem'd, the fame at every part This day shall shew me at the full, and I will fit thy heart. But thou shouldst rather cheare the rest, and tell them they in right Of all good warre, must offer blowes, and should begin the fight. (Since Troy first brake the holy truce) and not indure these braves, To take wrong first, and then be dar'd to the revenge it craves: Affuring them that Troy, in fate, must have the worse at last; Since first, and gainst a truce, they hurt, where they should have embract.

This comfort and advice did fit Atrides heart indeed, Who still through new raisd swarmes of men, held his laborious speed: And came where both th' Aiaces flood; whom like the last he found, Arm'd, caskt, and ready for the fight. Behinde them, hid the ground, A cloud offoot, that feem'd to smoke. And as a Goteheard spies,

How the troupts On some hill top, ont of the Sea, a rainy vapour rise. of Aiax fied. Driven by the breath of Zephyrus, which (though farreoff he reft) Comes on as blacke as pitch, and brings a tempest in his breast; Whereat, he frighted, drives his herds apace into a den : So (darkning earth, with darts and shields) shew'd these with all their men. This fight, with like ioy fir'd the King, who thus let forth the flame,

Agameiranou to In crying out to both the Dakes. O you of equal name,1 I must not cheare; nay, I disclaime all my command of you, Your selves command with such free mindes, and make your souldiers show. As you, nor I led, but themselves. O would our father love, Minerva, and the god of light, would all our bodies move With fuch brave spirirs as breathein you : then Prisms loftie towne Should foone be taken by our hands, for ever overthrowne.

Points

Neftors art in and rine his waiers.

Then held he on to other troupes, and Nefter, next beheld (The fubtle Pylian Orator) range up and downerhe field. Embattelling his men at armes, and ftirring all to blowes:

Points every legion out his Chiefe, and every Chiefe he showes The formes and discipline of warre: yet his Commanders were All expert, and renowned men: Great Pelagon was there: Alafter: manly Chromism, and Hemon worth a Throne. And Bras that could armies leade: with these he first put on His horse troupes with their chariots: his foote (of which he chusde Many, the best and ablest men, and which he ever usde. As rampire to hisgenerall powre) he in the rere disposed. The floathfull, and the least in spirit, he in the midft inclosed: That fuch as wanted noble wils, base need might force to stand. His horse troupes (that the Vantgard had) he strictly did command To ride their horses temperately; to keepe their rankes, and shun Confusion: left their horsemanship and courage made them run (Too much prefum'd en) much too farre: and (charging fo alone) Engage themselves in thenemies firength, where many fight with one. Who his owne chariot leaves to range, let him not freely goe, But straight unhorse him with a lance : for tis much better so. And with this discipline (laid be), this forme, these mindes, this trust. Our Ancestors have wals, and townes, laid levell with the dust.

Thus prompt, and long inurd to armes, this old man did exhort; And this Atrides likewife tooke in wondrous effectefull fort . And faid, O Father! would to heaven, that as thy minde remaines In wonted vigor, fo thy knees could undergoe our paines. But age, that all men overcomes, hath made his prize on thee, Yet still I wish, that some your man growne old in minde, might be Put in proportion with thy yeares; and thy minde (young in age) Be fitly answerd with his youth; that still where conslicts rage, And yong menuside to thrust for fame, thy brave exampling hand Might double our young Grecian spirits, and grace our whole command.

The old Knight answer'd? I my selfe could wish () Atress sonne) I were as young, as when I flue brave Erenthalion: But gods at all times, give not all their gifts to mortall men.

If then I had the strength of youth, I mist the counsels then, That yeares now give me; and now yeares want that maine frength of youth; Yet still my minde retaines her strength, (as you now faid the footh)

And would be where that strength is usd, affoording counsels sage, To firre youths mindes up; tis the grace and office of our age. Let yonger finewes, men fprung up, whole ages after me,

Aud such as have strength, useit; and, as strong id honour be. The King (all this while comforted) arriv'd aext, where he found Well-rode Meneftheus, (Petens fonne) ftand ftill, invirond round With his well-train'd Athenian troupes: and next to him he spide The wife Vlyffes, deedleffe too, and all his bands befide.

Of strong Cephalians; for asyet, th'alarme had not beene heard In all their quarters, Greece and Troy, were then fo newly flird, And then first mov'd (as they conceivd) and they so looks about To see both hosts give proofe of that, they yet had cause to doubt.

Atrides seeing them stand so still) and spend their eyes at gaze;

Asameman to Notar.

Nefter to A.a. m mner

4 samemnon 10 Ptilles and Menetinas.

Regan to chide; and why (faid he) diffely'd thus; in a maze, Thou fonne of Peteus, leve-nurst King; and thou in wicked sleight. A cunning fouldier, stand ye off? Expect ye that the fight Should be by other men begun? tis fit the formost band Should shew you there; you first should front, who first lifts no his hand. First vou can heare, when I invite the Princesto a feast: When first, most friendly, and at will, ye cate and drinke the best. Yet in the fight, most willingly, ten troupes ye can behold Take place before ye. Ithacus, at this his browes did fold.

Fig. 10 Jes. And faid, How hath thy violent tongue broke through thy fet of teeth? To fay that we are flacke in fight? and to the field of death Looke others should enforce our way? when we were bufied then. (Even when thouspeak'st) against the foe, to cheare and leadeour men. But thy eyes shall be witnesses (if it content thy will, And that (as thou pretendit) these cares doe so affect thee fill) The father of Telemachus (whom I effectue fo deare. And to whom, as a Legacie, Ile leave my deeds done here) Even with the formost band of Troy, hath his encounter dar'd: And therefore are thy speeches vaine, and had beene better spard.

de intentinon to Fiffer.

He smiling, since he saw him mov'd, recald his words, and said: Most generous Laertes sonne, most wise of all our aid, I neither doe accuse thy worth, more then thy selfe may hold Fit (that inferiours thinke not much (being flacke) to be controld) Nor take I on me thy command: for well I know thy minde Knowes how sweet gentle counsels are, and that thou flandst enclind As I my felfe, for allour good. On then: if now we spake What hath displeased, another time, we full amends will make: And gods grant that thy vertue here, may prove so free and brave. That my reproofes may still be vaine, and thy deservings grave.

Thus parted they, and forth he went, when he did leaning finde Against his chariet, neare his horse, him with the mighty minde, Great Diomedes (Tydeus fonne) and Sthenelus, the feed Of Capaneius, whom the King, feeing likewife out of deed,

Thus cryed he out on Diomed: O me! in what a feare cidath Dismid The wife great watriour, Tydews sonne, stands gazing every where, For others to begin the fight? It was not Tydess use To be so danted, whom his spirit would evermore produce, Before the formost of his friends, in these affaires of fright, As they report that have beheld him labour in a fight. For me, I never knew the man, nor in his presence came: But excellent above the rest, he was in generall fame.

1 be biflory of Trdeus.

And one renownd exploit of his, J am affur dis true, He came to the Mycenian Court, without armes, and did fue At Godlike Polinices hands, to have some worthy aid, To their defignes, that gainst the wals of facred Thebes were laid, He was great Poliniess guest, and nobly entertaind : And of the kinde Mycenian state, what he requested gaind, In meere consent: but when they should the same in act approve,

(By fome finister prodigies, held out to them by 1000) They were discouraged; thence he went, and safely had his passe Backe to Æfopus floud, renown'd for Bulrufhes and graffes Yet Oncemore, their Ambassadour, the Grecian Peeres addresse. Lord Tydess to Execeles: to whom being given acceffe. He found him feafting with a crew of Cadmians in his hall. Amongst whom, though an enemy, and onely one to all; To all yet, he his challenge made at every martial feate. And cally foild all, fince with him, Minerva was fo great. The ranke rode Cadmians (much incense with their fo foule diferace) Lodg'd ambuscados for their foe, in some well chosen place. By which he was to make returne. Twife five and twenty men. And two of them great Captaines too, the ambush did containe. The names of those two men of rule, were Mean, Hamons fonne. And Lycophontes, Keepe-field cald, the heire of Anterhon. By all men honord like the gods: yet thefe and all their friends. Were fent to hell by Tydene hand, and had untimely ends. He trusting to the aid of gods, reveald by Augurie; Obeying which, one Chiefe he fav'd, and did his life apply. To be the heavy meffenger of all the others deaths. And that fad meffage (with his life) to Meen he bequeaths, So brave a Knight was Tydem: of whom a fonne is fprong, Inferiour farre in martiall deeds, though higher in his tongue.

All this. Trdides filent heard, aw'd by the reverend King: Which stung hot Sthenelas with wrath, who thus put forth his sting . Atrides? when thou know'ft the truth, speake what thy knowledge is.

And doe not lye for I know, and I will bragge in thiss That we are farre more able men, then both our fathers were; We tooke the feven-fold ported Thebes, when yet we had not there So great helpe as our fathers had, and fought beneath a wall,

Sacred to Mars, by helpe of Iove; and truffing to the fall Of happy fignes from other gods, by whom we tooke the towne Vntoucht, our fathers perilbing there, by follies of their owne : And therefore never more compare our fathers worth with ours.

Tydides frownd at this, and faid; Suppresse thine angers powrs, (Good friend) and heare why I refrain'd: thou feeft I am not moy'd Against our Generall, since he did but what his place behov'd, Admonishing all Greekes to fight: for if Troy prove our prize, The honour and the joy is his. If here our ruine lyes, The shame and griefe for that, as much, is his in greatest kindes.

As he then his charge, weigh we ours: which is our dantleffe mindes. Thus from his chariot (amply arm'd) he jumpe downe to the ground : The armor of the angry King, fo borribly did found, It might have made his bravest foe, let feare take downe his braves. And as when with the West-winde slawes, the sea thrusts up her waves, One after other, thicke and high, upon the groning shores; First, in her selfe, lowd (but opposed with bankes and rocks) she rores, And (all her backe in briftles fet) spits every way her fome;

Schenelus veneb leetch to dga. TICH HOR.

Diomed rebukes S:henelus.

Simile

So (after Diomed) inflantly, the field was overcome With thicke impressions of the Greekes, and all the noise that grew The Greek fight. (Ordring and chearing up their men) from onely leaders flew. The rest went filently away, you could not heare a voyce. Nor would have thought in all their breafts, they had one in their choices Their filence uttering their awe of them, that them contrould: Which made ech man keep bright his arms, march, fight fill where he should. The Troians (like a fort of Ewes pend in a rich mans fold,

. Traigas surfarta to 1 190:

Close at his dore, till all be milkt; and never basing hold, Hearing the bleating of their lambs) did all their wide hoft fill With showts and clamors, not observed, one voyce, one basing still: But shew'd mixt tongues from many a land, of men cald to their aid: Rude Mars had th'ordring of their spirits: of Greeks, the learned Maid. for the Greeks, But terror follow'd both the hofts, and flight; and furious firife.

f me.

Differ the filter The fifter, and the mate of Mars, that spoyle of humane life. And never is her rage at reft, at first she is but small, Yet after, (but a little fed) the growes lovalt, and tall. That while her feet move here in earth, her forhead is in heaven. And this was she that made even then both hosts so deadly given. Through every troupe the stalkt, and stird rough fighes up as the went: But when in one field, both the foes her furie did content; And both came under reach of darts, then darts and shields opposed To darts and shields, strength answerd strength, then swords and targets closd With fwords and targets; both with pikes, and then did tumultrife Vp to her height; then conquerors boalts, mixt with the conquerds cries, Earth flow'd wirh blond. And as from hils, raine waters, headlong fall, That all wayes cate huge Ruts, which met, in one bed, fill a vall With fuch a confluence of streames, that on the mountaine grounds Farre off, in frighted thepheards eares, the builting noise rebounds: So grew their conflicts, and to thew'd their scuffling to the eare: With flight and clamor, fill commixt, and all effects of feare. And first renown'd Antilechus, flew (fighting in the face

Antilochu: fin: Echetolis:

Of all Achaias formost bands, with an undanted grace) Echepolus Thalysiades : he was an armed man: Whom, on his haire-plum'd helmets creft, the dart first smote, then ran Into his forehead, and there Rucke, the steele pile making way Quite through his skull; a hastienight shut up his latest day. His fall was like a fight-rac't towre, like which, lying there dispred, King Elephenor, (who was fonne to Chalcedon, and led The valiant Abants) covetous; that he might first possesse His armes, laid hands upon his feet, hal'd him from the preaffe Elephenor araw. Of dares and Iavelins hurld at him. The action of the King

ine of the bed; of Echepolius. flaine by Age-

When (great in heart) Agenor saw, he made his Iaveline fing To the others labour; and along, as he the trunke did wreft, His fide (at which he bere his shield, in bowing of his breast) Lay naked, and received the lance, that made him lose his hold. And life together; which in hope of that he loft, he fold. But for his take the fight grew fierce, the Trojans and their for,

Like wolves, on one another rulht; and man for man it goes. The next of name, that ferv'd his fate; great Aiax Telamon.

Aiax Javes Si-

Preferd (o fadly; he was heire to old Anthemion. And deckt with all the flowre of youth: the fruit of which yet fled. Before the honour'd nuptiall torch could light him to his beds His name was symmitten; For, fome few yeares before. His mother walking downe the hill of Ida, by the shore Of Silver Symois, to fee her parents flockes; with them. Shee (feeling fodginly the paines of child-birth) by the ftreame Of that bright river brought him forth; and fo (of Symps) They cald him Symoisius. Sweet was that birth of his To his kinde parents; and his growth did all their care employ. And verthole rices of pictic that should have beene his joy. To pay their honourd yeares againe, in as affectionate fort, He could not graciously performe, his sweet life was so short : Cut off with mightie Aiax lance. For, as his spirit put on, He strooke him at his breasts right pappe, quite through his shoulder bone. And in the dust of earth he fell, that was the fruitfull fovle Of his friends hopes; but where he fow d, he buried all his toyle. And as a Poplar shot aloft, set by a river side. In moift edge of a mightic fenne, his head in curls implide: But all his body plaine and fmooth: to which a Wheel-wright puts The sharpeedge of his shining axe, and his soft timber cuts From his innative root; in hope to hew out of his bole The Felliffs, or out-parts of a wheele, that compasse in the whole: To serve some goodly chariot, but (being bigge and sad, And to be hal'd home through the bogs) the nfefull hope he had Sticks there; and there the goodly plant lyes withering out his grace:

So lay, by Iove-bred Ainx hand, Anthemions forward race. Nor could through that vaft fen of toiles, be drawne to servethe ends Intended by his bodies pow'rs, nor cheare his aged friends. But now the gay-arm'd Antiphus (a sonne of Priam) threw

Antiphus one of Priams fonnes.

Simile.

His lance at Aiax through the prease, which went by him, and flew On Leucus, wife Vlyffes triend; his groine it smore, as faine He would have drawne into his spoile, the carkasse of the slaine; By which he fell, and that by him; it vext Fiffes heart; Who thrust into the face of fight, well arm'd at every part, Came close, and lookt about to finde an object worth his lance; Which when the Trojans faw him shake, and he so neare advance, All shrunke, he threw, and forth it shin'd: nor fell, but where it feld: His friends griefe gave it angry powre, and deadly way it held Vpon Democoon, who was iprung of Priams wanton force; Came from Abydus, and was made the master of his horse. Through both his temples strooke the dart, the wood of one side shew'd, The pile out of the other looks, and so the earth he strew'd With much found of his weighticarmes. Then backe the formost went, Even Helder yeelded, then the Greekes gave worthy clamors vent, Effecting then their first dumbe powers, some drew the dead and spoild,

Democron Priams bafe lamus flaine by whiles,

Some

OF HOMER'S ILIADS.

Apollo excites be Fraigns

Diores.

Piros.

Piro. Caine by

Some followed, that in open flight, Troy might confesse it foild. Apollo (angry at the fight) from top of Ilion cride, Turne head, ye well-rode Peeres of Troy, feed not the Grecians pride:

They are not charm'd against your points, of steele, nor Iron fram'd: Nor fights the faire haird Thetis fonne, but fits at fleet inflam'd.

So spake the dreadfull God from Troy. The Greekes, loves noblest feed. Pallas e course Encouraged to keepe on the chace: and where fit spirit did need,

She gave it, marching in the midft; then flew the fatall houre Backe on Diores, in returne of Ilions fun-burnd powres

Diores Amerincides, whose right legs ankle bone.

And both the finewes, with a sharpe, and bandfull charging stone. Pirus Imbrasides did breake, that led the Thracian bands.

And came from Ænos, downe he fell, and up he held his hands To his lov'd friends, his spirit wingd, to flie out of his breaft; With which not fatisfied, againe, Imbrafides addrest His laveline at him, and fo ript his navill, that the wound. (As endlefly it flut his eyes) fo (open d) on the ground,

It powr'd his entrailes. As his foe, went then fuffis'd away, Thoas Ætolius threw a dart, that did his pile convay Above his nipple, through his lungs; when (quitting his sterne part)

He clos'd with him; and from his breaft, first drawing out his dart,

His fword flew in, and by the midft, it wip't his belly out; So tooke his life, but left his armes; his friends fo flockt about. And thrust forth lances of such length, before their slaughterd king: Which though their foe were big and strong, and often brake the ring. Forg'd of their lances; yet (enforc't) he left th'affected prife: The Thracian, and the Epeian Dukes, laid close with closed eyes. By either other, drownd in duft; and round about the plaine All hid with flaughterd carkaffes; yet fill did hotely raigne The martiall planet; whose effects, had any eye beheld, Free, and unwounded (and were led, by Pallas through the field, To keepe of Iavelins, and fuggest, the least fault could befound)

He could not reprehend the fight, so many strew'd the ground.

The end of the fourth Booke.

THE



THE FIFTH BOOKF OF HOMER'S ILIADS.

THE ARGUMENT.

TIng Diomed (by Pallas (birit insbir'd. With will and power) is for his alls admir'd: Meere men, and men deriv'd from Deities, And Deities themselves, he terrifies: Addes wounds to terrors: his inflamed lance Draws blond from Mars, and Venus: In a trance He casts Eneas, with a weightie stone; Apollo quickens bim, and gets him gone: Mars is recur'd by Pron; but by Iove Rebuk't, for authoring breach of bumane love.

Another Argument.

In Epsilon, beavens blond is shed. By facred rage of Diomed.

Hen Pallas breath'd in Tydess forme: to render whom fupreame To all the Greekes, at all his parts, the caft a hoter beame, On his high minde; his body fild, with much superiour might,

Palles tulbires

And made his complete armour cast, a farre more complete light. From his bright helme and shield, did burne, a most un wearied fire: Like rich Autumnus golden lampe, whose brightnesse men admire, Past all the other host of starres, when with his chearfull face. Fresh washt in loftic Ocean waves, he doth the skies enchase. To let whose gloric lose no fight, still Pallas made him turne.

This fimile likewife Virgil learnes of bim.

Where tumult most express his power, and where the fight did burne. An honest and a wealthie man, inhabited in Troy:

Dares Prieft of Muciber, or Unican

Dares the Priest of Mulciber, who two somes did enjoy, Idam, and bold Phegens, well feene in every fight: These (singled from their troopes, and horst) affaild Miner vas Knight, Who rang'd from fight to fight, on foot; all halting mutuall charge, (And now drawne neare) first Phegene threw a javeline swift and large: Whole head the Kings left shoulder tooke, but did no harme at all: Then rutht he out a lance at him, that had no idle fall; But in his breast stucke twixt the paps, and strooke him from his horse. Which sterne sight, when Idem faw (distrustfull of his force To fave his flaughterd brothers spoyle) it made him head-long leape From his faire Chariot, and leave all: yet had not scap't the heape

Of heavie funerall, if the God, great prefident of fire, Had not (in sudden clouds of smoke, and pittie of his Sire,

Ideus and Phogem boib a. geinst Diemed.

Phogens flaine: Idaus flies,

To leave him utterly unheird) given lafe paffe to his feet.

He gone, Tydides lent the horse, and chariot to the fleet.

The Trojans seeing Dares sonnes, one slaine, the other fled,
Were strooke amaz'd; the blew-eyd maide (to grace her Diomed
In giving free way to his power) made this so ruthfull sact,
A hit advantage to remove, the warre-God out of act,
Who rag doon the llion side; the gript his hand and said,
Phase Mans, Mars, thou ruiner of men, that in the dust hast laid
So many Cities, and with bloud, thy Godhead dost disteine;
Now the line coeffee of them on the safe.

Mars, Mars, thou ruiner of men, that in the dust hast laid So many Cities, and with bloud, thy Godhead dost distense, Now shall we ceasse to shew our breasts, as passionate as men. And leave the mixture of our hands? resigning love his right (As restor of the Gods) to give, the glory of the sight, Where he affecteh? left he force, what we should freely yeeld? He held it fit, and went with her from the number of the sight.

Where he affecteth? left he force, what we should freely yeeld?

He held it fit, and went with her, from the tumultuous field,

Who fet him in an hearby seat, on brode Scamanders shore.

Mand and trop and a start Local of the start of the

And every Leader flue a man; but first the king of men
Deferv'd the honour of his name, and led the slaughter then,
And slue a Leader; one more huge, than any man he led;

Great O im., Duke of Halizons; quite from his chariots head He ftrooke him with a lance to earth, as firth ef flight addreft, It tooke his forward-turned backe, and lookt out of his breaft,

His huge trunke founded, and his armes, did eccho the refound.

Idomeratus to the death, did noble Phaffur wound,
The fonce of Maon Borus, that, from cloddie Terna came;

Who (taking chariot) tooke his wound, and tumbl'd with the same
From his attempted sear; the lance, through his right shoulder strooke,
And horrid darknesse strongth him; the spoile his souldiers tooke,

And horrid darkneffe ftrooke through him: the spoile his sould Mention Saiss
Scammandrius, Soundard Stammandrius, Soundandrius, Soundandrius, Soundandrius, Soundandrius, that was a huntiman bred;

A skilfull huntman, for his skill, Dianas (elfe did teach, And made him able with his dart, infallibly to reach All forts of fibbleft favages, which many a wooddie hill Fred for him; and he much preferved, and all to the whis skill. Yet, not the dart-delighting Queene, taught him to thun this dart:) Nor all his hitting fo farre off, (the maftric of his art:) His backereceived it, and he fell, upon his breaft withall: His bodies ruine, and his armes, fo founded in his fall.

That his affrighted horse stew off, and lest him, like his life, Meriones shue Pheredus, whom the that nere was wife,

aferiones an

Phyrechus an

excellent Ar.

Aeriones flue Phereclus, whom the that nere was wife, Yet Goddesse of good housewises, held, in excellent respect, For knowing all the wittie things, that grace an Architeck; And having pow'r to give it all, the cunning use of hand, starmonides his fire built ships, and made him understand, (With all the practise it required) the frame of all that skill, He built all Alexanders ships, that author'd all theill Of all the Trojans and his owne, because he did not know The Oracles, advising Troy (for scare of overthrow)

To medle with no sea affaire, but live by tilling land;
This man Merimes surptifd, and drave his deadly hand
Through his right hip; the lances head, ran through the region
About the bladder, underneath th'in-muscles, and the bone;
He (sighing) bow'd his knees to death, and sacrific'd to carth.

phylides staid Pedean slight; Astenors bastard birth:

Whom vertious Theano his wife(to please her husband) kept As renderly as those she low'd. Physides neare him stept, And in the sountaine of the nerves, did drench his servent lance, And his heads back-part; and so farre, the sharp head didadvance, It cleft the Organe of his speech; and th' Iron (cold as death) He tooke betwixt his grinning teeth, and gave the aire his breath.

He tooke betwist his grinning teeth, and gave the aire his breath.

Eurspilus the much renown'd, and great Evenum fonne,

Divine Hypfenor flue, begot by flout Dolopion,

And confectate Scamanders Prieft; he had a gods regard,

Amongst the people: his hard flight, the Grecian followed hard;
Rusht in so close, that with his sword heon his shoulders laid
A blow, that his armes brawne cut off; nor there his vigor staid,
But drave downe, and from off his writh, it hewd his holy hand,
That gusht out blood, and downe it dropt, whon the blushing sand;
Death, with his purple singer shut, and violente sate, his eyes.

Thus foughte thefe, but diffinguish well; Tydides fo implies His furie, that you could not know, whose fide had interest In his free labors, Greece or Troy, But as a flood increast By violent and sodaine showres, let downe from hils, like hils Melted in furie; swels, and somes, and so he over fills His naturall channell; that besides, both hedge and bridge resignes To his rough confluence, farre spread: and lustic flourishing vines Drown'd in his outrage. Tydens some, so over-ran the field,

Strew d fuch as floright in his way: and made whole fquadrons weeld

When Pandarns, Lycaons fonne, beheld his mining hand, With fuch relificie infolence, make lanes through everie band: He bent his gold-tipe bow of horne, and shoe him rushing in, At his right shoulder; where his armes were hollow; forth did spin The blood, and downe his curets, ranne; then Pandarns cried out, Ranke riding Troians, Now rush in: Now, now, I make no doubt, Our branest foe is markt for death, he cannot long sustaine My violent shaft; I Poves faire Sonne, did worthily constraine My foot from Lycia: thus he brav'd, and yet his violent shaft Strooke short with all his violence, Tydides life was saft; Who yet withdrew himselfe, behinde his chariot and steeds, And cald to Sthenelas; Come friend, my wounded shoulder needs, Thy hand to case it of this shaft. He hasted from his seate Before the coach, and drewe the shaft: the purple wound did sweate,

And drowne his shirt of male in blood, and as it bled he praid:
Heare me, of love Agiochus, thou most unconquer d maid,
If ever in the cruell field, thou hast affistfull stood,
Orto my father, or my selfe, now love, and do me good;

Pedaus flain by Phylides.

Exceptilus flaies

Diomed compa-

Paden

Diomeds pray?? to Pallas.

Give him into my lances reachthat thus hath given a wound, To him thou guardit, preventing me, and brags that never more. I shall behold the chearfull Sunne: thus did the king implore. The Goddesse heard, came neere, and tooke the wearynesse of fight From all his nerves, and lineaments, and made them fresh and light, rallas encoura- And faid; Be bold, ô Diomed, in everie combat shine,

The great shield shaker Tydem ftrength (that knight, that Sire of thine) By my infusion breaths in thee. And from thy knowing mind. I have remov'd those erring mists, that made it lately blind, That thou mailt difference Gods from men : and therefore use thy skill. Against the tempting Deities, if any have a will To tric if thou presum'it of that, as thine, that flowes from them; And so assum's above thy right. Where thou discern's abeame Of any other heavenly power, then shee that rules in love, That cals thee to the change of blowes; refift not, but remove; But if that Goddesse be so bold (fince she first ftird this warre) Assault and marke her from the rest, with some infamous scarre. The blew eyd Goddesse vanished, and he was seene againe Amongst the foremost; who before, though he were prompt and faine To fight against the Troians powers; now, on his spirits were cald With thrife the vigor, Lion-like, that hath beene lately gald,

By some bold shepheard in a field, where his curlde flockes were laid; Who tooke him as he leapt the fold; not flaine yet, but appaied, With greater spirit; comes againe, and then the shepheard hides, (The rather for the defolate place) and in his Coate abides: His flookes left guardleffe; which amaz'd, shake and shrink up in heapes: He (ruthlesse freely takes his prey; and out againe he leapes: So sprightly, fierce victorious, the great Heroe flew Vpon the Troians; and at once, he two commanders flew;

H ppener and Hyppener and Aftynous, in one, his lance he fixt Full at the nipple of his brett: the other fmote betwixt

The necke and shoulder with his sword; which was so well laid on. It (wept his arme and shoulder off. These left he rusht upon Abbas, and Polyeidus of old Eurydamas The hapleffe fonnes, who could by dreames, tell what would come to paffe: Yet, when his sonnes set forth to Troy, the old man could not read By their dreames, what would chance to them, for both were stricken dead By great Tydides: after thefe, he takes into his rage Na 1thus, and Thoon, Phenops sonnes, borne to him in his age;

The good old man, even pin'd with yeares, and had not one sonne more To heire his goods: yet Diomed, tooke both, and left him store

Of teares and forowes in their steads, since he could neuer see His sonnes leaue those hote warres a live: so this the end must be Of all his labours; what he heapt, to make his issue great,

Authoritic heird, and with her feed, fild his forgotten feate. Then fratcht he up two Priamists, that in one chariot stood; Echemon, and faire Chromius; as feeding in a wood

Oxen or steeres are; one of which, a Lyon leapes upon,

Teares downe, and wrings in two his necke: fo fternely Trdeus fonne Threw from their chariot both these hopes, of old Dardanides: Then tooke their armes, and fent their horse, to those that ride the seas. Ainess (leeing the troopes thus toft) brake through the heate of fight. And all the whizzing of the darts, to find the Lycian knight Lucasms sonne: whom having found, he thus bespake the Peere:

o Pandarus, wher's now thy bow? thy deathfull arrowes where? In which no one in all our holt, but gives the palme to thee. Nor in the Sun-lov'd Lycian greenes, that breed our Archerie. Lives any that exceeds thy felfe. Come lift thy hands to Iove,

And fendan arrow at this man (if but a man he prove. That winnes such god-like victories; and now affects our host

With so much forrow: fince so much, of our best blood is lost

By his high valour;) I have feare, some god in him doth threat, Incenft for want of facrifice; the wrath of god is great. Lycaons famous lonne replyde: Great Counfellor of Troy.

This man fo excellent inarmes, I thinke is Tracus iov: I know him by his fieric shield, by his bright three plum'd caske, And by his horfe; nor can Ifay, if or some god doth maske In his apparance; or he be (whome I nam'd) Tydens fonne: But without God the things he does (for certaine) are not done,

Some great Immortall, that conveyes, his shoulders in a clowd, Goes by and puts by everie dare, at his bold breaft bestow'd; Or lets it take with little hurt, for I my felfe let flie A shaft that shot him through his armes, but had as good gone by: Yet, which I gloriously affirm'd, had driven him downe to hell. Some God is angric, and with me; for farrehence, where I dwell, My horse and Chariots idle stand; with which some other way

I might repaire this shamefull miffe : eleven faire chariots flay In old Lycaons Court; new made, new trimd, to have bene gone; Curtain'd and Arrast vnder foote, two horse to every one, That eate white Barly and blacke Otes, and do no good at all:

And these Lycasz, (that well knew, how these affaires would fall) Charg'd (when I fet downe this defigne) I should command with here; And gave me many lessons more all which much better were

Then any I tooke forth my felfe. The reason I laid downe. Was, but the fparing of my horse since in a sieged towne,

I thought our horse-meate would be scant; when they were used to have Their manger full; so I left them, and like a lackey slave Am come to Ilion, confident, in nothing but my bow,

That nothing profits me; two shafts, I vainly did bestow Attwo great Princes, but of both, my arrowes neither flew;

Nor this, nor Asreus yonger sonne : a little blood I drew, That ferv'd but to incense them more. In an vnhappiestarre, I therefore from my Armorie, have drawne those tooles of warre:

That day, when for great Hectors fake, to amiable Troy I came to lead the Troian bands. But if I ever toy

(In fafe returne) my Countries fight; my wives, my lofty towres;

Pandarus ta Aneas.

Encas to Pan-

Egree am 30.754

Dismed made

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All was fine

er Dional.

as before by

Similar to epilied bun be

Teares

Let any itranger take this head, if to the firie powers,

Just to Pun-4.790

This bow, these shafts, in peeces, burst (by these hands) benot thrownes Idle companions that they are, to me and my renowne. Aneas faid, Vieno fuch words; for, any other way Then this, they shall not now be vid : we first will both affav This man with horse and chariot. Come then, ascend to me. That thou maist trie our Troian horse, how skild in field they be: And in pursuing those that flic, or flying, being pursuede How excellent they are of foote: and these (If love conclude The scape of Tydeus againe, and grace him with our flight) Shall ferve to bring us fafely off. Come, Ile be first shall fight: Take thou these faire reines and this scourge; or (if thou wilt) fight thou, And leave the horses care to me. Heanswer'd, I will now Descend to fight; keepe thou the raines, and guide thy selfe thy horses

Tendents fi.b. Who with their wonted manager, will better wield the force

the de charles. Of the impulsive chariot, if we be driven to flie. Then with a stranger, under whom, they will be much moreshye, And (fearing my voice, withing thine) grow reftie, nor go on, To beareus off? but leave engag'd, mightie Trdem sonne. Themselves and us; Then be thy part, thy one hov'd horses guides He make the fight: and with a dart receive his utmost pride.

With this the gorgious chariot, both (thus prepard) ascend, And make full way at Diomed; which noted by his friend. Mincowne most loved Mind (faid he) two mightie men of warre I fee come with a purpord charge; one,s hethat hits fo farre With bow and shaft, Lycaons sonne: the other fames the brood Of great Anchises, and the Queene, that rules in Amorous blood; Eneas excellent in armes) come up and use your steeds And looke not warre so in the face, lest that defire that feeds

Thy great mind be the bane of it. This did with anger fling The blood of Diemed, to fee, his friend that chid the king Before the fight, and then preferd, his ableneffe, and his mind. To all his ancestors in fight, now come so farre behind:

Whom thus he answerd; Vrge no flight, you cannot please me so. Nor is it honest in my mind, to feare a coming foe; with Spending Or make a flight good, though with fight; my powers are yet entire,

And scorne the help-tire of a horse; I willnot blow the fire, Of their hot valours with my flight; but cast upon the blaze

This body borne upon my knees: I entertaine amaze? Minerua will not see that shame: and since they have begun,

They shall not both elect their ends; and he that scapes shall runne; or flay and take the others fate: and this I leave for thee; Camply wife Athenia, give both their lives to me.

Reine our horseto their chariot hard, and have a speciall heed To feife upon Aneas steeds; that we may change their breed, And make a Grecian race of them, that have benelong of Troy For, these are bred of those brave beasts, which for the lovely Boy, That wayts now on the cup of love, love, that farre-feeing God.

Gave Tres the King in recompence: the best that ever trod The founding Center, underneath, the Morning and the Sunne. Anchifes Stole the breed of them; for where their Sires did runne, He closely put his Mares to them, and never made it knowne To him that heird them, who was then, the King Laomedon. Sixe horses had he of that race, of which himselfe kept foure. And gave the other two his sonne; and these are they that scoure The field to bravely towards us, expert in charge and flight: If these we have the power to take, our prize is exquisite, And our renowne will farre exceed. While these were talking thus.

The fir'd horse brought th'assailants neare: and thus spake Pandarus; Most suffering-minded Tydeus sonne, that hast of warre the art: My shaft that strooke thee, slue thee not, I now will prove a dart: This faid, he shooke, and then he threw, a lance, aloft and large,

That in Tydides curets flucke, quite driving through his targe: Then braid he out so wilde a vovce, that all the field might heare: Now have I reacht thy root of life, and by thy death shall beare Our praises chiefe prize from the field: Trdides, undifinaid, Replide; Thou err'st, I am not soucht: but more charge will be laid

To both your lives before you part: at least the life of one Shall fatiate the throat of Mars; this faid, his lance was gone :

Minerva led it to his face, which at his eye ranne in,

And as he stoops, strooke through his jawes, his tongues root, and his chinne. Diomed states Downe from the chariot he fell, his gay armes thin'd and rung,

The fwift horse trembled, and his soule, for ever charm'd his tongue. Aneas with his shield and lance, leapt swiftly to his friend.

Affraid the Greekes would force his trunke; and that he did defend. Bold as a Lyon of his strength: he him him with his shield, Shooke round his lance, and horribly did threaten all the field With death, if any durft make in: Tydides raif'd a ftone,

With his one hand, of wondrous weight, and powerd it manly on The hip of Anchifiades, wherein the loynt doth moue

The thigh, tis cald the buckle bone, which all in sherds it drove; Brake both the nerves, and with the edge, cut all the flesh away: It staggerd him upon his knees, and madeth'Heroe stay

His strooke-blind temples on his hand, his elbow on the earth: And there this Prince of men had died, if the that gave him birth, (Kift by Anchifes on the greene, where his faire oxen fed.

Ioves loving daughter) instantly, had not about him fored Her fost embraces, and contiaid, within her heavenly vaile, (VI'd as a rampier gainst all darts, that did so hot affaile)

Her deare lov'd issue from the field : Then Sthenelus in hast, (Remembring what his friend advif'd) from forth the preasse made fast His owne horse to their chariot, and presently laid hand

Vpon the lovely coated horfe, Eneas did commands Which bringing (to the wondring Greekes) he did their guard commend

To his below'd Deipbylus, who was his inward friend, And (of his equals) one to whom, he had most honour showne; Sando setà Di med.

Eneu leine fonne to Anthi-

Venus tales of Ancas being weunded.

The barie of ALmeas made prive,

Gave

: iems na.

er' nelasta

Diamerl.

Vinio.

Venusto Di.ne.

THE FIFTH BOOKE That he might fee them fafe at fleet : then fleet he to his owne. With which he chearfully made in, to Tydess mightie race; He (madde with his great enemies rape) was hot in desperate chase Of her that made it; with his lance (arm'd leffe with feele then fpight) Well knowing her no Deitie, that had to do in fight. Minerva his great Patronesse, nor she that raceth townes. Bellona; but a Goddesse weake, and soe to mens renowness Her (through a world of fight) pursu de, at last he over-tooke. And (thrufting up his ruthleffe lance) her heavenly veile he ftrooke. Diemed wound (That even the Graces wrought themselves, at her divine command) U. EU. Quite through, and hurt the tender backe of her delicious hand: The rude point piercing through her palme; forth flow'd th'immortall bloud. (Bloud, such as flowes in blessed Gods, that cate no humane food, Nor drinke of our inflaming wine, and therefore bloudleffe are, And cald immortals:) out the cryed, and could no longer beare Her lov'd sonne, whom the cast from her; and in a sable cloud Penus f y an-Penns I van.
geofficherreite Phaebus (receiving) hid him close from all the Grecian crowde Left fome of them should finde his death. Away flew Venus then, n lone .ip.lie And after her cryed Diomed; Away thou spoyle of men, \$100.00 Though sprung from all-preserving Iove; These hot encounters leave: Domed & Ve. Is't not enough that fillie Dames, thy forceries should deceive, Vnleffe thou thrust into the warre, and rob a souldiers right? I thinke, a few of these affaults, will make thee feare the fight, Where ever thou shalt heare it nam'd. She sighing, went her way Extreamely griev'd, and with her griefes, her beauties did decay; And blacke her Ivoriebodie grew. Then from a dewy mift, Brakefwift foot Iris to her aide, from all the darts that hift his refauts At her quicke rapture; and to Mars, they tooke their plantife course, And found him on the fights left hand; by him his speedie horse, Venus to Mars. And huge lance, lying in a fogge: the Queene of all things faire, evanumenas, Her loved brother on her knees, befought with inflant prayre, His golden ribband bound mand'd horse, to lend her up to heaven, For the was much griev'd with a wound, a mortall man had given; Tydides: that gainst love himselfe, durft now advance his arme. He granted, and his chariot (perplext with her late harme) Mars lends bis She mounted, and her waggonnesse, was she that paints the ayre; borfe to Tenus. The horse she reind, and with a scourge, importund their repaire, That of themselues out flew the winde, and quickly they ascend Olympus, high feat of the Gods; th horse knew their journies end, Stood still, and from their chariot, the windie footed Dame Diffolu'd, and gaue them heatenly food; and to Dione came Her wounded daughter; bent her knees; fhe kindly bad her stand; With sweet embraces helpther up; strok ther with her soft hand; Dione mither of Callidkindly by her name; and askt, what God hath beene fo rude, Venus, Wenus (Sweet daughter) to chaffife thee thus? as if thou wert purfude, Euen to the act of some light sinne, and deprehended so? For other wife, each close escape, is in the Great let go.

She answer d; Haughtie Tydeus sonne, hath beene so insolent;

Since he. whom most my heart esteemes, of all my lov'd descent. r rescu'd from his bloudy hand: now battell is not given To any Trojans by the Greekes, but by the Greekes to heaven. She answerd, Daughter, thinke not much, though much it grieve thee: use Dione to Ven. The patience, whereof many Gods, examples may produce, In many bitter ils receiv'd; as well that men inflaine By their inflictions, as by men, repaid to them againe: Mars fuffered much more then thy felfe, by Ephialtes powice. Mars bound in And Otas, Aleens fonnes, who in a brazen towre. chaines by O. us (And in inextricable chaines) cast that warre greedy Gods and Ephiantes. Where twice fixe months and one he liv'd, and there the period Of his fad life perhaps had clos'd, if his kind step. dames eve. Faire Erebes had not feene, who told it Mercurie; And he by frealth enfranchis'd him, though he could fcarce enjoy The benefit of franchisment, the chaines did so destroy His vitall forces with their weight. So Inno fufferd more, When with a three-forkt arrowes head, Amphyerios sonne did gore Her right breaft, past all hope of cure. Plate sustained no lesse By that selfe man; and by a shaft, of equal bitternesse, Shot through his shoulder at hell gates, and there (amongst the dead, Were he not deathlesse) he had died: but up to heaven he fled (Extremely tortur'd) for recure, which inftantly he wonne At Paons hand, with foveraigne Balme; and this did Ioves great fonne. Pera Philippa Vnbleft, great-high deed-daring man, that car'd not doing ill, to the cods That with his bow durft wound the gods; but by Minerva's will, emsaynud. Thy wound, the foolish Diomed, was so prophane to give; Not knowing he that fights with heaven, hath never long to live, And for this deed, he never shall have childe about his knee To call him father, comming home. Belides, heare this from me, (Strength truftingman) though thou be ftrong, and art in ftrength a towre; Take heed a stronger meet thee not, and that a womans powre Containes not that superiour strength; and lest that woman be Adrastus daughter, and thy wife, the wise Egiale, When (from this houre not farre) the wakes, even fighing with defire To kindle our revenge on thee, with her enamouring fire, In choosing her some fresh young friend, and so drowne all thy same, Wonne here in warre, in her Court-peace, aud in an opener shame. This faid, with both her hands the cleans'd the tender backe and palme Of all the facred bloud they loft; and never using Balme, The paine ceast, and the wound was cur'd, of this kinde Queene of love. Iuno and Palles feeing this, affaid to anger Iove, And quit his late made mirth with them, about the loving Dame, With some sharpe jest, in like fort built upon her present shame. Grey-cyd Athenia began, and ask't the Thunderer, If (nothing moving him to wrath) the boldly might preferre Pallas to I suc. What she conceived, to his conceit: and (staying no reply) She bade him view the Caprian fruit, he lov'd fo tenderly, Whom the though hurt, and by this meanes, intending to suborne

Since

Some

Se price.

Some other Ladie of the Greekes (whom louely veiles adome) To gratific fome other friend, of her much-loued Troy. As the imbrac't and flird her bloud, to the Venerean jov. The golden claspe those Grecian Dames, upon their girdles weare. Tooke hold of her delicious hand, and hurt it, the had feare.

The Thunderer smil'd, and cald to him, loues golden Arbitresse. And told her, those rough workes of warre were not for her accesse: She should be making marriages, impracings, kiffes, charmes: Sterne Mars and Pallas had the charge of those affaires in armes. While these thus talk't, Tydides rage still thirsted to atchience His prife upon Anchifes sonne; though well he did perceine The Sunne himselse protected him: but his desires (inflam'd

With that great Trojan Princes bloud, and armes so highly fam'd) Not that great God did reuerence. Thrice rush he rudely on, And thrice betwixt his darts and death, the funnes bright target shone: But when upon the fourth affault (much like a spirit) he flew. The far off working Deitic, exceeding wrathfull grew. And ask't him: What? Not yeeld to Gods? thy equals learne to know:

Aprillate Lie

The race of Gods is farre aboue, men creeping here below. This draue him to some small retreite; he would not tempt more neare The wrath of him that strooke so farre, whose powre had now set cleare

A Motores Aneas from the stormie field, within the holy place

Ances to Troy. Of Pergamus, where, to the hope of his fo fourraigne grace, A goodly Temple was aduanc't, in whose large inmost part He left him, and to his supply, inclined his mothers heart (Latona) and the dart-pleas'd Queene, who cur'd, and made him ftrong. The filuer-bow'd-faire God, then threw, in the tumultuous throng.

The Image of

An Image, that in stature, looke, and armes he did create Like Venus fonne; for which the Greekes and Trojans made debate, Laid lowd strokes on their Oxe-hide shields, and bucklers easly borne: Which error Phabus pleas'd to urge, on Mars himselfe inscorne:

Mars, Mars, (faid he) thou plague of men, fineard with the duft & blond Of humanes, and their ruin d wals; yet thinks thy God-head good, Tofright this Furie from the field? who next will fight with Iove. First, in a bold approach he hurt the moist palme of thy Love: And next (as if he did affect, to have a Deities powre) He held out his assault on me. This said, the lostie towre Of Pergamus he made his seate, and Mars did now excite The Trojan forces, in the forme of him that led to fight The Thracian troopes; (wift Acamas. O Priams fonnes (faid he)

of Priams

Mortile sea How long, the flaughter of your men, can ye fustaine to see? mas to the forme Euen till they braue you at your gates? Ye suffer beaten downe Eneas, great Anchifes sonne; whose prowesse we renowne As much as Hectors: fetch him off from this contentious prease, With this, the strength and spirits of all, his courage did increase,

proves Hellor.

And yet Sarpedon seconds him, with this particular taunt Of noble Hettor: Hettor? where is thy unthankfull vaunt, And that huge strength on which it built? that thou, and thy allies.

With all the brothers (without aid of us or our supplies. And troubling not a citizen) the Citie fafe would hold: In all which, friends, and brothers helps, I fee not, nor am told Of any one of their exploits, but (all held in difmay Of Diomed, like a fort of dogs, that at a Lyon bay, And entertaine no spirit to pinch,) we (your affistants here) Fight for the towne, as you helpt us: and I (an aiding Peere. No Citizen, even out of care, that doth become a man. For men and childrens liberties) adde all the aide I can: Not out of my particular cause, far hence my profit growes: For far hence Afian Lycia lyes, where gulfie Xanthan flower: And where my lov'd wife, infant sonne, and treasure nothing scant, I left behinde me, which I fee those men would have, that want: And therefore they that have, would keepe, yet I (as I would lofe Their fure fruition) cheere my troupes, and with their lives propose Mine owne life, both to generall fight, and to particular cope, With this great fouldier: though (I fay) I entertaine no hope To have such gettings as the Greekes, nor feare to lose like Trov. Yet thou (even Hetter) deedlesse stands, and car'st not to employ Thy towne borne friends, to bid them fland, to fight and fave their wives : Left as a Fowler cafts his ners upon the filly lives Of birds of all forts, fothe foe, your walls and houses hales. (One with another) on all heads: or fuch as scape their fals, Be made the prey and prize of them, (as willing overthrowne) That hope not for you, with their force: and so this brave built towne Will prove a Chaos: that deferves, in thee fo hot a care As should consume thy dayes and nights, to hearten and prepare Th'affiftant Princes: pray their minds, to beare their far-brought toiles, To give them worth, with worthy fight: in victories and foiles Still to be equall, and thy felfe (exampling them in all)

Need no reproofes nor fours. all this in thy free choice should fail. This flung great Hellors heart: and yet, as every generous minde Should filent beare a just reproofe, and shew what good they finde In worthy counsels, by their ends, put into present deeds: Not stomacke, nor be vainly sham'd: so Hedlers spirit proceeds: And from his Chariot (wholly arm'd) he jumpt upon the fand: On foot, fo toyling through the hoaft, a dart in either hand. And all handsturn'd against the Greeks, the Greeks despis'd their worst, And (thickning their inftructed powers) expected all they durft.
Then with the feet of horse and foot, the dust in clouds did rise.

And as in facred floores of barnes, upon corne-winowers flies The chaffe, driven with an opposite winde, when yellow Ceres dites, Which all the Diters, feet, legs, armes, their heads and shoulders wintes: So lookt the Grecians gray with duft, that Brooke the folide heaven, Rais'd from returning chariots, and troupes together driven. Each fide flood to their labours firme: fierce Mars flew through the aire, And gatherd darknesse from the fight: and with his best affaire, Obeyd the pleasure of the Sunne, that we ares the golden sword,

Simile from the hasb : adma:: expressing nata-

Steeres, Oxen; and defiroy mens fiels, to long that they come thore.

Of an inacceffible wood, rulp out, and prev on sheepe.

And by the Owners fleele are flaine : in such unhangie fort.

Fell these beneath Alues power When Menelow viewd

-uni'e.

Who bad him raisethe spirits of Troy, when Pallas ceast t'afford Her helping office to the Greeks; and then his owne hands wrought, A mas from his Which (from his Phanes rich chancell, curd) the true Aneas brought, And plac't him by his Peeres in field, who did (with joy) admire To see him both alive and safe, and all his powers entire: Yet flood not fifting, how it chanc't: another fort of taske. Then stirring th'idle five of newes, did all their forces aske: Inflam'd by Phabus, harmfull Mars, and Bris, eagrer farre: The Greekes had none to hearten them; their hearts role with the warre: But chiefly Diomed, Ithacus, and both th' Aiaces us'de Stirring examples, and good words: their owne fames had infus de Spirit enough into their blouds, to make them neither feare The Troians force, nor Fate it felfe, but still expecting were When most was done, what would be more; their ground they still made goods And (in their filence, and fet powers) like faire fill clouds they flood: With which, love crownes the tops of hils, in any quiet day. When Boreas and the ruder winds (that use to drive away Aires duskie vapors, being loofe, in many a whiftling gale) Are pleafingly bound up and calme, and not a breath exhale; So firmely flood the Greeks, nor fled, for all the Ilions ayd. Atrides yet coasts through the troupes, confirming men fo stayd: O friends (faid he) hold up your minds, ftrength is but ftrength of will; Reverence each others good in fight, and shame at things done ill: Where fouldiers shew an honest shame, and love of honour lines, That ranks men with the first in fight, death fewer liveries gives Then life, or then where Fames negled, makes cowards fight at lengths Flight neither doth the body grace, nor shewes the mind hath strength. He faid; and swiftly through the troupes, a mortall lance did send, That reft a standard bearers life, renownd Aneas friend: pergalides l'aine Descoon Pergasides, whom all the Troians lov'd, by Agamenmen As he were one of Priams fonnes; his mind was fo approved In alwayes fighting with the first: the Lance his target tooke, Which could not interrupt the blow, that through it cleerely ftrooke, And in his bellies rimme was sheath'd, beneath his girdle-stead; He founded falling, and his armes, with him refounded, dead-Then fell two Princes of the Greeks, by great Aneas ire, Creihon (lainty Diocleus sonnes (Orsilochus, and Crethon) whole kinde Sire In bravely-builded Phæra dwelt; rich, and of facred bloud; He was descended lineally, from great Alpham floud, That broadly flowes through Pylos fields: Alphaus did beget

Orfitechus and

Orfi'ochus.

The pedigree of Orfilochus; who in the rule of many men was fet : And that Orfilochus begat, the rich Diocleus : Diocleus fire to Crethon was, and this Orfilochus : Both thefe, arriv'd at mans eftate, with both th' Atrides went, To honour them in th' Ilion warres; and both were one way fent, To death as well as Troy; for death, hid both in one blacke houre. As two young Lyons (with their dam, fulfaind but to devoure)

Bred on the tops of some steepe hill, and in the gloomic deepe

Signile.

(Like two tall firre trees) thefe two falls their timeleffe falls he rew'd: And to the first fight, where they lay, a vengelall force he tooke, His armes beat backe the Sunnein flames; a dreadfull Lance he shooke: Mars put the farie in his minde, that by Alseas hands, (Who was to make the flampher good) he might have firewd the fands.

Antilochus (old Neffors fonne) observing he was bent Antilechus em luntary care of To urgea combat of such ods, and knowing the event. Mendan, and Being ill on his part, all their paines (alone fullain d for him) their charge of Erdfrom their end, made after hard, and tookethem in the trim Of an encounter; both their hands and darrs advance, and shooks. And both pitcht, in full thand of change; when suddenly the looke Of Anchifiades tooke note of Notices valiant fonne. In full charge too; which two to one, made Verm iffue thanne The hor adventure, though he were a fouldier well approved. Then drew they off their flaughtend friends; who given to their belou'd, They turn'd where fight the widdendied hates and there mixe with the dead Pylemen, that the targetiers of Paphlagonia led. A man like Mars, and with him fell, good Mysless that did guide His chariot: Asymmus forme. The Prince Pylemendied Menelam Pairs By Menclant; Neffors iny, fine Mydon; one before, Pylemen. The other in the chariot : Atrides lance did gore Pylemens thoulder, in the blayd: Autilochen did force A mightie from up from the carth, and (as he turnd his horse) Strooke Mydowelbow in the midft: the reines of laoric Antilochus flaice Fell from his hands into the duft: Autiloober let flie His fword withall, and (rulking in) a blow fo deadly laid Ypon his temples, that he gron'd, tumbed to earth, and flayd A mightic while prepofteroufly (because the dust was deepe) Vpon his necke and shoulders there, even till his foe tooke keepe Of his prilde horse, and made them stirre; and then he prostrate fell: His horse Antilochus tooke home. When Heller had heard tell, (Amongst the uprore) of their deaths, he laid out all his voyce, And ranne upon the Greeks: behinde, came many men of choyce: Before him marcht great Mars himfelfe, marcht with his female mate, The drad Bellona: the brought on (to fight for manuall Fate) A tumult that was wilde, and mad: he shoole a horrid Lance, And, now led Hetter, and anon, behinde would make the chance. This fight, when great Tydides law, his baire flood up on end: And him, whom all the skill and power of armes did late attend, Now like a man in counsell poore, that (trauelling) goes smille, San le. And (having past a boundleffe plaine) not knowing where he is, Comes on the fudden, where he fees a riner rough, and raues With his owne billows ranished, into the King of waves; Murmurs with fome, and frights him backe: so be, amaz'd, retirde,

And thus would make good his amaze; O friends, we all admirde Great Hetter, as one of himfelfe, well-darting, bold in warres When some God guards him still from death, and makes him dare so farre-Now Mars himselfe (form'd like a man) is present in his rance And therefore, what foever cause, importunes you to wage Warre with these Trojans, never strive, but gently take your rod; Lestin your bosomes, for a man, ye ever finde a God.

As Greece retirde, the power of Troy, did much more forward prease; Heller flaugh. And Heller, two brave men of warre, fent to the fields of peace;

cors Menelibes

den, and Tlepo.

cules, draw to

Tiepelemus to

encounter.

Menesthes, and Anchialus; one chariot bare them both: Their fals made Ajax Telamon, ruthfull of heart, and wroth: Amphine Sela VVho lightned out a lance, that fmote Amphine Selages. That dwelt in Pædos; rich in lands, and did huge goods possesse: But Fate, to Priam and his fennes, conducted his supply: The Javelin on his girdle strooke, and pierced mortally His bellies lower part; he fell; his armes had lookes fo trim, That Ajax needs would prove their spoyle; the Trojans powr'd on him Whole stormes of Lances, large, and sharpes of which, a number stucke In his rough shield, yet from the slaine, he did his Iavelin plucke: But could not from his shoulders force the armes he did affect; The Trojans, with fuch drifts of Darts, the body did protect: And wisely Telamonius fear'd their valorous defence. So many, and so strong of hand, stood in with such expence. Of deadly prowelle; who repeld (though bigge, ftrong, bold he were) The famous Ajax; and their friend, did from his rapture bearc.

Thus this place, fild with ftrength of fight, in th'armies other presse, Tlepolemus, a tall bigge man, the fonne of Hereules, A cruell destinie inspired, with strong desire to prove Encounter with Sarpedons firength, the fonne of Cloudy Tove; Who, comming on, to that sterne end, had chosen him his foe:

Thus loves great Nephew, and his sonne, gainst one another go: Tlepolemus (to make his end, more worth the will of Fate) Began, as if he had her powre; and shew'd the mortall state phere fon to Her-Of too much confidence in man, with this superfluous Brave;

Sarpedon, what necessitie, or needlesse humour drave Thy forme, to these warres? which in heart, I know thou doest abhorre; A man not scene in deeds of armes, a Lycian counsellor;

They lye that call thee some to love, fince love bred none so late; The men of elder times were they, that his high power begat, Such men as had Herculean force; my father Hercules Was loves true issue; he was bold; his deeds did well expresse They fprung out of a Lyons heart: he whilome came to Troy, (For horsethat Inpiter gave Tres, for Gamined his boy) With fix ships onely, and few men, and tore the Citie downe, Left all her broad wayes desolate, and made the horse his owne: For thee, thy minde is ill disposde, thy bodies powers are poore,

And therefore are thy troopes to weake: the fouldier evermore

Follows the temper of his chiefe; and thou pull'it downe a side.

But fav. thou are the forme of love, and halt thy meanes supplide With forces fitting his descent: the powers that I compell. Shall throw thee bence; and make thy head, run ope the gates of hell.

loves Lycian illue answerd him, Thepolemus, eis true.

The father, holy Ilien, in that fort overthrews Thinjustice of the king was cause, that where thy father had Ve'de good deservings to his state, he quitted him with bad. Helione, the joy and grace of King Laomedon, Thy father rescude from a Whale, and gave to Telamon

In honourd Nuptials: Telamon, from whom your ftrongest Greeke Boafts to have islude, and this grace might well expect the like: Yet he gave taunts for thanks, and kept, against his oath, his horse: And therefore both thy fathers firength, and justice might enforce The wreake he tooke on Troy: but this, and thy cause differ farre.

Sonnes seldome heire their fathers worths; thou canff not make his warre: What thou affum'st from him, is mine, to be on thee imposide. With this, he threw an aften dart, and then Tlevelewas lofde

Another from his glorious hand: Both at one inflam flew: Both strooke, both wounded; from his necke, Sarpedons lavelin drew

The life bloud of Tlepolemus; full in the midfl'ie lell? And what he threatned, th'other gave, that darknesse, and that hell. Sarpedons left thigh tooke the Lance, it pieret the folide bone. And with his raging head, ranne through; but here prefere d his fonne. The dart yet vext him b sterly, which thould have beene puld out;

But none confidered then fo much: fo thicke came on the rout. And fild each hand fo full of cause, to plye his owne desence: Twas held enough (both faine) that both were nobly carried thence.

Virfles knew the events of both, and tooke it much to hart, That his friends enemie should scape; and in a twofold part His thoughts contended; if he should pursue Sarpedons life, Or take his friends wreakeon his men. Fate did conclude this strife: By whom twas otherwise decreed, then that Flysses steele Should end Sarpedon. In this doubt, Minervatooke the wheele From fickle Chance; and made his minde resolve to right his friend With that bloud he could fureft draw. Then did Revenge extend

Her full power on the multinude: Then did he never miffe. Alaftor, Halius, Chromoins, Nocuson, Pristanis, Alcander, and a number more, he flue, and more had flaine. If Helder had not understood; whose powre made in smaine. And strooke feare through the Grecian troupes: but to Sarpedon gave Hope of full refeue, who thus cryed, O Heller! helpe and fave My body from the spoyle of Greece; that to your loved towne,

My friends may feeme borne; and then, let earth possessie herowne, In this foyle, for whole fake I left my countries; for no day Shail ever thew me that againe; nor to my wife difplay

(And vong hope of my Name) the ioy of my much thirsted fight: All which, I left for Troy, for them, let Troy then doe this right. To all this Heller gives no word: but greedily he strives,

Tie poletty !!

Sarpedon (Laugh-

Himfelfe fore burt by Tlepole-

Visifes valeur.

With all speed to repell the Greekes, and shed in flouds their lives. And left Sarpedon: but what face focuer he put on Of following the common cause, heleft his Prince alone For his particular grudge, because, so late, he was so plaine In his reproofe before the hoft, and that did he retaine. How ever, for example fake, he would not shew it then And for his shame to, since twas inft. But good Sarpedons men Venturd themselues, and forc't him off, and set him underneath The goodly Beech of Impiter, where now they did unsheath The Ashen lance: strong Pelagon, his friend, most lov d. most true. Enforce it from his maimed thigh: with which his spirit flew, And darknesse ouer-flew his eyes, yet with a gentle gale

That round about the dying Prince, coole Boreau did exhale. He was reviv'd, recomforted, that elfe had grien'd and dyed. All this time, flight drave to the fleet, the Argines, who applyed No weapon 'gainst the proud pursuit, nor ener turnd a head. They knew so well that Mars pursude, and dreadfull Heller led: Then who was first, who last, whose lives the Iron Mars did seife, And Priams Hellor? Helenus, furnamed Oenovides. Good Teuthras, and Orestes, skild in managing of horse, Bold Ocnomians, and a man, renownd for martiall force. Trechus, the great Ætolian Chiefe, Oresbins, that did weare The gawdy Myter, studied wealth extremely, and dwelt neare The Athlantique lake Cephilides, in Hyla, by whole feat, The good men of Bosotia dwelt. This flaughter grew fo great, It flew to heaven: Sasurnia discernd it, and cried out To Pallas, O unworthy fight? to fee a field fo fought, And breake our words to Spartas King, that Ilion should be rac't. And he returne reveng'd: when thus, we see his Greekes disgrac's.

And beare the harmefull rage of Mers: Come, let us use our care,

That we dishonour not our powers. Minerva was as yare

As the, at the despight of Troy. Her golden bridl'd freeds,

Then Saturns daughter brought abroad, and Hebe, the proceeds Taddreffe her chariot, instantly, the gives it either wheele, Beam'd with eight Spokes of founding braffe, the Axle-tree was freele, The Felliffes incorruptible gold, their uper bands, of braffe, Their matter most unvalued, their worke of wondrous grace. The Naves in which the Spokes were driven, were all with filter bound, The chariots scare, two hoopes of goldand silver, strengthned round, Edg'd with a gold and filuer fringe, the beame that lookt before, Was maffie filver, on whole top, geres all of gold it wore, And golden Poitrils. Issue mounts, and her hot horses rein'd, That thirsted for contention, and still of peace complaind. Minerva wrapt her in the robe, that curiously she wove,

With glorious colours, as the fate, on th'azure floore of Ieve, And wore the armes that he puts on, bent to the tearefull field : About her brode-spred shoulders hung his huge and horrid shield,

Shield described Fring'd round with ever-fighting Snakes; through it, was drawne to life

The miferies and deaths of fight: in it fround bloudic Strife: In it thin'd facred Fortitude, in it fell Parfait flew: In it the monfter Gergens head, in which (held out to view) Were all the dire oftenes of Love; on her bigge head the place His foure-plum'd glittering caske of gold, so admirably vast. It would an hundred garrifons of fouldiers comprehend. Then to her flaining chariet, her vigorous feet afcend: And in her violent hand the takes his grave, huge, folid lance. With which the conquelts of her wrath, the uleth to advance. And overturne whole fields of men; to thew the was the feed Of him that thunders. Then heavens Queene (to urge her horfes speed) Takes up the scourge, and forth they flie; the ample gates of heaven Rung and flew open of themselves; the charge whereof is given (With all Olympus, and the skie) to the distinguishe houres. That cleare, or hide it all in clouds; or powre it downe in showres. This way their scourge-obeying horse, made hafte, and some they wonne The top of all the topfull heavens, where aged Saturus fonne Sate fever difrom the other Gods, then flaid the white-arm'd Queene Her fleeds; and askt of love, if Mars did not incense his spleene With his foule deeds; in ruining fo many and fo great In the Command and grace of Greece, and in fo rude a heat. At which (the faid) Apollo laught, and Penny; who still fue To that mad God for violence, that never inflice knew. For whose impietic sheaskt, if with his wished love Her selfe might free the field of him? He bade her rather move Asbenia to the charge she sought, who used of old to be The bane of Mars; and had as well the gift of spoile as he. This grace she flackt not, but her horse, scourged, that in nature slew

Betwixt the cope of starres and earth: And how farre at a view A man into the purple Sea, may from a hill descrie: *So farre a high-neighing horse of heaven, at every jumpe would flie.

Arrive at Troy, where broke in curls, the two flouds mixe their force. (Scamander, and bright Simon) Saturnia staid her borfe. Tooke them from chariot; and a cloud of mightie depth diffufd About them; and the verdant bankes of Symois produc'd (In nature) what they * eate in heaven. Then both the Goddelles Marcht like a paire of timorous Doues, in halting their accesse, To th' Argive fuccour. Being arrind, where both the most and best Were heapt together (thewing all, like Lyons at a feaft Of new flaine carkaffes; or Bores, beyond encounter ftrong) There found they Diemed, and there, midft all th'admiring throng, Saturnia but on Stentors thape; that had a brazen voice, And foakeas loud as fiftic men; like whom the made a noife. And chid the Argines: O ye Creekes, in name, and outward rite, But Princes onely; not in act: what scandall? what despight Vie ye to honour? all the time, the great discides Was conversant in armes; your foes durft not a foot addresse Without their ports; so much they feard, his lance that all controld;

The three bour Guerdien, el beaven cates. How lane & beaucus barfe took at one reach or firece in garloping or THE ing where n Homers m nde it farefrom being expreft in his Interpreters all taing it for bom borne from the earth : when in-Banth they came down toearth: 760507 cmi -Sparer, de. tan: um uno falm conficiunt, vel, tantů fubfulum progred-untur deoiú aleizoni equistre.uno.being weder food, and the terfis freif neffe hig ty expreft. The fenfe otherwife # lenfleffe, and contras Llurie. * * AuCeorilus is the originall ward which sca leger taxeth, very learnedy. asking how be berfe came by it on those bombes. when the text tels bim Symais Produced it : being willing to express to Hy. perboli the delicacie of that foile If not I bope the Denies could corr com.

Wiat unjuft

ware is.

And now they out-ray to your fleet. This did with thame make bold The generall spirit and power of Greece; when (with particular note O: their difgrace) Athenia, made Tydem iffne hote. She found him at his chariot, refreshing of his wound Inflicted by flaine Panderus; his fweat did fo abound. It much annoid him underneath the broad belt of his shields With which, and tyred with his toyle, his foule could hardly yeeld His bodic motion. With his hand he lifted up the belt. And wiptaway that clotterd bloud, the fervent wound did melt. Minerva leand against his horse, and neare their withers laid Her facred hand; then fpake to him; Beleeve me Diemed, Tydeus exampl'd not himselfe in thee his sonne; not Great. But yet he was a fouldier; a man of fo much hear, That in his Ambassic for Thebes, when I forbad his minde To be too ventrous; and when Feafts his heart might have declin'd (With which they welcom'd him) he made a challenge to the best. And foild the best; I gave him aide, because the rust of rest (That would have feifd another minde) he fufferd not; butufd The triall I made like a man; and their foft feafts reful'd: Yet when I fet thee on, thou faint's; I guard thee, charge, exhort, That (I abetting thee) thou should it be to the Greeks a Fort, And a difmay to Ilion; yet thou obey it in nought: Afraid, or flothfull, or elfe both: henceforth renounce all thought Dismed to Pal. I hat ever thou wert Tydens fonne. He answer'd her, I know Thou art Ioves daughter, and for that, in all just dutie owe Thy speeches reverence: yet affirme, ingeniously, that seare Doth neither hold me spiritlesse, nor sloth. I onely beare Thy charge in zealous memorie, that I should never warre With any bleffed Deitie, unleffe (exceeding farre The limits of her rule) the Queene, that governs Chamber sport Should preaffe to field; and her, thy will, enjoyn'd my lance to hurt: But he whole power hath right in armes, I knew in person here (Besides the Caprian Deitie) and therefore did forbeare. And here have gather d in retreit, these other Greeks you see Pallas againe. With note and reverence of your charge. My dearest minde (said she) What then was fit is chang'd: Tistrue, Mars hath just rule in warre, But just warre; otherwise he raves, not fights; he's alter'd farre; He vow'd to June and my felfe, that his aide should be ufd Against the Troians, whom it guards; and therein he abus'd His rule in armes, infring d his word, and made his warre unjust: He is inconstant, impious, mad: Resolve then; firmly trust My aide of thee against his worst, or any Deitie: Adde scourge to thy free horse, charge home: he fights persidiously. This faid; as that brave King, her Knight, with his horse-guiding fri Were set before the chariet (for figne he should descend,

That the might ferve for wagonnesse) the pluckt the waggoner backe,

Æ

And up into his feat the mounts: the Beechen tree did cracke .

Beneath the burthen; and good cause, it bore so large a thing:

A Goddeffe la repleate with power, and fach a puillant King: She fratche the fcourge up and the reines, and that her beavenly looke In hels vaft helme, from Merchis eyes : and full cureere the tooke At him, who then had newly flains the mightic Periphas, Renown'd forme to Ochefine; and farre the frompel was Of all th' Atolians, to whole spoile, the blondie God was runne: But when this man plague faw th'approach of God-like Tydew fonne: Helet his mightie Periphas lye, and in full charge he ranne At Diomed: and he at him: both neare: the God hegen. And (thirftie of his blond) he throwes a brazen lance, that beares Full on the breaft of Dismed, above the reines and geres. But Palles tooke it on her hand, and ftrooke the caper lance Beneath the charior: then the Knight of Pallar doth advance. And cast a Javeline off at Mars Minerou fent it on: That (where his arming girdle girt) his belly graz'd upon, Iust at the rim, and rancht the fielh: the lance againe he got, But left the wound, that flung him fo, helaid our fuch a throat As if nine or ten thousand men, had bray'd out all their breaths In one confusion, having felt as many sudden deaths. The rore made both the hofts amaz'd. Vo flew the God to heaven: And with him, was through all the ayre, as blacke a tin dure driven (To Dismeds eyes) as when the earth, halfe chok't with smoking heat Of gloomie clouds, that stiflemen; and pitchic tempests threat, Viberd with horrid guits of winder with fuch blacke vapours plum'd, Mars flew t'Olympus, and brode heaven; and there his place refum'd. Sadly he went and fate by Iove, shew'd his immortall bloud. That from a mortall-man-made-wound, powrd fuch an impious floud; And (weeping) powr'd out these complaints: O Father, storms thou not To see us take these wrongs from men? extreme gricses we have got Even by our owne deepe counsels held, for gratifying them; And thou (our Councels Prefident) conclud ft in this extreme Of fighting ever; being rul'd by one that thou half bred; One never well, but doing ill; a girle fo full of head, That, though all other Gods obey, her mad moods full command By thy indulgence; nor by fword, nor any touch of hand Correcting her, thy reason is she is a sparke of thee, And therefore the may kindle rage, in men, gainft Gods; and the May make men hurt Gods; and those Gods, that are (besides) thy seed: First in the palms height Cyprides; then runnes the impious deed On my hurt person: and could life give way to death in me; Or had my feet not feecht me off; heaps of mortalitie Had kept me confort. Impiter, with a contracted brow Thus answerd Mars: Thou many minds, inconstant changling thou; Sit not complaining thus by me, whom most of all the Gods (Inhabiting the flarrie hill) I hate: no periods Being fet to thy contentions, brawls, fights, and pitching fields; Iust of thy mother Issues moods; stiffe neckt, and never yeelds, Though I correct her fill, and chide; nor can forbeare offence,

Mars burs bu

Though

Habe att ves

Mar.

Though to her fonne, this wound I know, sales of her infolence;
But I will prose more naturall, should like her of the course.
Thou com it of mer, but hadde show beene in course and course laws, so
Being borne to any other Good, shou hadde beene it now the course her was
Long fince, as low as Tarrarus, beneath the Granes driven.

This faid, he gave his wound in charge, to Pean, who applied Such foveraigne medicines, that as foose, the paine was qualified, And he recur d, as nourilling sulke, when runnet is putin, Runnes all in heapes of tough thicke curd, though in his nature thinne Even to foone, his wounds parted fides, runneclofe in his recure; For he (all deathleffe) could not long, the parts of death endure. Then Hebe bath'd, and put on him, irelia garments, and he fate Exulting by his Sire againe, in top of all his flate; So (having from the spoiles of men, made his desir'd remove)

Inno and Pallar reaseand, the flattic Court of Jeve.

The end of the fifth Booke.

THE



THE SIXTH BOOKE OF HOMER'S ILIADS.

THE ARGUMENT.

The gods now leaving an indifferent field,
The Greekes prevaile, the flanghterd Trojans yeeld;
Hector (by Hellenus advice) prives
In hafte to Troj; and Hecuba, defires
To pray Minerva, to remove from fight
The fonne of Tydeus, her affected kaie by;
And vow to her (for favour of fact price)
Twelve Oxen Josuid be flaine in factifice.
In meane face, Glancus and Tydides meete;
And either other, with remembrante greet
Of old love twict their fathers; which inclines
Their hearts to friendfoip; who change armes for fignes
Of a continue d love for eithers life.
And eithing, in his armed armes, his same,
Hector, in his returne, meets with his wife,
And taking, in his armed armes, his same,
He prophecies the fall of Ilian.

Another Argument.
In Zeta, Hector Prophesies;
Prayes for his fonne: wils (acrifice.



He ftern fight freed of all the gods; conqueft, with doubtfull wings.
Flew on their lances; every way, the reftleffe field the flings,
Betwixt the flouds of Symois, and Xanthus, that confin'd
All their affaires at Ilion, and round about them flim'd.

The first that weigh'd downe all the field, of one particular side, Was Liax, some of Telamon: who like a bulwarke plide
The Greekes protection, and of Troy, the knotty orders brake:
Heldout a light to all the rest, and shew'd them how to make
Way to their conquest: he did wound the strongest men of Thrace,
The tallest, and the biggest set, [Ensorten Leama:)
His lance sell on his caskes plum'd top, in stooping, the fell head
Drave through his forchead to his jawes; his eyes Night shadowed.

Tydides flue Tenthranides, Axilus, that did dwell
Infaire Arisbas well-built towres, he had of wealth a Well,
And yet was kinde and bountifull: be would a traveller pray
To be his gueft, his friendly house stood in the broad high way;
In which, he all forts nobly us'd: yet none of them would stand
Twixe him and death; but both himselfe, and he that had command
Of his faire horse, Califus, fell livelesse on the ground,
Euryalus; Opbeltius, and Dresu dead did wound;

Tydides, alias Diamed (being [48 to Tydeus.) Nor ended there his fierie courfe, which he againe begins, And ran to it fuccessefully, upon a paire of twins,

Æ/pw, and bold Pedafar, whom good Bacetion,
(That first card father, though base borne, renown d Laomedon)
On Nais A barbaræagot, a Nymph that (as she sed
Her curled slockes) Bueslion wood, and mixt in love and bed.
Both these were spoild of armes, and life, by An existingles.

Then Polypates, for sterne death, Asialundid seise: visses such Percosius: Tencer, Aresaon:
Antiochus (old Nessors) oy) Ablesus: the great sonne
Of Atreus, and king of men, Elatus, whose abode
He held at upper Pedasus, where Satnius river flowd.
The great Heroe Leisus, staid Philacus in slight,
From surther life: Euripius, Melanthius rest of light.

The brother to the king of men, Adress tooke alive, Whose horse, (affrighted with the flight) their driver now diddrive, Amongst the low-growne Tamriske trees, and at an arme of one The chariot in the draught tree brake, the horse brake loose, and ron. The same way others fled, contending all to towne:
Himselfe close at the chariot wheele, upon his face was throwne, And there lay flat, roll'dup in dust: Airides inwards drave, And (holding at his breast his lance) Adress would be to save His head, by losing of his feet, and trusting to his knees:
On which, she same parts of the king, he huge, and offers fees Of worthy value for his life, and thus pleads their receipt:
Take me alive, O Atress sonne, and take a worthy weight Of brasse, claborate iron, and gold: a heape of pretious things Arein my sathers riches hid, which (when your servant brings

Tin Vi gill

Newes of my fafety to his eares) he largely will divide With your rare bounties: Atrew sonne thought this the better side, And meant to take it; being about to fend him fafe to fleete: Agamemnon to Which when (farre off) his brother faw, he wing d his royall feet, And came in threatning, crying out, O foft heart? what sthe cause Thou spar if these men thus have not they obseru'd these gentle lawes Of milde humanitie to thee, with mighty argument, Why thou shouldst dealethus? In thy house? and with all president Of honord guest rites entertaind? not one of them shall flye, A bitter endfor it, from heaven, and much leffe (dotingly) Scape our revengefull fingers: all, even th infant in the wombe Shall tast of what they merited, and have no other tombe, Then razed Ilion, nor their race have more fruit, then the duft. This just cause turnd his brothers mind, who violently thrust The priloner from him, in whole guts, the King of men imprest

Reffer to the Greeker. Of him that upwards fell) he drew, then Nefter spake to all:
Of friends and houshold men of Mars, let not your pursuit sall
With those ye fell, for present spoile, nor (like the king of men)
Let any scape unfeld: but on, dispatch them all, and then

His aften lance, which (pitching downe his foot upon the breft

Ye shall have time enough to spoile. This made so strong their chace. That all the Trojans had beene housed, and sever turned a face. Had not the Prismift Heleton (an Augure most of name) Will'd Heller, and Almen thet: Beller? Auchifes fanc? Since on your shoulders, with good cause, the weightic burthen lies Of Troy and Lycia, (being both, of nobleft faculties, For counfell, strength of hand, and apt, to take chance at her best. In every turne the makes) fland fall, and fuffer not the reft (By any way fearcht out for fcape) to come within the ports: Left (fled into their wives kinde armes) they there be made the sports Of the purfiting enemie exhort and force your bands To turne their faces: and while we employ our ventur'd hands (Though in a hard condition) to make the other flay: Heller, goe thou to Ilion, and one Queene mother pray, To take the richest robe the hath; the fame that's chiefly deare To her Court fancie: with which Temme, (affembling more to her, Of Troyes chiefe Mattons) levall goe, (for feare of all our fates) To Palles temple: take the key, unlockt the leavie gates, Enter, and reach the highest towre, where her Palladium stands. And onit put the precious weile, with pure, and reverend hands: And yow to her (belides the gift) a facrificing ftroke Of twelve fat Heifers of a yeare, that never felt the yoke : (Most answering to her maiden state) if the will pittle us: Our towne, our wives, our yougest joyce: and (him that plagues them thus? Take from the conflict; Diomed, that Furie in a fight, That true sonne of great Tydens, that curning Lord of Flight: Whom I effecte the fromgett Greeke: for we have never fled Achilles (that is Prince of men, and whom a Goddeffe bred) Like him, his furie flies to high, and all mens wraths commands. Hetter intends his brothers will, but first through all his bands,

He made quicke way, encouraging, and all (to Wate) affiaide:
All turnd their heads and made Greece turne. Slaughter flood fill difmaid
On their parts, for they thought fome God, fallen from the want of flarres,
Was ruthi into the Ilions aide, they made fuch dreadfull warres.

Thus Heller, toyling in the waves, and thrufting backe the floud Of his ebb d forces, thus takes leave: So, fo, now runs your bloud In his right current, Forwards now, Troisms? and firer cald friends? Awhile hold out, till for fuccelle, to this your brave amends, I hafte to Ilion, and procure our Councillours and wives To pray, and offer Fiecatombs, for their flate; in our lines.

Then faire-helm d Heller mind to Troy, and (ashe trode the field)
The blacke Bulshide, that at his backe he wore about his shield,
(In the extreme circumference) was with his gate so rocke.
That (being large) it (both at once) his necke and ankles knockt.

And now betwire the hofts were met, Hippolachae brane fonne Glaucas, who (in his very looke) hope of tone wonder wonne: And little Tydesse mightle heire, who feeing fuch a man Offer the field, (for ufunli blowes) with wondrous words begain.

Belienns to He. Ger and Antes:

Heller to the

How Hollor left the field.

The encounter of Disasted and Glaucius

What art thou /firongft of mortall men) that putft fo farre before? Whom these fights never show'd mine eyes? they have beene evermore Sonnes of unhappy parents borne, that came within the length Of this Minerva-guidedlance, and durst close with the strength That the infpires in me. If heaven be thy divine abode. And thou a Deitie, thus inform'd, no more, with any god Will I change lances: the ftrong sonne of Drias did not live Long after fuch a conflict dard, who godlefly did drive Nifeus Nurses through the hill, made facred to his name. And cald Niffeim: with a goade he puncht each furious dame. And made them every one cast downe their greene and leavie speares: This, t'homicide Lycurgus did, and those ungodly feares. He put the Froes in, seifd their god. Euen Bacebus he did drive From his Niffeiss, who was faine (with huge exclaimes) to dive Into the Ocean: Thetis there, in her bright bosome tooke The flying Deitie, who fo feard Lycurgus threats, he shooke : For which, the freely living gods, fo highly were incenft, That Saturns great sonne strooke him blinde, and with his life dispence Eu: small time after: all becavse th immortals lou'd him not : Nor lou'd him, fince he ftriv'd with them: and this end hath begot Feare in my powers to fight with heaven: but if the fruits of earth Nourish thy body, and thy life, be of our humane birth, Come neare, that thou maist soonearrive, on that life-bounding shore, To which I fee thee hoife fuch faile. Why don thou so explore,

(Said Glaneus) of what race I am! when like the race of leaves Diamed and his The race of man is, that deferves, no question, nor receives pidegree drawne Mv being any other breath: The wind in Autumne ftrowes The earth with old leaves, then the Spring, the woods with new endowes: And so death scatters men on earth: so life puts out againe Mans leavie iffue: but my race, if (like the course of men) Thou feekst in more particular termes: tis this, (to many knowne)

In midft of Argos, nurse of horse, there stands a walled towne Ephyré, where the Mansion house, of Sysiphus did stand, Of Syliphus Folides, most wife of all the land: Glaucus was sonne to him, and he begat Bellerophon, Whose body heaven indued with firength, and put a beauty on: Exceeding lovely: Pratsus yet, his cause of loue did hate, And banisht him the towne, he might: he ruld the argine state: The vertue of the one, love plac't beneath the others powre. His exile grew, fince he denied, to be the Paramour Offaire Anteia, Pratus wife, who felt a raging fire Of secret loue to him: but he, whom wisedome did inspire As well as prudence (one of them, adulting him to shunne The danger of a Princesse loue: the other, not to runne Within the danger of the gods: the act being simply ill) Still entertaining thoughts divine, subdu'd the earthly Bill. She(rul'd by neither of his wits) preferd her luft to both, And (false to Praiss) would seeme true, with this abhorr'd untroth,

Prates

Pratus? or die thy felfe (faid the) or let Bellerophon die: He urg'd dishonour to thy bed : which fince I did denie. He thought his violence should grant, and fought by force. The King, incenst with her report, resolv'd upon her course: But doubted, how it should be runne : he shun'd his death direct. (Holding a way fo neare, not fafe) and plotted the effect. By fending him with letters feald (that, opened, touch his life) To Rheuns King of Lycia, and father to his wife. He went, and happily he went: the Gods walkt all his way. And being arriv'd in Lycia, where Xanthus doth display The filver enfignes of his waves: the King of that brode land Received him with a wondrous free, and honourable hand. Nine daves he feafted him, and kild, an Oxe in enery day, In thankfull facrifice to heaven, for his faire gueft; whose flay, With rolle fingers, brought the world, the tenth wel welcomd morne: And then the King did move to fee, the lettershe had borne From his lou'd fonne in law, which feene, he wrought thus their contents. Chymere the inuincible, he fent him to convince: Sprung from no man, but meere divine; a Lyons shape before, Behinde, a dragons, in the midft, a Goats shage d forme she bore; And flames of feruencie, flew from her breath and eyes: Yet her he flue, his confidence, in facred prodigies Renderd him victor. Then he gaue his second conquest way. Against the famous Solymi, when (hehimselse would say Reporting it) he enterd on, a paffing vigorous fight. His third huge labour he approved, against a womans spight That fild a field of Amazons: he overcame them all. Then fet they on him flie Deceis, when Force had fuch a fall; An ambush of the strongest men, that spacious Lycia bred, Was lodg'd for him; whom he lodg'd fure: they never raifd a head, His deeds thus shewing him derin'd, from some Celestiall race, The King detaind, and made amends, with doing him the grace Of his faire daughters Princely gift; and with her (for a dowre) Gave halfe his kingdome; and to this, the Lycians on did powre More then was given to any King : a goodly planted field, In some parts, thicke of groues, and woods: the rest, rich crops did yeeld. This field, the Lycians futurely (of future wandrings there And other errors of their Prince, in the unhappic Rere

Of his fad life) the Errant cald . the Princefle brought him forth Three children (whose ends grien'd him more, the more they were of worth) was to found un-Ifander, and Hippolochus, and faire Landomy: With whom, even Impiter himselfe, left heaven it selfe, to lye;

And had by her the man at armes, Surpedon, cald divine. The Gods then left him (left a man should in their glories shine) And fet against him, for his sonne, I fandrus, sin a strife, Against the valiant Solymi) Mars reft of light and life,

Laodamia (being envied, of all the Goddeffes)

The golden-bridle-handling Queene, the maiden Patronesse,

Bellerophontis lucre Ad Eral. This long (pecch many Criticks taxe as untimely being (as they take it) in the beat of fight. Hier Vida: (a late obfereer) being eagreft a gainst Homer. whole igurance ia ibu, I cannot but no e, and prove to you: for (befides ih: amtheri y co office of a Post to vary and qui ken bis Poem wi b the/e epifods, fortimes bevora ti ca fure of their allions) de Critic. mores mot bewfa; bis forevunner prevents bu we It as far: and fets downs bis fpeech, as the ftrange turning of the Troim field, fet on a little before by Heller; andther fo fiercely, it mase an adm: ring ft and amoz He Grecuns. & therein gave fit time for thefe erea captaines to utter their admiratione: the wh.le field in that part being to fland like their Commanders. And then bow full of decorum this gallant

form and forceh

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Criticks go

cavill.

Sine with an arrow: and for this, he wandred evermore Aione through his Aleian field; and fed upon the core Of his fad bosome : flying all the loth'd conforts of men. Yet had he one furvived to him, of those three children: Hippolochus, the root of me : who fent me here with charge. That I should alwayes beare me well, and my deserts enlarge Beyond the vulgar : left I sham'd, my race, that farre exceld All that Ephyras famous towers, or ample Lycia held. This is my stocke, and this am I. This cheard Tydides heart. Who pitcht his speare downe; leand, and talkt, in this affectionate part.

Certefle (in thy great Ancetor, and in mine owne) thou art A quest of mine, right ancient: King Oenem twentie dayes Detain'd, with feasts, Bellerophon, whom all the world did praise: Betwixt whom, mutuall gifts were given: my Grandfire gave to thine. A girdle of Phoenician worke, impurpl'd wondrous fine: Thine gave a two-neckt lugge of gold, which though I use not here, Yet still it is my gemme at home. But if our fathers were Familiar; or each other knew, I know not, fince my fire Left me a child, at fiege of Thebes: where he left his lifes fire. But let us prove our Grandfires sonnes, and be each others guests: To Lycia when I come, do thou receive thy friend with feasts: Peloponnesus, with the like, shall thy wisht presence greet; Meanespace, shunne we each other here, though in the preasse we meet: There are enow of Troy belide, and men enough renownd. To right my powres, whom ever heaven fhall let my lance confound: So are there of the Greeks for thee: kill who thou canft: and now For figne of amitie twixt us, and that all these may know Topicos Size We glory in th'hospitious rites, our Grandlires did commend, Change we our armes before them all. From horse then Both descend,

Ioyne hands, give faith, and take; and then did Impiter * elate

The minde of Glaucus: who to shew his reverence to the state

By this, had Hetter reacht the ports of Scaa, and the towr's:

Of vertue in his Grandsires heart, and gratulate beside

text with it: which nely F mers origina!!,

The offer of fo great a friend: exchang d (in that good pride) Curets of gold for those of braffe, that did on Diomed thine: to ofed foly in One of an hundred Oxens price, the other but of nine.

razing my afte. About him flockt the wives of Troy, the children, paramours, arious, which I Enquiring how their husbands did, their fathers, brothers, loves. He stood not then to answer them; but faid, It now behoves and repleted bility of the free Ye should go all timplore the aide of heaven in a diffresse Of great effect, and imminent. Then hafted he accesse To Priams goodly builded Court: which round about was runne that firthe sup-With walking porches, galleries, to keepe off raine and Sunne; of folia Within of one lide, on a rew, of fundrie colour d flones, in the macinita Fiftie faire lodgings were built out, for Prisms fiftie fornes: Proceeds, 200 And for as faire fort of their wives, and in the opposite view Twelve lodgings of like frone, like height, were likewife built arew; Films Care. Where, with their faire and vertuous wives, twelve Princes, fonnes in law,

To honourable Prism. lay: And here mer Heraka (The loving mother) her great foame, and with her, needs must be The fairest of her female race, the bright Landice. The Opene gript hard her Hollers hand, and faid; O worthick fonce. Why leav'ft thou field? is vnot because the cursed nation Afflict our countriesen and friends? they are their mones that move Thy minde to come and lifethy hands (in his high towre) to leve : But flay a little, that my felfe, may fetch our fweetelt wine. To offer first to Impiter: then that these joynes of thine May be refreikt: for (woe is me) how thou art toyld and spent! Thou for our cities generali flate: thou, for our friends farre fent, Must now the preasse of fight induce: now solitude to call Vpon the name of Impiter: thou onely for us all. But wine will fomething comfort thee: for to a man difinaid. With carefull (picits, or 100 much, with labour overlaid, Wine brings much referre, ftrengthning much the body and the mind

The great Helme mover thus received, the authrefic of his kinde. My royall mother, bring no wine, left rather it impaire, Then helpe my firength, and make my minde, forgetfull ofth affaire Committed to it. And (to poure it out in facrifice) I feare, with unwalke hands to serve the pure-liv'd Deities, Nor is it lawfull, thus imbeen d with blond and duft, to prove The will of heaven: or offer vowes, to cloud-compelling leve. I onely come to use your paines (assembling other Dames, Matrons, and women honound moft, wals high and vertuous names) With wine and odors; and a rube, most sample, most of price; And which is dearest in your loss, to offer facrifice, In Pallas temple: and to put the pretious robe ye beare, On her Palladinta, wowing all, twelne Oxen of a yeare, Whole necks were never wrung with yoke, thall pay her Grace their lines, If the will pittie our fieg decrease; pittie our felues, our wines; Pittie our children; and semone from facred Ilion. The dreadfull fouldier Diemed; and when your felnes are gone About this worke, my felfs will goe, to call into the field, (If he will heare me) Hellens have, whom would the earth would yeeld, And headlong take into her gulfe, even quicke before mine eyes : For then my heart, I hope, would calk her lode of mileries; Borne for the plague he hash been borne and bred to the deface (By great Olympias) of Troy, our Sire, and all our race.

This faid grane Historie went home, and fent her maids about To bid the Mannon: the her felfe, descended, and fearche out (Within a place that breath therefrance) the richest robe she had: Which lay with tunny sich ones more, must curiously made By women of Sudering which Paris brought from thence, Sayling the broad Sea, when he made that stoyage of offence, In which he brombin home diclient. Thereabe, transferd to farre, (That was the undermost) factooke; it glittered like a ftarre; And with it, went the so the Fane, with many Ladies more :

Amongst

Chafte Theane, Anteners wife, and of Ciffew race,

Sifter to Hecaba, both borne to that great King of Thrace.

Her, th'Ilions made Minervas Priest, and her they followed all. Vp to the Temples highest towre; where, on their knees they fall-

Lift up their hands, and fill the Fane with Ladies pitious cries. Thems Miner. Then lovely Theans tooke the veile, and with it the implies The great Palladium, praying thus, Goddesse of most renowne? prajes to Palas. In all the heaven of Goddelles: great guardian of our towne? Reverend Minerva? breake the lance of Diemed: ceaffe his grace: Giue him to fall in thamefull flight, headlong, and on his face, Before our ports of Ilion; that instantly we may, Twelve unyok't Oxen of a yearc, in this thy Temple flay To thy fole honor; take their blonds, and banish our offence:

Accept Troyes zeale; her wines, and faue our infants innocence. She praid, but Pallas would not grant. Meanespace was Heller come Where Alexanders lodgings were, that many a goodly roome Had, built in them by Architects, of Troves most curious forts And were no lodgings, but a house; nor no house, but a Court; Or had all these containd in them; and all within a towre, Next Hetters lodgings and the Kings. The loud of heavens chiefe powre. (Hetter) here entred. In his hand, a goodly lance he bore. Ten cubits long; the brasen head went shining in before; Helpt with a burnisht ring of gold; he found his brother then Amongst the women; yet prepard, to goe amongst the men: For in their chamber he was fet, trimming his armes, his shield. His curets, and was trying how his trooked bow would yeeld To his streightarmes; amongst her maids was fet the Argive Queene, Commanding them in choilest workes. When Hellers eye had seene His brother thus accompanied; and that he could not beare The very touching of his armes, but where the women were; And when the time so needed men: right cunningly he chid, That he might doe it bitterly; his cowardife he hid (That fimply made him fo retird) beneath an anger faind, In him, by Heller; for the hate, the citizens fuffaind an. Against him, for the foile he tooke in their cause; and againe, dife be finds in For all their generall foiles in his. So Hetter feemes to plaine Of his wrath to them, for their hate, and not his cowardife; bim for bit as. As that were it that sheltred him in his effeminacies; And kept him in that dangerous time, from their fit aid in fight:

Heller diffem-Paris, turning it, as if he chief ger at the Treians for baring bim being conquered by Me-Bacie: which is all peraphrasticall in my tran

For which he chid thus, Wretched man? fo timeleffe is thy fpight, That tis not honest; and their hate is just, gainst which it bends: Warre burns about the towne for thee; for thee our flaughterd friends Beliege Troy with their carkaffes, on whose heapes our high wals Are overlookt by enemies: the fad founds of their fals Without, are eccho'd with the cries of wives and babes withins And all for thee: and yet for them, thy honor cannot win Head of thine anger: thou shouldst need, no spirit to stirre up thine,

But thine should fet the rest on fire; and with a rage divine Chastife impartiall the best, that impiously forbeares: Come forth, left thy faire towres and Troy, be burn'd about thine eares. Paris acknowledg'd (as before) all just that Heller spake; Allowing inflice, though it were for his iniuflice fake: And where his brother put a wrath, upon him by his art. He takes it (for his honours take) as fprung out of his heart: And rather would have anger feeme his fault, then cowardife: And thus he answer'd: Since with right you loyn'd checke with advise, And I heare you; give equali eare; It is not any spleene Against the Towne (as you conceive) that makes me so unscene; But forrow for it: which to eafe, and by difcourse digest, (Within my felfe) I live to close: and yet, fince men might wreft My fad retreat, like you; my wife (with her advice inclinde This my addression to the fields which was mine owne free minde. As well as thinftance of her words: for though the foyle were mine. Conquest brings forth her wreaths by turnes: flay then this hast of thine. But till I arme; and I am made, a confort for thee ftreight; Or go, Ilcovertake thy hafte. Helles frood at receipt.

By which had Paris no reply; this went her griefe affords: Brother (if I may call you to, that had beene better borne A dogge, then fuch a horrid Dame, as all men curse and scorne; A milchiefe maker, a man plague) O would to God the day That first gave light to me, had beene a whirlwinde in my way, And borne me to some defact hill, or hid me in the rage Of earthsmost farre-refounding feas, ere I should thus engage The deare lives of fo many friends: yet fince the Gods have been Helplesse fore-seers of my plagues, they might have likewise seene That he they put in yoke with me, to beare out their award, Had beene a man of much more spirit; and, or had noblier dar d To shield mine honour with his deed, or with his minde had knowne Much better the upbraids of men; that so he might have showne (More like a man) some sence of griefe, for both my shame and his: But he is fenfleffe, nor conceines, what any manhood is; Nor now, nor ever after will: and therefore hangs, I feare, A plague aboue him. But come neare; good brother, reft you here, Who (of the world of men) stands charg'd, with most unrest for me, (Vile wretch) and for my Lovers wrong; on whom a destinie So bitter is imposse by Iove, that all succeeding times

And tooke up all great Hellers powers tattend her heavie words.

Will put to our un-ended thames) in all mens mouthes our crimes. He answer d: Hellen, do not feeke to make me fit with thee: I must not stay, though well I know thy honour dlove of me: My minde cals forth to aid our friends in whom my absence breeds Longings to fee me: for whose fakes, importuncthou to deeds, This man by all meanes, that your care may make his owne make half, And meete me in the open towne, that all may fee at last, He minds his lover: I my felfe will now go home, and fee

Paris 's Heller.

Hellens ru b'all somplaint Is

Heller to Heiste

THE SIXTH BOOKE My houshold, my deare wife, and some, that little hope of me. For (fifter) tis without my skill, if I shall ever more Returne, and fee them; or to earth, her right in me reftore The Gods may stoupe me by the Greeks. This faid, he went to see The vertuous Princesse, histrue wife, white arm'd Andromache. She (with her infant sonne, and maide) was climbed the towre, about The fight of him that fought for her, weeping and crying out. Helfor, not finding her at home, was going forth, regirds Stood in the gate; her woman cald; and curiously enquir'd. Where the was gone; bad tell him true, if the were gone to fee His fifters, or his brothers wines? or whether the thould be At Temple with the other Dames, t'implore Minervas ruth. Her woman answer'd; fince he askt, and urg'd so much the truth; The truth was, the was neither gone to fee his brothers wives. His fifters, nor t'implore the ruth of Palles on their lives; But (the advertifde of the bane, Troy fuffer'd; and how vaft Conquest had made her selfe for Greece) like one distraught, made hast To ample Ilien with her sonne, and Nurse; and all the way Mourn'd, and diffolu'd in teares for him. Then Heller made no ftay; But trod her path, and through the ftreets (magnificently built) All the great Citic past, and came, where (seeing how blond was spilt) Andromache might see him come; who made as he would passe The ports without faluting her, not knowing where the was: She, with his fight, made breathleffe haft to meet him: the whole grace Brought him withall so great a dowre; she that of all the race Of King Etien, onely liv'd: Atien, whole house frood Beneath the mountaine Placius, equiron'd with the wood Of Theban Hippoplace, being Court, to the Cilician land: She ranne to Hetter, and with her (tender of heart and hand) Her sonne, borne in his Nurses armes: when like a heavenly figne, Compact of many golden starres, the Princely childe did Shine: Whom Heller cald Scamandrine; but whom the towne did name Astianax; because his fire, did onely prop the same. Heltor (though griefe bereft his speech,) yet smil'd upon his iov: Andromache cride out, mixt hands, and to the ftrength of Troy, Thus wept forth her affection: O nobleft in defire; Thy minde, inflam'd with others good, will fet thy felfe on fire. Nor pittiest thou thy sonne, nor wife, who must thy widdow be, If now thou iffue, all the field will onely runne on thee. Better my shoulders underwent the earth, then thy decease; For then would earth beare joyes no more: then comes the blackeincrease Of griefes (like Greeks on Ilion) Alas, what one furvines To be my refuge? one blacke day, bereft feven brothers lives, By sterne Achilles; by his hand, my father breath'd his last: His high wald rich Cilician Thebes, facke by him, and laid walk; The royall bodie yet he left unspoild: Religion charm'd

That act of spoyle; and all in fire, he burn'd him compleate arm'd; Built over him a royall tombe: and to the monument

He left of him: Th'oreades (that are the high descent Of Exis-bearing Impiter) another of their owne Did adde to it, and fet it round with Elms; by which is showne (In theirs) the barrennelle of death; yet might it ferne belide To shelter the faid Monument from all the ruffinous pride Of stormes and tempelts, usde to hurt, things of that noble kinde: The shortlife vet, my mother lived, he sav'd; and serv'd his minde With all the riches of the Realme; which not enough effeem'd. He kept her prisoner, whom small time, but much more wealth redeem'd: And she in Sylvaine Hyppoplace, Cilicia rul'd againe; But soone was over-rul d by death: Dianas chast distaine Gave her a Lance, and tooke her life; yet all these gone from me, Thou amply renderft all, thy life, makes still my father be-My mother; brothers: and besides, thou art my husband too: Most lov'd, most worthy. Pitie then (dearelove) and do not go; For thou gone, all these go againe: pitie our common joy, Left (of a fathers patronage, the bulwarke of all Troy) Thou leav'st him a poore widdowes charge; stay, stay then, in this Towre, And call up to the wilde Figge-tree, all thy retyred powre: For there the wall is easiest scal'd, and fittest for surprise: And there, th' Aiaces, I demen, th' Atrides, Diomed, thrife Have both furvaid, and made attempt. I know not, if induced By some wife Augure; or the fact was naturally inful'd Into their wits, or courages. To this, great Heller faid; Be well affurd wife, all thefe things, in my kinde cares are waid: But what a shame, and seare it is, to thinke how Troy would scorne (Both in her husbands and her wives, whom long-traind gownes adorne) That I should cowardly flie off? The spirit I first did breath, Did never teach methat; much leffe, fince the contempt of death Was fettl'd in me; and my minde knew what a Worthy was; Whole office is, to leade in fight, and give no danger paffe Without improvement. In this fire must Hedlers triall thines Here must his countrey, father, friends, be (in him) made divine. And fuch a ftormy day shall come, in minde and soule I know, When facred Troy shall shed her towres, for teares of overthrow; When Priam, all his birth and powre, shall in those teares be drownd. But neither Troyes posteritie, so much my soule doth wound: Priam, nor Hecuba her selfe, nor all my brothers woes (Who though so many, and so good, must all be food for foes) As thy fad flate; when some rude Greeke shall leade thee weeping hence; These three dayes clouded, and a night, of captine violence Loding thy temples: out of which, thine eyes must never fee; But spin the Greeke wives, webs of taske; and their Fetch-water be, To Argos, from Messeides, or cleare Hyperias spring: Which (howfoeuer thou abhorft) Fate's fuch a flarewish thing, She will be mistrisse; whosecurft hands, when they shall crush out cries From thy oppressions, (being beheld by other enemies) Thus they will nourish thy extremes. This dame was Hellors wife,

The names of troo foun aines: of which, one in Theffaly, the other neer Argon: or according to others in Pelo-

p noclus or La-

Geden ni

Helior to An-

aromac e.

Paris to Hellor.

Heller to Paris:

A man, that at the warres of Troy, did breath the worthieft life Of all their armie. This againe, will rub thy fruitfull wounds. To miffe the man, that to thy bands, could give fuch narrow bounds. But that day shall not wound mine eyes; the solide heape of night Shall interpole, and stop mine cares, against thy plaints, and plight.

This faid, he reacht to take his fonne: who (of his armes afraid: And then the horse-haire plume, with which, he was so ouerlaid. Nodded so horribly) he clingd backe to his Nurse, and cride. Laughter affected his great Sire; who doft, and laid afide His fearfull Helme, that on the earth, cast round about it, light. Then tooke and kift his louing sonne; and (ballancing his weight

I this (mile.

Hill ri proper And all the other bench of Gods: O you that have infused Soule to this Infant; now fet downe, this bleffing on his starre: Let his renowne be cleare as mine; equall his strength in warre;

In dancing him) thefe louing vowes, to living love he ufde.

And make his reigne fo strong in Troy, that yeares to come may yeeld His facts this fame; (when rich in spoyles, he leaves the conquer'e field Sowne with his flaughters.) These high deeds, exceed his fathers worth: And let this eccho'd praise supply, the comforts to come forth Of his kinde mother, with my life. This faid; th'Heroicke Sire Gaue him his mother; whole faire eyes, fresh streames of loves falt fire. Billow'd on her fost cheeks, to heare, the last of Hesters speech

In which his vowes comprise the summe, of all he did besech In her wisht comfort. So she tooke, into her odorous breft. Her husbands gift; who (mou'd to fee her heart so much oppress) He dried her teares; and thus defir'd: Afflict me not (deare wife) With these vaine griefes; He doth not live, that can dissorne my life And this firme bosome; but my Fate; and Fate, whose wings can flie? Noble, ignoble, Fate controuls: once borne, the best must dve:

Go home, and fet thy hulwifrie, on these extremes of thought: Anddrive warrefrom them with thy maids; keepe them from doing nought; These will be nothing; leave the cares of warre to men, and me; In whom (of all the Ilion race) they take their high'ft degree:

On went his helme; his Princesse home, halfe cold with kindly feares; When every feare turnd backe her looks; and every looke shed teares. Fo flaughterring Hectors house, soone reacht, her many women there Wept all to fee hers in his life, great Hellors funerals were;

Neuer lookt any eye of theirs, to fee their Lord fafe home. Scapt from the gripes and powers of Greece. And now was Paris come Paris overlakes From his high towres; who made no stay, when once he had put on

His richest armour; but flew forth, the flints he trod upon His fmile : bigh Sparkled with lufter of his armes; his long-cbd spirits, now flowd and expressive: The higher, for their lower ebbe. And as a faire Steed, proud word hath tran- With full-given mangers; long tied up, and now (his head-stall broke)

liatedit, 12. An. He breakes from fable, runnes the field, and with an ample ftroke Measures the center; neighs, and lifts aloft his wanton head: About his shoulders, shakes his Crest; and where he hath beene sed, Or in some calme floud washt; or (stung, with his high plight) he flies

Amongst

.--

Amongst his femals, strength put forth, his beautie beautisies. And like Lifes mirror, beares his gate: fo Paris from the towre Of lofty Pergamus came forth, he shewd a Sun-like powre In carrage of his goodly parts, address now to the strife. And found his noble brother necre, the place he left his wife. Him (thus respected) he falutes, Right worthy, I have feare That your so serious haste to field, my stay hath made forbeare. Aud that I come not, as you wish. He answerd, Honourd man. Be confident, for not my felfe, nor any others can Reprove in thee, the worke of fight, at least, not any such. As is an equal judge of things: for thou haft ftrength as much As serves to execute a minde, very important: But Thy ftrength too readily flyes off enough will is not put To thy abilitie. My heart is in my minds strife, sad, When Troy (out of her much diffresse, she and her friends have had By thy procurement) doth deprave thy noblenesse in mine cares: But come, hereafter we shall calme these hard conceits of theirs, When (from their ports the foe expulft) high Iove to them hath given

The end of the fixth Booke.

Wilht peace, and us free facrifice, to all the powers of heaven.

THE

Pallas to Apel'e.

His reply.

THE SEVENTH BOOKE OF HOMER'S ILIADS.

THE ARGUMENT. TEctor. by Hellenns advice doth feeke Adventurom combat on the boldeft Greeke. Nine Greeks frand up, Acceptants every one. But let feletts ftrong Ajax Telamon. Both, with high honor, fland th'important fight, Till Heralds part them by approched night. Laftly, they grave the dead: the Greeks erett A mightie wall, their Navie to protett. which angers Neptune. Iove, by haple figues, In depth of night, succeeding woes divines,

Another Argument.

In Eta. Priams ftrongeft fonne Combats with Ajax Telamon.

Thefe next foure Lookes have not any last band: & becanfe the veft fures, suspend them of these: Pare not the

His faid, brave Heller through the ports, with Troyes bane-bringing Made iffue to th'infatiate field, refolv'd to fervent fight. And as the weather-weilder fends, to Sea-men profperous gales, (for a time) wit V' hen with their fallow-polisht Oares, long lifted from their fals. Their wearied armes, diffolv'd with toyle, can scarce strike one stroke more, Like those sweet winds appear'd these Lords, to Troians tir'd before. Then fell they to the workes of death: by Paris valour fell King Areithous haplesse sonne, that did in Arna dwell, (Monesthisus) whose renown'd Sire, a Club did ever beare, And of Philomedusa gat (that had her eyes so cleare) This flaughterd iffue: Hetters dart, ftrooke Bionem dead. Beneath his good steele caske, it pierc't above his gorget stead. Glancus (Hyppolochus his fonne) that led the Lycian crew. Iphinous-Dexisdes, with fodaine Iavelin flew, As he was mounting to his horse: his shoulders tooke the speare, And ere he sate, in tumbling downe, his powers diffolved were. When gray-cyd Pallas had perceiv'd the Greekes fo fall in fight,

Pallas to the Grecian ayd: Apollo se she

Apollo (to encounter her) to Pergamus did flye, From whence he (looking to the field) with Troians victorie. Applies Palles At Ioves broad Beech these godheads met, and first Ioves some objects, Why, burning in contention thus, doe thy extreame affects Conduct thee from our peacefull hill? is it to overfway

From high Olympus top the stoopt, and did on Ilion light.

The

(Knight,

The doubtfull victory of fight, and give the Greeks the day Thou never pittieft perilling Troy: yet now let me perfwade, That this day no more mortall wounds, may either fide invade. Hereafter, till the end of Troy, they thall apply the fight, Since your immortall wils refolve to overturne it quite. Pallas replide, it likes me well; for this came I from heaven: But to make either army ceafe, what order shall be given? He faid, we will direct the spirit that burnes in Hectors breft. To challenge any Greeke to wounds, with fingle powers imprest. Which Greeks (admiring) will accept; and make some one stand out, So flout a challenge to receive, with a defence as flout: It is confirmd; and Hellenas (King Priams loved feed) By Auguric, discernd th'event, that these two powers decreed. And (greeting Hellor) askt him this: Wilt thou be once advis'de? I am thy brother, and thy life with mine is evenly prisde:

Helleran Priam. lozze. and a Propies 10 : effer.

Command the rest of Troy and Greece, to cease this publike fight, And what Greeke beares the greatest minde, to single strokes excite: I promise thee that yet thy soule shall not descend to faces, So heard I thy furvivall caft, by the celeffiali States. Hector with glad allowance gave his brothers counfell eare. And (tronting both the hoalts) advanct, just in the midst, his speare. The Troians inftantly furcease, the Greeks Atrides Staid : The God that beares the filver Bow, and warres triumphant Maide, On loves Beech, like two Vultures fat, pleas d to behold both parts. Flow in, to heare; fo sternly arm'd, with hinge shields, helmes and darts. And such fresh horror as you see, driven through the wrinkled waves By riling Zephyre, under whom, the fea growes blacke, and raves : Such did the haftie gathering troupes, of both hoafts make, to heare: Wholetumult lettl'd, twixt them both, thus foake the challenger : Heare Troians, and ye well arm'd Greeks, what my ffrong minde (diffusde

Through all my spirits) commands me speake; Saturnins hath not usde His promist favour for our truce, (but studying both our ils) Will never cease, till Mars, by you, his ravenous stomacke fils With ruin'd Troy, or we confume your mighty Sea-borne fleet. Since then, the Generall Peeres of Greece, in reach of one voyce meete, Amongst you all, whose breast includes the most impulsine minde, Let him stand forth as combatant, by all the rest designde. Before whom thus I call high Iove to witnesse of our strife. If he, with home-thrust iron can reach thexposure of my life, (Spoyling my armes) let him at will, conney them to his tent. But let my body be returnd, that Troyes two-fext descent May waste it in the funerall Pile: if I can slaughter him, (Apollo honouring me fo much) He spoyle his conquerd lim, And beare his armes to Ition, where in Apollos fhrine Ile hang them, as my trophies due: his body Ile refigne To be disposed by his friends, in flamie funerals, And honourd with creeted tombe, where Hellespontan fals Into Egæum, and doth reach, euen to your nauall rode,

Heller, to beti

The contras pre-

parca.

Simile.

That

All men, and faire-girt Ladies both, for honour cald him fo:

That when our beings, in the earth, shall hide their period. Suruiuers, failing the blacke fea, may thus his name renew: Epitaphiamper This is his monument, whose bloud, long fince, did fates embrew. amilipation m. Whom, palling farrein fortitude, illustrious Hettor flew. This shall posteritie report, and my fame never dyc.

This faid, dumbe filence feiz'd them all, they fhamed to deny. And fear'd to undertake. At last, did Menelam fpeake, Menclaus chides Checkt cheir remisnesse, and so sigh'd, as if his heart would breake.

O v. rè physic, Aye me, but onely threatning Greeks, not worthy Grecian names : his imicator.

This more and more, not to be borne, makes grow our huge defames. If Hellors honourable proofe, be entertained by none. But you arecarth and water all, which (fymboliz'din one) Have fram'd your faint unfirie spirits: ye fit without your hearts. Grofly inglorious: but my felfe, will use acceptive darts. And armeagainst him, though you thinke, I arme gainst too much ods:

But conquelts garlands hang aloft, amongst th'immortall gods. He arm'd, and gladly would have fought: but (Menelaus) then, By Hellors farre more ftrength, thy foule, had fled th' abodes of men: Had not the Kings of Greece flood up, and thy attempt reftraind,

wif r then his bra her.

And even the King of men himfelfe, that in such compasse raign'd. Who tookehim by the bold right hand, and sternly plucks him backe: Mad brother, tis no worke for thee, thou leekst thy wilfull wracke . Containe though it despite thee much, uor for this strife engage Thy person with a man more strong, and whom all seare t enrage: Yea whom Ascides himfelfe, in men-renowning warre, Makes doubtt encounter, whose huge strength, surpasseth thine by farre-Sit thou then by thy regiment, some other Greeke will rife (Though he be dreadleffe, and no warre, will his defires fuffice. That makes this challenge to our ftrength) our valours to avow:

Nefter to the

referas mibi Ia-

Qualis eram.

To whom, if he can scape with life, he will be glad to bow. This drew his brother from his will, who yeelded knowing it true. And his glad fouldiers tooke his armes, when Neftor did purfue The same reproofe he set on foot, and thus supplide his turne: What huge indignitie is this! how will our country mourne! Old Peleus that good King will weepe: that worthy Councellor, That trumpet of the Myrmidons, who much did aske me for All men of name that went to Troy, with joy he did enquire Their valour and their towardnesse: and I made him admire: But that ye all feare Heller now, if his grave eares shall heare, How will he lift his hands to heaven, and pray that death may beare His grieved foule into the deepe! O would to heavens great King, Minerva and the god of light, that now my youthfull spring Did flourish in my willing veines, as when at Phase towres, About the streames of Iardanus, my gather'd Pylean powres, And dart-employed Arcadians fought, neere raging Celadon: Amongst whom, first of all stood forth, great Ereuthalion, Who th'armes of Areithous word (brave Areithous)

And (fince he still fought with a club) signamed Clavigeras,

Soone should bold Heller be impuga'd: yet you that most are crown'd With fortitude, of all our hoft; even you, me thinks are flow, Not free, and let on fire with luft, t'encounter fuch a foe. Evemons fonne, Euripilus; and Andrewonides; And wife Vlyffes; every one, proposed, for combat stood. K 2

He fought not with a keepe-off speare, or with a farre shot bow: But with a maffic club of iron, he brake through armed bands: And yet Licurgus was his death, but not with force of hands: With fleight (encountring in a lane, where his club wanted (way) He thrust him through his spacious waste, who fell, and upwards lav-In death not bowing his face to earth: his armes he did despoyle; Which iron, Mars bestowd on him: and those in Mars his toile. Treargas ever after wore; but when he aged grew. Enforc't to keepe his peacefull house, their use he did renew. On mightie Erenthalions lims; his fouldier, loved well-And with these armes be challeng dall that did in Armes excell: All shook, and stood dismaid, none durst, his adverse champion make; Yet this fame forward minde of mine of choice, would undertake To fight with all his confidence: though yongest enemic Of all the armie we conduct; yet I fought with him, I. Minerva made me fo renownd; and that most tall strong Peere I flue; his bigge bulke lay on earth, extended here and there. As it were covetous to foread, the center every where. O that my youth were now as fresh, and all my powers as found;

With this, nine royall Princes role, Atrides for the firsts Then Diemed: th' Aiates then, that did th'encounter thirst-

King Idemen and his conforts, Mars-like Mericnes;

Whom all the Grecians Theas cald; fprong of Andremens bloud;

Againe Gerenius Nefter spake; Let lots be drawne by all, His hand (hall helpe the wel-arm'd Greeks, on whom the lot doth fall;

And to his wish shall he be helpt, if he escape with life, The harmfull danger breathing fit, of his adventrous firife.

Each markt his lot, and cast it in, to Agamemnons caskes The fouldiers prayed, held up their hands, and this of love did aske, (With eyes advanc't to heaven) O Iove, so leade the Heralds hand, That Aiax or great Tydeus fonne, may our wisht champion stand: Or elfe the King himfelfe, that rules, the rich Mycenian land.

This faid, old wefter mixt the lots: the formost lot survaid, With Aiax Telamon was fign'd; as all the fouldiers praid. One of the Heralds drew it forth, who brought and shewd it round, Beginning at the right hand first, to all the most renownd: None knowing it; every man denide: but when he forth did paffe, To him which marke and cast it in, which famous Aiax was,

He stretcht his hand, and into it, the Herald put the lot, Who (viewing it) th'inscription knew; the Duke denied not, But joyfully acknowledged it, and threw it at his feet, And faid, (O friends) the lot is mine, which to my foule is fweet;

The lot falt to

Nine Princer

ft and up to . 12

Lais advised b

Neftor for the

fre Heiter.

All

FOF

The combat.

For now I hope my fame shall rife, in noble Hetters fall. Handle Crops But whilft I arme my felfe, do you, on great Saturnius call; But filently, or to your felves, that not a Trojan heare-Or openly (if you thinke good) fince none alive we feare: None with a will, if I will not, can my bold powers affright, At least for plaine fierce swinge of strength, or want of skill in fight For I will well prove that my birth, and breed in Salamine. Was not all confecrate to meat, or meere effects of wine. This faid, the well-given fouldiers prayed; up went to heaven their eyne: O love, that Ida doest protect, most happie, most divine: Send victory to Ajax fide; fame; grace, his goodly lim: Or (if thy love, bleffe Hetters life, and thou haft care of him) Bestow on both, like power, like fame. This faid, in bright armes shone

m mier of ap. pro: h to die ionia:

siac arned, Marcht like the hugely figur'd Mars, when angry Inpiter, With strength, on people proud of strength, sends him forth to inferre Wreakfull contention; and comes on, with prefence full of feares So th' Achive rampire, Telamon, did twixt the hofts appeare:

The good firong Airx: who, when all his warre attire was on,

Smil'd; yet of terrible aspect; on earth with ample pace, He boldly stalkt, and shooke aloft, his dart, with deadly grace. It did the Grecians good to fee; but heartquakes shookethe joynts Of all the Trojans, Hetters felf, felt thoughts, with horrid points, Tempt his bold bosome: but he now must make no counterflight; Nor (with his honour) now refule, that had provoke the fight.

The right fide braffe, and feven Oxe hides, within it quilted hard:

The fine at A Aiax came neare; and like a towre, his faield his bosome bard.

Tychius the cur-Hinc illud.

Old Tychius the best currier, that did in Hyla dwell, Did frame it for exceeding proofe, and wrought it wondrous well. Dominies dipei With this flood he to Hetter close, and with this Brave began: Now Heller thou shalt clearly know, thus meeting man to man, What other leaders arme our hoft, besides great Their sonne: Who, with his hardic Lyons heart, hath armies overrunne.

But helyes at our crookt flernd fleet, a Rivall with our King In height of spirit, yet to Troy, he many knights did bring, Cocquall with Aacides; all able to fustaine

All thy bold challenge can import: begin then, words are vaine.

The Helme-grac't Hetter answer'd him; Renowned Telamon, Helim to Ains. Prince of the Souldiers came from Greece; affay not me like one, Yong and immartiall, with great words, as to an Amazon dame; I have the habit of all fights; and know the blondie frame Of every flaughter: I well know the ready right hand charge; I know the left, and every (way of my fecurefull targe; I triumph in the crueltie, of fixed combat fight, And manage horse to all designes; I thinkethen with good right, I may be confident as farre, as this my challenge goes, Without being taxed with a vaunt, borne out with empty shoes. But (being a fouldier fo renownd) I will not worke on thee, With least advantage of that skill, I know doth strengthen me;

And so with privitic of sleight, winne that for which I strive : But at thy best (even open strength) if my endevours thrive. Thus fent be his long lavelin torth, it ftrooke his foes huge shield.

Neere to the upper skirt of braffe, which was the eighth it held. Sixe folds th'untamed dare strooke through, and in the seventh tough hide.

The point was checkt: then wiex threw: his angry Lance did glide Onite through his bright orbicular targe, his curace, thirt of maile. And did his manly flomacks mouth, with dangerous taint affaile: But in the bowing of himfelfe, blacke death too fhort did ffrike:

Then both to plucke their Iavelins forth, encountred Lion-like. Whose blondy violence is increast, by that raw food they eare: Or Bores, whose firength, wilde nourishment, doth make so wondrous great.

Againe, Priamides did wound, in midft, his shield of braffe. Yet pierce not through the uper plate, the head reflected was: But Aiax (following his Lance) smote through his target quite.

And flavdbold Heller rushing in, the Lance held way outright. And hurt his necke, out guilt the blond: yet Heller ceast not so.

But in his strong hand tooke a Flint (as he did backwards go) Blacke, sharpe, and big, layd in the field: the seventold targe it smit.

Full on the boffe; and round about, the braffe did ring with it. But Aiax a farre greater stone, lift up, and (wreathing round,

With all his body layd to it) he fent it forth ro wound. And gave unmeasur'd force to it; the round stone broke within His rundled target: his lov'd knees, to languish did begin:

And he leand, ftretcht out on his shield; but Phulus rais'd him streight, Then had they layd on wounds with fwords, in ple of closer fight. Valeffe the Heralds (meffengers of gods and godlike men)

The one of Troy, the other Greece, had held betwist them then Imperiall feepters: then the one (Idam, grave and wife)

Said to them: Now no more my fonnes: the Soveraigne of the skies Doth love you both; both fouldiers are, all witnesse with good right,

But now night layes her mace on earth, tis good t'obey the night. Idem? (Telamon replide,) to Heller fpeake, not me : He that cald all our Achive Peeres, to station fight, twas he,

If he first cease, I gladly yeeld: great Heller then began : Aiax, fince leveto thy big forme, made thee fo firong a man, And gave thee skill to use thy farength; so much, that for thy speare,

Thouart most excellent of Greece, now let us fight forbeare-Hereafter we shall warre againe, till love our Herald be. And grace with conquest, which he will heavens yeeld to night, and we

Goe thou and comfort all thy Fleet; all friends and men of thine. As I in Troy my favourers, who in the Fane divine

Have offerd Orifons for me; and come, let us impart Some enfigues of our strife, to shew, each others suppled barts That men of Troy and Greecemay fay, thus their high quarrell ends: Those that encountring, were such foes, are now (being separate) friends.

He gave a fword, whose handle was, with filver fluds through driven. Scabard and all, with hangers rich: By Telamon was given. A

Saxis cuenant.

Heffer Brooks on bu kneet.

Ai x 10 Idexs.

Heffor to Alaz.

Heller gives A. iax a imord: Aiax, Heller a girale. Bet b which gif s were afterward caufe of both their d arts.

acrifice for victory.

Cezvivium à facrificio. Nestor to the Greeks. A faire well glossed purple waste. Thus Hester went to Troy,
And after him a multitude, fild with his safeties joy;
Despairing he could ever scape the puissant fortitude
And unimpeached Lian hands. The Greekes like joy renude,
For their reputed victory, and brought him to the King;
Who to the great Saturnides, preferd an offering:
An Oxe that sed on five faire springs; they sleep shard quartred him,
And then (in pieces cut) on spits, they rosted every lim:

Which neatly dreft, they drew it off: worke done, they fell to feaft : All had enough; but Telamon, the King fed past the rest. With good large pieces of the chine. Thus, thirst and hunger staid, Nefter (whose counsels late were best) vowes new, and first he faid: Airides, and my other Lords, a fort of Greekes are dead. Whose blacke bloud neare Scamanders streame, inhumane Mars hath shed: Their foules to hell descended are: it fits thee then our King, To make our fouldiers cease from warre; and by the dayes first spring, Let us our selves, assembled all, the bodies beare to fire, With Mules and Oxen neare our fleet; that when we homeretire. Each man may carry, to the fonnes, of fathers flaughterd here, Their honourd bones: one tombe for all, for ever let us reare, Circling the pile without the field: at which we will crect Wals, and a raveling, that may fafe, our fleet and us protect. And in them let us fashion gates, solid and bard about, Through which our horse and chariots, may well get in and out. Without all, let us dig a dike, so deepe it may availe Our forces gainst the charge of horse, and foot, that come t'assaile: And thus th'attempts, that I fee swell in Troys proud heart, skall faile. The King do his advice approve: fo Troy doth Court convent.

Antemors cou f. I to the Tro-IAMS. At Priams gate, in th'llion towre, fearfull and turbulents. Among ft all, wile Antener spake: Troians and Dardan friends, And Peeres affiftants, give good eare, to what my care commends. To your consents, for all our good: resolve, letus restore. The argive Hellen, with her wealth, to him she had before: We now defend but broken faiths. If therefore ye refuse, No good event can I expect, of all the warres we use.

Parureplies.

He ceast, and alexander spake, husband to th' Argive Queene;
Antener, to mine cares thy words, harshand ungracious beene:
Thou canst use better if thou wilt: but if these truly sit
Thy serious thoughts; the gods, with age, have rest thy graver wit:
To war-like Troians I will speake, I clearly doe deny
To yeeld my wise: but all her wealth, He render willingly,
What ever I from Argos brought; and vow to make it more;
Which I have ready in my house, if peace I may restore.

Priam, straam'd Dardanides (godsike in conniets grave)

Priamto th Tro iam: Which I have ready in my house, if peace I may restore,

Priam, sirnam'd Dardanides (godlike in connsels grave)
In his sonnes savour well advisde, this resolution gave;
My royall friends of every state, there is sufficient done,
For this late counsell we have cald, in th'offer of my sonne,
Now then let all take needfull food; then let the watch be set,

And every court of guard held ftrong: so when the morne doth wer The high raisd battlements of Troy, Ideas shall be sent To th Argive fleet, and Atress sonnes, a unfold my sonnes intent, From whose fact our contention springs: and (if they will) obtaine Respit from hear of sight, till sire consume our souldiers slaine: And after, our most sarall warre, let us important still.

Till sove the conquest bave disposed, to his unconquer'd will.

All heard, and did obey the King, and (in their quarters all,
All heard, and did obey the King, and (in their quarters all,
That were to feethe waten that night) did to their suppers fall.
Ideas in the morning went, and th Achive Peeres did sinde
In counsell at Atrides ship: his audience was affigured.

In counfell at Arrides thip: his audience was affigu'd:

And in the midft of all the Kings, the vocall Herald faid:

Atridet my renowned King, and other kings him this idea.

Atrides? my renowned King, and other kings his aide,
Propole by me, in their commands, the offers Paris makes,
(From whose joy all our woes proceed) he Princely undertakes
That all the wealth be brought from Greece (would he had died before)
He will (with other added wealth) for your amends reflore-

He will (with other added wealth) for your amends reftore:
But famous Menelana wife, he still meanes to enjoy,
Though hebe urg dithe contrary, by all the Peeres of Troy.
And this besides, I have in charge, that if it please you all;
They wish both sides may cease from warre, that rites of funerall
May on their bodies be performed, that in the fields lye slaine;
And after to the will of Fate, reme the fight againe.

All filence held at first: at last, Tydides made reply.

Let no man take the wealth, or Dames for now a childs weake eye

May see the imminent blacke end of Prisms Emperie.

This fentence quicke, and briefly given, the Greeks did all admire:
Then faid the King; Herald, thou hearfl, in him, the voice entire
Of all our Pecres, to answer thee, for that of Prisms sonne:
But, for our hunning of the dead, by all means them.

But, for our burning of the dead, by all meanes I am wonne To faitisfic thy King therein, without the flendreft gaine Made of their fpoyled carlaffles; but freely (being flaine) They shall be all consumd with fire: to witnesse which, I cite High thundring 1000; that is the king, of 1000 to beds delight.

With this, he held his scepter up, to all the skie thron'd powers:
And grave Idesu did remme to sacred Ilions towres,
Where Ilians, and Dardanians did ftill their councies plie,
Expecting his returne: he came, and told his Legacie.
All, whirlwinde like, affembled then some, bodies to transport,
Some to hew trees: On th'other part, the Argives did exhore
Their Souldiers to the same affaires: then did the new fir'd Sunne
Smite the broad fields, ascending heauen, and eth'Ocean smooth did runne:
When Greece and Troy mixt in such peace, you scarce could either know:
Then washt they off their bloud and dust, and did warme teares bestow
Vpon the slughterd, and in Carres, conveid them from the field:
Priam commanded none floudicesures have in this field:

Priam commanded none flould mourne, but in fill filence yeeld Their honor'd carkaffes to fire, and onely grieve in heart.

All burnd : to Troy, Troyes friends retire : to fleet, the Grecian part :

Idens to the Grecian firet.

Ideas to the

Diemed 10 12aus

Ag memmont

Yet doubtfull night obscur'd the earth, the day did not appeare: When round about the funerall pyle, the Grecians gatherd were: The pyle they circled with a tombe, and by it rail'd a wall, High towres to guard the fleet and them: and in the midft of all They built strong gates, through which the horse, and chariots passage had: Without the rampire a broad dike, long and profound they made. On which they Pallefados pitcht; and thus the Grecians wrought. Their huge works in so little time, were to perfection brought. That all Gods, by the Lightner fet, the frame thereof admir'd. Monest whom, the carthquake-making God, this of their King enquir da Father of Gods, will any man, of all earths graffic fohere.

Replune to lugiter.

Aske any of the Gods confents, to any actions there. If thou wilt fee the shag haird Greeks, with headstrong labours frame So huge a worke, and not to us, due offrings first enflame? As farre as white Auroras dewes, are forinkled through the aire. Fame will renowne the hands of Greece, for this divine affaire: Men will forget the facred worke, the Sunne and I did raife. For King Laomedon (bright Troy) and this will beare the praise. love was extremely mou'd with him, and faid, What words are thefe,

I ve to Neptune

Thou mightic shaker of the earth, thou Lord of all the seas? - Some other God, of farre lefte power, might hold conceits diffraid. With this rare Grecian stratageme, and thou rest well apaid. The fortification For it will glorific thy name, as farre as light extends:

tracifity Booke is Since, when these Greekes shall see againe their native soile and friends. (The bulwarke batterd) thou maift quite devoure it with thy waves, And cover (with thy fruitlesse sands) this fatall shore of graves: That what their fieric industries, have so divinely wrought. In raising it: in razsing it, thy power will prove it nought.

Thus spake the Gods among themselves : set was the fervent Sunne; And now the great worke of the Greeks was absolutely done. Then flue they Oxen in their tents, and strength with food reviv'd;

A fleet of wine When out of Lemnos a great fleet of odorous wine arriv'd;

And fudden fleeps refreshing gift, securely they received.

tunne, fent by Sent by Euneus, Iasons sonne, borne of Hypsiphile.

Euneus King of The fleet contained a thousand tunne; which must transported be Lemnes, lajons To Atrem fonnes, as he gave charge; whose merchandise it was. The Greeks bought wine for thining steele, and some for founding braffe, Some for Oxehides, for Oxen some, and some for prisoners. A fumptuous banquet was prepar'd, and all that night the Peeres. And faire-hair'd Greeks confum'd in feast: so Trojans, and their aide. And all the night love thunderd loud: pale feare all thoughts difmaide. While they were gluttonous in earth, Towe wrought their banes in heaven: They powr'd full cups upon the ground; and were to offerings driven, In stead of quaffings: and to drinke, none durst attempt, before In folemne facrifice they did almightie Iove adore. Then to their rests they all repair'd: bold zeale there seare bereav'd:

The end of the leventh Booke.



THE EIGHTH BOOKE OF HOMER'S ILIADS.

THE ARGUMENT. 7 Hen Iove to all the Gods had give n command, That none . to either hoft . fould belpfull ftand; To Ida he descends: and fees from thence Iuno and Pallas baffe she Greeks defence: whose purpose, his command by Iva given, Doth intervent; then came the filent Even; When Hector charede fires fould confume the night. Loft Greeks in darkneffe tooke fuspetted flight.

Another Argument.

In Thera Gods a Counfell have. Troyes conquest, glorious Hectors Brave.

He chearfull Ladie of the light, deckt in her faffron robe. Disperst her beames through every part of this enflowred globe, When thundring Iove a Court of Gods, affembled by his will. In top of all the topfull heights, that crowne th'Olympian hill.

Paisbrafis of the Manning gove to the beach oj D:1:1:5.

He spake, and all the Gods gave eare: Heare how I stand inclinde: That God nor Goddeffe may attempt, tinfringe my loveraigne mindes But all give fuffrage; that with fpeed, I may thefe discords end. What God foever i shall finde, indevour to defend Or Troy or Greece, with wounds to heaven, he (fham'd) shall reakend; Or (taking him with his offence) He call him downe as deepe As Tartarus (the brood of night) where Barathrum doth steepe Torment in his profoundest finks; where is the floore of braffe,

And gates of iron; the place, for depth, as farre doth bell furpaffe. As heaven (for height) exceeds the earth; then shall he know from thence, How much my power past all the Gods, bath soveraigne eminence. Indanger is the whiles and fee: let downe our golden chaine; And, at it, let all Deities, their unnost firengths constraine, To draw me to the earth from heaven: you never shall prevaile, Though with your most contention, ye dare my state assaile: But when my will shall be disposed, to draw you all to me; Even with the earth it selfe, and seas, ye shall enforced be. Then will I to Olympus top, our vertuous engine binde, And by it every thing shall hang, by my command inclinde:

So much I am supreme to Gods; to men supreme as much.

The Gods fat filent, and admir'd; his dreadfull speech was such.

Pirgil maketh bis liverpile his tl ce, add me. Bis paret in praceptantum tenditas fub umbras, &c. Homert golden chaine.

THE

The fight.

At last, his blue eyd daughter spake, O great Sasurnides,
O Father, O hearen highest King, well know we the execute
Of thy great power, compared withall-yet the hold Great sellate
We needs must mourne, since the small salt, several to that father
For if thy grave command enjoyine, we will abdusine from fight.
But to afford them such advice, as may relieve their plight,
We will (with thy consent) be bold; that all may not suffaine
The fearfull burthen of thy wrath, and with their shames be slaine.
He smil'd, and said; Be consident, thou art belowed of me

He fmil'd, and laid, Be confident, thou art belou'd of mel (peake not this with ferious thoughts, but will be kinde to thee.
This faid, his braffe hou'd winged horfe, he did to chariot bind

This faid, his braffe hou'd winged horfe, he did to chariot binde,
Whofe creft was fring d with manes of gold, and golden garments shin'd.
On his rich shoulders, in his hand, he tooke a golden scourge,
Divinely sashion'd, and with blowes, their willing speed did urge.

Divinely fathion d, and with blowes, their willing foeed did urge,

novelefands to Mid way betwire the carth and heaven; to Ida then he came,

Abounding in delicious fprings, and nurse of beafts untame;

Where (on the mountaine Gargarus) men did a Fane creet

To his high name, and altars (weet, and there his borfe he checkes

To his high name, and altars (weet, and there his horse he checkt; Dissolv'd them from his chariot, and in a cloud of jeate He cover d them, and on the top, tooke his triumphant seat; tout master. Beholding Prisms famous towne, and all the Fleet of Greece, Buth hesti arms. The Greeks tooke breakfast speedily, and arm'd at every peece:

So Trojans; who though fewer farre, yet all to fight tooke armes:
Dire need enfore them to avert, their wives and childrens harmes.
All gates flew open, all the hoft, did iffue, foot and horfe.

In mightie tumult: strait one place, adjoyn'd each adverse force: (postd: Then shields with shields met, darts with darts, strength against strength op-The bosse pik't targets were thrust on, and thundred as they closed In mightie tumult; grone for grone, and breath for breath did breath.

Of men then slaine, and to be slaine; earth slowd with fruits of death.

While the faire mornings beautie held, and day increaft in height;
Their Iavelins mutually made death, transport an equal freight:

Antays victoris But when the hot Meridian point, bright Phaebas did ascend,
The Meridian
Then Iove his golden Ballances did equally extend:

live Jovis due.

And of long rest conferring death, put in two bitter fates

find to Marso.

For Troy and Greece he held the midst: the day of final dates

Fell on the Greeks: the Greeks hard lots, sunke to the flowrie ground.

The Trojans leapt as high as heaven, then did the claps rescound,

Icust thunder a. Of his flerce thunder; lightning leapt, amongst each Grecian troope:

m ngs the Gre- The fight amazed them; pallid feare made boldest stomacks stoope.

Comp.

Then Idomen durst not abide; Atrides went his way,

Then Idomen durst not abide; Arrides went his way,
And both th' Aiaces: Nessor yet, against his will did stay
(That grave Protector of the Greeks) for Park with a dart
Enrag'd one of his chariot horse; he smore the upper part
Of all his skull, even where the haire, that made his foretop, sprung;
The hurt was deadly, and the paine, so fore the courser stung,
(Pierc't to the braine) he stampt and plung'd: one on another beares:
Entangled round about the beame; then Nessor cut the geres

With his new drawne authentique fword; meane while the firit horse Of Heller brake into the preasse, with their bold rulers force: Then good old Nester had beene slaine, had Diemed not especify the left importunately cried;

Who to Visses, as he fled, importunately cried;
Thou, that in counfels doft abound, O Lacritades,
Vyby flyeft thou? why thus cowardlike, thunft thou the bonourd preafle;

Why hyert thou: why thus cowardine, maint thou the monoiru a Take heed thy backe take not a dart; flay, let us both intend Todrivethis cruell enemie, from our deare aged friend.

He fpake: but warie Ithacus, would finde no patient care:
But fled forth right, even to the fleet: yet though he fingle were,
Brave Diomed mixt amongst the fight, and stood before the fleeds

Of old Neleides, whose estate, thus kingly be areeds:

Of ather, with these youths in fight, thou are unequall plac't,
Thy willing sinewes are unknit, grave age pursues thee fast,
And thy unruly horse are slow; my charior therefore use,
And tric how ready Trojan horse, can file him that pursues,
Pursue the slier, and every way, performe the varied fight:
I fore tehem from Auchises sone, well skild in cause of slight.
Then let my Squire leade hence thy horse muse thou shalt guard, whilst I
(By thee advanct) assay the fight, that Hellors selle may try
If my lance dote with the defects, that faile best mindes in age,

If my lance dote with the defects, that faile best mindes in age, Or finde the palicy in my hands, that doth my life engage.

This, noble Nefter did accept, and Diomeds two friends, Eurymedon, that valour loves, and Stoenelms, afcends, Old Nefters coach: of Diomeds horse, Nefter the charge suffains,

Old Neftors coach of Diomeds horie, Neftor the charge initians, And Tydem sonne tooke place of fight, Nestods held the rains, And soung of the horie, who switch ran, direct in Hettors face, Whom sierce Tydides bravely charges but, he turned from the chace,

His javeline Eniopeus (mit, mighty Thebeus (onne, And was great Hedors chariotere, it through his breaft did runne, Neare to his pappe, be fell to earth, backe flew his frighted horfo. His firength and foule were both diffolved. Bellor had deepe remorfo. Of his milhap, yet left he him, and for another fought.

Of his militap; yet left he him, and for another longhe.

Nor long his fixeds did want a guide: for ftraight good fortune brought

Bold Archeptelemas, whose life, did from Iphytis spring:

He made him take the reines and mount, then soules were set on wing:

Then high exploits were undergone, then Troians in their wals

Had beene infolded like meeke lambs, had sove winkt at their fals,

Who hurld his horrid thunder forth, and made pale lightnings flie Into the earth, before the horfe, that Nefer did apply.

A dreadfull flash burnt through the aire, that savourd sulphure-like, Which downe before the chariet, the dazled horfe did strike:

The faire reines fell from Nesters hand, who did (in feare) intrease

The faire reines fell from *Neffors* hand, who did (in feare) intreate Renownd Tytides, into flight, to turne his furies heate. For knoweft thou not, faid he, our aide is not fapplide from *Tove?*

This day be will give fame to Troy, which when it fits his love, We shall enjoy, let no man tempt his unresisted will, Though he exceed in gifts of strength: for he exceeds him still.

Nefter t

Diamed

With

THE EIGTH BOOKE

France (cepited the King) tis true: but both my heart and fonle re noft extremely griev'd to thinke how Heller will controule No varour with his vants in Troy: that I was terror-ficke Whih his approach: which when he boafts, let earth deuoure me quicke. An warlike Tydein sonne (faid he) what needlesse words are these? Though Heiter should report thee faint, and amorous of thy cafe. The Fromms nor the Troian wives, would never give him truft. Whele youthfull husbands thy free hand, hath fmotherd fo in dust: This faid, he turn dhis one hou'd horfe, to flight, and troope did take;

ii. or brave to Diemed.

1. Tirket i

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And pour'd on darts, that made aire figh: then Hetter did exclaime, O I view some, the Kings of Greece doe most renowne thy name With highest place, feasts, and full cups, who now will doe thee shame : Thou shalt be like a woman usde, and they will say; Depart Immortall minion, fince to fland, Heller thou half no hart.

When thefor and his men with shouts, didgreedy pursuit make,

Nor canst thou scale our turrets tops, nor leade the wives to fleet Of valiant men, that wifelike fear'it, my aductie charge to meet. This, two waies mou'd him, still to flye, or turne his horse and fight: Thrife thruft he forward to affault, and every time the fright Of loves fell thunder draue him backe: which he proposed for siene

(To thew the change of victory) Trojans thould victors thine. Then Hector comforted his men: All my adventrous friends. Be men, and of your famous ftrength, thinke of the honourd ends? I know, beneuolent Iupiter; did by his becke professe Conquest, and high renowne to me; and to the Greekes distresse. O fooles, to raife fuch filly forts, not worth the least account,

Nor able to relift our force, with case our horse may mount, Quite ouer all their hollow dike: but when their fleet I reach. Let memory to all the world, a famous bonfire teach: For, I will all their thirs inflame, with whose infestive smoke

(Feare shrunke and hidden neere their keels) the conquerd Greeks shall choke. Then cherishe he his famous horse: O Xanthus, now, said he,

The mames of Heckors borfe. And thou Podargus: Athon to, and Lampus, deare to me;

ARS to Feb.

Make me some worthy recompence, for so much choice of meate, Giuen you by faire Andromache, bread of the purest wheate, And with it (for your drinke) mixt wine, to make ye wished cheare, Still feruing you before my felfe (her husband yong and deare:)

Nefors Fried

Pursue and use your swiftest speed, that we may take for prise The shield of old Neleides, which Fame lifts to the skies, Euen to the handles, telling it, to be of maffie gold: And from the shoulders let us take, of Diomed the bold. The royall curace Vulcan wrought, with art fo exquisite. Thefe if we make our facred spoyle, I doubt not, but this Night, Euen to their nauie to enforce, the Greekes vnturned flight. This Iuno tooke in high disdaine, and made Olympus shake,

As the but flird within her throne, and thus to Neptune fpake; O Neptune, what a spite is this? thou God so huge in power, Afflicts it not the honour'd heart, to fee rude fooile devoure

These Greekes that have in Helice, and Aege, offred thee So many and so wealthy gifts, let them the victors be; If we that are the aids of Greece, would beate home thefe of Trov. And hinder broad eyd loves proud will, it would abate his joy. He (angry) told her, the was rath, and he would not be one.

Mep was to lane

Of all the reft, should strine with Tove, whose power was matcht by none! Whilesthey conferd thus, all the space; the trench containd before. (From that part of the fort that flaillt, the nauie-anchoring (hore) Was fild with horse and targateirs, who therefor refuge came. By Mars-Iwift Hollers power engagede; love gave his ftrength the fame :

And he with spoileful fire had burnt the fleet : if Innes grace had not inforred the King himfelfe, to run from place to place.

And fir up enery fouldiers power, to fome illustrious deed: First visiting their leaders tents, his ample purple weed He wore, to thew all who he was; and did his station take

At wife Vly (les fable barkes, that did the battell make Of all the fleet; from whence his speech, might with more case be driven

To Aiax and Achilles thips, to whose chiefe charge were given The Vantguard and the Rereguard both; both for their force of hand. And trufty bosomes. There arrind, thus urg'd he to withfland

Th'infulting Troians; O what shame, ye emptie hearted Lords, Is this to your admired formes? where are your glorious words? In Lemnos vannting you the best of all the Grecian host? We are the strongest men (ye said) we will command the most.

Eating most flesh of high bornd becues, and drinking cups full crownd : And enery man a hundred foes, two hundred will confound; Now all our strength, dar'd to our worst, one Hester cannot tame,

Who presently with horrid fire, will all our fleet inflame. O Father Iove, hath ever yet, thy most unsuffred hand

Afflicad, with fuch spoyle of soules, the King of any land? And taken so much fame from him? when I did never faile (Since under most unhappy starres, this fleet was under faile) Thy glorious altars, I protest; but above all the gods,

Have burnt fat thighs of beeves to thee, and praid to raze th'abodes Of rape-defending llions, yet grant (almighty Ieve)

One favour, that we may at least, with life from hence remove : Not under such inglorious hands, the hands of death employ, And where Troy should be stoopt by Greece, let Greece fall under Troy.

To this even weeping King, did I ove, remorfefull andience give, And shooke great heaven to him, for figue, his men and he should live : Then quickly cast be off his hawke, the Eagle prince of aire, That perfects his unspotted vowes, who seild in her repaire A fucking hinde calle, which the truft, in her enforcive feeres.

And by loves altar let it fall, amongst thamazed Pecres, Where the religious Achive Kings, with facrifice did pleafe The author of all Oracles, divine Saturnides.

Now when they knew the bird of Iove, they turnd couragious head : When none (though many Kings put on) could make his vaunt, he led Trdides

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Agamemmons expropration of the Greeks.

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Diemed.

Traides to renewd affault: or iffued first the dike. Or first did fight: but tarre the first, stone dead his lance did strike Arm'd Argelam: by descent, surnam'd Phradmonides: He turn'd his ready horse to flight; and Dismeds lance did seise His backe betwixt his shoulder blades, and lookt out at his breff. He fell, and his armes rang his fall. Th' Atrides next addrest Themselves to fight; th' Aiaces next, with vehement strength endude: Idomeneus and his friend, flout Merion, next purfude: And after these Euripelus, Euemons honord race :

under diax Mich.

The ninth, with backward wreathed bow, had little Teucer places Teucer ferving He still fought under Aiax shield; who sometimes held it by. And then he lookt his object out, and let his arrow flye : And whomfoever in the preasse, he wounded, him he sluc, Then under Aiax feven-fold shield, he presently withdrew: He far'd like an unhappy child, that doth to mother run For fuccour, when he knowes full well, he some shrewd turne hath done. What Troians then were to their deaths, by Tencers shafts imprest : Haplesse Orsylochus was first; Ormenus, Ophelest, Detor, and hardy Cronius, and Lycophon divines And Amopaon, that did spring, from Polyemons line, And Menalippus: all on heapes, he tumbled to the ground. The King rejoye't to fee his shafts, the Phrygian ranks confound: Acumennon to Who firaight came neare, and spake to him; O Teucer lovely man. Strike still so sure, and be a grace to every Grecian;

And to thy father Telamon, who tooke thee kindely home. (Although not by his wife, his fonne) and gave thee fofter roome. Even from thy childhood; then to him, though far from hence remou'd. Make good fame reach; and to thy selfe, I vow what shall be provid: If he that dreadfull Equ beares, and Pallas grant to me Th'expugnance of well-builded Troy, I first will honour thee, Next to my felfe with some rich gift, and put it in thy hand: A three-foot veffell, that for grace, in facred Fanes doth stand: Or two horse and a chariot, or else a lovely Dame, T hat may ascend on bed with thee, and amplific thy name.

Tenter to Agamemman.

Tencer right nobly answerd him: Why (most illustrious King) I being thus forward of my felfe, doft thou adjoyne a fling? Without which, all the power I have, I cease not to employ: For, from the place where we repullt the Troians towards Troy, I all the purple field have ftrew'd, with one or other flaine: Eight shafts I shot, with long steele heads, of which not one in vaine; All were in youthfull bodies fixt, well skild in warres constraint: Yet this wild dog, with all my aime, I have no power to taint-This faid, another arrow forth from his stiffe string he sent, At Hetter, whom he long d to wound, but ftill amiffe it went: His thaft fmit faire Gorgythion, of Priams princely race, Who in Æpina was brought forth (a famous rowne in Thrace) By Castianira; that, for forme, was like celestiall breed. And as a crimfon Poppie flower, furcharged with his feed,

And

And vernall humours falling thicke, declines his heavie brows So, of one fide, his helmets weight, his fainting head did bow; Yet Tencer would another thaft at Hedlers life dispose: So faine, he such a marke would hit: but still besides it goest Apollo did avert the shaft : but Heisers charioteere Bold Archepsoleman he fmit, as he was rushing necre To make the fight : to earth he fell, his swift horse backe did flie. And there, were both his ftrength and fonle, exilde eternally. Huge gricfe, for Hetters flaughter'd friend, pincht in his mightie minde: Yet was he fore't to leave him there, and his void place refignd To his fad brother, that was by: Cebriones: whose eare Receiving Hellors charge, he straight the weightie reines did beares And Heller from his thining coach (with herrid voice) leapt on, To wreake his friend on Tencers hand; and up he tooke a flone. With which hearthe Archer ranne; who, from his quiner, drew A sharp-pilde shaft, and knockt it fure: but, in great Heder, flew, With fuch fell speed, that in his draught, he his right shoulder strooke, Where twixt his necke and breaft, the ioynt, his native closure tooke: The wound was wondrous full of death, his firing in funder flees. His nummed hand fell firengthieffedowne, and he upon his knees. Ajax neglected not to sid, his brother thus depreft; But came and faft him with his fluidly and two more friends addrest To be his aide, tooke him to fleet: Mecifing, Eching fonne. And gay Alafter: Teneer figh'd, for all his fervice done. Then did Olympias, with fresh strength, the Trojan powers revive; Who to their trenches once againe, the troubled Greeks did drine. Hetter brought terrour with his firength, and ever fought before.

As when some highly stomackt hound, that hunts asylvan Bore, Or Kingly Lion, loves the hanch, and pincheth oft behinde. Bold of his feet, and still observes the game, to turne inclind, Not utterly diffolu'd in flight. So Heller did purfue; And whofocuer was the laft, he cuer did fubdue. They fled, but when they had their dike, and Pallefadoes paff, (A number of them put to (word) at thips they flaid at last: Then mutuall exhortations flew, then all with hands and eyes. Advanct to all the Gods, their plagues, wrung from them open cries. Heller with his foure rich man'd horse, affanting alwayes rode; The eyes of Gorgon burnt in him, and warres vermilion God. The Goddeffe that all Goddeffes (for fnowie armes) out thin'd, Thus spake to Pallas; to the Greeks, with gracious ruth inclind. O Pallas, what a gricfe is this? is all our fuccour past

To these our perishing Greeian friends? at least withheld at last?

Even now, when one mans violence, must make them perish all,

The Azure Goddoffe answerd her; Thisman hadfurely found

In fatisfaction of a Fate, fo full of funerall?

Helfer Priamides nowranes, no more to be endur'd.

That hath alreadie on the Greeks, so many harmes inur'd.

Inno to Pellas

Heliars terrible

His fortitude and life diffolu'd, cuen on his fathers ground,

Вy

By Grecian valour; if my Sire, infelted with ill moods, Did not so dote on these of Troy, too jealous of their bloods: And ever, an unjust repulle, stands to my willing powres: Little remembring what I did, in all the desperate houres Of his affected Hercules: I ever refeued him. In labours of Enrifthens, untoucht in life or lim. When he (heaven knows) with drowned eyes, looks up for help to heaven: Which euer at command of love, was by my suppliance ginen. But had my wisedome reacht so farre, to know of this event. When to the folid ported depths of hell his sonne was sent, To hale out hatefull Plutees dogge, from darksome Erebus, He had not scapt the streames of Sign, so deepe and dangerous: Yet love hates me, and thews his love, in doing Thesis will. That kift his knees, and strok't his chin; praid, and importun'd still, That he would honour with his aide, her citie-razing fonne. Displeasde Achilles: and for him, our friends arethus undone. But time shall come againe, when he (to do his friends some aid) Will call me his Glaucopides; his Iwees and blew eyd maid. Then harnelle thou thy horse for me, that his bright Pallace gates I foone may enter, arming me, to order thefe debates: And I will tric if Priams sonne, will still maintaine his cheare, When in the crimion paths of warre, I dreadfully appeare; For some proud Trojan shall be sure, to nourish degges and fowls, And paue the shore with fat and flesh, deprined of lives and soules. Juno prepar d her horse, whose manes, Ribands of gold enlact. Pallas her partie coloured robe; on her bright shoulders caft.

Dininely wrought with her owne hands, in thentrie of her Sire: Then put the on her ample breaft, her under-arming tire, And on it her celestiall armes: the chariot streight she takes, With her huge heavie violent lance, with which the flaughter makes lanob r wag. Of armies, fatall to her wrath: Saturnia whipt her horfe, And heaven gates, guarded by the Howres, op't by their proper force:

gou: [[e-True to Iris.

Highly displeased: he Iris cald, that hath the golden wings, And faid; Flie Iris, turne them backe, let them not come at me: Our meetings (feuerally disposd) will nothing gracious be. Beneath their o'rethrowne chariot, Ile shiner their proud steeds: Hurle downe themselues, their wagon breake, and for their stubborne deeds, In ten whole yeares they shall not heale, the wounds I will impresse With horrid thunder; that my maid may know, when to addresse Armes against her father. For my wife, the doth not so offend,

Through which they flew. VV hom when Iove faw (fet neare th' Idalian fpring)

time beecen. Iris, with this, left Idas hils, and up t'Olympus flew, Met (neare heauen gates) the Goddesses, and thus their haste with drew. What course intend you? why are you, wrapt with your fancies storme? Iove likes not ye should aid the Greeks, but threats, and will performe, To crush in pieces your swift horse, beneath their glorious yokes, Hurle downe your selnes, your chariot breaker and those impoysoned strokes

T'is but her use to interrupt, what ever I intend.

His wounding thunder thall imprint, in your celestiall parts. In ten full Springs ye shall not cure: that the that tames proud hearts (Thy felfe, Minerva) may be taught, to know for what, and when, Thon doft against thy father fight; for fometimes children May with discretion plant themselves, against their fathers wils-But not where humors onely rule, in workes beyond their skils. For, lane, the offends him not, nor vexeth him fo much: For, 'tis his use to crosse his will, her impudence is such. The habite of offence in this, the onely doth contract. And so grieves or incenseth lesse, though nere the lesse her fact:

But thou most griev'st him (dogged Dame) whom he rebukes in time, Left filence should pervert thy will, and pride too highly clime In thy bold bosome (desperategirle) ifferiously thou dare

Lift thy unweildie lance gainft love, as thy pretences are. She left them, and Saturnia faid, Ay me thou feed of love, By my advice we will no more, unfit contention move

With Impiter for mortall men; of whom, let this man dve. And that man live, who ever he purfues with deffinie: And let him (plotting all events) dispose of either host,

As he thinks fittest for them both, and may become us most. Thus turnd the backe, and to the Howres, her rich man'd horfe refigned,

Who them t'immortall mangers bound; the chariot they inclin'd Beneath the Christall wals of heaven and they in golden thrones Conforted other Deities, replette with paffions.

Ieve. in his bright-wheeld chariot, his firie horse now beats, Vp to Olympus; and aspir d the gods eternall seats: Great Neptane loos'd his horfe, his Carre, upon the altar plac't. And heavenly-linnen Coverings, did round about it caft. The farre feer us'd his throne of gold: the vast Olympus shooke Beneath his feet, his wife, and maid, apart their places tooke: Nor any word afforded him: he knew their thoughts, and faid;

Why doe you thus torment your felves? you need not fit difmaid With the long labours you have us'd, in your victorious fight, Destroying Trojans: gainst whose lives, you heape such high despight. Ye should have held your glorious course; for be affur'd, as farre As all my powres (by all meanes urg'd) could have fuffaind the warre: Not all the hoft of Deities, should have retir d my hand From vowd inflictions on the Greeks: much leffe, you two withftand.

But you before you faw the fight, much leffe the flaughter there, Had all your goodly lineaments, possess with shaking feare; And never had your chariot borne, their charge to heaven againe: But thunder should have smit you both, had you one Trojan slaine.

Both Goddesses let fall their chins, upon their Ivorie breasts, Set next to Iove, contriving ftill, afflicted Troyes unrefts : Pallas for anger could not speake, Saturnia, contrary, Could not for anger hold her peace, but made this bold reply;

Not to be fuffred Inpiter, what needs thou still enforce Thy matchleffe power? we know it well: But we must yeeld remorfe Facile facit gwd femper

113

Funo 10 Pallas.

Fire to lung Sceptice,

Jumo to Indicer.

To them that yeeld us facrifice: nor needst thou thus deride Our kinde obedience, nor our griefes, but beare our powers applide To just protection of the Greeks, that anger tombe not all In Troyes foulegulfe of perjurie, and let them stand, should fall. Grieve not (faid leve) at all done yet: for if the faire eves pleafe. This next red morning they shall see the great Saturnides Bring more destruction to the Greekes: and Heller shall not cease. Till he have rowfed from the Fleet, fwift-foot Accides : In that day, when before their thips, for his Patroclus flaine. The Greeks in great distresse shall fight, for so the Fates ordaine. I weigh not thy displeased spleene, though to thextremest bounds Of earth and feas it carry thee; where endleffe night confounds laper, and my dejected Sire, who fit fo farre beneath. They never fee the flying Sunne, nor heare the winds that breath, Neare to profoundest Tartarus: nor thitherif thou went, Would I take pitty of thy moods, fince none more impudent. To this, the nothing did reply: and now Sols glorious light Fell to the fea, and to the land, drew up the drowfie night:

The Troians griev d at Phabou fall, which all the Greeks defir'd: And fable night (so often wisht) to earths firme throne aspir'd. Heller (intending to confult) neare to the gulfie floud Farrefrom the Fleet, led to a place, pure, and exempt from bloud. The Troians forces: from their horse, all lighted, and did heare Th'Oration Iove-lov'd Heller made; who held a goodly speare, Eleven full cubits long, the head was braffe, and did reflect A wanton light before him still, it round about was deckt With strong hoopes of new burnisht gold. On this he leand, and faid:

Heller to b. friends.

11.27 febr.

A little fince, I had conceit, we should have made retreate. By light of the inflamed fleet, with all the Greekes escheates But darknesse hath prevented us, and saf'd, with speciall grace, These Achives, and their shore-hal'd fleet. Let us then render place, To facred Night, our suppers dreffe; and from our chariot free Our faire-man'd horse, and meate them well: then let there convoid be, From forth the citie presently, Oxen, and well fed sheepe; Sweet wine, and bread, and fell much wood, that all night we may keepe Plenty of fires, even till the light bring forth the lovely morne.

Heare me my worthy friends of Troy, and you our honord aid:

Fine parant .171 401.

And let their brightnesse glase the skies, that night may not suborne The Greekes escape, if they, for flight: the seas broad backe would take At least they may not part with case, but as retreit they make, Each man may beare a wound with him, to cure when he comes home, Made with a shaft or sharpned speare, and others feare to come, With charge of lamentable warre, gainft fouldiers bred in Trov. Then let our Heralds, through the towne, their offices imploy, To warne the youth, yet short of warre, and time-white fathers, past, That in our god-built towres they see, strong courts of guard be plac't, About the wals, and let our Dames, yet flourishing in yeares, That (having beauties to keepe pure) are most inclined to feares,

(Since darkneffe in diftreffefull times, more dreadfull is then light) Make loftic fires in every house: and thus, the dangerous night. Held with strong watch; if th'enemie have ambuscadoes laid Neare to our wals (and therefore feeme, in flight the more difmaid. Intending a furprife, while we, are all without the towne) They every way shall be impugn'd, to every mans renowne. Performe all this brave Trojan friends: what now I have to fav. Is all exprest; the chearfull morne, shall other things display; It is my glory (putting truft, in Iove, and other Gods) That I shall now expulse these dogges, fates fent to our abodes: Who bring oftents of deftinie, and blacke their threatning ficet. But this night let us hold ftrong guards: to morrow we will meet (With fierce-made warre) before their flaips; and Ile make knowne to all, If strong Tydides, from their ships can drive me to their wall, Or I can pierce him with my fword; and force his bloudie fpoyle: The wished morne shall shew his power, if he can shunne his foyle, I running on him with my Lance: I thinke when day afcends, He shall lye wounded with the first, and by him many friends. O that I were as fure to live, immortall, and fuftaine No frailties, with increasing yeares, but evermore remaine Ador'd like Pallas, or the Sunne; as all doubts dye in me. That heavens next light shall be the last, the Greeks shall ever see. This speech all Trojans did appland; who from their traces losde Their sweating horse; which severally with headstals they reposde,

Fat theepe and oxen, inftantly; bread, wine; and hewed downe Huge store of wood: the winds transferd, into the friendly skic. Their suppers favour; to the which, they fate delightfully. And spent all night in open field; fires round about them shinde: As when about the filver Moone, when ayre is free from winde, And stars shine cleare; to whose sweet beames, high prospects, and the brows feats Troins. Of all steepe hils and pinnacles, thrust up themselves for showes: And even the lowly vallies joy, to glitter in their fight. When theunmeafur'd firmament, burfts to disclose her light. And all the fignes in heaven are feene, that glad the shepheards heart; So many fires disclosed their beames, made by the Trojan part, Before the face of Ilian; and her bright turrets show'd. A thousand courts of guard kept fires: and enery guard allow'd Fiftie stont men, by whom their horse, eateoates, and hard white come, And all did wilfully expect, the filner-throned morne:

And fastned by their chariots; when others brought from towne.

The end of the eighth Booke.

THE

rum aftres pers

the Greeks.

Long time still filence held them all; at last did Diomed rife:

THE NINTH BOOKE OF HOMER'S ILIADS.

THE ARGUMENT.

TO Agamemnon (arging hopeleffe flight)
Stand Diomed, and Neltor oppolite:
By Neltors counfell, Legats are dismist,
To Thetis some, who still denies to affish.

Another Argument.

lota sings the Ambassie, And great Achilles sterne replie.

O held the Trojans fleeples guard; the Greeks to flight were given: The feeble confort of cold feare (strangely insusde from heaven) Griefe, not to be endurd, did wound, all Greeks of greatest worth, And as two lateral-fited winds (the West wind and the North) Meete at the Thracian feas blacke breaft; ioyne in a fudden blore; Tumble together the darke waves, and powre upon the shore A mightie deale of froth and weed, with which men manure ground: So love and Troy did drive the Greeks, and all their minds confound: But Agamemnen most of all, was tortur'd at his heart. Who to the voycefull Heralds went, and bad them cite, apart, Each Grecian leader severally, not openly proclaime: In which he labourd with the first and all together came. They fadly fate; the King arose, and pour dout teares as fast As from a loftie rocke, a spring, doth his blacke waters cast. And deeply fighing, thus befpake, the Achives; Omy friends, Princes and leaders of the Greeks; heavens adverfe King extends His wrath, with too much detriment, to my fo iuft deligne; Since he hath often promist me, and bound it with the signe Of his bent forehead, that this Troy, our vengefull hands should race, And fafe returne: yet now ingag'd, he plagues us with difgrace; When all our trust to him hath drawne, so much bloud from our friends. My glory, nor my brothers wreake, were the proposed ends, For which he drew you to these toyles; but your whole countries shame, Which had beene huge, to beare the rape of so divine a Dame, Made in despite of our revenge: and yetnot that had mov'd Our powres to these designes, if love, had not our drifts approv'd, Which fince we fee he did for bloud, tis desperate fight in us To ftrive with him; thenlet us flie: tis flight he urgeth thus.

Long

Atrides, I am first must croffethy indifcreet advise. As may become me, being a King, in this our martial court. Be not displeased then, for the felle, didt broadly misreport In open field my fortiende, and cald me faint and weake: Yer I was filent, knowing the time, loth any rites to breake, That appertains thy publickerale: yet all the Greeks knew well (Of every age) thou didft me wrong. As thou then didft refell My valour first of all the hoast, as of a man difmaid: So now, with fit occasion given, I first blame thee afraid. Inconstant Saturnes some hathgiven, inconstant spirits to thee. And with a scepter over all, an imminent degree: But with a scepters soveraigne grace, the chiefe powre, Fortitude, (To bridle thee) he thought not best, thy breast should be endude. Vnhappie King, think it thou the Greeks are fuch a filly fort. And so excessive impotent, as thy weake words import? If thy minde mone thee to be gone: the way is open.go: Mycenian flaips enow ride neare, that brought thee to this wo; The rest of Greece will stay, nor stirre, till Troy be overcome, With full everfion; or if not, but (doters of their home) Will put on wings to flie with thee; my felfe and Sthenelus Will fight, till (trufting fanouring love) webring home Troy with us. This, all applauded, and admird, the fairst of Diomed: When Nefter (riling from the reft) his friech thats feconded:

Tydides, thou art (questionlesse) our strongest Greeke, in warre, And gravest in thy counsels too, of all that equal are In place with thee, and fland on firength; Nor is there any one Can blame, or contradict thy speech: And yet thou hast not gone So farre, but we must further go; th'art youg, and well mightit be My yongest sonne, though still I yeeld, thy words hath high degree Of wiledome in them to our King, fince well they did become Their right in question, and refute, inglorious going home; But I (well knowne thy fenior farre) will speake, and handle all Yet to purpose: which none shall checke no not our Generall. A hater of focietie, uniuff, and wilde is he. That loves intelline warre; being fluft with manleffe crueltie: And therefore in perfwading peace, and home flight, we the leffe May blame our Generall; as one loath to wrap in more diffreste His loued fouldiers: but because they bravely are resolu'd To cast lines after toyles, before, they part in shame involved; Provide we for our honourd flay, obey blacke night, and fall Now to our suppers; then appoint, our guards without the wall,

And in the bottome of the dike; which guards I with may frand

It well becomes thee; fince tis both, what all thy Pecres expect;

Before our other Kings; be first, in thy commands effect:

Nor shall it stand with lesse then right, that they inuited be

And in the royall right of things is no impaire to thee;

Of our brane youth. And (Atress fonne) fince thou are in command

Dismed to Aga.

minum: m: and
takes fit time to
answer bit wrog
done by Agamemmin in the
south Booke.

Nesser appraves Dismeds counfed, and goes farcher.

Achilles

To support by thee; all thy tents, are amply flor'd with wine,

Vinum Thracia Brought daily in Greeke ships from Thrace; and to this grace of thine
All necessaries thou hast fit, and store of men to wait;

And many meeting there; thou maist heare every mans conceit,
And take the best it much concernes all Greeks to nie advise
Of gravest nature; since, so neare, our ships, our enemies
Have lighted such a fort of fires: with which, what man is joy'd?

Looke, how all beare themselues this night, so live, or be destroy'd.

All heard, and sollow'd his advice; there was appointed then

All heard, and follow'd his advice: there was appointed then of the matth, who forth, did march with all their men.

Other mant:

The first was famous Thraspmed, advikfull Nestwas sonnes.

Alphareus and Jeipprus, and louely Lyeomed;

Alphareus and Deipprus, and louely Lyeomed;

Old Creons joy: These seven bold Lords, an hundred souldiers led In cuery seuer de company; and enery man his pike:

Some placed on the rampires top, and some amidst the dike:

All fires made, and their suppers tooke: Atrides to his tent Invited all the Peeres of Greece; and sood sufficient

Apposed before them; and the Peeres apposed their hands to it. Hunger and thirst being quickly quench, to counsell still they sit. And sirst space, and rightly wise, who they thought, of lace, advises so well, A father grave, and rightly wise, who has his tale did tell.

Most high Atrides, fince in thee, I have intent to end, From thee will I begin my speech, to whom I eve doth commend The Empire of lo many men, and puts into thy hand A Scepter, and establish lawes, that thou mayst well command And counfell all men under thee. It therefore doth behove Thy felfe to speake most, since of all, thy speeches most will more: And yet to heare as well as speake: and then performe as well A free just counsell; in thee still, must Ricke, what others tell. For me; what in my judgement stands, the most convenient I will advife; and am affur'd, advice more competent Shall not be given: the generall proofe that bath before beenemade Of what I speake, confirmes me still, and now may well perswade, Because I could not then, yet ought, when thou (mostroyall King) Even from the tent, Achilles loue, didft violently bring, Against my counsell, urging thee, by all meanes to relent: But you (obeying your high minde) would venture the event, Dishonouring our ablest Greeke, a man th'immortals grace: Againe, yet let's deliberate, to make him now embrace

Agamemuon to Neft.r.

Nefter to Aga.

Affection to our generall good, and bring his force to field.

Both which, kinde words and pleafing gifts, must make his vertues yeeld.

Of ather (answered the King) my wrongs thou tel'st me right;

Mine owne offence, mine owne tongue grants; one man must stand in fight

For our whole armie; him I wrongd, him I tous from his heart:

He shewes it in thus honouring him; who liuing thus apart,

Proues us but number: for his want, makes all our weaknesse seen.

Yet after my consest offence, soothing my humorous spleene,

He sweeten his affects againe, with presents infinite. Which (to approve my firme intent) Ile openly recite. Seven facred Tripods free from fire, ten talents of fine gold, Twenty bright caldrons, twelve yong horse, well shap't, and well controld. And victors too; for they have wonne the prize at many a race: That man should not be poore, that had, but what their winged pace Hath added to my treasury; nor feele sweet golds defect. Seven Lesbian Ladies he shall have, that were the most select. And in their needles rarely skild: whom (when he tooke the towne Offamous Lesbos) I did chule, who wonne the chiefe renowne. For beauty from their whole faire fexe, amongst whom Ile resigne Faire Bryfis, and I deepely (weare (for any fact of mine That may discourage her receit) the is untoucht, and refts As he refigned her. To thefe gifts (if love to our requefts Vouchfafeperformance, and affoord, the workefor which we waite-Of winning Troy) with braffe and gold, he shall his nauie fraight; And (entring when we be at spoyle) that princely hand of his Shall chuse him twenty Troian Dames, excepting Tradaries The fairest Pergamus infolds: and if we make retreat To Argos (cald of all the world, the Nauill, or chiefe feat) He shall become my sonne in law, and I will honour him. Fren as Orefles, my fole fonne, that doth in honours fwim. Three daughters in my wel-built court, unmarried are, and faire-Landice, Chry fothemis, that hath the golden haire, And Iphianaffa: of all three, the worthieft let him take All joyntureleffe, to Pelem Court : I will her joynture make. And that so great, as neuer yet, did any maide preferre: Senen cities right magnificent, I will bestow on her : Enope, and Cardamile; Hyra for herbes renownd: The faire Apara, Pedafus, that doth with grapes abound: Antaa, girded with greene meades: Phera, firnam'd Dinine, All whose bright turrets, on the seas, in fandy Pylos shine : Thinhabitants in flockes and heards, are wondrous confluent. Who like a god will honour him, and him with gifts prefent, And to his throne will contribute, what tribute he will rate. All this I gladly will performe, to pacifie his hate: Let him be milde and tractable: tis for the God of ghofts, To be unrul'd, implacable, and seeke the bloud of hoasts; Whom therefore men doe much abhorre: then let him yeeld to me. I am his greater, being a King, and more in yeeres then he.

Brave King ((aid Neftor) theserichgifes, must make him needs relent: Chuse then six legates instantly, to greece him at his Tent;
But stay, admit my choise of them, and let them stait be gone:
Iove-loued Phanix shall be chiefe, then Aiax Telamon,
And Prince Visses, and on them, let these two heralds wait,
Grave Odiss and Euribates. Come Lords, take water strait,
Make pure your hands, and with sweet words, appease Achilles mind,
Which we will pray, the king of gods, may gently make inclin'd.

Neftor make; thoice of Ambaffadors of the thiles-

All lik't his speech, and on their hands, the Heralds water shed : The youths, crownd cups of facred wine, to all distributed : But, having facrific'd and drunke, to enery mans content. (With many notes by Nefter given) the Legats forward went : With courtship in fit gestures vs'd, he did prepare them well. But most Vigffes, for his grace, did not so much excell: Such rites beseeme Ambassadors: and Nesser urged these. That their most honours mightreflect, enrag'd Mecides. They went along the shore, and praid, the God that earth doth binde In brackish chaines, they might not faile, but bow his mighty mind.

Harpe

The quarter of the Myrmidons, they reacht, and found him fet Delighted with his folemne harpe, which curiously was fret With workes conceited, through the verge: the bawdricke that embrac't His lofty necke, was filuer twift: this (when his hand laid wafte Achilles Love of Actions citie) he did chuse, as his especiall prife,

Julicke. Himf ife lines ile leeds of Heroes.

And (louing facred mulicke well) made it his exercise: To it he fung the glorious deeds, of great Heroes dead, And his true minde, that practife faild, sweet contemplation fed. With him alone, and opposite; all silent fat his friend. Attentiue, and beholding him, who now his fong did end-Th'Ambassadors did forwards preasse, renown'd Vly ses led, And flood in view: their fodaine fight, his admiration bred. Who with his Harpe and all arose: so did Menetins sonne When he beheld them: their receipt, Achilles thus begun.

Achilles centie diax, e.c.

Health to my Lords, right welcome men, affure your felues you be. racite Volts, Though some necessitie I know, doth make you visite me. Incenst with just cause gainst the Greeks. This said, a scuerall scate With purple cushions he set forth, and did their ease intreate: And faid, Now friend, our greatest bolle, with wine unmixe, and neate, Appose these Lords; and of the depth, leteuery man make proofe: Thefe are my best-esteemed friends, and underneath my roofe.

sbeunt ut alibi.

Patroclus did his deare friends will, and he that did defire To cheare the Lords (come faint from fight) fet on a blafing fire, A great braffe pot, and into it, a chine of mutton put, And fat Goates flesh: Automedon, held, while he pieces cut To roast and boyle, right cunningly: then of a well fed swine, A huge fat shoulder he cuts out, and spits it wondrous fine; His good friend made a goodly fire: of which the force once past, He laid the spit low, nearethe coales, to make it browne at last : Then sprinkled it with facred salt, and tooke it from the rackes: This roafted and on dreffer fet, his friend Patroclus takes Bread in faire baskets; which fet on, Achilles brought themeats And to dininest Ithacus, tooke his opposed seate Vpon the bench: then did he will his friend to facrifice;

aerifice before

Who cast sweet incense in the fire, to all the Deities. Thus fell they to their ready food: hunger and thirst allaid, Aiax to Phenix made a figue, as if too long they staid, Before they told their Legacic. Viffes faw him winke,

And (filling the great bowle with wine) did to debilles drinke. Health to Achilles, but our plights stand not in need of meate, Who late supe at Atrides tent, though for thy love we cate Of many things, whereof a part would make a compleat feaft : Nor can we joy in these kinde rites, that have our hearts opprest (O Prince) with feare of utter spoile: tis madea question now If we can fave our fleet or not, unleffe thy felfe endow Thy powers with wonted fortitude: now Troy and her conforts. Bold of thy want, have pitcht their tents close to our fleet and forts: And made a firmament of fires, and now no more they fay Will they be prison'd in their wals, but force their violent way Euen to our thips: and love himfelfe, hath with his lightnings thowd Their bold aducatures happy figures: and Heller growes fo proud Of his huge strength, borne out by love, that fearefully he ranes; Prefuming neither men nor gods, can interrupt his braues. Wilde rage inuades him, and he prayes, that soone the facred morne Would light his furie; boatting then, our ftreamers shall be torne, And all our nauall ornaments, fall by his conquering stroke; Our thips thall burne, and we our felues, lye ftiff'd in the fmoke. And I am feriously afraid, heaven will performe his threats. And that tis fatall to us all farre from our native feats To perish in victorious Troy: but rife, though it be late, Deliver the afflicted Greekes from Troyes tumultuous hate. It will hereafter be thy griefe, when no strength can suffile To remedy thraffected threats of our calamities: Confider these affaires in time, while thou maist use thy powre, And have the grace to turne from Greece, fates unrecovered houre. O friend? thou knowest, thy royall Sire, forewarnd what should be done. That day he fent thee from his Court, to honour Atres fonne : My fonne (faid he) the victory, let Iove and Palles use At their high pleasures; but doe thou, no honour'd meanes resuse That may advance her; in fit bounds, containe thy mighty mind, Nor let the knowledge of thy strength, be factiously inclind, Contrining mischiefes, be to same, and generall good profest; The more will all forts honour thee; Benignitie is best. Thus charg'd thy fire, which thou forgetft:yet now those thoughts appeale That torture thy great spirit with wrath: which if thou wilt surcease, The King will merit it with gifts; and if thou wilt giue care) He tell how much he offers thee, yet thou fitft angry here. Seuen Tripods that no fire must touch, twife ten pans fit for flame: Ten talents of fine gold, twelve horfe, that ever overcame, And brought huge prifes from the field, with swiftnesse of their feet: That man should beare no poore account, nor wantsgold quickning sweet, That had but what he won with them: feuen worthiest Lesbian Dames, Renown'd for skill in houfwifrie, and beare the fourraigne fames, For beauty, from their generall fexe; which at thy ouerthrow Of wel-built Lesbos he did chuse, and these he will bestow; And with thefe, her he tooke from thee, whom (by his state fince then)

He (weares he toucht not, as faire Dames use to be toucht by men. All these are ready for thee now: and if at length we take. By helpes of gods, this wealthy towne, thy thips shall burthen make Or gold and braffe at thy defires, when we the poyle divide : And twenty beautious Troian Dames, thou shalt select beside. (Next Hellen) the most beautifull; and (when return'd we be To Argos) be his sonne in law: for he will honour thee Like his Oreftes, his sole sonne, maintaind in height of bliffe : Three daughters beautifie his Court, the faire Chrifothemis. Landice, and Iphianeffe, of all the fairest take To Peleus thy grave fathers Court, and never joynture make: He will the joynture make himselfe, so great, as never Sire Gave to his daughters nuptials: feuen cities left entire: Cardamile, and Enope, and Hyla full of flowers. Anthan, for sweet meadowes prais'd, add Phera, deckt with towers, The bright Epea, Pedassus, that doth god Bacchus please, All on the fandy Pylos loyle, are feated neere the feas. Thinhabitants, in droves and flockes, exceeding wealthy be. Who like a god with worthy gifts, will gladly honour thee: And tribute of especiall rate, to thy high scepter pay: All this he freely will performe, thy anger to allay. But if thy hate to him be more, then his gifts may repreffe, Yet pitty all the other Greeks, in fuch extreme diffreffe: Who with religion honour thee: and to their desperate ill. Thou shalt triumphant glory bring, and Heller thou maift kill, When pride makes him encounter thee: fild with a banefull sprite. Who vaunts, our whole fleet brought not one, equall to him in fight. Actules answers Swift-foot Aacides replide: Divine Laertes sonne, Page 0/2 in. Tis requifite I should be short, and shew what place hath wonne Thy ferious speech: affirming nought but what you shall approve Establisht in my setled heart; that in the rest I move No murmure nor exception: for like hell mouth I loath, Who holds not in his words and thoughts, one indistinguishe troth. What fits the freenesse of my mind, my speech shall make displaids Nor Atress fonne, nor all the Greekes shall winne me to their aid : Their fuit is wretchedly enforc't to free their owne despaires: And my life never shall be hir'd, with thanklesse desperate praires: For never had I benefit, that ever foild the foe; Even share hath he that keepes his tent, and he to field doth go With equal honour cowards die, and men most valiant : The much performer, and the man, that can of nothing vaunt. No overplus I ever found, when with my minds most ftrife. To doe them good, to dangerous fight I have exposed my life. But even as to unfeatherd birds, the carefull dam brings meate, Which when the hath bestow'd, her felse hath nothing left to eat: So when my broken fleepes have drawne, the nights t'extremest length, And ended many bloudy daies, with still-employed strength, To guard their weakenesse: and preserve, their wives contents infract;

I have beene robd before their eyes; twelue cities I have fackt. Affaild by fea: eleven by land, while this fiege held at Trov: And of all these, that was most deare, and most might crowne the iou Of Agamemnen, he enjoyd; who herebehinde remain'd: Which when he tooke, a few he gave, and many things retaind: Other, to Optimates and Kings, he gave, who hold them fail. Yet mine he forceth; onely I, fit with my loffe diferac't. Bur to he gaine a lovely Dame, to be his beds delight. It is enough; for what cause else, do Greeks and Trojans fight? Why brought he hither such an host? was it not for a Dame? For faire hair'd Hellen? and doth love, alone the hearts inflame Of the Atrides to their wines, of all the men that mone? Every diferent and honest minde cares for his private love. As much as they: as I my felfe, lou'd Brifis as my life. Although my captine; and had will, to take her for my wife. Whom fince he forc't, preuenting me; in vaine he shall prolong Hopes to appeale me, that know well the deepneffe of my wrong. But good Viriles, with thy felfe, and all you other Kings. Let him take fromacke to repell Troves fierie threatnings: Much hath he done without my helpe; built him a goodly fort. Cut a dike by it, pitcht with pales, broad, and of deepeimport: And cannot all these helps represse, this kil-man Hellors fright? When I was arm damong the Greeks, he would not offer fight Without the shadow of his wals; but to the Scaan ports. Or to the holy Beech of love, come backt with his conforts: Where once he flood my charge alone, and hardly made retreat: And to make new proofe of our powers, the doubt is not fo great. To morrow then with facrifice, perform'd timperial love And all the Gods, Ile lance my fleet, and all my men remove: Which (if thou wilt use so thy fight, or think'st it worth respect) In forehead of the morne thine eyes shall see with failes crest Amidft the fishie Hellespont, helps with laborious oares: And if the fea-god fend free faile, the fruitfull Pthian shores Within three dayes we shall attaine; where I have store of prise, Left, when with prejudice I came to these indignities: There have I gold as well as here, and ftore of ruddie braffe. Dames slender, elegantly girt, and steele as bright as glaffe: Thefe will I take as I retire, as shares I firmly fave; Though Agamemnon be so base to take the gifts he gave. Tell him all this, and openly; I on your honors charge, That others may take thame to heare his lufts command to large: And if there yet remaine a man, he hopeth to deceive, (Being di'd in endlesse impudence) that man may learne to leave His trust and Empire: but alas, though like a VVolfe he be, Shameleffe and rude; he durst not take my prife, and looke on me. I never will partake his works, nor counfels, as before. He once deceiv'd and injur'd me, and he shall never more Tye my affections with his words; enough is the increase

Of

Of one successe in his deceits; which let him ioy in peace.

Even in the numnesse of calme death, I will revengefull be

All he hath here, or any where; or Orchomen containes.

In circuit of Egyptian Thebes, where much hid treasure lies.

Whose wals containe an hundred ports, of so admir'da fize.

Nor, would he amplific all this, like fand, or duft, or graffe;

That with his contumely burnd, like poyfon in my veines.

With golden Venus for her forme; or if the did transcend

Blew eyd Minerva for her works: let him a Grecke select

Fit for her, and a greater King. For if the Gods protect

My safetie to my fathers court, he shall chuse me a wife.

Many faire Achive Princelles of unimpeached life,

In Heile and in Pthia live, whose Sires do cities hold,

Join of mainter Nor shall his daughter be my wife, although the might contend

Two hundred fouldiers may afront, with horse and chariots passe.

Shou'd he reclaime me, till his wreake, payd me for all the paines,

And beare it to a wretched end; wife Iove hath reft his braine,

Though ten or twentie times fo much, he would bestow on me:

To bring him plagues; and thefe his gifts, I (as my foes) difdaine:

To which men bring their wealth for strength; or all the store remaines

If thy returne incline thee thus, (Pelew renowned joy) And thou wile let our thips be burnd, with harmefull fire of Trov. Since thou art angry, O my fonne; how shall I after be

Phoenix Oration

Morem fenum observa, mide treterus liben ter f lent me ... a e.

Alone in these extremes of death, relinquished by thee? I, whom thy royall father fent, as orderer of thy force. When to Atrides from his Court, he left thee, for this courfe-Yet young, and when in skill of armes, thou didft not so abound: Nor hadft the habite of discourse, that makes men so renowed: In all which, I was fet by him, tinftruct thee as my fonne. That thou mightle speake when speech was fit, and do, when deeds were done Not fit as dumbe, for want of words; idle, for skill to move . I would not then be left by thees deare fonne, begot in love, No not if God would promise me, to raze the prints of time Caru'd in my bosome, and my browes; and grace me with the prime Of manly youth, as when at first, I left sweet Helles shore Deckt with faire Dames, and fled the grudge, my angry father bore; Who was the faire Amontor cald, furnam'd Ormenides : And for a faire-haird harlots fake, that his affects could pleafe, Contemnd my mother his true wife; who ceassesse urged me To use his harlot Clytia, and still would claspe my knee To doe her will, that so my Sire might turne his love to hate Of that lewd Dame; converting it, to comfort her estate. At last, I was content to proue, to do my mother good, And reconcile my fathers love; who straight fuspitious stood. Purfuing me with many a curfe, and to the Furies praide No Dame might love, nor bring me feed: the Deiries obayd That governe hell: infernall love, and sterne Proferoine. Then durst I in no longer date, with my sterne father be : Yet did my friends, and neare allies: inclose me with defires Not to depart, kild sheepe, bores, beeves; rost them at solemne fires. And from my fathers tuns we drunke exceeding flore of wine. Nine nights they guarded me by turnes, their fires did ceafleffe shine. One in the porch of his strong hall, and in the portall one, Before my chamber: but when day, beneath the tenth night shone. I brake my chambers thick fram'd dores, and through the hals guard past, Vnscene of any man or maid. Through Greece, then rich, and vast, I fled to Pthia, nurse of sheepe: and came to Pelew Court, Who entertaind me heartily, and in as gracious fort As any Sire his onely fonne; borne when his strength is spent, And bleft with great poffessions, to leave to his descent. He made me rich, and to my charge, did much command commend: I dwelt in th'urmost region, rich Pthis doth extend, And governd the Dolopians, and made thee what thou art, O thou that like the gods art fram'd: fince (dearest to my heart)

Of whom I can have, whom I will: And more, an hundred fold. My true minde in my countrey likes, to take a lawfull wife, Then in another nation; and there delight my life With those goods that my father got, much rather then die here. Not all the wealth of wel-built Troy, possess when peace was there: All that Apollos marble Fanc, in Stony Pythos holds, I value equall with the life, that my free breaft infolds: Sheepe, Oxen, Tripods, crest deckt horse, though loft, may come againe: But when the white guard of our teeth, no longer can containe Our l'umane soule, away it flies; and once againe, never more To her fraile mansion any man, can her lost powres restore. And therefore fince my mother-queene (fam'd for her filver feet) Told me two fates about my death, in my direction meet: The one, that if I here remaine, t'affift our victorie, My safe returne shall never line, my same shall neuer die: If my returne obtaine successe, much of my fame decayes, But death shall linger his approach, and I line many dayes. This being reveal'd, twere foolish pride, tabridge my life for praise. Then with my selfe I will aduise, others to hoise their faile, For, gainst the height of Ilion, you neuer shall prevaile: love with his hand protecteth it, and makes the fouldiers bold-

For Pthia, if he thinke it good, if not, Ile ufe no force. All wondred at his sterne reply; and Phanix full of scares, His words would be more weake then juft, supplide their wants with teares.

This tell the King in cuery part: for fo grave Legats should;

That they may better counfels use, to faue their fleet and friends

Phanix may in my tent repose, and in the morne, flere course

By their owne valours, fince this course, drown'd in my eager ends.

I'us'de thee so, thou lov'dst none else; nor any where wouldst eate,

Till I had crownd my knee with thee, and carn'd thee tendreft meate, And given thee wine to much, for love, that in thy infancie, (Which still discretion must protect, and a continual) eye)

Fires

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. Esolico

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My bosome lovingly sustain'd; the wine thine could not beare: Then, now my firength needs thine as much, be mine to thee as deares Much have I suffred for thy love, much labour'd, wished much: Thinking fince I must have no heire, (the gods decrees are such) I would adopt my felfe my heire: to thee my heart did give What any Sire could give his sonne; in thee I hop't to live: O mitigate thy mighty spirits: it fits not one that moves The hearts of all, to live unmov'd, and fuccour hates, for loves: The gods themselves are flexible, whose vertues, honors, powers, Are more then thine: yet they will bend their breafts as we bend ours. Perfumes, benigne devotions, favors of offrings burnd, And holy rites, the engines are, with which their hearts are turnd. By men that pray to them; whose faith, their sinnes have falsified : For, prayers are daughters of great Iove; lame, wrinkled, ruddie eyd, n affect the found And ever following injury, who (ftrong and found of feet) range to the Flyes through the world, afflicting men: beleeving prayers, yet (To all that love that feed of love) the certaine bleffing get resides in. To have love heare, and helpe them too: but if he shall refuse, And fland inflexible to them, they flye to love, and use Their powers against him; that the wrongs he doth to them, may fall On his owne head, and pay those paines, whose cure he failes to call. Then great Achilles honour thou, this facred feed of Jove. And yeeld to them; fince other men of greatest minds they move: If Agamemnon would not give the felfe fame gifts he vowes, But offer other afterwards; and in his ftil-bent browes Entombe his honour and his word; I would not thus exhort (With wrath appealde) thy aide to Greece, though plagu'd in heaviell fort: But, much he presently will give, and after, yeeld the rest: T'affure which, he hath lent to thee, the men thou lovelt beft. And most renownd of all the hoast, that they might soften thee : Then let not both their paines and prayers, lost and despised be. Before which, none could reprehend, the tumult of thy heart : But now to rest inexpiate, were much too rude a part. Of ancient worthies we have heard, when they were more displeased, (To their high fames) with gifts and prayers, they have beene still appealde. For instance, I remember well, a fact perform'd of old, trouber marra. Which to you all my friends Ile tell: The Curets warres did hold With the well-fought Etolians; where mutual lives had end About the citie Calidon; th' Etolians did defend Their flourishing country, which to spoyle, the Curets did contend. Diana with the golden throne (with Oeneus much incenct, Since with his plenteous lands first fruits, she was not reverenc't: Yet other gods, with Hecatombes, had feafts, and she alone, (Great Ioves bright daughter) left unseru'd, or by oblivion,

Or undue knowledge of her dues) much hurt in heart she swore:

And she enrag'd, excited much: she sent a sylvan Bore From their greene groves, with wounding tuskes, who usually did spoile King General fields: his lofty woods, laid proftrate on the foiles

Ren: by the roots, trees fresh, adornd, with fragrant apple flowrs: Which Meleager (Oeneus fonne) flue with affembled pow'rs Of hunters, and of fiercest hounds; from many Cities brought: For fuch he was, that with few lives, his death could not be bought. Heapes of dead humanes, by his rage, the funerall piles applide Yet (flaine at lafe) the Goddeffe flird, about his head, and hide A wondrous tumult; and a warre, betwixt the Curets wrought And brave Æcolians. All the while, fierce Meleager fought, History the Curets: neare the wals, none durft advance his creft Though they were many: but when wrath inflamde his hautie breft. (Which oft the firme minde of the wife, with paffion doth infelt) Since twixt his mother Queene and him, arosea deadly strife: He left the Court, and privately, liv'd with his lawfull wife: Faire Cleopatra, femall birth, of bright Marpiffas paine, And of Ideus, who, of all, terrestrial men, did raigne (At that time) king of fortitude; and, for Marpiffas fake, Gainst wanton Phabus, king of flames, his bow in hand did take, Since he had ravisht her, his joy; whom her friends, after, gave The furname of Alcyone; because they could not fave Their daughter from Alegones Fate: in Cleopatras armes Lav Meleager, feeding on, his anger for the harmes His mother praid might fall on him; who, for her brother flaine Ry Meleager, griev'd, and praid, the Gods to wreake her paine. With all the horrour could be pourd, upon her furious birth: Still knockt the with her impious hands, the many-feeding earth. To urge sterne Pluto and his Queene, t'incline their vengefull cares: Fell on her knees, and all her breaft, dew'd with her fierie teares To make them massacre her sonne; whose wrath enrag d her thus. Erynnis (wandring through the ayre) heard, out of Erebus, Pray'rs, fit for her unpleased minde; yet Meleager lay, Obscurd in furie; then the bruit of the rumultuous fray, Rung through the turrets as they scald, then came the Ætolian Peeres, To Melcager with low fuits, to rife and free their feares: Then fent they the chiefe Pricits of Gods, with offered gifts tattone His differing furie; bad him chuse, in sweet-solid Calidon, Of the most fat and yeeldie soyle, what with an hundred steares, Might in an hundred dayes be plowde; halfe, that rich vintage beares, And halfe of naked earth to plow: yet yeelded not his ire. Then to his loftie chamber-doore, ascends his royall Sire With ruthfull plaints: shooke the strong barres; then came his sisters cries, His mother then, and all intreat vet ftill more ftiffe he lyes: His friends, most reverend, most esteem'd; yet none impression tooke, Till the high turrets where he lay, and his ftrong chamber shooke With the invading enemie: who now force dreadfull way Along the citie: then his wife (in pittifull difmay) Befought him weeping: telling him, the miseries sustaind By all the citizens, whose towne, the enemie had gaind; Men flaughterd, children bondflaves made; sweet Ladies fore't with luft:

Fires climing towres, and turning them to heaps of fruitleffe dust.
These dangers formed his steele heart: up the first Prince arole,
Indude his bodie with rich armes, and freed th' Etolians woes:
His smother'd anger giving ayre, which gifts did not ass wage,
But his owne perill. And because, he did not diftingage
Their lives for gifts, their gifts he lost. But for my fake (deare friend)
Be not thou bent to see our plights, to these extremes descend,
Ere thou affist us, be not so, by thy ill angel, turn'd
From thincowne honour: it were shame, to see our navieburn'd,
And then come with thy timelesse aide. For offer'd presents come,
And all the Greeks will honour thee, as of celestiall roome.
But if without these gifts thou sight, force by thy private woe,
Thou will be nething so renown'd, though thou repell the foe.

Achides 10 Physix

Achilles answer'd the last part, of his oration, thus: Phanix, renown'd and reverend; the honors urgde on us We need not: Iowe doth honour me, and to my faftic fees, And will whiles I retaine a spirit, or can command my knees. Then do not thou, with teares and woes, impaffion my affects. Becoming gracious to my foe: nor fits it the refoects Of thy vow'd love, to honour him, that hath dishonour'd mea Lest such loose kindnesse lose his heart, that yet is firme to thee. It were thy praise to hurt, with me, the hurter of my state: Since halfe my honour and my Realme, thou maift participate. Let these Lords then returne th'event; and do thou here repose; And when darke sleepe breakes with the day; our counsels shall disclose The course of our returne or stay. This said, he with his eve Made to his friend, a covert figne, to haften inftantly A good foft bed, that the old Prince, foone as the Peere were gone. Mighttake his rest; when souldier like, brave Aiax Telamon Spake to Vlyffes, as with thought; Achilles was not worth The high direction of his speech; that stood so sternly forth, Vnmov'd with th'other Orators: and spake, not to appeale Pelides wrath, but to depart: his arguments were thefe:

Airx feuldiertike speech and fajh on, High-iffued Laertiade:? let us infift no more

On his perfwasions I perceive the world would end before

Our speeches end, in this affaire: we must with utmost haste
Returne his answer, though but bad: the Peeres are elsewhere place,
And will not rise till we returne; great Thetis sonnehath stor'd
Proud wrath within him, as his wealth, and will not be implor'd;
Rude that he is; nor his friends love, respects, do what they can:
Wherein past all, we honour'd him. O unremorsefull man!
Another for his brether slaine, another for his sonne,
Accepts of satisfaction: and he the deed hath done
Lives in belov'd societie, long after his amends;
To which his soes high heart for gifts, with patience condescends:
But theca wilde and cruell spirit, the Gods for plague have given,
And for one girle; of whose faire sexe, we come to offer seven,
The most exempt for excellence, and many a better prise:

Then put a sweet minde in thy breast, respect thy owne allies, Though others make thee not remisse a multimde we are, Sprung of thy royall familie, and our supremest care is to be most familiar, and hold most loue with thee, Of all the Greeks, how great an host, soener here there be.

He answer d, Noble Telemon, Prince bour souldiers here:

Advilles to Aix

Our of thy heart I know thou fpeakft, and as thou holdst me deare:
But fill as often as I thinke, how rudely I was usde,
And like a stranger for all rites, fit for our good, refusde:
My heart doth swell against the man, that durst be so prosane
To violate his sacred place: not for my private bane.
But since wrackt vertues generall lawes, he shamelesse did infringe:
For whose fake I will loose the reines, and give mine anger swinge,
Without my wisedomes least impeach. He is a soole, and base,
That pitties vice plagu'd minds, when paine, not love of right giues place.
And therefore tell your King, my Lords, my just wrath will not care
For all his cares: before my tents, and navie charged are
By warsike Hesser; making way, through slocks of Grecian lines,
Enlightned by their naual street but when his rage arriues
About my tent, and sable barke, I doubt not but to shield
Them and my selfe: and make him slie, the there-strong bounded field.

This faid, each one but kift the cup, and to the ships retir'd, Plyses first. Passesses then, the men and maids requir'd To make grave Phemix bed with speed, and see he nothing lacks: They strait obeyd, and thereon laid, the subtile fruit of flax, And warme sheep fels for covering: and there the old man slept, Attending till the golden Morne, her usual station kept.

Abilles lay in th'inner roome of his tent richly wrought; And that faire Ladie by his side, that he from Lesbos brought, Bright Diemeda, Phorbus seed: Patroclus did embrace The beautious sphis, given to him, when his bold friend did raze The lostic Syrus, that was kept. in Enreise hold.

Now at the tent of Atress fonne, each man with cups of gold Receiv'd th' Ambassadors return'd; all clustered neare to know What newes they brought: which first the King, would have Visses show. Say most praise-worthy Isbacus; the Grecians great renowne, Will be defend us? or not yet, will his proud stomacke downe?

Vhiles to Aga-

Visifes made replie; Not yet, will be appealed be,
But growes more wrathfull, prizing light, they offerd gifts and thee;
And wils thee to confult with us and take for your distributions.

And wils thee to confult with us, and take some other course
To save our armie and our fleet: and sayes, with all his force,
The morne shall light him on his way to Bake in the sayes.

The morne shall light him on his way, to Pthiss wished foile. For never shall high-scated Troy, be sackt with all our toile: Iove holds his hand twixt us and it: the souldiers gather heart. Thus he replies: which Alax here, can equally impart, And both these Heralds: Phassix stayes, for so was his desire To go with him, if he thought good; if not, he might retire. All wondred he should be so sterner at last bold Dismed spake:

Would

PE 150 1 19

Would God, Atrides, thy request, were yet to undertake: And all thy gifts unofferd him, he's proud enough beside: Pia-ed to .121-But this ambailage thou haft fent, will make him burft with pride. Dut let us fuffer him to flay, or go at his desire: Fight when his stomacke serves him best; or when love shall infoire: Mene while our watch being ftrongly held, let usa little reft After our food: ftrength lives by both; and vertue is their gueft. Then, when the rofic-finger'd Morne, holds out her filver light, Bring forth thy hoft, encourage all; and be thou first in fight. The Kings admir'd the fortitude, that fo divinely mov'd

The skilful, horfeman Diomed; and his advice approv'd: Then with their nightly facrifice, each tooke his feuerall tent. Where all received the foveraigne gifts, foft Somnus did prefent.

The end of the ninth Booke.

THE



TENTH BOOKE OF HOMER'S ILIADS.

THE ARGUMENT. H'Atrides watching, wake the other Peeres : And (in the Fort, consulting of their feares) Two Kings they fend, most stout, and honor'd most, For royall skowts, into the Trojan hoft. Who meeting Dolon (Hectors bribed Spie) Take him; and learne how all the Quarters lye. He told them, in the Thracian regiment Of rich King Rhefus, and his royall Tent: Striving for fafety; but they end his strife, And rid poore Dolon of a dangerous life. Then with digressive wyles, they use their force On Rhefus life, and take his (nowie horfe,

Another Argument.

Kappa the Night exploits applies; Rhefus and Dolons tragedies.

He other Princes at their thips, foft fingerd fleepe did binde. But not the Generall; Sommas filkes, bound not his laboring minde, That turnd, and returnd, many thoughts. And as quicke lightnings flie This are the From well-deckt Iunos foveraigne, out of the thickned skie, Preparing some exceeding raine, or haile, the fruit of cold: Or downe-like Snow, that fodainly makes all the fields looke olds Or opes the gulfie mouth of warre, with his enfulphur'd hand In dazling flathes, pour d from clouds, on any punisht land : So from Atrides troubled heart, through his darke forrowes, flew Redoubled fighes: his intrailes shooke, as often as his view Admir'd the multitude of fires, that gilt the Phrygian shade, And heard the founds of fifes, and shawmes, and tumples souldiers made. But when he law his fleet and hoft, kneele to his care and love, He rent his haire up by the roots, as facrifice to love . Burnt in his firie fighes, still breath'd out of his royall heart, And first thought good, to Nefters care, his sorrowes to impart: Tr trye if royall diligence, with his approv'd advise, Might falhion counsels, to prevent their threatned mileries. So up he role, attir'd himselfe, and to his strong feet ti'de

Rich shooes, and cast upon his backe, a ruddy Lyonshide,

So ample, it his ankles reacht: then tooke his royall spearc.

Like him was Menelaus pierc't, with an industrious feare,

Azamemnon: babite rifing in she siebt. He wearing a Lions bide

Agamemnen:

lightnings be-

fore (now, &c.

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mibe a booker annotations, &c. Menelma Leopards

Nor fat sweet flumber on his eyes; left bitter Fates should quite The Greekes high fauours, that for him, refolu'd fuch endleffe fight And first a freckled Panters hide, hid his broad backe athwart : His head, his brasen helme did arme, his able hand his dart; Then made he all his hafte to raife, his brothers head as rare. That he who most exceld in rule, might helpe t'effect his care. He found him at his ships crookt sterne, adorning him with armes. Who joyd to fee his brothers spirits awak't without alarmes: Well weighing th'importance of the time. And first the yonger foake: Why brothet, are ye arming thus? is it to undertake

Me selaus to Agamimson. The fending of some ventrous Greeke: t'explore the foes intent? Alas I greatly feare, not one will give that worke confent. Exposd alone to all the seares that flow in gloomy night: He that doth this, must know death well, in which ends every fright.

Mantlans.

Brother (faid he) in these affaires, we both must use aduice: love is against us, and accepts great Hellors facrifice, For I have never scene, nor heard, in one day, and by one, So many high attempts well urg'd, as Hellers power hath done Against the haplesses of Greece: being chiefly deare to love; And without cause, being neither fruit of any Goddesse loue, Nor helpfull God. and yet I feare the deepeneffe of his hand, Ere it be rac't out of our thoughts, will many yeeres withftand. But brother, hie thee to thy ships, and Idomen disease With warlike Aiax: I will hafte to grave Neleides; Exhorting him to rife, and give the facred watch command, For they will specially embrace incitement at his hand; And now his sonne, their captaine is, and Idomens good friend Bold Merion, to whose discharge, we did that charge commend. Commandit thou then (his brothers askt) that I shall tarry here Attending thy refolu'd approach, or elfe the mellage beare.

wars extremity.

Lest otherwise we faile to meet: for many a different wav Lies through our labyrinthian hoft; speake euer as you goe, Command firong watch, from Sire to sonne, urge all t'obserue the foe, Familiarly, and with their praise, exciting every eye, Not with unfeason'd violence, of proud authority: We must our patience exercise, and worke, our selues with them, Iove in our births combind fuch care, to eithers Diadem.

And quickly make returne to thee? Heanswerd: Rather flay,

end readine [c to use them.

Thus he difmift him, knowing well, his charge before he went. Meller ame, Himfelfe to Nefter, whom he found in bed within his tent : By him, his damaske curets hung, his shield, a paire of darts: His shining caske, his arming waste in these he led the hearts Of his apt fouldiers to sharpe warre, not yeelding to his yeares. He quickly started from his bed, when to his watchfull eares Untimely feet told some approach: he tooke his lance in hand, And spake to him; Ho, what art thou ? that walk ft at midnight? stand; Is any wanting at the guards? or lack it thou any Peere? Speake, come not filent towards me: fay what intends thou heere?

He answerd, O Neleides, grave honour of our host : Tis Agamemnen thou maift know, whom Ieve affliceth moft Of all the wretched men that live; and will, whilst any breath Giues motion to my toyled limbs, and beares me up from death. I walke the round thus, fince fweet fleepe cannot inclose mine eves. Nor that those Organs care breakes ope, for our calamities. My feare is vehement for the Greekes: my heart (the fount of heate) With his extreme affects, made cold; without my breaft doth beate: And therefore are my finewes strooke with trembling: enery part Of what my friends may feele, hathact, in my dispersed heart. But if thou thinkft of any course may to our good redound. (Since neither thou thy felfe canst sleepe) come, walke with me the round. In way whereof we may confer, and looke to enery guard: Lest watching long, and wearinesse, with labouring so hard, Drowne their oppressed memories, of what they have in charge. The libertie we give the foe, (alas) is over large, Their campe is almost mixt with ours, and we have forth no spies.

To learne their drifts; who may perchance, this night intend furprife. Graue Nefter answerd: Worthy King, let good hearts beare our ill: love is not bound to perfect all, this bufic Hectors will;

But I am confidently given, his thoughts are much difmaid With feare, left our diftreffe incite Achilles to our aid : And therefore will not tempt his fate, nor ours with further pride. But I will gladly follow thee, and ftirre up more befide : Tydides, famous for his lance, Vlyffes, Telamon,

Andbold Phylem valiant heire or elfe if any one Would hafte to call King Idomen, and Aiax, fince their faile Lye so remou'd; with much good speed, it might our haste auaile. But (though he be our honord friend,) thy brother I will blame, Not fearing if I anger thee: it is his utter shame

He should committall paines to thee, that should himselfe imploy. Paft all our Princes, in the care, and cure of our annov: And be so farre from needing spurres, to these his due respects, He should apply our spirits himselfe, with pray'rs, and urg'd affects.

Necessitie (a law to lawes, and not to be endur'd) Makes proofe of all his faculties; not found, if not inur'd. Good father (faid the King) fometimes, you know I have defir'd

You would improue his negligence, too oft to eafe retir'd: Nor is it for defect of spirit, or compasse of his braine; But with observing my estate, he thinks, he should abstaine

Till I commanded, knowing my place: un willing to assume, For being my brother, any thing might proue he did prefume. But now he role before me farre, and came, t'auoid delaies: And I have sent him for the man, your selfe desir'd to raise : Come, we shall finde them at the guards, we plac't before the fort :

For thither my direction was, they should with speed refort. Why now (faid Neftor) none will gradge, nor his just rule withstand,

Examples make excitements strong, and sweeten a command.

Nefter.

Neftor to deamemagan.

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Di.med.

Dir.

This went

Same.

THE TENTH BOOKE Thus put he on his arming truffe, faire shoots upon his feet. About him a mandilion, that did with buttons meet. Of purple, large, and full of folds, curld with a warmefull nap. A garment that gainst cold in nights, did souldiers useto wrap: Then tooke he his strong lance in hand made sharpe with proved steele. And went along the Grecian fleet. First at Virfles keele. He cald; to breake the filken fumes, that did his fenfes bind: The voyce through th'Organs of his eares, straight rung about his mind. The is to Ass. Forth came Vly fles, asking him; Why flirre vethus folate? cemnon and Suffaine we fuch enforcive caufe? He answerd, our estate Doth force this perturbation; vouchfafe it worthy friend. Tell rio D. And come, let us excite one more, to counfell of some end To our extremes, by fight, or flight. He, backe, and tooke his shield. The minure of And both tooke course to Diomed, they found him laid in field. Mamesteging Parre from his tent: his armour by, about him was dispread A ring of fouldiers: every man his shield beneath his head: His speare fixt by him as he slept, the great end in the ground : The point, that brifled the darke earth, cast a reflection round, Like paliid lightnings throwne from love; thus this Heroelav. And under him a big Oxchide: his royall head had flav On Arras hangings, rolled up: whereon he flept so fast, w berchideth That Neffor flird him with his foot and chid to fee him caft In fuch deepe fleepe, in fuch deepe woes, and askt him why he fpent All night in fleepe, or did not heare the Trojans neere his tent? Their Campe drawne close upon their dike, small space-twist foes and foes? He, flarting up, faid, Strange old man, that never tak it repose. 7 0 804 20 770 Thou art too patient of our toyle, have we not men more yong, To be imployed from King to King? thine age hath too much wrong. Said like a King, replied the Sire: for I have sonnes renownd, The for taking. Note the life of As there are many other men, might goe this toilesome round: thefe reprejen-But you must see, imperious Need, hath all at her command : emgons and Now on the eager razors edge, for life or death we stand. wa dikari. Then goe (thou art the yonger man,) and if thou love my eafe. into a Proverb, Call Swift-foot Aiax up thy felfe, and young Phyleides. weath Theari. This faid, he on his shoulders cast a yellow Lyons hide, tw., in Dolcaris Big, and reacht earth, then tooke his speare, and Nestors will applide: Rai'd the Heroes, brought them both. All met, the round they went, And found not any Captaine there asleepe or negligent: But waking, and in armes, give eare to every lowest found. And as keene dogs keepe sheepe in Cotes, or folds of hurdles bound: And grin at every breach of ayre, envious of all that moves: Still liftning when the ravenous beaft stalks through the hilly groves. Then men and dogs stand on their guards, and mighty tumults make, Sleepe wanting weight to close one winker so did the Captaines wake, That kept the watch the whole fad night all with intentive care Converted to the enemies tents, that they might timely heare

If they were stirring to surprise: which Nefter joyd to see.

Why so (deare sons) maintaine your watch, sleepe not a winke (said he)

Rather

Rather then make your fames the scorne of Trojan perjurie. Guerde. This faid, he formost past the dike, the others seconded. Even all the Kings that had beene cald, to counfell, from the bed: And with them went Meriones, and Neftors famous fonne: For both were cald by all the Kings, to confultation. Beyond the dike they chulde a place, neare as they could from bloud: Where yet appear'd the fals of some, and whence (the crimson floud Of Grecian lives being powr'd on earth, by Hellers furious chale) He made retreat, when night repour d grim darknesse in his face. Nefter to the There fat they downe, and Neffor spake: O friends remaines not one, Grecian Princes That will relie on his bold minde, and view the campe alone. Of the proud Trojans? to approve, if any stragling mate He can surprise neare th'utmost tents; or learne the briefe estate Of their intentions for the time, and mixe like one of them With their outguards, expifcating, if the renown'dextreme, They force on us, will serve their turnes; with glory to retire, Or still encampe thus farre from Troy? This may he well enquire, And make a brave retreat untoucht; and this would winne him fame Of all men canipied with heaven; and every man of name In all this hoft shall honour him, with an enriching meed; A blacke Ewe and her fucking Lambe (rewards that now exceed All other best possessions, in all mens choice requests) And full be bidden by our Kings, to kinde and royall feafts. All reverenc't one anothers worth; and none would filence breake, Lest worst should take best place of speech: at last did Diomed speake: Diemed . Neftor, thou ask'ft if no man here, have heart fo well inclin'd Ne lor. To worke this stratageme on Troy: yes, I have such a minde: Yet if some other Prince would joyne; more probable will be The strengthened hope of our exploit: two may together see (One going before another still) slie danger every way; One spirit upon another works; and takes with sirmer stay The benefit of all his powers: for though one knew his courfe, Yet might he weil diftruft himselfe; which th'other might ensorce. This offer everie man affum'd, all would with Diomed go: The two Aiaces, Merion, and Menelaus too: But Nefters sonne enforc't it much, and hardie Ithacus, Who had to every ventrous deed, a minde as venturous: The grave coun-Amongst all these thus spake the King; Tydides, most belov'd; Chuse thy affociate worthily; a man the most approv'd For Lie and ftrength in these extremes. Many thou seeft stand forth:

feil ci Agamem.

Diamediaho :: of Villes.

But choose not thou by height of place, but by regard of worth,

Although perhaps a greater King: this spake he with suspect,

That beares a minde to most exempt, and vigorous in theffect

That Diomed (for honours fake) his brother would felect.

How can it so much truth forget, Finfes to refuse?

I hou wrongst thy venture, chusing one least fit to joyne with thee,

Then faid Trdides: Since thou giu'ft, my judgement leave to chuse,

Left with thy nice respect of right, to any mans degree,

Di ried to

P.:ling.

OF HOMER'S ILIADS.

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Or at high labours, and a man, Palias doth most respect? We that returne through burning fire, if I with him combine: He fers fleength in fo true a course, with counsels so divine. Vi to make Whifes loth to be efteem'd a lover of his praife.

With such exceptions humbled him, as did him higher raise: And faid; Tydides, praiseme not, more then free truth will beare.

Nor yet empaire me: they are Greeks, that give judiciall eare. But come, the morning hafts; the starres are forward in their course. Two parts of night are past; the third is left t'employ our force.

The copiesa ors Now borrowed they for halle fome armes: bold Thraffmedes lent Adventrous Diomed his fword (his owne was at his tent) His shield, and helme, tough and well tann'd, without or plume or creft, And caid a murrion; archers heads it used to invest. Meriones lent Ithacus, his quiver and his bow; His helmet fashiond of a hide: the workeman did bestow

Much labour in it, quilting it, with bow-firings; and without, With inowie tuskes of white-mouth'd Bores, r was armed round about Right cunningly: and in the midft, an arming cap was plac't, That with the fixt ends of the tusks, his head might not be rac't. This (long fince) by Autolyeus, was brought from Elcon,

When he laid waste Amyntors house, that was Ormenus sonne. In Scandia, to Cytherius, furnam'd Amphydamas, Autolyeus did give this helme: he, when he feasted was

By honourd Molus, gave it him, as present of a guest: Molus to his fonne Merion, did make it his bequeft. China andes. With this Vlyffes arm'd his head; and thus they (both addrest)

Tooke leave of all the other Kings: to them a glad oftent, (As they were entring on their way) Minerva did present: A Hernshaw consecrate to her; which they could ill discerne

Through fable night: but by her clange, they knew it was a Herne. Viffer ment to Visifes joy'd, and thus invok't: Heare me great feed of love,

That ever dost my labours grace, with presence of thy love: And all my motions dost attend; still love me (facred Dame)

Especially in this exploit, and so protect our fame, We both may fafely make retreat, and thriftily imploy Our boldnesse in some great affaire, banefull to them of Troy.

Then praid illustrate Diomed: Vouchsafe me likewise care, O thou unconquer'd Queene of armes. be with thy favours neare,

As to my royall fathers steps, thou wentst a bountious guide, When th' Achives, and the Peeres of Thebes, he would have pacifide, Sent as the Greeks Ambassador, and left them at the flood Of great Æsopus, whose retreat, thou mad'st to swim in blood

Of his enambusht enemies : and if thou so protect My bold endevours ; to thy name, an Heifer, most select, That never yet was tam'd with yoke, broad fronted, one yeare old, He burne in zealous facrifice, and fet the hornes in gold.

The Goddesse heard, and both the Kings, their dreadlesse passage bore, Through flaughter, flaughtered carkaffes; aumes; and discolord gore.

Nor

And askt. What one is here will vow, and keepe it unappald. To have a gift fit for his deed, a chariot and two horse,

That paffe for speed the rest of Greece? what one dares take this course. For his renowne (belides his gifts) to mixe amongst the foe.

And learne if still they hold their guards? or with this overthrow Determine flight, as being too weake, to hold us longer warre?

Nor Heder let his Princes sleepe, but all to counsell cald :

All filent flood, at last flood forth one Dolon, that did dare This dangerous worke; Enmedes heire, a Herald much renownd:

This Dolon did in gold and braffe, exceedingly abound; But in his forme was quite deform d; yet passing swift to run:

Amongst five fifters he was left, Enmedes onely fon: And he told Hector, his free heart would undertake t'explore

The Greeks intentions; but (faid he) thou shalt be sworne before, By this thy Scepter, that the horse of great Ascides And his strong chariot, bound with braffe, thou wilt (before all these)

Refigne me as my valours prife; and fo I rest unmov'd To be thy fpie, and not returne before I have approved (By venturing to Atrides ship, where their consults are held)

If they resolve still to resist, or slie as quite expeld. He put his scepter in his hand, and cald the thunders God

(Saturnias husband) to his oath, these horse should not be rod By any other man then he; but he for ever joy

(To his renowne) their services, for his good done to Troy. Thus fwore he, and for fwore himselfe; yet made base Dolon bold: Who on his shoulders hung his bow, and did about him fold A white wolves hide, and with a helme of Weafels skins did arme

His wealels head, then tooke his dart, and never turnd to harme The Greeks with their related drifts: but being past the troopes Of horse and soot, he promptly runs; and as he runs he stoopes To undermine Achilles horse; Vly fes straight did fee,

And faid to Diomed, this man makes footing towards thee, Out of the tents; I know not well, if he be usde as spie, Bent to our fleet, or come to rob the flaughterd enemic.

But let us suffer him to come a little further on, And then purfue him. If it chance, that we be overgone By his more swiftnesse; urge him still to run upon our fleet, And (left he scape vs to the towne) still let thy Javeline meet

With all his offers of retreat. Thus flept they from the plaine Amongst the slaughterd carkasses, Dolon came on amaine, Suspecting nothing; but once past, as farre as Mules outdraw Oxen at plough, being both put on, neither admitted law, To plow a deepe foild furrow forth, fo farre was Dolon paft,

Then they pursude, which he perceiv'd, and staid his speedlesse hast; Subtly supposing Hetter sent to countermand his spie: But in a lavelings throw or leffe, he knew them enemie.

Then laid he on his nimble knees, and they pursude like wind. As when a brace of Greyhounds are laid in with Hare or Hind; Helior to the Troians.

Dolon offers to be ex: lorater.

220. Tor Greene O Doton.

Delen armits.

Thiles to Dio-

Close-

Close mouth'd; and skild to make the best of their industrious course. Serve eithers turne, and fet on hard, lofe neither ground nor force. So constantly did Tydeus sonne, and his towne-razing Peerc. Pursue this spie; still turning him, as he was winding neare His covert: till he almost mixt, with their out-courts of guard. Then Pallas prompted Dismed, left his due worths reward Diamento Do Should be empaird, if any man did vant he first did sheath His fword in him, and he be cald, but second in his death : Then spake he (threatning with his lance) or flay, or this comes on. And long thou canst not run, before thou be by death out-gone. This faid he threw his laveline forth: which mift, (as Diemed would) Above his right arme making way, the pile flucke in the mould: He staid and trembled, and his teeth did chatter in his head. Dolons (urprite They came in blowing, feild him fast, he, weeping offered A wealthy ransome for his life, and told them he had brasse, andoffer. Much gold, and iron, that fit for use, in many labours was, From whole rich heapes his father would a wondrous portion give, If, at the great Achaian fleet, he heard his sonne did live. Vlyffes bad him cheare his beart. Thinke not of death, said he. The isto Dolon. Buttell us true, why funft thou forth when others fleeping be? Is it to spoyle the carkasses? or art thou choicely sent T'explore our drifts? or of thy selfe, seek it thou some wisht event? He trembling answerd: Much reward did Hetters oth propose. Dolons ar fwer. And urg'd me much against my will, t'indevour to disclose. If you determin'd ftill to flay, or bent your course for flight, As all dismaid with your late foile, and wearied with the fight: For which exploit, Pelides horse, and chariot he did sweare I onely ever should enjoy. Vlyffes smil'd to heare So base a swaine have any hope, so high a prise taspire, Plales to Dolon And faid, his labors did affect, a great and precious hire: And that the horse Pelides rein d, no mortall hand could use But he himselfe, whose matchlesse life, a Goddesse did produce! But tell us, and report but truth, where leftlt thou Heller now? Where are his armes? his famous horse? on whom doth hebestow The watches charge? where sleepe the Kings? intend they still to lye-Thus neare encampt? or turne suffised with their late victory? All this, faid he, He tell most true. At Ilus monement Dolons relation. Hector with all our Princes fits, t'advise of this event; Who chuse that place remov'd, to shun the rude confused sounds The common fouldiers throw about: but, for our watch, and rounds, Whereof (brave Lord) thou mak'ft demand; none orderly we keepe: The Trojans that have roofes to fave, onely abandon fleepe, And privately without command, each other they exhort To make prevention of the worft; and in this flender fort Is watch and guard maintaind with us. Th'auxiliarie bands Sleepe foundly, and commit their cares into the Trojans hands; For they have neither wives with them, nor children to protect;

The leffe thy need to care, the more, they succour dull neglect.

But tell me (faid wife Ithacm) are all thefe forreine powers Appointed quarters by themselves, or else commixt with yours? And this (taid Dolon) too (my Lords) Ile feriously unfold. Dolon The Paons with the crooked bowes, and Cares, quarters hold Next to the feat the Leieges, and Caucons joyn'd with them, And brave Pelasgians; Thimbers meade, remov'd more from the streams. Is quarter to the Licians; the loftie Mifian force: The Phrygians and Meonians, that fight with armed horse. But what need these particulars? if ye intend surprise Of any in our Trojan campe; the Thracian quarter lies Vemost of all, and uncommixt with Trojan regiments, That keepe the voluntary watch: new pitcht are all their tents: King Rhefus, Eioneus fonne, commands them; who hath steeds More white then fnow, huge, and well shapt; their firie pace exceeds The winds in swiftnesse: these I saw: his Chariot is with gold Pirailianum And pallid filver richly fram'd, and wondrous to behold. His great and golden armour is not fit a man should weare; But for immortall shoulders fram'd: come then, and quickly beare Your happie prisoner to your fleet: or leave him here fast bound Till your well arg'd and rich returne, prove my relation found. Tydides dreadfully replide: Thinke not of paffage thus, Though of right acceptable newes, thou haft advertisde us; Diemeda fterne Our hands are holds more ftrict then fo : and should we fet thee free riply to Dolon: For offerd ransome, for this scape, thou still woulds scouting be About our ships; or do us scathe, in plaine opposed armes; But if I take thy life, no way, can we repent thy harmes With this, as Dolow reacht his hand to use a suppliants part, Dolous (lange And stroke the beard of Diomed; he strooke his necke athwart, ter by Dismed With his forc't fword; and both the nerues he did in funder wound; And fuddenly his head, deceiv'd, fell speaking on the ground: His welels helme they tooke, his bow, his wolves skinne, and his lance. Which to Minerva, Ithacus, did zealoufly advance With lifted arme into the aire; and to her thus be spake; Goddesse, triumph in thine owne spoyles: to thee we first will make Vlyffes offers Our invocations, of all powers, thre n'd on th'Olympian hill; Now to the Thracians, and their horse, and beds, conduct us still. With this, he hung them up a oft, upon a Tamricke bow, As eyefull Trophies: and the sprigs that did about it grow, He proined from the leavie armes, to make it casier viewd, When they should hastily retire, and be perhaps pursude. Forth went they, through blacke bloud and armes; and presently aspir'd The guardlesse Thracian regiment, fast bound with sleepe, and tir'd: Their armes lay by, and triple ranks, they as they slept did keepe, As they should watch and guard their King, who, in a fatall sleepe. Lay in the midft; their chariot horse, as they coach fellows were, Fed by them; and the famous steeds that did their Generall beare, Stood next him, to the hinder part of his rich chariot tyed. Vlyffes faw them first, and faid, Tydides, I have spyed

of This.e

Minouth

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Civies in

The horfethat Dolon (whom we flue) affur'd us we should ice: Now use thy strength; now idle armes are most unfit for thee: Prife thou the horse; or kill the guard; and leave the horse to me. Minerva with the Azure eyes, breath'd ftrength into her King, Who fild the tent with mixed death: the foules, he fet on wing. Issued in grones, and made ayre swell, into her stormie floud: Horror, and flaughter had one power; the earth did blush with bloud. As when a hungry Lyon flies with purpole to devoure On flocks unkept, and on their lines doth freely use his power:

So Tydeus fonne affaild the foe; twelue foules before him flew; Vlyfes waited on his sword; and euer as he slew, He drew them by their strengthlesse heeles, out of the horses sight: That when he was to leade them forth, they should not with affright

Bogle, nor snore, in treading on the bloudy carkasses; For being new come, they were unusde to such sterne sights as these.

controlled the King himselfe artaine; Who (noring in his sweetest sleepe) was like his souldiers slaine. An ill dreame by Minerva fent, that night flood by his head, Which was Genides revall fonne, unconquer'd Diomed. Meane while Vlyffes loofd his horfe; tooke all their reines in hand, And led them forth: but Tydeus sonne did in contention stand With his great minde, to do some deed of more audacitie;

If he should take the chariot, where his rich armes did lie, And draw it by the beame away, or beare it on his backe; Or if of more dull Thracian lines, he should their bosomes sacke.

In this contention with himfelfe, Minerva did fuggeft,

And bad him thinke of his retreat; left from their tempted reft, Someother God should stirre the foe, and send him backe dismaid.

He knew the voyce; tooke horse, and fled; the Trojans heavenly aid Lapollo with the filver bow) frood no blinde fentinel

To their secure and drowsie host; but did discover well Minerva following Diomed; and angric with his act, The mightic host of Ilian, he entred; and awak't The coulen germane of the King, a counfellour of Thrace,

Hypocoun; who when he rofe; and faw the defert place Where Rhefus horse did use to stand, and th'other dismall harmes, Men strugling with the pangs of death; he shriekt out thicke alarmes;

Cald Rhefus? Rhefus? but in vaine: then still, arme, arme, he cride: The noise and tumult was extreme, on every flartled side

Of Troyes huge hoft; from whence in throngs all gather'd, and admir'd, Who could performe such harmfull facts, and yet be safe retird.

Now, coming where they flue the scout, Vlyffes staid the steeds Tydides lighted, and the spoiles (hung on the Tamricke reeds) He tooke and gaue to Ithicus; and up he got againe;

Then flew they joyfull to their fleet: Neftor did first attaine The founds the horse hooses strooke through aire, and said; My royall Peeres? Do I but dote? or fay I true? me thinks about mine cares

The founds of running horses beat. O would to God they were

Our friends thus soone returnd with spoyles: but I have heartie feare-Left this high rumult of the foe doth their diffreffe intend. He scarce had spoke, when they were come: Both did from horse descend. All, withembraces and fweet words, to heaven their worth did raife. Then Neftor Spake; Great Ithacas, even heapt with Grecian praife: How have you made these horse your prize? pierc't you the dangerous host. Where such gemmes stand? or didsome God your high attempts accost. And honour'd you with this reward? why, they be like the Rayes The Sunne effuseth. I have mixt with Troians all my dayes: And now, I hope you will not fay, I alwayes lyc abord Though an old fouldier I confesse: yet did all Troy afford Never the like to any fence, that ever I possest:

But some good God, no doubt, hath met, and your high valours bleft. For he that shadows beaven with clouds, loves both, as his delights:

And the that supples earth with bloud, can not forbeare your sights. Vly ses answerd, Honord Sire, the willing Gods can give

Horse much more worth, then these men yeeld, since in more power they live: These horse are of the Thracian breed, their King Tydides sluc, And twelve of his most trusted guard: and of that meaner crew A skowt for thirteenth man we kild, whom Heder fent to spie

The whole estate of our defignes, if bent to fight or flie. Thus (followed with whole troops of friends) they with applaules pall The spacious dike, and in the tent, of Diemed they place Thehorse without contention, as his deservings meed. Which (with his other horfeset up) on yellow wheat did feed.

Poore Dolons spoiles Vly fes had; who shrin'd them on his sterne. As trophies vow'd to her that fent the good aboding Herne.

Then entred they the meere maine lea, to cleanle their honourd fweat From off their feet, their thighs and necks: and when their vehement heat Was calm'd, and their (wolne hearts refrecht; more curious baths they ul'd; Where odorous and diffolving Oyles, they through their lims diffulde. Then, taking breakfast, a big boule, fild with the purest wine. They offerd to the maiden Queene, that hath the azure eyne.

The end of the tenth Booke.

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ELEVENTH BOOK OF HOMER'S ILIADS.

THE ARGUMENT.

A Trides and his other Peeres of name, Leade forth their men; whom Eris doth inflame. Hector (by Iris charge) takes deedleffe breath, Whiles Agamemnon plies the worke of death: Who with the first beares his imperiall head. Himselfe, Vlyffes, and King Diorned, Euripylus, and Æsculapius Sonne. (Inforc't with wounds) the furious skirmish shunne. With martiall fight, when great Achilles viewe:, A little his defire of fight renewes: And forth he fends his friend, to bring him word From old Neleides, what wounded Lord He in his chariot from the skirmish brought: Which was Machaon. Neftor then befought He would per swade his friend to wreake their harmes, Or come himfelfe, deckt in his dreadfull armes.

Another Argument.

I.ambda presents the Generall, In fight the worthiest man of all.

Frora, out of restfull bed, did from bright Tython rile,
To bring each deathlesseessees, and use, to mortalleyes; When love lent Eris to the Greeks, fuffaining in her hand Sterne fignes of her defignes for warre: the tooke her horrid fland

Vpon Flysses huge blacke Barke, that did atanchor ride, Amidft the fleet; from whence her founds, might ring on every fide; Both to the tents of Telamon, and th'authors of their imarts; Who held, for fortitude and force, the navies utmost parts.

The red-eyd Goddesse seated there, thunderd th Orthian song, the control High, and with horror, through the cares of all the Grecian throng; Her verle with spirits invincible, did all their breafts inspire; Blew out all darkneffe from their lims, and fet their hearts on fire; And prefently was bitter warre, more sweet athousand times Then any choice in hollow keeles, to greet their native climes. Atrides summon'd all to armes; to armes himselfedisposde:

First on his legs he put bright Greaues, with filver buttons closde; Then with rich Curacearm'd his breast, which Cynirus bestow'd Togratifie his royall gueft, foreven to Cyprus flow'd

Thun-

Th'unbounded fame of those designes, the Greekes proposed for Tron. And therefore gave he him those armes, and wisht his purpose joy. Tenrowes of azure mixt with blacke: twelve golden like the Sunne: Twife ten of tin, in beaten paths, did through this armour runne. Three Serpents to the gorget crept, that like three raine bowes shind. Such as by love are fixt in clouds, when wonders are divin'd. About his shoulders hung his sword, whereofthe hollow hilt Wasfashion'd all with shining barres, exceeding richly gilt : The scaberd was of filver plate, with golden hangers grac't: Then tooke he up his weighty shield, that round about him cast Defensive shadowes: ten bright zones, of gold-affecting braffe Were driven about it; and of tin (as full of gloffe as glaffe) Sweld twenty boffes out of it: in center of them all, One of blacke mettall had engraven (full of extreame appall) An ugly Gorgon, compassed with terror and with feare: At it, a filver Bawdricke hung, with which he ufde to beare (Wound on his arme) his ample shield, and in it there was wouen An azure Dragon, curl d in folds, from whose one necke, was cloven Three heads contorted in an orbe: then plac't he on his head His foure plum'd caske, and in his hands, two darts he managed, Arm'd with bright steele, that blaz'd to heaven: then Iuno and themaid That conquers Empires, trumpets ferv'd, to fummon out their aide, In houor of the Generall: and on a fable cloud (To bring them furious to the field) fate thundring out aloud.

Then all enjoyed their charioteers, to ranke their chariot horse Close to the dike: forth marcht the foot; whose front they did r'enforce With some horse troupes: the battell then was all of Charioteers, Lin'd with light horse: but Impiter, disturb'd this forme with scares; And from ayres upper region, did bloudy vapours raine; For fad oftent, much noble life, should ere their times be flaine. The Troian hoaft, at Ilw tombe, was in Bastalia led By Hetter and Polydamas, and old Anchifes feed, Who God-like was effeem'd in Troy; by grave Antenors race, Divine Agenor, Polybus, unmarried Acamas, Proportion d like the states of heaven: in front of all the field, Trojes great Piramides did beare, his alwaies equal shield, Still plying th'ordering of his power, And as amids the skie We formetimes fee an ominous starre, blaze cleare and dreadfully, Then run his golden head in clouds, and ftraight appeare againe: So Heller otherwhiles didgrace the vant-guard, thining plaine, Then in the rere-guard hid himselfe, and labour'd every where, To order and encourage all: his armour was fo cleave, And he applide each place to fast, that like a lightning throwne Out of the shield of Ispiter, in every eye he shone. And as upon a rich mans crop, of barley or of wheate, (Opposde for swittnesse at their worke,) a fort of reapers sweate, Beare downe the furrowes speedily, and thicke their handfuls fall: So at the joyning of the hoafts, ran flaughter through them all;

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Anather compar412.

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its Gree ms.

* Pars.

Alami minen to

P) fander and

Hipporchia.

None thoops to any fatnting thought, of foule inglorious flight, But equall bore they up their heads, and far'd like wolves in fight : Sterne Eris, with fuch weeping fights, rejoye't to feed her eyes. Who onely shew'd her selfe in field, of all the Deities. The other in Olympus tops, fate filent, and repin'd, That I we to doe the Trojans grace, should beare so fixt a mind. He car'd not, but (enthron'd apart) triumphant fat in sway

Of his free power; and from his feate, tooke pleasure to display The citie so adorn'd with towres, the sea with vessels fild; The folendor of refulgent armes, the killer and the kild. As long as bright Aurora rul'd, and facred day increaft. So long their darts made mutuall wounds, and neither had the best:

Peribbra is of N one.

But when in hill enuiron'd vales, the timber-feller takes A sharpe set stomacke to his meate, and dinner ready makes. His finewes fainting, and his spirits, become surchare'd and dull: Time of accustom'd case arriv'd, his hands with labour full: Then by their valours Greeks brake through, the Troian ranks, and chear'd Their generall Squadrons through the hoaft: then first of all appear d The person of the King himselfe, and then the Trojans loft Byanor, by his royall charge, a leader in the holt:

augniers,

Who being flaine, his charioteere (oilem) did alight, And stood in skirmish with the King, the King did deadly smite His forehead with his eager lance, and through his helme it ranne. Enforcing passage to his braine, quite through the hardned pan : His braine mixt with his clotterd bloud, his body strewd the ground: There left he them, and presently he other objects found:

Ifus and Antiphus, two lonnes King Priam did beget; One lawfull, thother wantonly; both in one chariot met Their royall foe, the baser borne, I/w was charioteere.

Adr. 61.

1216

And famous Antiphus did fight : both which, King Peleus heire. (Whilome in 144 keeping flockes) did deprehend and bind With pliant Ofiers, and for prize, them to their Sire refign'd. Airides with his well aim'd lance, smote Ism on the brest Aboue the nipple; and his fword, a mortall wound imprest Beneath the care of Antiphus: downe from their horse they fell. The King had feene the youths before, and now did know them well, Remembring them the prisoners, of swift Accides, Who brought them to the fable fleet, from Idas foodieleas.

And as a Lyon having found the furrow of a Hind, Where she hath calv'd two little twins; at will and ease doth grind

Their joynts snatcht in his sollide jawes, and crusheth into mist Their tender lives, their dam (though neare) notable to relift, But shooke with vehement feare her selfe, flies through the Oaken chace From that fell favage, drown'd in fweat, and feckes some covert place : So when with most unmatched arength, the Grecian Generall bent Gainst these two Princes, none durst ayd, their native Kings descent, But fled themselves before the Greeks, and where these two were slaine,

Pyfander and Hypolochus, (not able to restraine

Then laps his bloud and entrailes up: fo Agamemnon plide

Their head-strong horse, the silken reines, being from their hands let sall) Were brought by their unruly guides, before the Generall. Antimachus begat them both; Antimachus that tooke Rich gifts, and gold of Hellens love, and would by no meanes brooke Just refigurion should be made, of Menelans wealth. Berefthim, with his raville Queene, by * Alexanders frealth. Atrides, Lyon-like did charge his fonnes, who on their knees Fell from their chariot, and befought, regard to their degrees: Who, being Autimachus his fonnes, their father would affoord A worthy ransome for their lines, who in his house did hoord Much hidden treasure; braffe, and gold, and steele, wrought wondrous choice. Thus wept they, using smoothing terms; and heard this rugged voice Breath'd from the unrelenting King. If you be of the breed Of front Antimachin, that staid the honourable deed The other Peeres of Ilion, in counfell had decreed, To render Hellen and her wealth; and would have basely flaine My brother and wife Ithacus, Ambaffadors rattaine The most due motions now receive wreake for his shamefull part, This faid, in poore Pylanders breaft, he fixt his wreakfull dart: Who upward spread th'oppressed earth: his brother croucht for dread, And as he lay, the angry King out off his armes and head, And let him like a football lye, for enery man to fourne. Then to th'extreamelt heate of fight, he did his valour turne, And led a multitude of Greekes, where foot did foot subdue. Horse slaughterd horse, Need featherd slight, the batterd center slew In clouds of dust about their eares, rais'd from the horses hooves, That beat a thunder out of earth, as horrible as loves. The King (perswading speedy chace) gaue his perswasions way With his owne valour, flaughtring still; as in a stormy day, In thicke-fet woods a rauenous fire, wraps in his fierce repaire, The shaken trees, and by the rootes doth toffe them into aire . Even so beneath Atrides sword, flew up Troyes flying heeles: Their horse drew emptie chariots, and sought their thundring wheeles Some fresh directions through the field, where least the parfuit drives : Thicke fell the Troians, much more sweet to Vultures, then their wives. Then love drew Heller from the darts, from dust, from death and blood,

And from the tumult: Still the King, firme to the pursuit stood; Till at old Ilas monument, in midft of all the field, They reacht the wild Figtree, and long'd to make their towne their shield. Yet there they refted not, the king still cride; Putsue, pursue, And all his unreproved hands, did bloud and dust embrue. But when they came to Seess ports, and to the Beech of love, There made they stand; there enery eye, fixt on each other, strove Who should outlooke his mate amaz'd: through all the field they fled. And as a Lyon, when the night becomes most deafe and dead, Inuades Oxe heards, affrighting all, that he of one may wreake His dreadfull hunger; and his necke, he first of all doth breake;

· Simile.

The

The manage of the Trojan chace, and still the last man di'ds The other fled, a number fell by his imperiall hand : Some groveling downwards from their horse: some upwards strew'd the land. High was the furie of his lance: but having beat them close Beneath their walls, the both worlds Sire did now againe repole On fountaine flowing Ides tops, being newly flid from heaven. And held a lightning in his hand: from thence his charge wasgiven To Iris with the golden wings: Thanmantia, flie (faid he)

Love to the

And tell Troyes Hetter, that as long, as he inrag'd shall fee The fouldier-loving Airem sonne, amongst the formost fight, Depopulating troupes of men: fo long he must excite Some other to refift the foe, and he no armes advance. But when he wounded takes his horfe, attain'd with shaft or lance: Then will I fill his arme with death, even till he reach the fleet, And peacefull night treades busic day, beneath her sacred feet. The wind foot swift Thaumantia, obeyd and usd her wings To famous Ition, from the mount, enchaste with filver fprings: And found in his bright chariot, the hardy Trojan Knight: To whom the fpake the words of love, and vanishe from his fight. He leapt upon the founding earth, and shooke his lengthfull dart, And every where he breath d exhorts, and stirdup every heart : A dreadfull fight he set on foot, his fouldiers straight turnd head: The Greekes Rood firme, in both the hoafts, the field was perfected. But Agamemnon formeft ftill, did all his fide exceed,

And would not be the first in name, unlesse the first in deed. Now fing faire Presidents of verse, that in the heavens embowre, Who first encountred with the King, of all the adverse powre: Iphydamas, Antenors fonne, ample and bigly fet, Brought up in pasture fpringing-Thrace, that doth foft sheepe beget : In grave Ciffeus noble house, that was his mothers Sire; (Faire Theano) and when his breaft was heightned with the fire Ofgailome youth; his grand-Sire gave his daughter to his love : Who straight his bridall chamber left, Fame, with affection strove, And made him furnish twelve faire ships, to lend faire Troy his hand. His ships he in Percope left, and came to Troy by land : And now he tryed the fame of Greece, encountring with the King, Who threw his royall lance and mist : 19by damas did fling, And strooke him on the arming waste, beneath his coate of brasse, Which forc't him stay upon his arme, so violent it was : Yet piere't it not his wel wrought zone; but when the lazie head Tried hardnesse with his silver waste, it turnd againe like lead. He follow'd, grasping the ground end: but with a Lyons wile, That wrestsaway a hunters staffe; he caught it by the pile, And pluckt it from the casters hand, whom with his sword he strooke Phydamas slaine Beneath the care, and with his wound, his timelesse death he tooke:

13 Agamemon. He fell and slept an iron sleepe; wretched young man, he dide Farre from his newly-married wife, in aide of forraine pride, And law no pleasure of his love; yet was her joynture great:

An hundred Oxen gave he her, and vow'd in his retreat Two thousand head of sheepe and Goats, of which he store did leave: Much gave he of his loves first fruits, and nothing did receive. When Coon (one that for his forme, might feaft an amorous eve. And elder brother of the flaine) beheld this tragedic:

Deepe forrow fate upon his eyes, and (flanding laterally. And to the Generall undifcernd) his lavelin he let flie: That twixt his elbowand his wrift, transfixt his armeleffe arme-The bright head thin'd on th'other fide. The unexpected harme Imprest some horror in the King : yet so he ceast not fight, But ruflet on Com with his lance, who made what hafte he might (Seifing his flaughter'd brothers foot) to draw him from the field.

And cald the ableft to his aide; when under his round shield The Kings braffe Isvelin, as he drew, did ftrike him helpleffe dead: Who made Iphydamas the blocke, and cut off Coons bead. Thus under great Atrides arme, Anteners iffue thriv'd.

And to suffice precisest fate, to Plates manfion div'd. He with his lance, fword, mightic stones, pour'd his Heroicke wreake On other Squadrons of the foe, whiles yet warme bloud did breake Through his cleft veines: but when the wound, was quite exhauft and crude; The eager anguish did approve his Princely fortifude. As when most sharpe and bitter pangs, distract a labouring Dame; Which the divine Ilisbia, that rule the painfull frame Of humane child-birth poureon her: th'Ilithia that are The daughters of Saturnia: with whole extreme repaire The woman in her travell strives, to take the worst it gives: With thought it must be, tis loves fruit, the end for which she lives. The meane to make her selfe new borne: what comforts will redound: So Agamemnon did fuftaine, the terment of his wound. Then tooke he chariot, and to Fleet, bad hafte his chariotecre;

But first pour'd out his highest voice, to purchase every care: Princes and Leaders of the Greeks, brave friends, now from our fleet Do you expell this boyftrous fway: Ieve will not let me meet Illustrate Heltor, nor give leave, that I shall end the day

In fight against the lies power: my wound is in my way. This faid, his readie chariotecre, did scourge his spritefull horse.

That freely to the fable fleet, perform'd their fierie course: To beare their wounded Soveraigne, apart the Martiall thrust, Sprinkling their powerfull breafts with foame, and snowing on the dust.

When Heller heard of his retreat, thus he for fame contends: Troians, Dardanians, Lycians, all my close-fighting friends,

Thinke what it is to be renown'd: be fouldiers all of name: Our strongest enemie is gone; I eve vowes to dous fame: Then in the Grecian faces drive, your one-how'd violent fleeds, And farre above their beft, be beft, and glorific your deeds.

Thus as a dog given Hunter fets, upon a brace of Bores, His white-toothd bounds; pufs, thowts, breaths terms, & on his emprele pores All his wilde art to make them pinch, so Heller urg'd his host

Agamemnon 10 the Greeke

· Hell r to the . Tyoicus.

To

To charge the Greeks, and he himselse, most bold, an d active most:

Scoops from the clouds, and all on heaps, doth cuffe the purple waves?

Who then was first, and last, he kild, when Iove did grace his deed,

He brake into the heat of fight: as when a tempest raves.

Prince Dolops, and the honor'd Sife, of weet Haryalus;

Orus, Estimnus, all of name. The common fouldiers fell.

As when the hollow flood of aire, in Zephires checks dath [well,

And sparseth all the gatherd clouds, white Notes powerdid draws

So were the common fouldiers wrackt, in troops, by Hellers hand,

Then ruine had inforc't fuch works, as no Greeks could withftand:

Then in their fleet they had beene hould, had not Lacrtes fonne

Tydides, what do we fullaine, forgetting what we are?

Stand by me (dearest in my love) twere horribleimpaire

Wraps waves in waves, hurls up the froath, beat with a wehement flaw:

Affeus, and Autonous; Opys, and Clytus feed:

(Opheltes) Agelans next; and frong Hippenous:

Stird up the spirit of Diomed, with this impression.

For our two valours to endure, a customarie flight.

To leave our navie still ingaged, and but by fits to fight.

& Lun Helior

imile.

Villetto Die.

D omedsenfwar

He answerd, I am bent to stay, and any thing sustaine: But our delight to prove us men, will prove but short and vaine; 18 24 Jak For love makes Trojans instruments; and virtually then.

Wields armes himselfe: our crosse affaires, are not twixtmen and men. This faid, Thimbrans with his lance, he numbled from his horfes. Neare his left nipple wounding him: Plyfles did enforce Faire Molion, minion to this King, that Diomed Subdude: Both fent they thence, till they return'd: who now the King purfude

And furrowed through the thickned troops: As when two chaced Bores Turne head gainst kennels of bold hounds, and race way through their gores: So(turnd from flight) the forward Kings, thew'd Trojans backward death: Nor fled the Greeks but by their wils, to get great Hellor breath.

Dipfes and Dio.

meds flanglisers.

Then tooke they horse and chariot, from two bold citie foes, Merops Percofius mightie sonnes: their father could difclose, Beyondall men, hid Auguries; and would not give confent To their egression to these warres: yet wilfully they wents

For Fates, that order fable death, enforc't their tragedies: Tydides flue them with his lance, and made their armes his prize. Hypporochus, and Hyppodus, Vigffes reft of light: But love, that out of 1da lookt, then equalifde the fight; A Grecian for a Troian then, paid tribute to the Fates;

Yet royall Diemed flue one, even in those even debates. That was of name more then thereft; Paons renowned fonne, The Prince Agastrophus, his lance, into his hip did runne; His Squire detaind his horse apart, that hindred him to flice Which he repented at his heart; yet did his feet applie,

His scape with all the speed they had, alongst the formost bands; And there his loved life diffolv'd. This, Hettor understands, And rusht with clamor on the King; right foundly seconded

With

With troupes of Trojans: which perceiu'd, by famous Diomed. The deepe conceit of loves high will, stifned his royall haire. Who foake to neare-fought Ithaehm: the fate of this affaire is bent to us: come let us fland, and bound his violence. Thus threw he his long Iavelin forth, which smote his heads defence Full on the top, yet piere't no skin; braffe tooke repulse with braffe,

His helme (with three folds made, and sharpe) the gift of Phabus was. The blow made Heller take the troupe; funke him upon his hand, And strooke him blinde: the King pursude before the formost band, His darts recovery: which he found, laid on the purple plaine: By which time, Heller was reviv'd, and taking horse againe, Was farre commixt within his Brength, and fled his darkfome grave.

He followed with his trufty lance, and this elufive Brave: Once more be thankfull to thy heeles, (proud dog) for thy escape : Mischiese sate neere thy bosome now; and now another rape

Hath thy Apollo made of thee, to whom thou well mailt pray. When through the finging of our darts, thou findft fuch guarded way : But I shall meet with thee arlength, and bring thy latest houre, If with like favour any God, be fautor of my powre:

Meane while, some other shall repay what I suspend in thee. This faid, he fet the wretched foule, of Pagns iffue free; Whom his late wound, not fully flue: but Priams amorous birth, Against Tydides bent his bow, hid with a hill of earth,

Part of the ruinsted tombe, for honor'd Ilas built: And as the Curace of the flaine (engraven and richly gilt) Tydides from his breaft had spoild, and from his shoulders rafe His target and his folide helme, he shot, and his keene shaft

(That neuer flew from him in vaine) did naile upon the ground The Kings right foot: the spleenefull knight laught sweetly at the wound, Crept from his couert, and triumpht: Now art thou mained, faid he, And would to God my happy hand had so much honor dme, To have infixe it in thy breast, as deepe as in thy foot, Euen to thexpulsure of thy foule: then bleft had beene my shoote

Of all the Trojans: who had then breath'd from their long unrefls, Who feare thee as the braying Goats abhorre the king of beafts. Vndanted Diemed replide: You Braver, with your bow, You flick-hair d louer: you that hunt and fleere at wenches fo:

Durst thou but stand in armes with me, thy silly archerie Would give thee little cause to vaunt, as little suffer I In this same tall exploit of thine, perform'd when thou wert hid: As if a woman or a child, that knew not what it did, Had toucht my foot: a cowards licele hath neuer any edge :

But mine (t'affure it sharpe) still layes dead carkasses in pledge; Touch it, it renders liveleffe straight: it strikes the fingers ends

Of haplesse widowes in their cheeks, and children blind of friends: The subject of it makes earth red, and aire with sighes inflames: And leaves lims more embrac't with birds, then with enamour'd Dames.

Lance-fam'd Flyffes now came in, and stept before the King,

Diamed to Volles.

> Olomed at a cultitier.

Taris at Dia-

i. (....

Pali infults

sa Daniel.

Sec. 6, 123.76

Kreck

Kneed opposite, and drew the shaft: the eager paine did sling I mough all his body: ftraight he tooke his royall chariot there. And with direction to the fleet, did charge his charjoteere. Now was Vlyffes defolate, feare made no friend remaine: He thus foake to his mighty mind: What doth my state sustaine? If I should five this ods in feare, that thus comes clustring on. Twere high dishonour: yet twere worse to be surprisd alone : Tis love that drives the reft to flight, but that's a faint excuse. Why doe I tempt my minde so much? pale cowards fight refuse. He that affects renowne in warre, must like a rocke be fixt. Wound, or be wounded: valours truth puts no respect betwixt. In this contention with himfelfe, in flew the shadie bands Of targateeres, who fieg'd him round, with mischiefe-filled hands. As when a crew of gallants watch the wild mule of a Bore: Their dogs put after in full cry, he rusheth on before : Whers, with his lather making jawes, his crooked tuskes for bloud: And (holding firme his usuall haunts) breakes through the deepned wood . They charging, though his hot approach be never to abhord. So, to affaile the love-lov'd Greeke, the Ilians did accord, And he made through them: first he hurt, upon his shoulder blade. Deiops, a blamelesse man at armes: then sent to endlesse shade Thorn and Eunomus: and strooke the strong Chersidamas, As from his chariot he leapt downe, beneath his targe of braffe: Who fell, and crawld upon the earth, with his fulfaining palmes, And left the fight nor yet his lance, left dealing Martiall almes : But Socies brother by both fides, yong Carops did impresse : Then Princely Societo his aide, made brotherly accesse, And (comming neere) spake in his charge; O great Laertes sonne, Infatiate in flye stratagems, and labours never done: This houre, or thou shalt boast to kill the two Hypasides,

vocus won ide Tily jes. And prize their armes, or fall thy selfe, in my refolved accessed.

This faid, he threw quite through his shield, his fell and well-driven lance: Which held way through his curaces, and on his ribs did glance, Piowing the stellangst his sides but Pallus did repell Allinward passage to his life. Pisses knowing well

The wound undeadly, (setting backe, his foot to forme his stand)

Thus spake to Socuse O thou wretch, thy death is in this hand:

That stay if my victory on Troy: and where thy charge was made In doubtfull terms (or this or that) this shall thy life invade.

This stighted Socuse to retreate, and in his faint reverse,

The lance betwixt his shoulders fell, and through his brest did perce.

Downe fell he founding, and the King, thus playd with his misease.

O Source, you that make he high he have the fell.

U isses infesta tien, O Soem, you that make by birth, the two Hypafides:
Now may your house and you perceive, death can out flie the flyer:
Ah wretch, thou canst not scape my vowes: old Hypasim thy Sire,
Nor thy well honord mothers hands; in both which lyes thy worth,
Shall close thy wretched eyes in death; but Vultures dig them forth,
And hide them with their darksome wings: but when Visites dies,

Divinest

Divinest Greeks shall tombe my corse, with all their obsequies.

Now from his bodie and his shield, the violent lance he drew, That Princely Soem had infixt: which drawne, a crimson dew Fell from his bosome on the earth: the wound did dare him fore. And when the surious Troians saw, Flysse forced gore: (Encouraging themselves in grosse) all his destruction vow dig. Then he retured, and summon did aide: thrise showted he allowed, (As did denote a man ingag'd) thrise Memelaus eare Observ'd his aid-suggesting voice: and Niax being neare, He told him of Viysse shows, as if he were enclosse From all affistance: and advide, their aids might be dispossed Against the Ring that circled him: left, charg'd with troopes alone (Though valiant) he might be oppress, whom Greece so built upon. Heled, and Niax seconded: they found their Iove-lov'd King Circled with fors. As when a den of bloodie Lucerns eline

Heled, and Aiax (econded: they found their Iava-lov'd King Circled with foes. As when a den of bloodie Lucerns cling Abont a goodly pained Hart, hurt with an hunters bow, Whose scape, his nimble feet inforce, whilst his warme bloud doth flow, And his light knees have power to move: but (mastred of his wound, Embost within a shadiehill) the Lucerns charge him round, And teare his stell, when instantly, sortune sends in the powres Of some sterne Lion, with whose sight, they slie, and he devours. So charg'd the Ilians Ithaeau, many and mightie men. But then made Menelaus in, and horrid Aiax then, Bearing a target like a tower: close was his violent stand,

And every way the foc disperse; when, by the royall hand, Kinde Menelaus led away, the hurt Lacries sonne, Till his faire squire had brought his horse: victorious Telamon Still plied the soe, and put to sword, a yong Priamides;

Illi nis rare iquire nad orougat nis nories victorious Telamos
Still plied the toe, and put to fword, a yong Priamides;
Doriclus, Priams baftard fonne: then did his lance impresse
Pandocus, and strong Priafus; Lyfander and Paleries,
As when a correct from the hise (wolne with Saturais the)

As when a torrent from the hils, (wolne with Saturnian flowres, Fals on the fields; beares blafted Oaks, and witherd rofine flowres, Loofe weeds, and all diperfed filth, into the Oceans force. So matchlesse hear the field, and slaughterd men and horse. Yet had not Hester heard of this, who fought on the lest wing Ofall the host, neare those sweet herbes, Scamanders flood doth spring: Where many forcheads trode the ground, and where the skirmish burnd Neare Nester, and King Idomen, where Hester ouer-turnd The Grecian squadrons; authoring, high service with his lance,

And skilfull manadge of his horfe: nor yet the difcrepance
He made in death betwixt the hofts, had made the Greeks retire,
If faire. haird Hellens fecond spoile; had not represt the fire
Of bold Machaons fortitude, who with a three-forkt head

In his right shoulder wounded him: then had the Grecians dread,
Left in his strength declin'd, the foc, should slaughter their hurtfriend:
Then Greets King wor'd Nelsides his chesistre of and

Then Gretes King urg'd Neleides, his chariot to ascend, And getting neare him, take him in, and beare him to their tents; A Surgeon is to be preferd, with physicke ornaments. Alax and Menelaus to therefour a Viz. es.

Jictor*

THE ELEVENTH BOOKE Before a multitude : his life, gives hurrlives native bounds, With tweet inspersion of fit balmes, and perfect search of wounds. Thus spake the royall Idomen: Neleides obeyd, And to his chariot prefently, the wounded Greeke convaid The fonne of Esculapine, the great Physicion: To fleet they flew. Cebriones perceiv'd the flaughter done By Aiax on the other troops, and spake to Hetter thus: Whiles we encounter Grecians here, sterne Telamonius Is yonder raging, turning up in heapes our horse and men: I know him by his spacious shield: let us turne chariot then Where both of horse and soot the fight, most hotly is propose, In mutuali flaughters: harke, their throats, from cries are never closed. This faid, with his shrill scourge he strooke the horse that fast ensude, Stung with his lashes, toffing shields, and carkasses imbrude: The chariot tree was drownd in bloud, and th'arches by the leat, Disperpled from the horses hoves, and from the wheelesands beat. Great Heller long'd to breake the ranks, and startle their close fight: Who horribly amaz'd the Greeks, and plyed their sudden fright With bufie weapons, ever wingd. his lance, fword, weightie ftones: Yet charg'd he other Leaders bands, not dreadfull Telamons, With whom he wisely shund soule blowes: but love (that weighs above All humane pow'rs) to Aiex breaft, divine repressions drove. And made him thun, who thund himfelfe: he ceast from fight amaz'd. Cast on his backe his seven-fold shield, and round about him gaz'd. Like one turnd wilde; lookt on himfelfe in his diftract retreat: Knee before knee did scarcely move: as when from heards of Neate Whole threaves of Bores and mungrils chase, Lion skulking neare. Loth he should taint the wel-prisd fat, of any stall-fed steere, Confuming all the night in watch; he (greedie of his prey) Of thrusting on, is oft thrust off: so thicke the Iavelins play On his bold charges, and so hot, the burning fire-brands thine,

Another Smile expressing the retreat.

Kept from the birds by childrens cries; the boyes are overborne manner of max By his intensible approach, and simply he will cate: About whom many wands are broke, and still the children beat: And still the selfe providing Asse, doth with their weaknesse beare, Not stirring till his panch befull; and scarcely then will steere.

As when a dull mill affe comes neare a goodly field of corne

Which he (though horrible) abhors, about his glowing eyne;

And early his great heart retires : fo Miax from the foe, For feare their fleet should be inflamd: gainst his swolne heart did go.

So the huge sonne of Telamon, amongst the Troians fard, Bore showers of darts upon his shield, yet scornd to flie, as scard; And so kept softly on his way; nor would he mend his pace For all their violent pursuits, that still did arme the chase With finging lances: but at last, when their Cur-like presumes, More urgd, the more forborne, his spirits did ratifie their sumes, And he revokt his active strength; turnd head, and did repell The horse troopes that were new made in: twixt whom the fight grew fell;

And by degrees he stole retreat, yet with such puillant stay That none could palle him to the fleet : in both the armies (way He flood, and from floong hands received, tharpe lavelins on his thields Where many stucke, throwne on before; many fell shore in field, Ere the white bodie they could reach; and stucke, as telling how They purpo('d to have pierc't his fleth: his perill pierced now The eyes of Prince Eurypilm, Evenous famous fonne; Who came close on mid with his dart flrooke Duke Apifaen, Whole furname was Phan findes; even to the concrete bloud That makes the liver son the earth, out guilte his vitall bloud. Europilus made in, and cald his shoulders of his armes: Which Paris feeing, he drew his bow, and wreakt in part the harmes Of his good friend Phanfiades: his arrow he let flie, That smore Eurypilm, and brake, in his attainted thigh: Then tooke he troope, to thun blacke death, and to the fliers cride: Princes, and Leaders of the Greeks, fland, and repulse the tide Of this our honour-wracking chales Aiax is drownd in darts.

I feare past scape: turne honour'd friends, help out his ventrous parts.

And railde their darrs: to whole reliefe, Aiax his person wields:

And thus both hofts indifferent joya'd, the fight grew hot as fire.

Then stood he firmely with his friends, retiring their retire:

Thus spake the wounded Greeke; the found cast on their backs their shields,

Emphiles to the

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New had Neleides sweating freeds, brought him, and his hurt friend Amongst their fleet, Becides, that withly did intend (Standing afterne his call neckt ship) how deepe the skirmish drew Amongst the Greeks, and with what ruth, the infecution grew: Saw Neftor bring Machaen hurt, and from within did call His friend Patroclus; who like Mars, informe celestiall Came forth with first found of his voyce (first spring of his decay) And aske his Princely friends defire; Deare friend, faid he, this day I doubt not will enforce the Greeks, to (warme about my knees. I fee unsufferd Need imployd, in their extremities. Go (weet Patroclus and enquire, of old Neleides, Whom he brought wounded from the fight, by his backe parts, I guesse It is Machaon: but his face, I could not well descrie, They past me in such earnest speed. Patroclas presently Obeyd his friend, and ran to know. They now descended were. And Nefters Iquire, Eurimiden, the horfes did ungeare: Themselves stood neare the extremest shore, to let the gentle aire Dry up their (weat, then to the tent; where Hesamed the faire Set chaires, and for the wounded Prince, a potion did prepare. This Hecamed, by wars hard fate, fell to old Neftors thare, When Thetis sonne fackt Tenedes: She was the Princely seed Of worthy King Arfguous, and by the Greeks decreed The prize of Neftor: fince all men, in counfell he furpalt. First, a faire table the appost, of which, the feet were grace

With blewish mettall, mixt with blacke: and on the same she put

A braffe fruit dilh, in which the ferv'd, a wholfome Onion cut,

Addilles to Pa-

For pittance to the potion, and honey newly wrought;
And bread, the fruit of facted meale: then to the boord she brought
Aright faire cup, with gold study driven; which Nefler did transfer
From Pylos; on whole swelling sides, soure handles fixed were;
And upon every handle sate, a paire of doves of gold;
Some billing, and some pecking meat. Two gilt sett did uphold
The antique body: and withall, so weightie was the cup,
That being proposd brim full of wine, one scarse could list stup:
Yet Nefler drunke in it with ease, spite of his yeares respect.
In this the Goddesse like saire Dame, a potion did consect
Vith good old wine of Pramnius, and scrapt into the wine
Cheelemade of Goats milke; and on it, sperst flow'r exceeding sine:
In this fort for the wounded Lord, the potion she prepar'd,
And bad him drinke: for companie, with him old Nesser shar'd.
Thus physically currents they third and the shir shirt sairs.

Thus phyfically quencht they thirst, and then their spirits reviv'd With pleasant conference. And now, Patroclaw being arriv'd, Made stay at then trie of the tent: old Nesson seeing it, Rose, and receiv'd him by the hand, and saine would have him sit. He set that curtesse aside, excusing it with hast, Since his much to be reverenc't friend, sent him to know who past (Wounded with him in chariot) so swiftly through the shore; Whom now, said he, I see and know, and now can stay no more: You know good sather, our great friend, is apt to take offence: Whose sierie temper will inflame, sometimes with innocence.

Reflect to Pa. treclase

He answerd, When will Pelew sonne, some royall pittie show On his thus wounded countrimen? Ah, is he yet to know How much affliction tyres our hoft? how our especiall aide (Tainted with lances, at their tents) are miferably laid? Vly fes, Diomed, our King, Eurypilus, Machaon: All hurt, and all our worthieft friends; yet no compaffion Can supple thy friendsfriendlesse breast. Doth he reserve his eve Till our fleet burne, and we our felves, one after other dye? Alas, my forces are not now, as in my yonger life. Oh would to God I had that strength, I used in the strife Betwixt us and the Elians, for Oxen to be driven; When Itumonius loftie foule, was by my valour given As facrifice to destinie: Hypperocus strong sonne, That dwelt in Elis, and fought first, in our contention. We forrag'd (as proclaimed foes) a wondrous wealthie boots And he, in rescue of his Herds, fell breathlesse at my foot. All the Dorpe Bores with terror fled; our prey was rich and great, Twife five and twentie flocks of theepe; as many herds of neat, As many goats, and nastie swine; an hundred fiftie mares All forrell, most with sucking foals; and these soone-monied wares. We drave into Neileus towne, faire Pylos, all by night. My fathers heart was glad to fee, so much good fortune quite The forward minde of his young sonne, that usde my youth in deeds. And would not smotherit in moods. Now drew the Suns bright steeds

Light from the hilesour heralds now, accited all that were Endamag'd by the Blians, our Princes did appeare. Our boote was parted, many men, th' Engage much did owe. That (being our neighbors) they did spoyle; afflictions did so flow On us poore Pyleans though line few. In brake great Hercules To our fad confines of late yeares, and wholly did suppreffer Our hapleffe Princes: twice fixe formes, renownd Neleins bred. Onely my felfe am left of all: the reft fubdude and dead. And this was it that made for proud, the hafe Rpeian bands : On their neere neighbours, being oppreff, to lay injurious hands: A heard of Oxen for himfelfe, a mighty flocke of theepe, My Sire feletted, and made choice of thepheards for their keep : And from the generall spoyle, he culd three hundred of the best : The Elians ought him infinite, most place d of all the rest. Foure wager-winning barle he loft, and chariots intervented Being led to an appointed race. The prize that was presented, Was a religious threefoor mene: Augear was the King That did detaine them, and diffuil their keeper forrowing For his lov'd charge, loss with forde words I hen both for words and deeds My Sire being warehily incents, thus justly harproceeds To latisfaction, in fieft choice of all our wealthy prize : And as he shar'd much, much he left, his subjection suffice. That none might be oppress with powers or want his portion due : Thus for the publike good we shard. Then we to temples drue Our complete cities and to heaven, we thankfull rights did burne For our rich conquest. The third day, entiting our returne, The Elians flew on us in heapes: their generall Leaders were The two Moliones, two boyes, untrained in the feare Of horrid warre, or ule of firength. A certaine Citic thines Vpon a lofty Prominent; and in th'extreme confines Of fandy Pylos, scated where Alphem floud doth run. And cald Thrueffa: this they fiegd, and gladly would have won: But (having past through all our fields, Minerva as our spic, Fell from Olympas in the night, and arm'd us instantly: Nor muftred the unwilling men, nor unprepar'd for force My Sire yet would not let me arme, but hid away my horse, Effecting me no fouldier yet yet thin'd I nothing leffe Amongst our Gallants, though on foot, Minervas mightinesse Led me to fight, and made me beare a fouldiers worthy name. There is a floud fals into sea, and his crookt course doth frame Close to Arena, and is cald bright Myniaus streame: There made we halt: and there the Sun cast many a glorious beame On our bright armours; horse and soot, insea'd together there: Then marcht we on: By fierie noone, we saw the sacred cleare Of great Alphans; where to Iove, we did faire facrifice : And to the azure God that rules the under-liquid skies: We offerd up a solemne Bull, a bull t' Alphane name,

And to the blew eyd maid we burnd, a heifer never tame.

Now was it night, we fupt, and flept, about the floud in armes. The foe laid hard fiege to our towne, and shooke it with alarmes But for pregention of their spleenes, a mighty worke of warre Appeard behind them. For as soone as Phabas fierie Catre and the comment And the unconquerd maide his birth) we did theuent approve: And gaue them battell: first of all, I flue (the armie faw) The mighty fouldier Mulius, Augeus sonne in laws have a selection And spoyld him of his one-hou'd horse: his elder daugher was Bright Agamede, that for skill, in simples did forbaffe: 1947 4 100 And knew as many kinde of drugs, as earths broad center bred; Him charg'd I with my braffe arm'd lance, the dust receiu'd him dead. I (leaping to his chariot) amongst the formost prest: And the great hearted Elyans, fled frighted, feeing their best And lofti if fouldier taken downe, the Generall of their horse I follow'd like a blacke whirlwind, and did for prize enforce Full fiftie chariots, every one furnisht with two arm'd men: Who cate the earth, flaine with my lance; and I had flaughterd then The two young boyes, Moliones, if their world circling Sire. (Great Nepsune) had not faft theil lives; and concred their retire Wirh unpierer clouds: then Iove bestowd a haughtie victorie Voon us Pyleans. For so longwe did the chase apply. Slaughtring and making spoyle of armes, till sweet Buprafice foile, Alefius, aud Olenia, werefam'd with our recoile. For there Minerva turnd our powers and there the last I flews As when our battell joyn'd, the first: the Pyleans then withdrew To Pylos from Buphrafins. Of all the Immortals then, They most thankt love for victorie; Nefter, the most of men. Such was I cuer, if I were, employe with other Peeres, And I had honour of my youth, which dies not in my yeeres. But Great Achilles onely joyes, habilitie of a& In his braue Prime, and doth not daine t'impart it where tis lackt. No doubt he will extremely mourne, longafter that blacke houre. Wherein our ruine shall be wrought, and rue his ruthlesse powre: O friend, my memorie revives, the charge Meneting gane Thy towardnesse, when thou setst forth, to keepe out of the grave Our wounded honour; I my felfe, and wife Plyffes were Within the roome, where every word, then spoken we did heare: For we were come to Peleus Court, as we did mustering passe Through rich Achaia, where thy Sire, renownd Menetine was. Thy felfe and great Ascides, when Peleus the King To thunder-loving Iove did burne an Oxe for offering, In his Court-yard: a Cup of gold, crownd with red wine he held On th'holy Incensorie pour'd. You, when the Oxe was feld, Were dreffing his divided lims, we in the Portall flood. Achilles feeing us come so neare, his honourable blood Was strooke with a respective shame, rose, tooke us by the hands, Brought us both in, and made us fit, and usde his kinde commands,

For feemely hospitable rights; which quickly were apposed. Then (after needfulneffe of food) I first of all disclosed The royall cause of our repaire; mou'd you and your great friend. To confort our renown'd defignes: both ftraight did condescend. Your fathers knew it, gave confent, and grave instruction To both your valours. Peless charg'd his most unequald some, Togoverne his victorious firength, and thine past all the rest In honour, as in meere maine force. Then were thy partings bleft With deare advices from thy Sire. My loved sonne, faid he, Achilles by his grace of birth, superiour is to thee. And for his force more excellent; yet thou more ripe in yeares: Then with found counsels (ages truits) imploy his honord yeares. Command and over-rule his moodes; his nature will obay In any charge discreetly given, that doth his good assay. Thus charged thy Sire, which thou forgetft; yet now at last approve (With forced reference of these) thattraction of his love. Who knowes if facred influence may bleffe thy good intent, And enter with thy gracious words, even to his full consent? The admonition of a friend, is sweet and vehement. If any Oracle he fhun, or if his mother Queene Hath brought him fome infline from Iove, that fortifies his folcene. Let him refigne command to thee, of all his Myrmidens. And yeeld by that meanes some repulse to our consusions; Adorning thee in his bright armes, that his refembled forme May haply make thee thought himselfe, and calme this hostile storme: That so a little we may ease our ouercharged hands; Draw some breath, not expire it all: the foe but faintly stands Beneath his labours; and your charge being fierce, and freshly given, They easly from our tents and fleet, may to their wals be driven. This mov'd the good Patroclus mind, who made his utmost haste, Tinforme his friend, and at the fleet of Itbacan he past, (At which their markets were disposed, counsels and martiall courts, And where to th'Altars of the gods, they made divine reforts) He met renownd Eurypilsus, Evensus noble fonne, Halting; his thigh hurt with a flast: the liquid sweate did run Downe from his shoulders, and his browes: and from his raging wound Forth flow'd his melancholy bloud, yet fill his minde was found: His fight, in kinde Patroclus breaft, to facred pittie turnd, And (nothing more immartiall, for true ruth) thus he mournd; Ah wretched progenie of Greece, Princes dejected Kings: Was it your fates to nourish beafts, and serve the outcast wings Of favage Vultures here in Troy? Tellme, Evemons fame Doe yet the Greekes withftand his force, whom yet no force can tame? Or are they hopeleffe throwne to death, by his reliftleffe lance? Divine Patroclus (he replide) no more can Greece advance Defensive weapons, but to fleet, they headlong must retire . For those that to this houre have held our fleet from hossile fire, And are the bulwarks of our host, lye wounded at their tents;

And Troyes unvanquishable powre, still as it toyles, augments. But take me to thy blacke sternd ship, save me, and from thy thigh Cut out this arrow; and the bloud that is ingor dand drye. Walh with warme water from the wound: then gentle falves apply, Which thou knowest best; thy Princely friend hath taught thee surgerie; Whom (of all Centaures the most just) Chyron did institute : Thus to thy honourable hands, my ease I prosecute, Since our Physitians cannot helpe: Machaenat his tent Needs a Physitian himselfe, being Leach and patient: And Podelirius in the field, the sharpe conflict suffaines. Strong Menetiades replide; How shall I case thy paines? What shall we doe Eurypilus? I am to use all hafte. To fignific to Thetis fonne, occurrents that have paft At Nestors honourable sute, but be that worke atchiev'd. When this is done. I will not leave thy torments unreliev'd. This faid, athwart his backe hocast, beneath his breast, his arme.

I his laid, athwart his backe hocalt, beneath his breaft, his arme, And nobly helpt him to his tent: his fervants feeing his harme, Difpread Ox. hides upon the earth, wheron Machamlay:

Patroclus cut out the sharpe shaft, and clearely washt away

With luke-warme water the blacke bloud: then twixt his hands he brusde
A sharpe and mitigatorie roote: which when he had insusde
Into the greene well-cleansed wound, the paines he felt before

Were well, and instantly allaid, the wound did bleed no more.

The end of the eleventh Booke.

THE

-9



THE TVVELFTH BOOK OF HOMER'S ILIADS.

THE ARGUMENT.

THE Trojans at the treach, their power engage,
Though greeted by a bird, of bad prefage.
In five part: they divide, their power, to skale,
And Prince Sarpedon forcets downe the pale;
Great Hector from the Port; scares one a fonc,
And which fo dead a firength, be fort it gone
At those broad gates the Greecians made to guard
Their tents and ship: that, broken, and nuberd,
They yeeld wag to his power; when all contend
To reach the ships: which all at last assend.

Another Argument.

My, works the Trojans all the grace, And doth the Grecian Fort deface.

Atroclas, thus emploid in cure, of that Europilus

Both hofts are all for other wounds, doubly contentious;

One, alwayes labouring to capell; the other to invade: (made

Nor could the broad dike of the Greeks, nor that strong wall they

To guard their fleet, be long unrac't; because it was not raised, By grave direction of the Gods; nor were their Deities praif'd (When they begun) with Hecatombes, that then they might be fure (Their strength being season'd wel with heaves) it should have force t'endure: And so, the safeguard of their fleet, and all their treasure there Infallibly had beene confirm'd; when now, their bulwarks were Not onely without powre of checke, to their affaulting foe (Even now, as foone as they were built) but apt to overthrow: Such, as in very little time, thall burie all their fight. And thought, that ever they were made: as long as the despight Of great Exides held up, and Heller went not downe: And that by those two meanes flood fafe, King Priams facred towne: So long their rampire had some use (though now it gave some way) But when Troyes best men sufferd Fare, and many Greeks did pay Deare for their fufferance, then the reft, home to their countrey turn'd, The tenth yeare of their warms at Troy, and Troy was fackt and burn'd. And then the Gods fell to their Fort: then they their powres imploy To ruine their worke, and left teffe, of that then they, of Trey. Neptune and Phabus tumbi'd downe, from the Idalian hils, An inundation of all floods, that thence the broad fea fils

Neptune and Phiebus overturne the Grecian rampire.

On their huge rampire; in one glut, all these together rorde. Rhefus Heptaporus , Rhodins , Scamander (the adorde) the rivers about Carefus, Somois, Greniem, Bleput e of them all Apello open'd the rough mouthes, and made their inflie fall Ravilh the dustic champian, where, many a beine and shield, And halfe-god race of men werestrew'd; and that all these might yeeld Full tribute to the heavenly worke: Neptune and Phabus wun Inve to unburthen the blacke wombes, of clouds (fild by the Sunne) And poure them into all their streames, that quickly they might fend The huge wall swimming to the Sea. Nine dayes their lights did spend To nights, in tempelts; and when all, their utmost depth had made. Iove, Phabus, Neptune, all came downe, and all in state did wade To ruine of that impious fort: Great Neptane went before. Wrought with his trident, and the stones, trunkes, roots of trees he tore Out of the rampire: toft them all, into the Hellespont. Even all the proud toile of the Greeks, with which they durft confront The to be shunned Deities: and not a stone remain'd. Of all their huge foundations, all with the earth were plain'd. Which done; againe the Gods turn'd backe, the filver-flowing floods. By that vast channell, through whose vaults, they pour'd abroad their broads, And cover'd all the ample thore, againe with duftie fand: And this theend was of that wall, where now so many a hand Was emptied of stones and darts, contending to invade: Where Clamor spent so high a throat; and where the fell blows made The new built woodden turrets grone. And here the Greeks were pent, Tam'd with the iron whip of love: that terrors vehement Shooke over them by Hectors hand, who was (in every thought)

Hellor liee a The terror-master of the field, and like a whirlwinde fought. wh. r. winde, and As fresh, as in his morns first charge. And as a savage Bore Or Lion, hunted long, at laft, with hounds and hunters store, Is compast round; they charge him close: and stand (as in a towre They had inchac't him) pouring on, of dartsan iron showre: His glorious heart yet, nought appald, and forcing forth his way: Here overthrows atroope, and there; a running ring doth flay His utter passage: when againe, that stay he overthrows. And then the whole field frees his rage: fo Hettor wearies blows, Runnes out his charge upon the Fort: and all his force would force To passe the dike. Which being so deepe, they could not get their horse To venter on: but trample, snore, and on the very brinke. To neigh with spirit, yet fill stand off: nor would a humane think The pallage fafe; or if it were, twas leffe fafe for retreat. The dike being every where to deepe; and (where twas leaft deep) fet With stakes exceeding thicke, sharpe, strong, that horse could never passe. Much leffe their chariots, after them: yet for the foot there was Some hopefull service, which they wisht. Polydomas then spake;

Poindamas

Hector, and allour friends of Troy, we indifcreetly make found sourfell to Offer of pallage with our horse; ye see the stakes, the wall, Impossible for horse to take: nor can men fight at all,

The place being streight, and much more apt, to let us take our bane. Then give the enemy: and yet, if love decree the wane Of Grecian glory utterly: and to be reave their hearts. That we may freely charge them thus, and then will take our parts: I would with all speed, with th'affault: that ugly shame might shed (Thus farre from home) these Grecians blouds. But if they once turne her And fally on us from their fleet, when in fo deepea dike We shall lye fruggling; not a man of all the hoast is like To live, and carry backe the newes: and therefore be it thus: Here leave we horse, kept by our men, and all on foot let us Hold close together, and attend the grace of Hellers guide. And then they shall not beare our charge, our conquest shall be di'de In their lives purples. This advice pleased Heller, for twas found: Who first obeyd it, and full arm'd, betooke him to the ground: And then all left their chariots, when he was seene to leade: Rushing about him, and gave up, each chariot and fleed To their directors to be kept, in all procinct of warre: There, and on that fide of the dike. And thus the rest prepare Their onfet: In five regiments, they all their power divide: Each regiment allow'd three Chiefes; of all which, even the pride, Served in great Hellors Regiment: for all were fet on fire (Their passage beaten through the wall) with hazardous defire. That they might once but fight at fleet. With Hellor, Captaines were. Polydamas, and Cebrienes, who was his chariotecre: But Hellor found that place a worfe. Chiefes of the fecond band, Were Paris, and Alcathous, Agenor. The command The third ftrong Phalanx had, was given, to th' Augure Hellenus; Deiphobus, that God like man, and mightie Afine; Even Afius Hertacides, that from Arisbarode The huge bay horfe, and had his houfe, where river Sellies flowde. The fourth charge, good Ameas led, and with him were combinde Archelochus, and Acamas (Antenors dearest kinde) And excellent at every fight. The fifth brave companie, Surpeden had to charge; who chulde, for his commands supply, Afteropaus great in armes, and Glaucus, for both thefe Were best of all men, but himselfe: but he was fellowlesse.

Thus fitted with their well wrought shields, downe the steep dike they go, And (thirstie of the wals affault) believe in overthrow : Not doubting but with headlong fals, to tumble downe the Greekes From their blacke navie: in which truft, all on; and no man feekes To crosse Polydamas advice, with any other course, But Afins Hyrtacides, who (proud of his bay horse) Would not forfake them; nor his man, that was their manager, (Foole that he was) but all to fleete: and little knew how neare An ill death fat him, and a fure; and that he never more Must looke on lofty Ilian. but lookes, and all, before, Put on th'all-covering mist of Fate, and then did hang upon The lance of great * Deucalides: he fatally rusht on

The

The left hand way; by which the Greekes, with horse and charior. Came usually from field to fleet : close to the gates he got. Which both unbard and ope he found; that so the easier might An entry be for any friend, that was behind in flight; Yet not much easier for a foe: because there was a guard Maintaind upon it, past his thought; who still put for it hard. Eagerly showting: and with him, were five more friends of name. That would not leave him, though none else would hunt that way for fame (In their free choice) but he himfelfe, Orefles, Iumenus, And Acamas, Afides, Thoon, Genomaus, Were those that followed Asias: Within the gates they found Two eminently valorous, that from the race renownd Of the right valiant Lapither, deriv'd their high descent.

Such make ! Virgil P. a.ls

Hierce Leontes was the one, like Mars in detriment: The other mighty Polepet, the great Pritheus fonne.
The cher mighty Polepet, the great Pritheus fonne.
Theeleftood within the lofty gates, and nothing more did fhun, The charge of Afin and his friends, then two high hill-bred Okes. Well rooted in the binding earth, obey the agric flrokes Of winde and weather, standing firme, gainst every seasons spight : Yet they poure on continued showts, and beare their shields upright: When in the meane space Polypet, and Leonteus cheard Their fouldiers to the fleets defence: but when the rest had heard The Trojans in attempt to skale, Clamor and flight did flow Amongst the Grecians: and then (the rest dismaid) these two Met Asius entring; thrust him backe, and fought before their dores . Nor fard they then like Okes, that flood, but as a brace of Bores Coucht in their owne bred hill, that heare a fort of hunters showt, And hounds in hot traile comming on; then from their dens breake out, Traverse their force, and suffer not, in wildnesse of their way, About themany plant to stand: but thickets, offering stay, Breake through, and rend up by the roots; whet gnalhes into aire, Which Tumult fils, with showts, hounds, horns, and all the hot affaire Beates at their bosomes: so their armes, rung with affailing blowes; And so they stird them in repulse, right well affur'd that those Who were within, and on the wall, would adde their parts; who knew They now fought for their tents, fleet, lives, and fames; and therefore threw Stones from the wals and towres, as thicke, as when a drift winde shakes Blacke clouds in pieces, and plucks fnow, in great and plumie flakes, From their fost bosomes, till the ground be wholy cloth'd in white; So earth was hid with flones and darts darts from the Trojan fight, Stones from the Greeks, that on the helmes and boffie Trojan shields Kept such a rapping, it amaz'd great Asius, who now yeelds Sighes, beates his thighes and in a rage, his fault to love applies. O love (faid he) now cleare thou fhew'ft, thou art a friend to lyes; Pretending, in the flight of Greece, the making of it good,

death blames Jour for it.

Asia a ben · mouration

To all their ruines: which I thought, could never be withflood, The gasping cranny of a hill) when for a hunters feast,

Yet they, as yellow Walpes, or Bees (that having made their nest

Hunters come hot and hungrie in; and dig for honey-comes: They flie upon them, strike and sting: and from their hollow homes Will not be beaten, but defend their labours fruit, and brood: No more will these be from their port, but either lose their blood (Although but two, against all us) or be our prisoners made. All this, to do his action grace, could not firme love perswade. Who for the generall counfell flood; and (gainft his fingular brave) Bestow'd on Hetter that dayes fame. Yet he, and these behave Themselves thus nobly at this port: but how at other ports. And all alongst the stony wall, sole force, gainst force and forts, Ragid in contention twixt both hofts: it were no eafie thing. (Had I the bosome of a God) to tune to life, and fing. The Trojans fought not of themselves, a fire from heaven was throwne That ranne amongst them, through the wall, meere added to their owne. The Greeks held not their owne: weake griefe, went with her wither'd hand And dipt it deeply in their spirits; fince they could not command Their forces to abide the field, whom harsh Necessitie (To fave those ships should bring them home) and their good forts supply Drave to th'expulsive fight they made; and this might stoope them more Then Need it selfe could elevate: for even Gods did deplore Their dire estates, and all the Gods, that were their aids in warre: Who (though they could not cleare their plights) yet were their friends thus Still to uphold the better fort: for then did Polepas paffe A lance at Damafu, whose helme, was made with cheeks of braffe, Yet had not proofeenough; the pyle, drave through it, and his skull-His braine in blood drown'd; and the man, so late so spiritful!, Fell now quite spirit-leffe to earth. So emptied he the veines Of Pylon, and Ormense lives: and then Leontens gaines The lifes end of Hippomachus, Antimachus his fonne; His lance fell at his girdle ftead, and with his end, begun Another end: Leonteus, left him, and through the prease (His keene (word drawne) ranne desperately, upon Antiphates; And liveleffe tumbled him to earth. Nor could all these lives quench His fierie spirit, that his flame, in Menens blood did drench, And rag'd up, euen to lamens, and young Orefles life; All heapt together, made their peace, in that red field of firife. Whose faire armes while the victors spoyld; the youth of Ilien (Of which there ferv'd the most and best) still boldly builtupon The wisedome of Polydamas, and Hetters matchlesse strength; And follow'd, fild with wondrous spirit; with wish, and hope at length (The Greeks wall wun) to fire their fleet. But (having past the dike, And willing now, to passe the wall) this prodigie did strike Their hearts with some deliberate stay: A high flowne- Eag'e forde On their troops left hand, and fustaind, a Dragon all engorde, In her strong seres, of wondrous sife, and yet had no such checke Inlife and spirit, but still she fought; and turning backe her necke So stung the Eagles gorge, that downe, she cast her fervent prey, Amongst the multitude; and tooke, upon the winds, her way;

THE TWELFTH BOOKE

Crying with anguish. When they saw, a branded Serpent sprawle So full amongst them; from above, and from Ioves fowle let fall: they tooke it an oftent from him; flood frighted; and their cause Polidamas thought just, and spake; Hector, you know, applause Of humour hath beene farre from me, norfits it, or in warre, Or in affaires of Court, a man, imploid in publick care. To blanch thingsfurther than their truth, or flatter any powre: And therefore for that simple course, your strength hath oft beene sowre To me in counfels : yet againe, what shews in my thoughts best, I must discover: let us ceasse, and make their slight our rest For this dayes honour; and not now, attempt the Grecian fleet; For this (I feare) will be th'event; the prodigie doth meet So full with our affaire in hand. Asthis high flying fowle, Voon the left wing of our holt (implying our controwle) Hover'd above us; and did truffe, within her golden feres A Scrpentio embrew'd, and bigge, which yet (in all her feares) Kept life, and fervent spirit to fight, and wrought her owne release, Nor did the Eagles Ayrie, feed: So though we thus farre prease Vpon the Grecians; and perhaps, may overturne their wall, Our high minds ayming at their fleet; and that we much appall Their truffed spirits; yet are they, so Serpent-like disposd That they will fight, though in our feres; and will at length be lofd VVirb all our out cries; and the life of many a Trojan breaft, Shall with the Eagle flie, before, we carry to our nest Them, or their navie: thus expounds, the Augure this oftent; Whose depth he knows; & these should feare. Hetter, with countenance bent Thus answerd him; Polydamas, your depth in augurie

. Hike not; and know paffing well, thou doft not fatisfie Thy felfe in this opinion; or if thou think't it true, Thy thoughts, the Gods blinde; to advise, and urge that as our due, That breakes our duties; and to Ieve, whose vow and figne to me Is past directly for our speed, yet light-wing'd birds must be By thy aduice) our Oracles, whose feathers little stay My ferious actions: What care I, if this, or thother way Their wilde wings fway them: if the right, on which the Sunne doth rife, On, to the left hand, where he fets? Tis love high counfell flies With those wings that shall beare up us; Ioves, that both earth and heaven, Both men and Gods sustaines and rules; One augurie is given To order all men, best of all; fight for thy countries right. But why fear it thou our further charge? for though the dangerous fight Strewall men hereabout the fleet, yet thou needst neuer feare To beare their Fates; thy warie heart, will neuer trust thee, where An enemics looke is; and yet fight; for, if thou dar'ft abstaine, Or whifper into any care, an abstinence so vaine Asthou adviseft; neuer feare, that any foe shall take Thy life from thee, for tis this lance. This faid, all forwards make, Himfelfe the first: yet before him, exulting Clamor flew; And thunder loving-Iupiter, from lostic Ida blew

A ftorme that ufberd their affault, and made them charge like him: It drave directly on the fleet, a duft fo fierce and dim. That it amaz'd the Grecians: but was a grace divine, To Heder and his following troops, who wholly did encline To him, being now in grace with Jove: and fo put boldly on To raze the rampire: in whole height, they fiercely fet upon The Parrapets, and pul'd them downe, rac't every formost fight; And all the Buttereffes of stone, that held their towres upright:

They tore away, with Crows of Iron; and hop't to rnine all, The Greeks yet flood, and ftill repair d, the forefights of their wall With hides of Oxen, and from thence, they pour'd downe stones in showres Vpon the underminers heads. Within the formost towres, Both the Afaces had command, who answerdevery part, Thrassaulters, and their souldiers; represt, and put in heart: Repairing valour as their wall: spake some faire, some reproved, Who ever made not good his place: and thus they all forts mov'd; O countrimen, now need in aid, would have excelle be foent:

The excellent must be admir'd; the meanest excellent; The worst, do well: in changing warre, all should not be alike, Nor any idle: which to know, fits all, left Heder ftrike Your minds with frights, as cares with threats, forward be all your hands, Vrge one another: this doubt downe, that now betwixt us flands, Ieve will go with us to their wals. To this effect, alowed Spake both the Princes: and as high (with this) th expulsion flow'd. And as in Winter time, when tove, his cold tharpe javelins throws Amongst us mortals; and is mov'd, to white earth with his snows: (The winds asseepe) he freely poures, till highest Prominents, Hill tops, low meddows, and the fields, that crowne with most contents

The toiles of men: fea ports, and shores, are hid, and every place, But floods (that fnows faire tender flakes, as their owne brood, embrace) So both fides cover'd earth with stones, so both for life contend, To thew their tharpneffe : through the war, uprore flood up an end. Nor had great Hetter and his friends, the rampire over runne, If heavens great Counfellor, high love, had not inflamed his sonne Sarpedon (like the forrests king, when he on Oxen flies) Against the Greenes: his round targe, he to his arme applies Braffe-leav'd without: and all within, thicke Oxe-hides quilted hard: The vergenail'd round with rods of gold, and with two darts prepard; He leads his people: as ye fee, a mountaine Lion fare, Long kept from prey: in forcing which, his high minde makes him dare, Affault upon the whole full fold: though guarded never fo With well-arm'd men, and eager dogges; away he will not go, But venture on, and either inatch, a prey, or be a prey: So fared divine Sarpedons minde, resolv d to force his way

Through all the fore-fights, and the walk yet fince he did not fee

Hefpaketo Glaucus: Glaucus, fay, why are we honor'd more

Othersas great as he, in name, as great in minde as he:

Then other men of Lycia, in place? with greater ftore

Sar pedons feet ch ver equalica by any (an ib/s kind) c/ all that bene pe inan.

Of mears and cups? with goodlier roofes? delightfome gardens? walks? More lands, and better? fo much wealth, that Court and countrev talks Of us, and our pollethons; and every way we go, Gaze on us as we were their Gods? this where we dwell, is to: The shores of Xanthus ring of this; and shall not we exceed, As much in merit, as in noise? Come bewe great in deed As well as looke; thine not in gold, but in the flames of fight. That fo our neat-arm'd-Lycians, may fay; Sec, thefe are right Our Kings, our Rulers; these deserue, to cate, and drinke the best; These governe not ingloriously: these, thus exceed the rest. Do more then they command to do. O friend, if keeping backe Would keepe backeage from us, and death; and that we might not wracke In this lifes humane fea at all: but that deferring now We shund death euer; nor would I, halfethis vaine valour show, Nor glorifica folly fo, to with thee to advance: But fince we must go, though not here, and that, besides the chance Proposed now, there are infinite fates, of other fort in death, Which (neither to be fled nor scapt) a man must sinke beneath: Come, trie we, if this fort be ours: and either render thus. Glorie to others, or make them, refigne the like to us.

Surpeden and Glaurus chares terether.

This motion. Glancas thifted not, but (without words) obeyd; Fore-right went both, a mightic troope, of Lycians followed. Which, by Menesthess observ'd; his haire stood up on end, For at the towre where he had charge, he faw Galamitie bend Her horrid browes in their approach. He threw his looks about The whole fights neare, to fee what Chiefe, might helpe the miserie out Of his poore fouldiers: and beheld, where both th' Aiaces fought, And Tencer, newly come from fleet: whom it would profit nought To call, fince tumult on their helmes, shields, and upon the ports Laid fuch lowd claps; for every way, defences of all forts Were addinh, as Trey tooke away; and Clamer flew fo high Her wings ftrooke heaven, and drown'd all voice. The two Dukes yet fo nigh And at the offer of affault; he to th' Aiaces fent

This fent to the Thoos the Herald, with this charge: Runne to the regiment Aiaces for aide Of both th' siaces, and call both, for both were better here. b) Menefibens. Since here will flaughter, instantly; be more enforc't then there. The Lycian Captaines this way make, who in the fights of stand, Have often shew'd much excellence: yet if laborious hand Be there more needfull then I hope, at least afford us forme. Let Aiax Telamonius, and th'Archer Toucer come.

The Herald hafted, and arriv'd; and both th' Aisces told, That Peteus noble sonne desir'd, their little labour would Employ it selfe in succouring him. Both their supplies were best; Since death affail'd his quarter most for on it fiercely prest The well-provid mightie Lycian Chiefs. Yet if the fervice there Allow'd not both, he praid that one, part of his charge would beare, And that was Aiax Telamon, with whom he wisht would come, The Archer Teucer. Telamon, left instantly his roome

To

To strong Lycomedes, and willd, Jiax Oilides With him to make up his supply, and fill with courages The Grecian hearts till his returne, which should be instantly When he had well relien dhis friend. With this, the companie Of Tencer he tooke to his aide: Tencer, that did descend (As Aiax did) from Telamon: with thefe two did attend Pandion, that bore Tencers bow. When to Menefibens towre They came, alongst the wall; they found him, and his heartned powre Toyling in making strong their fort. The Lycian Princes fee Blacke whirlwind-like, with both their powers, upon the Parapet. Aiax, and all, relifted them. Clawer amongst them role: The flaughter, Aiex led, who first, the last deare fight did close Of firong Epicles, that war friend to loves great Lycian fonne. Amongst the high munition heape, a mighty marble stone Lay highest, neare the Pinnacle; a stone of such a paile, That one of this times ftrongeft men, with both hands, could not raile: Yet this did Aiax rowse, and throw; and all in sherds did drive Epicles foure-topt caske and skull; who (as yelec one dine In some deepe river) left his height, life left his bones withall.

Tencer that Glancus (ruthing up, yerhigher on the wall)

Where naked he discernd his arme, and made him steale retreat From that hot service; lost some Greeke, with an insulting threat, (Beholding it) might fright the reft. Sarpedon much was griev'd At Glascus parting, yet fought on and his great heart relieu'd

A little with Alemaons bloud, furnam'd Theflorides, Whose life he hurld out with his lance; which following through the prease, He drew from him. Downe from the towire, Aleman dead it frooke;

His faire armes ringing out his death. Then fierce Surpeden tooke In his strong hand the battlement, and downe he tore it quite : The wall stript naked, and broad way for entry and full fight. He made the many. Against him, diax and Teucer made; Teucer, the rich belt on his breast, did with a shaft invade: But Impiter averted death; who would not fee his sonne Die at the tails of th' Achive thips: Aiax did fetch his run, And (with his lance) flrooke through the targe of that brave Lycian King; Yet kept he it from further palle; nor did it any thing

Difmay his minde, although his men flood off from that high way. His valour made them; which he kept, and hop't that flormy day Should ever make his glory cleare. His mens faule thus he blam d; O Lycians, why are your hot spirits so quickly disinflam'd?

Suppole me ablest of you all: tis hard for me alone, To ruine such a wall as this; and make Confusion, Way to their Navie; lend your hands. What many can dispatch, One cannot thinke: the noble worke of many, hath no match.

The wife kings just rebuke did strike a reverence to his will Through all his fouldiers; all flood in; and gainft all th'Achives still Made strong their Squadrons; infomuch, that to the adverse side, The worke shewd mightie; and the wall, then twas within descride, Glancia mena ded in Temer.

Sarpin nrevez. geb Glaces.

See pedon to bis

This work THE 1 9200 audror.

admiration.

Tr. ian.

Hestor to the

No calle fervice, yet the Greekes could neither free the wall Of these braue Lycians, that held firme the place they first did scale : Nor could the Lycians from their fore, the flurdy Grecians drive, Nor reach their fleet. But as two men, about the limits Rrive perè inimia. Of land that toucheth in the field; their measures in their hands, They mete their parts out curiously, and either stiffely stands,

i ilis compa-Spond) and yet That fo farre is his right in law, both hugely fet on fire in the explication About a paffing little ground: so greedily aspire of 1,92 times! Both their foes, to their feuerall ends, and allexhauft their most but theem rat, About the very battlements (for yet no more was loft.) With sword and fire they vext for them, their targets hugely round, المدين فيدا wood, exiguo

With Oxchides lin'd; and bucklers light, and many a ghaltly wound The sterne steele gaue, for that one prize; whereof though some recein d in loco. lea-Ding out a her preffice with his Their portions on their naked backes; yet others were berean'd Of braue liues, face turnd, through their shields: towres, bul warks enery where pede, &c.
A finite fapti. Were freekled with the bloud of men; nor yet the Greekes did beare or in the other, Base back-turnd faces; nor their foes, would therefore be out fact. in with, com But as a Spinster poore and just, ye fometimes fee straitlac't paring missioner About the weighing of her web, who (carefull) having charge,

mil o ibe mea For which she would prouide some meanes, is loth to be too large ref allulrating in giuing, or in taking weight, but over with her hand, but meeting in Is doing with the weights and wooll, till both in just poile Rand: one and the So energy flood it with these foes, till leve to Hetter game and citalit our The turning of the skales, who first, against the rampire draue, Homes befond And spake so loud that all might hearer O Rand not at the pale (Braue Troian friends) but mend your hands: up, and breake through the wall, comparison and

And make a bonfire of their fleet. All heard, and all in heapes Got skaling ladders, and aloft. In meane space, Hetter leapes Vpon the port, from whole out part, he torea maffie stone Thicke downwards, upward edg'd; it was so huge an one

்தி விசந்தியும் That two vast *yeomen of most strength (such as these times beget) duoviriplebei. Covld not from earth lift to a Cart: yet he did brandish it

Alone (Saturnias made it light:) and swinging it as nought, He came before the plankie gates, that all for firength were wrought. And kept the Port: two fold they were, and with two rafters bard, High, and strong locks he raid the stone, bent to the hurle so hard, And made it with so maine a strength, that all the gates did cracke; The rafters left them, and the folds one from another brake : The hinges peece meale flew, and through the fernent little rocke Thundred a paffage; with his weight, th'inwall his breaft did knocke: And in rusht Hector, fierce and grimme as any stormy night; His braffe armes, round about his breaft, reflected terrible light. Each arme held up, held each a dart: his presence cald up all The dreadfull spirits his being held, that to the threatned wall None but the gods might checke his way: his eyes were furnaces; And thus he look't backe, cald in all: all fir'd their courages, And in they flow'd: the Grecians fled, their fleet now, and their freight Askt all their rescue: Greece went downe, Tumult was at his height: The cad of the twelfth Booke.



OF HOMER'S ILIADS.

THE ARGUMENT. PEptune (in pitty of the Greekes hard plight)
Like Calchas, both th Alaces, doth excite, Andothers: to repell the charging foe. Idomenens bravely doth befrom His kingly forces; and doth facrifice Othrvonens to the Destinies: With divers others, Faire Deiphobus, And his prophetique brother Hellenus Are wounded. But the great Priamides, (Gathering his forces) hartens their addresse Against the enemy; and then the field,

Another Argument.

A mighty death on either fide doth yeeld.

The Greekes with Troyes bold power dismaid, Are chear'd by Neptunes fecret aide.

Ove helping Heller, and his hoft; thus close to th' Achive fleet, He let them then theit own strengths try & season there their sweet -With ceassess; and grievances. For now he turnd his face, Lookt downe, and viewd the far-off land, of welrode men in Thrace. Of the renown'd a milk-nourish men, the Hippemelgians, Long-lived, most just, and innocent. And close-fought Mylians . Nor turnd he any more to Troy, his ever-thining eyes : Because he thought, not any one of all the Deities, (When his care left th'indifferent field) would aide on either fide. But this fecuritie in Iove, the great Sea-Reller fpide, Who fate aloft, on th'utmost top, of shadie Samesbrace, And viewed the light. His chosen feate stood in so brave a place, That Prisms citie, th' Achive thips, all Ida did appeare, To his full view; who from the lea, was therefore feated there. He tooke much ruth, to fee the Greekes, by Troy, sustaine such ill. And (mightily incenst with Ioue) stoopt Brait from that steepe hill, That shooke as he flew off so bard, his parting prest the height. The woods, and all the great hills neare, trembled beneath the weight Of his immortall moving feer: three steps he onely tooke, Before he far-off Bear reacht; but with the fourth, it shooke With his dread entrie. In the depth of thefeleas, he did hold His bright and glorious pallace built, of never rufting gold; And there arrived, he put in Coach, his beazen-footed fleeds,

Keplunes ora.

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The borte of Leptune,

All golden man'd, and pac't with wings; and all in golden weeds He cloth'd himselfe. The golden konnge, (molt elegandy dom) He tooke, and mounted to his Carer and then she god begun To drive his chariot through the waves. From what every The whales exulted under him, and knew their King, the Sea For joy did open; and his horse, so swife, and lightly flew :

Into the deepe seas gulphic breast, and there th'earth shaker staid

In reach before them. Their braffe hoofes he girt with gives of gold

The under axeltree of braffe, no drop of water drew. And thus these deathlesse Coursers brought their king toth' Achive ships: Twixt th'Imber Cliffs, and Tenedos, a certaine Caverne creenes

His forward fleeds tooke them from coach, and heavenly fodder laid

Coregraphia.

Tyepium: gres Lu ibe Greeks

Not to be broken, nor diffolv'd; to make them firmely hold A fit attendance on their King. Who went to th' schive hoft, Which (like to tempelts, or wild flames) the clustring Trojans toft; Infatiably valorous, in Hectors like command; Highfounding, and refounding shouts: for Hope chear'd every hand, To make the Greeke fleet now their prize, and all the Greekes defiroy. But Neptune circler of the earth) with fresh heart did employ The Grecian hands. In strength of voyce, and body, he did take

Calchas refemblance, and (of all) th' Aiaces first bespake; Who of themselves were free enough: Aiases? you alone Reptone to the Sustaine the common good of Greece, in ever putting on

The memory of Fortitude: and flying thamefull Plight. Elsewhere, the desperate hands of Troy could give me no affright, The brave Greekes have withstood their worst: but this our mighty wall Being thus transcended by their powre; grave Feare doth much appall My carefull spirits, lest we feele some fatall mischiefe here-Where Hellor raging like a flame, doth in his charge appeare, And boafts himfelfo the best gods sonne. Be you conceited so, And fire so, more then humane spirits; that God may seeme to doe In your deeds: and with fuch thoughts cheard others to fuch exhert, And such resistance: these great minds, will in as great a fort, Strengthen your bodies, and force checke, to all great Heltors charge Though nere fo spirit-like; and though love still, (past himselfe) enlarge His facred actions. Thus he toucht, with his forkt fcepters point, The brefts of both, fild both their spirits, and made up every joyne With powre responsive. when hawk-like, swift, and let sharpe to flye,

Simile.

That fiercely stooping from a rocke, inaccessible and hie, Cuts through a field, and fets a fowle, (not being of her kinde) Hard, and gets ground still: Neptune so, lest these two; eithers mind Beyond themselves rais'd. Of both which, Oileas first discernal Miax Oilent to The masking Deitie: and faid, Miax? fome god hath watth d

Our powres to fight, and fave our fleet. He put on him the hew Of th Augure Calchas: by his pace (in leaving us) I knew (Without all question) twas a god; the gods are cally knowne: And in my tender breft I feele a greater foirit blowne, To execute affaires of fight: I finde my hands fo free

To all high motion, and my feet, seeme seatherd under me. This, Telamonian thus received: So, to my thoughts, my hands Burne with defire to toffe my lance; each foot beneath me flands Bare on bright fire, toule his speed: my heart is railed so hie. That to encounter Healers felic, I long infatiately:

While thefe thus talkt, as, over-joyd, with fludy for the fight. (Which God had ftird up in their spirits) the same God did excite The Greeks that were behind at fleet, refreshing their free hearts And joynts; being even diffolv'd with toile: and (feeing the desprate parts Playd by the Troisms, past their wall) Griefe strooke them; and their eyes

Sweat teares from under their fad lids: their inflant destinies Never supposing they could scape. But Neptune stepping in. With case stirdup the able troopes; and did at first begin

With Teucer, and Penelem; th'Heroc Leitus; Deipirus, Meriones, and yong Antilochus:

All expert in the deeds of armes: O youths of Greece (faid he)

What change is this? In your brave fight, I onely lookt to fee Our fleets whole fatetie; and if you, negled the harmfull field: Now thines the day, when Greece to Trey, must all her honours yeeld. O gricfe! fo great amiracle, and horrible to fight.

As now I fee; I never thought, could have prophan'd the light: The Troians brave us at our thips, that have beene heretofore, Like faint and fearfull Decre in woods, diftrafted evermore With every found: and yet scape not, but prove the torae up fare

Of Lynces, Wolves, and Leopards, as never borne to warre. Nor durft thefe Troians at first fiege, in any least degree, Expect your firength; or fland one shocke, of Grecien Chivalrie. Yet now, farre from their walsthey dare, fight at our fleet maintaine: All by our Generals cowardife, that doth infect his men:

Who (full acods with him) for that, will needs themselves neelect: And fuffer Slaughter in their thips. Suppose there was defect (Beyond all question) in our King, to wrong Acides. And he, for his particular wreake, from all affiliance cease:

We must not ceasse t'affist our selves. Forgive our Generall then; And quickly too: apt to forgive, are all good minded men. Yet you (quite void of their good minds) give good, in you quite loft,

For ill in others: though ye be, the worthick of your hoft. As old as I am, I would fcorne, to fight with one that flies. Or leaves the fight, as you do now. The Generall flothfull lies. And you (though flothfull too) maintaine, with him, a fight of splene. Cut, out, I hate ye from my heart; ye rotten minded men.

In this, yeadde an ill thats worfe, then all your floths diflikes. But as I know, to all your hearts, my reprehension firikes; So thither let just shame firike toos for while you stand still here,

A mightie fight (warms at your ficet, great Heller rageth there, Hath burft the long barre and the gates. Thus Neptone rowid thefe men; b And round about th' Aisces did, their Phalanxes maintaine,

Their station firme; whom wars himselfe (had he amongst them gone)

The two Aires to one amother.

Remare to Lis Greeks.

Good in hield men and to ler-

Could

Reptane to Lin-

Could not disparage; nor Ioves Maide, that sets men fiercer on: For now the best were chosen out, and they received th'advance Of Hector and his men fo full, that lance, was lin'd with lance. Shields, thickned with opposed shields, targets to targets nail'd: Helmes stucke to helmes; and man to man, grew; they so close affailed: Plum'd casks, were hang'd in eithers plumes: all joynd so close their stands. Their lances stood, thrust out so thicke, by such all-daring hands. All bent their firme breafts to the point; and made fad fight their iou Of both: Troy all in heaps strooke first, and Hetter first of Troy. milt. And as a round peece of a rocke, which with a Winters flood Is from his top torne; when a showre, powrd from a bursten cloud, Hath broke the naturall bond it held, within the rough steepe rocke; And jumping, it flies downe the woods, refounding every shockes And on, uncheckt, it headlong leaps, till in a plaine it flay: And then (though never fo impeld) it firs not any way. So Hellor, hereto throated threats, to go to fea in blood, And reach the Grecian thips and tents; without being once withflood. Eut when he fell into the strengths, the Grecians did maintaine, And that they fought upon the fquare, he flood as fetterd then. And fo, the adverte fonnes of Greece, laid on with fwords and darts, (Whose both ends hurt) that they repeld, his worst; and he converts His threats, by all meanes, to retreats; yet, made as he retir'd Onely t'encourage those behinde; and thus those men inspir d: Troians? Dardanians? Lycians? all war-like friends, fland closes Hellor to bis The Greeks can never beare me long, though towre-like they oppole; irsend. This lance (be fure) will be their spoile: if, even the best of Gods, (High-thundring Innos husband) ftirs, my spirit with true abodes. With this, all firengths and minds he mov'd; but yong Deiphobus, (Old Priams fonne) amongst them all, was chiefly vertuous. He bore before him his round shield; tript lightly through the prese, At all parts cover'd with his shield: And him Meriones Charg'd with a glittring dart, that tooke, his bul-hide orbie shield, Yet piere tit not, but in the top, it selse did peece meale yeeld. Desphobus thrust forth his targe, and fear'd the broken ends Of strong Meriones his lance, who now turnd to his friends; The great Heroe, scorning much, by such a chance to part With lance and conquest: forth he went, to fetch another dart Left at his tent. The rest fought on, the Clamer heightned there wiers valeur. Was most unmeasur'd; Tencer first, did fiesh the Massacre, And flue a goodly man at armes, the fouldier Imbrius, The sonne of Mentor, rich in horse; he dwelt at Pedasus Before the sonnes of Greece fieg'd Troy; from whence he married Medeficasté, one that sprung, of Priams bastard bed. But when the Greeke Ships (double oar'd) arriv'd at Ilion, To Ilian he returnd, and provid, beyond comparison Amongst the Troians; he was lodg'd, with Priam, who held deare His naturall fonnes no more then him, yet him, beneath the care The sonne of Telamon attain'd, and drew his lance: He fell

THE THIRTEENTH BOOKE

As when an Ash on some hils top, (it selfe topt wondrous well) The steele hewes downe, and he presents his yong leaves to the spovie: So fell he, and his faire armes gron'd, which Teacer long'd to spoyle. And in he ran, and Hetter in, who fent a thining Lance At Tencer, who (beholding it) flipt by, and gaucit chance On Atters fonne, Amphimechen, whose breast it firooke; and in Flew Hetter, at his founding fall, with full intent to win The tempting helmet from his head; but Aiax with a dart. Reacht Heller at his rulhing in, yet toucht not any part About his body; it was hid quite through with horrid braffe. The boffe yet of his targe it tooke, whole firme stuffe staid the passe. And he turnd fafe from both the trunkes: both which the Grecians bore From offthe field; Amphimachen, Memefibem did reftore. And Stichim, to th' Achains Brength: th' Aiaces (that were pleafe Still most, with most hotservices) on Troian Imbrias seald: And, as from sharpely-bitten hounds, a brace of Lyons force A new flaine Goate, and through the woods, beare in their jawes the corfe Aloft, lift up into the aire, fo, up into the skies Bore both the sieces, Imbrine, and made his atmes their prize. Yet (not content) Oileades, inrag'd to fee there dead His much below'd Amphimachen, he hewd off Imbries head. Which (swinging round) bowle-like he toft, amongst the Troian prease. And full at Hellers feet it fell. Amphimachus deceale (Being nephew to the god of waves) much vext the Deities mind. And to the ships and tents he marcht: yet more, to make inclinde The Grecians, to the Trojan bane. In halling to which end. Idomeneus met with him, returning from a friend, Whosehamme late hurt, his men broughtoff, and having given command To his Physicians for his cure, (much fir d to put his hand To Troyes repulse) heleft his tent. Him (like Andremons fonne, Prince Thom, that in Pleuron rulde, and lofty Calidon, Th Ætelian powres, and like a god, was of his fubjects lou'd) Neptune encountred: and butthis, his forward spirit mov'd. Idomeneus, Prince of Crete? O whither now are fled Those threats in thee, with which the rest, the Troians menaced? OT beat (he replide) no one of all our hoft frands now In any question of reproofe (as I am let to know) And why is my intelligence falle? We all know how to fight, And (Feare difanimating none) all doe our knowledge right. Nor can our harmes accuse our sloth, not one from worke we misse : The great god onely workes our ill, whose pleasure now it is, That farrefrom home, in hoftile fields, and with inglorious fate, Some Greekes should perish. Burdoe thou, O Theat (that of late Haft prov'da fouldier, and was wont, where thou haft Sloth beheld, To chide it, and exhort to paines) now hate to be repeld, And fet on all men. He replied, I would to heaven, that he

Who ever this day dothabstaine from battell willingly,

May never turne his facefrom Troy, but here become the prey,

And

And scorne of dogs, Come then, take armes, and let our kinde affav Joyne both our forces; though but two, yet being both combinde. The worke of many fingle hands, we may performe; we finde That Vertue coaugmented thrives, in men of little minde: But we have fingly marcht the great. This faid, the god again (With all his conflicts) vilited, the ventrous fight of men. The King turnd to his tent; rich armes put on his breaft, and tooke Two darts in hand, and forth he flew; his hafte on made him looke Much like a fierie Metcor, with which, loves sulphrie hand Opes heaven, and hurles about the aire, bright flathes, thowing aland Abodes; that ever run before, tempeft, and plagnes to men : So, in his swift pace, shew'd his armes: he was encountred then By his good friend Meriones, yet neare his tents to whom Thus spake the powre of Idomen: What reason makes thee come. (Thou fonne of Molas, my most lov'd) thus leaving fight alone? Is't for fome wound? the lavelins head, (ftill flicking in the bone) Desir'st thou ease of? Bring'st thou newes? or what is it that brings Thy presence hither? Be assur'd, my spirit needs no stings To this hot conflict. Of my selfethou seek I come; and leth For any tents love, to deferve the hatefull taint of State.

For any tents love, to deferve the hatefull tains of Said.

He answerd, Onely for a dart, he that retreat did make,
(Were any left him at his tent;) for, that he had, he brake
On proud Deiphoba his thield. Is one dart all? (faid he)
Take one and twenty, if thou like, for in my tent they be;
They shand there shining by the wals: I tooke them as my prize
From those falle Trojans I have slaine. And this is not the guise
Orione that loves his tent, or fights, a farre off with his foe:
But since I love fight, therefore doth my martiall starre bestow
(Besides those darts) helmes, targets bost, and corsless bright as day.

So I (faid Merion) at my tent, and fable barke, may fay, I many Trojan [poiles retaine: but now, not neare they be, To ferve me for my prefent ule; and thereforeaske I thee. Not that I lacke a fortifued to flore me with my owne: For ever in the formost fights, that render men renowne, I fight, when any fight doth sirre, and this perhaps, may well be hid to others, but thou knowst, and I to thee appeale.

I know (replide the King) how much, thou weigh it in every worth. What needle thou therefore utter this? If we should now chuse forth The worthiest men for ambushes in all our fleet and host. (Fo ambushes are services that tryemens vertues most, since there, the searcfull and the firme, will, as they are, appeare: The fearefull altering still his hus, and refts not any where; Nor is his pirit capable, of the ambush constancie, But riseth, changeth still his place, and croucheth curiously On his bent hanches; halfe his beight. Searce seene above the ground. For feare to be seene, yet must see: his heart with many a bound, Offsing to leape out of his breast, (and ever seein death). The coldnesse of it makes him gnash, and basis shates out his teeth.

Where men of valour, neither feare, nor ever change their lookes, From lodging th'ambuilt till it rife but fince there must be strokes, Wilh to be quickly in their axids help strength and hand in these. Who should reprove? For if, farreoff, or fighting in the prease, Thou should reprove? For if, farreoff, or fighting in the prease, Who should reprove? For if, sare, the dare that gave the wound Should not be drawne out of thy backe, or make thy necke the ground; But meet thy belly, or thy breast; in thrusting further yet When thou are furthest, till the first, and before him thou get. But on; like children, let not us, stand bragging thus, but dog. Left some beare, and past measure chiele, that we stand shill and woo. Go, chuse a better dart, and make, Mary yeeld a better chance.

This faid, Mars-(wift Mericurs, with hafte, a brazen lance
Tooke from his tent; and overtooke (most carefull of the wars)
Idense w. And fuch two, in field, as harmfull Mars,
And Terror, his beloved fonce, that without terror fights;
And is of such strength, that in warte, the frighter he affrights;
When, out of Thrace, they both take armea, against the physical bands;
Or gainst the great fool'd Pidepians: nor favour their owne hands,
But give the grace to others fail. In such fort to the fight,
Marcht these two measures of tens, in semants fail to file he.

Marcht thefe two managers of men; in armours full of light. Andfirst spake Merion: On which part (foune of Dencalion) Serves thy minde to invade the fight? is t best to fee upon The Troisms in our bassels aide, the right or left hand wing, For all parts I suppose couployd. To this the Cresas King, Thus answerd: In our navies midfly are others that affift. The two Aisses, Tencer 100; with thatis, the expertel? Of all the Gresius, and though small, is great in fights of fland, And these (though huge he be of thrength) will serue to fill the hand Of Hellors life, that Priamif, that Rudier for blows: It shall be cald added of height, for him (even suffring throws For knocks ftill) to out labour them : and (bettring their tough hands) Enflame our fleet: if Jove hanfelfe, cast not his fier-brands Amongst our navie; that affaire, no man can bring to field: Great Aiax Telamonius, to none alive will yeeld, That yeelds to death; and whole lifetakes, Gover nutritions That can be cut with any iron, or patht with mightie flones. Not to Marides himfelfe, he yeelds for combats fet, Though cleare he must give place for pace, and free fwinge of his feet. Since then, the battell (being our place, of most care) is made good By his high valour; let our aid, fee all powres be withstood, That charge the left wing: and to that, let us direct our course, Where quickly feele we this hor foe, or make him feele our force.

This orderd; (wife Meriones, went, and forewent his King;
Till both arriv'd, where one enjoyed: when in the Greeks left wing,
The Troisms fawthe Crosson King, like fire in fortisude;
And his attendant in bright semes, to gleriously indude,
Both chearing the finisher troops: all at the King addrest,
And fo the skirmish as their sternes, on both pures were increast:

derstanding of

That, as from hollow buffling winds, engendred flormes arife, When dust doth chiefly clog the wayes, which up into the skies The wanton tempest ravisheth; begetting Night of Day: So came together both the foes: both lufted to affay. And worke with quicke fteele, eithers death. Mans fierce Corruptreffe Fight Set up her briftles in the field, with lances long and light, Which thicke, fell foule on eithers face: the splendor of the steele, In new skowr'd curets, radiant casks, and burnisht shields, did seele Th'affailers eyes up. He fustain'd, a huge spirit that wasglad To fee that labour, or in foule, that flood not ftriken fad. Thus thefe two difagreeing Gods, old Saturns mightic fonnes, Afflicted these heroique men, with huge oppressions. leve honouring Ascedes (to let the Greeks ftill trie

Their want without him) would bestow (yet still) the victorie On Hector, and the Troian powre; yet for Bacides, And honour of his mother Queene, great Goddeffe of the feas, He would not let proud Ilien fee, the Grecians quite destroyd: And therefore from the hoarie deepe, he fuffer'd fo imployd Great Neptune in the Grecian aide; who griev'd for them, and florm'd Extremely at his brother love. Yet both, one Goddelle form'd,

The Engine of And one foile bred: but Impiser, precedence tooke in birth, I we exceeded And had more * knowledge: for which cause, the other came not forth N pluats (faith Of his wet kingdome, but with care, of not being seene rexeite The Grecian hoft, and like a man, appear'd, and made the fight. temas more an. So these Gods made mens valours great; but equald them with warre tion, and excel. As harmfull, as their hearts were good; and firetcht those chains as farre ent inknowledg On both fides as their lims could beare: in which they were involved Andryon this Past breach, or loofing, that their knees, might therefore be disfolv'd. Then, though a halfe gray man he were, Cretes foveraigne did excite The Greeks to blows; and flew upon, the Troians, even to flight: For he, in fight of all the hoft, Othryoness flew, noted of inin: That from Cabefus, with the fame, of those warres, thither drew viz I think alf. His new come forces, and requir'd, without respect of dowre,

that the bleffel Caffandra, fait'st of Priams race, affuring with his powre, hie, who Got A mightic labour: to expell, in their despite from Troy, emerges is this The sonnes of Greece. The King did vow (that done) he should enjoy raftime he f.r. His goodlieft daughter. He (in trust, of that faire purchase) fought, gets not notions And at him threw the Cretan King, a lance, that fingl'd out preferrity appre. This great affumer; whom it strooke, just in his navels stead; w fe the kin w His brazen curets helping nought, refignd him to the dead. Then did the conquerour exclaime, and thus insulted then : ledge and un

Othryoneus, I will praise, beyond all mortall men, things taken a. way immortality Thy living vertues; if thou wilt, now perfect the brave vow Thou mad'ft to Priam, for the wife, he promifd to bestow. life but Time. or Plut, de I. And where he should have kept his word, there we affure thee here, fide & Ofride To give thee for thy Princely wife, the faireft, and most deare,

140ment infut. tation on Other. Of our great Generals female race, which from his Argive hall. We all will wait upon to Troy; if with our aids, and all,

Thou wilt but raze this well-built towne. Come therefore follow me. That in our thins we may conclude, this royall match with thee: Ile be no jot worfethen my word. With that he tooke his feet. And dragg'd him through the fervent fight; In which, did fine meet The victor, to inflict revenge. He came on foot before

His horfe, that on his shoulders breath'd; so closely evermore His coachman led them to his Lord: who held a huge defire To firike the King, but he strooke first; and underneath his chin. At his throats height, through thother fide, his eager lance drave in: And downe he buil'd, likean Oake, a Poplar, or a Pine,

Hewne downe for shipwood, and so lay: his fall did so decline The spirit of his charioteere; that lest he should incense The victor to empaire his spoile, he durst not drive from thence His horse and chariot and so pleased, with that respective part

Antilochue, that for his feare, he reacht him with a dart. About his bellies midft; and downe, hisfad corfe fellbeneath The richly-builded chariot, there labouring out his breath.

The horse Astilochus tooke off; when (griev'd for this event) Deiphobus drew paffing neare, and at the victor fent A shining Iavelin; which he saw, and shund; with gathring round His body, in his all-round shield; at whose top, with a found,

It overflew; yet feifing there, it did not idlely flie From him that wing'd it; his strong hand, Rill drave it mortally On Prince Hypfener; it did pierce, his liver, under neath The veines it passeth: his shrunke knees, submitted him to death.

And then did lov'd-Deiphobus, miraculously vant: Now Afine lies not unreveng'd, nor doth his spirit want The joy I wishit; though it be, now entring the strong gate Of mightie Pluto: fince this hand, hath fent him downe a mate.

This gloric in him griev'd the Greeks, and chiefly the great minde Of martiall Antilochus; whom (though to griefe inclind) He left not yet his friend, but ranne, and hid him with his shield; And to him came two lovely friends, that freed him from the field: Meciftens, sonne of Echine; and the right nobly borne

Alastar, bearing him to fleet, and did extremely mourne. Idemeneus funke not yet, but held his nerues entires His minde much leffe deficient, being fed with firme defire To hide more Troiss in dim night, or finke himselfe, in guard Of his lov'd countrimen. And then, Alcathous prepar'd Worke for his valour; offring fate, his owne destruction. A great Heroe, and had grace, to be the loved fonne Of Efietes, sonne in law, to Prince Aenes Sire, Hippedamia marrying: who most enflam'd the fire Of her deare parents loue; and tooke, precedence in her birth, Of all their daughters; and as much, exceeded in her worth (For beauty answerd with her minde; and both, with huswiscrie) All the faire beautie of yong Dames, that ulde her companie; And therefore (being the worthieft Dame) the worthieft man did wed ASus Paine.

Antilochus flaughters the chari.terre of

Deiobobus as Antiloci m. and

Deiphobus bis

Thou

Of ample Troy. Him Nepsune Roopt, beneath the royall force Of Idomen; his sparkling eyes, deluding; and the course Of his illustrious lineaments, so, out of nature bound. That backe, nor forward, he could flirre, but (as he grew to ground) Stood like a pillar, or high tree, and neither mov'd, nor fear'd: When straitthe royall Cretans dart, in his mid breast appear'd. It brake the curets that were proofe, to every other dart. Yet now they eleft and rung; the lance, stucke shaking in his heare: His heart with panting made it shake. But Mars did now remit The greatnesse of it, and the King, now quitting the bragge fit Of glory in Deiphobus, thus terribly exclaim'd: Deiphobus, now may we thinke, that we are evenly fam'd.

Deighoins.

That three for one have fent to Di. But come, change blows with me, Thy vaunts for him thou flew'ft were vaine: Come wretch, that thou maift fee What iffue love hath; love begot, Minos, the ftrength of Crete: Minos begot Dencalion: Deucalion did beget Mc Idomennow Cretas King, that here my thips have brought, To bring thy selfe, thy father, friends, all Ilions pompe to nought. Deiphobus at two wayes flood, in doubt to call fome one (With some retreat) to be his aide, or trie the chance alone. At last, the first feem'd best to him; and backe he went to call. Anchifes fonne to friend; who stood, in troope the last of all, Where still he ferv'd: which made him still, incense against the King. That, being amongst his best, their Pecre, he grac't not any thing

gracedly Prit.

T. him Dispho Aneas? Prince of Trojans? if any touch appeare Of glory in thee: thou must now, affist thy listers Lord, And one, that to thy tendrest youth, did carefull guard afford, Alcathous, whom Cretas King, hath chiefly flaine to thee; H's right most challenging thy hand: come therefore follow me.

His wrong'd deserts. Deiphobus, spake to him, standing neare:

Sim le.

Thus much excited his good minde, and fet his heart on fire, Against the Cretan: who child-like, diffolv'd not in his ire, But stood him firme: As when, in hils, a strength-relying Bore, Alone, and hearing hunters come (whom Tamal: flies before) Vp thrufts his briftles, whets his tusks, fets fire on his red eyes, And in his brave prepar'd repulle, doth dogs and men defpile. So flood the famous for his lance, nor fhund the coming charge That resolute Anew brought; yet (fince the ods was large) laomeneus cals He cald, with good right, to his aide, war skild Afcalaphus,

bus friends to aid Aphareus, Meriones, the ftrong Deipyrus, And Neftors honorable sonne: Come neare, my friends (faid he) And adde your aids to me alone: Feare taints me worthily, Though firme I stand, and shew it not: Æmen great in fight, And one, that beares youth in his flowre (that beares the greatest might)

seuth, as vingil Comes on, with ayme, direct at me. had I his youthfull lim

To beare my minde, he should yeeld Fame, or I would yeeld it him. This faid, all held, in many foules, one readic helpfull minde, Clapt shields and shoulders, and stood close. Anew (not inclind

With more prefamption then the King) cald aid as well as he : Divine Agenor, Hellens love; who followd inflantly. And all their forces following them: asafter Bell-weathers The whele flocks follow to their drinke; which fight the shepheard cheares. Nor was Anen joy leffe movid, to fee fuch troupes attend His bonord person; and all these sought close about his friend. But two of them, past all the rest, had strong defire to shed The bloud of either; Identand Cuberes feed. Assess first bestowd his lance, which th'other seeing, shund: And that (throwne from an idle hand) stucketrembling in the ground. But Idomens (discharg'd at him) had no such vaine successe, Which Ocnement entrailes found, in which it did impresse His sharpe pile to his fall: his palms tore his returning earth. Idomeness firait flept in, and pluckt his Iavelin forth, But could not spoyle his goodly armes, they prest him so with darts. And now the long toyle of the fight, had fpent his vigorous parts, And made them leffe apt to avoid the foe that should advances Or (when himselfe advanc't agains) to run and setch his Lance. And therefore in fife fights of fland, be spent the cruell day : When comming foldly from the flaine) Deiphobas gave way To his bright lavelin at the King, whom he could never brooke. But then he loft his cary too. his lance yet, deadly tooke Afcalaphin, the forme of Mars, quire through his shoulder flew The violent head, and downe he fell. Nor yet by all meanes knew Wide throated Mars, his foone was falne; but in Olympus top, Sad canapied with golden clouds. Ieves counfell had thut up Both him and all the other gods, from that times equall taske, Which now about Afcalaphan, Strife fee. his thining caske Deiphebus had fore't from him: but instantly leapt in Mars-fwift Merienes, and ftrooke, with his long lavelin, The right arme of Daphoban, which made his hand let fall The sharp topthelmer: the prest earth, resounding therewithall. When, Vulture like, Merianes rutht in againe, and drew (From out the low parts of his arme) his lavelin, and then flew Backeto his friends. Deiphobas (faint with the blonds excelle Faine from his wound) was carefully convaid out of the preffe, By his kinde brother, by both fides, (Polites) till they gat His horse and chariot, that were still for fix for his retreet; And bore him now to lies. The sell fought fiercely on, And let a mighty fight on foot. When next, stuckifes forme, Apharem Caletorider (chat ran upon him) fircioke luft in the throat with his keene Lince, and Benit his heat for looke Hisupright cariage: and his his helme, and all with him Fell to the earth: where ruinous death made prize of every lim. Antilorbin (discovering well, that Thorns heart tooke checke) Let flye, and cut the hollow veine, that runs up to his necke, Along his backe part, quite in twaine: downe in the dust he fell, Vpwards, and with extended hands, bad all the world farewell.

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> (came of Alars isame in Ainc.

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That all the bones crasht under it, and out his eyes did drop

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ntitochus ruiht nimbly in, and (looking round) made prize Of his faire armes; in which affaire, his round fet enemies Let flie their lances, thundring on his advanced targe, But could not get his fielh: the god that shakes the earth, tooke charge Of Neftors fonne, and kept him fafe : who never was away, But still amongst the thickest foes, his busic lance did play: Observing ever when he might, tar-off, or neare, offend; And watching Afine fonne, in prease, he spidelim, and did send (Close comming on) a dart at him, that smote in midst his shield. In which, the sharpe head of the lance, the blew-hair'd god made veeld. Not pleald to yeeld his pupils life, in whose shield, halfe the dare Stucke like a truncheon, burnd with fire; on earth lay th'other part. He seeing no better end of all, retir'd; in seare of worse, But him, Meriones pursude, and his lance found full course To th'otherslife: it wounded him betwixt the privie parts And navill; where (to wretched men, that wars most violent smarts Must undergoe) wounds chiefly vexe. His dart, Meriones Pursude, and Adamas so striv'd with it, and his miseasc. As doth a Bullocke puffe and storme; whom in distained bands. The upland heardsmen strive to cast: so (faine beneath the hands Of his sterne foe) Afiades did struggle, pant, and rave, But no long time; for when the Lance was pluckt out, up he gane His tortur'd foule. Then Troyes turne came; when with a Thracian fword The temples of Deipyran, did Hellenne afford So huge a blow, it strooke all light out of his cloudy eyes, And cleft his helmet; which a Greeke, (there fighting) made his prize, (It fell fo full beneath his feet.) Atrides grien'd to fee That fight; and (threatning) shooke a lance at Hellense, and he A bow, halfe drew at him; at once, out flew both shaft and lance: The shaft, Airides curets frooke, and farre away did glance : Atrides dart, of Hellenus, the thrust out bow-hand strooke, And through the hand, flucke in the bow; Ageners hand did plucke From forth the nailed prisoner, the Iavelin quickly out: And fairely with a little wooll, enwrapping round about The wounded hand, within cafcarfe, he bore it, which his Squire Had ready for him: yet the wound would needes he should retire. Pylander to revenge his burt, right on the King ran he, A bloody fate suggested him, to let him run on thee O * Menelus, that he might, by thee, in dangerous warre, Be done to death. Both comming on, Assides Lance did erre: Pifander strooke Atrides shield, that brake at point, the dare Not running through, yet he rejoye't, as playing a victors part. Atrides (drawing his faire (word) upon Palander flew; Pisander, from beneath his shield, his goodly weapon drews Two edg'd, with right sharpe steele, and long, the handle Olive tree, Well polisher, and to blowes they goe, upon the top strooke he Atrides horse, hair d. featherd helme, Atrides on his brow

(About th'extreme part of the nose) laid such a heavie blow.

Before his feet, in bloudy duft; he after, and thrunke up His dying body: which the foot of his triumphing foe Opened; and flood upon his breaft, and off his armes did goe: This infultation ulde the while . At length forfake our fleet, (Thus ye falle Trojans) to whom warre, never enough is fiveer : Nor want ye more impieties; with which ye have abused Me. (ve bold dogs) that your chiefe friends, so honourably usde : Nor feare you hospitable love, that lets such thunders goe : But build upon't, he will unbuild your towres, that clamber for For ravilhing my goods, and wife, in flowre of all her yeares, And without canse; nay when that faire and liberall hand of hers Had usde you so most lovingly; and now againe ye would Cast fire into our fleet, and kill our Princes if ye could, Gotoo, one day you will be curb'd (though never fo ye thirst Rude warre) by warre. O Father love, they fay thou art the first In wisedome, of all gods and men; yet all this comes from thee, And ftill thou gratifiest these men, how lewd so ere they be, Though never they be cloid with finnes: nor can be latiate (As good men should) with this vile warre. Satietie of state, Satietic of sleepe and love, Satietic of case, Of mulicke, dancing, can finde place; yet harfh warre fill must please Past all these pleasures, even past these. They will be cloyd with these Before their warre joyes: never warre, gives Troy fatieries. This faid, the bloudy armes were off, and to his fouldiers throwne. He mixing in first fight againe: and then Harpalion, (Kinde King Pylemens fonne) gave charge; who, so those warres of Troy, His loved father followed; nor ever did enjoy His countries fight againe, he strooke the targe of Atreus sonne. Full in the midst, his !avelins steele, yet had no power to runne The target through: nor had himselse, the heart to setch his lance, But tooke him to his strength, and cast on every side a glance, Left any his deare fides should dart: but Merion as he fled. Sent after him a brazen Lance, that ranne his eager head, Through his right hippe, and all along the bladders region, Beneath the bone; it fettl'd him, and fet his spirit gone, Amongst the hands of his best friends; and like a worme he lay, Stretcht on the earth, with his blacke bloud, embrewd and flow'd away, His corfe the Paphlagenians did fadly waite upon, (Repold in his rich chariot) to facred Ilion. The King his father following, diffolv'd in kindely teares,

Merenes fisjes Harpalion

Who (though he knew his harmefull fate) would needs his fhip afcend, His father (Polyidus) oft, would tell him that his end R

And no wreake fought for his flaine sonne But, at his flaughterers

There was a certaine Auguressonne, that did for wealth excell,

And yet was honest; he was borne, and did at Corinth dwell :

Incensed Paris spenta Lance (since he had beenea guest

To many Paphlagonians) and through the preaffeit preft.

Would

That

Would either feile him at his houle, upon a sharpe disease, Or else amongst the Grecian ships, by Trojans slaine. Both these Together he desir'd to shun; but the disease (at laft. And lingring death in it) he left, and warres quicke stroke embrac't . The Lance betwixt his care and checke, ran in; and drave the minde Of both those bitter fortunes out: Night strooke his whole powres blinde:

Thus fought they like the spirit of fire, nor Iove-lov'd Hector knew How in the fleets left wing, the Greekes his downe-put fouldiers flew Almost to victorie: the God that shakes the earth, so well Helpt with his owne frength, and the Greekes fo fiercely did impell. Yet Heller made the first place good, where both the ports and wall. (The thicke ranke of the Greeke shields broke) he entred, and did skall. Where on the gray seas shore, were drawne (the wall being there but sleight) Protefilaus thips, and those of Miax, where the fight Of min and horse were sharpest set. There the Boeotian band.

B) 140m3 (for 10- Long-rob'd Iaones, Locrians, and (brave men of their hands) the site cases. The Phthian, and Epeian troupes, did spritefully assaile The god like Heller rushing in, and yet could not prevaile To his repulle, though choilest men of Athens there made head : Amongst whom, was Menestheus chiefe, whom Phidias followed: Stichius and Bias, huge in strength. Th Epeius troupes were led By Meges, and Philides cares, Amphion, Dracius.

Capta ne. at the ficht at the wall, and beir loold ers.

Simile, spherein

are compared to

tro surang c

Oxes.

Before the Phthians, Medon marcht, and Meneptokmun; And these (with the Boeotian powres) boreup the fleets defence.

Oileus, by his brothers fide, frood close, and would not thence For any moment of that time: but as through fallow fields.

Blacke Oxen draw a well-joyn'd plough, and either, evenly yeelds His thriftic labour; all heads coucht fo close to earth, they plow The fallow with their hornes, till out the sweate begins to flow:

The firetcht vokes cracke, and yet at last, the furrow forth is driven: So toughly stood these to their taske, and made their worke as even.

But Aiax Telamonius, had many helpfull men, That when sweat ran about his knees, and labour flow'd, would then

The Le r.a.s which Ottens Aiax lea, were all Archers.

Helpe beare his mighty seven-fold shield: when swift oileades The Locrians left, and would not make those murthrous fights of prease, Because they were no bright steele caskes, nor bristi'd plumes for show. Round shields, nor darts of solid Ash, but with the trusty bow. And jackes, well a quilted with foft wooll, they came to Troy, and were (In their fit place) as confident as those that fought so neare;

And reacht their foes to thicke with thatts, that thefe were they that brake The Trojan orders first and then, the brave arm'dmen did make Good worke with their close fights before. Behind whom, having thot, The Locrians hid still; and their foes, all thought of fight forgot, With thewes of those farre firiking shafts, their eyes were troubled so . And then, affur'dly, from the ships, and tents, th'infulting foc.

Had miscrably fled to Troy, had not Polydamas

Polydamus to Heftor.

Thus spake to Hetter. Hetter still, impossible tis to passe Good counfell upon you, but fay, some god prefers thy deeds: In councils wouldft thou passe us too? In all things none exceeds. To some, God gives the power of warre; to some the sleight to dance. To some, the art of inftruments; some doth for voice advance: And that far feeing God grants fome, the wifedome of the minde.

Which no man can keepe to himselfe: that (though but few can finde) Doth profit many, that preferves, the publique weale and flate: And that, who hath, he best can prize: but, for me, lle relate

Onely my centure what's our belt. The very crowne of warre Doth burne about thee; yet our men, when they have reacht thus farre. Suppose their valours crown'd, and ceasse. A few still stirre their seet. And so a few with many fight; sperft thinly through the fleet.

Retire then, leave speech to the rout, and all thy Princes call-That here, in counfels of most weight, we may resolve of all.

If having likelihood to beleeve, that God will conquest give, We shall charge through; or with this grace, make our retreat, and live.

For (I must needs affirme) I feare, the debt of vesterday (Since warre is such a God of change) the Grecians now will pay.

And fince th'infatiate man of warre, remaines at fleet, if there We rempt his fafetie: no houre more, his hot foule can forbeare.

This found stuffe Helfor lik't, approv'd, jumpt from his chariot. And faid, Polydamas? make good, this place, and fuffer not One Prince to passe it: I my selfe, will there go, where you see Those friends in skirmish: and returne (when they have heard from me. Command, that your advice obeys) with utmost speed: this faid,

With day bright armes, white plume, white skarffe, his goodly lims arraid, Heller for his He parted from them, like a hill, remoning, all of fnow: And to the Troian Peeres and Chiefs, he flew; to let them know The counfell of Polydamas. All turnd, and did rejoyce;

To haste to Panthus gentle sonne, being cald by Hettors voyce. Who (through the forefights making way) lookt for Deiphelus; King Hellewus, Afiades, Hyrtafian, Afins:

Of whom, some were not to be found, unburt, or undeceast; Some onely hurt, and gone from field. As further he addrest. He found within the fights left wing, the faire-hair'd Hillens love, By all meanes mouing men to blows; which could by no meanes mone

Hectors forbearance, his friends miffe, so put his powres in storme: But thus in wonted terms he chid: You, with the finest forme,

Impostor, womans man: Where are (in your care markt) all these? Deiphobus, King Hellenus, A fins Hyrtacides?

Othryoneus, Agamas? now haughtic Ilion Shakes to his lowest groundworke: now, just ruine fals upon Thy head, past rescue. He replyed . Hetter, why chid'st thou now When I am guiltleffe? other times, there are for eafe I know. Then thefe; for the that brought thee forth, not utterly left me

Without some portion of thy spirit, to make me brother thee. But fince thou first brought'st in thy force, to this our navall fight. I, and my friends, have ceassesse fought, to do thy service right. But all those friends thou seck stare flaine, excepting Hellen so,

Pohdanas advice to Hellor.

good, forme compared to a till of from.

Heller child th

(Vho parted wounded in his hand) and fo Deiphobus: love yet averted death from them. And now leade thou as farre As thy great heart affects; all we, will fecond any warre That thou endureft: And I hope, my owne ftrength is not loft. Though least, He fight it to his best; nor further fights the most.

mil.

This calm'd hot Heltors fplene; and both, turnd where they faw the face Of warre most fierce: and that was, where, their friends made good the place About renound Polydamas, and god-like Polypher. Palmus, Ascanius; Morus, that, Hippotion did beget. And from A fearing wealthic fields, but even the day before Arriv'd at I roy; that with their aide, they kindly might reffore Some kindnesse they received from thence: and in fierce fight with these, Phalces and tall, Orthans stood, and bold Cebriones. And then the coubt that in advice, Polydamas disclosed. To highe or flie, love tooke away, and all to fight dispoid. And as the floods of troubled aire, to pitchie stormes increase That after thunder sweeps the fields, and ravish up the seas, Encountring with abhorred roares, when the engroffed waves Boile into frame; and endlefly, one after other raves. The East of, So rank't and guarded, the Ilians marcht; fome now, more now, and then taler se More upon more, in thining feele; now Captaines, then their men. And Heelor, likeman-killing Mars, advanc't before them all, His huge round target before him, through thickn'd, like a wall. With hides well coucht, with store of brasse; and on his temples shin'd His bright helme, on which danc't his plume, and in this horrid kind. (All hid within his world-like shield) he enery troope affaid For entrie; that in his despite, stood firme, and undismaid. Which when he faw, and kept more off; wiax came stalking then. And thus provokt him: O good man, why fright'st thou thus our men? Come nearer; not Arts want in warre, makes us thus navie-bound, But loves direct feourge; his arm'd hand, makes our hands give you ground: Yet thou hop ft (of thy felfe) our spoyle: but we have likewise hands To hold our owne, as you to spoyle: and ere thy countermands Stand good against our ransackt fleet; your hugely-peopled towne Our hands shall take in; and her towres, from all their heights pull downed And I must tell thee, time draws on, when, flying, thou shalt crie To love, and all the Gods, to make, thy faire-man'd horses flie More swift then Falkons; that their hoofes, may rouse the dust, and beare Thy body, hid, to Ilion. This faid, his bold words were Confirm'd, as foone as spoke; loves bird, the high flowne Eagle tooke

neller o stare Vaine-spoken man, and glorious; what hast thousaid? would I As furely were the sonne of love, and of great Inno borne; Adorn'd like Pallas, and the God, that lifts to earth the Morne; As this day shall bring harmfull light, to all your host; and thou, (If thou dar'ff ftand this lance) the earth, before the thips thalt ftrow, Thy bosome torne up ; and the dogs, with all the fowle of Troy.

The right hand of their hoft, whose wings, high acclamations strooks,

From forth the glad breafts of the Greeks. Then Heller made replie:

Be fatiate with thy fat and flesh. This faid, with showting joy His first troupes follow'd, and the last, their showts with showts repeld: Greece answerd all, nor could her spirits, from all shew rest conceald. And to so infinite a height, all acclamations strove, They reacht the splendors, stucke about, the unreacht throne of Iove.

COMMENTARIUS.

. Αγανών Ιππιμολρών, &c. illustrium Hippemolgorum : Γλακ]οραγών, Late Viscentium, &c. Laurentius Valla, and Eobanus Heffius, (who I thinke translated Homer into Hexameters out of Vallas profe) take apavar, the Epithese to Ισπιμολρών, for a mation fo called, and Ισπιμολρών Γλακδοραρών, actiorre, translates, ut que fine ullis divitijs, equino victitat lacte; intendino gens Agavorum: which he takes for those inft men of life likewise, which Homer commends: utterly mistaking apauls signiffing preclarus, or illustris, whose genitive case plurall is used bere: and the word, Epithete to lamunyor; together fignifying Illustrium Hippemolgorum, and they being bred, and continually fed with milke (which the next word parlopapar signifies) Homer cals most inft. long-livid, and innocent, in the words acliurts Strenord von arapatrur. a319fignifying longenus; ab a epitatice, & si@ vita. But of some inops, being a compound ex a privat, & MiG victus and from thence had Valla his interpretation: ut que fine ullis divitijs, but where is equino lacte ? But not to shew their errors, or that I understand bow others take this place different from my translation. 1 afe this note, fo much as to intimate what Homer would have noted, and doth teach, that men brought up with that gentle, and foft spirit-begetting-milke, are long lived, and in mature woft inft and innocent. Which kinde of food, the most ingenious and grave Plutarch, in his oration, De clu carnium, seemes to prefer before the food of flesh: where be faith, By this meanes also, Tyrants laid the foundations of their homicides: for, (as amongst the Athenians) first, they put to death the most notorious and vilest Sycophant Epitedeius: so the second of third: then being accustomed to blond, they slew good, like bad: as Niceratus, the Emperour Theramenes, Polemarchus the Philosopher, dec. So at the first, men killed lome barmefull beaft or other, then some kinde of soule, some fift, till taught by thele, and firred up with the tast of their pallats, they proceeded to laughter of the laborious Oxe, the man clothing or adorning sheepe, the bonse quarding cocke, erc. and by little and little cloyed with thefe. warre, and the food of men, men fell

b Αμοι δ'ap Aiarrus, &c. Circum autem Aiaces, &c. To inagement of this place, Spondanus calleth all found indgements to condemnation of one Panædes a Indge of cames on Olympus: whose brother Amphidamas being dead, Gamn ictor his sonne celebrated bu funerals, calling all the most excellent to contention, not one-In for strength and swiftnesse, but in learning likewise, and force of wisedome. To this generall contention came Homer, and Hefiodus: who casting downe verses on both parts, and of all measures, (Homer by all consents questionlesse obtaining the garland.) Panædes bade both recite briefly their best: for which Hesiodus cited thefe verfes: which as well as I could, in hafte, I have translated out of the beginning of his fecond Booke of workes and dayes.

When Atlas birth, (the Pleiades) arise, Harvest begin; plow, when they leave the skies. Twife twenty nights and daies, thefe hide their heads. The yearethen turning, leave againe their beds, And shew when first to whet the harvest steele. This likewife is the fields law, where men dwell Neare Neptunes Empire: and where farre away, The winding vallies, flye the flowing sea, And men inhabite the fat region. There, naked plow, sow naked, nak'd cut downe; If Ceres labours, thou wilt timely use, That timely fruits, and timely revenewes, Serve thee at all parts, lest at any, Need Send thee to others grudging dores to feed, &c.

These verses (how sever Spondants stands for Homers) in respect of the peace and thrift they represent, are like enough to carry it for Hesiodus, even in these times indgements. Homers verses are these

Thus Nepsune rowld these men;
And round about the Asaces did their Phalanxes maintaine,
Their station firme, whom Mars himselfe, (had he amongst them gone)
Could not disparage; nor toves Maid, that sets men siercer on.
For now the best were chosen out, and they received the advance
Of Hester and his men so full, that Lance was lined with lance;
Shields thickned with opposed shields; targets to targets nail'd:
Helmes stucke to helmes; and man to man grew; they so close assail'd:
Plum'd caskes were hang'd in eithers plumes: allioynd so close their stands;
Their lances stood, thrust home so thicke, by fisch all-daring hands.
All bent their firme breasts to the point, and made sa fight their ioy
Of both. Troy all in heapes strooke first, and Hester first of Troy.
And as a round piece of a rocke, &c.

which martiall verses, though they are as high as may be for their place, and end of our Homes: are yet infinitely short of his bish in a thousand other places. Nor thinke I the contention of any part true; Homes being affirmed by good Authors, to be a hundred yeers before Hesiodus; and by all others much the older, Hesiodus being neare in bloud to him. And this, for some varietie in your delight, I thought not amiss to insert here.

Equition, the Commentors translate in this place, funda, most untruly: there being no slings spoken of in all these slidds, nor any such service as all these wars, which in my last annotation in this booke, will appeare more apparent: But here, and in this place, to translate the word sunda (though most commenty it significable sometimenty) is most ridicalous. Zovedon, likewise signifying, otnamentum quoddam mulichre: which therefore I translate a skarsse: a sister thing to hang his arme in then a slings, and likely that his Squire carried about him, either a a favour of his owne Mistress, or his Masser, or for eithers ornament: skarse, being no unusual weare for soldiers.

a neiters the another. Relinquetis demum lic, &c. At length forfake our fleet, for. Now come we to the continuance (with cleare notes) of Menclaus ridiculous character. This very beginning of his infultation, (in the manner of it) preparing it, and the simply uttered upbraids of the Trojans following constraint is most ingeniously, First, that the Trojans ravished his wife in the flowre of her geares,

geares, calling her uncession and which Spondanus translateth virginem uxorem, being bere to be translated invenilem uxorem : weifie fignifiing invenilis: but they will have it virginem; because Homer mast be taxed, with ignorance of what the next age after Troys fiege revealed of the age before ; in which Thefeus is remembred first to have ravishs Hellen ; and that by Theseus, Iphipenia was beenten of ber: which being granted, maketh mach against Homer (if you marke it) for making Menelans thinkeyet, he married her a virgin (if Spondanus translation should paffe.) Fir ft, no man being so simple to thinke, that the Poet thinketh alwayes as he maketh others Speake : and mext, it being no verie france, or rare credulitie, in men, to believe they marry maids when they do not, Much more fach a man made for the purpose as Menelaus, whose good bushandly imagination of his wives maidenbead at their marriage, I hope answereth at full the most foolish taxation of Homers ignorance : in which a man may wonder at thele learned Criticks over-learned meffe: and what ropes of fand they make with their kinde of intelligencing knowledge. I meane, in fach as abuse the name of Criticks, as many verfers do, of Poess: the reft, for their industries, I reverence, But all this time, I lofe my collection of Menclaus fillie and ridiculous upbraids here given to the Trojans. First (as above faid) for ravishing his wife in the flowre of her yeares: when should a man play fach a part but then? though in deed poore Menelaus had the more wrong or loffe in it, and yet Paris the more reason. He addeth then, and without causeor injurie, a most sharpe one in Homer, and in Menclaus as much ridiculous: as though lovers looked for more cause in their love-faits, then the beauties of their beloved : or that men were made cuckolds onely for fite, or revenge of some wrong precedent. But indeed, Menclaus true simplicitie in this, to thinke barms should not be done without harmes foregoing (no not in these unsmarting barmes) making him well deserve bu Epithite air. Sic. Tet farther fee how bis pure imbecilitie prevaileth : and bow by a thred Homer cutteth bim ant bere , ereitiele map auni, postquam amice tractati fuifisapud iplam, after ye bad beene kindly entersaind at ber bands. I bope you will thinke nothing could encourage them more then that. See how be freaketh against ber in taking her part: and bow ingeniously Homer givet bim fill some colour of reason for his senstefueste, which colour yet, is enough to deceive our Commentors: they find not yet the tame figure of our horned. But they and all Tranflators, fill force bis freeches to the best part. Tet further then make mount diflection. And now (faith our Simplician) you would againe flew your iniquities, evento the casting of permicious fire into our fleet, and killing our Princes if you could. Would any man thinke this in an Enemie? and fuch an Enemie as the Trojans? Chide Enemies in armes, for offering to burt their Enemies? Would you have yet plainer this good Kings simplicitie? But his slaughters sometimes, and wife words, are those mists our Homer casteth before the eyes of his Readers, that bindreth their prospects, to his more constant and predominant softnesse and simplicuie. Which he doth, imagining his understanding Readers eyes more sharpe, then not to fee pervially through them. And yet, would not have thefe great ones them selves need so subtle flatteries: but that every shadow of their worth might remove all the substance of their worthle sue see I am weary with beating this thin thicket for a woodcocke, and yet, lest it prove still soo thicke for our sanguine and gentle complexions to shine through, in the next words of his lame reproofe, he eryeth out against lupiter, faying nren saoi ati befras inch a del ar Profecto, te aint fapientia

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Sipientia (vel circa mentem) superare cæteros homines atque Deos: wherein be affirmath, that men (ay (o, building (poore man) even that unknowne fecret to himfelle, upon others, and now, I hope, sheweth bimfelfe emptie enough. But left you foodld fay I frive to illustrate the Sun, and make cleare a thing plaine, beare how darke, and perplext ariddle it sheweth yet to our good Spondanus, being an excellent Choller, and Homers Commenter. Whose words upon this speech, are thefe: Facundiam Menelai cum acumine, antea prædicavit Homerus (intend. ing in Antenors (peech, lib. 2. unto which I pray you turne) cuius hic luculentum exemplum habes. Vehemens autem est eius hoc loco oratio, ut qui iniuriarum sibi à Treianis in uxoris raptu illatarum recordetur, qua præsente corundem in Gracos imperu exacerbavit. Primum itaque in Trojanos invehitur, & corum surorem tandem aliquando cohibitum iri comminatur. Deindè, per Apofrophem, ad loven conqueritur, de inexplebili pugnandi ardore, quibus Traiani vehementer inflammantur. Would any man beleeve this ferious blindneffe in fo great a scholler? Nor is he alone so taken in bis eyes, but all the rest, of our most prophaned and holy Homers Traducers.

É και d' 5000 à ios adres, ego. Et benè torta ovis lana (or rather, benè torto ovis . flore.) Definitio fundæ ((aith Spondanus) vel potius periphrastica descriptio. The definition, or rather paraphrasticall description of a sling: a most unsufferable exposition; not a sling being to be heard of (as I before affirmed) in all the services exprest in these Iliads. It is therefore the true periphrasis of a light kind of armour called a lacke, that all our archers weed to ferve in of old; and were ever quilted with wooll; and (because d'spope fignifieth as well qui facili motu versatur & circumagitur, so well so benè vel pulchre tortus) for their lightneffe and apinesse to be worne, partaketh with the word in that signification. Besides, note the words that follow, which are; Tappla Bandorres, & orider Bandorres, dec. frequenufurpatur out ter iacientes, and a tergo iacientes, shooting, striking, or wounding so thicke and at the backs of the armed men; not hurling; here being no talke of any stones but ouely Cunexxiveor & orsus, conturbabant enim fagitta. And when faw any man (lings lined with wooll? to keepe their flones warme? or to dall their deliverie? and I am (ure they harled not shafts out of them. The agreement of the Greekes with our English, as well in all other their greatest vertues, as this skill

> little homour to our Countrey. The end of the thirteenth Booke.

with their bows, other places of thefe Annotations shall clear-

ly demonstrate; and give (in my conceit) no

THE



ТНЕ ХІШ ВООКЕ OF HOMER'S ILIADS.

THE ARGUMENT.

Trides, to behold the skirmish, brings Old Neftor, and the other wounded kings. Iuno (receiving of the Cyprian Dame Her Ceston, whence ber sweet enticements came) Descends to Somnus, and gets him to binde The powres of love with fleepe, to free her minde. Neptune affifts the Greeks, and of the foe. Slaughter inflicts a mightie overthrow. Aiax, fo fore, frikes Hector with a ftone, It makes him (bit blond, and his fense fets gone.

Another Argument.

In = with fleepe, and bed, heavens Queene, Even love himselfe, makes overseene.

Ot wine, nor feasts, could lay their soft chains on old Nesters eare To this high Clamer; who required, Machaens thoughts to beare (a to the firth His care in part, about the cause, for methinke still (said he)

The crie increases. I must needs, the watch tower mount to see

Which way the flood of warre doth drive. Still drinke thou wine, and cate Till faire-hair'd Hecamed hath given, a little water heat, To cleanse the quitture from thy wound. This said, the goodly shield Of war-like Thrasimed, his sonne (who had his owne in field)

He tooke; fnatcht up a mighticlance; and fo stept forth to view Cause of that Clamor. Instantly, th'unworthy cause he knew, The Grecians wholly put in rout; the Troians rowting still, Close at the Greeks backs, their wall rac't: the old man mournd this ill; And as, when with unwieldie waves, the great Sea forefeeles winds, That both wayes murmure, and no way, her certaine current finds, But pants and swels confusedly; here goes, and there will stay, Till on it, aire casts one firme winde, and then it rols away:

So flood old Nefter in debate, two thoughts at once on wing In his discourse; if first to take, direct course to the King, Or to the multitude in fight. At last, he did conclude

To visit Agamemnon first: meane time both hosts imbrew'd Their steelein one anothers blood, nought wroughts their healths but harms: Swords, huge stones, double-headed darts, still thumping on their armes.

And now the love-kept Kings, whose wounds, were yet in cure, did meet Old Neftor, Diomed, Ishaeus, and Atreus fonne, from flect,

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Sail.

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Bent for the fight, which was farre off, the ships being drawne to shore Asimimnon, On heaps at firft, till all their fterns, a wall was raifd before: ored wounded, Which (though not great) it yet suffil'd, to hide them, though their men Were something streighted; for whose scope, in forme of battell then, They drew them through the spacious shore, one by another still; Till all the bosome of the Strand, their fable bulks did fill: Even till they tooke up all the space, twixt both the Promontories. These Kings (like Nefter) in defire, to know for what those cries Became so violent; came along (all leaning on their darts) To fee, though not of power to fight; fad, and fuspicious hearts

Agamemnon to 2 effor.

Distempring them, and (meeting now, Nestor) the King in feare Cryed ont, O Nefter our renowne? why shews thy presence here ? The harmfull fight abandoned? now Heater will make good. The threatning vow he made (I feare) that till he had our blood. And fir'd our fleet, he never more, won!d turne to Ilion. Nor is it lorg, I fee, before, his whole will, will be done. O Gods, I now fee all the Greeks, put on Achilles ire, Against my honour; no meane lest, to keepe our fleet from fire. He answerd: Tis an evident truth, not love himselfe can now,

Neffer to Agre m man.

(With all the thunder in his hands) prevent our overthrow. The wall we thought invincible, and trusted more then love; Is scal'd, rac't, enterd, and our powres (driven up) past breathing, prove A most inevitable fight. both slaughters so commixt, That for your life, you cannot put, your diligent'st thought betwixt The Greeks and Troians; and as close, their throats cleave to the skie. Consult we then (if that will serve) for fight, advise not I; It fits not wounded men to fight. Atrides answerd him, If such a wail, as cost the Greeks, so many a tyred lim,

And fuch a dike be past, and rac't, that (as your selfe said well) We allesteemd invincible, and would, past doubt repell The world, from both our fleet and us: it doth directly thow, That here love vows our shames, and deaths. I evermore did know His hand from ours, when he helpt us: and now I fee as cleare That (like the bleffed Gods) he holds, our hatedenemies deares Supports their armes, and pinnions ours. Conclude then, tis in vaine To strive with him. Our ships drawne up, now let us lanch againe, And keepe at anchor, till calme Night, that then (perhaps) our foes May calme their ftormes, and in that time, our scape we may dispose: " It is not any shame to flie, from ill, although by night: "Knowne ill, he better does that flies, then he it takes in fight.

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Vlyffes frown'don him, and faid; Accurft, why talk'ft thou thus? Figo where to Aga. Would thou hadft led some barbarous host, and not commanded us Whom love made fouldiers from our youth, that age might scorne to flic From any charge it undertakes; and every dazeled eye The honord hand of warre might close. Thus wouldst thou leave this towne For which our many miferies felt, entitle it our owne? Peace, lest some other Greeke give eare, and heare a sentence such As no mans pallate should prophane, at least, that knew how much

H.

His owne right weigh'd, and being a Prince, and such a Prince as beares Rule of so many Greekes as thou. This counsell lothes mine cares. Let others toyle in fight and cries, and we so light of heeles Vpon their very noise, and grones, to hoise away our keeles. Thus we should fit the wish of Troy, that being something neare The victory, we give it cleare: and we were fure to beare A flaughter to the utmost man: for no man will sustaine A stroke, the sleete gone, but at that, looke still, and wish him slaine: And therefore (Prince of a men) befure, thy centure is unfit.

OF HOMER'S ILIADS.

O Ithacus (replied the King) thy bitter termes have fmit My heart in funder. At no hand, gainst any Princes will Doe I command this; would to God that any man of skill.

To give a better counsell would; or bold, or yonger man; My voyce should gladly goe with his. Then Diemed began.

The man not farre is, nor shall aske much labour to bring in. That willingly would speake his thoughts, if spoken they might win Fit eare; and fuffer no empaire, that I discover them. Being yongest of you : fince, my Sire, that heir'd a Diadem. May make my speech to Diadems, decent enough, though he Lyes in his sepulcher at Thebes. I boast this pedigree, b Porthem, three famous fonnes begot, that in high Calidon, And Plearen kept, with state of Kings, their habitation. Agrins, Melm, and the third, the horseman Ocnews,

My fathers father, that exceld in actions generous. The other two: but these kept home, my fether being driven With wandring, and adventrous spirits, for so the King of heaven. And th'other gods fet downe their wils: and he to Argos came, Where he begun the world, and dwelt; there marrying a dame. One of Adrastus female race: He kept a royall house, For he had great demeanes, good land, and (being industrious)

He planted many orchard grounds about his house, and bred Great flore of sheepe. Besides all this, he was well qualited, And past all Argives for his speare : and these digressive things Are fuch as you may well indure; fince (being deriv'd from Kings, And Kings not poore, nor vermleffe) you cannot hold me bafe, Nor scorne my words which oft (though true) in meane men, meet disgrace.

However, they are these in short. Let us be seene at fight, And yeeld to strong Necessitie, though wounded; that our sight May fet thole men on, that of late, have to Achilles spleene

Beene too indulgent, and left blowes: but be we onely feene Not come within the reach of darts; left wound on wound we lay : (Which reverend Nefters speech implide) and so farre him obay. This counfell gladly all observ'd; went on, Arrides led;

Nor Neptane this advantage loft, but closely followed. And like an aged man appear d, t'Atrides, whose right band He feild, and faid, Atrides, this doth paffing fitly fland With fterne Achilles wreakfull fpirit, that he can ftand afterne His ship; and both in fight and death, the Grecian bane differne

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Int. 10 Cas. 165

Communication of

Since, nor in his breaft glowes one sparke of any humane minde, But, be that his owne bane; let God by that loffe make him finde How vile a thing he is: for know, the bleft gods have not given Thee ever over, but perhaps, the Troians may from heaven Receive that inflice. Nay tis fure, and thou shalt see their fals : Your fleet some freed, and for fights here, they glad to take their wals. This faid, he made knowne who he was and parted with a crie. As if ten thousand men had joynd in battaile then, so hie His throat flew through the hoft: and fo, this great earth-shaking god Chear'd up the Greeke hearts that they with their painesno period.

Saturnia from Olympus top, faw her great brother there, And her great husbands brother too, exciting every where The glorious spirits of the Greekes, which, as the joy'd to fce : So (on the fountfull Idas top) Ioves fight did difagree With her contentment, fince the fear'd that his hand would descend. And checke the sea-gods practises. And this she did contend

ceive 1.ve.

How to prevent, which thus feem'd best: to decke her curiously. And visite the Idalian hill, that so the Lightners eye She might enamour with her lookes, and his high temples steepe. (Even to his wisedome) in the kinde, and golden inyce of sleepe. So tooke the chamber with her fonne, the god of ferrary, With firme doores made, being joyned close, and with a privy key, That no god could command but Iove, where (entred) the made faft The shining gates, and then upon her lovely body cast Ambrofia, that first made it cleare, and after, laid on it

regasutum.

An odorous, rich, and facred oyle, that was fo wondrous fweet, That, ever, when it was but toucht, it sweetned heaven and earth. Her body being cleaned with this, her Treffes she let forth, And combid, (her combe dipt in the oyle) then wrapt them up in curles: And thus (her deathleife head adornd) a heavenly veyle the hurles On her white shoulders; wrought by her that rules in housewiferies, Who wove it full of antique workes, of most divine device. Andthis, with goodly clasps of go'd, the fastn'd to her breast : Then with a girdle (whose rich sphere, a hundred studs imprest) She girt her small wast. In her eares (tenderly piere't) she wore Pearles, great and orient: on her head, a wreath not worne before Cast beames out like the sunne. At last, the to her feet did tie Faire shooes, and thus entire attir'd, she shin'd in open skie: Cald the faire Paphian Queene apart, from th'other gods, and faid, Ingo to Utura. Lov'd daughter? should I aske a grace, should I, or be obeyd?

Or wouldit thou croffe me? being incenst, fince I croffe thee, and take The Greekes part, thy hand helping Troy? She answerd, that shall make No difference in a different cause: aske (ancient Deitie) What most contents thee, my minde stands inclin'd as liberally To grant it, as thine owne to aske, provided that it be A favour fit, and in my powre. She (given deceitfully) Thus faid; then give me those two powres, with which both men and gods Thou vanquishest, Love, and Defire. For now, the periods

Of all the many-feeding earth, and the originall Of all the gods, Oceanin, and Their, whom we call Our mother, I am going to greet: they must be in their court. And brought me up; receiving me in most respectfull fort From Phes, when Iove under earth, and the unfruitfull feas Caft Saturne. Thele I goe to fee, intending to appeale larres growne betwixt them, having long abstaind from speech and bed Which jarres, could I fo reconcile, that in their angers flead I could place love, and so renew their first societie:

I should their best lov'd be esteem'd, and honord endless. She answerd, Tis not fit nor inst thy will should be denied. Whom love in his imbraces holds. This looken, the untied. And from her odorous bosome tooke her Cestonn, in whose sphere -Were all enticements to delight, all Loves; all Longings were. Kinde conference, Faire feech, whole powre, the wifeft doth inflame : This, the religning to her hands, thus urg'd her by her name. Receive this bridle, thus faire wrought, and put it twixt the breffs . Where all things to be done, are done; and whatfoever refts In thy defire, returne with it. The great eyd Inno fmild.

And put it twixt her breafts. Loves Queene, thus cunningly beguild, To loves court flew. Saturnia (straightstooping from heaven height) Pieria, and Emathia, (those countries of delight) Soone reacht, and to the faowy mounts, where Thracian fouldiers divell, (Approaching) past their tops untoucht. From Ather then she feil. Past all the broad sea; and arriv'd in Lemnos, at the towres Of god like Thous; where the met the Prince of all mens powres, Deaths brother, Sleepe, whose hand she tooke, and said thou king of men, Prince of the gods too: if before, thou heards my suits: againe

Give helpefull care, and through all times, Heoffer thankes to thee. Lay flumber on loves fiery eyes: that I may comfort me With his embraces: For which grace, Ilegrace thee with a throne Incorruptible, all of gold, and elegantly done By Mulciber: to which, he forg'd a footstoole for the ease

Of thy foft feete; when wine and feafts thy golden humours pleafe. Sweet Sleepe replyed; Saturnia, there lives not any god (Belides love) but I would becalme: I, if it were the flood That fathers all the Deities, the great Oceanus.

But love we dare not come more neare, then he commandeth us. Now you command me, as you did, when loves great minded fonne. Alcides (having fackt the towne of flubborne Ilion) Tooke faile from thence; when by your charge, I pour'd about leves mind A pleasing slumber; calming him till thou draw's up the wind.

In all his cruelties, to fea; that fet his sonne ashore, In Cous, farre from all his friends, which (waking) vext fo force The supreme godhead, that he cast the gods about the skie.

And me (above them all) he fought: whom he had utterly Hurld from the sparkling firmament; if all gods taming Night; (Whom, flying, I befought for aid) had fufferd his despight,

And

Of

And not preserv'd me. but his wrath, with my offence dispenc's. For feare t'offend her; and so ceast, though never so incenst: And now another such escape, you wish I should prepare. She answerd, what hath thy deepe rest to doe with his deepe care?

Lung to Sammas.

As though loves love to Ilion, in all degrees were fuch, As 'twas to Hercules his fonne? and fo would ftorme as much For their displeasure, as for his? away, I will remove Thy feare, with giving thee the dame, that thou didft ever love: One of the faire young Graces borne, divine Pafithae.

This started Somnus into joy, who answerd, Sweare to me. By those inviolable springs, that feed the Stygian lake : With one hand touch the nourilhing earth; and in the other take The marble fea; that all the gods, of the infernall state, Which circle Saturne, may to us, be witneffes; and rate What then haft vow'd: that with all truth, thou wilt befrow on me. The dame (I grant) I ever lov'd, divine Palithae.

The call if lune to Seninide.

She fwore, as he enjoyed in all, and frengthned all his joyes, By naming all th'infernall gods, furnam'd the Titanoce. The oath thus taken, both tooke way, and made their quicke repaire To Ids from the towne, and Ile, all hid in liquid aire.

At Lection first, they left the fea; and there, the land they tred: The fountfull nurse of lavages, with all her woods did nod. Beneath their feet: there Somnus flaid, left Joves bright eye should fee. annut climis a And yet (that he might fee to love) he climb'd the goodlieft tree.

That all th'Idalian mountaine bred, and crownd her progenie : A firre it was, that thot past aire, and kist the burning skie. There fate be hid in his darke armes, and in the shape, withall, Of that continual prating bird, whom all the Deities call Chalcu; but men Cymmindis name. Saturnia tript apace, Vp to the top of Gargarus, and shewd her heavenly face To Iupiter; who faw, and lov'd, and with as hot a fire, (Being curious in her tempting view) as when with first defire. (The pleasure of it being stolne) they mixt, in love and bed. And (gazing on her still) he said: Saturnia, what hath bred

tupiter to Tuno. This bafte in thee, from our high court? and whether tends thy gate? That void of horse and chariot fit, for thy soveraigne state, 14nos answer. Thou lackiest here? Her studied fraud, replyed: My journey now Leaves state and labours to doe good. And where, in right I owe All kindnesse to the Sire of gods; and our good mother Queene, That nurst and kept me curiously, in court, (fince both have beene Long time at discord) my defire is to attone their hearts: And therefore goe I now to fee those earths extreamest parts. For wholefarre feate, I spar'd my horse, the skaling of this hill, And left them at the foot of it: for they must taste their fill Oftravaile with me; that must draw my coach through earth and seas; Whole farre intended reach, respect, and care not to displease Thy graces: made me not attempt, without thy gracious leave. The cloud, compelling god, her guile, in this fort did receive.

Inno, thou shalt have after leave, but ere so farre thou stray. Convert we our kinde thoughts to love; that now, doth every way Circle, with victorie, my powres: nor yet with any dame. (Woman, or goddelle) did his fires, my bosome so enflame As now, with thee: not when it lon'd, the parts fo generous Ixions wife had, that brought forth, the wife Pyrishous: Nor when the louely dame, Acrifius daughter flird My amorous powres, that Perfess bore, to all men else preferda Nor when the dame that Phenix got, surprifed me with her sight. Who, the divine foul d Rhadamanth, and Mines brought to light: Nor Semele, that bore to me, the joy of mortall men, The sprightly Bacchan: Nor the dame, that Thebes renowned then. Alemena, that bore Hercules; Latona, to renownd: Oucene Ceres, with the golden haire, northy faire eyes did wound. My entrails to fuch depth as now, with thirst of amarous case.

The cunning dame feem'd much incenst, and said, what words are these. Unsufferable Saturns sonne? What? here? in Idas height?

Defir'st thou this? how fits it us? or what if in the fight Of any god, thy will were pleafd? that he, the rest might bring To witnesse thy incontinence; t'were a dishonour'd thing. I would not thew my face in heaven, and rife from such a bed.

But if love be fo deare to thee, thou hast a chamber sted. Which Vulcan purposely contrivid, with all fit secrecie:

There fleepe at pleafure. He replyed; I feare not if the eye Of either god, or man obserue; so thicke a cloud of gold Ile cast about us, that the Sunne (whose furthest can behold)

Shall never finde us. This refolu d, into his kinde embrace. He tooke his wife: beneath them both, faire Tellus ftrew'd the place

With fresh-sprung herbes, so soft, and thicke, that up aloft it bore Their heavenly bodies: with his leaves, did deawy Latsu ftore Th'Elysian mountaine; Saffron flowres, and Hyacinths helpt make The facred bed; and there they flept: when fuddenly there brake,

A golden vapour out of ayre, whence thining dewes did fall; In which they wrapt them close, and slept, till love was tam'd withall. Meane space flew Somnas to the ships, found Neptane out, and said.

Now, chearfully affift the Greeks, and give them glorious head, At least, a little, while Iove fleeps; of whom through cuery limme, I pour'd darke sleepe; Saturnias loue, hath so illuded him.

This newes made Neptane more secure, in giving Grecians heart; And through the first fights, thus he stird, the men of most defert. Yet, Grecians: shall we put our ships, and conquest in the hands,

Of Priams Hector, by our floth? he thinks fo, and commands, With pride according, all because, Achilles keepes away. Alas, as we were nought but him? we little need to flay, On his affiftance, if we would, our owne ftrengths call to field,

And mutually maintaine repulse. Come on then, all men yeeld To what I order; we that beare, best armes in all our host; Whole heads sustaine the brightest helms; whose hands are bristi'd most

love inflamed was bus love to Luna

Lunes modeffy to Tive in fath, y

lupuer to Juno.

The bed of luci.

ter and luno.

Samuel Co Neptane.

Neotice to the

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With longest lances, let us on: But stay, He leade you all; Nor thinke I, but great Hectors spirits, will suffer some apall, Though they be never fo inspir'd: the ablest of us then. That on our shoulders worst shields beare, exchange with worser men That fight with better. This propof'd, all heard it, and obevd: The kings (even those that sufferd wounds, VIrsles, Diomed. And Anamemnon) helpt t'instruct, the complete army thus: To good, gave good armes; worfe, to worfe; yet none were mutinous.

Nestun leads Gereit.

Thus (arm'd with order) forth they flew, the great Earth flaker led: A long (word in his finowy hand, which when he brandished. It lightn'd ftill: there was no law, for him, and it; poore men Must quake before them. Thesethusman'd, illustrious Hector then His holt brought up. The blew hair'd god, and he, ftretcht through the prease A grievous fight: when to the ships, and tents of Greese, the feas Brike loofe, and rag'd. But when they joynd, the dreadfull Clamor role To such a height; as not the sea, when up, the North-spirit blows Her raging billows; bellows fo, against the beaten shore: Nor fuch aruflling keepsa fire, driven with violent blore, Through woods that grow against a hill: nor so the servent strokes Of almost bursting winds relounds, against a groue of Okes. As did the clamor of these hosts, when both the battels closd. Of all which, noble Hector first, at Aiax breast disposed His javelin, fince so right on him, the great-soul'd souldier bore; Nor mift it, but the bawdricks both, that his brode bosome wore. To hang his shield and sword, it strooke; both which, his flesh preservid: Hictor (difdaining that his lance, had thus, as good as (weru'd)

and Fader. Trode to his strength; but going off, great Aiax with a stone, (Onc, of the many props for saips, that there lay trampl'd on) Strooke his broad breaft, above his shield, just underneath his throat; And shooke him precemeale. When the stone, sprung backe againe, and smote (Earth, like a whirlwinde gathering duft, with whirring fiercely round, For feruour of his unspent strength, in setting on the ground: And, as when loves bolt, by the roots, rends from the earth an Oke; His fulphure casting with the blow, a strong, unfavoury smoke; And on the falne plant none dare looke, but with amazed eyes, (loves thunder being no laughing game) fo bowd ftrong Hellors thyes;

H. almover .

77. .. .

His round shield followd; then his helme, and out his armour rung. The Greeks then showted, and ranne in, and hop't to hale him off. And therefore powr'd on darts, in stormes, to keepe his aide aloofe; But none could hurr the peoples guide; nor stirre him from his ground:

And fo, with toft-up heels he fell: away, his lance he flung,

Hallor elened: Sarpedon, Prince of Lycia, and Glaucus, fo renownd, Divine Agenor, Venus fonne, and wife Polydamas, Rusht to his rescue, and the rest: no one, neglective was Of Hectors fafetie; all their shields, they coucht about him close; Raild him from earth, and (giving him, in their kinde armes repole) From off the labour, carried him, to his rich chariot, And bore him mourning towards Troy : but when the flood they got

Of

Of gulphy Xanthus, that was got by deathleffe Iupiter. There tooke they him from chariot, and all beforinkled there His temples with the streame; he breath d, lookt up, assaid to rife. And on his knees staid, spitting bloud: againe then, closed his eyes, And backe againe his body fell; the maine blow had not done Yet with his spirit. When the Greekes faw worthy Helter gone, Then thought they of their worksthen charg'd with much more chere the foe And then (farre first) Oileades, began the overthrow, He darted Satning Enops Sonne, whom famous Nais bore, (As the was keeping Enops flockes) on Satnius rivers thore : And strooke him in his bellies rimme, who upwards fell, and raild A mighty skirmish with his fall: and then Panthades seifd Prothenor Areilicides, with his reveng dfull speare, On his right (houlder, strooke it through, and laid him breathlesse there. For which he infolently bragd, and cryed out; Not a dare From great foul'd Panthus fonne, I thinke, shall ever vainlier part, But some Greekes befome it shall take, and make him give his ghost. This bragge the Grecians flomackt much, but Telamonius most, Who flood most neare Protheners fall: and out he sent a Lance. Which Panthus fonne (declining) fcap't, yet tooke it to fad chance. Archelochus, Antenors sonne, whom heaven did destinate To that sterne end, twixt necke and head, the javelin wrought his fate. And ran in at the upper joynt, of all the blacke long bone, Cut both the nerves, and such a lode of strength laid Aiax on, As, that fmall part he feifd, ovtwaid all th'under lims, and strooke His heeles up fo, that head, and face, the earths possessions tooke,

> Aiax infuits in requital of Polydamids.

Pards was his

infultgiun.

Antenors brother, or his fonne, he should be by his face; One of his race, past question, his likenesse she is. This spake he, knowing it well enough. The Troians storm'd at this,

And then flue Acomas (to fave his brother yet ingag'd) Be orius, dragging him to spoyle, and thus the Greekes inragid.

When all the low parts forung in aire, and thus did Aiax quit

Consider, and disclose a truth, if this man doe not weigh

Even with Prothanor? I conceive, no one of you will fay,

That either he was base himselfe, or sprung of any base,

Panthades Brave. Now, Panthus sonne, let thy prophetique wit,

O Greekes? even borne to beare our darts, yet ever breathing threats, Not alwayes under teares, and toyles, ye fee our fortune sweats, But sometimes you drop under death: see now your quicke among Our dead, intranc't with my weake Lance, to prove I have ere long Revenged my brother: tis the wish of every honest man, His brother flaine in Mars his field, may rest wreakt in his Phane,

This stird fresh envy in the Greeks, but urg'd Peneleus most, Who hurld his Lance at Acamas, he scap'te nor yet it lost The force he gave it, for it found the flocke-rich Phorbas fonne, Ilioness, whose deare Sire, (past all in Ilion) Was lovd of Hermes, and enricht, and to him onely bore His mother, this now flaughterd man. The dart did undergore

Airx O'ENS

vertue for fw.fenelfe.

His eye-lid, by his eyes deare rootes; and out the apple fell. The eye piere t through: nor could the nerve that staies the necke, repell His strong wing'd lance; but necke and all, gave way, and downe he dropt. Peneleus then unsheath'd his sword, and from the shoulders chopt His luckleffe head; which downe he threw, the helme still sticking on: And fill the Lance, fixt in his eye; which, not to fee, alone, Contented him; but up againe, he fnatcht, and shewd it all. With this sterne Brave: Ilians, relate, brave Ilianeus fall, To his kinde parents, that their roofes, their teares may over-runne. For so the house of Promachus, and Alegenors sonne. Must with his wives eyes, overslow: the never seeing more Her deare Lord, though we tell his death; when to our native shore. We bring from ruind Troy our fleete, and men fo long forgone. This faid, and scene, pale Feare possest all those of Ilion: And ev'ry man cast round his eye, to see, where death was not, That he might flie him. Let not then, his grac't handbe forgot, (() Muses you that dwell in heaven) that first embrude the field With Troian spoyle, when Neptune thus had made their irons yeeld:

First Aiax Telamonius, the Mysian Captainessew
Great Hyrtius Cyrtiades. Antilechus orethrew
Phalees and Mermer, to their spoyle. Merimes gave end
To Moriand Hippotion. Tener, to Fate did send,
Prothoon and Periphetes. Atrides Iavelin chac's
Duke Hyperenor, wounding him, a in that part that is plac's
Betwikt the short ribs and the bones, that to the triple gut
Have pertinence. The Iavelins head, did out his entrailes cut,
His sorc't soule breaking through the wound: nights black hand closed his cies.
Then Aiax, great Oileus sonne, had divers victories:
For when Saurnius suffered slight, of all the Grecian race,
Not one with swiftnesses feet, could so enrich a chace.

COMMENTARIVS.

00 11.11 211 11 111 1

2 Or Markow. Princeps populorum (the end of Vlysses speech in the beginning of this booke) which a feription our Spond takes to be given in scorne: and that all Vlysses speech is according, or seofling, which is spoken altogether seriously and bitterly to this title at the end, which was spoken αποιος, molliter, or benigne, of purpose to make Agamemnon beare the bester the instice of his other austeritie.

b Kai in Marion, & ego quoad genus glorior esse. The long digression that followes this, in the speech of Diomed (being next to Agamemnous reply to Vlysses) bewrayes an affectiation he bad by all any-shing-sis-meanes, to talke of his pedigree: and by reason of that humor, hat hence bis desire elsewhere, to learne the pedigrees of others: as in the fixthooke, in his enquirie of Glaucus pedigrees. And hereis is express part of his character.

્રા પ્રાથમિક કે હેર હેમ્પાર હિમાર્ચા, &c overpaßing, for speed, many things in this booke that cry out for the praise of our Homer, and note of that, which in most readers I know will be lost: I must onely insist still on those parts that (in my poore understanding) could never yet sinde apprehension in any of our Commensions or translators: or in this simile againse of the whirlwinde; to which the stone that Aiax harled at Hector, it resembled. Valla and Eobanus, Salel in French, so understanding, Hector termed about with the blow, like a whirlwinde. Vallas words are these (translating spaces of or investances, and of it shaw with, which ad verbum say thus much in every common translation; Trochum autem sieur concustive ferieurs, rotatusque est undique.) Quo ich Hector velut turbo, quem Strombum dicunt, rotato corpore, &c. Eobanus converting it thus:

——Stetit ille tremens, ceu turbo rotatus.

Which though it barpe upon the other, makes yet much we fe mulicke, faying, He. Ctor food trembling being wheeled about like a whirlwinde. He flood, yet was turned about violently. How groffe both are, I thinke, the blindeft fee : and must needs acknowledge a monftrom unwortbineffe in thefe men to touch our Homer, esteeming it an extreme loffe to the world, to have this and the like undiscovered. For (as I apprehend it) being exprest no better then in my filly conversion (and the stone, not Hector likened to the whirlwinde) it is above the wit of a man to imitate our Homers wit, for the most fierie illustration both of Alax strength, and Hectors: of Aiax for giving such a force to it, as could not spend it felfe upon Hector, but turne after upon the earth, in that whirlwinde like violence: of Hector, for standing it so solidly; for without that consideration, the stone could never have recoild fo fiercely. And here have we a ruled case against our plaine and frug writers : that because their owne unweildinesse will not let them rife themselves, would have every man grovel like them: their feathers not passing the pitch of every womans capacity. And (indeed) where a man is underflood, there is ever a proportion betwixt the writers wit and the writees (that I may (beake with authority) according to my old leffon in Philosophy : Intellectus in ipla intelligibilia transit. But herein this cafe is ruled againft fuch men, that they affirme thefe hypertheticall or superlative fort of expressions and illustrations are too bold, and bumbafted; and out of that word is (punne that which they callour Fustian: their plaine writing being stuffe nothing so substantial bu: such groffe fowtege, or hairepatch, as every goofe may eate oates through. Against which, and all these plebeian opinions, that a man is bound to write to every vulgar readers under standing, you see the great master of all elocution bath written To darkly, that almost three thousand sunnes have not discovered him, no more in five bundred other places then bere; and yet all perviall enough (you may well (ay) when (uch a one as I comprehend them. But the chiefe end why I extend this annotation, is onely to intreat your note here of Homers manner of writing which (to utter his after-flore of matter and variety) is fo preffe, and puts on with fo ftrong a current, that it farre over-runnes the most laborious pursucraf he have not a Poeticall foot, and Poefies quicke eye to quide it. The verfein question, I refer you to before, which faith, zerua Fit , fignifying a stone of an handfull or that with one band may be raifed and cast, spoken of before; and there being underflood) shooke Hector as all parts, in striking him, and like a whiriwinde wheeled or whirred about. Wherein he speaks not of bounding to the earth againe, and raifing a dust with his violent turnings: in which the conceit and life of his simile lyes, but leaves it to bis Reader, and he leaves it to him : not with standing he utters enough to make a stone understand it; bow supidly soever all his interpreters would have Hector (being strooke into a trembling, and almost dead) turne about

like a whirlwinde. I conclude then with this question: What fault is it in me, to survish and adorne my verse (being his Translator) with translating and adding the truth and failness of his conceit; it being as like to passe my Reader, as his, and therefore necessarie? If it be no fault in me, but sit, then may I tally bee said to better Homer? or not to have all my invention, matter and forme from him, though a little I enlarge his some? Virgil, in all places where he is compared and preferred to Homer, doth nothing more. And therefore my assertion in the second Booke is true, that Virgil hath in all places, wherein he is compared and preferred to Homer by Scaliger, eye, both his invention, matter and forme from

d O 3 τα χε λαπός low, &c. vulneravit ad Ilia; it is translated: and is in the last verfes of this Booke, where Menclaus is faid to wound Hyperenor. But λαπόν, dicitur ca pars corporis quæ posita est inter costas nothas, & ossa quæ ad Ilia pertinent, quò dinanis sit, & desiderat. Hip. in lib. & a [ωδ]; and therefore I accordingly translate it. And note this beside, both out of this place, and many others, how excellent an Anatomist our Homer was, whose skill in those times, me thinks, should be a servet:

The end of the fourteenth Booke of Homer's Iliads.

THE



THE FIFTEENTH BOOK OF HOMER'S ILIADS.

THE ARGUMENT.

Ove waking, and beloved Troy in flight,
I hides luno, and sends tris to the fight,
To charge the sea-god, to for sake the field;
And Pheebus to invade it, with his shield,
Recovering Hectors brooke, and crassed overs:
To field he goes, and makes new conquerours:
The Trojans giving now, the Grecians chase,
Even to their fleet. Then Alax turnes his face,
And seeds, with many Trojan lives, his ire;
Who then brought brands to see the licet on fire.

Another Argument.

Iove fees in, O, his overfight, Chides Iuno, Neptune cals from fight.

He Troians (beat pall pale and dike, and numbers profitate laid)
All got to chariot, feare-driven all; and fear d as men difmaid:
Then Iove, on Idaa top awakt; rose from Saturnias side,
Stood up, and lookt upon the warre; and all inverted, spide,

Since he had scene it, th'Ilians now, in rowt; the Greeks in fight: King Neptune, with his long fword, Chiefe; great Hector put downe quite, Laid flat in field, and with a crowne, of Princes compaffed: So stopt up, that he scarce could breathe; his minds sound habit fled, And he still spitting blood. Indeed, his hurt was not set on By one that was the weakest Greeke. But him love lookt upon With eyes of pittie: on his wife, with horrible afpect: To whom he faid: O thou in ill, most cunning Architect All Arts, and comments that exceedft! not onely to enforce Heltor from fight; but with his men, to thew the Greeks a course. I feare (as formerly) fo now, these ils have with thy hands. Their first fruits sowne, and therefore could, lode all thy lims with bands. Forgetst thou, when I hangd thee up; how to thy feet I tyed Two Anvils, golden manacles, on thy falle wrifts implyed, And let thee mercilefly hang, from our refined heaven Euen to earths vapors; all the gods, in great Olympus, giuen

To mutinies about thee; yet (though all flood flaring on)
None durft dissolutethee; for these hands (had they but seifd upon
Thy friend) had headlong throwne him off, from our flar-bearing round,
Till he had tumbi'd out his breath; and peece-meale dasht the ground.

Jupiters wrath equiust lune,

Nor

Nor was my angry spirit calm'd, so soone, for those soulc seas. On which (inducing Northerne flaws) thou flapwrack of Hercules. And toft him to the Coon thore; that thou shouldst tempt againe My wraths importance, when thou feeft (befides) how grofly vaine, My powres can make thy policies: for from their utmost force. I freed my fonne, and fet him fafe, in Argos, nurse of horse. These I remember to thy thoughts, that thou maist shun these sleights. And know how badly bed-sports thrive, procur'd by base deceits.

This frighted the offending Queene, who, with this flate, excuse longes oalb in Her kinde unkindnesse: Witnesse earth, and heaven, so farre diffusde: chaing her felle Thou Flood, whose silent-gliding waves, the under ground doth beare. (Which is the great'st, and gravest oath, that any god can sweare)

Thy facred head; whose secret joyes, that our yong bed gave forth. (By which I never rallily fwore) that he who fhakes the earth, Not by my counsell did this wrong, to Heller and his host; But pittying th'oppressed Greeks, their fleet being nearly lost Reliev'd their hard condition; yet utterly impeld By his free minde: which fince I fee, is so offensive held. To thy high pleasure, I will now, advise him not to tread. But where thy tempest-raising feet (O Inpiter) shall leade.

love laught to heare her so submisse; and said. My faire-evdlove. Induces charge is fine, and it. If ftill thus thou and I were one (in counfels held above) Neptune would still, in word and fact, be ours, if not in heart: If then they tongue and heart agree, from hence to heaven depart, To call the excellent in bows; the Rain-bow, and the Sunne. That both may visit both the hofts; the Grecian armie, one; And that is Iris, let her hafte, and make the fea-god ceafe; T'affift the Greeks; and to his court, retire from warre, in peace. Let Phabus (on the Troisn part) inspire with wonted powre Great Hellors spirits: make his thoughts, forget the late flerne houre, And all his anguish; setting on, his whole recover dman To make good his late grace in fight, and hold inconstant wane The Grecian glories, till they fall, in flight before the fleet Of vext Achilles; which extreme, will proue the meane to greet Thee with thy wish: for then theeyes, of great Lacides, (Made witnesse of the generall ill, that doth so neare him prease) Will make his owne particular, looke out; and by degrees Abate his wrath, that through himselfe, for no extremities Will seeme reslected; yet his friend, may get of him the grace, To helpe his countrey, in his Armes; and he shall make fit place, For his full presence with his death; which shall be well fore-runne: For I will first renowne his life, with slaughter of my fonne, (Divine Sarpedon) and his death, great Hellers powre shall wreake, Ending his ends. Then at once, out shall the furie breake Of fierce Achilles: and with that, the flight now felt, shall turne; And then last, till in wrathfull flames, the long-fieg d Ilion burne. Miner vaes counfell shall become, grave meane, to this my will; Which no god shall neglect, before, Achilles take his fill

Of flaughter, for his flaughterd friend: even Hetters flaughter, throwne Vnder his anger; that these facts may then make fully knowne My vowes performance, made of late: and with my bowed head. Confirm'd to Theris, when her armes embrac't my knees, and praid That to her citie-racing fonne, I would all honour thew. This heard, his charge the feem'd rintend, and to Olympus flew.

But, as the minde of fuch a man, that hath a great way gone, And either knowing not his way; or then would let alone His purposde iourney, is distract; and in his a vexed minde Resolves now not to goe; now goes, still many waies inclin'd . So reverend Iune headlong flew, and gainst her stomacke striv'd.

For (being amongst th'immortall gods, in high heaven, soone arriv'd, All rifing, welcomming with cups, her little absence then) She al their courtships overpast, with solemne negligence. Save that which faire-checkt Themis shewd, and her kind cup she tooke:

For first, she ranne and met with her, and askt; What troubled looke She brought to heaven? She thought (for truth) that Iove had terrified Her spirits strangely, since she went. The faire arm'd Queene replide:

That truth may eafily be supposed, you (goddesse Themis) know His old severitie and pride; but you bear't out with show, And like the banquets arbiter, amongst the Immortals fare, Though well you heare amongst them all, how bad his actions are. Nor are all here, nor any where, mortals, nor gods (I feare) Entirely pleafd with what he does, though thus we banquet here.

Thus tooke the place, displeasedly; the feast in generall, Bewraying privic spleenes at love, and then (to colour all) She laught, but meerely from her lips: for, over her blacke browes Her still-bent forchead was not cleer'd, yet this her passions throwes, Brought forth in spight, being lately school'd; alas, what sooles are we That envie 10ve? or that by act, word, thought, can fantalic, Any refistance to his will? he fits farre off, nor cares, Nor moves, but fayes he knowes his ftrength, to all degrees compares

His greatnesse, past all other gods, and that in fortitude, And every other godlike powre; he reignes, past all indu de. For which great eminence, all you gods, what ever ill he does Sustaine with patience: here is Mars, I thinke, not free from woes, And yet he beares them like himselse. The great god had a sonne, Whom he himselfe yet instifies, one that from all men wonne

Iust furname of their best belov'd, Afcalaphm; yet he (By Ioves high grace to Troy) is flaine, Mars flarted horribly (As Iane knew he would) at this; beate, with his hurld out hands. His brawnie thighes, cryed out, and faid: O you that have commands In these high temples, beare with me, if I revenge the death Of such a sonne: Ile to the fleet, and though I sinke beneath

The fate of being fhot to hell, by loves fell thunder flone : And lie all grim'd amongst the dead, with dust and bloud; my sonne, Revenge shall honour. Then he charg'd, Feare and Dismay to joyne

His horseand chariot: he got armes, that over heaven did shine .

Themis to lura

Juno: s reply.

Tunoes (pecel) ef Empole toinsenfe Mars

And then a wrath, more great and grave, in love had beene prepar'd Against the gods, then Iuno causde; if Pallas had not car'd More for the peace of heaven than Mars; who leapt out of her throne, Ript up her helmet, lance, and shield and made her Phanes porch grone With her egreffion to his stay, and thus his rage defers :

Hart undone; hast thou, for nought, thine cares? Heard'st thou not iuno, being arriv'd from heavens great King but now? Or wouldst thou te himselfe should rise (forc't withthy rage) to show The dreadfull powre the urg'd in him, so infity being flird? Know (thou most impudent and mad) thy wrath had not inferd Mischiefe to thee, but to us all? his spirit had instantly Lest both the hosts, and turn'd his hands to uprores in the skie. Guilty and guiltleffe, both to wracke in his high rage had gone; And therefore (as thou lovelt thy felfe) ceafe furie for thy fonne. Another, farre exceeding him, in heart and ftrength of hand, Or is, or will be thortly flaine. It were a b worke would fand Towe in much trouble, to free all from death that would not die. This threat even naild him to his throne, when heavens chiefe Maiestie

Cald bright Apollo from his Phane; and Iris that had place Of Internunciesses from the gods, to whom she did the grace Sammagel's Of Inpiter, to this effect: It is Saturnius will, That both, with utmost speed, should stoope to the Idalian hill, To know his further pleasure there. And this let me advise, When you arrive, and are in reach of his refulgent eyes:

His pleasure heard, performe it all, of whatsoever kinde. Thus mov'd the backe, and ulde her throne. Those two outstript the wind, And Ida (all enchac't with fprings) they foone attaind, and found Where farre-difcerning lupiter, in his repose, had crown'd The browes of Gargarus, and wrapt an odoriferous cloud About his bolome. Comming neare, they flood; nor now he showd His angry countenance, fince to foone, he faw they made th'accesse That his lov'd wife enjoyn'd. But first, the faire Ambassadresse, He thus commanded; Iris, Go, to Neptune, and relate Our pleafure truly, and at large; command him from the Fate Of humane warre; and either greete the gods focietie, Or the divine sea, make his seate. If proudly he deny, Let better counsels be his guides, then such as bid me warre, And tempt my charge, though he be strong; for Iam stronger farre, And elder borne: nor let him dare to boaft even state with me, Whom all gods else preferre in scare. This said, downe hasted she From Idas top to Ilion; and like a mighty fnow, Or gelide haile, that from the clouds, the Northerne spirit doth blow; So fell the windie footed Dame; and found with quicke repaire . The watry god, to whom the faid: God with the fable haire,

I came from Agus bearing love, to bid thee cease from fight.

And visite heaven, or th'ample seas: which, it in his despight,

(In opposite fight) to field handelfe: and therefore warnes thee home,

Or disobedience, thon deniell, he threatens thee to come

His hands eschewing, fince his powre is farre superiour; His birth before thee, and affirmes thy lou'd heart should abhorre To vaunt equalitie with him, whom every deity feares. He answerd, O unworthy thing! though he be great, he beares His tonguetoo proudly: that ourselfe, borneto an equall share Of state and freedome, he would force. Three brothers borne, we are. To Saturne; Rhea brought us forth: this Impiter and I. And Plute, god of under-grounds. The world indifferently Dispolde betwixt us; every one his kingdome; I, the feas, Plato the blacke lot; Impiter the principalities Of broad heaven, all the skie and clouds, was forted out: the earth And high Olympus, common are, and due to eithers birth. Why then should I be aw'd by him? Content he his great heart. With his third portion, and not thinke to amplifie his part With terrors of his stronger hands, on me, as if I were The most ignoble of us all: let him containe in feare, Hisdaughters and his sonnes, begot by his owne person: this Holds more convenience: they must be are these violent threats of his. Shall I (faid Iris) beare from thee, an answer so austere?

Or wilt thou change it? Changing mindes, all noble natures beare : And well thou know'ft, these greatest borne, the Furies follow still. He answerd. Iru, thy reply keepes time, and shewes thy skill : O tis a most praise-worthy thing, when messengers can tell (Befides their meffages) fuch things as fit th' occasion well. But this much grieves my heart and foule, that being in powre and state, Alwaies his equall, and fo fixt by one decree in fate,

He should to me, as under him, ill language give, and chide: Yet now, (though still incenst) I yeeld, affirming this beside: And I enforce it with a threat, that if without confent Ofme, Minerva, Mercurie; the Queene of regiment, And Fulcan, he will either spare high Ilion, or not race Her turrets to the lowest stone, and (with both these) not grace The Greekes, as victors absolute: informe him this from me.

His pride and my contempt shall live, at endlesse enmitie. This faid, he left the Greekes, and rusht into his watry throne, Much mist of all th'heroicke host. When Ieve discern'd him gone, Apolloes service he employd, and said: Lov'd Phabus go To Heder: now th'earth-shaking god, hath taken sea, and so Shrunke from the horrors I denounce, which standing, he, and all

The under feated deities, that circle Saturnes fall, Had heard of me in fuch a fight, as had gone hard for them. But both for them and me, tis best, that thus they flye th'extreme.

That had not past us without sweate. Now then, in thy hands take My Adder fring'd affrighting shield, which with such terror shake, That Feare may shake the Greekes to flight: besides this, addethy care (O Phabus farre-off-shooting god) that this so sickly fare,

Of famous Heller be recurd; and quickly fo excite

His ampleft powres, that all the Greekes may grace him with their flight,

Neptame to lvis, being incenft with Impiter.

The rule proper to Iupiter Nep une and Pluto being " ree i reibers.

Leis to Meptune.

Nestune agains to Ir.s.

Intutte to Age is

m.

Even to their ships, and Hellespont; and then will I devise All words and facts againe for Greece, that largely may suffice. To breathe them from their instant toiles. Thus from th'Idean height, (Like ayres swift-pigeon killer, floupt, the far. shot god of light. And found great Hedor, fitting up, not ftretcht upon his bed. Apollo villes Heller. Nor whealing with a stopt-up spirit, not in cold sweates, but sed With fresh and comfortable veines: but his minde, all his owne, But round about him, all his friends, as well as ever knowne. And this was with the minde of love, that flew to him before Apollo came; who (as he faw no figne of any fore) Askt (like a chearefull visitant) why inthis fickly kinde. (Great Hellor) fits thou so apart? can any griefe of minde Hello to Ap to Invade thy fortitude! He spake, but with a sceble voyce, O thou, the best of deities! why (fince I thus reiovce By thy fo (crious benefit) demandst thou (as in mirth. And to my face) if I were ill? for (more then what thy worth Must needs take note of doth not Fame, from all mouthes fill their eares, That (as my hand at the Achive fleet, was making maffacres Of men, whom valiant Aiax led) his ftrength, strooke with a stone, All powre of more hurt from my breft? my very foule was gone : And once to day I thought to fee the house of Dis and Death. o Heliar Bestrong (said he) for such a spirit, now sends the god of breath. From ayrie Ida, as shall runne through all Greeke spirits in thee: Apollo with the golden fword, the cleare farre-feer, fee Him, who betwirt death and thy life; twirt ruine and those towres. Ere this day, oft hath held his shield. Comethen, beall thy powres, In wonted vigour: let thy knights, with all their horse affay The Grecian fleet, my selfe will leade, and scoure so cleare the way, That flight shall leave no Greeke a Rub. Thus instantly inspired Were all his nerves with matchleffe ftrength; and then his friends he fir'd Against their focs; when (to his eyes) his cares confirm'd the god. Then, as a goodly headed Hart, or Goat, bred in the wood. A rout of country huntimen chase, with all their hounds in crye The beaft yet, or the shadic woods, or rockes excessive hie. Keepe fafe; or our unweildy fates (that even in hunters [way) Barre them, the poore beafts pulling downe, when ftraight the clamorous fray, Cals out a Lyon, hugely man'd, and his abhorred view Turnes headlong in unturning flight (though ventrous) all the crew: So hitherto the chasing Greekes, their slaughter dealt by troupes, But after Hellor was beheld, range here and there, then floupes The boldest courage; then their heeles tooke in their dropping hearts, And then spake Andremonides, a man of farre best parts Of all th'Ætolians, skild in darts; ftrenuous in fights of stand, And one of whom, few of the Greekes could get the better hand, (For Rhetorique) when they fought with words, with all which, being wife, an insumidate of Thus spake he to his Grecian friends: Omiscinese! now mine eyes Diferne no little miracle; Hellor escapt from death,

And all recoverd, when all thought his foule had funke beneath

The hands of Miax: but fome god high lav'd and freed againe. Him that but now diffolv'd the knees of many a Grecian. And now I feare will weaken more, for not without the hand Of him that thunders, can his powres, thus fill the forefights stand. Thus still triumphant: heare me then, our troupes in quicke retreate, Let's draw up to our fleet, and we, that boaft our selves, the Great Stand firme, and trie, if these that raise, so high their charging darts, May be refifted: I beleeve, even this great heart of hearts, Will feare himselfe to be too bold in charging thorow us. They casily heard him, and obeyd, when all the generous They cald tencounter Hectors charge, and turn'd the common men Backe to the fleet: and these were they, that bravely furnisht then The fierce forefight; th' Aiaces both; the worthy Cretan King. The Mars-like Meges; Merion, and Tencer. Vp then, bring The Troian chiefes, their men in heapes; before whom (amply pac't) Marcht Hetter; and in front of him, Apollo, who had caft About his bright afpect, a cloud, and did before him beare loves huge and each where shaggie shield; which (to containe in feare Offending men) the god smith gave to Iove, with this he led The Trojan forces. The Greekes stood, a fervent clamor fored The aire on both fides as they joyad; out flew the shafts and darts. Somefalling short, but othersome, found buts in breatts and hearts. As long as Phabon held but out, his horrid shield, so long The darts flew raging either way, and death grew both wayes flrong. But when the Greekes had feenchis face, and who it was that shooke The briffled targe, knew by his voyce; then all their strengths forfooke Their nerves and mindes, and then looke how a goodly herd of Neat, Or wealthy flocke of sheepe, being close, and dreadlesse at their meate, In some blacke midnight, sodainly (and not a keeper neere) A brace of horrid Beares ruth in, and then flye here and there The poore affrighted flockes or herds; so every way disperst The heartlesse Grecians: fo the sunne, their headstrong chace reverst To headlong flight, and that day railde, with all grace, Heltors head. Arcefilaus then he flue, and Stichius; Stichius led Bæstias brazen-coted men: the other was the friend Ofmightie-foul'd Menestheus. Amess brought to end, Medon, and Iafm; Medon was the brother (though but bafe) Of swift oileades, and dwelt farre from his breeding place, In Phylaca, the other led th'Athenian bands: his Sire Was Spelm, Bucolus his fonne. Mecifthem did expire Beneath Polydamas his hand. Polites, Echim flew Iust at the ioyning of the hosts. Agener overthrew Clonius. Bold Deiochus felt Alexanders Lance, It strooke his shoulders upper part, and did his head advance, Quite through his breaft, as from the fight, he turn'd him for retreat. While these stood spoyling of the slaine, the Greeks found time to get Beyond the dike, and thundik't pales: all scapes they gladly gain'd, Till all had past the utmost wall, Necessitic foraign'd.

En les ficht discounting the Grecian.

1m. e.

Hell riels 41:00

Then Hector cryed out: Take no spoyle, but rush on to the fleet. From whole affault (for spoyle or flight) if any man I meete, He meetes his death: nor in the fire, of holy funerall. His brothers or his fifters hands, thall caft (within our wall) His lothed body; but without, the throtes of dogges shall grave His manlesse lims. This said, the scourge his forward horses drave Through every order; and with him, all whipt their chariots on. All threatningly, out thundring showts, as earth were overthrowne.

sol : Lades re Trolais.

Before them marche Apollo still, and as he marche, digd downe, (Without all labour) with his feet, the dike; till, with his owne. He fild it to the top; and made way both for man and horse. As broad and long as Mith a Lance (cast out to try ones force) A man could measure. Into this they pour'd whole troupes as fast, As numerous: Phabus still, before, for all their hafte, Still shaking loves unvalued shield, and held it up to all. And then, as he had chok't their dike, he tumbl'd downe their wall. And looke how eafily any boy, upon the fea-ebd shore,

Committee the N.S. succeptifie he birb ft.

Makes with a little fand a toy, and cares for it no more; nimaybe taken, But as he railed it childlishly, fo in his wanton vaine. Both with his hands and feet, he puls, and spurnes it downe againe : So fleight, O Phabus, thy hands made, of that huge Grecian toyle. And their late stand, so well resolv'd, as easely mad's recoyle.

Thus flood they driven up at their fleet, where each heard others thought. Exhorted, passing humbly prayd: all, all the gods belought, (With hands held up to heaven) for helpe, mongst all, the good old man, Grave Nefter (for his counsels cald the Argives guardian) Fell on his aged knees, and prayd, and to the starry host,

Stretcht out his hands for avd to theirs; of all, thus moving most ; O father love, if ever man, of all our hoft did burne

Ercakes over both fides of a ship, being all urg'd by the wind;

Fat thighes of Oxen or of Sheepe (for grace of fafereturne) In fin tfull Argos, and obtaind the bowing of thy head, For promise of his humble prayers: O now remember him, (Thou meerely heavenly) and cleareup the foule browes of this dim And cruell day; doe not destroy our zeale for Trojan pride. He prayd, and heavens great Counsellor, with store of thunder tride His former grace good; and so heard the old mans hearty prayers. The Trojans tooke leves figne for them, and pour'd out their affaires In much more violence on the Greekes; and thought on nought but fight. And as a huge wave of a fea, swolne to his rudest height,

intend my ther. For that's it makes the wave fo proud. in such a borne up kind,

The Trojans overgat the wall; and getting in their horse, Fought closeat fleet; which now the Greekes ascended for their force: Then from their chariots, they with darts, the Greeks with bead-hooks fought (Kept still aboord for navall fights) their heads with iron wrought, In hookes and pikes, Achilles friend, still while he faw the wall That flood without their fleet, affoord employment for them all, Was never ablent from the tent of that man-loving Greeke,

Late-hure

Late-hurt Eurypilms; but fate, and every way did feeke To spendthe sharpe time of his wound, with all the ease he could. In medicines, and in kinde discourse: but when he might behold The Troians past the wall; the Greekes flight driven, and all in cries; Thencride he out, Cast downe his hands, and beate with griese his thighes :

Then, O Eurypilm, (he cride) now all thy need of me, Must beare my absence: now a worke of more necessitie. Cals hence; and I must haste to call Achilles to the field : Who I nowes, but (God affifting me) my words may make him yeeld? The motion of a friend is strong. His feete thus tooke him thence. The rest yet stood their enemies firme, but all their violence (Though Troy fought there with fewer men) lackt vigor to repell Those fewer from their Navies charge; and so, that charge as well Lackt force to spoyle their fleet or tents. And as a shipwrights line (Disposde by such a hand, as learn'd, from th' Artizan divine, The perfect practife of his art) directs or guards to well The navall timber then in frame; that all the layd-on feele, Can hew no further then may ferve to give the timber th'end,

Fore-purpoide by the skilfull wright: fo both hofts did contend With fuch a line, or law applide, to what their steele would gaine. At other thips fought other men, but Hetter did maintaine His quarrell firme at diax ship; and so did both employ, About one vessell, all their toyle: nor could the one destroy The thip with fire; nor force the man, nor that man yet get gone The other from to neare his thip, for God hath brought him on.

But now did Aiax with a dart wound deadly in the breft, Caletor, sonne of Clytims, as he with fireaddress To burne the vessell; as he fell, the brand fell from his hand.

When Heller faw his fifters sonne lye slaughterd in the fand, He cald to all his friends, and prayd, they would not in that ftreight, Forfake his nephew, but maintaine about his corfe the fight, And fave it from the spoyle of Greece. Then sent he out a Lance At Aiax, in his nephewes wreake; which mist, but made the chance On Lycophron Maftorides, that was the houshold friend

Of Aiax, borne iu Cythera, whom Aiax did defend, (Being fled to his protection) for killing of a man Amongst the god-like Cytherans: the vengefull Iavelin ran Quite through his head, above his care, as he was standing by His Fautor, then afterne his ship, from whence his soule did flye, And to the earth his body fell: the haire flood up an end On Aiax, who to Tencer cald, (his brother) faying: Friend, Our loved confort, whom we brought from Cythera, and grac't, So like our father, Hellers hand hath made him breathe his last. Where then are all thy death-borne shafts? and that unvalued bow, Apollo gave thee? Tencer Strait, his brothers thoughts did know, Stood neare him, and dispatcht a shaft amongst the Troian fight:

It ftrooke Pyfenors goodly fonne, yong Clytm, the delight Of the renown'd Polydamas; the bridle in his hand,

Patroches to Eu ppilas.

Adiane (nie.

A xflue tos Caletor.

Meller at tiane

H:Cor miffing Lian,fit ste friend.

Gre ses.

A he was labouring his horfe, to pleafe the high command The are or and his Trojan friends; and bring him where the fight pande greatest tumult. But his strife, for honour in their fight, Wrought not what fight or wilhes helpt; for turning backe his looke, The hollow of his necke, the shaft came finging on, and strooke, And downe he fell, his horfes backe, and hurried through the field The emptic chariot. Panthus sonne, made all haste, and withheld Their loofecarier; disposing them to Protiaons sonne. A finous; with speciall charge, to keepe them ever on,

And in his fight: fo be againe, amongst the foremost went. At H dor then another fbaft, incenfed Teucer fent; Which, had it nit him, fure had hurt; and had it hurt him, flaine; And had it flaine him, it had driven all those to Troy againe. But locres minde was not fleeping now, it wak't to Hectors fame, And I encers infamie, himfelfe (in Tencers deadly ayme) this well wrought ftring diffevering, that ferv'd his braveft bow; I is thaft flew quite another way, his bow the earth did flrow. At all which, Tencer stood amaz'd, and to his brother cride, () predigie! without all doubt, our Angell doth deride The counsels of our fight; he brake a firing, my hands put on This morning, and was newly made; and well might have fet gone A hundred arrowes; and belide, he strooke out of my hand, The bow Apollo gave. He faid, Then (good friend) doe not fland More on thy archerie, fince God (preventer of all grace, D. fird by Grecians) fleights it fo. Take therefore in the place, A good large Lance; and on thy necke, a target caft, as bright; With which, come fight thy felfe with some, and othersome excite, That without labour at the least (though we prove worfer men)

Trov may not brag it tooke our thips come minde our businesse then. Tois faid, he hafted to his tent: leftthere his shafts and bow, And then his double, couble shield, did on his shoulders throw, Vpos his honord head he plac't his helmet, thickly plum'd, And then his strong and well pilde lance, in his faire hand affum d, Return'd, and boidly tooke his place, by his great brothers fide.

When Heller faw his arrowes broke, out to his friends he cride, the plant O triends! be yet more comforted, I faw the hands of Tove, liseake the great Grecian archers shafts: tis casie to approve, That for is powre is direct with men, as well in those fet hie Vpon the fodaine, as inthose deprest as sodainly: And those not put in state at all as now he takes away Strength from the Greekes, and gives it us; then use it, and affay With joyn'd hands this approched fleet. If any bravely buy His fame or fate, with wounds or death; in loves namelet him die. Who for his country fuffers death, fulfaine no flamefull thing : ilis wife in honour shall furvive, his progenic shall spring in endlesse summers; and their roofes with patrimonic swell; And all this, though with all their freight, the Greeke ships we repell.

Fire Glands thus cheer'd, on th'other part, ftrong diax flird his friends:

O Grecks (faid he) what shame is this, that no man more defends His fame and fafety; then to live, and thus be forc't to fhrinke : Now either fave your fleet, or dye; unlesse ye vainly thinke That you can live, and they destroy'd? perceives not every care, How Hector hartens up his men! and hath his firebrands here. Now ready to enflame our fleet? he doth not bid them dance. That you may take your ease, and see; but to the fight advance. No counsell can serve us but this: to mixe both hands and hearts. And beare up close; tis better much, t'expose our utmost parts To one daies certaine life or death; then languish in a warre So base as this; beate to our ships, by our inferiours farre. Thus rowld he up their spirits and strengths: to work then both sides went,

When Heltor, the Phocenfian Duke, to fields of darkneffe fent Fierce Schedim, Perimedes sonne; which siex did requite, With flaughter of Landamas, that led the foot to fight, And was Antenors famous fonne. Polydamas did end Orus, (urnam'd Cyllenius; whom Phydus made his friend, Being chiefe of the Epeians Bands: whose fall, when Meges view'd, He let flie at his fellers life; who (shrinking-in) eschew'd The well aym'd Lance: Apolloes will, denyed that Panthus fonne Should fall amongst theforemost fights; the dart, the mid-brest wonne Of Cralmus; Meges wonne his armes. At Aleges, Dolops then Bestow d his lance; he was the sonne of Lampus, best of men : And Lampus, of Laomedon, well skild in strength of minde, He strooke Phylides shield quite through, whose curets, better lin'd And hollow'd fitly, fav'd his life: Phyleus left him them, Who from Epirus brought them home, on that part where the streame Of famous Selees doth runne; Emphetes did bestow (Being guest with him) those wel-prov'd armes, to weare against the foe-And now they lav'd his sonne from death. At Dolops, Meges threw A speare well pilde; that strooke his caske full in the height; off flew His purple feather, newly made, and in the dust it fell.

While these thus striv'd for victory, and eithers hope serv'd well, Atrides came to Meges aide, and (hidden with his fide) Let loofe a javelin at his foe, that through his backe implied His lustic head, even past his breast; the ground receiv'd his weight.

While these made into spoyle his armes, great Heltor did excite All his allies to quicke revenge; and first he wrought upon Strong Menalippus (that was fonne to great Hycetaon) With some reproofe, Before these warres, he in Percote fed Cloven-footed Oxen; but did fince, returne where he was bred, Exceld among ft the Ilians, was much of Priam lou'd, And in his court kept, as his fonne, him Hector thus reprov'd.

Thus Menalippus, shall our bloud accuse us of neglect? Nor moves it thy lov'd heart (thus urg'd) thy kinfman to protect? Seeft thou not, how they feeke his spoyle? Come, follow, now no more Our fight must stand at length, but close: nor leave the close, before We close the latest eye of them; or they, the lowest stone

Tearc

Teare up, and facke the citizens of lofty Ilion. Heled he followed like a god: and then must Aiax needs (well as Hellor) cheare his men, and thus their spirits he feeds: good friends bring but your selves to feele, the noble flings of shame, mariju man i For what ye fuffer, and be men respect each others sames non, or which, who frives, in shames fit scare; and puts on neare so farre how the party plas Comes oftner off, then flicke engaged: thefe fugitives of warre, Save ue ther life, nor get renowne, nor beare more mindes then theepe.

This thort speech fir'd them in his aide, his spirit toucht them deepe, And turn'd them all before the fleet, into a wall of braffe : To whose affault, love fird their foes, and yong Atrides was

10 ves instrument; who thus fet on the yong Antilochas :

Antilochus, in all our hoft, there is not one of us Monthersto

More yong then you, more fwift of foot, nor (with both those) fo ftrong. O would thou wouldst then, (for thou canst) one of this lustie throng. That thus comes skipping out before, (who ever, any where) May flicke (for my fake) twixt both hofts, and leave his bold bloud there. He faid no fooner, and retir'd, but forth he rusht, before

The foremost fighters, yet his eye did every way explore For doubt of ods, out flew his Lance: the Troians did abstaine While he was darting; yet his dart he cast not offin vaine : For Menalippus (that rare fonne) of great Hytceson:

A milechas angiters of c nat. . p.us.

vimile.

(As bravely he put forth to fight) it hercely flew upon. And, at the nipple of his breast, his breast and life did part. And then, much like an eager hound, cast off at some young Hart, Hurt by the hunters that had left his covert then, but new,

The great in-warre-Antilochus, (O Menalippus) flew On thy torne bosome, for thy spoyle. But thy death could not lie Hid to great Hellor, who all hafte made to thee, and made flye

Antilochus; although in warre, he were at all parts skild : But as some wilde beast, having done, some sbrewd turne, (either kild The heard(man, or the heardmans dogge) and skulks away before

a time latting The gatherd multitude makes in: fo Neftors fonne forbore. the other before But after him, with horrid cryes, both Heller and the reft,

Showres of teare-thirfly Lances powr'd, who having arm'd his breft With all his friends, he turn'd it then. Then on the thips, all Trov. Like raw flesh-nourisht Lyons rusht, and knew they did employ Their powres to perfect loves high will; who still their spirits enflam'd, And quencht the Grecians; one renown'd, the other often sham'd; For Hillors glory still he stood, and ever went about To make him cast the fleet such fire, as never should goe out; Heard Thetis foule petition, and wisht in any wife, The fplendor of the burning thips might fatiate his eyes. From him yet the repulse was then, to be on Troy conferd, The honour of it given the Greekes; which (thinking on) he flird (With such addition of his spirit) the spirit Heller bore, To burne the fleet, that of it felfe was not enough before.

But now he far'd like Mars himselfe, so brandishing his Lance,

OF HOMER'S ILIADS.

Hellors borrible apperance.

As through the deepe shades of a hill, a raging fire should glance; Held up to all eyes by a hill, about his lips, a forne Stood, as when th'Ocean is inrag'd; his eyes were overcome With servor, and resembled flames; set off by his darke browes. And from his temples, his bright helme, abhorred lightnings throwes. For 100e, from forth the sphere of starres, to his state put his owne, And all the blaze of both the hofts, confin'd in him alone. And all this was, fince after this, he had not long to live; This lightning flew before his death: which Pallas was to give, (A small time thence, and now prepar'd) beneath the violence Of great Pelides. In meane time, his present eminence, Though allthings under it: and he, still where he saw the stands Of greatest strength, and bravest arm'd, there he would prove his hands: Or no where offering to breake through. But that past all his powre, Although his will, "were past all theirs, they stood him like a towre Conjoynd so firme: that as a rocke, exceeding high and great,

And standing neare the hoarie lea, beares many a boysterous threat Of high-voyer windes, and billowes huge, belcht on it by the stormes; So stood the Greeks great Hellers charge, nor stird their battellous formes. He (girt in fire, borne for the flect) ftill rusht at every troupe,

And fell upon it like a wave, high raild, that then doth stoupe Out from the clouds; growes as it stoupes, with stormes, then down doth come And cuffe a ship, when all her sides are hid in brackish some, Strong gales fill raging in her failes; her failers mindes dismaid,

Death being but little from their lives: lo Iove-like Hellor fraid, And plyde the Greeks, who knew not what would chance, for all their guards.

And as the banefull king of beafts, leapt in to Oxen herds, Fed in the meadowes of a fenne, exceeding great, the beafts

In number infinite, mongft whom, (their herdfmen wanting breafts To fight with Lyons for the price of a blacke Oxes life,) He here and there jumpes; first and last, in his bloud-thirst y strife,

Chac't and affaulted; and at length, downe in the midft goes one, And all the reft sperft through the senne: so now, all Greece was gone. So Heltor (in a flight from heaven, upon the Grecians cast) Turnd all their backes; yet onely one, his deadly lance laid fast :

Brave Mycenam Periphes, Cypraus dearest sonne; Who, of the heavens-Queenc-lov'd-king, (great Euryflbam) wonne The grace togreet in Ambaffie, the strength of Hereules Was farre superiour to his fire; in feete, fight, noblenesse

Of all the vertues, and all those did such a wisedome guide, As all Mycena could not match: and this man dignified, (Still making greater his renowne) thestate of Priams sonne.

For his unhappy hastic fooce, as he addrest to runne, Stucke in the xtreme ring of his shield, that to his ankles reacht;

And downehe upwards fell, his fall up from the center fetcht A huge found with his head and helme, which Hetter quickly spide, Ranne in, and in his worthy breaft, his Lances head did hide,

And flue about him all his friends, who could not give him aide:

They

Simile.

They erroy'd; and of his god-like foe, fled so extreme afraid: And now amongst the nearest ships, that first were drawne to shore. The Greekes were driven; beneath whose sides, behind them, and before, And into them they powr'd themselves, and thence were driven againe Vp to their tents, and there they flood: not daring to maintaine Their guards more outward; but betwixt, the bounds of Feare and Shame. Chear'd ftill each other; when th'old man, that of the Grecian name, Was cald the pillar; every man, thus by his parents praid.

was.

O friends, be men, and in your mindes, let others shames be weigh'd. Know you have friends befides your felves; possessions, parents, wives, As well those that are dead to you, as those ye love with lives. All tharing still their good, or bad, with yours: by these I pray, That are not present (and the more, should therefore make ve weigh Their miffe of you, as yours of them) that you will bravely fland And this forc't flight, you have fustain'd, at length yet countermand.

Ministratiens

Supplies of good words, thus supplide, the deeds and spirits of all; me de hees love And fo atlast, Minerva clear'd the cloud that Love let fall Great name. Before their eyes: a mighty light flew beaming every way. As well about their thips, as where their darts did hottest play: Then faw they Hellor great in armes, and his affociates. As well all those, that then abflaind, as those that helpt the fates: And all their owne fight at the fleete. Nor did it now content Aux, to keepe downe like the rest; he, up the hatches went. Stalkt here and there, and in his hand, a huge great beadhooke held. Tweive cubits long, and full of Iron, and as a man well skild i imite of diax In horse, made to the martiall race; when (of a number more)

He chuseth foure, and brings them forth to runnethem all before Swarmes of admiring citizens, amids their townes high way, And (in their full carier) he leapes, from one to one; no flav Enforce on any, nor failes he, in either feate or leape : So disk with his beadhooke leapt nimbly from thip to thip. As actively, commanding all, them in their men, as well As men in them: most terribly, exhorting to repell, To fave their navie and their tents: But Hellor nothing needs To stand on exhortations now, at home, he strives for deeds.

simile of Hellor. And looke how I over great Queene of birds, (sharpe set) lookes out for prey. Knowes flouds that nourish wild wing d fowles, and (from her ayrie way) Beholds where Cranes, Swans, Cormorants, have made their foody falls Darkens the river with her wings, and stoupes amongst them all: So Hellor flew amongst the Greekes, directing his command (In chiefe) gainst one opposite ship; love with a mighty hand Still backing him, and all his men and then againe there grew A bitter conflict at the fleet; you would have faid, none drew A wearie breath, nor ever would, they laid to freshly on : And this was it that fir'd them both, the Greekes did build upon No hope, but what the field would yeeld. flight, an impuffible course, The Troians all hopeentertaind, that fword and fire should force Both flips, and lives of all the Greekes, and thus, unlike affects Bred Bred like strenuitie in both. Great Heller still directs His powres against the first neare ship. Twas that faire barke that brought Protefilam to those warres; and new, her selfe to nought, With many Greeke and Troian lives all spoyld about her spoyle : One flue another desperarely, and close the deadly toyle Was pitcht on both parts: not a shaft, nor far-of striking dart, Was usde through all : one fight fell out, of one despitefull hart; Sharpe axes, twibils, two-hand swords, and speares with two heads borne, Were then the weapons; faire thort fwords, with fanguine hilts fill worne, Had use in like fort; of which last, ye might have numbers view'd Drop with dissolved armes from their hands, as many down-right hew'd From off their shoulders as they fought, their buwdricks cut in twaine: And thus the blacke bloud flow d on earth, from fouldiers hurt and flaine.

When Heller once had feild the ship, he clapt his faire broad hand Fast on the sterne, and held it there, and there gave this command: Bring fire, and altogether showt; now leve hath drawne the veile From such a day, as makes amends for all his stormes of haile:

By whose bleft light, we take those ships, that in despite of heaven Tooke fea, and brought us worlds of woe: all, fince our Pecres were given To such a lazinesse and feare; they would not let meend Our lingring banes, and charge thus home, but keepe home, and defend. And fo they rul'd the men I led; but though Iove then withheld

My natural fpirit. now by Iove, tis freed, and thus impeld. This more inflam'd them; in fo much, that Aiax now, no more, Kept up, he was so drownd in darts, a little he forbore

The hatches to a feat beneath, of feven foot long, but thought It was impossible to scape; he sate yet, where he fought, And hurld out Lances thicke as haile, at all men that affaid To fire the ship, with whom he found his hands so overlaid, That on his fouldiers thus he cryed: O friends, fight alone? Exspect ye more wals at your backes? townes rampird, here are none; No citizens to take ye in, no helpe in any kind, We are, I tell you, in Troyes fields, have nought but seas behinde, And focs before, farre, farre from Greece, for shame obey commands,

There is no mercy in the warres, your healths lye in your hands. Thus rag'd he, and pour'd out his darts, who ever he espied Come neare the v. (fell, arm'd with fire, on his fierce dart he died; All that pleafd Hellor, made him mad all that his thanks would erne, Of which twelve men, his most resolv'd, lay dead before his sterne.

COMMENTARIVS.

2 I must bere be inforced (for your easier examination) of a simile before to cite the originall words of it; which of all Homers translators and commenters, have beene most grost, mistaken; his whole intent and sence in it, atterly fulfified. The simile illustrates the manuer of lunos parting from love, being commanded by him to a bufinesse so abhorring from her will, is thu :

Ως δ' ότ' αν' αίξε νό Φ ανερ Φ ος επ' ποιλίω Talas e hanke Juis, pesor ad nahiungs vonon Eve ciun craa mercirnote rewords. Ως κραιπιώς μεμανα δίεπατο πέντγια δου.

Helter feifi e Protefiliam foit. to the Trojans.

diax forced to mitteliam binse se from the

Which is thus converted ad verbum by Spondanus:

Sicut autem quando discurrit mens viri, qui per multam

Terram profectus, mentibus prudentibus confiderarit, Huc jueram vel illuc, cogitarit que multa;

Sic citò properans pervolavit veneranda Iuno.

Which Lauren. Valla in profetbus translates.

Subvolavit Iuno in cœlum, eadem seltinatione, ac celeritate, qua mens prudentis hominis, & qui multum terrarum peragravit, recursat, cum multa sibi agenda instant, huc se conserat an illuc.

Eobanus Heffus in verfe thus :

Tam subitò, quàm sana viri mens plura scientis, Quique peragrarit vastæ loca plurima terræ

Multa movens animo, nunc huc, nunc avolat illuc. To this purpole likewise the Italian and French copies have it. All understanding Homers intent was (as by the peedine fe of a mans thought or minde) to illustrate lunos (wiftnesse in hasting about the commandement of supiter, which was utterly otherwise: viz. to shew the distraction of Iunos minde, in going against her will. and in her despite about loves commandment: which all the history before, in her inveterate and inflexible grudge to doe any thing for the good of the Troians confirmeth without question. Besides, her morositie, and solemne apparance amongst the gods and goddeffes, (which Themis notes in her lookes) shewe, if the went willingly, much leffe swiftly about that businesse. Nor can the illustration of swiftnelle be Homers end in this limite, because he makes the mans minde to which he relembles her going, stagger; inclining him to goe this way, and that; not relolved which way to goe: which very poorely expresseth swiftnesse, and as properly agrees with the proprietie of a wife man; when he hath undertaken, and gone far in a journey, not to know whether he should soe forward or backward. Let us therefore examine the originall words.

The Car ar algero Faren Fis on mondu

Frank states of the Sicut vero quando discurrit vel prorum. pit, vel cum impetu exurgit mens viri, avaisto fignifying tuo, prorumpo, vel cum impetu exurgo: as having travelled farre on an irkefome iourner (as Juno had done for the Greekes; faining to love and Venus, thee was going to vifite and soft aufara sails, multa nutrientis fines terræ,) and then knowes not whether he should goe backward or forward, fustaines a vehement discourse with himselfe, on what courfe to refolve: and vext in minde, (which the words ogen adraxiumor, expresse: being to be understood mentibus amaris, vexatis, or distractis: with a spitefull, sorrowfull, vext, or distratted minde: not mentibus prudentibus, as all most univisely in this place convert it: though in other places it intimates so much. But here the other holds congruence with the rest of the simile: from which in the wife fence it abhorres : The wife figuifying amarus more properly then prudens: being translated prudens meerely metaphorically, according to the fecond deduction: where here it is used more property according to the first deducti. on: which is taken from when the Larcher tree, whole gumme is exceeding bitter, and because things irkesome and bitter, (as afflictions, crosses, grc.) are means to make men wife, and take need by others harmes: therefore according to the fecond deduction adrenie is taken for cautus or prudens. But now, that the attender or application feemes to make with their fence of frifinesse, the words

words in mannemuna, being traplated by them fic cito proporans; it is thus to be two med in this place, the tapical trapects mile. So fauthingly or beadlong from the period to the stap of themselve, Doves or abor souls direct spice beadlong from their sease; most in direct spices, but a toty would breake their neckes with a kinde of recting: unuan being derived of was or breake their neckes with a kinde of recting: unuan being derived of was or muyan signifying import ferri, vel suribundo import servi: all which most apply agreeth with sunos ensored and wrathful parting from love, and doing his charge distractedly. This for me, if another can give bester, let him show it, and take it. But in infusice other places is this divine Poet thus prophaned, which for the extreme labour 1 cannot yet touch at.

b Apparer, or Difficile est, it is a bard thing (faith Minerva to Mars, when he augmers his auger for the flaughter of his some Ascalaphus) for Iove to deliver the generation and hirth of all men from death; which Commentors thus understand; There were some made a sea good, or and in holy Writ (as Spondanus pleaseth to mixe them) Enoc and Elias: but because these sewere freed from death, Mars must not looke that all others were. But this interpretation (1 thinke) will appeare to all men at sirst sirght, both ridiculous and prophame. Home making Minerva onely iest at Mars here, (as she doth in other places) bidding him not storme that his some should be slaine more then better borne, stronger, and worther ween, for Iove should be a more then better borne, stronger, and worthis means for Iove should be a more than doe (or it were bard for Iove) to

er mens; for love hould have enough to ane corst were hard for love free all men from Death that are munilling to die. This mine, with the rest: the other others; accept which you please.

The end of the fifteenth Booke.

V

THE



THE SIXTEENTH BOOK OF HOMER'S ILIADS.

THE ARGUMENT.

Chilles, at Patroclus fuit doth reeld A His armes, and Myrmidons; which brought to field, The Troians flie. Patroclus bath the grace Of great Sarpedons death, sprong of the race Of lupiter; he having flaine the horfe Of Thetis sonne, (fierce Pedasus) the force Of Hector dothrevenge the much-ru'd end Of most renown'd Sarpedon, on the friend Of Thetides, first, by Euphorbus, harm'd, And by Apollos personall power difarm'd.

> Another Argument. In wi, Patroclus beares the chance Of death, imposed by Hectors lance,

bis teares.

Hus fighting for this well-built thip, Patroclus all that space Stood by his friend, preparing words to win the Greeks his grace, With powre of uncontained teares: and (like a fountaine pour d In black streams from a losty rock) the Greeks, so plagu'd, deplor d. Schilles (ruthfull for his teares) faid: Wherefore weepes my friend

So like a girle, who though she sees her mother cannot tend Achilles chides Patracius for

Her childish humours, hangs on her, and would be taken up. Still viewing ber with teare-drownd eyes, when the hath made her floope. To nothing liker I can shape thy so unseemely teares, What causeth them? hath any ill solicited thine eares,

Befalne my Myrmidons? or newes from loved Phihia brought, Told onely thee? left I should grieve, and therefore thus hath wrought On thy kinde spirit? Allers sonne, the good Menatine, (Thy father) lives, and Peleus (mine) great sonne of Acces,

Amongst his Myrmidons, whose deaths, in dutie we should mourne, Or is it what the Greeks sustaine, that doth thy stomacke turne? On whom (for their iniuftice lake) plagues are so iustly laide? Speake man, let both know eithers heart. Patroclus (fighing faid)

O Pelem sonne, (thou strongest Greeke by all degrees that lives) Patreclus an Still be not angry, our fad state such cause of pittie gives.

from to Ability. Our greatest Greeks lye at their ships fore wounded, Itbaens, King Agamemnon, Diomed, and good Europilus: But these, much medcine-knowing men (Physitians) can recure; Thou yet unmedeinable still, though thy wound, all indure.

Heaven bleffe my bosome from such wrath, asthou sooth it asthy bliffe, (Vnprofitable

(Vnprofitably vettneus) How shall our progenies. Borne in thine age, enjoy thine aide? when these friends in thy flowre Thou leav's to such unworthy death? O idle, cruell powre. Great Peleus never did beget, nor Thetis bring forth thee. Thou, from the blew lea, and her rockes, deriv'st thy pedigree. What so declines thee? if thy minde thuns any augurie. Related by thy mother Queene, from heavens forefeeing eve. And therefore thou for lak if thy friends, let me goe ease their mones With those brave reliques of our host, thy mighty Myrmidons; That I may bring to field more light, to conquest then bath beene-To which end grace me with thine armes, fince any shadow seene Of thy refemblance; all the powre of periurd Troy will flie. And our fo tired friends will breathe: our fresh-fet-on supplie Will eafily drive their wearied off. Thus (foolish man) he fu'd For his fure death, of all whose speech, Achilles first remu'd

The last part, thus: O worthy friend, what have thy speeches beene? I shun the fight for Oracles? or what my mother Queene Hath told from love? I take no care nor note of one fuch thing,

But this fit anger flings me ftill, that the infulting king Should from his equall take his right, fince he exceeds in powre. This, (still his wrong) is still my griefe; he tooke my Paramour

That all men gave: and whom I wonne by vertue of my speare. That (for her) overturn'd a Towne. This rape he made of her. And ulde me like a fugitive, an Inmate in a towne.

That is no citie libertine, nor capable of their gowne. But, beare we this, as out of date; tis past, nor must we still

Feed anger in our nobleft parts; yet thus, I have my will As well as our great king of men, for I did ever yow.

Never to cast off my disdaine, till (as it fals out now) Their misse of me, knockt at my fleet, and told me in their cries,

I was reveng'd, and had my with of all my enemies. And so of this repeate enough: take thou my fame-blaz'd armes; And my fight-thirstie Myrmidons, leade to these hot alarmes.

Whole clouds of Trojans circle us with hatefull eminence: The Greekes shut in a little shore, a fort of citizens Skipping upon them: all because their proudeves doe not see The radiance of my helmet there, whose beames had instantly Thrust backe, and all these ditches fild with carrion of their flesh.

If Agamemnon had beene kinde: where now they fight as fresh. As thus farre they had put at case, and at our tents contend. And may, for the repullive hand of Diomed doth not spend His raging darts there, that their death could fright out of our fleet

Nor from that head of enmittie, can my poore hearers meet The voyce of great Asrides now: now Hetters onely voyce Breakes all the ayre about both hofts, and with the very noyfe

Bred by his lowd encouragements, his forces fill the field, And fight the poore Achaians downe. But on, put thou my shield Betwixt the fire plague and our fleet: rush bravely on, and turne

12:20 0 Da restitt.

Warres tide as headlong on their throtes. No more let them aiourne Our fweet home turning: but observe the charge I lay on thee, To each least point, that thy rul'd hand may highly honour me, And get fuch glory from the Greeks, that they may fend againe My most sweet wench, and gifts to boote; when thou hast cast a raine On these so bead strong citizens, and forc't them from our fleet.

THE SIXTEENTH BOOKE

sale founds,

Tubiter cald the With which grace, if the god of founds, thy kinde egreffion greet: Retire, and be not tempted on (with pride, to fee thy hand Raine flaughterd carkaffes on earth) to runne forth thy command Asfarre as Ilion; left the gods that favour Troy, come forth To thy encounter; for the Sunne; much loves it; and my worth (In what thou suffer ft) will be wrong'd, that I would let my friend Affume an action of fuch weight, without me, and transcend

His friends prescription; doe not then affect a further fight. Then I may ftrengthen: let the reft, (when thou hast done this right) Performe the reft. " O would to Iove, thou Pallas, and thou Sunne. That not a man hould underneath thole towres of Ilion. Nor any one of all the Greekes, (how infinite a summe Soever, altogether make) might live unovercome : But onely we two (scaping death) might have the thundring downe Of every stone, stucke in the wals of this so facred towne.

Thus toake they onely twixt themselves. And now the foe no more Could diax stand, being sooppress with all the iron store The Troians pour dons with those darts, and with loves will belide. His powres were cloyd, and his bright helme, did deafning blowes abide. His plume, and all head * ornaments, could never hang in reft. His arme yet laboured up his shield, and having done their beft. They could not flirre him from his fland, although he wrought it out With short respirings, and with sweate; that ceallesse flow'd about His recking lims: no least time given, to take in any breath; Ill strengthned ill, when one was up, another was beneath. Now Muses, you that dwell in heaven, the dreadfull meane inspire, That first enforc't the Grecian fleete, to take in Troian fire:

First Hester with his huge broad sword, cut off, at setting on. The head of Aiax Ashen lance; which Aiax seeing gone; And that he shooke a headlesse speare (a little while unware) His warie spirits told him straight, the hand of heaven was there. And trembi'd under his conceit; which was, b that twas loves deed: Who, as he puld off his darts heads; fo, fure he had decreed That all the counsels of their warre, he would poll off like it, And give the Troians victory fo trufted he his wit, And left his darts. And then the thip was heapt with horrid brands Ofkindling fire; which instantly was seene through all the strands, In unextinguishible flames, that all the ship embrac't : And then Achilles beate his thighes; cryed out, Pasroclus, halte, Make way with horse; I see at fleet, a fire of fearefull rage: Arme, arme, left all our fleet it fire, and all our powre engage; Arme quickly, Ile bring up the troupes. To these so dreadfull warres,

Patroclus in Achilles armes, enlightned all with flarres. And richly ameld) all haftemade: he were his fword, his shield. His huge-plum'd helme, and two fuch speares, as he could nimbly wield. But the most fam'd Achilles speare, big, folid, full of weight, He onely left, of all his armes; for that, farre past the might Ofany Greeke to thake, but his, Achilles onely ire Shooke that huge weapon, that was given by Charon to his Sire. Cut from the top of Pelion, to be Heroes deaths. His fleeds, Jutomedon straight ioyn'd; like whom no man that breaths

(Next Peleus fonne) Patrocius lov'd; for like him, none fo great He found, in faith, at every fight, nor to out-looke a threat: Automedon did therefore guide (for him) Achilles fleeds. (Xanthius, and Balius (wifeas winde) begotten by the feeds

Of Zepbyr, and the Harpie borne, Pordarge; in a meade Close to the wavie Ocean, where that fierce Harpye feade. Automedon joynd thefe before, and with the hindmost geres, He faltn'd famous Pedalius, whom from the mailfacres

Made by Achilles, when he tooke Eetions wealthy towne. He brought, and (though of mortall race) yet gave him the renowne To follow his immortall horfe. And now, before his tents. Himselse had seene his Myrmidons, in all habiliments

Of dreadfull warre: And when ye fee (upon a mountaine bred) A den of Wolfes, (about whole hearts unmeafur'd firength, are fed) New come from currie of a Stagge; their iawes all bloud-befmeard; And when from some blacke water-fount, they altogether herd.

There having plentifully lapt, with thin, and thrust our tongues. The top and clearest of the spring, goe belching from their lungs The clotterd gore, looke dreadfully, and entertaine no dread, Their bellies gaunt, all taken up with being fo rawly fed :

Then fay, that fuch, in strength, and looke, were great Achilles men. Now orderd for the dreadfull fight: and so with all them then Their Princes, and their Chiefes did show, about their Generals friend; His friend, and all about himselfe: who chiefly did intend Th'embattelling of horse and foot. To that siege, held so long,

Twife five and twenty faile he brought, twife five and twenty firong Of able men, was every faile: five Colonels he made Of all those forces, trustie men, and all of powre to leade, But he, of powre beyond them all, Menefthian was one, That ever wore discolour'd armes; he was a rivers sonne

That fell from heaven, and good to drinke was his delightfull streame: His name, unwearied Sperchim, he lov'd the lovely dame, Faire Polydora, Pelew feed; and deare in Baran fight, And the, to that celeftiall floud, gave this Menefibian light: A woman, mixing with a god. Yet Borns bore the name Of father to Menefthius: he marrying the dame,

And giving her a mightie dowre; he was the kinde descent Of Perieris. The next man, renown'd with regiment, Was strong Eudorus, brought to life, by one supposed a maide;

Ast meden. frieng : a Paria. clus, end mana. ger of do Lies hories.

> a ûmile vi 🗗 400 expressione.

The persons A. elides br ughe to Trop.

THE SIXTEENTH BOOKE

Bright Polymela (Phylas feed) but had the wanton plaid, With reus-killing Mercurie, who (fir'd with her faire eves As the was finging in the quire, of her that makes the cries In clamorous hunting, and doth bearethe crooked bow of gold) Stole to her bed, in that chafte roome, that P bebe chaft did hold. And gave her that fwift-warlike fonne, (Endorus) brought to light, As the was dancing: but as thoone as the that rules the plight

a: Polymela bis wither was dancino.

Of labouring women, ealde her throwes, and thew'd her fonne the Sunne. Strong Echelcaus, Actors heire: woo'd carneftly, and wonne

Her fecond favour, feeing her with gifts of infinite prife. And after brought her to his house, where, in his grandfires eyes, (Old Phylas) Polymelas fonne, obtaind exceeding grace, And found as carefull bringing up, as of his naturall race

The fourth charge aged Phanix had. The fifth, Alcimedon,

Sonne of Lacrem, and much fam'd. All these digested thus

Memaides the He had descended. The third chiefe was faire Memalides third Colonell. Pr (andrew; who in skill of darts, obtaind supremest praise Of all the Myrmidons, except, their Lords companion:

rhants the tourio. s cimed n be 1.10.

Achilles to bis Myraidons.

In fit place, by the mightic some of royall Pelew; This sterne remembrance he gave all: You Myrmidons, (faid he) Left any of you should forget his threatnings usde to me In this place; and through all the time that my iust anger raign de Attempting me with bitter words, for being fo restrain d (For my hot humour) from the fight: remember them, as thefe : Thou crueil fonne of Pelew, whom the that rules the feas, Did onely nourish with her gall; thou doft ungently hold Our hands against our wils from fight; we will not be controld, But take our ships, and faile for home; before we loyter here, And feed thy furie. These high words, exceeding often were The threats, that in your mutinous troupes, ye usde to me, for wrath To be detaind to from the field: now then, your spleenes may bath In sweate of those great workes ye wisht; now he that can employ

mile

A generous heart, goe fight, and fright these bragging sonnes of Troy. This fet their mindes and strengths on fire; the speech enforcing well, Being usde in time, but being their kings, it much more did impell, And closer rusht in all the troupes. And, as for buildings hie, The Mason layer his stones more thicke, against th'extremitie Of winde and weather; and eventhen, if any storme arise, He thickens them the more for that; the present act so plies His honest minde to make fure worke. So for the high estate This worke was brought to, these mens minds (according to the rate) Were raifd, and all their bodies iound: but their well-spoken King, With his fo timely-thought on speech, more sharpe made valours sting; And thickn'd so their targets bost; so all their helmets then, That shields proptshields, helmes, helmets knockt, and men encourag'd men.

estamation.

Patroclus, and Automedon, did arme before them all Two bodies with one minde inform'd; and then the Generall Befooke him to his private Tent, where (from a coffer wrought Most rich and curiously; and given by Thetis, to be brought

Nor he, but to the deities, nor any deitie.

Most

In his owne thip, top-fild with vefts, warme robes to checke cold wind. And tapiffries, all golden fring d, and curl'd with thrumbs behind :

He tooke a most unvalued bowle, in which none dranke but he.

But love himselse was serv'd with that; and that he first did clense With fulphure, then with fluences of Iweetest water rense:

Then washt his hands, and drew himselfe a mighty bowle of wine. Which (franding midft the place enclosed for services divine, And looking up to heaven and love, who faw him well) he pour'd Vpon the place of facrifice, and humbly thus implor'd:

Great Dedenaus, President of cold Dedenaes towres; Divine Pelafgican, that dwell'ft farre hence, about whole bowres Th'austere prophetique Selli dwell, that still sleepe on the ground,

Goe bare, and never clenfe their feet: as I before have found Grace to my vowes, and hurt to Greece, so now my prayers intend, I still stay in the gatherd fleete, but have dismist my friend, Amongst my many Myrmidons, to danger of the dart.

O grant his valour my renowne, arme with my minde his heart, That Hectors felfe may know, my friend can worke in fingle warre; And not then onely shew his hands, so hot and singular, When my kinde presence seconds him: but, fight he nere so well,

No further let him trust his fight: but, when he shall repell Clamor and danger from our fleete, vouchfafe a fafe retreate To him and all his companies, with fames and armes compleate.

He prayd, and heavens great Counseller gave satisfying care. To one part of his orifons, but left the other there:

He let him free the fleete of foes, but saferetreate denide. Achilles left that utter part, where he his zeale applides

And turn'd into his inner tent, made fast his cup, and then Stood forth, and with his minde beheld the foes fight and his men, That follow'd his great minded friend, embattail'd, till they brake With gallant spirit upon the foe: and as fell waspes, that make

Their dwellings in the broad high way, which foolish children use (Their cottages being neare their neafts) to anger and abuse With ever vexing them, and breed (to footh their childish warre) A common ill to many men, fince if a traveller

(That would his journeys end apply, and passe them unaffayd) Come neare and vexe them, upon him the childrens faults are layd; For on they flye, as he were fuch, and still defend their owne : So far'd it with the fervent minde of every Myrmydon, Who pour'd themselves out of their flecte, upon their wanton foes,

That needs would ftirre them, thrust so neare, and cause the overthrowes

Of many others that had else beene never toucht by them, Nor would have toucht. Patroclus then put his winde to the ftreame, And thus exhorted: Now my friends, remember you expresse

Your late urgid vertue and renowne, our great Asieides; That he being strongest of all the Greekes, his eminence may dimme

Achilles (acrifice for bis free dis fafe returne.

Achilles in va-

Simite,

Patroclus to the Myrmidont,

Simile.

And others likewise in our strengths, that farre off imitate him. And Agamemuen now may fee his fault as generall, As his place high, dishonouring him, that so much honours all.

Thus made he foarkle their fresh fire, and on they rusht; the fleete Fild full her hollow fides with founds, that terribly did greete Th'amazed Troians: and their eyes did fecond their amaze.

The terrow of When great Menatius sonne they saw, and his friends armour blazes Patroclus to the All troupes stood troubl'd with conceit, that Peleus sonne was there, His anger cast off at the ships, and each lookt every where

For some authoritie to leade, the then prepared flight. Patroclus greeted with a lance, the region where the fight Made strongest tumult; neare the thip, Protesilans brought, And firooke Pyrechmen, who before the faire helmd Paons fought,

Led from Amgain, neare whose wals, the broad stream'd Axim flowes. Price min (a) Through his right shoulder flew the dart, whose blow strooke all the blowes In his powre, from his powreleffe arme, and downe he groning fell: and the flips rejeued. His men all flying (their Leader fled.) This one dart did repell

The whole guard plac't about the ship, whose fireextinet, halfe burn'd The Paons left her, and full cry to clamorous flight return d. Then spread the Greekes about their ships, triumphant tumule flow d:

And as from top of some steepe hill, the lightner strips a cloud. And lets a great skie out from heaven, in whose delightsome light.

All prominent forcheads, forrells, towres, and temples cleare the fight: So clear'd these Greekes, this Trojan cloud, and at their ships and tents Obtain'd a little time to breathe, but found no present vents To their inclusions; nor did Troy (though these Pronians fled)

Lo eany ground, but from this thip, they needfully turn'd head. Then every man, a man subdude; Patroclus in the thigh Strooke Areilieus; his dart, the bone did breake, and flye Quite through, and sunke him to the earth. Good Menelau flew

Accomplishe Thous, in whose breast (being nakd) his lance he threw Above his shield, and freed his soule. Phylides (taking note That bold Amphidus bent at him) prevented him, and smote His thighes extreme part, where (of man) his fattest muscle lies, The nerves torne with his lances pile, and darkneffe closde his eyes. Antilochus, Atymniau feizd, his freele lance did impresse His first three guts, and loofd his life. At yong Nefferides, Mars, Atymnias brother flew, and at him, Thrafimed, (The brother to Antilochus) his cager Iavelins head,

The muscles of his arme cut out, and shiverd all the bones Night closde his eyes, his livelesse corfe, his brother fell upon. And so by two kinde brothers hands, did two kinde brothers bleed: Both being divine Sarpedons friends, and were the darting feed Of Amisodarus, that kept the bane of many men,

Abhord Chimera, and fuch bane, now caught his children. Miax Oileades did take Cleobulus alive,

Invading him, (flaid by the prease) and at him then let drive.

With his short sword, that cut his necke; whose bloud warm'd all the steeles

And cold Death, with a violent fate, his fable eyes did feele. Peneleus and Lycon, cast together off their darts.

Both mift, and both together then, went with their fwords: in parts The blade and hilt went, laying on upon the belmets height:

Peneleus (word caught Lycons necke, and cut it thorough quite. His head hung by the very skin. The fwift Meriones

(Pursuing flying Acamas) iust as he got accesse To horse and chariot, overtooke, and tooke him such a blow

On his right shoulder, that he left his chariot, and did strow The dustic earth; life left his lims, and night his eves possest.

Idomenaus his sterne dart, at Erymas addrest. As (like to Acamas) he fled, he cut the fundry bones Reneath his braine, betwixt his necke and foreparts, and fo runs

(Shaking his teethout) through his mouth, his eyes all drown'd in bloud :

So through his nostrils and his mouth (that now dart-open stood)

He breath'd his spirit. Thus had death from every Grecian Chiefe A Chiefe of Troy. For, as to Kids or Lambs, their cruelst thiefe

(The Wolfe) steales in, and when he sees, that by the shepheards sloth, The dams are fperst about the hils; then serves his ravenous tooth

With case, because his prey is weake: So serv d the Greekes their foes, Discerning well how shricking flight did all their spirits dispose;

Their biding vertues quite forgot, and now the naturall spleene That Aiax bore to Heller, still, by all meanes would have beene Within his bosome with a dart: but he that knew the warre,

(Well cover'd in a well-lin'd shield) did well perceive how farre The arrowes and the javelins reacht, by being within their founds And ominous fingings; and observ'd the there-inclining bounds

Of Conquest, in her aide of him, and so obeyd her change; Tooke fafest course for him and his, and stood to her as strange.

And as when love intends a storme, he lets out of the startes. From steepe Olympus, a blacke cloud that all heavens splendor barres From men on earth: fo from the hearts of all the Troian hoft,

All comfort lately found from Iove, in flight and cries was loft. Nor made they any faire retreat: Hellers unruly horse Would needs retire him; and he left engag'd his Troian force, Forc't by the steepenesse of the dike, that in ill place they tooke,

And kept them that would faine have gone. Their horses quite for sooke A number of the Troian kings, and left them in the dike; Their chariots in their foreteames broke. Patroclas then did firike

While steele was hot, and chear'd his friends, nor meant his enemies good: Who when they once began to flye, each way received a floud,

And chok't themselves with drifts of dust. And now were clouds begot Beneath the clouds; with flight, and noife, the horse neglected not Their home intendments, and where rout was bufieft, there pour'd on

Patroclus most exhorts and threats; and then lay overthrowne Numbers beneath their axle-trees, who (lying in flights streame)

Made th'after chariots iot and jumpe, in driving over them. Th'immortal! horse Patroelas rode, did passe the dike with cale,

And

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mile.

And wisht the depth and danger more: and Meneriades As great a spirit had to reach, retiring Heders hall. But his fleete horse had too much law, and setcht him off too fast. And as in Autumne the blacke earth is loaden with the stormes. That Iove in gluts of raine poures downe, being angry with the formes Of judgement in authorifde men, that in their courts maintaine (With violent office) wrestred lawes, and (fearing gods, nor men) Exile all iustice, for whose faults, whole fields are overflowne. And many valleys cut away, with torrents headlong throwne. From neighbour mountaines, till the sea receive them, roring in: And judg'd mens labours then are vaine, plagu'd for their Iudges fin :

So now the foule defaults of fome, all Troy were laid upon: So like those torrents roard they backe to windie Ilion: And lo like tempests blew the horse, with ravishing backe againe Those hor affailants, all their workes at fleete now rendred vaine. Patrocius (when he had disperst the formost Phalanxes) Caid backe his forcesto the fleet, and would not let them prease (As they defir'd too neare the towne, but twist the ships and floud, And their steepe rampire, his hand steept, Revenge in seas of bloud.

Then Pronous was first that fell beneath his fierie lance.

Which strooke his bare breast, neare his shield. The second, Thesers chance. (Old Enops fonne) did make himfelfe, who thrinking, and fet close In his faire feate (even with th'approch, Patroclus made) did lofe All manly courage; infomuch that from his hands, his raines Fell flowing downe, and his right jaw, Patroclus lance attaines: Strooke through his teeth, and there it stucke, and by it, to him drew Dead Thestor to his chariot; it shewd, as when you view An Angler from some prominent rocke, draw with his line and hooke, A mightie fish out of the sea: for so the Greeke did plucke The Troian gaping from his feate; his jawes op't with the dart, Which when Patroclus drew, he fell; his life and breaft did part.

Then rusht he on Eryalus, at whom he hurl'd a Rone, Which strake his head so in the midst, that two was made of one. Two wayes it fell, cleft through his caske: and then Tlepolemus, Epaltes, Damaftorides, Evippus, Echius, Ithen, bold Amphoterus, and valiant Erymas, And Polymelus (by his Sire, firnam'd ergeades) He heapt upon the much-fed earth. When loves most worthy some (Divine Sarpedom) faw these friends thus stayd, and others runne; O shame! why flye ye then he cride? now shew ye seeteenow:

On, keepe your way, my selfe will meete the man that startles you : To make me understand his name, that flants in conquest thus, And hath so many able knees, so soone dissolv'd to us. Downe iumpe he from his chariot, downe leapt his foe as light:

And as on some farre-looking rocke, a cast of Vultures fight, Fige on each other, ftrike, and truffe, part, meete, and then fticke by, Tug, both with crooked beakes, and feres; cry, fight, and fight and cry: So fiercely fought these angry Kings, and shew'd as bitter gals.

Torse

Iove (turning eyes to this steme fight) his wife and fifter cals. And much mov'd for the Lycian Prince) faid: O that to my fonne, Fate, by this day, and man should cut a thread so nobly spunne. Two mindes diftract me; if I should now ravish him from fight. And fet him fafe in Lycia, or give the Fates their right.

Auftere Saturnian, (the replide) what uniuft words are thefe? A mortall long fince markt by Fate, wouldft thou immortalize?

Dec. but by no god be approved, freehim, and numbers more (Sonnes of immortals) will live free, that death must taste before These gates of Ilion, every god will have his sonne a god, Or storme extremely. Give him then an honest period. In brave fight, by Patroclus fword, if he be deare to thee.

And grieves thee, for his danger'd life: of which, when he is free, Let Death and Somnus beare him hence, till Lycias naturall wombe Receive him from his brothers hands, and citizens; a Tombe And columne railed to him; this is the honour of the dead.

She faid, and her speech ruld his powre: but in his safeties stead, For fad oftent of his neare death, he freept his living name In drops of blond, heaven swet for him, which earth drunke to his fame.

And now, as this high combat grew, to this too humble end; Surpedons death had this flate more, twas usherd by his friend, And charioteere, brave T brasimed, whom in his bellies rim,

Patroclas wounded with his lance, and endleffe ended him. And then another act of name, foreranne his princely fate. His first lance missing, he let flie a second that gave date Of violent death to Pedafus, who (as he joy'd to die By his so honourable hand) did (even in dying) ney.

His ruine flartl'd th'other fleeds, the geres crackt, and the raines Strappl'd his fellowes; whole mil rule, Mutomedon restraines, By cutting the intangling geres, and so dissundering quite, The brave-flaine Beaft; when both the rest obeyd, and went foreright:

And then the royall combatants fought for the finall stroke, - When Lycias Generall mist againe, his high raisde iaveline tooke Above his shoulder, emptie way. But no such speedlesse slight Patroclus let his speare performe, that on the breast did light,

Of his brave foe, where lifes ftrings close about the folid heart, Impreffing a recurelesse wound, his knees then left their part, And let him fall, when like an Oke, a Poplar, or a Pine, New feld by arts-men on the hils, he stretcht his forme divine Before his horse and chariot. And as a Lyon leapes

Vpon a goodly yellow Bull, drives all the herd in heapes, And under his unconquerd jawes, the brave beaft fighing dies : So figh'd Sarpedon underneath, this prince of enemies, Cald Glaucus to him (his deare friend, and faid. Now friend, thy hands

Much dutie owe to fight, and armes; now for my love, it flands Thy heart in much hand to approve, that warre is harmefull, now How active all thy forces are, this one houres act must show. First call our Lycian Captaines up, looke round, and bring up all,

love to Tuxo about the fate of Sarpedon.

Inne to leve.

Sarpedon kis Pedaju. one of Actilles corie.

The laft excounter of Sarpeden

Simile.

Serpedon dine. to Glaucus bus triend

And all exhort, to stand like friends about Sarpedons falls And foend thy felfe thy fleele for me: for be affur'd, no day Of all thy life, to thy laft houre, can cleare thy blacke difmay In woe and infamic for me; if I be taken hence, Spoil'dof mine armes; and thy renowne despoild of my desence. Stand firmethen, and confirme thy men. This faid, the bounds of death Concluded all fight to his eyes, and to his nofthrils breath.

Patroclus (though his guard was ftrong) forc't way through every doubt: Climb'd his high bosome with his foot, and pluckt his javelin out, And with it drew the filme and strings of his yet-panting heart;

And last, rogether with the pile, his princely soule did part.

His horse (spoyld both of guide and King, thickesnoring, and amaz'd, And apt to flight) the Myrmidons made nimbly to, and feaz'd.

Glauces, to heare his friend askeaide, of him past all the rest, (Though well he knew his wound uncur'd) confusion fild his breft, Guarant in Not to have good in any power; and yet so much good will. Part of the And (laying his hand upon his wound, that pain'd him sharpely still; And was by Teucers hand fet on, from their affail'd freepe wall, In keeping hurt from other men) he did on Phabus call (The god of Med'cines) for his cure: thou king of cures (faid he) That art perhaps in Lycia, with her rich progenie, Or here in Troy, but any where, fince thou hast powre to heare. O give a hurt, and wofull man (as I am now) thinc care. This arme fustaines a cruell wound, whose paines shoot every way, Afflict this shoulder, and this hand, and nothing long can stay, A fluxe of bloud ftill ifluing; nor therefore can I fland With any enemy in fight, nor hardly make my hand Support my lance; and herelyes dead the worthiest of men; Sarpedon, worthy fonne to love, (whose power could verabstaine From all aid in this deadly need) give thou then aide to me,

(O King of all aide to men burt) affwage th'extremitie Of this armes anguish; give it strength, that by my president, I may excite my men to blowes; and this dead corfe prevent Offurther violence. He praid, and kinde Apollo heard, Allayd his anguish, and his wound of all the blacke bloud cleard, That vext it fo, infused fresh powres into his weakened minde.

And all his spirits flow'd with joy, that Phabus stood inclind (In fuch quicke bountie) to his prayers. Then, as Sarpedon wild, He cast about his greedy eye, and first of all instild To all his Captaines, all the flings that could inflame their fight, For good Sarpedon. And from them, he stretcht his speedy pace,

T' Agenor, Hector, Venus fonne, and wife Polydamas; States birg And (onely naming Hetter) laid: Hetter, you now forget cweed, to Hillor. Your poore auxiliarie friends, that in your toyles have fwet

Their friendleffe foules out farre from home; Sarpedon that fustain'd With inflice, and his vertues all, broad Lycia hath not gain'd Thelike guard for his person here, for yonder dead he lies Beneath the great Patroclus lance: but come, let your supplies

(Good friends) stand neare him: O disdaine to see his corse desi'd With Grecian furie; and his armes, by their oppressions spoild. The Myrmidens are come enraged, that such a mighty boote Of Greekes. Troyes darts have made at fleete. This faid, from head to foot Griefe strooke their powres, past patience, and not to be reftrain'd, To hearenewes of Sarpedons death, who, though he appertained To other cities, yet to theirs, he was the very Fort. And led a mighty people there; of all whose better fort, Himselse was best. This made them runne in flames upon the foe.

The first man, Heller to whose heart, Surpedone death did goe: Patroclas ftird the Grecian spirits; and first, th' Aiaces thus : Now brothers, be it deare to you to fight and succour us,

As ever heretofore yedid, with men firth excellent. The man lyes flaine, that first did scale and raze the buttlement, That crownd our wall, the Lycian Prince. But if we now shall adde Force to his corfe, and spoyle his armes, a prife may more be had Of many great ones, that for him, will put on to the death.

To this worke, these were prompt enough, and each side ordereth Those Phalanxes that most had rate of resolutions. The Troians and the Lycian powres; the Greekes and Myrmidons. These ranne together for the corse, and closed with horrid cryes, Their armours thundring with the claps, laid on about the prize. And I ove about th'impetuous broyle, pernicious night pourd out, As long as for his loved sonne, pernicious Labour fought.

The first of Troy, the first Greekes foil'd, when not the last indeed, Amongst the Myrmidons was slaine: the great Aiachem leed; Divine Epigen, that before had exercifde command In faire Budæus; but because he laid a blondy hand On his owne fifters valiant sonne; to Peless and his Oneene, He came for pardon, and obtain'd; His flaughter being the meane He came to Troy, and to to this. He ventur'd even to touch The princely carkaffe, when a frone did more to him, by much; (Sent out of able Hetters hand) it cut his skull in twaine, And ftrooke him dead. Patroclas (griev'd to fee his friend fo flaine) Before the foremost thrust himselfer and as a Faulcon fraves A flocke of Stares or Caddalles; fuch feare brought his affayes Amongst the Troisns and their friends; and (angry at the heart, As well as griev'd) for him to flaine: another flony dart, As good as Hellers, he let flie, that dufted in the necke Of Sthenelans, thrust his head to earth first, and did breake The nerves in funder, with his fall; off fell the Troians too, Even Heiters felfe, and all as farre as any man can throw, (Provoktfor games, or in the warres, to fhed an enemies foule) A light, long dart. The first that turned, was he that did controule The Targatiers of Lycia; Prince Glascow, who to hell Sent Bathyclam, Chalcons fonne; he did in Hellar dwell,

And thin'd for wealth and happinesse, amongst the Myrmidons; His bosomes midt the Iaveline strooke, his fall get earth with grones. Patroclus to the Grecians, and sarticu.arla to both the Alaces.

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The

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The Greekes griev'd, and the Troians joy'd, for fo renownd a man-About whom food the Grecians firme: and then the death began On Troyes fide by Meriones; be flue one great in warre. Langunas, Oneters fonne, the Priest of Impiter, Created in th' Idean hill. Betwixt his jaw and eare The dart flucke fast, and loofde his soule, fad mists of Hate and Feare Invading him. Anchifes fonne, dispatcht a brazen lance At bold Meriones, and hop't to make an equal chance On him, with bold Laogonus; though under his broad fhield He lay so close. But he discern'd, and made his body yeeld So low, that over him it flew, and trembling tooke the grounds With which, Mars made it quench his thirst; and fince the head could wound No better body, and yet throwne from nere the worse a hand, It turnd from earth, and lookt awry. Aneas let it fland. Much angry at the vaineevent; and told Meriones. Temasielle at He scap's but hardly, nor had cause to hope for such successe Meriones: Another time, though well he knew his dancing facultie. By whole agilitie he fcap't; for had his dart gone by With any least touch, instantly, he had beene ever slaine. He answerd: though thy strength be good, it cannot render vaine bleriones a The strength of others with thy iests; nor art thou so divine. But when my lance shall touch at thee, with equal speed to thine, Death will there with it, thy lifes powres, thy confidence can thun No more then mine, what his right claimes. Menetins noble forme Rebuk't Meriones, and faid. What needst thou use this speech? Not thy strength is approved with words, (good friend) nor can we reach The body, nor make th'enemy yeeld, with these our counterbraves; We must enforce the binding earth, to hold them in her graves. If you will warre, Fight, will you speake? give counsell, counsell, blowes Are th'ends of warres, and words, talke here, the time in vaine bestowes. He faid, and led, and nothing leffe, for any thing he faid. (His speech being season'd with such right) the Worthy seconded. And then, as in a founding vale, (neare neighbour to a hill) Wood fellers make a farre-heard noise with chopping, chopping fill, And laying on, on blockes and trees: fo they, on men laid lode, And beate like noyles into ayre, both as they strooke and trod. But (past their noise) so full of bloud, of dust, of darts, lay smit Divine Sarpedon, that a man must have an excellent wir. That could but know him, and might faile: fo from his utmost head, Even to the low plants of his fecte, his forme was altered. All thrusting neare it every way, as thicke as flyes in spring. That in a sheepe-cote (when new milke assembles them) make wing, And buzze about the top-full pailes: nor ever was the eye Of Ione averted from the fight, he view'd, thought ceaflefly, And diverfly upon the death, of great Achilles friend: If Hetter there (to wreake his fonne) should with his javeline end His life, and force away his armes, or still augment the field;

He then concluded that the flight of much more foule, should yeeld

Achilles good friend more renowne; and that, even to their gates He should drive Hester and his holt: and so difanimates The minde of Heder, that he mounts his chariot, and takes flight Vp with him, tempting all to her; affirming his infight Knew evidently, that the beame of Twees all-ordering fcoles. Was then in finking on their fide, furcharg'd with flockes of foules. Then, not the noble Lycian Raid, but left their flaughterd Lord Amongst the corfes common hespe; for many more were pour'd About, and on him; while Investigand held out the bitter brovle. And now they spoyld Surpedous armes, and to the ships the spoyle Was fent by Meneriades. Then love, thus charg'd the Sunne : Hafte, honour'd Phabus, let no more Greeke violence be done Jue to Phabus To my Sarpeden, but his confc, of all the fable bloud And javeling purg'd, then carry him farre hence to some cleare floud. With whose waves wash, and then embalme each thorough-cleansed lim. With our Ambrolia, which perform'd, divine weeds put on him : And then to those swift mates and twins, sweet Sleepe and Death commit His princely person, and with speed, they both may carry it To wealthy Lycia: where his friends and brothers will embrace. and tombe it in some monument, as fits a Princes place. Then flew Apollo to the fight, from the Idalian hill.

At all parts putting into act, his great Commanders will : Drew all the darts, washt, balm'd the curfe; which (deckt with ornament. By Sleepe and Death, those featherd twins) he into Lycia sent Patroclus then, Automedon commands to give his ficeds Large raines, and all way to the chace: fo madly he exceeds The first commission of his friend; which had be kept, had kept A blacke death from him. But I wes minde hath evermore outflept The minde of man; who both affrights and takes the victory From any hardieft hand with cafe; which he can inftifie. Though he himselfe commands him fight: as now he put this chace In Menatiades his minde. How much then weighs the grace (Patroclus?) that Iove gives thee now, in Scoles put with thy death? Of all thelegreat and famous mer, the honourable breath. Of which, Adressus first he flue, and next Autonom:

Epiftora, and Perimm; Pylartes, Blafm, Swift M:nalippus, Molius; all these were overthrowne By him, and all elfe, put in rout, and then proud Ilion Had stoops beneath his glorious hand, he rag'd so with his lance. If Phabus had not kept the towre, and helpt the Ilians. Sustaining ill thoughts gainst the Prince. Thrice to the prominence Of Troyes steepe wall he bravely leapt: thrice Phebus thrust him thence: Objecting all his dazling thield with his reliftlesse hand. But fourthly, when (like one of heaven) he would have flird his fland,

Apoilo threatned him, and faid; Ceafe, it exceeds thy fate (Forward Pasrocim) to expugne, with thy bold lance, this flate, Nor under great Achilles powres, (to thine superiour farre)

Lies Trojes grave ruine. When he spake, Patroslas left that warre:

An Halende Sarpedins boay by Suep and Dea.b to Lycia.

line the was of Troy, relifted by

Apollo the valence Patrocles.

Simile.

Leapt farre backe; and his anger found. Heller detaind his horfe Within the Scan ports, in doubt to put his personall force Amongst the rout, and turne their heads, or shun in Troy the storme. Apolle feeing his suspence, assum'd the goodly forme

Apollo infliage Of Hectors uncle, Afras, the Phrygian Dymas fonne, of Afins to He Who neere the deepe Sangarius, had habitation. Being brother to the Troian Queene. His shape spelle tooke. And askt of Heller, why his spirit, so cleare the fight for sooke: Affirming twas unfit for him: and wisht his forces were As much above his, as they mov'd in an inferiour sphere: He should (with shame to him) be gone; and so bad, drive away Against Patroclus, to approve, if he that gave them day, Would give the glory of his death, to his preferred lance. So left he hims and to the fight did his bright head advance. Mixt with the multitude, and stird foule tumult for the foe. Then Heller bad Cebriones put on, himselfelet goe All other Greekes within his reach, and onely gave command To front Patroclas. He at him; jumpt downe, his strong left hand A lavelin held; his right, a stone, a marble sharpe; and such As his large hand had powre to gripe, and gave it firength fo much As he could lye to: nor flood long in feare of that huge man That made against him; but full on, with his huge stone he ran Discharg'd, and drave it twixt the browes of bold Cebrianes : Nor could the thicke bone there prepar'd, extenuate so th'accesse. But out it drave his broken eyes, which in the duft fell downe, And he div'd after,; which conceit of diving, tooke the some Of old Menetim, who thus plaid upon the others bane.

Patroclus iefts at the fall of Cebr.ones.

O heavens! for truth, this Troian was a paffing active man; With what exceeding ease he dives? as if at worke he were Within the fishie seas. This man, alone would furnish cheare For twenty men, though twere a storme; to leape out of a faile, And gather Oysters for them all, he does it here all well, And there are many fuch in Troy. Thus jested he so neare With such a Lyons force, and fate, as (often ruining, Stals of fat Oxen) gets at length, a mortall wound to fling His foule, out of that ravenous breaft that was fo infolent: And so his lifes bliffe proves his bane: so deadly confident Wert thou Patroclus in pursuit of good Cebriones, A limilie exprel- To whole defence now Heller leapt. The opposite addresse, ing Parroclas These masters of the cry in warre, now made, was of the kinde Of two fierce kings of beafts, opposed, in strife about a Hinde Slaine on the forehead of a hill, both sharpe and hungry fee, And to the Currie never came, but like two Deaths they met: Nor these two entertain'd lesse minde of mutuall prejudice. About the body, close to which, when each had prest for prize,

Hisowne grave death; and then made in to spoyle the Chariotecre, Hector the head laid hand upon, which once gript, never could Be forc't from him; Patroclus then, upon the feet got hold,

And he pincht with as fure a naile: fo both stood tugging there, While all the restmade cager fight, and grappled every where: And as the East and South winde strive to make a lofty wood Bow to their greatnesse; barkie Elmes, wilde Alhes, Beeches bowd Even with the carth; in whose thicke armes the mightie vapours lie, Andtoffe by turnes, all, either way; their leaves at randon flic. Boughs murmure, and their bodies cracke, and with perpetuall din, The Sylvans falter, and the stormes are never to begin : So rag d the fight, and all from flight, pluckt her forgotten wings; While some still stucke, still new wingd shafts flew dancing from their strings, Huge stones sent after, that did shake the shields about the corfe,

Who now (in dusts soft forehead stretcht) forgat his guiding horse. As long as Phabus turn'd his wheeles about the midit of heaven, So long the touch of eithers darts, the fals of both made even: But when his waine drew necre the West, the Greekes past measure were The abler fouldiers, and fo swept the Troian tumult cleare From off the body; out of which, they drew the hurl'd-in darts. And from his shoulders stript his armes, and then to more such parts Patroclus turn'd his firiting thoughts, to doc the Troians ill: Thrice, like the god of warre, he charged; his voyce as horrible : And thrice nine those three charges flue, but in the fourth affay, O then Patroclas, fhew'd thy laft, the dreadfull Sunne made way Against that on-fer, yet the Prince discer'nd no deitie, He kept the prease so, and besides, obscur'd his glorious eve With such felt darknesse. At his backe, he made a sodaine stand, And twixt his necke and shoulders laid downe-right with either hand, A blow fo weightie, that his eyes a giddy darkeneffe tooke, And from his head, his three-plum'd belme, the bounding violence shooke, That rung beneath his horses hooses, and like a water foout, Was crusht together with the fall. The plumes that set it out, All spatterd with blacke bloud and dust, when ever heretofore It was a capitall offence; to have, or duft, or gore Defile a triple-feather'd helme, but on the head divine, And youthfull temples of their Prince, it usde, untoucht, to shine. Yet now love gave it Hetters hands, the others death was neare. Besides whose lost and filed helme, his huge long weightie speare, Well bound with iron in his hand, was shiverd, and his shield Fell from his shoulders to his feet, the bawdricke strewing the field. His Curets left him, like the rest, and all this onely done By great Apollo. Then his minde, tooke in confusion, The vigorous knittings of his joynts, diffolv'd, and (thus difmaid) A Dardan (one of Panthan fons) and one that overlaid All Troians of his place, with darts, fwift footing, skill, and force. In noble horsemanship, and one that tumbi'd from their horse, One after other, twenty men: and when he did but learne The art of warre; nay when he first did in the fild discerne A horse and chariot of his guide: this man, with all these parts (His name Empherbus) comes behind, and twixt the shoulders darts

Forlorne

Forlorne Patroclus, who yet liv'd, and th'other (getting forth His javelin) tooke him to his strength, nor durst he stand the worth Of thee Patroclus, though difarmd; who yet (difcomfited) By Phabus and Euphorbus Wound) the red heape of the dead He now too late shund, and retir'd. When Hetter saw him yeeld. And knew he yeelded with a wound, he fcour'd the armed field: Came close up to him, and both sides strooke quite through with his lance, He fell, and his most weightie fall, gave fit tune to his chance. For which, all Greece extremely mourn'd. Aud as a mightie strife About a little fount, begins and rifeth to the life Of some fell Bore, resolv'd to drinke; when likewise to the spring A Lyon comes, alike disposde; the Bore thirsts, and his King. Both proud, and both will first be ferv'd; and then the Lyon takes Advantage of his foveraigne frength, and th'other (fainting) makes

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Refigne his thirst up with his bloud: Patroclus (fo enforc't When he had force to much brave life) was, from his owne divorce. Hiden in alla And thus his great divorcer brav'd; Patroclus, thy conceit. the over have. Gave thee th'eversion of our Troy; and to thy sleete a freight aed white lines. Of Trojan Ladies, their free lives, put all in bands by thee: But (too much prizer of thy felfe) all thefe are propt by me. For these, have my horse stretcht their hooses, to this so long a warre, And I (farre best of Troy in armes) keepe off from Troy as farres Even to the last beame of my life, their necessary day. And here (in place of us and ours) on thee shall Vultures prev. Poore wretch; nor shall thy mighty friend affoord thee any aid, That gave thy parting much deepecharge; and this perhaps he faid: Martiall Patroclus, turne not face, nor fee my fleete before The cures from great Hellers breaft, all guilded with his gore, Thou hew it in pieces: if thus vaine were his far-stretcht commands. As vaine was thy heart to believe, his words lay in thy hands. He languishing, replide: this proves thy glory worse then vaine,

Patrochestan.

That when two gods have given thy hands, what their powres did obtaine. (They conquering, and they spoyling me, both of my armes and minde. It being a worke ofcase for them) thy soule should be so blinde, To oversee their evident deeds, and take their powres to thee; When, if the powres of twenty fuch, had dar'd t'encounter me, My lance had strew'd earth with them all, Thou onely dost obtaine A third place in my death; whom first a harmefull face hath flaine Effected by Latonas sonne; second and first of men, Euphorbus. And this one thing more, concernes thee; note it then : Thou shalt not long survive thy selfe, nay, now Death cals for thee, And violent fate; Achilles lance shall make this good for me.

Thus death joyn'd to his words, his end; his foule tooke instant wing, And to the house that hath no lights, descended forrowing For his fad fate, to leave him young, and in his ablest age. He dead, yet Heltor askt him why, in that prophetique rage, He fo forfpake him? when none knew, but great Achilles might Prevent his death, and on his lance, receive his lateft light.

Thus fetting on his fide his foote he drewout of his wound. His brazen lance, and upwards east the body on the ground; When quickly, while the dart was hot, he charged Automedon. (Divine guide of Achilles fleeds) in great contention. To feize him to: but his fo fwift and deathleffe horfe, that fetcht Their gift to Peleus from the gods, foone rap'thim from his reach.

Heller charges on Automed a for Achiles

COMMENTARIUS.

a Ai 38 Zed to mires, &c. Thefe last verfes in the original, by many anstere ancients have suffered expanition; as being unworthy the month of an Heroe, because he (cemes to make such a wish in them: which is as poorely conceited of the expurners, as the rest of the places in Homer, that have groned or laughed under their castigations, Achilles not out of his beart (which any true eye may see) wishing it; but out of a frolicke and delight some bumour being merry with bis friend, which the verfe following in part expressetb:

Ως οἱ με τοι αυτα ακός άλλήλοις αλίεδιου. Sic hi quidem talia inter le loquebantur. Inter le, intimating the meaning aforesaid. But our divine masters most ingenious imitating the life of things, (which is the Coule of a Poeme) is never respected nor perceived by his Interpreters onely standing pedantically on the Grammer and words attering norant of the fence and grace of bims.

b Ivas Aiax Mθυμών, φε. Εξραθεών, φε. Agnovit autem diax in animo inculpato, opera deorum; piynow te: exhorminque. Another molt ingenious and spritefull imitation of the life, and ridiculous human of Alax, I must needs note have, because it flies all his Translators and Interpreters; who take it meerely for ferious, when it is apparantly scopticall and ridiculous, with which our author would delight his understanding Reader; and mixe mirth with matter. He faith. that Hector cut off the head of Aiax lance, which be feeing, would need affect a kinde of prophetique wisedome (with which be is never charged in Homer) and imagined frongly, the custing off his lances head, caft a figure thus deepesthat as Hector cut off that, love would utterly cut off the heads of their counfels to that fight, and give the Troises victory: which totake feriously and gravely. is most dull (and as I may (ay) Mianticall: the voyce were (which they expound pracidebat, and indeed is tondebat; neigh fignifying most properly tondeo) helping well to decipher the Ironie. But to understand gravely that the cutting off his lances head, are ned loves intent to cut off their counsels, and to allow the wit of Aiax for his fo farre-fetcht apprehension: I suppose no man can make lesse then idle, and witleffe. A plaine continuance therefore it is of Aiax humour, whom in divers oother places he playes upon as in likening him in the eleventh booke so a mille Affe, and ellewhere to be noted hereafter.

c Tmo kui Guramo di Aupasore] by Sleepe and Death (which he ingenionsly calleth Twins) was the body of loves some Sarpedon, taken from the fight, and borne to Lycia. On which place, Eustathius doubts, whether truely and indeed it was tracferd to Lycia: and he makes the cause of his doubt, this: that Death & Sleepe are inania quædam, things emptie and voide; sereuna me cama, not folid or firme persons, ain arounata main, but que nihil ferre possunt. And therefore hee thought there was were ein quoddan; that is, some word or empty sepulcher or monument prepared for that Heroe in Lycia, &c. or elfe makes another ftrange tran lation

translation of it by wonder; which Spondanus thinkes to have happened truely. But rather would interpret it meerely and nakedly a poeticall fiction. bis reason I will forbeare to utter because it is unworthy of him. But would not a man wonder that our great and grave Eustathius, would doubt whether Sleepe and Death carried Sarpedons perfor, perforally to Lycia: or not rather make no quellion of the contrary? Homer nor any Poets end in such poeticall relations, being to affirme the truth of things per (on ally done; but to please with the truth of their matchleffe wits, and some worthy doctrine conveyed in it. Nor would Homer bave any one believe the personalitransportance of Sarpedon by Sleepe dy Death but onely varieth and graceth bis Poeme with these Prolopopeiaes, and delivers no this most ingenious and grave dollrine in it : that the Heroes body, for which both those mightie Hofts so mightily contended, Sleepe and Death (those same quædam inania) tooke from all their personall and solid forces. Wherein be would further note to us, that from all the bitterest and deadliest conslites and trannies of the world, Sleepe and Death, when their worst is done, delivers and transfers men: a little mocking withall, the vehement and greedy profecutions of tyranes and (ouldiers against, or for that, which two such deedlesse poore things takes from all their Emperie. And yet, against Euftathius manner of sleighting their powers, what is there of all things belonging to man, fo powerfull over him as Death and Sleep? And why may not our Homer (whose words I hold with Spondanus ought to be an undisputable deed and authority with us as well personate Sleepe and Death, as all men besides personate Love, Anger, Sloth, ege. Thus onely where the sence and soule of my most worthily reverenced Author is abufed, or not feene, I fill infift; and gleane thefe few poore corne cares after all other mens barnefts.

The end of the fixteenth Booke.

THE



THE XVII BOOKE OF HOMER'S ILIADS.

THE ARGUMENT!

Dreadfull fight about Patroclus corfe. A Euphorbus flaine by Menelaus force. Hector; in th'armour of Azeides. Antilochus. relating the deceale Of Raine Patroclus, to faire Thetis fonne. The body from the striving Troians wonne. Th' Aiaces, making good the after field, Make all the subsect that this booke doth yeeld.

Another Argument.

In Rho, the vertuous hofts maintaine A flanterous conflict for the fame.

Or could his flaughter rest conceald from Menelaus care, Who flew amongst the formost fights, & with his targe & speare Circled the body:as much griev'd, and with as tender beed To keepe ittheirs, as any damme about her first borne ked;

Not proving what the paine of birth, would make the love before; Nor to pursue his first attaint, Euphorbus spirit forbore, But feeing Menelaus chiefe, in rescue of the dead, Affaid him thus: Atrides, ceafe, and leave the flaughtered With his embrew'd spoyle, to the man that first of all our state And famous fuccours, in faire fight, made passage to his fate; And therefore fuffer me to weare the good name I have wonne

Amongst the Troians, left thy life repay what his hath done. O Impiter (faid he, incenst) thou art no honest man To boalt, so past thy powre to doe. Not any Lyon can, Nor spotted Leopard, nor Bore, (whose minde is mightiest In pouring furie from his ftrength) advance to proudacreft As Panthus fighting progenic. But Hypereners pride, That loyd so little time his youth, when be so vilifide My force in armes, and cald me worst of all our chevalrie, And flood my worst; might teach ye all, to shun this surcuidrie: I thinke he came not fately home, to tell his wife his acts: Nor leffe right of thy infolence, my equal fate exacts, And will obtaineme, if thou stay it, retire then, take advise . A foole fees nought before tis done, and still too late is wife. This movd not him, but to the worfe; fince is renew'd the fling, Eupherbus to Mencum, This Emborbes was bestbat in Ovida Pythagaras faith he was in the ways of Trey

Menelaus ta Eu berbue.

That

To whom he answerd: thou shalt pay for all the paines endured

By that flaine brother; all the wounds fuftaind for him, recur'd

A heavie widow: when her joyes of wedlocke scarce had life,

To Panthus, and the fnowy hand of Phrontes, I will bring

Shall aske no long time to performe: nor be my words alone.

With one, made in thy heart by me. Tistrue, thou mad'ft his wife

And hurt ft our parents with his griefe; all which thou glorieft in :

Forespeaking so, thy death, that now their grices end shall begin.

Those armes, and that proud head of thine; and this laborious thing

But why (deare minde) dost thou thus talke? when men dare fee their heads Against the gods, (as sure they doe that fight with men they love)

Straight one or other plague enfues: it cannot therefore move The grude of any Greeke that fees, I yeeld to Heller, he

Still fighting with a spirit from heaven: And yet if I could see Brave Miax, he and I would frand, though gainst a god; and sure Tie best I seeke him: and then see if we two can procure This Corfes freedome through all thefe: a little then let reft

The body of my minde be still; of two bads chuse the best. In this discourse, the troupes of Troy were in with him, and he

Made fuch a Lyon-like retreate; as when the herdfinen fee

The royall favage, and come on, with men, dogs, cryes, and speares, To cleare their horned stall; and then, the kingly heart he beares, (With all his high disdaine) fals off. so, from this ods of aide The golden-haird Atrides fled: and in his strength displaid

Vpon his left hand, him he wisht; extremely bufied About encouraging his men; to whom, an extreame dread

Apollo had infulde: the King reacht diax inflantly. And faid; Come friend, let us two hafte, and from the tyranny Of Hettor, free Patroclus corfe. He strait and gladly went;

And then was Heller haling of the body, with intent To spoyle the shoulders of the dead, and give the dogs the rest; (His armes he having prisdebefore.) When Ajax brought his breft To barre all further spoyle; with that, he had fure, Heller thought Twas best to satisfie his spleene; which temper Aiax wrought

With his meere fight, and Heller fled: the armes he fent to Troy, To make his citizens admire, and pray leve fend him joy. Then Aiax gatherd to the corfe, and hid it with his targe: There fetting downe as fure a foote, (as in the tender charge

Of his lov'd whelps) a Lyon doth: two hundred hunters neare, To give him onfet, their more force, make him the more auftere; Drownes all their clamors in his rores; darts, dogs, doth all despife,

Aud lets his rough browes downe so low, they cover all his eyes. So Alax lookt, and flood, and flayd for great Priamides.

When Glaucus Hippolochides faw Aiax thus depreffe The spirit of Heder: thus he chid, O goodly man at armes, In fight a Paris, why should Fame make thee fort gainst our harmes, Being such a fugitive? now marke how well thy boasts defend Thy citie onely with her owne. Be fure it shall descend, To that proofe wholly. Not a man of any Lycian ranke,

Shall strike one stroke more, for thy towne, for no man gets a thanke, Should he eternally fight here: nor any guard of thee.

How wilt thou (worthlesse that thou art) keepe off an enemy From our poore souldiers, when their Prince, Sarpedon, guest and friend

To thee, (and most descreedly) thou flew's from in his end, And left it to all the luft of Greece? O gods, a man that was

Sum:22

Abilles.

But their performance; Strength, and Fight, and Terror thus fets on. Eusbordus fine This faid, he strooke his all-round shield; nor shrunke that, but his lance That turn'd head in it: then the King affaild the fecond chance, First praying to the king of gods, and his dart, entry got (The force much driving backe his foe) in low part of his throte, And ranne his necke through. Then fell pride and he, and all with gore His lockes, that like the Graces were, and which he ever wore In gold and filver ribands wrapt, were pitcoufly wet.

And when alone in some choice place, a husbandman hath see The young plant of an Olivetree, whole roote being ever fed With plenty of delicious springs; his branches bravely spred, And all his fresh and lovely head, growne curld with snowy flowres, That dance, and flourish with the winds, that are of gentlest powres : But when a whirlewind (got aloft) stoopes with a fodaine gale; Teares from his head his tender curles, and toffeth therewithall His fixt root from his hollow mines: it well presents the force Of Spartas King; and so the Plant, Euphorbus and his Corfe.

He flaine, the King stript off his armes, and with their worthy prize, (All fearing him) had clearely past if heavens faire eye, of eyes, Had not (in envy of his acts) to his encounter flird The Mars like Hetter, to whose powres, the rescue he preferd Of those faire armes: and tooke the shape of Mentas (Colonell Of all the Cicones that neare the Thracian Hebrus dwell) Like him, he thus puts forth his voyce. Hetter, thou fcowr'ft the field In headstrong pursuit of those horse, that hardly are compeld To take the draught of chariots by any mertals hand.

The great grandchild of Acaes, hath onely their command; Whom an immortall mether bore: while thou attends on these, Paroclus, focal. The yong Atrides in defence of Menatiades,

24 of Merations Hath flaine Euphorbus. Thus the god tooke troupe with men againe, And Heller (heartily perplext) lookt round, and faw the flaine, Still shedding rivers from his wound: and then tooke envious view Of brave Asrides with his spoyle; in way to whom he flew,

Rate the month Like one Of Vulcans quenchleffe flames: Atrides heard the cry mijed jewife That ever usherd him, and sigh'd, and said: O me, if I of Ottentions. Should leave these goodly armes, and him, that here lies dead for me; neing Histor ad, I feare I should offend the Greekes. If I should stay, and be Alone with Hetter and his men, I may be compassing

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Simile.

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Simile.

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(In life) fo huge a good to Troy; and to thee such a grace. (In death) not kept by thee from does! if my friends will doe well. We'le take our shoulders from your wals, and let all finke to hell As all will, were our faces turn'd. Did fuch a spirit breath In all you Troians, as becomes all men that fight beneath Their countries standerd, you would fee, that such as prop your cause With like exposure of their lives, have all the honour dlawes Of fuch a deare confederacie, kept to them to a thred: As now ye might reprife the armes Sarpedon forfeited. By forfeit of your rights to him, would you but lend your hands. And force Patroclass to your Troy? Ye know how deare he stands In his love, that of all the Greeke, is (for himfelfe) farre best, And leades the best, neare-fighting men: and therefore would (at least) Redeeme Sarpedons armes: nay him, whom you have likewise lost. This body drawne to Ilion, would after draw, and cost A greater ransome if you pleas'd: but Aiax startles you: Tis his breaft barres this right to us. His bokes are darts cnow To mixe great Heller with his men. And, not to blame yeare, You chuse foes underneath your Brengths; Jiax exceeds ye farre. Media to Glan- Hetter lookt passing sowre at this; and answerd, why dar'st thou, (So under) talke above me fo? O friend, I thought till now, Thy wisedome was superiour to all th'inhabitants Of gleby Lycia; but now, impute apparant wants To that discretion thy words shew, to say I lost my ground For Aiax greatnesse: nor feare I the field in combats drownd. Nor force of chariots: but I feare a powre much better kene, In right of all warre, then all we: that god that holds betweene. Our victoric and us, his shield: lets conquest comeand goe At his free pleasure; and with feare, converts her changes lo Vpon thestrongest: men must fight, when his inst spirit impels, Not their vaine glories. But come on, make thy steps parallels To these of mine; and then be judge how deepe the worke will draw. If then I spend the day in shifts? or thou canst give such law To thy detractive speeches then? or if the Grecian host Holds any, that in pride of strength, holds up his spirit most, Whom (for the carriage of this Prince, that thou enforceft fo) I make not stoope in his desence. You, friends? ye heare and know How much it fits ye to make good this Grecian I have flaine, For ranfome of leves fonne, our friend; play then the worthy men, Till I endue Achilles armes. This faid, he left the fight, And cald backe those that bore the armes; not yet without his light, In convoy of them towards Troy. For them, he chang'd his owne; Removed from where it rained teares, and fent them backe to towne.

Then put he on th'eternall armes, that the celefiall states Gave Peleus; Peleus being old, their use appropriates To his Achilles, that (like him) forfooke them nor for age. When he, whose Empire is in clouds, saw Heller bent to wage Warre in divine Achilles armes, he shooke his head, and said :

Poore wretch, thy thoughts are farre from death; though he foncere hath layd loves air His ambush for thee. Thou putst on those armes (as braving him) Whomothers feare, haft flain his friend, and from his youthfull lim, himselfeet Helter in the Torne rudely off his heavenly armes; himfelfe being gentle, kind, armes of A-And valiant. Equall measure then, thy life in youth must find. chilles. Yet fince the inflice is fo ftrict, that not Andremache (In thy denied returne from fight) must ever take of thee Those armes, in glory of thy acts: thou shalt have that fravle blaze Of excellence, that neighbours death: a firength even to smaze. To this his fable browes did bow; and he made fit his lim To those great armes; to fill which up, the Warre-god entred him: Auftere and terrible: his joynts and every part extends With firength and fortitude; and thus to his admiring friends, High Clamer brought him. He fo shin'd, that all could think no lesse. But he resembl'd every way, great-foul'd Æacides. Then every way he scowr'd the field, his Captaines calling on . Afteropaus, Eunomus (that forefaw all things done) Glaucus, and Medon, Definor, and ftrong Therfilecus, Phoreis, and Meftheles, Chronius, and great Hippothous : To all thefe, and their populous troops, thefe his excitements were: Heare us, innumerable friends, neere-bordering nations heare; Heltor to his We have not cald you from your townes, to fill our idle eve Captains and With number of fo many men, (no fuch vaine empery fouldiers. Did ever ioy us) but to fight, and of our Troian wives With all their children, manfully to fave the innocent lives; In whose cares we draw all our townes, of ayding souldies dry, With gifts, guards, victuall, all things fit; and hearten their supply The fecret of With all like rights; and therefore now let all fides fet down this, WATTC. Or live, or perish: this of warre the special secretis. In which most resolute designe, who ever bears to town Patroclus (layd dead to his hand) by winning the renown Of Asax flaughter, the halfe-spoyle we wholly will impart The promise To his free use; and to our selfe the other halfe convert: of Hector of And fo the glory shall be shar'd; our selfe will have no more Patroclus ba-Then he shall shine in. This drewall, to bring abroad their store dy could bee Before the body: enery man had hope it would be his. forced off to their part. And forc'd from Aiax : Silly fooles, Aiax prevented this, By rayling rampiers to his friend, with halfe their carkaffes. And yet his humour was to rore, and feare: and now no leffe To startle Spartas king; to whom he cried out: O my friend! O Menelaus! nere more hope, to get off; here's the end Aiax to Of all our labours : not fo much I feare to lofe the cerfe, Menelane: For that's fure gone, the fowles of Troy and dogs will quickly force That peece-meale) as I feare my head, and thine ô Atreus fonne; Mellor a cloud brings, will hideall; instant destruction, Gnevous, and heavy comes; ô call our Peeres to ayd us; fly-Hie hafted, and usde all his voyce; sent farre and neere his cry; O Princes, chiefe lights of the Greeks; and you that publickly

Cimale.

Simile

Of great Ascides be forc'd to feed the beafts of Troy. His voyce was first heard and obeyd by swift Oileades: Idomeness and his mate (renownd Meriones) Were seconds to oiler sonne : but, of the rest, whose minde Can lay upon his voyce the names, that after these combinde, In fetting up this fight on end ? the Troians first gave on: And as into the feas vast mouth, when mighty rivers run, Their billows, and the fea, refound; and all the utter shore Rebellows (in her angry (hocks) the feas repulfive rore. With fuch founds gave the Troians charge; fo was their charge repreft: One mind fild all Greeks ; good braffe shields close coucht to every breast : And on their helmes love pourd down a mighty deale of night To hide Patroclus: Whom alive, and when he was the knight Of that grandchild of Eacus, Saturnius did not hate; Nor dead, would fee him dealt to dogs, and so did instigate His fellows to his worthy guard. At first the Troians draue Theblackey'd Grecians from the corfe; but not a plow they gaue That came at death. A while they hung about the bodies heeles, The Greeks quite gone. But all that while did Ajax whet the steeles Of all his forces, that cut back, way to the corle again: Brane Aiax (that for forme, and fact, past all that did maintain

The Grecian fame, nex Thetis fonne) now flew before the first: And as a fort of dogs, and youths, are by a Bore difperst About a mountain: so fled these from mighty Asax, all That stood in conflict for the corfe. Who thought no chance could fall Betwixt them and the prize at Troy. For bold Hippethous, (Lethus, Pelafem famous fonne) was fo adventurous, That he would fland to bore the corfe about the anklebone, Where all the nervy fivers meet, and ligaments in one, That make the motion of those parts: through which he did conuay The thong or bawdrik of his shield, and so was drawing away All thanks from Hector, and his friends: but in their flead he drew An ill that no man could auert : For Telamonius threw A lance that strook quite through his helme; his braine came leaping out: Down fell Letherdes: and with him the bodies hovfred foot Far from Lariffa's foyle he fell; a little time allow'd To his industrious spirits, to quit the benefits bestow'd

By his kind parents. But his wreak Priamides affayd,

At Schedius, sonne of Iphitus: a man of ablest hand

and threw at Aiax; but his dart (discoucred) past, and stayd

Of all the strong Phocensians, and livid with great command,

In Fanopaus. The fell dart fell through his channell bonc. Pierc't through his shoulders upper part; and set his spirit gone When (after his) another flew; the fame hand giving wing To martiall Phoreis flartled foule, that was the after fpring Of Phanops feed: the lavelin ftrooke his curets through, and tore The bowels from the bellies midft. His fall made those before Give backe a little: Hectors selle enforc't to turne his face. And then the Greekes bestow'd their showts, tooke vantage of the chace, Drew off, and spoild Hippothous and Phoreis of their armes, And then ascended Ilion, had shaken with alarmes. Discovering th'impotence of Troy) even past the will of Iove: And by the proper force of Greece: had Phabus faild to move Aireas, in fimilitude of Periphas (the fonne Of grave Epytes) king at armes, and had good service done To old Anchifes; being wife, and even with him in yeares. Dur (like this man) the farre-feene god to Venus fonne appeares, And askt him how he would maintaine steepe Ilien in her height, In foice of gods (as he prefum'd) when men approv'd fo fleight, All his prefumptions? and all theirs, that puft him with that pride. Beleeving in their proper firengths? and generally supplied With fuch unfrighted multitudes? But he well knew that love (Befides their felfe conceits fuftaind their forces with more love Then theirs of Greece, and yet all that lackt power to hearten them: Areas knew the god, and faid: It was a shame extreme,

*Eneas knew the god, and laid; It was a liname extreme,
That those of Greece should beate them so; and by their cowardise,
Not want of mans ayde, nor the gods, and this (before his eyes)
A deitic stood, even now, and voucht, affirming love their aide.
And so bad Heefor and the rest, (to whom all this he faid)
Turne head; and not in that quicke ease, part with the Corse to Greece.

This faid, before them all he flew, and all (as of a peece) Against the Greekes flew. Venus sonne, Leocritus did end. Sonne of Arishas, and had place of Lycomedes friend, Whole fall he friendly pitried: and in revenge, befrow'd A lance, that Apifaon ftrooke fo fore, that straite he strow'd The duftie center; and did flicke in that congealed bloud That formes the liver. Second man he was of all that stood In name for armes, amongst the troupe, that from Paonia came; Afteropeus being the first: who was, in ruth the same That Lycomedes was, like whom, he put forth for the wreake Of his flaine friend: but wrought it not, because he could not breake That bulwarke made of Grecian shields; and briffl'd wood of speares Combind about the body flaine. Amongst whom Aiax beares The greatest labour; every way exhorting to abide, and no man flye the Corfe a foot, nor breake their rankes in pride Of any foremost daring spirit; but each foot hold his stand, And use the closest fight they could. And this was the command Dimighty Aiax: which observ'd, they steept the earth in bloud. The Troi ins and their friends fell thicke. Nor all the Grecians flood st ollo digueri ik: Periphas o Aveas,

Almas to the

Alax blot

Though

.4 1

and firre the lower fuffied fate) for ever they had care a confusion, and the toyle that still oppresseth there. no let they all the field on fire, with which you would have thought he Sanne and Moone had beene put out, in such a smoke they fought About the person of the Prince. But all the field beside Fought underneath a lightfome heaven: thefunne was in his pride. And fuch expansure of his beames, he thrust out of his throng, That not a vapour durft appeare in all that region : No, not upon the highest hill: there fought they still and breathd, shand danger, cast their darts aloofe, and not a sword unsheathd. The other plyde it; and the warre, and night plyde them as weil: The cruel! flee'e afflicting all; the ftrongeft did not dwell Valuat within their iron roofes. Two men of speciall name, inclockus and Thrafimed, were yet unferv'd by Fame With notice of Patrocles death: they thought him still alive, "a foremost tumuit, and might well: for (seeing their fellowes thrive in no more comfortable fort, then Fight and Death would yeeld) they fought apart, for fo their Sire, old Nefter, fittictly wild, insloyning fight, more from the fleet: warre here increast his heate he whole day long, continually the labour and the sweate, the knces, calves, fect, hands, faces, smeard, of men that Mars applide a bout the good Achilles friend. And as a huge Oxe hide, Cure er gives amongst his men, to supple and extend Web over till it be drunke withall, they tug, firetch out, and fpend Their oyle and liquor liberally, and chafe the leather fo That out they make a vapour breathe, and in their oyle doth goe: A number of them let on worke, and in an Orbe they pull, That all wayes all parts of the hide they may extend at full . o bereand there, did both parts hale, the Corfe in little place, and wrought it alwaies with their facate; the Troians hop tfor grace warmake it reach for Ilion, the Grecians to their fleet: estell tumult they flird up, and fuch, as flould Mars feet, and harrid hurrier of men) or fle that betters him, wer a never to incenft; they could not dilefteeme, o bart. Ba contention did love that day extend nd horse about the slaine. Of whom, his god-like friend delined languetion. So farre off, and underneath the wall the recoverant conflict was maintained which was not thought at all In great A like, fince he charg'd, that having fer his focte Vpon the Ports, he would retire; well knowing Troy no boote For his affaults, without himfelfe; fince not by him, as well, e knew it was be fubdu'd. His mother oft would tell The minde of southty love therein; oft hearing it in heaven; of chargean tro his friend, was no instruction given the all dais by degrees must ill events be knowne. ing an eleft one to other fill, about the overthrowne. .. with death infected both. Even private Greekes would fav sher; twere a fhame for us to goe our way,

And let the Trojans beare to Troy the praise of such a prize : Which let the blacke earth gaspe and drinke our blond for sacrifice. Before we fuffer: tis an act much leffe infortunate. And then would those of Troy resolve, though certainely our fate Will fell us altogether here: of all not turne a face. Thus either fide, his fellowes strength, excited past his place; And thus through all th'unfruitfull ayre, an iron found afcended Vo to the golden firmament, when strange effects contended In these immortall heaven-bredhorse of great Acides: Whom (once remov'd from forth the fight) a fodaine fenfe did feife Of good Patroclus death; whose hands they oft had undergone. And bitterly they wept for him: nor could Automedon, With any manage make them ftirre; oft use the scourge to them. Ofe ule his fairest speech, as oft, threats never so extreame. They neither to the Hellespont would beare him, nor the fight: But still as any tombe-stone laves his never-stirred weight On fome good man or womans grave, for rites of funerall: So unremoved flood these steeds, their heads to earth let fall. And warme teares gushing from their eyes, with passionate desire, Of their kinde manager; their manes that flourisht with the fire Of endlesse youth allotted them: fell through the yokie sphere, Ruthfully ruff'd and defilde. Iove faw their heavy cheare, And (pittying them) spake to his minde. Poore wretched beafts (faid he) Why gave we you t'a mortall king? when immortalitie, Aud incapacitic of age to dignifies your states? Was it to halte the miseries, pour'd out on humanes fates? Of all the miferablift things that breathe and creepe on earth. No one more wretched is then man. And for your deathlesse birth. Helfor must faile to make you prife: is t not enough he weares. And glories vainly in those armes? your chariots and rich geares (Belides you) are too much for him. Your knees and spirits againe My care of you shall fill with strength, that so ye may sustaine . Automedon, and beare him off. To Troy I still will give The grace of flaughter, till at fleet, their bloudy feet arrive : Till Phabus drinke the Westerne sea, and sacred darknesse throwes Her fable mantle, twixt their points. Thus in the steeds he blowes Excellive spirit; and through the Greekes and Ilians they rapt The whirring chariot; shaking off the crumbl'd center, wrapt Amongst their treffes: and with them, Automedon let flie Amongst the Troisns; making way, through all as frightfully. As through a langling flocke of Geele, a lordly Vulture beats, Given way with thrikes, by every Goofe that comes but neare his threats, With such state fled he through the preasse, pursuing as he fled; But made no flaughter, nor he could: alone being carried Vpon the facred chariot. How could he both workes, doe, Direct his javelin, and command his fiery horses too? At length he came where he beheld his friend Alcimedon, That was the good Laercius, the sonne of Emens sonne,

The common

Simile

Joves discourse with himself of the wretch different of humani-

Simile.

And

Are:meden to Antemedon.

Who close came to his chariot fide, and askt, What god is he That hath so robd thee of thy soule, to runne thus frantickly Amongst these forefights, being alone? thy fighter being flaine, And Hetter glorying in his armes? he gave thele words againe :

Antomedon to Alimedon.

Alcimedon, what man is he? of all the Argive race, So able as thy felfe to keepe, in use of preasse, and pace These deathlesse horse? himselfe being gone, that like the gods had th'art, Of their high manage? therefore take to thy command his part, And case me of the double charge, which thou hast blam'd with right. He tooke the scourge and raines in hand, Automedon the fight:

Heller to Eneas Which Heller feeing, instantly (Aneas standing neare) He told him, he discern'd the horse, that mere immortall were, Addrest to fight, with coward guides, and therefore hop's to make A rich prize of them; if his minde would helpe to undertake: For these two could not stand their charge. He granted, and both cast Dry folid hides upon their neckes, exceeding foundly braft; And forth they went, affociate with two more god-like men, Aretus, and bold Chronius, nor made they question then To prife the goodly crefted horse, and safely send to hell The foules of both their guardians: O fooles that could not tell. They could not worke out their returne from herce Automedon Without the liberall cost of bloud, who first made Orizon To father love, and then was fild with fortitude and firength, When (counselling Alcimedon to keepe at no great length The horse from him, but let them breathe, upon his backe, because He saw th'advance that Helder made, whose furie had no lawes Proposed to it, but both their lives, and those horse, made his prize, Or his life theirs) he cald to friend, these well-approv'd supplies; Th' Ainces, and the Spartan king: and faid, Come, Princes, leave Autometer cals A fure guard with the corfe, and then, to your kinde care receive

for and to toe Our threatned fafeties; I discerne the two chiefe props of Troy melaus.

be ps co.

Prepar'd against us: But herein, what best men can enjoy, In the Greek as Lies in the free knees of the gods; my dart shall leade ye all; is uled not in the hands but

ivages this pirale The sequell to the care of Iove, I leave what ever fall. All this spake good Automedon then, brandishing his lance, Apprairieta He threw, and ftrooke Aresus fhield, that gave it enterance in the kneet of Through all the steele, and (by his belt) his bellies inmost part the gods lies our It pierc't, and all his trembling lims, gave life up to his dart, Then Heller at Antomedon, a blazing lance let flye, Whose flight he saw, and falling flat, the compasse was too high, And made it sticke beyond in earth, th'extreme part burst, and there Mars buried all his violence. The fword then, for the speare, Had chang'd the conflict, had not hafte fent both th' Aiaces in, (Both serving close their fellowes call) who, where they did begin, There drew the end: Priamides, Eneas, Chronius, (In doubt of what fuch aidemight worke) left broken hearted thus, Aretus to Automedon, who spoyld his armes, and faid :

A little this revives my life, for him to lately dead,

Automedinin-

(Though

(Though by this nothing countervail'd) and with his little vent Of in ward priefe, he tooke the spoyle, with which he made alcent Vp to his Charior; hands and secre of bloudy staines so full, That Lyon-like he lookt, new turn'd from tearing up a Bull. And now another bitter fight, about Patroclas grew,

Teare-thirstie, and of toyle enough, which Pallas did renew, Descending from the cope of flarres, dismift by sharpe-evd love. To animate the Greekes: for now, inconfrant change did move His minde from what he held of late: and as the purple bow, leve bends at mortals, when of warre, he will the fignall show.

Or make it a prefage of cold, in fuch tempessuous fort. That men are of their labours eafde, but labouring cattell hurt : So Pallas in a purple cloud, involved her felfe, and went Amongst the Grecians; stird up all, but first encouragement

She breath'd in Atrew yonger fonne, and (for difguife) made choife Of aged Phanix shape; and spake with his unwearied voyce. O Menelam, much defame, and equal heavineffe

Will touch at thee; if this true friend of great Lacides. Dogs teare beneath the Troian wals; and therefore beare thee well, Toyle through the hoft; and every man, with all thy spirit impell,

He answerd: O thou long-fince borne? O Phanix? that hast wonne The honor'd foster-fathers name, of Thetis god-like sonne : b I would Mineros would but give firength to me; and but keepe These busic darts off; I would then make in indeed, and steepe My income in their blouds, in side of good Patroclus; much

His death afflicts me, much: but yet, this Hellers grace is fuch With Ieve, and such a fierie Brength and spirit he has, that still His steele is killing, killing still. The Kings so royall will, Minerva joy'd to heare, fince the did all the gods outgoe In his remembrance. For which grace she kindely did bestow Strength on his shoulders, and did fill his knees as liberally With swiftnesse, breathing in his breast, the courage of a five.

Which leves to bite fo, and doth beare mans bloud fo much good will. That still (though beaten from a man) she flyes upon him still. With such a courage Pallas fild the blacke parts neare his heart. And then he hasted to the slaine, cast off a shining dart; And tooke one Podes, that was heire to old Ection. A rich man, and a firenuous; and by the people done

Much honour; and by Hetter too, being confort, and his gueff. And him the yellow-headed King laid hold on at his wafte; In offering flight, his iron pile strooke through him, downe befell, And up Airides drew his corfe. Then Phabus did impell

The spirit of Heller, Phaneps like, surnam'd Afiades. Whom Heller usde (of all his guests) with greatest friendlinesse; And in Abydus stood his house; in whose forme thus he spake:

Hector? what man of all the Greekes will any terrour make, Of meeting thy strength any more, when thou are terrified By Menelaus? who before he flue thy friend, was tried,

Simil.

Pa" astil EIX O J.E .

35-25-25

Palias were P. Cz.

Phasu lik fiades 10 Hais A. passing casic fouldier; where now (besides his end, Imposse by him) he drawes him off (and not a man to friend) from all the Trojans. This friend is. Pedes. Ections some.

From all the Troians. This friend is, Podes, Ections sonne.

This hid him in a cloud of griefe, and let him formoft on, and then Iove tooke his Snake-fring'd shield; and Ida cover'd all With sulphuric clouds, from whence he let abhorred lightnings fall, and thundred till the mountaine shooke; and with his dreadfull state, He usherd victory to Troy, to Argos slight and fate.

Pencleus Baorius, was he that formost sled,
Being wounded in his shoulders height; but there the lances head strooke lightly, glancing to his mouth, because it strooke him neare,
Thrownessem Polydamas: Leitus, next left the fight in searce,
(Being hurt by Hesser in his hand) because he doubted fore
His hand in wished fight with Troy, would hold his lance no more.

ldomes o at Medera

Idomeneus fent a dartat Hector, (rushing in, And following Leitus) that strooke his bosome neare his chin. And brake at top, the Ilians for his cleape did shout. When Heller at Deucalides, another lance fent out, As in his chariot he flood, it mist him narrowly; For (as it fell) Caranso drave his speedy chariot by. And tooke the Troian lance himselfe; he was the Charioteere Of sterne Aceriones, and first, on foote did service there. Which well he left to governe horse, for faving now his king. With driving twixt him and his death, though thence his owne did foring. Which kept a mighty victory from Troy, in keeping death From his great Soveraigne: the fierce dart did enter him beneath His care, betwixt his jaw and it; drave downe, cut through his tonene. And Brooke his teeth out; from his hands, the horses raines he flung. Which now Meriones receiv'd, as they beffrew'd the field, And bad his foveraigne feourge away, he faw that day would veeld No hope of victory for them. He fear'd the fame, and fled.

Nor from the mightic minded sonne of Telamon, lay hid (For all his clouds) high love himselfe, nor from the Spartan King, They faw him in the victory, he ftill was varying For Troy, for which fight, Miax faid: O heavens, what foole is he. That fees not loves hand in the grace, now done our enemy? Not any dart they touch, but takes; from whomfoever throwne. Valiantor coward; what he wants, love addes; not any one Wants his direction to firike fure, nor ours, to miffe, as fure : But come, let us be fure of this, to put the best in ure That lies in us, which two-fold is, both to fetch off our friend. and fo to fetch him off, as we may likelieft contend To fetch our felves off, that our friends furviving may have right In icy of our fecure retreat, as he that fell in fight. Being kept as fure from further wrong: of which perhaps they doubt. and looke this way, grieve for us, not able to worke out Or passe from this man-slaughterer, great Hetter and his hands, That are too hot for men to touch, but that thefe thirfty fands,

Before our fleet will beenforc't, to drinke our headlong death. Which to prevent by all fit meanes, I would the parted breath Of good Patroclus to his friend, with feeed imparted were By fame he loves: for I beleeve, no heavie messenger Hath ver inform'd him; but alas, I fee no man to fend; Both men and horse are hid in mists, that every way descend. Offither Impiter, doe thou the formes of Greece releafe Of this felt darkneffe; grace this day with fit transparences. And give the eyes thou giv'ft, their use, destroy us in the light, And worke thy will with us, fince needs thou wilt against us fight. This pake he weeping; and his teares, Saturnius pittie show'd. Difperst the darknesse instantly, and drew away the clowd, From whence it fell: the Sunne shin'd out, and all the host appear'd; And then spake Aiax, (whose heard prayre, his spirits highly chear d. Brave Menelaus, looke about; and if thou canst descrie Neftors Antilochus alive, incite him instantly, To tell - schilles, that his friend, most deare to him, is dead. He faid, nor Menelaus flucke at any thing befaid. (As Joth to doe it) but he went, as from the Grafiers stall, A Lyon goes, when overlaid (with men, dogs, darts, and all Not cafily losing a fat Oxe, but strong watch, all night held) His teeth yet watering, oft he comes, and is as oft repeld; The adverse darts so thicke are pour d, before his brow-hid eyes. And burning firebrands; which for all his great hearts heate, he flies, And (grumbling) goes his way betimes: fo from Patroclus went Atrides, much against his minde; his doubts being vehemen; Left (he gone from his guard) the reft would leave for very frare) The person to the spoyle of Greece. And yet his guardians were The Aiaces, and Meriones, whom much his care did preffe, And thus exhort; Aiaces both, and you Meriones, Now let some true friend call to minde the gentle and sweet nature Of poore Patroclus; let him thinke, how kinde to every creature, His heart was, living, though now dead. Thus urg'd the faire-hair'd King, And parted, caffing round his eye. 4 As when upon her wing An Eagle is, whom men affirme to have the sharpest fight Of all aires region of fowles, and though of mightie height, Sees yet within her leavie forme, of humble flirubs, close laid A light foote Hare, which ftraight the floupes, truffes, and ftrikes her dead So dead shou ftrook ft thy charge (O king) through all warres thickets fo They look dit, and swiftly foundft thy man; exhorting gainst the foe, And heartning his plied men to blowes, usde in the warres left wing: To whom thou faidft; thou god-lov'd man, come here, and heare a thing; Willia I with never were to heare; I thinke even thy eye fees What a diffraction God hath laid upon the fonnes of Greece, An what a conquest he gives Troy; in which, the best of men ("4 recits) lies exanimate, whose person, passing faine, The Greekes would refeue and beare home; and therefore give thy speed To his great friend, to prove if he will doe fo good a deed,

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To fetch the naked person offs for Hellors shoulders weare dan to 10 H sprifed armes. Intilochus was highly griev'd to heare This heavie newes, and stood surprise with stupid silence long; His faire eyes standing full of scares; his voyce so sweet and strong. Stucke in his bosome; yet all this wrought in him no neglect Of what Acrides gave in charge: but for that quicke effect. He gave Landolm his armes, (his friend that had the guide Of his (wift horse) and then his knees were speedily applide In his fad meffage, which his eyes, told all the way inteares. Wall race Nor would thy generous heart affift his fore-charg'd fouldiers () Menelaur) in meane time, though left in much distreffe: Thou fentil them god-like Thrafamide, and mad'& thy kinde regreffe Backe to Patroclus, where arriv'd, halfe breathleffe thou didft fay To both th' Aiaces this: I have fent this messenger away To twift Achilles, who, I feare, will hardly helpe us now, (Though mad with Hellor) without armes he cannot fight, ye know : Let us then thinke of some best meane, both how we may remove The body and get off our felves from this vociferous drove, And face of Trojans. Bravely ipoke, at all parts (dian faid) () glorious fonne of Airem; take thou then straite the dead, And thou Meriones. We two, of one minde, as one name, Will backe yefoundly; and on us, receive the wild-fire flame, That Hellers rage breathes after you before it come at you. This faid, they tooke into their armes the body; all the show That might be, made to those of Troy, at armes end bearing it. Out shrickt the Troians, when they faw the body borne to fleete: And rusht on: as at any Bore, gasht with the hunters wounds, A kennell of the sharpest fer, and forest bitten hounds, Before their youthfull huntimen hafte, and eagerly a while Purfue, as if they were affur dof their affected spoyle, But when the Savage (in his ftrength as confident as they) Turnes head amongst them; backe they flie, and every one his way : So troupe meale Troy purluid a while, laying on with fwords and darts: But when th' Aiaces turn'd on them, and made their fland: their hearts Drunke from their faces all their blouds, and not a man fustain'd The forechace, nor the after fight. And thus Greece nobly gain'd The perfor rowards home: but thus, the changing warre was racke Out to a passing bloudy length: For as once put in act A fire invading citie roofes, is fodainly ingroft, And made a wondrous mighty flame, in which is quickly loft A house, long building; all the while, a boysterous gust of winde Lumbring amongst it. So the Greekes (in bearing of their friend) More and more fors drew: at their heeles, a tumult thundring still Of horse and foot. Yet as when Mules, in haling from a hill Abeame or maft, through foule deepe way, well clapt and heartned, close Ly crotheir labour, tug and fiveate, and paffing hard it goes: 'Vrg d by their drivers, to all halt) fo dragg'd they on the corfe, Still both th' Aisses at their backos, who backe flill turn'd the force,

Though after, it grew still the more; yet as a syluane hill Thruftsback a torrent that hath kept a narrow channell ftill, Till at his oken breft it beats; but there a check it takes, That fends it ouer all the vale, with all the stirre it makes Nor can with all the confinence break through his rooty fides: In no lessessim and braue repulse, th' Airces curbd the prides Of all the Troians: yet all held the pursuit it his strengths: Their Chiefes being Heller, and the sonne of Fenus, who at length Put all the youthlof Greece befides, in most amazefull rout : Forgetting all their fortitudes, distraught, and shricking out: A number of their rich armes loft, faln from them, here and there About, and in the dike; and yet, the warre concludes not here:

Simile, slisft ating the valer of both the Asaces.

COMMENTARIVS.

a Os D' ar aine raisesco Sobs paral soo Bacilius Aarime fun raqueir medun an akoton, Deza whou & dea miye diasmites municion KuxA G, avas de Te ixuas ecn, fluies de T'anoiza חומא שני באאמי זשי , זשוים שנו לו דב שמים לו מישים Ocoly tron if tron rixun baigm tri geien HILXAUT WILLTOTTEST.

Thus translated ad verbum by Spondanus: Sicut autem quando vir bovis magni pellem Populis dederit distendendam tumulentam pinguedine, Accipientes autem utique hi dispositi extendunt In orbem ; statim autem humor exist, penetratque adeps. Multis trahentibus : tenditur autem tota undique ; Sic hi buc & illuc cadaver parvo in spacio Trahebant utrique.

Laurent. Valla thus in Profe :

Et quemadmodum si quis pinguem Tauri pellem à pluribus extendi juberet: inter extendendum & humor & pingue defudat. Sic illi huc parvo in fpacio distrahebant.

Eobanus thus in Verse:

– Ác fi quis diftendere pellem Taurinam jubeat, crassam pinguedine multa, Multorum manibus, terræ defudet omafum Et liquor omnis humi. Sic ipsum tempore parvo Patroclum in diversa, manus numerosa, trahebat, &c.

To answer a hot obiection made to me by a great scholler, for not translating Homerword for word, and letter for letter (as out of bis beat be strained st) I amenforced to cite this admirable Simile, (like the other before in my annotions at the end of the fifteenb Booke) and referre it to my indicial readers axamination, whether fush a translation becomes Homer or not ; by noting fo much as needs to be by one example : whether the two last above-faid translators an being to hort with our everlafting mafter ; do bim to much right as my poore conversion; expressing him by necessary exposition and illustration of his words and meaning with more words, or not. The reason of his Simile, is to illustrate firste of both the armies for the body of Patrochus ; which it doth performe most inimitably; their toyle and fixeat about it being confidered (which I must pray you to surne to before :) the Simile it felfe yet, I thought not unfit to infert here to come up the closer to them, with whom I am to be compared. My paines and understanding converting it thus :

-And as a huge oxe hide, A Currier gives amongst his men, to supple and extend With ovle, till it be drunk withall: they tug, ftretch out, and found Their oyle and liquor liberally; and chafe the leather fo. They make it breathe a vapour out, and in their liquors go. A number of them fet a work; and in an orbe they pull. That all wayes, all parts of the hide they may extend at full . So here and there did both hofts hale the corfe in little space.

And wrought it all wayes with their fweat, &c. In which last words of the application considered, lies the life of this illustration. Our Homes divine invention wherein I fee not in any of their shorter translations toucht it. But what could expresse more the toyle about this body, forcing it this way and that, as the opposite advantage served on both sides? An oxes hide, after the tanning. diftendendam, temulentam pinguedine ; to be ftretcht out, being drunk with tallow, oyle, or liquor : the word meduran which fignifies termulentam, of medus figuifying chrius fum, (being a metaphor) and used by Homer, I thought fit to expresse (6; both because it is Homers, and doth much more illustrate than crassam pinguedine multa, as Eobanus turnes it. But Valla leaves it cleerely out : and with his briefnesse utterly maimes the Simile, which (to my understanding being fo excellent) I could not but with thus much repetition and labour inculcate the sence of it; since I see not that any translator bath ever thought of it. And therefore (against the objector, that would have no more words than Homer weed, in his translator) I hope those few words I we more, being necessary to expresse such a sence as I understand in Homer, will bee at least borne withall; without which, and other such needfull explanation, the most ingenious invention and fence of fo matchleffe a writer, might paffe endlefly obscured and unthought on. Aty manner of translation being partly built on this learned and indicious authority : Eft sciti interpretis, non verborum numerum, & ordinem sectari; sed res ipsas, & sententias attentè perpendere; casque verbis & formulis orationis vestireidoneis & aptis ei linguz in quam convertitur.

encouraging him (as you may read before) to fight; hee feakes as to Phoenix, and wishes Minerva would but put away the force or violence of the darts, and be would aid and fight bravely : which is a continuance of his character, being exprest for the most part by Homer ridiculous and simple. The originall words net (because neither Eobanus nor Valla understood the character) they utterly ververt; as if you please to examine them, you may see. The words are these, 2.847 S' amegurai egalus, which Spondanus traly interprets, telorum vero depulerit impetum; acessia being a compound of esono, signifying arcco, repello, provullo, abigo; and yet they translate the mords, & telis win afferiet.

as if Menelaus wisht that Pallas would give force to his darts. which Eobanus followes, faying, & tela valentia præftet, moft ignoramely and unsufferably converting it; Supposing them to be bis owne darts bee fpake of; and would have bleft with Minervacs addition of versue and power where Homers are plaine; be fake of the enemies darts; whose force if the would awert, he would fight for Patroclus. e Kai oi puine Saipres ort sus sent conne conne, dec. Et ei Malcæ audaciam in pectoribus immifit. Minerva infired bim with the courage of a flie; which all his interpreters very ridiculously laugh at in Homer; as if be heartily intended to praise Menclaus by it, not under flanding bis Ironie bere, agreeing with all the other filline fe noted in his character. Eobanus Heffus, in pittie of Homer, leaves it ut. serly out; and Valla comes over him with a little falve for the fore diferace bec bath by his ignorant readers laughters; and expounds the words above faid thus: Lene namque eins ingenium prudenti audacia implevit: laying bis medicine nothing neare the place. Spondanns (difliking Homer with the rest in this Simile) would not have Lucian forgotten in his merry Encomium of a Flie; and therefore cites him upon this place, playing upon Homer, (be laughing at all men fo ridiculom) I forbeare to repeate; and cite onely Luftathius, that would falve it, with altering the word sagos, which signifies considentia, or audacia (per Metathelin litera;) for mains, which is temeritas, of which I fee not the end: and rescite all, :o show bow such great Clerkes are perplext, and abuse Homer, as not being fatis compotes mentis Poetica; for want of which (which all their reading and language cannot supply) they are thus often graveld and mistaken.

a Ds aires, ege. Veluti Aquila: The fort Homer makes with Menelaus, is bere likewise confirmed and amplified in another Simile, resembling him intentionally to a Hare finder though for colours (ake be wfeth the word Eagle; as in all other places where he presents him (being so emment a person) be hides his simplicity with some shadow of glory or other. The circumstances making it cleare, being bere, and in divers other places made a meffenger from Aiax, and others, to call (uch and fuch to their aide; which was unfit for a man of his place, if he had beene in magnanimitie and valour equal, or any thing neare it. But to confirme his imper tection therein in divers other places, he is called war Saxos aixuntis, mollis bellator, and therefore was fittest to be employed to call up those that were harder and abler. In going about which bufineffe, Homer show be lookt about lecring like a Hare finder: for to make it fimply a Similicillustrating the state of his addreffe in that bafe affaire, bad neither wit nor decorum Both which being at their height in the other fence (becamfe our Homer was their great mafter to all accomplishment) let none detract so miserably from bim, as to take this other-

mile then a continuance of his Ironie.

The end of the seventeenth Booke.



THE XVIII. BO OF HOMER'S ILIADS.

THE ARGUMENT.

Chilles mourues told of Patroclus end, Asthen Thetis doth from forth the lea afcend, And comfort him, advising to abstaine ramany jight, tell her request could gaine Fix somes of Vulcan, Juno ver commands I from himfelfe. And at the dive he flands In list of the enemie, who with his fight Flies; and a number verit in the flight. Patroclus person (Safe brought from the marres His suldier: wash. Vulcan the armes prepares.

> Another Argument. izma continues the alarmes. And faftions the renowned armes.

Hey fought still like the rage of fire. And now Antilochus Came to Bacides: whose minde was much solicitous, For that, which (as he fear'd) was falne. He found him neer the fleet With upright faile-yeards, uttering this, to his heroikeconceit:

Ay me, why fee the Greekes themselves, thus beaten from the field, And routed headlong to their fleet. O let not heaven yeeld Effect to what my fad foule feares; that (as I was foretold) The Brongest Myrmidon, (next me) when I should still behold

The Sunnes faire light, must part with it. Past doubt, Menetius sonne Is he on whom that fate is wrought; O wretch, to leave undone What commanded, that the fleete once freed of hostile fire,

(Not meeting Hellor) instantly, he should his powres retire. As thus his troubi'd minde discourst, Antilechus appeat'd, And told with teares the fad newes thus: My Lord, that must be heard,

Antilochus. Which would to heaten I might not tell; Atenetiss fonne lies dead, reclie death And for his naked corfe (his armes already forfeited.

And worne by Hector) the debate is now most vehement. This faid, Criefe darkned all his powres. With both his hands he rene The blacke mould from the forced earth, and pour'dit on his head, Smear'dall his lovely face; his weeds (divinely falbioned)

All fild and mangl'd; and himfelfe he threw upon the shore, Lay, as laid out for funerall. Then tumbl'd round, and tore is gracious curles; his extafie he did fo farre extend, That all the Ladies wonne by him, and his now flanguered friend,

Afflicted (trangely for his plight) came (hricking from the tents. And fell about him; beate their breafts, their tender lineaments

Diffoly'd with forrow. And with them, wept Neffers warlike foune. Fell by him, holding his faire hands, in feare he would have done His person violence; his heart (extremely straightned) burn'd. Beate, fweld, and figh'd, as it would burft. So terribly he mournd:

That Thetis fitting in the deepes of her old fathers feas. Heard, and lamented. To her plaints, the bright Nereides

Flockt all; how many those darke gulfes soever comprehend. There Glance and Cymodoce, and Spro didattend.

Nelas and Cymothes, and calme Amphithee. Thalia, Thos, Panope, and (wift Dynanime:

Actes and Lymnoria, and Halis the faire. Fam'd for the beauty of her eyes, Amathia for her haires

Iera, Proto, Clymene, and curl'd Dexamine:

Pherufa, Doris; and with thefe, the smooth Amphinemes Chast Galashea so renown'd, and Callianira came

With Dots and Orythia, to cheare the mournefull Dame; Aplendes likewise visited; and Callianassa gave

Her kinde attendance; and with her, Leave gract the Cave, Nemertes, Mara followed Melita, Janelle,

With Janira, and the rest of those Nereides,

That in the deepe feas made abode; all which together beate Their dewie bosomes: and to all, thus There did repeate

Her cause of mourning: Sisters, heare how much the forrowes wev. Whole cryes, now cald ye: hapleffe I, brought forth unhappily The best of all the sonnes of men, who (like a well-fet plant,

In best soiles) grew and flourished, and when his spirit did want Employment for his youth and ftrength: I fent him with a fleete

To fight at Ilion; from whence, his fate-confined feete Paffe all my deitie to retire. The court of his high birth. The glorious court of Pelew, must entertaine his worth

Never hereafter. All the life he hath to live with me, Must waste in forrowes; and this some, I now am bent to see.

Being now afflicted with some griefe, not usually grave. Whole knowledge and recure I feeke. This faid the left her cave.

Which all left with her; Iwimming forth, the greens waves as they fwom.

Cleft with their bosomes, curld, and gave quicke way to Troy, Being come, They all ascended, two and two, and trod the honor of shore,

Till where the fleete of Myrmidens (drawne up in heapes) it bore. There stayd they at Achilles ship, and there did Thetis lay

Her faire hand on her fonnes curl'd head, figh'd, wept, and bad him fav. What griefe drew from his eyes those teares? conceale it not (faid she)

Till this houre, thy up-lifted hands have all things granted thee. The Greekes (all thrust up at their sternes) have pour dout teares enow,

And in them feene how much they miffe, remiffion of thy vow. He faid, tis true, Olympian hath done me all that grace:

But what joy have I of it all? when thus, thrusts in the place,

Thetis to Ashile

Thet ' to the

Nereides.

Loffe

(Affi acd

Thetis to Achi.

Thet and be

Loffe of my whole felfe, in my friend? whom, when his too had fant, He spool'd of those prophaned armes, that Peless did el taine From heavens high powres, folemnizing thy facred numball bands, As th'onely present of them all, and fitted well their hands, Being lovely, radiant, marvellous; O would to neaven thy throne, With these faire deities of the sea, thou will hadft fare upon: And Peleus had a mortall wife; fince by his meanes is done So much wrong to thy grieved mind; my death being fet fo fooac. And never fuffering my returne, to grace of Pelius court. Nor doe I with it; nor to live in any mans refort, But onely that the crying blond for vengeance of my friend, Manglid by Hector, may be stild; his fors death paying his end. Thuis to Achil. She weeping, faid: that houre is neare, and thy deaths house then nic, Which in thy with ferv'd of thy foe, succeedeth instantly. And inftantly it shall succeed, (he answerd) since my fate Achilles to The. Allow'd not to my will a powre, to rescue (ere the date Of his late flaughter) my true friend. Farre from his friends he died. Whose wrong therein my eyes had light, and right to see denied. Yet now I neither light my felfe, nor have so spent my light. That either this friend or the reft, (in numbers infinite Slaughterd by Heller) I can helpe, nor grace with witht repaire To our deare country; but breathe here, unprofitable avre. And one whive a loade to earth, with all my firength, though none Of all the Grecians equall it. In counfell many a one Is my superiour, what I have, no grace gets, what I want, Digraceth all. How then too foone, can haftieft death fapplant My face curst lire? her instrument, to my indignitie, Being that black friend Contention, who would to God might dye To gods and men, and Anger too, that kindles tyrannie In men in ift wife, being much more fweet then liquid honey is To men of powre, to fatiste their watchfull enmitties; And like a pliant fume it foreds through all their breafts, as late It ftole sterne passage through mine, which he did instigate, That is our Generall. But the fact, to long past, the effect Must vanish with it, though both griev'd, nor must we still respect Our fouthed humours: Need now take the rules of eithers mind. And when the loler of my friend, his death in me shall finde, Let death take all. Send him, ye gods, Ile give him my embrace, Not Hercules himseife shund death, though dearest in the grace Of Jupiter, even him, Fate stoops, and Juno's crueltie; And if such Fare expect my life, where death strikes, I will lie. Meane time I wish a good renowne, that these deepe-brested Dames Of Hion and Dardania may, for th'extinguilht flames Of their friends lives, with both their hands, wipe miferable teares From their so curiously, kept cheekes, and be the officers

To execute my fighs on Troy, when (seeing my long retreate

That well may know twas I lay ftill, and that my being away.

but gatherd ftrength, and gives my charge an answerable heate)

Presented

Presented all their happinesse. But any further ftav. (Which your much love perhaps may with) affay not to perfwade: All vowes are kept, all prayers heard, now, free way for fight is made. The filver-footed Dame replide: It fits thee well my fonne, To keepe destruction from thy friends; but those faire armes are wonne And worne by Hedor, that should keepe thy telfe in keeping them, Though their fruition be but thort, a long death being neare him, Whole cruell glory they are yet. by all meanes then forbeare To tread the mallacres of warre, till I againe appeare From Mulciber with fit new armes; which when thy eve shall fee The funne next rife, shall enter here, with his first beames and me. Thus to her fifters of the fea, fhe turn'd, and bad them ope The doores and deepes of Nereus; the in Olympus top Must visite Pulcan for new armes, to serve her wreakefull sonne: And bad informe her father fo, with all things further done-This faid, they underwent the fea, her felfe flew up to heaven: In meane space, to the Hellespone, and thips, the Greekes were driven In thamefull rout; nor could they yet, from rage of Priams lonne, Secure the dead of new affaults, both horse and men made on. With fuch impreffion: thrice the fecte, the hands of Heller feard, And thrice th' Auces thumpt him off. With whole repulse displeafd, He wreakt his wrath upon the troupes; then to the corfeagaine, Made horrid turnings, crying out of his reputfed men, And would not quit him quite for death. A Lyon almost fiere d, Is not by upland herdlinen driven, from urging to be fere d

With more contention then his firength, by those two of a name,

And had perhaps his much praffd will, if th'ayrie-footed dame

Of thy belov'd; in whose behalfs, the conflict now runnes hie

These to retaine, those to obtaine, amongst whom, most of all

Of thy friends value; then let dogs make him a monument,

Not high leve knowing, nor one god that doth inhabite on

Is Heller prompt, hee's apt to drag thy friend home, he your pall

Where thy name will be graven. He askt, What deitic hath lent

How will my goddeffe mother grieve, that had I should not arme

Z 2

Will make his shoulders; his head forc't, hee'l be most famous; rise,

To Pelew sonne, to bid him arme; her message being given

By Inne; kept from all the gods; the thus excited him :

Before the fleete; the either hoft fels other mutually;

No more lie idle, set the foe a much more costly prize

Thy presence hither? She repli'd, Sasurnia, she alone,

To her and dutie: who is he (but Airs) that can vant

The fitting my breft with his armes? and he is converfant

Snowy Olympus. He againe, how shall I fet upon

Rife thou most terrible of men, and fave the precious lim

(Swift Iris) had not floopt in bafte, Authaffadreffe from heaven,

les fram leve.

The worke of flaughter, when mine armes are worne by Priams fon? Till the brought armes from Mulciber ? But thould I doefuch harme

(Slaine

Amongst the first in use of his, and rampiers of the foe'

imite.

(Slaine neare Patroclus) builds to him. All this (faid flie) we know. And with, thou onely wouldft but flow thy perion to the eyes Of these hot Ilians, that (afraid of further enterprise) The Greekes may gaine fome little breath. She woo'd, and he was won And ftrait Minerce honor'd him, who loves shield clapt upon His mightie shoulders; and his head, girt with a cloud of gold, That cast beames round about his browes. And as when armes enfold A citie in an Ile; from thence, a fume at first appeares, Simile. (Being in the day) but when the Even, her cloudic forehead reares. Thicke show the fires, and up they cast their splendor, that men nie Seeing their diftreffe, perhaps may fet thips out to their fuppiy: So (to shew such aid) from his head, a light rose, scaling heaven And forth the wall he stept and stood; nor brake the precept given By his great mother (mixt in fight) but fent abroad his voyce, Which Pallas farre off ecchoed, who did betwirt them hoife

Shall Tumuleto a topleffe height. And as a voice is heard With emulous affection, when any towne is fpher'd With fiege of fuch a foe, as kils mens mindes, and for the towne Makes found his trumpet: fo the voyce, from Thetis iffue throwne. Won emulonfly th'eares of all. His brazen voyce once heard, The mindes of all were startl'd to, they yeelded; and so feard The faire-man'd horses, that they flew backe, and their chariots turn'd, Presaging in their augurous hearts, the labours that they mourn'd A little after, and their guides, a repercuffive dread Tooke from the horrid radiance of his refulgent head. Which Pallas fet on fire with grace. Thrice grent schilles foake, And thrice (in heate of all the charge) the Trojans started backe: Twelve men, of greatest strength in Troy, left with their lives exhald, Their chariots and their darts to death, with his three summons cald. And then the Grecians spritefully, drew from the darts the corfe, And hearst it, bearing it to fleete. His friends, with all remorfe Marching about it. His great friend dissolving then in teares, To lee his truely-lov'd return'd, lo horst upon an herie, Whom with such horse and chariot, he set out safe and whole, Now wounded with unpittying steele, now sent without a soule, Never agains to be reflord, never receiu'd but for

He follow'd mourning bitterly. The Sunne (yet farre to goe) tuas commanded to goe downe; who in his powres despight, the Sunne to g & Sunke to the Ocean; over earth, dispersing sodaine night. And then the Greekes and Troians both, gave up their horse and darts. The Troians all to counsell cal'd, ere they refresht their hearts With any supper, nor would fit; they grew to stiffe with feare, To fee (fo long from heavie fight) Lacides appeare: Polydamas began to speake, who onely could differne Things future by things past, and was vow'd friend to Heller, borne

In one night both; he thus advilde: Confider well (my friend) In this to great and fodaine change, that now it felfe extends; What change is best for ust oppose. To this stands my command;

Make now the towne our strength; not here abide lights rosie hand; Our wall being farre off, and our foe, (much greater) fill as nere. Till this foc came, I well was pleased, to keepe our watches here. My fit hope of the flectes furprife, enclined me for but now Tis stronger guarded; and (their strength increast) we must allow Our owne proportionate amends. I doubtexceedingly That this indifferencie of fight, twixt us and th'enemy, And these bounds we prefixe to them, will nothing so confine. Th'uncurb'd minde of Bacides. The height of his deligne Aimes at our citie, and our wives, and all barres in his way (Being backt with leffe then wals) his powre will fcome to make his ftay, And over-runne, as over-feene, and not his obiect. Then Let Troy be freely our retreate; left being enforc't, our men Twixt this, and that be taken up, by Vultures, who by night My fafe come off, it being a time untimely for his might To fpend at randome; that being fure. If next light fliew us here To his affaults, each man will with, that Troy his refuge were, And then feele what he heares not now. I would to heaven mine care Were free even now of those complaints, that you must after heare, If we remove not. If we yeeld (though wearied with a fight) So late and long; we shall have strength, in counsell and the night. And (where we here have no more force then Need will force us to, And which must rise out of our nerves) high ports, towres, wals will doc What wants in us. And in the morne, all arm'd upon our towres, We all will stand out to our foe. Twill trouble all his powres, To come from fleet, and give us charge, when his high crefted horse, His rage shall fatiate with the toyle of this, and that wayes course, Vaine entry feeking underneath our well-defended wals; And he be glad to turne to fleet, about his funerals. For of his entry here at home, what minde will ferve his thirst?

At this speech, Hetter bent his browes, and said, this makes not great Your grace with me, Polydamas, that argue for retreate To Troys old prilon; have we not enough of those towres yet? And is not Troy yet charg'd enough, with impolitions fet Vpon her citizens; to keepe our men from spoyle without? But still we must impose within? that houses with our rout, As well as purfes may be plagu'd? Before time, Prisms towne Traffickt with divers-languag'd men, and all gavethe renowne Of rich Troy to it, braffe and gold abounding: but her store Is now from every house exhault; possessions evermore Are fold out into Phrygia, and lovely Mæonie;

Or ever feed him with fackt Troy? the dogs shall eate him first.

And have beene ever fince loves wrath. And now his elemeney Gives me the meane, to quit our want with glory, and conclude he Greekes in lea-bords, and our leas; to flacke it, and extrude His offerd bountie by our flight. Foole that thou art, bewray

This counfell to no common care; for no man shall obay If any will, Ile checke his will. But what our felfe command, Hell Harris damas

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Let all observe: take suppers all, keepe watch of euery hand.

If any Troian have some spoyle, that takes his too much care,
Make him dispose it publikely; its better any fare
The better for him then the Greekes. When light then deckes the skies,
Let all arme for a fierce assault. If great Achillet rise,
And willenforce our greater toyle, it may rise so to him;
On my backe, he shall finde no wings, my spirit shall force my lim
To stand his worst, and give or take, Mars is our common Loed,
And the desirous sword-mans life, he ever puts to sword.

This counsel gat applause of all, so much were all unwise.

Minerva robd them of their braines, to like the ill advice
The great man gave, and leave the good, fince by the meaner given.
All tooke their suppers, but the Greekes spent all the heavy Even
About Patroelum mournefull rites, Pelides leading all
In all the formes of heavinesse; he by his side did fall,
And his man-slauphtering hands imposs into his off-kift hereft.

And his man-flaughtering hands imposs into his off-kift breaft, Sighes blew up fighes: and Lion-like, grac't with a goodly crest, That in his absence being robd by hunters of his whelps, Returnes to his fo defolate den: and (for his wanted helps) Beholding his unlooks-for wants, flies roring backe againe, Hunts the flye hunter, many a vale, resonating his distaine. So mourn'd Petides, his late tosses, to weightie were his mones.

Achilles to bis

Similie.

Which (for their dumbe founds) now gave words to all his Myrmidons. O gods (faid he) how vaine a vow, I made, (to chearthie minde) Of fad Monation, when his fonne, his hand to mine refign'd, That high-towr'd Opsu he should see, and leave rac't llion. With spayle and honour, even with me? but Iove vouchsases to noue, With passages to all his vowes, we both were definate To bloudy one earth here in Troy, nor any more estate In my returne, hath Peleus, or Thetis; but because I, last must undergoe the ground, lie keepe no suneralliawes (Omy Passaclus) for thy coste, before I hither bring The armes of Hesse, and his head, to thee for offering.

Achilles to Pa troslus body. In my returne, bath Peleus, or Thetis; but because

1, last must undergoe the ground, lie keepe no funeral lawes

(O my Patrolus) for thy corfe, before I hither bring

The armes of Heller, and his head, to thee for offering.

Twelve youths, the most renowned of Troy, lie facrifice beside,

Before thy heape of funerall, to thee unpactifide.

Is meane time, by our crooked sternes, lye drawing teares from me,

And round about thy honour'd Corfe, these dames of Dardanie,

And lion with the ample breasts (whom our long speares and powres,

And abours purchast from the rich, and by-us ruind towres,

And crites from and populous, with divers language duen)

Shall kneele, and neither day nor night be licenst to abstaine

Prom solemne watches, their toy'ld eyes held ope with endlesse eares.

This paffion paft, he gave command to his neare fouldiers, To put a Tripod to the fire, to cleanle the feffred gore From off the person. They obeyd, and presently did powre Fresh water in it; kindl'd wood, and with an instant stame, The belly of the Tripod girt, till fires hot qualitie came Up to the water. Then they washt, and fild the mortall wound

With wealthy oyle of nine yeares old; then wrapt the body round, In largenesse of a fine white sheete, and put it then in bed, When all, watchtall night with their Lord, and spent sights on the dead.

Then love askt lono, if at length the had fuffie'd her fpleene,

Achitles being wonne to armes? or if the had not beene
The naturall mother of the Greekes, the did to ftill preferre
Their quarrell? She incent, askt why he ftill was tabing her,
For doing good to those the lov'd? fince man to man might thow
Kinde offices, though thrall to death; and though they did not know
Haife such deepe countels, as disclose; beneath her farre teeing state:
She reigning Queene of goddestes, and being ingenerate

Haife such deepe counters, as discious, beneath ner farre-feeing state:
She, reigning Queene of gooddesses, and being ingenerate
Of one stocke with himselse; besides, the state of being his wise,
And must her wrath, and ill to Troy, continue such a strife
From time to time, twixt him and her? This privates peech they had,

And now the filver-footed Queene had her afcention made,
To the incorruptible house, that starry golden court
Of fiery Valcan; beautifull, amongst thimmortal fort.
Which yet the lame god built himselfe: she found him in a sweate,
About his bellowes; and in haste, had twenty Tripods beate,
To set for stooles about the sides of his well builded hall.
To whose sette, little wheeles of gold he put, to goe withal!,
And enter his rich dining roome; alone, their motion free
And backe againe goe out alone, miraculous to see.
And thus much he had done of them, yet handles were to adde,

For which he now was making fluds. And while their fashion had Employment of his skilfull hand, bright Thetis was come neare, Whom first, saire well-haird Charis law, that was the nupriall seare, Olfamous Vulcan, who, the hand of Thetis tooke, and said, Why, faire-train'd, lov'd and honour'd Dame, are we thus visited

By your kinde presence? you I thinke, were never here before, Come neare, that I may banquetyou, and make you visite more. She led her in, and in a chaire of filver (being the fruit

She led her in, and in a chaire of filver (being the fruit
Of Vulcans hand) the made her fit: a footfoole, of a fuite,
Appoling to her christall feete, and cald the god of fire

For Thetis was arriv'd (the faid) and entertain'd defire
Of some grace, that his art might grant. Thetis to me (faid he)
Is mighty, and most reverend, as one that nourisht me,

When Griefe confum'd me; being cast from heaven, by want of shame.

In my proud mother, who because the brought me forth so lame,

In my proud mother, who because the brought me forth solame, Would have me made away, and then I had beene much diffrest, Had Thetis and Eurynome, in eithers filver breast Notrescu'd me. Eurynome, that to her father had Reciprocall Oceans, nine yeeres with them I made

A number of well-arted things, round bracelets, buttons brave, Whiffles and Carquenets: my Forge flood in a hollow Cave, About which (murmuring with fome) th unmeafur d Ocean Was ever beating; my abode, knowne not to god nor man.

Was ever beating, my abode, knowne not to god nor man, Bat Theria and Eurynome, and they would fee me still: **Is**ce to 1400

Intille live.

Ti etistmers the Court of Valtan.

Charis the wife

Be.u.

Tra'can to Charis

Of

They were my loving guardians: now then the flarry hil, And our particular roofe thus grac't with bright-hair'd Thetis here, It fits me alwayes to repay, a recompence as deare To her thoughts, as my life to me. Hafte Charis, and appole Some dainty guest rites to our friend, while I my believes lose From fire, and lay up all my tooles. Then from an anvile role Th'unweildy monfter; halted downe, and all awry be went. He tooke his bellowes from the fire, and every infirument Lockt fafe up in a filver cheft. Then with a sponge he dreft His face all over, necke and hands, and all his hairie breast : Put on his Core, his Scepter tooke, and then went halting forth : Handmaids of gold, attending him; refembling in all worth,

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Living young damzels, fild with mindes, and wifedome, and were train'd In all immortall ministerie, vertue and voyce contain'd. And mov'd with voluntarie powres: and these still waited on Their fierie Soveraigne; who (not apt to walke) fate nere the throne Offaire hair'd Theris; tooke her hand; and thus he courted her :

Palanto Theili For what affaire, O faire-train'd Queene, reverend to me, and deare, Is our Court honourd with thy flate? that half not heretofore Perform'd this kindnelle? Speake thy thoughts, thy fuit can be no more Then my minde gives me charge to grant, can my powre get it wrought? Or that it have not onely powre, of onely act in thought?

Thein to Vulcan She thus: O Vulcan, is there one of all that are of heaven. That in her never-quiet minde, Saturnius hath given So much affliction as to me? whom onely he subjects (Of all the Sea-Nymphs) to aman, and makes me beare th'affects Of his fraile bed: and all against the freedome of my will, And he worne to his roote with age: from him, another ill, Arifeth tome; Iupiter you know, bath given a fonne (The excellenst of men) to me; whose education, On my part well hath answered his owne worth; having growne, As in a fruitfull foyle, a tree that puts not up alone His body to a naked height; but joyntly gives his growth A thousand branches; yet to him, so short a life I brought. That never I shall see him more, return'd to Peless Court. And all that short life he hath spent, in most unhappy fort. For first he wonne a worthy Dame, and had her by the hands Of all the Grecians: yet this Dame, Atrides countermands: For which, in much diffaine he mourn'd, and almost pin'd away. And yet, for this wrong, he receiv'd some honour, I must say, The Greekes being that up at their thips, not fufferd to advance A head out of their batterd sternes; and mightie suppliance, By all their grave men hath beene made, gifts, honors, all propoide For his reflection, yet he still kept close, and saw enclosed Their whole hoft in this generall plague. But now his friend put on His armes; being fent by him to field, and many a Myrmiden In conduct of him; all the day they fought before the gates

Of Scale and most certainly, that day had seene the dates Of all Troves honours, in her duft; if Phabus (having done Much mischiese more) the envyed life of good Menetins sonne, Had not with partiall hands enforc't, and all the honour given To Hecter, who hath prifde his armes; and therefore I am drive: T'embrace thy knees, for new defence, to my lov'd fonne : alas. His life prefixt, fo short a date had need spend that with grace. A (hield then for him, and a helme, faire greaves, and curets such, As may renowne thy workmanship, and honour him as much: I fae for, at thy famous hands. Be confident (faid he) Let these wants breedthy thoughts, no care: I would it lay in me, To hide him from his heavy death, when Fate shall seeke for him; As well as with renowned armes, to fit his goodly limme; Which thy hands shall convey to him; and all eyes shall admire:

Sec, and defire agains to fee thy fatisfied defire.

This faid, he left her there, and forth did to his bellowes goe. Appoide them to the fire againe, commanding them to blow. Through twenty holes made to his hearth, at once blew twenty paire, That fit'd his coles, fometimes with foft, fometimes with vehement avre. As he will'd, and his worke requir'd. Amids the flame he cast,

Tin, Silver, precious Gold, and Braffe; and in the flocke he place A mighty anvile, his right hand a weighty hammer held, His left his tongs. And first he forg'd a strong and spatious shield Adornd with twenty feverall hewes: about whose verge he beate, A ring, three-fold and radiant; and on the backe he fet A filuer handle; fiue-fold were the equal lines he drew

About the whole circumference: in which, his hand did shew, (Directed with a knowing minde) a rare varietie, For in it he represented earth; in it, the sea and skie :

In it, the neuer-wearied Sunne, the Moone exactly round, And all those starres, with which the browes of ample heaven are crownd; Orion, all the Pleiades, and those seuen Aslas got; The close-beam d Hyades. The Beare, surnam'd the Chariot,

That turnes about heavens axeltree, holds ope a constant eye Vpon Orion; and of all, the Creffets in the skie,

His golden forchead neuer bowes, to th'Ocean Emperie. Two cities in the spacious field, he build with goodly state

Of divers languag'd men the one did nuptials celebrate, Observing at them, solemne feasts: the Brides from forth their bowres With torches, utherd through the ftreetes: a world of Paramours Excited by them; youths and maides, in louely circles danc't: To whom the merry Pipe and Harpe, the spritefull founds advanc't.

The matrons standing in their dores admiring. Other where, A folemne Court of law was kept, where throngs of people were: The case in question, was a fine imposde on one, that slue The friend of him that follow'd it, and for the fine did fue:

Which th'other pleaded he had paid. The aduerle part denied,

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And openly affirm'd he had no penny fatisfied. Both put it to arbiterment; the people cayed twas best For both parts, and the affiltants roogave their doomes like the reft. The Heralds made the people peace: the Seniors then did beare The voycefull Heralds scepters; fate within a facred sphere. On polisht stones; and gaue by turnes their sentence. In the Court

Two talents of gold were cast, for him, that judg'd in just est fort. The other citie, other warres employ das bufily.

A- Two armies glittering in armes, of one confederacie, Befieg dit; and a parle had with those within the towne. Two waies they flood refolu'd; to fee the citic overthrowne: Or that the citizens should heape in two parts all their wealth. And gave them halfe. They neither lik't, but arm'd themselves by stealth : Left all their old men, wives, and boyes, behinde, to man their wals-And stole out to their enemies towne. The Queene of martials. And Mars himselfe conducted them; both which being forg'd of gold, Must needs have golden furniture: and men might so behold They were presented deities. The people, Valcan forg'd Of meaner mettall, When they came where that was to be use d For which they went, within a vale close to a flood, whose streame Vide to give all their cattell drinke; they there enambulht them: And fent two fcouts out to defery, when th'enemies heards and theene Were fetting: they strait came forth, with two that use to keepe Their passage alwaies; both which pipt, and went on merrily: Nor dream'd of Ambuscados there. The ambush then let flie. Slue all their white fleec't sheepe, and neate, and by them laid their guard. When those in siege before the towne, so strange an uprore heard. Behind, amongst their flockes and herds; (being then in counsell set) They then fart up, tooke horse, and soone their subtillenemy met-

Fought with them on the rivers shore, where both gave mutuall blowes With well pil'd darts. Amongst them all, perverse Contention rose, Amongst them tumult was enrag'd: amongst them ruinous Fate Had her red-finger; some they tooke in an unhurt estate, Some hart, yet living, some quite slaine; and these they tug'd to them By both the feete, ftript offand tooke their weeds, with all the ftreame Of blood upon them; that their fteeles had manfully let out.

They fear d as men alive indeed, drew dead indeed about. A new cared To thefe the fiery Artizan did adde a new ear'd field. Larg'd and thrice plowd; the foyle being fost, and of a wealthy yee.d. And many men at plow he made, that drave earth here and there. And turnd up fitches orderly; at whose end when they were.

A fellow ever gave their hands full cups of lufcious wine; Which emptied, for another stitch, the earth they undermine, And long till thutmost bound be reacht, of all the ample Close: The foyle turnd up behinde the plow, all blacke like carth arose, Though forg'd of nothing elfe but gold, and lay in show as light,

As if it had beene plowd indeed; miraculous to fight.

There grew by this a field of corne, high, ripe, where reapers wrought,

And let thicke handfuls fall to carth; for which, some other brought Bands, and made sheaves. Three binders stood, and tooke the handfuls reapt From boyes that gatherd quickly up; and by them armefuls heapt. Amongst these at a furrowes end, the king stood please at heart; Said no word, but his scepter shewd. And from him, much apart, His harvest Bailiffes, underneath an Oke,a feast prepar'd : And having kild a mighty Oxe, flood there to fee him shar'd; Which women for their harvest folkes (then come to sup) had drest. And many white-wheate-cakes bestowd, to make it up a feast. He fet neare this, a vine of gold, that crackt beneath the weight Ofbunches, blacke with being ripe, to keepe which at the height,

A filver raile ranne all along, and round about it flow'd An azure mote; and to this guard, a quick-fet was bestow'd O: Tin, one onely path to all, by which the pressemen came

In time of vintage; youths and maides that bore not yet the flame Of manly Hymen; baskets bore, of grapes and mellow fruit. Centerd the circles of that youth; all whole skill could not doe The wantons pleasure to their minds, that danc't, sung, whist'd to. A herd of Oxen then he carv'd, with high raifde heads, forgde all

Of Gold and Tin (for colour mixt) and bellowing from their stall, Rusht to their pastures, a floud that eccho'd all their throtes; Exceeding swift, and full of reeds, and all in yellow cotes, Foure herdsmen followd; after whom, nine Mastiffes went. In head

Of all the herd, upon a Bull, that deadly bellowed, Two horrid Lyons rampt, and feifd, and (tugg'd off) bellowing still, Both men and dogs came; yet they tore the hide, and lapt their fill Of blacke bloud, and the entrailes eate. In vaine the men aflayd, To fee their dogs on: none durst pinch, but curre-like stood and bayd

In both the faces of their kings, and all their onfets fled.

. Then in a patting pleasant vale, the samous artiman fed, (Vpona goodly pastureground) rich flockes of white fleec't sheepe, Built stables, cottages, and cotes, that did the shepheards keepe from winde and weather. Next to these, he cut a dancing place, All full of turnings; that was like the admirable maze

For faire hair'd Ariadne made, by cunning Dedalus; And in it, youths and virgins danc't; all yong and beautious, and glewed in anothers palmes. Weeds that the winde did toile, The virgins wore: the youths, woven cores, that cast a faint dimme glosse,

Like that of oyle. Fresh garlands too, the uirgins temples crownd; The youths guilt fwords wore at their thighes, with filver bawdrickes bounds Sometimes all wound close in a ring, to which as fast they spunne,

As any wheele a Turner makes, being tried how it will runne, While he is fet, and out againe, as full of speed, they wound; Not one left faft, or breaking hands. A multitude flood round, Delighted with their nimble sport: to end which two begun (Mids all) a fong, and turning fung, the sports conclusion.

All this he circl'd in the shield, with pouring round about

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add a rage) the Ocean, that it might sever out.

s thield thus done, he forg'd for him to h curets, as out fhin'd slaze of fire: a helmer then (through which no freele could finde ict paffage) he compose, whose hue, a hundred colours tooke: and in the creft a plume of gold that each breath ftirr'd, he flucke.

Ail done, heall to Theis brought, and held all up to her, she tooke them all, and lik't the hawke, (furnam'd the Offpringer) From FR on to her mighty fonne; with that fo glorious show, Stoom from the fleene Olympian hill, hid in eternall fnow.

COMMENTARIVS

in term of the x ox ox anλαφξ . . . der er Grei Brucegulice ur. Construct Arreidas Ta wateres Alanda?.

... Spondanus ad verbum:

1 tautem cognitu facilis vox elt, cum clangit tuba Vrbem oblidentes holtes propter perniciolos:

Samue dara vox fuit Excide,

🖃 garem postquam igitur audiuerunt vocem serceam Æacida 🥫

Cambus commotus est animus.

Valla, be

sigut ening cam oblidentibus fæuis urbem hoftibus, vel clarior vox, vel cha um perffrepit; ita nune Achilles magna voce inclamauit. __quam ... naudirent Troiani, perturbati funt animis.

Fobarta Haffus thus :

Nam ticutab urbe Obsessa increpuere tubæ, vel classica cantu Ferreas fie Trom vox perturbabat Achellis.

in the charle conversion (in which I will be bold to repeate after these, thus Mery for our safer examination) is this, as before.

----And as a voyce is heard . Ald amalous attention, when any towners fpher d

free of fach a foc as kils mens mindes, and for the towne

lakes and his trumper: fo the voyce from I betis iffue throwne, shoon and only the eares of all. His brazen voyce once heard,

so fail were started so, they yeelded.

nonthe to the our translations, I would gladly learne of my more learned Reader of the war a convergions doe any thing neare extresse the conceit of Homer, or w they bear to nace weath the fignification of his words, and the fence of his illustration While the arms not to expresse the clears nelse or shrillnessee his voyce init said. is the state of the words with the site Trotans, designated, not fightfring in this and had or a reached s vox but entalanda vox. at the fignifying, quem valtime! mar, aut vide emulandos. though thele interpreters would rather rethe see for me de verto in & ut fit clarus, illustris, &c. But how filly a surio-Manager the word upon ignorance of the fignification it hath in his place? the " being a compound or the a bich Genifieth valde, and Son which is Waster or of the which typifes amulor? To this effect then (faith Homer is and the second second that worker a server carrying an entry with it, founds to a citie befrezed when the trumpet of a dreadfull to mind-destroying enemy summes it, (for lo seine supogasseur fignifies, Supogaism fignifing animum deftruens beine a compound of faco, which fignifies deltruo, and Ducos which is arimus) that is. when the parle comes, after the trupets found, attering the refolution of the dreadfull enemie before it. The further application of this fimile is left out by milchance. The end of the eighteenth Booke.

THEXIX BOOKE OF HOMER'S ILIADS.

THE ARGUMENT.

Hetis, presenting armour to her sonne; He cals a Court, with full reflection Of all his wrath. Takes of the king of men Free-offerd gifts. All sake their breakefast then; He (onely fasting) Armes and brings abroad The Grecian holt. And (hearing the abode Of his neare death by Xanthus prophecied) The horse, for his so bold presage, dosh chide.

> Another Argument. Tau gives the anger period, And great Achilles comes abroad.



He Moone arose, and from the Ocean, in her saffron robe, Gave light to all: as well to gods as men of th'under globe. Thesis Roopt home, and found the proftrate person of her some, About his friend; still pouring out himselfe in passion.

Thetie atpeares to Ashites.

A number more, being heavy conforts to him in his cares. Amongst them all, Theris appear'd; and sacred comforters Made thefe short words. Though we must grieue, yet beareit thus; (my fon) it was no man that proftrated in this fad fashion Thy dearest friend; it was a god that first laid on his hand, Whose will is law: the gods decrees, no humane must withstand. Doe thouembrace this Fabricke of a god, whose hand, before, Mere forg'd the like, and fuch as yet no humane shoulder wore-Thus (setting downe,) the precious mettall of the armes was such,

That all the roome rung with the weight of euery flendrest touch. Cold tremblings tooke the Myrmidons; none durft sustaine, all fear d T'oppose their eyes: Achilles yet, as soone as they appear'd, Sterne Anger entred. From his eyes (as if the day-flarre role) A radiance terrifying men, did all the state enclose. At length he tooke into his hands the rich gift of the god, And (much pleafd, to behold the art, that in the shield he show'd) Habrake forth into this applaufe; O mother, thefe right well, Shew an immortall fingers touch; mans hand must neuer deale W.th armes againe. Now I will arme; yet (that no honour make My friend forgotten) I much feare, left with the blowes of flies, His braffe inflicted wounds are filde, life gone, his person lies

Achilles raditive at the fight of his armes.

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All apt to patrifaction. She bade him, doubt no harme Otchose offences: the would care to keepe the petulant swarme Of Flies (that ufually taint the bodies of the flaine) From his friends person: though a yeare the earths top should suffaine His flaughterd body, it should still rest found, and rather hold A better flate, then worfe; fince time, that death first made him cold : And fo nade call a Councell, to dispose of new alarmes, Where (to the king that was the Paffor of that flocke in armes) He should depose all anger, and put on a fortitude Fir for his armes. All this, his powres, with dreadfull strength indude. She, with her faire hand, ftill'd into the noftrils of his friend, Red Nechar and Ambrolia; with which the did defend I be corfe from putrifaction. He trod along the shore, and fummon'd all th'heroique Greekes, with all that fpent before The time in exercise with him; the Masters, Pilots too. Alers and ali, all when they faw Aebilles fummon fo, swarm'd to the Councell, having long left the laborious wars. To all theff ame two halting kings, true fervitors of Mars. their wounds ftill painefull; and both these face first of all the Peeres. The last come, was the King of men, fore wounded with the Lance Of Coon Antenorides. All fet, the first in utterance Admission Was Thesis fonne, who rose and saids Atrides, had not this see Courses. Consleted most profit to us both? when both our enmitties Confum'd us fo? and for a wench? whom, when I chufde for prife, (in laying Lyrneffus ruind wals amongst our victories) would to heaven (as first she set her dainty foot abord) Lianaes hand had tumbled off, and with a javelin gor'd. For then, th'unmeasurable earth had not so thicke beene gnawne, (in deaths convultions) by our friends; fince my affects were drawne To fuch diftemper. To our foe, and to our foes chiefe friend Our jarrebrought profit: but the Greekes will never give an end To thought of what it prejudic't them. Past things yet, past our aide; Fit grafe, for what wrath rulde in them; must make th'amende repaid With that necessity of love, that now forbids our ire; Which I with free affects obey. Tis for the fenflesse fire Still to he burning, having stuffe, but men must curbe rage still, Being fram'd with voluntary powres, as well to checke the will, As give it reynes. Give you then charge, that for our instant fight, The Greekes may follow me to field, to try if still the night Will beare our Troians at our ships. I hope there is some one imongst their chiefeencouragers, will thanke me to be gone; and bring his heart downe to his knees in that submission. The Greekes reloye't to heare the heart of Peleus mightic sonne, a qualified. And then the king (not rifing from his throne, to get good care, thus orderd his reply : inces of Greece: your flates shall suffer no indignity,

At greater diftance, to diffurbe the counfell now in hand, By uprore, in their too much caus of hearing. Some, of force Must lose fome words: for, hard it is in such a great concourse, (Though hearers eares be nere so sharpe) to touch at all things spoke. And in assemblies of such thrust, how can a man provoke Fit powre to heare, or leave to spoke? best auditors may there, Lose sixest words; and the most vocall Orator, six eare. My maine end then to satissise Pelides with reply, My words shall prosecute. To him my speech especially Shall beare direction. Yet I wish the court in general!, Would give fit eare; my speech shall need attention of all.

Ost have our Peeres of Greece, much blam'd my forcing of the prize, Due to Achilles, of which ast, not I, but destinies, And love himselfe; and blacke Erymnis (that easts false miss still

Betwist us and our actions done, both by her powre and will)
Are authors: what could I doe then? the very day and houre
Of our debate, that furic flole in that act on my powre.
And more; all things are done by firife: that succest leed of love,
Ante, that hurts all, perfects all. Her feet are folt, and move
Not on the earth; they beare her fill aloft them heads, and there

The harmfull hurst them. Nor was I alone her priloner, The harmfull hurst them. Nor was I alone her priloner, Teve (best of men and gods) hath beene. Nor he himselfe hath gone Beyond her fetters: no she made a woman pur them on.

For when Alemena was to vent the force of Hereales,
In well wall d Thebes: thus Iove triumpht, Herre gods and goddeffes,
The words my joyes urg de In this day, Lucina (bringing paine
To labouring women) shall produce into the light of men,
A man that all his neighbourkings shall in his Empire hold,
And vant, that more then manly race, whose honor'd veinesenfold
My eminent blond. Saturnia conceiv'd a present sleight,
And urg'd confirmance of his vant, r'infringe it; her conceiv
In this forturg'd: thou wilt not hold thy word with this rare man,
Or if thou wilt, confirme it with the oath Olympian,
That whosover fals this day, betwixt a womans knees,
Of those mens stockes, that from thy blond derive their pedigrees,

Shall all his neighbour townes command. I true (ignorance of fraud)
Tooke that great oath, with his great ill, gave little cause t'applaude.
Downe from Olympus top, she stoopt, and quickly reache the place
In Argos, where the famous wife of Stoenelss (whose race
He steek from Iove, by Person) dwelt. She was but seven menths gone
With issue, yet the brought it forth; Alemens matchlesse some
Delaide from light, Saturnia repress the teeming throwes
Of his great mother. Vp to heaven she mounts againe, and showes

(In glory) her deceit to Iove. Bright lightning Iove (faid fhe)
Now th Argives have an Emperour; a foune deriv'd from thee,
Is borne to Perfan Sthenelm; Emyfilem, his name;
Noble and worthy of the rule from fine flow.

Moble and worthy of the rule, thou fwor the him. This came Close to the heart of Impieer, and Aserthat had wrought

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This anger by Saturnia, by her bright-haire he caught, Held downe her head, and over her made this infallible vow: That never to the cope of starres, should reascend that brow, Being so infortunate to all. Thus, swinging her about, He cast her from the fierie heaven, who ever since thrust out His forkt fling, in th'affaires of men. Iove ever fince did grieve, Since his deare iffue Hercules, did by his vow atchieve The unjust toyles of Eurysthem: thus fares it now with me, Since under Hetters violence, the Grecian progenie Fel! so unfitly by my spleene, whose fals will ever sticke In my griev'd thoughts, my weakenelle vet, (Saturnius making ficke The flate my minde held now recur dethamends shall make even weight With my offence: and therefore roule thy spirits to the fight, With all thy forces; all the gifts propolde thee at thy tent. (Last day) by royall Ithacm, my officers shall present. And (if it like thee) firike no firoke (though never fo on thornes Thy minde stands to thy friends revenge) till my command adorns Thy tents, and cofers with fuch gifts, as well may let thee know Achilles bit no- How much I wish thee satisfied. He answerd, let thy vow (Renown'd Atrides) at thy will be kept; (as justice would) A Cameranon. Or keepe thy gifts, tis all in thee. The counfell now we hold, Is for repairing our maine field, with all our fortitude. My faire thew made, brookes no retreate, nor must delaies delade Our deeds expectance. Yet undone the great worke is, all eyes Must see Achilles in first fight, depeopling enemies, As well as counfell it in court: that every man fet on; May chuse his man, to imitate my exercise upon. Vlyffes answerd, doe not yet (thou man made like ane gods) Takefalting men to field: fuppole, that whatfoever ods, It brings against them, with full men, thy boundlesse eminence, Can amply answer; yet refraine to tempt a violence.

VISITES to A.

The conflict wearing out our men, was late, and held as long; Wherin, though most, I eve stood for Troy; he yet made our part strong To beare that most. But twas to beare, and that breeds little heart. Let wine and bread then adde to it: they helpe the twofold part. The foule and body in a man; both force and fortitude. All day men cannot fight, and fast: though never so include With mindes to fight, for that supposed, there lurkes yet secretly, Thirst, hunger, in th'oppressed joynts; no minde can supply. They take away a marchers knees. Mens bodies throughly fed. Their mindes share with them in their strength; and (all day combated) One stirres not, till you call off all. Dismisse them then to meate, And let strides tender here, in fight of all his feate, The gifts he promist. Let him sweare, before us all, and rise To that oath; that he never toucht in any wanton wife, The Lady he enforce. Belides, that he remaines in minde As chaftly fatisfied: not toucht, or privily inclind

With future vantages. And last, tis fit he should approve

All these rites, at a solemne feast, in honour of your love. That fo you take no mangl'd law, for merits absolute. And thus the honours you receive, refolving the pursuit Of your friends quarrell, well will quit your forrow for your friend. And thou Airides in the taft of fo fevere an end; Hereafter may on others hold, a juster governement. Nor will it ought empaire a King to give a found content To any subject foundly wrong d. I ioy (replide the King) O Laertiades, to heare thy liberall counfelling. In which is all decorum kept, nor any point lackes touch. That might be thought on, to conclude, a reconcilement, fuch As fits example, and us two. My minde yet makes me Iweare. Not your impulsion. And that minde shall rest so kinde and cleare. That I will not forsweare to God. Let then Achilles stav (Though never so inflam'd for fight) and all men here I prav. To flay, till from my tents these gifts be brought here; and the truce, At all parts finisht before all. And thou, of all I chuse, (Divine Visiles) and command to chuse of all your host. Youths of most honour, to present to him we honour most, The gifts we late vow'd; and the Dames. Meane space about our tents, Talthibias (hall provide a Bore, to crowne these kinde events With thankfull facrifice to Iove, and to the God of light. Achilles answerd: these affaires will shew more requisite (Great king) some other time, when our more free chates

Adito to TO

Yeeld fit cellation from the warre, and when my spleene abates But now (to all our shames besides) our friends by Heller slaine, (And love to friend) lye unfetchtoff. Hafte then, and meate your men. Though I must still fay: My command would leade them fasting forth, And all together feaft at night. Meate will be something worth, When stomackes first have made it way, with venting infamie, (And other forrowes late fustain'd) with long'd for wreakes, that lie Heavie upon them, for rights fake. Before which lode he got From off my stomacke; meate nor drinke, I vow, shall downe my throte, My friend being dead, who digd with wounds, & bor'd through both his feet, Lies in the entry of my tent, and in the teares doth fleete Of his affociates. Meate and drinke have little merit then To comfort me; but bloud and death, and deadly grones of men. The great in counfels, yet made good his former counfels thus:

Ply∏es bie reply.

I yeeld thy worth; in wifedome yet, no leffe I dare advance My right above thee; fince above, in yeeres, and knowing more. Let then thy minde rest in thy words, we quickly shall have store, And all latietic of fight; whole Reele heapes flore of flraw, And little cornenpon a floore, when Iove (that doth withdraw, And joyne all battels) once begins tincline his ballances, In which he weighs the lives of men. The Greekes you must not presse, To mourning with the belly, death hath nought to doe with that,

O Peleus fonne, of all the Greekes, by much most valorous, Better and mightier then my felfe, no little, with thy lance,

In healthfull men, that mourne for friends. His steele we stumble at. And fall at, every day you fee, infficient flore, and faft. What houre is it that any breathes? we must not use more halt Then foced holds fit for our revenge: nor frould we mourne too much. Who dead is, must be buried; mens patience should be such. That one daves mone should ferve one man the dead must end with death. And life last with what strengthens life. All those that held their breath From death in fight, the more should cate, that so they may supply Their fellowes that have stucke in field, and fight incessantly. Let none expect reply to this, nor flay; for this find fland Or fall with some offence to him, that lookes for new command. Who ever in diflike holdsbacke, All joyne then, all things fit Allow'd for all; fet on a charge, at all parts answering it. This faid, he chufde (for nobleft youths to beare the prefents) thefe,

The names of those that carri The sonnes of Nester, and with them, renown'd Meriones. ed the prefensio Phylidas, Thom, Lycomed, and Meges, all which were (And Menalippus following Vlyffes) to the tent Of Agamemnon. He butfpake, and with the word, the deed Had joynt effect: the fitnesse well was answerd in the speed. The presents added to the Dame, the Generall didenforce, Weretwenty Caldrons, Tripods feven, twelve yong and goodly barfe:

The prefents.

Seven Ladies excellently feene, in all Minervaes skille The eight Brifais, who had powre to ravishevery will. Twelve talents of the finest gold, all which Visites weyd, And carried first, and after him, the other youths conveyed The other presents; tendred all, in face of all the Court. Vp rose the King. Talthybius (whose voice had a seport

Agamemnins

Like to a god) cald to the rites, there, having brought the Bore. Atrides with his knife tooke fey upon the part before; And lifting up his facred hands to love, to make his vowes: Grave filence strooke the compleate Court, when (casting his high browe Vp to the broad heaven) thus he spake: Now witnesse Jupiter, (First, highest, and thou best of gods) thou earth, that all dost beare, Thou Sunne, ye Furies under earth, that every foule torment, Whom impious periury distaines; that nought incontinent. In bed, or any other act, to any slendrest touch Of my light vowes hath wrong d the Dame, and let my plagues be such, As are inflicted by the gods in all extremitie Of whomfoever perjur'd men, if godlesse periurie In least degree dishonour me. This said, the bristi'd throte Of the submitted facrifice, with ruthlesse steele he cut. Which straight into the horie sea, Talsbybius cast, to feed The sea-borne nation. Then stood up the halfe-celestiall seed Of taire haird Thetis, strengthning thus Atrides innocence. Ofather Inpiter, from thee descends the confluence Of all mans ill; for now I feethe mighty King of men, At no hand forc't away my prife, nor first inflam'd my spiene

Withany fet ill in himfelfe, but thou, the king of gods,

(Incense

(Incenst with Greece) made that the meane to all their periods, Which now, amend we, as we may; and give all fuffrages To what wife Isbaess advide. Take breakefalts, and addresse For instant conslict. Thus he raisde the Court, and all tooke way To feverall ships. The Myrmidons, the presents did convay T'Achilles fleete, and in his tents disposde them; doing grace. Of feate, and all rites to the Dames. The horfes put in place. With others of Besides. When (like Loves golden Queene) Brifais (all in ghaftly wounds) had dead Patroclus fcene. She fell about him, shricking out, and with her white hands tore Her haire, breasts, radiant checkes; and drownde in warmeteares, did deplore

OF HOMER'S ILIADS.

His cruel deftiny. At length the gat powre to expresse Her violent passion; and thus spake, this-like-the goddesses. O good Patrocias, to my life, the dearest grace it had. I (wretched dame) departing hence, enforc't, and dying fad,

Reifeis comtlaint over the body of Patrocius.

Left thee alive, when thou hadft cheard my poore captivity, And now returned, I finde thee dead; mifery on mifery, Ever increasing with my steps. The Lord to whom my Sire, And dearest mother gave my life in nuptials; his lifes fire I faw before our citte gates, extinguilht; and his fate. Three of my worthy brothers lives, in one wombe generate, Felt all in that blacke day of death. And when Achilles hand Had flaine all thefe, and rac't the towne, Mynetes did command. (All cause of never-ending griefes, presented) thou took'st all On thy endeuour, to conuert to joy as Generall, Affirming, he that burt, should heale; and thou wouldst make thy friend (Brave Capraine that thou wert) supply, my vowed husbands end; And in rich Phthia celebrate, amongst his Myrmidons,

I never thall befatiate, thou euer being kinde; Ener delightfome, one fweet grace, fed ftill with one fweet minde. Thus spake the weeping, and with her, did th'other Ladies mone. Patroclas fortunes in pretext, but in fad truth their owne. About . Lacides himselfe, the Kings of Greece were plact,

Our nuptiall banquers; for which grace, with these most worthy mones,

Entreating him to food; and he intreated them as fast, (Still intermixing words and lighes) if any friend were there Of all his dearest; they would cease, and offer him no cheare, But his due forrowes; for before the Sunne had left that skie,

He would not eate; but of that day, sustaine th'extremitie. Thus all the kings (in resolute griefe and fasting) he dismist; But bothth' Atrides, Ithacus, and warres " old Martialift; Idomenaus and his friend; and Phanix, thefe remain'd

Endevouring comfort, but no thought of his vowd woe restrainde. Nor could, till that dayes bloudy fighthad calmd his bloud, he full Remembred something of his friend; whose good was all his ill. Their urging meate, the diligent falhion of his friend renewd,

In that excitement: thou (faid be) when this speed was pursude Against the Trojans; evermore apposeds in my tent,

Nefter.

was brought no as well as B orec.

15 2 %.

A pleating breakfall; being to free, and I weetly diligent, Thou mad it all meat fweet. Then the warte was tearefull to our foe, Sat now to me; thy wounds fo wound me, and thy overthrow. For which my ready food I flie, and on thy longings feed. Nothing could more afflict me: Fame relating the foule deed Of my deare fathers flaughter; bloud drawne from my fole fonnes heart. No more could wound me. Curfed man, that in this forraine part. (For hatefull Hellen) my true loue; my country, Sire and fonne, I thus should part with. Segres now gines education an Hesn the (O Neoptelemus) to thee, (if living yet) from whence tea . Egeum, I hop't (deare friend) thy longer life, (fascly return'd from hence, bere Achil- And my life quitting thine) had powre to thip him home, and thow His yong eyes Philia, subjects, court; my father being now Dead, or most shore-liv'd; troublous age oppressing him, and feare Still of my deaths newes. These fad words he blew into the care Of cuery vificant, with fighes; all eccho'd by the Peeres, Remembring who they left at home. All whose so humane teares love pittied: and fince they all would in the good of one, Te much reviv'd, he thus befpake, Minerva: Thetis fonne, Now daughter) thou hast quite forgot. O, is Achilles care Extinguillit in thee? proftrated in most extreme ill fare, He lies before his high-fail'd fleet, for his dead friend, the rest Are firengthning them with meate; but he lies desperately oppress With heartiefle fasting: Goe thy wayes, and to his brest instill Red Nestar and Ambrofia; that Fast procure no ill To his neare enterprise. This spurre he added to the free; And like a Harpye (with a voyce that shrickes so dreadfully, And feathers that like needles prickt) the stoopt throughall the starces Amongst the Grecians; all whose tents were now fill'd for the warres. Her feres strooke through Achilles tent, and closely she intilled Heavens most-to-be-defired feast, to his great breast: and fill'd His finewes with that fweet fupply, for feare unfauorie Fast Should creepe into his knees. Her felfethe skies againe enchac't. The Loft fet forth, and pour'd his steele waves, farre out of the fleete. he want fet. And as from aire, the frosty Northwinde blowes a cold thicke sleete,

that decles eyes, flakes after flakes, incessantly descending .. under Achil- So thicke helmes, curets, aften darts, and round fhields, neuer ending, Flow d from the naties hollow wombe: their fplendors gate heatenseye, I-lis beames againe; Earth laught to sceher face so like the skie. Armes thin'd to hot, and the fuch clouds made with the duft the cat, She thundred, feete of men and horse importun'd her so fall. In midft of all, divine Achilles his faire person arm'd, His reactingualities he stood, his eyes, so full of fire, they warmde, " shafterd griefe and anger at the Trojans fo combinde. in the releases first usde, his goodly curets on his bosome thinde; howard, his shield, that cast a brightnesse from it, like the Moone, And as from lea, failers difcerne a harmefull fire, letrunne are herafmens faults, till all their stall flyes up in wrastling flame, Whiel.

Which being on hils, is scene farre off; but being alone, none came Tog ve it quench; at shoreno neighbours, and at sea their friends Driven off with tempefts; such a fire, from his bright thield extends His ominous radiance; and in heaven, imprest his fervent blaze. His crested helmet, grave and high, had next triumphant place. On his curl'd head: and like a ftarre, it caft a spurrie ray; About which, a bright thickned bulh of golden haire, did play; Which Fulcan forg'd him for his plume. Thus compleate arm'd, he tride How fit they were: and if his motion could with case abide Their brave instruction; and so farre they were from hindring it. That to it they were nimble wings, and made fo light his spirit, That from the earth, the princely Captaine they tooke up to ayre.

Then from his armoury he drew his lance, his fathers speare, Huge, weightie, firme; that not a Greeke but he himselfe alone Knew how to shake, it grew upon the mountaine Pelion. From whose height, Chyron hew'd it for his Sire, and fatall twas To great foul'd men. Of Peleus and Pelson, furnamed Pelias.

Then from the stable, their bright horse, Automedon withdrawes, And Alcamus, Put Poitrils on, and cast upon their jawes, Their bridles, hurling backe the reynes, and hung them on the feate. The faire scourge then Automedon takes up, and up doth get, To guide the horse: the fights seate last, Achilles tooke behinde, Wholookt fo arm'd, as if the Sunne there falne from heaven had shin'd And terribly, thus charg'd his feeds. Xanthus and Balius, Seed of the Harpyes in the charge ye undertake of us, Discharge it not; as when Patroclus ye left dead in field. But when with bloud, for this dayes fast observ'd, Revenge shall yeeld Our heart latietie, bring us off, Thus fince Achilles spake, As if his aw d freeds underftood: twas Iunoes will to make Vocall the pallat of the one; who shaking his faire head, (Which in his mane (let fall to earth) he almost buried) Thus Xanthus (pake: ableft Achilles now (atleast) our care Shall bring thee off; but not farre hence, the fatall minutes are Or thy grave ruine. Nor shall we be then to be reprov'd, But mightiest Fate, and the great God: Nor was thy best belove Spoil'd to of armes by our flow pace; our courages empaire, The best of gods, Latonaes sonne, that weares the golden haire, Gave him his deaths wound; though the grace he gave to Hectors hand, Wc, like the spirit of the West, that all spirits can command For powre of wing, could runne him off: but thou thy selfemust goe, So Fate ordaines, God and a man must give thee overthrow.

This faid, the Furies stopt his voyce. Achilles farre in rage, Thus answerd him: it fits not thee, thus proudly to presage My overthrow: I know my felfe, it is my fate to fall Thus faire from Phebra; yet that Fate shall faile to vent her gall, Till mine vent thousands. These words usde, he fell to horris decass Gave dreadfull fignall; and forthright, made flye his one how a fleeds, Achilles to Lis bor .s.

Xambar the borten debt. to Achier.

Achillerreply . dian thu.

COMMENTARIVS.

अविकास के विकास के किए विकास के किए अprum præparet mactandum Tovique Solique: He anal preparea Borc for facrifice to love and the Sunne Is uthe end of Agamemnon Speech in this booke before to Vlyffes, and promifeth that sacrifice to love and the Sun, at the reconciliation of himfelfe and Achilles. Our Commentors (Eu-Stathius and Spondanus, &c.) will by no meanes allow the word Kampos bere for Homers, i ut an unskilfulnesse in the divulger; and will needs have it vsor as: while pondanus fages is altogether here to be underflood: as Euftathius words renthe for to offer fo flerce a beaft to love as a Bore, he fages is abfurd : and cites Metalis lib. . . cap. 17. where he fayes, Homer in this place makes a tame Som serificed to love; who was as tamely and simply deceived as the rest. Eustathius reason for it, is, that fus is animal falax; and fince theoath Agamemnon takes at the partice to latisfie Achilles (that he hath not toucht Brifeis) is concerning a ne wan, very fitty is a Son bere facrificed, Butthis feemes to Spondanus fomethree ridiculous (as I ho; o you will casily judge it.) And as I conceive, so is his cane opinion to have the originall word warer altered, and expounded fuem. This reason for it, he makes nice to utter, saying, he knowes what is set down among ft see carned seaching the facrifice of a Sow. But because it is (be fages, depossionion, nihal adrem, (though as they expound it, tis too much adrem) he is willing to keege his opinion in filence; unleffe you will take it for a flayed or gelded Sow, as if Agamemnon would innuate, that as this Sow (being flaged) is free from Venus, fo had he never attempted the dishenour of Briseis. And peradventure (faire Sper danus) you cannot thinke of a better exposition: when a worle cannot be conreflered, unleffe that of Euftathius, as I hope you will cleerely grant mee, when you heare but mine. Which is this: The facrifice is not made by Agamemnon, for any rejemblance or reference it hash to the Lady now to be reflored, (which fince thefe Clerkes will needs have it a Sow, in behalfe of Ladies, I disdaine; but onely to the reconciliation of Agamemnon and Achilles; for a facred signe whereof, and that their wraths were now absolutely appealed, Agamemnon thought fit, a Bore heing the most wrathfull of all beasts) should be facrificed to love; intimating, that in that Bore, they facrificed their wraths to Iupiter, and became friends And these is the originall word preferved, which (together with the facreasen : of our Homer in a thousand other places, suffers most ignorant and harbaran violence. But here (being weary, both with finding faults, and my labour till refreshing come, I will end my poore Comment. Holding it not altogester and with this rediculous contention of our Commentors, a little to quicken you, and make it something probable, that their overlight in this trifle, is accompanie to the thousand other errors in matter of our divine Homets depth and grant which will not open it selfe to the curious austerity of belabou. rim art but onely to the naturall and most ingenious foule

of our thrice facred Poefie.

The end of the nineteenth Booke.

THE



XX. BOOKE OF HOMER'S ILIADS.

THE ARGUMENT.

Toves permission, all the gods descend DTo aide on both parts. For the Greekes contend, Iuno, Minerva, Neptune, Mulciber, And Mercurie. The deities that prefer The Troiss part, are, Phoebus, Cyprides, Phoebe, Latona, and the * foe to Peace, With bright Scamander, Neptune in a mift Preferves Eneas, (daring to refift Achilles,) by whose hand much skath is done. Besides the flaughter of old Priams soune, (Yong Polydor) whose rescue, Hector makes, Him (flying) Phoebus to his refene takes. The reft (all founding their important d fates) Achilles beates even to the Ilian gates.

Another Argument.

In Ypfilon Strife ftirres in beaven. The dayes grace, to the Greekes is given.

He Greekes thus arm'd, and made infatiate with defire of fight, About thee, Pelew sonne; the foe in ground of greatest height, Stood opposite, rang'd. Then love charg'd Themis from Olympus top, To call a court; the every way disperst, and summon'd up All deities: Not any floud (befides Oceanus) Eutmadeapparance: not a Nymph (that arbours odorous, The heads of flouds, and flowrie medowes make their iweet abodes) Was absent there, but all as his court that is king of gods, Affembl'd, and in lightfome feates of admirable frame (Perform'd for Iove, by Vulcan) fate. Even angry Nepsune came, Nor heard the goddeffe with unwilling care; but with the rest, Made free ascention from the sea, and did his state invest In midft of all: begun the counfell, and inquired of Iove, His reason for that seffion; and on what point did move His high intention for the foes; he thought the heate of warre Was then neere breaking out in flames. To him, the thunderer: Thou know'ft this counsell by the rest of those forepurpoles, That still inclin'd me; my cares still must succour the distresse Of Troy; though in the mouth of Fate, yet vow I, not to stirre One step from off this top of heaven; but all th'affaire referre

* Mars.

icue (ummo: all the delites

to cour (the

To any one. Here Ile hold flate, and freely take the joy Of eithers fate: helpe whom ye pleafe, for tis affur d that Troy Not one dayes conflict can sustaine, against Aacides, If heaven oppose not. His meere lookes, threw darts enow timpreffe Their powres with trembling, but when blowes tent from his fiery hand, (Thrice heat by flaughter of his friend) shall come and countermand Their former gloriese we have feare, that though Fate keepetheir wall, Hee'l overturne it. Then descend, and cease not till ye all Adde all your aides; mixe earthand heaven together with the fight Achilles urgeth. Thele his words did fuch a warre excite, As no mans powre could wraftle downe, the gods with parted hearts, Departed heaven, and made earth warre. To guide the Grecian darts, The names of the Inno and Pallas, with the god that doth the earth embrace, ger panales, And most for mans use, Mercuric (whom good wise inwards grace)

Were partially, and all employd, and with them halted downe (Proud of his frength) lame Natciber, his walkers quite milgrowne, But made him tread exceeding fure, To aide the Ilian fide, The changeable in armes, went (Mars) and him accompanied Disna, that delights in shafts, and Phabus never shorne, And approdite, laughter-pleafde, and the of whom was borne Still yong Apello, and the floud that runs on golden lands Bright Xanthus. All these ayded Troy, and till these lent their hands, The Grecians triumpht in the aide, Escides didadde, The Troians trembling with his fight, so gloriously clad, He overshin'd the field; and Mars no harmefuller then he. He bore the iron streame on cleare; But when loves high decree Let fall the gods amongst their troupes, the field sweld, and the fight Grew fierce and horrible. The * Dame, that armies doth excite, Thunderd with Clamor, fometimes fce, at dike without the wall, And sometimes on the bellowing shore. On th'other side, the Call Of Mars to fight was terrible, he cried out like a storme, Set on the cities pinacles, and there he would informe Sometimes his heartnings; Other times, where Simois powers on His filver currant, at the foot of high Callicolon.

The flate of the

Palles.

And thus the bleft gods, both fides urg d; they all flood in the mids, And brake Contention to the holls. And over all their heads, The gods king, in abhorred claps, his thunder ratt!'d out. the gas were to Be reath them. Neptune toft the earth, the mountaines round about Bo w d with affright, and shooke their heads: loves hill theearth quake felt, (Steepe Ida) trembling at her rootes, and all her fountaines spilt. Their browes all crannied. Troy did nod, the Grecian navie plaid (As on the fear) thinfernall King, that all things frayes, was fraid, And leapt affrighted from his throne; cried out, lest over him Neplane (hould rend in two the earth; and fo his house so dim, So lorbfome, fifthy, and abhord of all the gods befide, Should open both to gods and men. Thus, all things shooke and crird, When this blacke battell of the gods was joyning; thus arraicd . Gainst Neptune, Phabus with wing'd firstis, gainst Mars the Llew-cyd maid:

Gainft

Gainst Isno, Phabe, whose white hands bore singing darts of gold, Her fide arm'd with a sheafe of shafts, and (by the birth twofold Ofbright Latena) fifter twin, to him that shootes so farre, Against Lesons, Hermes stood(grave guard in peace and warre, Of humane beings,) gainft the god, whose Empire is in fire, The watry godhead, that great floud, to shew whose powre entire In spoyle as th'other: all his streame on lurking whirlpits trod. Xanthus, by gods, by men Scamander cald. Thus, god gainft god, Entred the field. Escides fustaind a fervent minde To cope with Heller; past all these, his spirit stood enclin'd, To glut Wars with the bloud of him. And at Acides. Apollo let Auchifes sonne. But first he did impresse A more then naturall strength in him; and made him seeleth'excesse Infuside from heaven. Lycassis shape gave show to his addresse, (Old Priams fonne) and thus he spake: thou counseller of Trov. Where now flye out those threats, that late put all our Pecres in joy Of thy fight with Escides? thy tongue once (fleept in wine) Durst vant as much. He answerd him. But why wouldst thou incline My powres gainst that proud enemy, and gainst my present heate? I meane not now to bid him blowes, that feare founds my retreate, That heretoforediscourag'd me: when after he had rac't Lyrne(w, and ftrong Pedefor, his ftill breath'd furie chac't Our Oxen from th Idzan hill, and fet on me, but Iove Gave fireigth and knees, and bore me off, that had not walkt above This center now, but propt by him. Minervaes hand (that held A light to this her favourite, whose beames shewd and impeld. His powres to spoyle) had ruin'd me. For these cares heard her crv. Kill, kill the feed of Ilion, kill th' Afian Lelegi. Meere man then must not fightwith him, that still hath gods to friend; Averting death on others darts, and giving his no end, But with the ends of men. If God, like Fortune in fight, Would give my forces, not with case, wing d Victory should light On his proud shoulders; nor he scape, though all of braffe he bofts His plight confifteth. He replide: Pray thou, those gods of hosts, Whom he implores, as well as he, and his chance may be thine. Thou cam'ft of gods like him: the Queene that raignes in Salamine, Fame founds, thy mother, he deriv'd of lower deitie. Old Nereus daughter bearing him; Beare then thy heart as hie, And thy unwearied steele as right; nor utterly be beate With onely crucky of words, not proofe against a threat.

This strengthned him, and forth he rusht, nor could his strengthning slyc, White-wrifted Inno, nor his drifts. She, every deitie Of th Achive faction cald to her, and faid: Ye must have care (Neptune and Pallas) for the frame of this important warre Ye undertake here; Venus fonne (by Phabus being impeld) Runnes on Achilles, turne him backe, or fecoar friend upheid By one of us. Let not the spirit of Facides Be over-dar'd, but make him know the mightiest delties

Bb 2

Apollo infinites # HP21 20 104 enceunter of Achi es mi june of Lycan.

Entario Apollo

Iune to the goas of Greece.

Stand

Achilles 10

Aneas.

Stand kinde to him, and that the gods, protectors of these towies
That fight against Greece, and were here before our eminent powres,
Beare no importance. And besides, that all we stoupe from heaven
To curbe this fight, that no empaire be to his person given
By any Troitins, nor their aides, while this day beares the Sunne;
Hereaster, all things that are wrapt in his birth threed, and spunne
By Paren (in that point of time, his mother gave him, ayre)
Hemust susfaine. But if Report personne not the repaire
Of all this to bim, by the Voyce of some immortall state,
He may be scareful, (if some god should set on him) that Fare
Makes bim her minister. The gods, when they appeare to men,

And manifelt their proper formes, are passing dreadfull then.

***Xeptime replies: Saturnus at no time letyour Care
Exceed your Reason; its not fit. Where onely humanes are,
We must not mixe the hands of gods, our ods is too extreme.
Sit we by, in some place of height, where we may see to them,
And leave the warres of men to men. But if we see from thence,
Or **Mars, or Phabus enter fight, or ofter least offence
To **Thetis**ionne, not giving free way to his conquering rage,
Then comes the conflict to our cares; we soone shall discengage
**Abilles, and send them to heaven, to settle their abode
With Equals; slying under strifes. This said, the blacke hair d god,
Led to the tower of **Hereales**, built circular and hie
By **Pallus** and the Ilians**, for fit securitie

"Bows.

By Pallas and the llians, for fir fecuritie

To Ivves divine * fonne, gainft the Whale, that drave him from the flore,
To the ample field. There Neptune fate, and all the gods that bore
The Greekes good meaning, casting all, thicke mantles made of clouds,
On their bright shoulders. The proof gods, fate hid in other shrouds,
On top of steepe Callicolon; about thy golden sides,
O Phabus, brandisher of darts; and thine, whose rage abides
No peacein cities. In this state, these gods in counfell state,
All lingring purposed sight, to try who first would elevate
His heavenly weapon. High-thron'd Ieve cried out to fer them on;
Said, sill the field was full of men, and that the earth did grone
With sect of proud encounterers, burn'd with the armies ofmen,
And barbed horse. Two champions for both the armies then.

Juveleis enthe other gods so fixed,

mile.

Met in their midst, prepar'd for blowes; divine **Eacides*, And **Perus* sonne, **Emess* first steps threatning forth the preasse. His high helme nodding, and his breast bard with a shadic shield, And shooke his javelin. **Tbetis* sonne did his part to the field, As when the harmefull King of beasts, (fore threatn'd to be slaine, By all the country up in armes) at first makes coy Dissaine Prepare resistance, but at last, when any one hath led Bold charge upon him with his dart, he then turnes yawning head, Bell langer lathers in his jawes, his great heart swels, his sterne with his firength up, sides and thighes, wad'l'd with stripes to learne his firength up, sides and thighes, wad'l'd with stripes to learne his firength up, sides and the heapes, to kill, became a lange 50 his powre, then towssee up to his will,

Matchleffe

Matchieffe Achilles comming on to meete Anchiles fonne. Both neare; Achilles thus enquir'd: Why ftandft thou thus alone. Thou fonne of Venue? cals thy heart to change of blowes with me? Sure Troyes whole kingdome is propolde; fome one hath promift thee Tue throne of Priam for my lifes but Priams felfe is wife. And (for my flaughter) not fo mad to make his throne thy prize. Priam hath formes to fecond him. Is't then forme piece of land, Paft others, fit to fet and fow, that thy victorious hand, The Hansoffer for my head? I hope that prize will prove No casic conquest: once, I thinke my busic javelin drove. (VVith terror) those thoughts from your spleene. Retain'st thou not the time. When fingle on th'Idzan hill, I tooke thee with the crime Of Run away? the Oxen left? and when thou hadft no face, That I could fee: thy knees bereft it, and Lyrnefu was The maske for that. Then that maske too, I opened to the ayre, (By love and Pallas helpe) and tooke the free light from the faire, Your Ladies bearing prisoners. But Iove and th'other gods, Then fair thee; yet againe I hope they will not adde their ods, To fave thy wants, as thou prefum'ft; retire then, ayme notat Troves throne by me; flie ere thy foule flyes; fooles are wife too late. He answerd him: Hope not that words can child-like terrifie My ftroke-proofe breaft; I well could speake in this indecencie, And use tart termes; but we know well, what stocke us both out out, Too gentle to beare fruits fo rude. Our parents ring about The worlds round bosome; and by fame, their dignities are blowne To both our knowledges; by fight, neither to either knowne; Thine, to mine eyes; nor mine to thine. Fame founds thy worthineffe From famous Peleus; the fea Nymph that hath a lovely treffe. (Thetis) thy mother; I my felfe affirme my Sire to be Great foul'd Anchifes, the that holds the Paphian deitie. My mother; and of thefe, this light is now t'exhale the teares For their loved iffue, thee or me, childish, unworthy dares,

Are not enough to part our powres; for if thy spirits want

Was fire to Dardanes, that built Dardania; for the wals

Of facred :lion fored not yet these fields, those faire-built hals

Of divers languag'd men, not raifd; all then made populous

The foore of Idaes fountfull hill. This love-got Dardanus,

Of living mortals; in his fens, he fed three thousand mares,

By lofty Boreas, their dames, lov'd by him, as they fed;

All neighing by rheir tender foles; of which, twice fixe were bred

He tooke the braveforme of a horse that shooke an azure mane,

Vpon the top ayles of corne cares; nor bent them any whit.

And when the broad backe of the fea, their pleasure was to fit,

And flept with them. These twice sixe coles had pace, so swift they ranne

Begot king Erichbonia, for wealth, past all compares,

(Which many will confirme) my race. First, cloud-commanding love

Due excitation (by diffrust of that desert I vant)

To fer up all refts for my life; Ile lineally prove

Eneu pedigree.

Fix 13 10 A.

shifes.

The

8 O 3

Assess.

The imperficies of his waves, they flid upon; their hoves I'm dipein danke sweate of his browes. Of Eriathonius loves Sprang For, the King of Troians, Tres three yong Princes bred. Mustenown'd Affaracus, and heavenly Ganamed, The fairest youth of all that breath'd; whom (for his beauties love) The gods did tavidh, to their flate, to beare the cup to love. Hus begot Laomedon, god like Laomedon Got 7 ithon. Priam, Clytius, Mars-like Hycetaon. And Lampus. Great Affaracus, Capys begot; and he, Ambiles, Prince Anchifes, me. King Priam, Hector, we Sprang both of one high family. Thus fortunate men give birth, But love gives vertue, he augments, and he empaires the worth Of all men; and his will, their rule; he ftrong ft, all ftrength affords, Why then paint we (like dames) the face of Conflict with our words? both may give language, that a ship driven with a hundred ores. Would over-burthen, a mans tongue is voluble, and pourcs Words out of all forts, every way; fuch as you speake, you heare. What then need we vie calumnies, like women that will weare Their tongues out, being once incenst, and strive for strife, to part (Being on their way) they travell fo: from words, words may avert, From vertue, not; it is your fteele (divine Azcides) Must prove my proofe, as mine shall yours. Thus amply did be case done to His great heart of his pedigree, and sharpely sent away A dare, that caught Achilles shield, and rung so, it did fray The forme of Theeis, his faire hand, farre-thrufting out his shield. For terre the long lance had driven through; O fooleto think twould yeeld; And not to know the gods firme gifts, went want, to yeeld lo loone To mens poore powres; the eager lance had onely conquest wonne Ortwo plates, and the shield had five, two forg'd of tin, two braffe, One (that was center-plate) of gold, and that forbad the paffe Of Ambifiades his lance. Then fent Achilles forth Flis lance, that through the first fold strooke, where braffe of little worth, Addition 1 And no great proofe of hides was laid, through all which Pelias ranne His iron head; and after it his ashen body wanne Paffe to the earth, and there it flucke; his top on th'other fide; And hang the shield up, which, hard downe Azeas pluckt to hide His breaft from fword blowes; shrunke up round, and in his heavie eye, Was much griefe fludowed, much afraid, that Petias flucke fo nic. Then promot Achilles rulhing in, his fword drew, and the field Rung with his voyce. Eneas nowlest, andlet hang his shield, And (ali diffracted) up he fnatcht a two mens ftrength of ftone. And either at his shield or caske, he set it rudely gone, Nor car'd where, so a strookea place that put on armes for death, But he (Achilles came fo close) had doubtlesse sunke beneath His owne death, had not Neptune feene, and interposde the ods The Achain gods: Jest for this great hearted man, he will be sent to hell, by Peleus fonne, being onely mov'd to deale

By Phobse words: Whatfoole is ne? Phabus did never meane To adde to his great words, his guard; against the ruine then Summen's against him: and what cause hath he to head him on Foothers iniferies? He being cleare of any trespasse done Ausinit the Grecians? thankfull gifts he oft hath given to us, Lerns then quit him, and withdraw this combat, for if thus Achale end him: Iove will rage, fince his escape in fate, Is purpoide, left the progenic of Dardanus take date. Whom love, past all his iffue, lov'd, begot of mortall dames: All Friams race he hates, and this must propagate the names 3: Troians, and their fonnes sonnes rule, to all posteritie. Saturnis fiid, make free your pleasure, save, or let him die; Pallas and I have taken many, and most publike oathes, That thill day never shall averther eye (red with our wroths) From hated Troy: No, not when all in fludied fire the flames The Greeke rage blowing her laft coale. This nothing turnd his aimes From present rescue: but through all the whizzing speares he past, And came where both were combatting, when instantly he cast A mist before Achilles eyes, drew from the earth and shield. His lance, and laid it at his feete: and then tooke up, and held Aloft, the light Anchifes fonne, who past (with Meptunes force) Whole orders of Heroes heads, and many a troupe of horse Leipt over, till the bounds he reacht of all the fervent broyle. Where all the Caucons quarters lay. Thus (far freed from the toyle) Neptune had time to use these words : Aneas, who was he Of all the gods, that did so much neglect thy good and thee, To urge the fight with Theris fonne? who, in immortall rates Is better and more deare then thee? Hereafter, left (paft fates) Hell be thy heading home, retire; make bold fland never neare, Where he advanceth: but his fate, once fatisfied, then beare A tree and full layle: no Greekeelfe shall end thee. This reveald. He left him, and disperst the cloud that all this act conceald From vext Achilles: who againe had cleare light from the skies, And (much disdaining the escape) faid: O ye gods, mine eyes Discover miracles: my lance submitted, and he gone At whom I fent it, with defire of his confusion? A was fure was lov'd of heaven; I thought his vant from thence, Had flow'd from glory. Let him goe, no more experience Will his minde long for of my hands, he flies them now fo cleare: Cheer then the Greeks, and others try. Thus rang'd he every where The Grecian orders; every man (of which the most lookt on To fee their fresh Lord shake his lance) he thus put charge upon: Divine Greeks, stand northus at gaze; but man to man apply Your severall valours: tis a taske laid too unequally On me, leit to fo many men, one man, opposde to all. Not Mars immortall and a god, nor warres the Generall, A field of so much fight could chace and worke it out with blowes; But what a man may execute, that all lims will expose,

H men griffe. to f Alaca .

Las 10 Tigg 1920

Nertune to .16.6.35.

Achilles almines the efc. b. of Acres.

Pethyent Heller.

Similie.

And all their firength to th'utmoft nerve (though now Hoft fome page ... v lome strange miracle) no more shall burne in vaine the day. To any least beame; aliebis host lie ransacke, and have hope Of all; not one (againe) will scape, whoever gives such scope To his adventure; and so neare, dares tempt my angry lance. Thus he excited. Hellor then as much firives to advance. The hearts of his men; adding threats, affirming he would fland In combat with Accides. Give Feare (faid he) no hand. Section 1. ho Of your great hearts, (brave Ilians) for Pelew talking fonne, He light with any god with words, but when their speares put on-The worke runs high; their firength exceeds mortalitie fo farre. And they may make workes crowne their words, which holds not in the war Actalles wakes; his hands have bounds, this word he shall make good, And cave another to the field: his worft shall be withflood. With fole objection of my felfe. Though in his hand he beare A rage like fire, though fire it felfe his raging fingers were, And burning fleele flew in his ftrength. Thus he incited his. And they railed iances, and to worke, with mixed courages, And up flew clamor, but the heate in Hellor, Phabus gave This temper: Doe not meet (faid he) in any fingle brave, The man thou threatn ft, but in preasie, and in thy strength impeach His violence, for farre off, or neare, his fword or dart will reach. The gods voyce made a difference in Hellors owne conceit Betwixt his, and Achilles words; and gave fuch overweight, As weigh'd him backe into his hrength, and curb'd his flying out. At all threw fierce Acides, and gave a horrid flout. The first of all he put to dart, was fierce Iphition, Iphitien flaine Surnam'd Otryntides, whom Nais, the water Nymoh made jonne To towne-destroyer Organiess. Beneath the snowy hall Of Imolus, in the wealthy towns of Ide: at his will, Were many able men at armes. He ruffing in, tooke full Pelides lance in his heads midft, that cleft in two his skull. Schilles knew him, one much fam'd, and thus infulted then: Th'art dead Otryntides, though cald the terriblest of men; Thy race runs at Gygeus lake, there thy inheritance lav Neare fifby Hillus, and the gulfes of Hermus: but this day Removes it to the fields of Troy. Thus left he night to feaze His closed eyes, his body laid in course of all the preases Which Grecian horse broke with the strakes, naild to their chariot wheeles. Next (through the temples) the burft eyes, his deadly javelin feeles Of great-in-Troy Antenors sonne, renown'd Demoleon; A mighty turner of a field. His overthrow fer gone Hippodamas, who leapt from horse, and as he fled before Aacides, his turned backe he made fell Pelias gore, And forth he puft his flying foule, and as a tortur d Bull, (To Nept ine brought for facrifice) a troupe of yongflers pull Downe to the earth, and dragge him round about the hallowed flore, To please the watry deitie, with forcing him to rore;

And forth he powres his utmost throte. So bellow'd this flaine friend Of flying Ilion with the breath that gave his being end. Then rn(ht he on, and in his eye had heavenly Polydore, Old Priams sonne; whom last of all, his fruitfull Princesse bore; And for his youth (being deare to him) the King forbad to fight. Yet (hot of unexperienc't bloud, to thew how exquifite He was of foote: for which of all, the fiftie fonnes he held The speciall name.) He flew before the first heate of the field-Polyders Jaime Even till he flew out breath and foule: which, through the backe, the lance ty Achilles. Of Swift Achilles put in ayre, and didhis head advance Out at his navill: on his knees the poore Prince crying fell; And gatherd with his tender hands, his entrailes; that did fwell Quite through the wide wound, till a cloud as blacke as death conceald Their fight, and all the world from him. When Heller had beheld His brother tumbl'd fo to earth (his intrailes still in hand) Darke forrow overcast his eyes; not farre off could he stand A minute longer: but like fire he brake out of the throng. Shooke his long Lance at Thetis fonne; and then came he along Achilles ration To feed thencounter: O (faid he) here comes the man that moff at the fight of Of all the world destroyes my minde: the man by whom I lost H. Clar. My deare Patroclus; now not long, the crooked pathes of warre, Can yeeld us any privic scapes: Come, keepe not off so farre, (He cryed to Hector) make the paine of thy fure death as shore As one so desperate of his life, hath reason. In no sort, Hettrt: A. This frighted Heller, who bore close: and faid, Macides, ch. Ses. Leave threats for children; I have powre to thunder calumnies, As well as others and well know thy ftrength superiour farre. To that my nerves hold, but the gods, (not nerves) determine warre. And yet (for nerves) there will be found, a strength of powrein mine. To drive a lance home to thy life; my lance as well as thine Hath point and sharpenesse, and tis this. Thus brandishing his speare, Palite Section He fet it flying; which a breath of Pallas backe did beare backe lie. . . lance the real From Thetis fonne, to Hellors felfe, and at his feee it fell. ai aideil ca. Achilles usde no dart, but close flew in, and thought to deale With no strokes, but of sure dispatch, but what with all his bloud He labor'd; Phabus clear'd with eafe, as being a god, and stood For Hectors guard, as Pallas did, Bacides for thine. He rapt him from him; and a cloud of much night cast betweene His person, and the point opposde. Achilles then exclaim'd Ofce yet more gods are at worke; Apollos hand hath fram'd Apollo referer (Dog that thou art) thy rescue now: to whom, go, pay thy vowes Hickor. Thy safetie owes him; I shall went in time those satall blowes, That yet beate in my heart, on thine, if any god remaine, My equall fauter. In meane time, my anger must maintaine His fire on other Ilians. Then laid he at his feet, Great Demochus, Philesors fonne; and Dryope did greet With like encounter. Dardanus and firong Lageonus, (Wife Byas fonnes) he hurld from horse, of one victorious

arile.

Sim. 17.

With his close (word, the others life he conquerd with his lance.

Then Tres, Alasters fonne made in, and fought to scape their chance,
With free submission Downe he fell, and praid about his knees,
He would not kill him, but take ruth, as one that Destinies
Made to that purpose, being a man borne in the selle same yeare
That he himselse was: O poore soole, to sue to him to beare
A ruthfull minde, he well might know, he could not fashion him,
In ruths soft mould, he had no spirit to brooke that interim
In his hot surie: he was none of these remorfesul men,
Gentle and affable: but sierce at all times, and mad then.

He gladly would have made a prayre, and still so hugged his knee, He could not quit him: till at last his sword was faine to free His setterd knees, that made a vent for his white livers bloud, Thar could such pitrifull affects, of which it pour d a soud About his bosome, which it fild, even till it drownd his eyes, And all sense faild him. Forth then slew this Prince of tragedees, Who next, stoopt Mulius, even to death, with his insatiate speare: One care it enterd, and made good his passe to thother care.

Echeciss then, (Ageners fonne) he strooke betwixt the browes, Whose bloud set fire upon his sword, that coold it rill the chrowes Of his then labouring braine, let out his solle to fixed fare, And gave cold entry to blacke death. Descaliss then had state In these mens beings: where the nerves about the cloow knir, Downe to his hand his speares steele piere't, and brought such paine to it, As led Death joyntly, whom he saw before his fainting eyes, And in his necke felt, with a stroke, laid on so, that off styes His head: one of the twice twelve bones, that all the backe bone make, Let out his marrow, when the head, he helme and all did take, And hurl'd amongs the lians; the body firetch to earth.

Rhigmus of fruitfull Thrace, next fell, he was the famous birth Of Pireus: his bellies midfts, the lance tooke; whose sternesorce, Quite tumbl'd him from charior. In turning backe the horfe, Their guider Areithous, receiv'd another lance. That threw him to his Lord. No end was put to the mischance Achilles entred: But as fire, falne in a flash from heaven, Inflames the high-woods of dry hils, and with a florme is driven Through all the Sylvane deepes, and raves, till downe goes every where The smother'd hill: So every way, Achilles and his speare Consum'd the Champaine, the blacke earth flow'd with the veines hetore. And looke how Oxen, (yok't and driven about the circulat floore Of some faire barne) treade sodainly the thicke sheaves, thin of corne, And all the corne confum'd with chaffe: fo mixt and overborne, Beneath Achilles one-howd horse, shields, speares, and mentay trod. His axel-tree, and chariot wheeles, all foatterd with the blood, Hurl'd from the steeds hoves, and the strakes. Thus to be magnified, Mis most inaccessible hands, in humane bloud he died.

The end of the twentieth Booke.



THEXXI. BOOK E OF HOMER'S ILIADS.

THE ARGUMENT.

IN two parts, Troyes hoft parted; Thetis sonne,
One to Scammett, one to llion
Pursues. Twelve Lords he takes alive, to end
In sarrifice, for vengeance to his friend.
Afteropeus dyes by his steree hand,
And Priams sonne, Lycaon. Over land
The sloud breakes: where, Achilles being engag'd,
Vulcan preferves him, and wish spirit envag'd,
Sets all the Champaine and the Floud on fire;
Contention then doth all the gods inspire.
Apollo in Agenors shape, dath stay
Achilles surse; and by giving way,
Make him party, sill the deceit gives leave,
That Troy in safety might ber friends receive.

Another Argument.
Phy, at the flouds shore, doth expresse
The labours of Eacides.

Nd now they reacht the goodly swelling channell of the floud, Gulfe-cating Xanthus, whom Iove mixt with his immortall brood: And there Achilles cleft the host of Ilion: one side fell On Xanthus, th'other on the towne: and that did he impell The same way that the last daies rage, put all the Greekes in rout, When Hellers furie reign d: these now Achilles pour'd about The scatterd field. To stay the flight, Saturnia cast before Their hastic feet, a standing fogge, and then Flights violence bore The other halfe full on the floud. The filver-gulphed deepe Receiv'd them with a mighty cry: the billowes vast and steepe, Ror'd at their armours, which the shores did round about resound: This way and that, they fwum, and shrickt, as in the gulphs they drownd: And as in fir'd fields, Locusts rife, as the unwearied blaze Plies still their rising, till in swarmes, all rush as in amaze, (For fcape) into some neighbour floud: So, th'Achillean stroke, Here drave the foe: the gulphic floud with men and horse did choke. Then on the shore, the Worthy hid, and left his horrid lance Amids the Tamariskes; the spritclike, did with his sword advance Vp to the river; ill affaires, tooke up his furious braine. For Troyes engagements: every way, he doubl'd flaine on flaine.

Simile.

A most unmanly noise was made, with those he put to sword, Of grones and outcries; the floud blufht to be fo much engor d With such base soules: And as small fish, the swift-finn'd Dolphin fice, Filling the deepe pits in the ports; on whole close strength they lie: And there he swallowes them in sholes: So here, to rockes and holes, About the floud, the Troians fled; and there most lost their foules : Even till he tir dhis flaughterous arme. Twelve faire yong Princes then, He chusde of all, to take alive; to have them freshly flaine On that most solemne day of wreake, resolv'd on for his friend. These led he trembling forth the floud, as fearefull of their end, As any Hinde calves: all their hands he pinnioned behinde With their owne girdles; worne upon their rich weeds, and refign & Their persons to his Myrmidons, to beare to fleete : and he Plung'd in the streame againe, to take more worke of Tragedie.

Ashille his ter of Lycasz.

He met, then issuing the floud; with all intent of flight, Lycaon, (Darden Priams sonne) whom lately in the night, Brange encoun- He had surprise, as in a wood of Priams he had cut The greene armes of a wilde figge tree; to make him spokes to put In Naves of his new chariot. An ill then, all unthought, Stole on him in Achilles shape, who tooke him thence, and brought To well-built Lemnos, felling him to famous Ialons fonne: From whom, a guest then in his house, (Imbrius Ection) Redeem'd at high rate, and fent home t'Arisba, whence he fled, And law againe his fathers court: eleven daies banquetted Anangs his friends; the twelfth god thrust his haplesse head againe In the dis of sterne Ascides, who now must fend him flaine, To Pass Court, and gainst his will. Him, when Achilles know Nakeu of helmet, shield, sword, lance; all which for case he threw To carth, being overcome with sweate; and labour wearying His flying knees) he ftorm'd, and faid; O heaven, a wondrous thing Invades mine eyes, those Ilians that heretofore I flue, Rife from the darke dead, quicke againe: this man, fate makes efthew Her owne steele fingers: he was fold in Lempos, and the deepe Of all Seas, twixt this Troy, and that (that many a man doth keepe From his lov'd country) barres not him; Come then, he now that taffe The head of Pelias, and try if steele will downe as fast As other fortunes; or kinde earth can any furer feife On his flie person; whose strong armes have held downe Heresles.

Waens feare to beffene of Asolles.

His thoughts thus mov'd, while he food firme, to fee if he, he foide, Would offer flight, (which first he thought) but when he had describe, He was descried, and flight was vaine; fearefull, he made more nie, With purpose to embrace his knees, and now long'd much to flie His blacke fate, and abhorred death, by comming in. His foe Observ'd all this, and up he raifd his lance, as he would throw; And then Lycaon close ran in; fell on his breast, and tooke chilles knees, whose lance (on earth now staid) did overlooke, His fill-turnd backe, with thirst toglut his sharpe point with the bloud, That lay forcady; but that thirst, Lycaons thirst withstood,

To fave his bloud, Achilles knee, in his one hand he knit. His other held the long lance hard, and would not part with it : But thus belought: I kille thy knees, divine Escides : Respect me, and my fortunes rue; I now present th'accesse Of a poore suppliant, for thy ruth: and I am one that is Worthy thy ruth (O Ioves belowd.) First house my miseries Fell into any hand, twas thine: I tafted all my bread By thy gift fince: O fince that houre, that thy furprifall led From forth the faire wood, my fad feete; farre from my lov'd allies, To famous Lemnos, where I found an hundred Oxens prize To make my ransome for which now, I thrice the worth will raise. This day makes twelve fince I arrived in Ilion: many daies Being spent before in sufferance: and now a cruell fate. Thrusts me againe into thy hands. I should hant love with hate, That with such let malignitie, gives thee my life againe. There were but two of us, for whom Landoe fufferd paine. Lasthoe, old Altes feed, Alte, whose pallace flood In height of upper Pedalus, neere Saturas filver floods And rulde the warre-like Lelegi. Whole feed (as many more) King Prism married, and begoe the godlike Polyder. And me accurate thou flaughtered thim: and now thy hand on me Will prove as mortall. I did thinke when here I met with thee, I could not scape thee, yet give eare, and adde thy minde to it, I told my birth to intimate, though one firedid beget, Yet one wombe brought not into light, Heller (that flue thy friend) And me. I doe not kill me then, but let the wretched end Of Polydor excuse my life. For halfe our being bred Brochers to Hetter, he (halfe) paid, no more is forfeited. Thus fu d ne humbly; but he heard, with this auftere reply .

Foole, urge not ruth, nor price to me; till that folemnitie Refole'd on, for Patroclus death, pay all his rites to fate: Till his death I did grace to Troy, and many lives did rate At price of ransome: but none now of all the broad of Troy, (Who ever love throwes to my bands) shall any breath enion, That death can beate out; specially that touch at Priams race. Die, die, (my friend) what teares are these? what sad lookes spoyle thy face? Patroclus died, that farre past thee: may feest thou not befide, My selfe, even I, a faire yong man, and rarely magnifide; And (to my father, being a King) a mother have, that fits In ranke with goddessesand yet, when thou hast spent thy spirits, Death, and as violent a fate, must overtake, even me. By twilight, morne light, day, high noone, whenever Destinie Sets on her man to hurle a Lance, or knit out of his ffring, An arrow that must reach my life. This said, a languishing Lycaons heart bent like his knees, yet left him ftrength radvance Both hands for mercy, as he kneeld. His foe yet leaves his Lance, And forth his fword flies, which he hid, in furrow of a wound, Driven through the joynture of his necke, flat fell be on the ground,

Lycasus ruthfull merceffien to Achilles for bis

To

Stretchs

Stretcht with deaths pangs, and all the earthembrew d with timeleffe bloud. Then gript Eacides his heele, and to the loftic flood Hung (lwinging) his unpittied corfesto fee it fwim, and toffe Vp on the rough waves; and faid, Goe, feed fat the fish with lose Of thy left bloud: they cleane will sucke thy greene wounds, and this faves Thy mother teares upon thy bed. Deepe Xanthus on his waves. Shall hoyle thee bravely to a tombe, that in her burly breaft, The fea shall open, where great fish may keepe thy funerall teast With thy white fat: and on the waves, dance at thy wedding fate. Clad in blacke horror, keeping close inaccessible state. So perish Ilians, till we plucke the browes of Ilion Downe to her feete, you flying ftill: I flying ftill upon,

The word is sassa fas, which they tranffate er-Constitution. perly liamiffes Junipans, ut bayes intellig combas.

Thus in the reie, and (as my browes were forckt, with rabid hornes) Toffe ve together. This brave flood that firengthens and adornes Your citie with his filver gulphes; to whom fo many buls, Your zeale hath offred; with blinde zeale his facred current guls, With casting chariots, and horse; quicke to his prayd-for aide, Shall nothing profit: perish then, till cruell'st death hath laide All at the red feete of revenge, for my flaine friend, and all With whom the absence of my hands, made yours a sestivall. This speech great Xanthus more enrag'd, and made his spirit contend. For meanes to shut up the op't vaine, against him, and defend The Troians in it, from his plague. In meane time Peless lonne, (And now with that long Lance he hid) for more bloud, fet upon Afteropaus, the descent of Pelagon, and he

Of broad ftream'd wim, and the dame (of first nativitie, To all the daughters that renown'd, Acefamenus feed) Bright Peribes; whom the floud, (arm'd thicke with lofey reed) Comprest. Ather grandchild now went, Thetis great some, whose see Stood arm'd with two darts, being set on by Xanthus, angerd io For those youths bloud, shed in his streame by vengefull Theis sonne, After Without all mercy. (Both being neare) great Therides begunne

ryzw. 49 repeus : 2

echiles.

With this high question. Of what race art thou that dar'st oppose Thy powre to mine thus? curfed wombs, they ever did disclose, That flood my anger. He reply'd, What makes thy furies beate, Talke, and seeke Pedigrees: farre hence, lies my innative seate,

Inrich Pceonia. My race, from broad-stream'd Axies rens; Axius, that gives earth purest drinke, of all the watrictions Of great Oceanus; and got the famous for his speare, Pelagonus that fatherd me, and these Pomians here, Arm'd with long Lances, here I leader and here th'eleventh faire light

Shines on us, fince we entred Troy: Come now, (brave man) let's fight. Thus spake he, threatning, and to him Pelides made reply With shaken Pelias. but his foe, with two at once let flye,

Name of (For both his hands were dexterous:) one javelin strooke the shield Of Theris fonne, but ftrooke not through (the gold (gods gift) repeld The eager point:) the other lancefell lightly on the part

Of his faireright hands cubit, forth the blacke bloud founne; the dart

Glanc't over, fastening on the earth, aud there his spleene was spent, That wisht the body. With which wish, Achilles his lance fent. That quite mift, and infixt it felfe fast in the steepe-up shore. Even to the midft, it enterd it; himselfe then fiercely bore Vpon his enemie with his fword. His foe was tugging hard To get his lance out: thrice he pluc'kt, and thrice fure Pelias bard His wisht evulsion. The fourth plucke, he bow'd, and meant to breake The Ashen plant, but (ere that act) Achilles sword did checke His bent powre, and brake out his soule. Full in the navill stead He ript his belly up, and out his entrailes fell, and dead His breathleffe body: whence his armes Achilles drew, and faid: Lie there, and prove it dangerous, to lift up adverse head,

Against leves sonnes, although a floud were Ancetor to thee. Thy vants urg'd him, but I may vant a higher pedigree, (From Iove himselfe:) King Peleus was some to Escus;

Infernall Escus, to Jove, and I, to Peleus. Thunder-voyc't tove, farre passeth flouds, that onely murmurs raise With earth and water, as they runne, with tribute to the feas. And his feed theirs exceeds as farre. A floud, a mighty floud Rag'd neere thee now, but with no aid. Iove must not be withstood. King Achelous yee'ds to him, and great Oceanus,

Whence all flouds; all the fea, all founts, wells, all deepes humorous. Fetch their beginnings, yet even he feares toves flath, and the cracke His thunder gives, when out of heaven it teares atwo his racke. Thus plackt he from the shore, his lance, and left the waves to wash

The wave fprung entrailes, about which, Fausens and other fish Did shole, to nibble of the fat, which his sweet kidneyes hid. This for himselfe, now to his men, (the well-rode Peons) did His rage contend, All which, cold Feare shooke into flight, to see Their Captain flaine:at whose mazde flight (as much enrag'd) flew he, And then fell all thefe, Thrafius, Mydon, Aftypilus,

Great Opheleftes, Anius, Mnefus, Therfilochus. And on these, many more had faine, unlesse the angry flood Had tooke the figure of a man; and in a whirlepit flood, Thus speaking to Escides. Past all, powre feeds thy will, (Thou great grandchild of Æscus) and past all, thart in ill. And gods themselves, consederates; and love (the best of gods) All deaths gives thee: all places not. Make my thores periods

To all shore service. In the field, let thy field acts run hie. Not in my waters. My fweet streames, choake with mortalitie Of men, flaine by thee. Carkaffes foglut me, that I faile To poure into the facred fea, my waves; yet still affaile Thy cruell forces. Ceafe, amaze affects me with thy rage,

Prince of the people. He reply'd; Shall thy command affwage (Gulfe-fed Scamander) my tree wrath? He never leave pursude Proud Ilions flaughters; till this hand in her fild wals conclude Her flying forces, and hath tried in fingle fight, the chance Of warre with Heller, whole event, with flarke death, shall advance

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One of our conquests. Thus againe he like a Furie flew Vpon the Troians: when the floud his fad plaint did purlue, James to Joseph To bright Apollo, telling him he was too negligent Of loves high charge; importuning by all meanes vehemene, His helpe of Troy, till lateft Even thould her blacke thadowes powre On earths broad breaft. In all his worft, Achilles yetfrom thore, Leapt to his middeft. Then sweld his waves, then rag d, then boyld againe Against Achilles: up flew all, and all the bodies flaine, In all his deepes, (of which the heapes, made bridges, to his waves) He belent out, roring like a Bull. The unflaine yet he faves. In his blacke whirlepits vast and deepe. A horrid billow flood About Achilles. On his shield the violence of the flood Beate fo, it drave him backe, and tooke his feet up, his faire paime Enforce to catchinto his stay, a broad and losty Elme, Note the scali- Whose roots he tost up with his hold, and tore up all the shore,

gains to the

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mudblight, and With this then, he repeld the waves, and those thicke armes it bore, admired expres- He made a bridge to beare him off, (for all fell in) when he Forth from the channell threw himselse. The rage did terrific, Even his great spirit, and made him adde wings to his swiftest feet, And treade the land. And yet not there the floud leit his retreare, But thrust his billowes after him, and blackt them all attop, To make him feare, and flye his charge, and fee the broad field ope For Troy to scape in. He sprung out a darts cast, but came on Againe with a redoubl'd force: as when the swiftest flowne, And ftrong'st of all fowles, (Ioves blacke Hawke) the huntrelle stoops upon A much lov'd Quarrie: So charg'd he, his armes with horror rung, Against the blacke waves: yet againe he was so urg'd, he flung His body from the floud, and fled. And after him againe The waves flew roring: as a man that findes awater vaine, And from some black fount is to bring his streames through plants & groves; Goes with his Mattocke, and all checks, set to his course, removes; When that runnes freely under it the pibbles all give way, And where it findes afall, runnes swift: nor can the leader stay His current then: Before himselse full pac't, it murmurs on. So, of Achilles, evermore, the strong flood vantage wonne, (Though most deliver) gods are still above the powres of men. As oftas th'able godlike man endevour'd to maintaine His charge on them that kept the floud, (and charged as he would try If all the gods inhabiting the broad unreached skie, Could dant his spirit) so oft still, the rude waves charged him round; Rampt on his shoulders, from whose depth, his strength & spirit would bound Vp to the free ayre, vext in foule. And now the vehement flood, Made faint his knees: fo overthwart, his waves were, they withflood All the denyed dust, which he wisht, and now was faine to cry; Casting his eyes to that broad heaven, that late he long d to try . And faid, O love, how am I left? No god vouchfascs to free . Filles com-

Me, miserable man, helpe now, and after torture me

With any outrage. Would to heaven, Heller, (the mightiest

Brcd

Bred in this region) had imbrew'd his javelin in my breaft. That ftrong might fall by throng. Where now weake waters luxurie. Must make my death blush one, heaven-bore, shall like a hog-herd die. Drownd in a durtie torrents rage. Yet none of you in heaven. I blame for this; but she alone, by whom this life was given, That now must dye thus. She would still delude me with hertales. Affirming Phabus thafts (hould end within the Trojan wals My curft beginning. In this firsit, Neptane and Pallas flew To fetch him off. In mens thapes both, close to his danger drew : And, taking both, both hands, thus spakethe shaker of the world: Pelises, doe not stirre a foot, nor these waves proudly curld Against thy bold breast, scare a jot; thou hast us two thy friends. (Nep: use and Pallas) love himselfe, approving thaide we lend. Tis nothing, as thou fearft with fate; the will not fee thee drown'd: This height thall foone downe, thine owne eves shall fee it fet aground. Be rulde then, weele advise thee well, take not thy hand away, From putting all, indifferently, to all that it can lay Voon the Trolans; till the walles of haughty Ilion Conclude all in a desperate flight: and when thou hast fet gone The foule of Hector, turne to fleet: our hands shall planta wreath Of endlesse glory on thy browes. Thus, to the free from death, Both made retreat. He (much impeld by charge, the godheads gave) The field, that now was overcome with many a boundleffe wave, He overcame: on their wilde breafts, they toft the carkaffes And armes of many a flaughterd man. And now the winged knees, Of this great Captaine, bore aloft: against the floud he flies With full affault: nor could that god make thrinke his refcued thighs? Nor flaunke the floud, but as his foe grew powerfull, he grew mad: Thrust up a billow to the skie, and cristall Simois bad To his affidance: Simois, Hoc, brother, (out he cried) Come, adde thy current, and refift this man halfe deified, Or Ilion he will pull downe straite; the Troians cannot stand A minute longer. Come, affift, and inftantly command All fountaines in thy rule to rife; all torrents to make in, And stuffe thy billowes, with whose height, engender such a din, (With trees torne up, and justling stones) as so immane a man, May fleinke bene ith us: whose powre thrives, do my powre all it can: He dares things fitter for a god. But, nor his forme, nor force, Nor glorious armes shall profit it: all which, and his dead corfe I vaw to rowle up in my hands: Nay, burie in my mud: Nay, in the very finkes of Troy: that pour'd into my floud, Shall make him drawning worke enough: and being drawn'd, lle fet A fort of fuch firong filth on him, that Greece shall never get His bones from it. There, there shall stand Achilles sepulcher, And fave a buriall for his friends. This furie did transferre His high-rigd billo wes on the Prince, roring with blond and fome, And carkaffes. The crimfon streame did fnatch into her wombe,

Surptied Millers and her height, stood, held up by the hand

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Of leve himselfe. Then June cried, and cald (to countermand This watry Deitie) the god that holds command in fire, iraid left that gulf-ftomackt floud would fatiate his defire 1400 to 1400 On great Achilles . Mulciber? my best lov'd sonne? (she cried) Rowze thee, for all the gods conceive, this floud thus amplified, Is rais'd at thee; and shewes as if his waves would drowne the skie. And put out all the sphere of fire; haste, helpe thy, Emperic: Light flames, deep as his pits. Our felfe, the West wind, and the South, Will call out of the sea, and breathe in eithers full-charg'd mouth A ftorme renrage thy fires gainst Troy; which shall (in one exhald) Blow flames of sweat about their browes, and make their armors skald. Goe thou then, and (gainst these winds rife) make worke on Xanthus shore. With fetting all his trees on fire: and in his owne breaft poure A fervor that shall make it burne, nor let faire words or threats Avert thy furie, till I speake, and then subdue the heates Of all thy Blazes. Mulciber prepar'd a mighty fire, First, in the field usder burning up the bodies, that the ire Of great Achilles reft of foules: the quite-drown'd field it dried. And shrunke the floud up. And as fields that have been long time cloide With catching weather, when their corne lies on the gavill heape. Are with a constant North wind dried, with which for comfort leave Their hearts that fow'd them: So this field was dri'd, the bodies burn'd; And even the floud into a fire, as bright as day was turn'd. Elmes, willows, tamrisks, were enflam'd the lote trees, fea-graffe reeds, And rushes, with the galingale roots (of which abundance breeds About the (weet floud) all were fir'd: the gliding fishes flew

THE XXI. BOOKE

Vpwards in flames: the groveling Eeles crept upright, all which flew Wife Vulcans unrefifted spirit. The floud out of a flame, france which Cried to him; Ceafe, O Mulciber, no deitie can tame Thy matchleffe vertue: nor would I, (fince thou art thus hot) frive. Ceafe then thy ftrife; let Theris fonne, with all thy wisht haft, drive Even to their gates these Ilians, what toucheth me their aide, Or this Contention? thus in flames the burning river prayde: And as a Caldron, underput with store of fire, and wrought With boyling of a well-fed Brawne, up leapes his wavealoft, Bavins of fere wood urging it, and spending flames apace, Till all the Caldron be engirt with a confuming blaze. So round this floud burn'd, and fo fod his sweet and tortur'd streames; Nor could flow forth bound in the fumes of Valcans fiery beames. Who (then not mov'd) his mothers ruth, by all his meanes he craves, And askt, why Pulcan should invade, and so torment his waves, Paft other flouds? when his offence rofe not to fuch degree, As that of other gods for Troys and that himselfe would free Her wrath to it, if the were pleafde; and prayd her, that her fonne Might be reflected: adding this, that he would nere be wonne, To helpe keepe off the ruinous day, in which all Troy should burne, Fir'd by the Grecians. This vow heard, the charg'd her fonne to turne His fierie foirits to their homes: and faid, it was not fit

A god should suffer so for men. Then Vulcan did remit His fo unmeafur'd violence, and backe the pleafant flood Ranne to his channell. Thus these gods the made friends, th'other flood At weightie difference; both fides ranne together with a found, That earth resounded; and great heaven about did surrebound. Iove heard it, fitting on his hill, and laught to fee the gods Buckle to armes like angry men: and the pleased with their ode They laid it freely. Of them all, thump-buckler Mars began: And at Minerva with a lance of braffe he headlong ran-These vile words ushering his blowes: thou dog-flie, what's the cause Thou mak'ft gods fight thus?thy huge heart breakes all our peacefull lawes With thy infatiate shamelesnesse. Remembrest thou the houre When Diomed charg'd me? and by thee? and thou with all thy powre, Took'ft lance thy selfe; and in all fights, rusht on me with a wound? Now vengeance fals on thee for all. This faid, the shield fring dround With fighting Adders, borne by Iove, that not to thunder yeelds, He clapt his lance on, and this god, that with the bloud of fields. Pollutes his godhead; that shield pierst, and burt the armed Maid : But backe the leapt, and with her frong hand, rapt a huge frone laid Aboue the Champaine, blacke and sharpe, that did in old time breake Partitions to mens lands; and that the dufted in the necke Of that imperuous challenger. Downe to the earth he fwayd, And overlaid feven acres land: his hayre was all berayd With dust and bloud mixt; and his armes rung out. Minerva laught, And thus infulted: O thou foole, yet haft thou not beene taught To know mine eminence? thy strength, opposed thouto mine? So pay thy mothers furies then; who for these aides of thine, (Ever affoorded perjur'd Taoy; Greece ever left) takes spleene, And vowes thee mischiefe. Thus she turn'd her blew eyes, when Loves Queen The hand of Mars tooke, and from earth raild him with thick-drawn breath.

His spirits not yet got up againe. But from the prease of death,

Thy selfe even now, but that his love, that dog-flye will not leave

Strooke with her hard hand, her foft breaft, a blow that overthrew

Both her and Mars, and there both lay together in broad field.

To these falle Troians, gainst the Greekes, so bold and patient,

Be all their aides, then hers to Mars: fo short worke would be made

And thus spake Neptane: Phabus! come, why, at the lances end Stand we thus? twill be a shame for us to re-ascend

loves golden house, being thus in field, and not to fight. Begin,

When thus the triumpht. So lie all that any fuccours yeeld

As Venus, (thunning charge of me) and no leffe impotent

Next Neptune and Apollo Rood upon the point of field,

Herold confort. Vpon her, flye. Minerva did receive

This excitation joyfully, and at the Cyprian flew,

In our depopulating Troy (this hardiest to invade, Of all earths cities.) At this wilh, white-wrifted Inno fmil'd.

Kinde * Aphrodite was his guide. Which, Juno feeing, exclaim'd:

Pallas, see, Mars is helpt from field? Dog-flye, his rude tongue nam'd

Minerva infalts ever Mari.

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Mars again ?

Blinerva.

Vegus.

Mars and Venus overthrowne by ral as.

Similie.

Priamt amage

at Achilles.

Agraot Sirietà

by A 860.

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Will I bide combat; tis a worke right dangerous to fland.

Simil's.

For tis no gracefull worke for me, thou hast the yonger chin, Loder, and know more. O foole! what a forgetfull heart Thou bear'st about thee? to stand here, prest to take th'Ilian part, And fight with me? Forgetst thou then, what we two: we alone (Otali the gods) have fufferd here? when proud Laomedon Enjoyd our service a whole yeare, for our agreed reward? Tove in his fway would have it fo, and in that yeare I rear'd This broad braue wall about his towne, that (being a worke of mine) It might be inexpugnable. This service then was thine. In Ida (that so many bils, and curld-head forrests crowne) To feed his oxen, crooked shankt, and headed like the Moone. Bur when the much-ioy bringing houres, brought terme for our reward, The terrible Laomedon difmift us both, and feard Our high descruings; not alone to hold our promist fee. But giuc us threats too. Hand and feet he fwore to fetter thee. And fell thee as a flaue; difmift, farre hence to forreine Iles; Nay more, he would have both our cares. His vowes breach, and reuiles. Made us part angry with him than, and doest thou gratulate now Such a kings subjects? or with us, not their destruction vow. Euen to their chaft wives and their babes? He answerd, he might hold Fis wisedome little, if with him (a god) for men he would Maintaine contention: wretched men, that flourish for a time Like leaves; eate fome of that earth yeelds; and give earth in their prime, Their whole selves for it. Quickly then let us flie fight for them. Nor thew it offerd: let themselves beare out their owne extreme. Thus he retir'd, and fear'd to change blowes with his uncles hands, Di asserte His fifter therefore chid him much, (the goddeffe that commands In games of hunting) and thus (pake: Fliest thou? and leau'st the field To Neptunes glory? and no blowes? O foole! why doft thou wield Thy id c bow? no more my cares shall heare thee vant in skies, Dares to meet Neptune, but He teli thy cowards tongue it lies. He answerd nothing; yet loves wife could put on no such raines, But spake thus loofely. How dar'st thou, dog, whom no feares containes. Encounter me? twill proue a match of hard condition: Though the great Lady of the bow; and love hath lent thee downe For Lyon of thy fexe; with gift to flaughter any Dame Thy proud will enuies; yet some Dames will proue th'hadst better tame Wilde Lyons upon hils, then them. But if this question rests Yet under judgement in thy thoughts, and that thy minde contests. Hemake theeknow it. Sodainly, with her left hand the catche Both Cynthius palmes, lockt fingers fast, and with her right she snatcht From her faire thoulders, her guilt bow; and (laughing) laid it on About her cares, and enery way her turnings feiz'd upon. Till all her arrowes featterd out, her quiver emptied quite. And as a Dove, that (flying a Hawke) takes to some rocke her flight,

And in his hollow breasts sittafe, her fate not vet to dve :

His opposite, thus undertooke: Latena at no hand

So fled the mourning; and her bow, left there, Then Mercarie.

At difference with the wives of love, Goe therefore, freely vant Amongst the deities, th'hast subdu'd, and made thy combattant Yeeld with plaine powre. She answer'd not, but gather'd up the bow And thafts falne from her daughters fide, retiring. Vp did goe Diana to Ioves starry hall, her incorrupted vaile Trembling about her, fo the thooke. Phabus (left Troy flould faile Before her Fate) flew to her wals, the other deities flew Vp to Olympus: some enrag'd, some glad. Achilles slew Both men and horse of Ilion. And as a citic fird. Casts up a heate, that purples heaven; clamors and shrickes expired In every corner; toyle to all, to many, miferie: Which fire, th'incenfed gods let fall; Achilles fo let five Rage on the Trojans; toiles and shrickes, as much by him imposde. Old Priam in his facred towre stood; and the flight disclose, Of his forc't people; all in rout, and not a stroke return'd. By fled relistance. His eyes saw, in what a furie burnd The fonne of Peleus, and downe went weeping from the towre, To all the port-guards, and their Chiefes, told of his flying powre, Commanding th'opening of the ports; but notto let their hands Stirre from them, for Ascides would poure in with his bands. Destruction comes, O shutthem ftrait, when we are in (he praid;) For, not our wals I feare, will checke this violent man. This faid. Off lifted they the barres; the ports hal'd open, and they gaue Safety her entry, with the holt; which yet they could not fave, Had not Apollo fallied out, and ftrooke Deftruction (Brought by Achilles in their neckes) backe; when they, right upon The ports bore all, dry, dufty, spent; and on their shoulders rode Rabide Achilles with his lance; still Glory being the gode That pricke his Furie. Then the Greekes high ported Ilion Had feiz'd, had not Apollo fird, Astenors famous fonne, Dinine Agenor, and cast in an undertaking spirit To his bold bosome, and himselfe stood by to strengthen it, And keepe the heavie hand of death from breaking in. The god Stood by him, leaning on a beach, and cover'd his abode With night-like darkenesse; yet for all the spirit be inspir'd. When that great citie-racers force, his thoughts strooke, he retir'd, Stood, and went on; a world of doubts fill falling in his way, When (angry with himfeife) he faid . Why fuffer I this flay. In this fo strong need to goe on? If, like the rest Iflic. Tis his best weapon to give chace, being swift, and I should dye Like to a coward. If I stand, I fall too. These two waies Please not my purpose; I would live. What if I suffer these Still to be routed? and (my feete affoording further length) Paile all these fields of Ilion, till Idas sylvane strength, And steepe heights shroud me, and at Even, refresh me in the floud, And turne to Ilion? Omy foule, why drown'ft thou in the bloud Of these discourses! If this course, that talkes of further flight,

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I givemy feet; his feet more swift, have more ods. Get he fight Of that passe; I passe least, for pace, and length of pace, his thighs Will stand out all men. Meete him then, my steele hath faculties Of power to pietce him; his great breast, but one soule holds, and that Death claimes his right in (all mensay) but he holds speciall state In soves high bounty: that's pass man, that every way will hold; And that serves all men, every man. This last heart made him bold, To stand Achilles, and stird up a mighty minde to blowes. And as a Panther (having heard the hounds trails) dorn disclose Her freck! d forhead, and stares forth, from out some deepe-growne we To try what strength dares her abroad, and when her fiery bloud The hounds have kindi'd, no quench serves, of love to live, or feare, Though strooke, though wounded, though quite through, the feels the

Azen r to

To fland Achilles, and flird up a mighty minde to blowes. And as a Panther (having heard the hounds trails) doch disclose Her freckl'd forhead, and stares forth, from out some deepe-growne wood. To try what strength dares her abroad, and when her fiery bloud The hounds have kindi'd, no quench ferves, of love to live, or feare, (fpeare, Though strooke, though wounded, though quite through, she feels the mortall But till the mans close strength she tries, or strowes earth with his dart, She puts her strength out: So it far d with brave Ageners heart, And till schilles he had prov'd, no thoughts, no deeds, once ffird His fixed foot. To his broad breast, his round shield he preferd, And up his arme went, with his ayme, his voyce out, with this cry: Thy hope is too great (Pelem fonne) this day to shew thine eve Troves Ilion at thy foot; O foole! the Greekes with much more woes, More then are sufferd yet, must buy great Ilions overthrowes. We are within her many strong, that for our parents sakes, Our wives and children will fave Troy, and thou (though he that makes Thy name fo terrible) shalt make a facrifice to her, With thine owne ruines. Thus he threw, nor did his javelin erre, But strooke his foes leg, neere his knee, the servent feele did ring Against his tin greaves, and leapt backe. The fires strong-handed king. Gaue vertue of repulse, and then Aecides affail'd Divine Agenor, but in vaine; Apollos powre prevail J, And rapt Agenor from his reach, whom quietiv he plac't Without the skirmish, easting mists to save from being chac't, His tenderd person, and (he gone) to give his souldiers scape, The deitie turn'd Achilles still, by putting on the shape Of him he thirsted evermore he fed his eye, and fled; And he with all his knees pursu'd. So cunningly he led, That still he would be neare his reach, to draw his rage, with hope, Farrefrom the conflict; to the floud maintaining still the scope Of his attraction. In meane time, the other frighted powres, Came to the citie, comforted, when Troy and all her towres Strooted with fillers; none would fland to fee who flaid without, Who scapt, and who came short: the ports eleft to receive the rout, That pourd it selfe in. Every man was for himselfe, Most fleere, Most fortunate, who ever scap't, his head might thanke his feet.

The end of the one and twentieth Booke.



THEXXII BOOKE OF HOMER'S ILIADS.

THE ARGUMENT.

ALI Troians boused but Hector, onely be Keepes field, and undergoes the extremitie; Eacides affaulting, Hector flies, Minerva stayes him: he resset, and dies, Achilles to his chariot doth enforce, And to the navall station, drage his corse.

Another Argument.

Hector (in Chi) to death is done, By powre of Peleus angry sonne.

Hus (chac't like Hindes) the Ilians, tooke time to drinke and eate, And to refresh them; getting off the mingl'd dust and sweate, And good ftrong rapires on in stead. The Greeks then cast their shields Aloft their shoulders; and now Fate their neare invasion yeelds Of those tough wals. Her deadly hand compelling Hellors stay Before Troy at the Scaan ports. Achilles ftill made way At Phabus, who, his bright head turn'd, and askt: Why (Peleus fonne) A0 1010 Pursu'st thou (being a man) a god? thy rage hath never done. Acriles. Acknowledge northine eyes my flate? effectnes thy minde no more Thy honour in the chace of Troy, but puts my chace before Their utter conquest? they are all now housde in Ilion, While thou hunt it me. What withest thou? my bloud will never runne On thy proud javelin. It is thou (repli'd Becides) That putit dishonour thus on me, (thou worst of deities) A 68 313 Thou turndst me from the wals, whose ports had never entertaind distille. Numbers now enter'd, over whom thy faving hand bath raign'd, And robd my honour. And all is, fince all thy actions fland, Past seare of reckoning: but held I the measure in my band, It should affoord thee deare-bought scapes. Thus with clated spirits, (Steed-like, that at Olympus games, weares garlands for his merits. And rattles home his chariot, extending all his pride) Achilles so parts with the god. When aged Priam spide The great Greek come, (sphear'd round with beames, and showing as if the star Surnam'd Orions hound, that springs in Autumne, and sends farre His radiance through a world of starres; of all whose beames, his owne Cast greatest splendor: the midnight that renders them most showne, Then being their foile, and on their points; cure-passing Fevers then, Come

Priamo fricht at the ight of

Come thaking downe into the joynts of milerable men: As this were falne to earth; and thot along the field his raics. Now towards Priam (when he faw in great Eacides)

Out flew his tender voyce in florickes, and with railde hands he finit His reverend head, then up to heaven he cast them, shewing it. What plagues it fent him; Downe againe then threw them to his fonne. To make him than them. He now flood without fleepe Ilion, Thirfling the combat; and to him thus miferably cride

Frim to H. Star The kinde olde King O Hetter! flye, this man this homicide, That strait will stroy thee. Hee's too strong, and would to heaven he were As ftrong in heavens love as in mine; Vultures and dogs thould teare His proffrate carkaffe, all my woes quencht with his bloudy fpirits. He has robd me of many fonnes, and worthy, and their merits Sold to farre Ilands: two of them (ave me) I mille but now. They are not entred; nor flay here, Lasthee, O twas thou, (() Q cene of women) from whose wombe they breath'd: O did the tents Desaine them onely: braffe and gold would purchase fafe events To their fad durance: tis within. Old Altes (vong in fame) Gave plenty for his daughters dowre, but if they fed the flame Of this mans furie, woe is me; woe to my wretched Oveene. But in our flates woe, their two deaths will nought at all be feenes So thy life quit them: take the towne, retire (deare fonne) and fave Troyes husbands and her wives, nor give thine owne life to the grave, For this mans glory: pitty me, me, wretch, fo long :live, Whom in the doore of Age, love keepes; that he may deprive, My being in Fortunes utmost curse, to see the blackest thred Of this lifes miferies; my fonnes flaine, my daughters ravished, Their resting chambers sackt their babes torne from them, on their knees Pleading for mercy, themselves dragd to Grecian flaveries, (And all this drawne through my redeves.) Then last of all kneele I Alone, all helpelelle at my gates, before my enemy. That (ruthleffe gives me to my dogs: all the deformitie Ofage discover'd, and all this, thy death (sought wilfully) Will poure on me. A faire yong man, at all parts it befremes, (Being bravely flaine) to lye all gasht; and weare the worst extremes Of warres most cruelty, no wound of whatfoever ruth, But is his ornament: but I, a man fofarre from youth: White head, white bearded, wrinkl'd, pin'd, all shames must she we: Live, prevent this then, this most shame of all mens misery.

Thus wept the old King, and tore off his white haire, yet all these Retir'd not Hedor. Hecuba then fell upon her knees, Stript nak't her bosome, show'd her breasts, and bad him reverence them. And pittie here if ever the had quieted his exclaime, He would cease hers, and take the towne, not tempting the rude field, When all had left it: thinke (faid she) I gave thee life to yeeld My life recomfort; thy rich wife shall have no rites of thee, Nor doe thee rites: our teares shall pay thy corse no obsequie, Being ravishe from us, Grecian dogs, nourishe with what I ausse.

Thus wept both these, and to his ruth proposed the utmost worst. Of what could chance them, yet he flaid. And now drew deadly neare Mighty Achilles, yet he still kept deadly station there. Looke how a Dragon when the fees a traveller bent upon Her breeding den, her bosome fed with fell contagion. Gathers her forces, fits him firme, and at his nearest pace. Wraps all her Cauerne in her folds, and thrufts a horrid face Out at his cottry: Hetter fo, with unextinguilht fpirit, Stood great Achilles: flird no foot, but at the prominent turret, Bent to his bright fhield, and refolved to beare falne heaven on it. Yetall this refolute abode, did not fo truely fit His free election, but he felt a much more galling spurre To the performance, with conceit of what he should incurre,

Entring, like others, for this cause, to which he thus gave way. Ome, if I shall take the towne, Polydamas will lay This flight, and all this death on me, who counfeld me to leade

My powres to Troy: this last blacke night, when so I saw make head. Incenst Achilles. I yet staid, though (past all doubt) that course Had much more profited then mine, which, (being by to much worfe, As comes to all our flight and death) my folly now I feare, Hath bred this scandall, all our towne now burnes my ominous care

With whifpering: Hectors felfe concest bath caft away bis boft. And (this true) this extremitic that I relye on most. Is best for me, stay, and retire with this mans life, or die Here for our citie with renowne, fince all else fled, but I. And yet one way cuts both these wayes; what if I hang my shield, My helme and lance here on these wals, and meete in humble field, Renown'd Achilles, offering him Helles and all the wealth, What ever in his hollow keeles, bore Alexanders stealth

For both th' Airides? For the reft, what ever is posselt In all this citie knowne or hid by oath shall be confest Of all our citizens; of which, one halfe the Greekes shall have, One half themselves. But why (lov'd soule) would these suggestions save Thy flate fill in me' lie not fue, nor would he grant, but I, (Mine armes cast off) should be affur'd, a womans death to die.

To men of oke and rocke, no words; Virgins and youthstalke thus; Virgins and youths that love and woe, there's other warre with us: What blowes and conflicts urge, we cry; hates and defiances, And with the garlands thefetrees beare, try which hand love wil bleffe;

These thoughts employed his stay, and now Achilles comes, now neare His Mars-like prefence, terribly, came brandishing his speare, His right armeshooke it, his bright armes like day, came glittering on, Like fire-light, or the light of heaven, thot from the rifing Sun. This fight outwrought discourse, co'd Feare shooke Heller from his stand,

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No more flay now, all ports were left; he fled in feare the hand Of that Feare mafter, who hawk like, ayres (wifteft paffenger, That holds a timorous Dove in chace, and with command doth beare His fierie onler: the Dove hafts, the Hawke comes whizzing on,

A Similieextref. fine new Heiter thed detines.

Hellers de seur; 1

Achilles dreadfull approach to

this way, and that, he turnes and windes, and cuffes the Pigeon; And tall he truffe it, his great spirit layes hot charge on his wing : So arg'd Achilles, Hetters flight, fo ftill Feares point did fting His troubl'dipirit; his knees wrought hard; along the wall he flew; In that faire chariot way that runnes beneath the towre of view, And Troyes wilde fig-tree, till they reacht, where those two mother springs, Of deepe Scamander, pour'd abroad their filver murmurings. One warme, and casts out fumes, as fire, the other, cold as fnow. or hade diffolv'd. And when the Sunne made ardent fommer glow, I here waters concrete christall shin'd; neare which, were cisternes made, Ali pav'd, and cleare, where Troian wives, and their faire daughters had Landrie for their fine linnen weeds, in times of cleanly Peace. Before the Grecians brought their fiege. These captaines noted these.

One flying th'other in pursuite, a strong man flew before; A fironger followed him by farre, and close up to him bore. Both did their best, for neither now, ranne for a sacrifice; Or for the facrificers hide (our runners ufuall prife) Their ranne for tame horfe Hellers foule. And as two running Steeds, Backt in tome fet race for a game, that tries their swiftest speeds, (A tripod, or a woman given for some mans funerals:)

Such speed made these men, and on foot, ranne*thrice about the wals. The gods beheid them, all much mov'd; and Iove faid: O ill fight! A man I love much, I fee force in most unworthy flight About great Ilion; my heart grieves, he paid to many vowes, With thighs of facrificed beeves, both on the lofty browes Of Ida and in Ilions height. Confult we, shall we free His life from death? or give it now t' Achilles victorie?

18.04 Charva answerd Alter Fate? one, long since marke for death, Now take from death? doe thou, but know, he still shall runne beneath Our other cenfures. Be it then, (replide the Thunderer) hall and Tritonia, at thy will, in this I will preferre Thy free intention, worke it all. Then floopt the from the skie, To this great combat. Peleus fonne pursu'd incessantly, Still flying Heller: as a Hound that having rowe'd a Hart, Alchough he tappish ne're so oft, and every shrubbie part, Attempts for fliength, and trembles in, the Hound doth still pursue So clofe, that not a foot he failes, but hunts it still at view : So pi ed Achilles, Hectors fteps, as oft as he affail'd The Dardan ports and towres for strength, (to fetch from thence some aid, With winged shafts) so oft forc't he amends of pace, and stept Twixthim and all his hopes, and fill, upon the field he kept weet at it's utmost turnings to the towne. And yet, as in a dreame, One thinkes he give another chace, when such a fain'd extreame

Hot can the chacer get to hand his flying enemy: So, not : A chilles chace could reach the flight of Hectors pace; Nor Hectors flight enlarge it selse, of swift Achilles chace. But how chanc't this? how, all this time, could Heffer beare the knees

aff at 19 1 Possesseth both; that he in chace, the chacer cannot flie,

Of fierce Achilles, with his owne, and keepe off Destinies, if ?babus (for his last and best) through all that course hath fail'd To adde his succours to his nerves? and (as his foe assail'd) Neare, and within him, fed his scape. Achilles yet well knew His knees would fetch him, and gave fignes to fome friends (making these

Of shooting at him) to forbeare, lest they detracted fo From his full glory; in first wounds, and in the overthrow. Make his hand laft. But when they reacht, the fourth time, the two founts: Then Iove, his golden skoles weigh'd up, and tooke the last accounts

Of Fate for Hector; putting in, for him, and Pelem fonne. Two fates of bitter death; of which; high heaven received the one.

The other hell: fo low declin'd the light of Hectors life. Then Phabus left him, when warres Queene came to refolve the strife. In th'others knowledge: Now (faid the) Iove-lov'd Excides, I hopeat laft to make renowne, performe a brave accesse

To all the Grecians, we shall now lay low this champions height. Though never to infatiate was his great heart of fight. Nor must he scape our pursuit still; though all the feet of Iove Apollo bowes into a fphere, foliciting more love

To his most favour'd. Breathe thee then, stand firme, my selfe will halt, And hearten Heller to change blowes. She went, and he flood fast, Lean'd on his lance; and much was jov'd, that fingle frokes should try

This fadging conflict. Then came close the changed deitie To Hetter, like Deiphobus in shape and voyce, and faid:

O brother, thou art too much urg'd, to be thus combatted About our owne wals; let us stand, and force to a retreat

Thinfulting Chafer. Heller joy'd at this fo kinde deceit. And faid: O good Deiphobus, thy love was most before (Of all my brothers) deare to me, but now, exceeding more

It costs me honour, that thus urg'd, thou com'ft to part the charge Of my last fortunes; other friends, keepe towne, and leave at large My rackt endevours. She replide: good brother, tis most true; One after other, King and Queene, and all our friends did fue (Even on their knees) to stay me there; such tremblings shake them all. With this mans terror: but my minde so griev'd to see our wall Girt with thy chases; that to death I long d to urgethy flay. Come, fight we, thirsty of his bloud, no more let's scare to lay

Coft on our Lances, but approve, if bloudied with our spoyles, He can beare glory to their fleete, or shut up all their toyles In his one fufferance on thy Lance. With this deceit, the led, And (both come neare) thus Heller spake: thrice I have compassed This great towne (Peleus fonne) in flight, with averlation, That out of Fate put offmy steps, but now, all slight is flowne,

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The short course set up, death or life. Our resolutions vet, Must shun all rudenesse; and the gods before our valour set, For ule of victorie, and they, being worthiest witnesses Of all vowes; fince they keepe vowes best, before their deitics, Let yowes of fit respect, passe both; when Conquest hath bestow'd Pallavio desi

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Her wreath on either. Here I vow, no furic shall be show'd. That is not manly, on thy corfe, but, having spoil'd thy armes, Refigne thy person, which sweare thou. These faire and temperatetermes. Farre fled Achilles, his browes bent, and out flew this reply. Hector, thou onely pestilence in all mortalitie, order Ce ns

eppro Heder. To my fere spirits, never fet the point twixt thee and me Any conditions, but as farre as men and Lyons five. All termes of covenant, lambs and wolves: in fo farre opposite flate. (Impossible for love tattone) stand we, till our soules lattate The god of fouldiers; doe not dreame that our diffunction can Endure condition. Therefore now, all worth that fits a man. Call to thee, all particular parts that fit a fouldier, And they, all this include, (befides, the skill and spirit of warre) Hunger for flaughter; and a hate that eates thy heart, to eate Thy foes heart. This ftirs, this supplies, in death, the killing heate And all this needst thou. No more flight; Pallas Athenia Will quickly cast thee to my lance; now, now together draw All griefes for vengeance, both in me, and all my friends late dead That bled thee; raging with thy Lance. This faid, he brandiffice

His long Lance; and away it fung: which, Hellor giving view. encounter with Stoupt low, flood firme, (foreseeing it best) and quite it ouerflew. Fastening on earth. * Athenia drew it, and gaue her friend, Vnscene of Hellor. Hellor then, thus spake: thou want'st thy end, (God-like Achilles:) now I fee thou haft not learn'd my fate. Of love at all, as thy high words would brauely intimate: Much tongue affects thee; cunning words well ferne thee to prepare Thy blowes with threats, that mine might faint, with want of spirit to dare; But my backe neuer turnes with breath; it was not borne to beare Burthens of wounds; ftrike home, before; drine at my breast thy speare,

As mine at thine shall; and try then, if heavens will favour thee With scape of my Lance. O would love would take it after me, And make thy bosome take it all; an easie end would crowne Our difficult warres, were thy foule fled; thou most bane of our towne. Thus flew his dart, toucht at the midft of his vast shield, and flew A huge way from it; but his heart, wrath entred with the view

Of that hard scape, and heavy thoughts strooke through him, when he spide His brother vanisht, and no lance, beside left, out he cride, Hellors amage Deiphobus! another Lance. Lance, nor Deiphobus with the detail Stood neare his call. And then his minde faw all things ominous,

And thus suggested. Woeis me, the gods have cald, and I Must meete Death here; Deiphobus I well hop's had beene by, With his white shield; but our strong wals, shield him; and this deceit Flowes from Minerva; now, O now, ill death comes, no more flight, No more recoucric: O Iove, this hath beene otherwise, Thy bright fonne, and thy felfe, have fet, the Greekes a greater prize

Of Hellors bloud then now, of which (euen icalous) you had care: But Fate now conquers; I am hers; and yet, not the shall share In my renowne; that life is left, to every noble fpirit;

And that some great deed shall beget, that all lines shall inherit, Thus, forth his fword flew, tharpeand broad, and bore a deadly weight. With which, he rusht in: and looke how an Eagle from her height. Stoopes to the rapture of a Lambe, or cuffes a timorous Hare :

So fell in Heller, and at him, Achilles, his mindes fare. Was fierce and mightie: his shield cast a Sun-like radiance,

Helme nodded; and his foure plumes shooke, and when he raise his lance, Vo Helberte role amongst the enening starres. His bright and sparkling eyes, Lookt through the body of his foe, and fought through all that prife, The next way to his thirsted life. Of all wayes, onely one

Appear'd to him, and that was, where th'unequall winding bone, That joynes the shoulders and the necke, had place, and where there lay Thespeeding way to death: and there, his quicke eye could display

The place it fought; even through those armes, his friend Patraclas wore. When Hellor flue him. There he aim'd, and there his javelin tore Sterne paffage quite through Helbers necke; yet mist it so his throte,

It gave him powre to change fome words; but downe to earth it got His fainting body: then triumpht divine Ascides. Heller, (faid he) thy heart supposde, that in my friends decease,

Thy life was fafe; my absent arme, not car'd for: Foole! he left One at the fleete, that better'd him; and he it is that reft Thy ftrong knees thus; and now the dogs and fowles, in foulest use

Shall teare thee up, thy corfe exposde to all the Greekes abuse. He, fainting, faid. Let me implore, even by thy knees and foule. And thy great parents; doe not fee a crueltie lo foule Inflicted on me, braffe and gold, receive at any rate,

And quit my person; that the Peeres and Ladies of our state, May tombe it, and to facred fire, turne thy prophane decrees. Dog, (he replied) urge not my ruth, by parents, foule, nor knees; I would to God that any rage would let rue case thee raw,

Slic't into pieces; so beyond the right of any law, I tast thy merits; and beleeve, it flyes the force of man, To rescue thy head from the dogs. Give all the gold they can,

If tenne or twenty times so much, as friends would rate thy price, Were tendred here, with vowes of more; to buy the cruelties I here have vow'd, and after that, thy father with his gold Would free thy felfe; all that should faile, to let thy mother hold

Solemnities of death with thee; and doe thee fuch a grace,

To mourne thy whole corfe on a bed, which peecemeale Ile deface With fowles and dogs. He (dying) faid: I (knowing thee well) forefaw Thy now tried tyrannie; not hop t for any other law Of nature, or of nations: and that feare, forc't much more

Then death, my flight; which never toucht at Hellers foot before: A foule of iron informes thee; marke, what vengeance th'equal fates

Will give me of thee, for this rage. Thus deaths hand closde his cycs, Phabus and Paris meete with thee; when in the Sczan gates His foule flying his faire lims, to hell, mourning his destinies, To part to with his youth and strength. Thus dead, thus Theris lonne,

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Helto

complaint for

this read lecie answer'd. Diethou now, when my shore thred is spunne, He beare it as the will of love. This faid, his brazen speare, Fle drew, and flucke by: then his armes (that all embrewed were) Hespoil'd his shoulders of. Then all the Greekes ran in to him. To fee his person; and admir'd, his terror firring lim: Yet none flood by, that gave no wound, to his so goodly formes of Bellers When each to other faid: O love, he is not in the storme. He came to feete in, with his fire, he handles now more loft. Officends, (faid fterne Bacides) now that the gods have brought . servers The man thus downe, He freely fay, he brought more bane to Greece, en all his aiders. Try we then, (thus arm'd at every peece, and girding all Troy with our hoft) if now their hearts will leave Their citie cleare, her cleare stay flaine, and all their lives receive; Or hold yet, Hector being no more. But why use I a word Of any act, but what concernes my friend? dead, undeplor'd, Vafepulcherd, he lies at fleete, unthought on never houre Shall make his dead ftate, while the quicke enioges me, and this powre, To move these movers. Though in hell, men fay, that such as dye. Oblivion seiseth, yet in hell, in me shall Memorie Hold all her formes still, of my friend. Now, (youths of Greece) to fleete Beare we this body; Paans fing, and all our navie greete With endlesse honour; we have slaine, Hector, the period Of all Troyesglory; to whose worth, all vow'd, as to a god. Thus faid, a worke not worthy him, he fet to: of both feete, runny to He. He has d the nerves through, from the heele, to th'ankle; and then knie Harryen on. Both to his chariot, with a thong of whitleather; his head scheeb me lay Trailing the center. Vp he got to chariot, where he laid The armes repurchac't; and scourg'd on his horse, that freely flew. A whirlewinde made of startl'd dust, drave with them, as they drew, With which were all his black-browne curles, knotted in heapes, and fiid. And there lay Troyes late Gracious; by Iupiter exil'd 117715 To all dilgrace, in his owne land, and by his parents feene. When (like her fonnes head) all with duft, Troyes miterable Queene, wiffing dher temples; plucking offher honor dhaire, and tore Fier to all garments, thricking out. In like kinde, Priambore Missacred person; like a wretch that never saw good day, head with outcries. About both, the people profrate lay; Fold donne with Clamor, all the towne, vail'd with a cloud of teares. week. Jest Hion, were all his tops on fire, and all the maffacres, Left for the Greekes, could put on lookes, of no more overthrow

Then no feedlife. And yet the king did all their lookes outlhow,

The wret. Speople could not beare his foveraigne wretchedneile,

Plaguing himfelfe lo; thrufting out, and praying all the preaffe

ach man by name, thus: Loued friends, br you content; ict me

hough much yegrieue) be that poore meane, to our fad remedie,

Copen him the Dardan ports; that he alone might fetch.

in our wishes; I will goe, and pray this impious man,

(Author of horrors) making proofe, if ages reuerence can Excite his pittie. His owne fire, is old like me, and he That got him to our griefes; perhaps, may (for my likeneffe) be Meane for our ruth to him. Alas, you hade no cause of cares, Compar'd with me; I, many fonnes, grac't with their freshett yeare; Have loft by him: and all their deaths, in flaughter of this one, (Afflicted man) are doubl'd: this, will bitterly fet gone My foule to hell. O would to heaven, I could but hold him dead In these pin'd armes: then teares, on teares, might fall, till all were shed In common fortune. Now amaze their naturall course doth stop, And prickes a mad veine. Thus he mourn'd, and with him, all brake ope Their store of sorrowes. The poore Queene, amongst the women wept, Turn'd into anguish: O my sonne, (she cried out) why, still kept, Patient of horrors, is my life, when thine is vanished ! My daies thou glorifiedft; my nights, rung of some honourd deed, Done by thy vertnes: ioy to me, profit to all our care. All made a god of thee; and thou, mad it them, all that they are. Now under fate, now dead. Thefe two, thus vented as they could. Their forrowes furnace. Hellors wife, not having yet beene told So much, as of his flay without. She in her chamber close, Sate at her Loome, a piece of worke, gract with a both fides gloffe, Strewd curioully with varied flowers, her pleasure was, her care, To heate a Caldron for her Lord, to bath him, turnde from warre: Of which, the chiefe charge gave her maides. Poore Dame, the little knew How much her cares lackt of his cafe. But now the Clamor flew Vp to her turret: then the thooke; her worke fell from her hand, And up the started, cald her maides, the needs must understand That ominous outery. Come (faid the) I heare through all this cry My mothers voyce shricke; to my throte, my heart bounds; Extaste Veterly alters me: some fate is neare the haplesse sonnes Of fading Priam: would to god my words suspicious No care had heard yet: O I feare, and that most heartily, That with lome stratagem, the sonne of Pelens hath put by The wall of Ilion, my Lord, and (trufty of his feet) Obtaind the chase of him alone; and now the curious heate Of his fill desperate spirit is cool'd. It let him never keep In guard of others, before all, his violent foot must step, Or his place, forfeited he held. Thus furic-like the went, Two women (as she wild) at hand, and made her quicke ascent Vp to the towre, and preasse of men; her spiritin uprore. Round She cast her greedy eye, and saw her Heller flaine, and bound T' Achilles chariot; manlefly, dragd to the Grecian fleet. Blacke night strooke through her; under her, trance tooke away her feet And backe the thrunke, with fuch a fway; then off her head-tire fless, Her Coronet, Call, Ribands, Vaile, that golden Venus threw On her white shoulders; that high day, when warre-like Hetter wonne Her hand in nuprials, in the Court of king Ection; And that great dowre then given with her, About her, on their knees,

Achilles bis

.... 65 10 tie

perjon of Patre

· Anarams Criss comsclaimt for

Hellor.

Recoverd her. Then, when againe, her respirations found Free passe, (her minde and spirit met) these thoughts her words did sound. O Hecter. O me cursed dame; both borne beneath one fate :

Thou here, I in Cilician Thebes, where Places doth clare, His shadie forchead, in the Court, where king Ection. (Haplesse) begot unhappy me; which would he had not done. To line past thee: thou now art diud to Platos gloomie throne. Sunke through the couerts of the earth: I, in a hell of mone. Left herethy widdows one poore babe, borne to unhappy both, Whom thou leau'st helpelesse, as he thee; he borne to all the wroth Of woc and labour. Lands left bim, will others feife upon : The Orphan day, of all friends, helpes, robs every mothers sonne. An Orphan, all men suffer sad; his eyes stand still with teares. Need tries his fathers friends, and failes. Of all his fanourers If one the cup gives, tis not long, the wine he findes in it, Scarce moifts his palate: if he chance to gain the grace, to fit:

Surviving fathers fonnes repine; ufe contumelies, frike, Bid, leave us; where's thy fathers place? He (weeping with diflike) Retires to me. To me, alas, Afranax is he Borne to these miseries. He that late, fed on his fathers knee.

To whom all knees bow'd; daintieft fare, appoide him; and when Sleene Lay on his temples, his cryes still'd (his heart, enen laid in steepe. Of all things precious) a foft bed; a carefull nurles armes Tooke him to guardiance; but now, as huge a world of harmes, Lies on his fuffrance; now thou wantit thy fathers hand to friend :

These gates of tlion; these long wals, by thy arme, measur'd still. Amply and onely: yet at fleete, thy naked corfe must fill Vile wormes, when dogs are fatiate; farre from thy parents care; Farre from those funerall ornaments, that thy minde would prepare.

Andromache (So fodaine being the chance of armes) ever expecting death. wrought ma- VVhich taske(though my heart would not ferue t'employ my hands beneath)

my funeral! I made my women yet performe. Many, and much in price gramments for Were those integuments they wrought, cadorne thy Exequies: Hellor be-fere his death Which fince thy five thy use, thy corfe, not laid in their attire; Thy face fice they shall be made, these hands in mischienous fire

Omy Allyanax, O my Lord; thy hand that did defend

Shall yent their vanities. And vet, (being confectate to thee) They thall be kept for citizens; and their faire wives, to fee. Thus trake thee weeping, all the dames endeuouring to cheare

Her defert frate; (fearing their owne) wept with her teare for teare.

The end of the two and twentieth Booke.

THE



THE XXIII BOOKE OF HOMER'S ILIADS.

THE ARGUMENT.

Chilles orders Infts of exeaujes A For his Patroclus; and doth facrifice Twelve Troian Princes: most lov'd bounds and borse. And other offerings, to the honour'd Corfe, He inflitutes, belides, a funerall game, sphere Diomed, for horfe-race, wins the fame : For foot, Vlyffes, others otherwife Strive, and obtaine: and end the exeaujes.

> Another Argument. Pfi, fings the rites of the decease Ordain'd by great Eacides.



Hus mourn'd all Troy: but when at fleet, and Helleftontue (hore, The Greekes arrived, each to his ship onely the Conqueror Kept undisperst his Myrmidons: and said, lov'd countrimen. Dissoyne not we, chariots, and horse: but (bearing hard our reine) Mymican,

With state of both, march soft, and close, and mourne about the corse: Tis proper honour to the dead. Then take we out our horfe, When with our friends kinde woe, our hearts hauefelt delight to doc A vertuous foule right, and then fup. This faid, all full of woe, Circl'd the Corfe. Achilles led, and thrice about him, close All bore their goodly coated horfe. Amongst all, Thetis role, And flir'd up a delight, in griefe; till all their armes with teares, And all the fands, were wet: fo much they lov'd that Lord of feares. Then to the center fell the Prince; and (putting in the breaft) Of his flaine friend, his flaughtring hands, began to all the reft Words to their teares. Rejoyce (faid he) O my Patroclus: thou Courted by Dis now: now I pay, to thy late ouerthrow, All my reuenges vow d before: Heller lies flaughterd here

Dragd at my chariot; and our dogs shall all in pieces teare His hated lims. Twelve Troian youths, borne of their nobleft straines I tooke aline: and (yet enrag'd) will emptie all their vaines Of vitall spirits; sacrific de before thy heape of fire.

This faid, a worke unworthy him, he put upon his ire, And trampl'd Hetter under foot, at his friends feet. The rest Difarm d; tooke horse from chariot, and all to sleepe address At his blacke vessell. Infinite were those that rested there.

Himfelfe

Hamfelte yet fleepes not, now his spirits were wrought about the chere. Tit for fo high a funerall. About the feele ufde then. Oxen in heapes lay bellowing, preparing food for men: Meating of theepeand goates, fild ayre; numbers of white-tooth'd fwine, (Swimming in fat) lay findging there: the person of the slaine Was girt with flaughter. All this done, all the Greeke Kings convaid Actilly to the King of men; his rage not yet allaid. Lorhis Patroclus. Being arriv'd at Agamemnons tent, Hanfeife bad Heralds put to fire a Galdron; and prefent the favice of it to the Prince, to try if they could win His pleasure, to admit their paines, to cleanse the bloud sok't in About his conquering hands and browes. Not, by the king of heaven sales and the (wore). The lawes of friendship damne, this falle-heart licence given To men that lofe friends; not a drop shall touch me till I put the funerall pile, before these curles be cut, His tombe crefted. Tis the last of all care I shall take. While I confort the carefull: yet, for your entreaties fake, And though I lothe food) I will cate; but early in the morne, divides use your strict command, that lodes of wood be borne To our defien'd place, all that fits, to light home fuch a one, As is to passe the shades of Death, that fire enough, set gone His person quickly from our eyes, and our diverted men May ply their businesse. This all cares did freely entertaine, And found observance : then they supt, with all things fit, and all Repair'd to tents and reft. The friend, the shores maritimall and sense: Sought for his bed, and found a place, faire, and upon which plaide The murmuring billowes, There, his lims, to rest, not sleepe, he laid, Heavily fighing, Roundabout (filent, and not too neare) Scood all his Myrmidons, when straite (so over-labourd were His goodly lineaments, with chace of Heller, that beyond His reformion not to fleepe) Sleepe cast his todaine bond Dver his fenie, and losde his care. Then, of his wretched friend, The back appear'd; at every part the forme did comprehend the likeneffe; his faire eyes, his voyce, his flature, every weed; His person wore, it fantased, and stood about his head, This fact speech uttering. Dost thou sleepe? Acides, am I trongotten of thee? Being alive, I found thy memorie Ever respectfull; but now dead, thy dying love abates. interre me quickle, enter me in Plutoes iron gates, For now, the foules (the shades) of men, fied from this being, beate My fpirit from reft, and flay, my much defir'd receit Amongst foules, plac't beyond the floud. Now every way I erre About this brode dor'd house of Dis. O helpe then to preferre If y foule yet further, here I mourne: but had the funerall fire Confam d my body; never more my spirit should retire From hele low region: from thence, foules never are retrived to who with friends here, nor shall I, a hatefull fate deprived My belot there, that at my birth, was fixt, and to fuch fate,

Even thou O god-like man, art markt; the deadly Ilion gate Must entertaine thy death. O then, I charge thee now, take care That our bones part not: but as life, combinde in equall fare, Our louing beings; so let Death. When, from Opuntas towres. My farher brought me to your roofes, (fince (gainft my will) my powres Incenft, and indiscreet, at dice, flue faire Ampbidam at) Then Peless entertained me well; then in thy charge I was By his injunction, and thy love: and therein let me still Receive protection. Both our bones, provide in thy last Will. That one Vrne may containes and make the veffell all of gold, Ach Low Siles That T bet is gave thee, that rich Vrne. This faid, Sleepe ceast to hold true medi Parente. Achilles temples, and the shade, thus he received: O friend, What needed these commands? my care, before, meant to commend My bones to thine, and in that Vrne. Be fure, thy will is done. A little flav vet, lets delight, with some full paffion Of woe enough, eithers affects embrace we. Opening thus His greedy armes, he felt no friend: like matter vaporous The spirit vanisht under earth, and murmur'd in his stoope. Achilles started; both his hands he clapt, and lifted up In this fort wondring: O ye gods, I fee we have a foule In thunder-dwellings; and a kinde of man-refembling idole : ichilles bis die-The foules feate vet, all matter felt, staies with the carkaffe here. courfe with him-Ofriends, hapleste Patroclas soule, did all this night appeare felie ab u: the Weeping, and making moneto me; commanding every thing That I intended towards him, formly figuring
Himfelfe at all parts, as walkinge. This accident did turne
To much more forrow, and the gar a greedineffe to mourne In all that heard. When mourning thus, the rofie morne arole: And Agamemnon, through the tents, wak'tall, and diddifpole Both men and Mules for carriage, of matter for the fire. Of all which worke, Meriones, (the Cretan foveraigns squire) Was Captaine, and abroad they went. Wood-cutting tools they bore, Of all hands, and well twifted cords. The Mules march all before. Vp hill, and downe hill; overthwarts, and breake-necke clifts they past, But when the fountfull Idas tops, they scal'd with utmost haste, All fell upon the high-hair'd Okes, and downe their curled browes Fell builing to the earth: and up went all the boles and bowes, Bound to the Males, and backe agains they parted the harsh way Amongst them, through the tangling shrubs, and long they thought the day, Till in the plaine field all arriv'd, for all the woodmen bore Logs on their neckes; Meriones would have it fo: the shore

At last they reacht yet, and then, downe their cariages they cast,

They raisde a huge pile, and to armes went every Myrmidon,

The ground for his great (epulcher, and for his friends, in one.

And fat upon them; where the fonne of Peless had plac't

Charg'd by Achilles; chariots and horse were harnessed,

A cloud of infinite foot behind. In midft of all was borne

Fighters and charioteers got up, and they, the fad march led:

ap arition of Patroches finade.

The morning.

Agamemmon fends out some uses to feich tempel for the funeral, bearing where man Meriones was Captaire.

Patroclus

Irist:

The North

and West

mirdine te

meen/e the

finerall pile.

3, 20: 17

Patro lus person, by his Pecres: on him were all heads shorne; Even till they cover'd him with curles. Next to him, marcht his friend Emb acing his cold necke, all fad; fince now he was to fend His deareit, to his endlesse home. Arriv'd all, where the wood Was heapt for funerall, they fet downe. Apart Achilles flood, And when enough wood was heapt on, he cut his golden haire; Long kept, for Sperchius, the floud, in hope of fafe repaire To Fithia, by that rivers powre, but now, left hopeleffe thus, (Enrag'd, and looking on the fea) he cryed out: Sperchius; In vaine my fathers pietie, vow'd; (at my implor'd returne, To my lov'd countrie) that these curls should on thy shores be shorne. Befides a bered Hecatombe, and facrifice befide, Charley Weathers; at whole tounts, where men have edifide Ale lev temple; and perfum'd an altar to thy name. Here you'd he all these offerings, but fate prevents thy fame, His hopes not suffering fatisfied: and fince I never more Shall fee my lov d foyle; my friends hands, shall to the Stygian shore Convey these tresses. Thus he put in his friends hands the haire. And this bred fresh desire of mone, and in that sad affaire, The Sunne had fer amongst them all; had Thetis sonne not spoke

Thus to Atrides: King of men, thy aide I still invoke,

And let them vicile, they have mourn'd fufficient, tis we owe The dead this honour, and with us, let all the Captaines flay. This heard, Atrides inflantly the fouldiers fent away, The funerall officers remain'd, and heapt on manufe ffill, Till, of an hundred foot about, they made the fufferall pile: In whose hot height they cast the corie, and then they pourd on teares. Numbers of fat sheepe, and like store of crooked going strees, They she bether the closman fire: Stript off their hides and dress. On which, Athiles tooke the fat, and coverd' the deceast 1.0m shead to foot; and round about he made the officers pile The Letter should be officers, vessels shill of honey, and of oyle, should a them, laid upon a bere, and cast into the fire. Let re goodly horse, and of nine hounds, two most in the desire Of the speat Prince, and trencher-fed; all fed that hungry slame.

Twiller Troian Princes last shood forth, young, and of toward fame:

The All which (fet on with wicked spirits) there strooke he, there he slew.

Since thy command, all men still heare; dismisse thy fouldiers now,

And to the iron firength of fire, their noble lims he threw.

Then be third his laft fighes, and thefe words: againe rejoyce my friend, Even in the poyleffe depth of hell: now give I complete end to all my vowes. Alone thy life fuffaind not violence, y we've Trojan Princes waite on thee, and labour to incenfe thy glorious heape of funerall. Great Hetter Ile excuse, The dogs shalleate him. These high threats perform d not their abuse, the est daughter, Venus, tooke the guard of noble Hetters Corfe, And kept the dogs off: night and day applying soveraigne force Of role balmes, that to the dogs were horrible in tast:

And with which hisher he body fild. Renown'd Apollo cast A cloude from heasen; lest with the Sunne, the nerues and lineaments Might drie, and putrifie. And now, some powers denide consents To this intentite: the fire, (for all the oyly fewell It had intered) would not burne; and then the louing Cruell studied for helpe, and standing off; intoke the two taire winds (Newly) and Borea) to affoord, the rage of both their kinds, To aide his outrage. Precious gifts, his earnest zeale did now, Powr'd from a golden bowle, much wine; and prayde them both to blow That quickly, his friends Corse might burne; and that heapes sturdy breast Embrace Consumption. It is heard; The winds were at a teast; All in the Court of Zephyras that (boisterous blowing aire)

Gather'd together. She that weares, the thousand colourd haire Flew thithet, standing in the porch: They (seeing her) all arose; Cald to her; euery one desir'd: shee would a while repose, And eate with them. She answerd; No, no place of seat is here; Retreat calles to the Ocean, and Shinipia; where AHecatombe is offering now, to heaven: and there must I

Partake the feast of sacrifice; I come to signific
Thac Thetis sonne implores your aides (Princes of North and West)
With vowes of much faire sacrifice; if each, will set his breast
Against his heape of funerall, and make it quickly burne;
Patroclus lies there; whose decease at the Achians mourne.

She tayd, and parted; and out rufht, with an unmeafur'd rore, Those two winds, tumbling clouds in heapes; ulhers to eythers blore. And instandy they reacht the sea. Vp flew the waves; the gale Was strong; reacht truitfull Troy; and full, upon the fire they fall. The huge heaper thunderd. All night long, from his chok't breast they blev. A liberall flame up; and all night, swift foot Achilles threw Wine from a golden bowle, on earth; and steep the soyle in wine, Still calling on Patrbelus soule, No father could inchne

Then did the great Prince, to his friend, at his combustions;
Still creeping neare and neare the heape? still sighing, weeping still:
But when the day starre look abroade, and promise from his hil!
Light, which the lastron morne made good, and sprinkl'd on the seas;
Then languish the great pile; then sunke the stames, and then calme P.
Turn'd backe the rough winds to their homes, the Thracian billow ring:
Their hie retreate; rusted with custes, of their triumphant wings.

More to a sonne most deare; nor more, mourne at his burned bones,

Pelides then for fooke the pile; and to his tired limme
Chufd place of reft; where laid, sweet sleepe, fell to his wish on him
When all the kings guard (waiting then, perceiuing will to rise
In that great Session,) burried in, and op'a againe his eys
With tumult of their troope, and halte. A little then he reard
His troubled person, sitting vp, and this affaire referrd,

To witht commandment of the kings; Atrides, and the refl Of our Commanders generall, vouchfafe me this request Before your parting: Giue in charge, the quenching with blacke wine. Acodists
Agamentor
and the oracl
kings

And

Of this heapes reliques; euery brand, the yellow fite made fhine. And then, let fearch Parrocles bones, distinguishing them well; As well ve may ; they keepe the midft, the rest, at randome fell. About th'extreme part of the pile. Mens bones, and horses mixt. Being found, He finde an urne of gold, tenclofe them; and betwist The avre and them ; two kels of fat, lay on them ; and to Reft Commit them, till mine owne bones seale our loue, my soule deceast. The sepulcher, I have not charg'd, to make of too much state: But of a modell formething meane, that you of vonger Fate. When I am gone, may amplific; with such a breadth and height, As fits your judgements and our worths. This charge received his weight In all observance : first they quencht, with sable wine, the heape Asfarre as it had fed the flame. The ash fell wondrous deepe, In which, his conforts that his life religiously lou'd, Searcht, weeping for his bones: which found, they confcionably proud His will made to Aeacides; and what his love did adde. A golden vessell, double fat, contayed them: all which (clad In vayles of linnen, pure and rich) were folemnly conneyed T'Achilles tent. The platforme then, about the pile they lavd Of his fit sepulcher, and raysda heape of earth, and then Offerd departure. But the Prince retaynd there ftill his men : Emploied them to fetch from fleet, rich Tripods for, his games Caldrons, Horle, Mules, broad headed Becues, bright freele, & brighter dames. The best at horse race, he ordain'd, a Lady for his prise, Generally praisefull; faire and yong, and skild in housewiferies, Of all kinde fitting; and withall, a Triuet, that enclosed

for Patroclus (unerall,

Twentie two measures roome, with cares. The next prife he propose, Was (that, which then had high respect) a mare of fixe yeares old, Vnhandl'd horfed with a mule : and readic to have foald. The third game was a caldron, new, faire, bright, and could for fife Containe two measures. For the fourth, two talents quantities, Of finest gold. The fiftgame was, a great new standing boule, To fet downe both waies. These brought in, Achilles then flood vp, And faid, Atrides and my Lords, chiefe horse men of our host. Acute to the Thele games expect ye. If my felle, should interpole my most, For our horserace, I make no doubt, but I should take againe These guts proposed. Ye all know well, of how divine a straine My horses are and how eminent. Neptunes gift they are, To Peleus; of his to me. My felle then, will not share in gifts given others, nor my fleeds breathe any spirit to shake Their agric pasterns so they mourne for their kind guicers sake, Late loft; that vide with humorous oyle, to flick their loftic manes; Cleare water having cleaned them first : and (his bane, being their banes) Those lostie manes now strew the earth; their heads held shaken downe. on then, that trust in chariots, and hope with horse to crowne You conquering temples; gird your sclues; now same and prise stretch for, All that have spirits. This fir'd all, the first competitor

Was king Eumelus, whome the Art, of hotfemanship did grace.

Sonne to Admitted next to him, role Dismed to the race, That ynder raines rul'd Trains horfe; of late, forc't from the fonne Of Lord Anchifes; himfelfe freed, of neare confusion By Phabus. Next to him fer forth the yellow-headed king Of Lacedamon, Loves high feed, and in his managing. Podargu, and (wift Bibetrod, fleeds to the king of men. Athe, giuen by Eshepolar; the Auchifiaden, A bribe to free him from the warre, refolit dfor Ilion. So Delicacie feafted him; whom Iove befrow'd vpon A mightic wealth; his dwelling was, in broade Siegone: Old Nefters fonne, Antilochio, was fourth for chivalric In this Contention : his faire horfe, were of the Pylian breed. And his old father (coming nears) inform'd him (for good speed) With good Race notes; in which himselfe, could good instruction gine. Antilechus though yong thou art; yet thy grave virtues line Belou'd of Neprane, and of love : their fpirits have taught the all The art of horimanship; for which, the lesse thy merits fall In nedde of doctrine. Well thy skill can yield a chariot In all fit turning; yet thy horfe, their flow feet handle not. As firs thy manage, which makes me, cast doubts of thy successe I well know, all these are not seene, in art of this addresse. More then thy felfe: their horfes yet, superior are to thine. For their parts: thine want foced to make, discharge of a designe To please an Artist. But goe on, shew but thy art and hart At all points; and let them againft, their horses heart, and art, Good ludges will not fee thee lofe. A Carpenters defert Stands more in cunning then in power. A pylote doth auert His vessell from the rocke, and wracke, tost with the churlish winds, By skill not strength : so sorts it here; one chariotere that finds Want of anothers power in horse, must in his owne skill set An overplus of that, to that; and fo the proofe will get Still, that still rests within a man, more grace, then powre without. He that in horse and chariots trufts, is often hurl'd about. This way, and that, vnhandsomely; all beanen wide of his end. He better skild, that rules worsehorse, will all observance bend, Right on the scope still of a Race, beare neare; know ever when to reine, When give reine, as his foebefore, (well noted in his veine, Of manage, and his steeds estate) prefents occasion. Ile giue thee instance now, as plaine, as if thou saw it it done. Here stands adry stub of some tree, a cubite from the ground; (Suppose the stub of Oke, or Larch; for either are so sound

That neither rots with wet) two frones, white (marke you) white for view

Many yeares hence. When neare to these, the race growes; then as right

Parted on either fide the stub; and these lay where they drew

The way into a streight; the Kace, betwixe both lying cleare.

Or that they had benelifts of race, for men of former yeares;

As now the lifts Achilles fets, may ferue for charioters

Imagine them some monument of one long since tomb'd there;

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Drive on them as thy eye can judge; then lay thy bridles weight Most of the left fide: thy right horse, then switching; all thy throate (Spent in encouragments) give him, and all the reine let flote About his shoulders: thy neare horse, will yet be he that gave Thy skill the prife; and him reine fo, his head may touch the Naue Of thy left wheele: but then take care, thou runft not on the stone. (With wracke of horse and chariot) which so thou bear'st vpon. Shipwracke within the hauen avoide, by all meanes; that will breed Others delight, and thee a shame. Be wise then, and take heed (My lou'd fonne) get but to be first, at turning in the course, He lives not that can cote thee then : not if he backt the horse The gods bred, and Adrestee ow'd. Divine Ariens speed. Could not outpace thee; or the horse Lasmedon did breed. Whose race is famous, and fed here. Thus sate Neleides

Nellors aged When all that could be faid, was faid. And then Meriones tone of speech, Set fiftly forth his faire-man'd horse. All leapt to chariot; And every man then for the start, cast in, his proper lose briefly noted. Achilles drew; Antilochus, the lot fet foremolt forth. Eumelus next; Atrides third; Meriones the fourth.

The fift and laft was Diomed; farre first in excellence. All flood in order and the lifts, Achilles fixt far thence. In plaine field; and a feate ordain'd fast by. In which he fet Renowned Phanix, that in grace, of Pelens was fo great;

Phomix To fee the race, and give a truth, of all their passages. chiteindee All start together, scourg'd, and cried; and gaue their businesse of the belt deferues in race.

Study and order. Through the field, they held a winged pace. Beneath the bosome of their steeds,a dust so dim'd the race: It flood about their heads in clowds; or like to flormes amaz'd Manes flew like enfignes with the wind; the chariots sometime graz'd; And sometimes iumpt vp to the aire; yet still sate fast the men : Their spirits even panting in their breasts, with servour to obtaine: But when they turn'd to fleet againe : then all mens skils were tride;

Then stretcht the pasterns of their steeds; Eumelm horse in pride Still bore their Soueraigne. After them, came Diomeds courfers close, Still apt to leape their chariot, and ready to repose Vpon the shoulders of their king their heads. His backeenen burn'd With fire, that from their nostrills flew. And then, their Lord had turn'd The race for him, or given it doubt, if Phabus had not smit The scourge out of his hands, and teares, of helplesse wrath with it, From forth his eyes: to fee his horse for want of scourge, made flow;

And th'others (by Apollos helpe) with much more swiftnesse go. Apollos spite, Pallas discern'd, and flew to Tydeus sonne; His scourge reacht, and his horse made fresh. Then tooke her angry runne At king Eumelus brake his geres; his mares on both fides flew; His draught tree fell to earth; and him, the toft vp chariot threw

Downe to the earth, his elbowes torne, his forehead all his face Strooke at the center; his speech lost. And then the turned race Fell to Tydides: before all, his conquering horse he drawe:

And

And first he glitter din the race divine Athenia gave Strength to his horse, and same to him. Next him, drave Spartas King. Antilochus, his fathers horfe, then urg'd, with all his fting Of (course and voyce. Runne low ((aid he) stretch out your lims, and flie.

With Diemeds horfe, I bid not ftrive; nor with himselfe strive I. Athenia wings his horse, and him renownes. Atrides steeds Are they ye must not faile but reach; and soone, lest soone succeeds The blot of all your fames: to yeeld, in swiftnesse to a mare:

To femall Libe. Whats the cause (ye best that ever were) That thus vefaile us? Be affur'd, that Neftors love ye lofe For ever if ye faile his sonne: through both your both sides goes

His hot steele, if ye suffer me to bring the last prise home. Hafte, overtake them inflantly; we needs must overcome This harsh way next us: this my minde will take, this I despise

For perille this Ile creepe through; hard the way to honour lies. And that take I, and that shall yeeld. His horse by all this knew He was not pleased, and seard his voyce, and for a while they flew : But strait, more cleare appear'd the streight, Antilochus forefaw; It was a gaine the earth gave, forc't by humors cold and raw,

Pour'd out of Winters watry breaft; met there, and cleaving deepe All that neare passage to the lists. This Nesters sonne would keepe, And left the rode way, being about; Atrides fear'd, and cride : Antilochus! thy courle is mad; containe thy horse, we ride

A way most dangerous; turne head, betime take larger field, We shall be splitted. Nesters some with much more scourge impeld His horse for this, as if not heard, and got as farre before As any youth can caft a quoyte; Asrides would no more;

He backe againe, for feare himfelfe, his goodly chariot, And horse together, strew'd the dust; in being so dust hor, Of thirsted conquest. But he chid, at parting, passing fore : Antilochus (faid he) a worfe then thee, earth never bore:

Farewell, we neuerthought thee wife, that were wife, but not fo Without oathes, shall the wreath (be sure) crowne thy mad temples, Go. Yet he bethought him, and went too, thus flirring up his fleeds:

Leave me not last thus, nor stand vext; let these faile in the speeds Of feet and knees, not you: shall these, these old jades, (past the flowre Of youth, that you have) passe you? this, the horse sear d, and more powre

Put to their knees, strait getting ground. Both flew, and so the rest, All came in mokes, like spirits; the Greekes, (set to see who did best, Without the race, aloft:) now made a new discoverie,

Other then that they made at first; Idomeness eye Distinguisht all he knew the voyce of Diomed, seeing a horse Of special marke, of colour bay, and was the first in course,

His forchead putting forth a starre, round, like the Moone, and white, Vp flood the Cretan, uttering this, Is it alone my fight, (Princes and Captaines) that difference, another leade the race,

With other horie, then led of late! Enmelus made most pace, With his fleete mares, and he began, the flexure, as we thought.

Antilochus to bis flecas.

Aferelass in ferende.

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c Men-law chides Antilesbu.

Idomereus the King of Crese, art discovers the PERSONAL.

Now

Achiles fen-

Antilochus

to Achiles.

tence.

Now all the field I fearch, and finde, no where his view: hath nought Befalne amisse to him! perhaps, he hath not with successe Perform'd his flexure: his reynes loft, or feate, or with the treffe His chariot faild him; and his mares have outraid with affright : Stand up, try you your eyes; for mine, hold with the second fight. This feemes tome th'Etolian King, the Tydean Diomed. Just Oilem To you it (cemes fo, (ruftickly) Aiax Oilem faid.

Anger with Your words are fuited to your eyes. Those mares leade still, that led-. 20menens. Exmelus owes them: and he ftill holds reynes and place that did. Not taine as you hop't: you must prate, before us all, though last In in the ement of all: y'are too old, your tongue goes ftill too faft. You must not talke so. Here are those that better thee, and looke For first place in the censure. This, Idemenau tooke

Edomeness so in much dildaine, and thus replide: thou best, in speeches worst. Barbarous languag'd; others here might have reprov'd me first : Not thou, unfitft of all. I hold a Tripode with thee here.

Or Caldron; and our Generall make, our equal arbiter. Those horse are first, that when thou paist, thou then maist know. This fir'd Oileades more, and more then words, this quarrell had inspired. Had not Achilles role, and ulde this pacifying speech.

+ Achilles naesw and Asax.

No more: away with words in warre, it toucheth both with breact. Gerldome- Of that which fits ye, your deserts should others reprehend. That give fuch foule termes: fit ye still, the men themselves will end The strife between you instantly; and eithers owne lode beare. On his owne shoulders. Then to both, the first horse will appeare, And which is second. These words usde, Traides was at hand. His horle ranne high, glane't on the way, and up they toft the fand. Thicke on their Coachman, on their pace, their chariot deckt wth gold Swiftly attended, no wheele feene, nor wheeles print in the mould Imprest behinde them. These horse flew a flight; not ranne a race.

Arria'd, amidfts the lifts they flood; fweat trickling downe apace Their high manes, and their prominent breast; and downe impt Diemed. Farrances Laid up his scourge aloft the seate, and strait his prise was led arrive at the Home to his tent: rough Sthenelus laid quicke hand on the dame. "seer end. And handled Triuet, and fent both home by his men. Next came Antiloches, that wonne with wiles, not swiftnesse of his horse, Precedence of the gold-lockt King, who yet maintaind the course So close, that not the Kings owne horse, gat more before the wheele Of his rich chariot, that might still, the infecution feele With the extreme haires of his taile: (and that fufficient close Held to his leader: no great space, it let him interpose, Confidered in fo great a field.) Then Neftors wille sonne Gate of the King: now at his beeles, though at the breach he wonne A queytes cast of him, which the king againe, at th'instant gaind. . Lithe, Agamemuonides that was fo richly maind, Greffrength ftill, as the fpent; which words, her worth had proud with deeds. Had more ground beene allow'd the race; and coted farre his fleeds, No question leaving for the prife. And now Meriones,

A darts caft came behinde the king, his horse of speed much lesse. Himfelfe leffe skild timportune them, and give a chariot wing. Admetus fonne was laft, whose plight, Achilles pittying, Thus spake: Best man comes last, yet Right must see his prise not least. The sccond, his deserts must beare, and Diomed the best. He faid, and all allowed, and fore the mare had beene his owne. Had not Antilochus flood forth, and in his answer showne Good reason for his interest. Achilles, (he replied) I should be angry with you much, to see this ratified. Ought you to take from me my right? because his horse had wrong. Himselse being good? he should have use (as good men doe) histongue, In prayer to their powres that bleffe good (not truffing to his owne) Not to have beene in this good, last. His chariot overthrowne, O'rethrew not me, who's laft? who's first? mens goodnesse, without these Is not our question. If his good you pittic yet, and please, Princely to grace it, your tents hold a goodly deale of gold. Braffe, horfe, sheepe, women, out of these your bounty may be bold To take a much more prife then my poore merit feckes, And give it here before my face, and all these, that he Greekes May g'orific your liberall hands. This prife I will not yeeld, Who beares this (whatfoeuer man) he beares a tried field. His hand and mine must change some blowes Achizes laught, and faid: If thy will be (Antilochus) Ile fee Eumelus paid

Out of my tents; Ile give him th'armes, which late I conquerd in

Afteropaus, forg'd of braffe, and wav dabout with tin. Twill be a present worthy him. This faid, Automedon. He fent for them. He went, and brought, and to Admet as Sonne, Achilles gave them. He well please, receiv'd. Then arose, Wrong'd Menelam, much incenft with yong Antilechus. He, bent to speake, a herald tooke his Scepter, and gave charge Of filence to the other Greekes, then did the king enlarge The spleene he prisoned, uttering this: Antilochus? till now, We grant thee wife, but in this act, what wifedome utter it thou? Thou hast disgrac't my vertue, wrongdemy horse, preferring thine, Much their inferiours; but goe to, Princes, nor his, nor mine, Judge of with favour, him nor me, left any Grecian ule This scandall; Menelaus wonne, with Nestors sonnes abuse, The prise in question, his horse worst, himselfe yet wanne the best, By powre and greatnesse. Yet because I would not thus contest, To make parts taking; Ile be judge, and I suppose none here Will blame my judgement; He doe right, Antidochus come neare, Come (noble gentleman) tis your place, (weareby thearth circling god, (Standing before your chariot, and horse, and that selfe rod, With which you fcourg'd them, in your hand) if both with will and wile, You did not croffe my chariot. He thus did reconcile Grace with his difgrace, and with wit, restor'd him to his wit, Now crave I patience: O king, what ever was unfit, Ascribe to much more youth in me, then you, you more in age,

for conci or of libeling ralter.

Antilochius bis tronicall reply.

And

Anceus cald Pleuronius. I made Ipiclus lose.

meereir !:

steall.

And more in excellence; know well, the outraies that engage All yong mens actions; tharper wits, but duller wifedomes still From us flow, then from yous for which, curbe with your wifedome, will. The prife I thought mine, I yeeld yours, and (if you pleafe) a prife Of greater value, to my tent, He fend for, and fuffile Your will at full, and instantly; for in this point of time, frather with to be enjoyn'd, your favours top to clime, Then to be falling all my time, from height of fuch a grace; (() love lov'd king) and of the gods, receive a curle in place. This Simile This faid, he ferche his prife to him, and it reiove't him lo. berriless That as come cares thine with the dew, yet having time to grow, Vhen fields fet all their briftles up: in fuch a ruffe wert thou. (O Menclaus) answering thus; Antilochu, I now, (Though I were angry) yeeld to thee; because I see th'hadst wit, When I thought not; thy youth hath got the mastery of thy spirit. Mendans to And yet for all this, tis more fafe, not to abuse at all, Arcticlae Great men; then (ventring) trust to wit, to take up what may fall. For no man in our hoft befide, had eafely calm d my spleene, Stird with like tempest. But thy selfe, hast a sustainer beene Of much affliction in my cause: so thy good father too, And so thy brother, at thy suit; I therefore let all goe, Give thee the game here, though mine owne, that all these may discerne, King Menelam beares a minde, at no part, proud of fterne. The king thus calm'd, Antilochus receiv'd, and gaue the feed To lov'd Norman, to leade thence, and then receiv'd beside The caldron. Next, Meriones, for fourth game, wasto have Two talents gold. The fift (unwonne) renown'd Achilles gave To reverend Neftor, being a bowle, to fet on either end, Which through the preasse he carried him. Receive (said he) old friend, er to Nefter This gift, as funerall monument of my deare friend deceast, Whom never you must see againe. I make it bis bequest To you as without any strife, obtaining it from all. Your thoulders must not undergoe the churlish whoorlbats fall. Wraftling is past you, strife in darts, the foots relerity, Harshage in his yeares setters you, and honour sets you free. Thus gave heit, he tooke and love, but ere be thankt, he taid, Millers olary Now fure my honourable sonne, in all points thou hast plaid with of The come of Orator, no more must I contend with nerves. o delitio. Feet faile, and hands, armes want that fireigh, that this and that fwinge ferves Under your shoulders. Would to heaven I were so yong chind now, And strength threw such a many of bones to celebrate this show, As when the Epians brought to fire (actively honouring thus) King Amarynceas funerals, in faire Buprafius. His formes put prifes downe for him, where, not a man matcht me, Ofall the Epians, or the sonnes of great-soul'd Ætolie;

No corrie Pilians themselves, my countrymen. I beat

Great Chydomedeus, Enops sonne, at buffets, at the feate

Of wrafiling, I laid under me; one that against me rose,

The foote-game to me. Attheffpeare, I conquer'd Polidore, And strong Phylem. Aiters sonnes, (of all men) onely bore The palme at horse race; conquering, with lashing on more horse, And enuying my victorie; because (before their course) All the best games were gone with me. These men were twins; one was A most fure guide; a most fure guide. The other gaue the passe With rod and mettle. This was then. But now, yong men must wage These workes, and my joynts vndergo, the sad desects of age. Though then I was another man: *at that time I exceld Amongst th'heroes, But forth now, let th'other rites be held For thy deceast friend, this thy gift, in all kind part I take? And much it ioves my heart, that still, for my true kindnesse sake. You give me memory. You perceive in what fit grace I fland Amongst the Greeiens: and to theirs, you fet your gracefull hand The gods give ample recompence, of grace againe to thee, For this, and all thy fanors. Thus, backe through the thrust draue he, When he had flaid out all the prife, of old Neleides. And now for buffets (that rough game) he orderd paffages : Proposing a laborious Mule, of fixe yeares old, untam'd And fierce in handling; brought, and bound, in that place where they gam'd: And to the conquerd, a round cup; both which, he thus proclames. Atrides, and all his friends of Greece, two men, for these two games: I bid frand forth; who best can strike, with high contracted fift. (Apoilo giving him the wreath) know all about these lists. Shall winne a Mule, patient of toyle? the vanquisht, this round cup. This veterd; Panopeus fonne, Epeus, straight stood up: A tall huge man; that to the naile, knew that rude foort of hand: And (feifing the tough mule) thus foake: Now let fome other frand Forth for the cup: this Mule is mine: at cuffes I boff me best: Is't not enough I am no fouldier? who is worthieft At all workes? none not possible. At this yet, this I say, And will performe this, who flands forth; He burit him: I will bray His bones as in a morter fetch furgeons enow, to take His corie from under me. This speech, did all men filent make; At last stood forth Eurialus, a man, god like, and some To king Meciflens; the grand child, of honor'd Talaon. He was to ftrong that (coming once to Thebes, when Oedipus Hadlike rites folemniz'd for him) he went victorious From all the Thebanes. This rare man, Todides would prepare; Put on his girdle; oxehide cords, faire wrought, and spent much care, That he might conquer, heartned him, and taught him trickes. Both dreft Fit for th'affaire, both forth were brought, then breaft opposide to breaft, Fifts against fifts rose, and they toynd, ratling of a wes was there, Gnathing of teeth, and heatic blowes, datht bloud out enery where. At length, Epess spide cleare way, rusht in, and such a blow Draue underneath the others care, that his neate lims did firow The knockt earth, no more legs had he, But as a huge fifh laid

"His defire of prasje pants fisi.

Another nete of Nestors bumor, not fo much beme to be plainly objerned in all skelelhads as in this booke.

Achilles propoles the games for buffets.

No:e the But in s of wit in our Homer, st where you looks not for it you can find st

Giuc armea

Nearc to the cold-weed-gathering shore, is with a North flaw fraid. Shootes backe, and in the backe deepe hides: So lent against the ground. Was fould Eurialus, his strength, so hid in more profound Deepes of Epens; who tooke vp, th'intranc't Competitor. About whom rulbt a crowd of friends, that through the bluffers bore His faltring knees, he spitting vp thick clods of bloud, his head Adiales pats Totterd of one fide, his sence gone. When (to a by-place led) Thither they brought him the round cup. Pelides then fet forth or wraftlers. Prile for wraftling, to the best, a triuet, that was worth Twelve oxen, great and fit for fire; the conquer'd was tobtaine A woman excellent in workes, her beauty, and her gaine, Prise at source oxen. Vp he stood and thus proclaim'd: Arise You wraftiers, that will prove for thefe. Out flept the ample fife Of mightie Aiax, huge in strength; to him, Laertes sonne. That craftie one, as huge in fleight. Their ceremonic done, time mrafile. Of making readic, forth they ftept; catch elbowes with ftrong hands; And as the beames of some high house, cracke with a storme, yet stands The house, being built by well skild men: So crakt their backe bones wrincht With horridewiches. In their fides, armes, shoulders (al bepincht) Ran thicke the wals, red with the bloud, ready to fart out both Long'd for the conquest, and the prife; yet shewed no play; being loth To lose both, nor could Ithacus, stirre Aiax; nor could he Hale downe Vly //ss; being more strong, then with mere strength to be Hurl'dfrom all vantage of his fleight. Tird then, with tugging play; Great Aiax Telamonine faid : Thou wiscft man; or lay Asax to f. My face up, or let me lay thine, let Ione take care for thefe. This faid, he hoift him up to aire, when Laertiades His wiles forga tnot; Aiax thigh, he strooke behind; and flat He on his backe fell; on his breaft, V lyffes. Wonderd at Was this of all; all flood amaz'd. Then the much-fuffering-man (Divine Vlyffes) at next close; the Telamonian A little rayld from earth; not quite, but with his knee implide Lockt has; and downe fell both on earth, close by each others fide : Both fild with duft, but flarting up, the third close they had made. Had not Achilles felfe flood vp; restraining them, and bade. "Alles parts No more tug one another thus nor moyle your selues; receiue Prife equalis conquests crownes ye both; the lists to others leave. Att. They heard and yeelded willingly brusht off the dust, and on Put other veits. Pelides then, to thole that swiftest runne. expects. Proposdeanother prife; a bowle, beyond comparison (Both for the file and workman(hip) past all the bowles of earth: It held fixe measures, filuer all; but had his speciall worth, For workemanship, receiving forme, from those ingenious men of Sydon the Phanicians, made choife; and brought it then. Along the greene fea; giving it, to Thou; by degrees It came t' Euneus, Iafons fonne, who, yong Priamides, (Lycain) of Achilles friend, bought with it; and this here. Achilles made best game, for him, that best his feet could beare.

For second, he proposed an Oxe; a huge one, and a far, And halfe a talent gold for last. These, thus he set them at. Rife. you that will affay for thefe, forth stept Oileades. VIv Tes answerd, and the third, was one, esteem'd past these Virfles, Aiax Oslens and For footmanship, Antilochus. All rankt, Achilles show'd Antilochus The race-scope, From the start, they glide, Oileades bestow'd for the Foot-His feete the swiftest, close to him, flew god-like Ishacus, And as a Ladie at her loome, being yong and beauteous, Her filke-shirtle close to her breast (with grace that doth inflame. And her white hand) lifts quicke, and oft, in drawing from her frame Her gentle thread, which thee vnwinds, with euer at her breaft, Simile. Gracing her faire hand: So close still, and with such interest. In all mens likings, It bacus, vnwound, and spent the race By him before; tooke out his steps, with putting in their place Promptly and gracefully his owne, sprinkl'd the dust before, And clouded with his breath his head: so facilie he bore His royall person, that he strooke, shoutes from the Greeker, with thirst. That he should conquer though hee flew; yetcome, come, o come first, Euer they cried to him, and this euen his wife breaft did moue. To more defire of victorie; it made him pray, and proue, Minerum aide (his fautreffe ftill): O goddeffe, heare (faid he) I Tolles praves And tomy feete stoope with thy helpe, now happic Fautresse be. to Minerus Shee was; and light madeall his lims, and now (both neare their crowne) for peed Minerus tript vp Aisx heeles, and headlong hefell downe. Amids the ordure of the beafts, there negligently left. Since they were flaine there; and by this, Mineraus friend bereft Oileades of that rich bowle, and left his lips, note, eyes, Ruthfully smear'd. The fat oxe yet, he seild for second prise, Held by the horne, fpit out the taile, and thus spake all besmear'd Aisx Oiless O villanous chance! this Ithacus, so highly is indear'd sells out ha To this Minerva, that her hand, is ener in his deeds: fail to the She, like his mother, neftles him, for from her it proceeds, Greekes (I know) that I am vide thus. This, all in light laughter cast, Amongst whom quicke Antilochus, laught out his cominglast, Thus wittily: Know all my friends, that all times past, and now, Antidochus The gods most honour, most-liu'd men, Dileades ve know, likwije helpes More old then I, but Ithacus, is of the formost race, out his com-First generation of men. Giue the old man his grace, ing laft. I hey count him of the greene-hair'd eld, they may, or in his flowre, For not our greatest flourisher, can equall him in powre Of foote-ftrite, but Lecides. Thus footh'd he Thein fonne, Who thus accepted it: Well youth, your praifes shall not runne, Achilles 15 With unrewarded feete on mine, your halfe a talents prife Antilochie. Ile make a whole one: take you fir. He tooke, and ioy d. Then dies Another game forth, Thesis fonne, fet in the lifts, a lance, Athield, and helmer, being th'armes, Sarpedon did aduance Against Patroclus; and prisde. And thus he nam'd the ddresse. Prile for the Stand forth, two the most excellent, arm d, and before all these, fighters

THE XXIII. BOOKE

Constant onici, to the touch, and wounds of eithers fith Who night shall wound, through others armes, his blood appearing fresh; Shall win this sword, filnerd, and hatcht; the blade is right of Thrace; Ascropany yeelded it. These armes shall part their grace, With eithers valour; and the men, lle liberally feast At my pantion. To this game, the first man that address, was and was Italians to him, king Diomed; Was Asax Telamonius; to him, king Diomed; Both, in opposed parts of the preasse, full arm'd; both enterd The lists amids the multitude; put lookes on so austre, Andion'd so roughly; that amaze, surprise the Greeks, in seare Of eithers mischiese. Thrice they threw, their flerce darts; and close thrice; Then Asax strooke through Diomeds shield, but did no prejudice; His curets saft him: Diomeds dart, still over shoulders slew; Still mounting with the spirit it bore. And now rough Asax grew

Still mounting with the spirit it bore. And now rough Aiax grew So violent, that the Greeks cried: Hold, no more: let them no more Gine equall prise to either; yet the word, proposed before, For him did beft; Achilles gaue, to Diomed. Then a stone, " (in falhoin of a sphere) he show'd; of no invention, but nationall, onely melted through, with iron. Twas the boule; That king Ereion vie to hurle: but he, bereft of foule, By great deballes, to the fleet, with flore of other prife, He brought it; and proposed it now, both for the exercise, And profe it felte. He ftood, and faid : Rife you that will approue West armes frengths now, in this brane strife; his vigor that can moue This furtheft; needs no game but this, for reatch he nere to farre, With large fields of his owne, in Greece, (and so needs for his Carre, His plow, or other tooles of thrift, much iron) Ile able this For five revolued years, no neede, shall vie his messages To may towne, to furnish him, this onely boule shall yeeld

First Polypates issued, next Leontaus, their Great max, huge Epeus South, Yet he was first that stird That mine of iron. Vp it went, and vp he to stirto. That laughter tooke up all the field. The next man that did throw, Was Leontaus; Aise third, who gaue it such a hand, That faire past both their markes it shew. But now two to be mann'd By Polypers, and as stare, as at an Oxethat Rayes. A herdsman can swingout his goade: so faire did ne outraise

The stone past all men; all the field, role in a thout to lee't.

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Ir an enough, for all affaires. This faid, to trie this field,

About him hockehis friends, and bore, the royall game to fleete.

Hor Archerie, he then ferforth, tenaxes, edged two waies,
And ten of one edge. On the shore, farre off, he caused to raise
A ship mast, to whose top they tied, a fearfull Done by the Sore,
As which, all shot, the game put thus: He that the Dout could shoote,

All other lact. Who touch the firing, and milithe france thould frame. The one add axes. This proposed, king Tener force wells, for the first special frame. The one add axes. This proposed, king Tener force wells, for the first special special frame, and now lots multidiffed.

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OF HOMER'S ILIADS.

Their thooring first; both which, let fall into a heime of bratle. First Tencers came; and first he thor, and his croffe tortune was. To shoote the firing, the Dove untoucht: Apollo did envie His skill; fince not to him he vow'd (being god of archerie) A first falue Lambe. The bitter shafe yet cut in two the cord. That downe fell; and the Dove aloft, up to the Welkin foar d. The Greekes gave flouts; Ateriones first made a hearty vow, To faccifice a first falme Lambe to him that rules the Bow. ad then fell to his aime; his shaft being ready nockt before. fonde her in the clouds, that here, there, every where did foare; get at her height he reacht her fide, ffrooke her quite through, and downe The shift fell at his seete; the Dove, the mast againe did crowne, There hung the head; and all her plumes were ruffl'd, the starke dead, And there (farre off from him) the fell. The people wondered, And ftood aftonisht. Th'Archer pleas'd. Æscides then shewes A long lance, and a caldron, new, engrail'd with twenty hewes; Prifde at an Oxe. These games were shew'd, for men at darts, and then Vo tole the Generall of all; up role the king of men : Vprofelate-crownd Meriones. Achilles (feeing the king Doe him this grace) prevents more deed; his royall offering Thus interrupting; king of men, we well conceive how farre Thy worth, superiour is to all; how much most singular Thy powre is, and thy skill in darts; accept then this poore prife, Without contention; and (your will, pleade with what I advile) Affoord Aferiones the lance. The king was nothing flow To that fit grace; Achilles then, the braffe lance did beftow On good Meriones. The king, his present would not fave, But to resown'd Talthybias, the goodly Caldron gave.

The end of the three and twentieth Booke.

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THE



THE XXIIII. BOOKE OF HOMER'S ILIADS.

THE ARGUMENT.

1 Ove, entertaining care of Hestors corfe. Sends Thutis to ber fonne, for his remorfe: Ana fit dimillion of it. Iris then. He lends to Priam; willing him to gaine His forme for ransome. He, by Hermes led. Gets through Achilles quards: scepes deepe, and dead, Call on them by he quide. When, with accesse. Anthamble internide to Ascides. He passes the body which to Troy he beares. And buries is with feasts, buried in seares.

> Another Argument. amega lings the exeguies. And Hectors redemptorie prife.



He games perform'd, the fouldiers wholly disperst to fleete, Supper and fleepe, their onely care. Constant Achilles yet, Wept for his friend; nor sleepe it selfe, that all things doth subdue, Could touch at him. This way and that, he turn'd, and did renue

His friends deare memorie, his grace, in managing his strength, And his firengths greatneffe. How life rackt into their utmost length, Griefes, battels, and the wraths of feas, in their joynt fufferance. Each thought of which, turn'd to a teare. Sometimes he would advance (In tumbling on the shore) his side, sometimes his face; then turne Hat on his bosome, flart upright. Although he saw the morne Shew fea and thore his extafie, he left not, till at laft Rage varied his diffraction. Horse, chariot, in hast He cald for; and (those joyn'd) the corse was to his chariot tide. And thrice about the sepulcher, he made his Furie rides Dragging the person. All this past, in his pavilion Reft feild him, but with Helters corfe, his rage had never done, Still fuffering it t'oppresse the dust. Apollo yet, even dead, Pittied the Prince, and would not fee inhumane tyrannie fed, With more pollution of his lims; and therefore coverd round His person with his golden shield; that rude dogs might not wound To manly lineaments (which threat, Achilles cruelly and ulde in furie.) But now heaven let fall a generall eye Me tie on him; the bleft gods, perswaded Mercurie (The topoloblerver) to his stealth; and every destiStood pleased with it, tuno except; greene Neptune, and the Maide Grac't with the blew eyes; all their hearts flood hatefully appaid, Long fince; and heid it, as at first, to Priam, Ilion. And all his subjects, for the rape of his licentious sonne. Proud Paris, that despisse theie dames, in their divine accesse, Made to his cottage, and praifd, her, that his fad wantonnesse, So cossly nourisite. The twelfth morne now shin'd on the delay Of Hectors rescue, and then spake the deity of the day. Thus to thimmortals. Shamele Te gods, authors of ill ye are, To fuffer ill. Hath Hellors life at all times show'd his care Of all your rights; in burning thighs, of Beeves and Goates to you, And are your cares no more of him? vouchfafe ye not even now (Even dead) to keepe him? that his wife, his mother, and his fonue, Father and fubicets may be mov'd to those deeds he hath done, Seeing you preferue him that ferv d you, and fending to their hands His person for the rites of fire? Achilles that withftands All helpe to others, you can helpe; one that hath neither heart Not (oule within him, that will move or yeeld to any part. That fits a man, but Lion like, uplandish, and meere wilde. Slave to his pride; and all his nerves being naturally compil'd Of emineat ftrength; stalkes out and preyes upon a filly sheepe: And so fares this man. That fit ruth that now should draw so deepe In all the world, being loft in him. And Shame (a qualitie Offo much weight; that both it helpes, and hurts excessively, Men in their manners) is not knowne, nor hath the power to be In this mass being. Other men, a greater loffe then he Have undergone; a sonne, suppose, or brother of one wombe, Yer, after dues of woes and teares, they bury in his tombe All their deplorings. Fates have given to all that are true men, True min'y patience, but this man fo foothes his bloudy veine, That no bloud ferves it; he must have divine-foul'd Heffer bound To his proud chariot, and danc't in a most barbarous round, About his lov'd friends sepulcher, when he is slaine: 'tis vile, And drawes no profit after it. But let him now awhile Marke but our angers; his is spent; let all his firength take heed It tempts not our wraths, he begets in this outragious deed, The duil earth with his furies hate. White-wrifted Iuno faid, (Being much incens) This doome is one, that thou wouldst have obaid, Thou bearer of the filuer bow, that we, in equall care And honour (hould hold Hetters worth, with him that claimes a thare In our deservings? Heller suckt a mortall womans breft, Ascides a goddeffes? our felfe had intereft Both in his infant nourilhment, and bringing up with state; And to the humane Peleus, we gave his bridall mate, Because he had th'immortals loue. To celebrate the feast Oftheir high nuprials; euery god was glad to be a gueft, And thou felift of his fathers cates, touching thy harpe, in grace Of that heginning of our friend, whom thy perfidious face,

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Apollo to the other 2041

> SEAMER STAR üte ibat burttand helpet men exceedinglys

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in his perfection; blufferh not to match with Priam-loanes thou, that to betray, and fliame art flill companion. here thus received her. Never give these broad termes to a god. The firther men shall not be compard; and yet, of all that tred The well-part llion; none fo deare to all the deities, As H. Her was, at least to me. For offrings most of prite, lis he are would never pretermit. Our altars ever flood, Further with I anquets fitting us; odors, and every good, and a ten our temples, and for this, (forefeeing it) his fate To marke with honour, which must stand; but to give stealth, Age, a his deliverance; thun we that; nor must we fauour one, To Jam: mother. Privily, with wrong to Thetis fonne, Mercuh not worke out Hellors right. There is a ranfome due, million in course, by lawes of armes: in which, must humbly suc, of friends of Hector. Which inft meane, if any god would flay, and ale the other, 'twould not ferue; for Theth, night and day, "s quardian to him. But would'one, call trie hither, I A onld give directions, that for gifts, the Troian king (hould buy His Hoffers body; which the lonne of Their fhall refigne. This faid, his will was done; the Dame that doth in vapours shine, Dewis and thin, footed with formes, jumpt to the fable feas Twive Samos, and tharpe Imbers cliffes; the lake gron'd with the preffe Of he rough fecte, and (plummet-like, put in an oxes horne The ceates death to the raw-fed fish she divid, and found forlorne True, lamenting her fonnes fate, who was in Troy to have Can e from his country) his death ferv'd. Close to her Iris stood, And faid; Rife Theris: prudent Iove (whose counsels thirst not blood) Cals for thee. Thetis answerd her, with asking; Whats the cause The great god cals? my fad powres fear'd, to breake th'immortall lawes, The hong, filld with gricles to heaven. But he lets fnares for none in the counfels; not a word of him, but shall be done. She fald, and tooke a fable vaile; a blacker neuer wore heasenly floulder; and gaue way. Swift Iris (wum before, About both rowld the brackish waves. They tooke their bankes and flew To to Tympus, wherethey found, Saturnius (farre-of view) Spher d with heavens ever-being flates. Minerva rofe, and gave Herphotes Thetis, neareto love, and Inno didreceine Her entry with a cup of gold; in which she dranke to her, Grac't he: with comfort; and the cup to her hand did referre. She drank, refiguing it. And then the fire of men and gods, Thus enter in d her; Com'it thou up to these our blest abodes. Chaire godd. de 7 hais) yet art fad? and that in fo high kinde, as patieth futbrance? this I know, and try'd thee, and now finde Thy will by mine suide; which is rule to all worlds government. Belides this tryall yer; this cause, sent downe for thy ascent; ne dayes Contention hath beene held amongst th'immortais here,

For Veder: person, and thy sonne, and some advices were,

To be a poor good foic Mercurie, steale from thy some the Confer

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But that reproch I kept farre off; to keepe in future force Thy former love and reverence. Hafte then, and tell thy form The gods are angry; and my selfe take that wrong he hach done To Heller, in worft part of all: the rather, fince he ftill Detaines his perion. Charge him then, if he respect my will For any realon, to religne flaine Hecter; I will fend Iris to Priam, to redeeme his sonne; and recommend Fit ransome to Achilles grace; in which right he may joy, Anten I his vaine griefe. To this charge, bright Thetis did caple; Jegiant endevour. From heavens tops, she reacht Achilles tent; ound him still fighing, and some friends, with all their complements thing his humour: otherfome, with all contention Profiling his dinner: all their paines and skils confum'd up on huge wooll-bearer, flaughterd there. His reverend mother then ame neare, tooke kindely his faire hand, and askt him: Deare tonne, when Will forrow leave thee? How long time wilt thou thus care the hear? ed with no other food, nor reft? twere good thou wouldfi diven Day friends love to some Ladie; cheare thy spirits with such knote parts As the can quit thy grace withall: the loy of thy deferts, i thall not long have; death is neare, and thy all-conquering face Whose haste thou must not haste with griefe; but understand the state Of things belonging to thy life, which quickly order. I Am lent from love t'advertise thee, that every deitie Is angry with thee, himfelfe most; that rage thus reignes in thee, Still to keepe Hettor. Quit him then, and for fit ransome free His iniue d person. He replied, Let him come that shall give The reniome, and the person take. Ioves pleasure must deprine Men of all pleasures. This good speech, and many more, the sonne An imother ulde, in care of all the navall Station. and now to holy Ilion, Saturnius Iris lent: Goefwit-foot Iru, bid Troyes king beare fit gifts, and content Atheles for his sonnes release, but let himgreetalone The Grecian navies not a man excepting such a one may his horse and chariot guide: a herald, or one old, Attending him; and let him take his Heller. Be he bold, Discourag'd, nor with death nor feare; wise Mercurie shall guice His pullage, till the Prince be neare. And (he gone) let him ride Resolu'd, euen in Achilles tent. He shall not touch the state Of his high person; nor admit the deadliest desperate

Of all about him. For (though fierce) he is not yet unwil.

The faid, the Rainbow to her feet, tyed whirlewindes, and the place

teacht inflantly: the heavy Court, Clamor and Mourning filed

The Omnes all fet about the fire, and there flood Griefe, and the d

Nor inconfiderate; nor a man, past awe of deities: But passing free and curious, to doe a suppliant grace. Ione lenas Ira to P. 14m

Coires on their garments. In the midft the old King fate, his world. All wrinklids he id and necke duft fill d; the Princeffes his food; Eh. Princeffes, his foones faire wives, all mourning by the thought. If f.

.) feel nds formany, and fo good, (being turn'd fo foor e to nought we'r recian hands) confum d their youth, rain'd beauty from their eyes. tris come neare the kings her fight thooke all his faculties, And therefore ipike the loft, and laid; Be glad Dardanides; Of good or orrents, and none ill, am I Ambailadreile. for e great; thee, who, in care (as much as he is diffant; daines Eve to by forrowes, pittying thee. My ambaffic contains: The harge to thee, from him; he wils thou should redeeme thy some. Perce gifts t debiller, cheare him for but vifice him alone: None bur fome herald let attend, thy mules and charlot, To minage for thee. Feate, nor death, let dant thee, love hath got Herme to minde thee, who as neare to I beis fonne as needs. She agrand thee; and being once with him, nor his, nor others deeds, a en and Com Lought with, he will all containe. Nor is he mad nor vaine, m 26 Mgs. Hor impigues out with all his nerves, studious to entertaine One that submits, with all fit grace. Thus vanisht she like winde. ile mules and chariot cals: his fonnes bids fee them loand, and binde A trunke behinde it; he himfelfe downe to his wardrobe goes, Pale all of Cedar, highly roofs, and odoriferous; That much fluffe, worth the light containd. To him he cald his Queene, Thus greeting her: Come, hapleffe dame, an Angell I have feene, er caba. Sent damne from love, that bade mefree our deare sonne from the fleet, We ramome pleasing to our foc, what holds thy judgement meet? Mi Hoangth and spirit layes high charge on all my being, to beare The Greekes worst, ventring through their host. The Queen cried out to heare is ventious purpole, and replyed: O whither now is fled, the late discretion that renown d, thy grave and knowing head, in receasing, and thine owne rulde realmes? that thus thou darft affay, sight of that maniin whose browes flickes the horrible decay Of the set is from I thinke. the flerite man (whose thirst of bloud, makes crueltie his drinke) ere or but see thee, thouart dead. He nothing pitties woe, Not imours age. Without his fight, we have enough to coe, To not one with thought of him: keepe we our Pallace, weepe we here, Mission els past out helpes. Those throwes that my deliverers were, Of his shappy lineaments; told me they should be torne With the ke foot dogs. Almighty fate, that blacke houre he was borne Spunne, whis foringing thred that end; farre from his parents reach. This clos of clion, then ordaind, to be their meane : this wretch, Whole It we buen, would to heaven, I might devoure, my teeth, Ity fonnes excengers made. Curft Greeke, he gave him not his death Doing an ill worke, he alone, fought for his country, he Hed nor, not icard, but frood his worst, and curfed policie Was it unpoing Hereplied, What ever was his end, Ys act our question; we must now use meanes to defend end from scandall: from which act, dist wade not my just will; Notice me nourish in my house, a bird presaging ill

To me sood actions: tis in vaine. Had any carthly fpirit

Given this suggestion: if our Priests, or Soothsayers, challenging ment Of Prophets, I might hold it faile; and be the rather moy'd To keepe my Pallace, but these cares, and these selfe eyes approved It was a goddesse; I will goe, for not a word she spake, I know was idle. If it were, and that my fate will make Quicke riddance of me at the fleet; kill me Achilles; Come, When getting to thee, I shall finde a happy dying roome On Hellers bosome, when enough, thirst of my teares findes there. each to his feruor. This refolv'd, the workes most faire, and deare. Othis rich fercenes, he brought abroad, twelve veiles wrought curiouf v Twelve plaine gownes; and as many fuits of wealthy tapifity, As many mantles, horfemens coats, ten talents of fine gold; Two Tripods, Caldrons foure; a bowle, whose value he did hold Reyond all price, prefented by th Ambassadors of Thrace. The old king, nothing held too deste, to refcue from difgrace, His gracious Hector. Forth he came. At entry of his Court, The Froian citizens so prest, that this opprobrious fort, Of checke he uide; Hence cast-awayes, away ye impious crew, Are not your griefes enough at home? what come ye here to view? Care ye for my griefes? would ye fee how milerable I am? If not enough, imagine ye? ye might know ere ye came, What fuch a founes loffe weigh d with me. But know this for your paines, Your houses have the weaker doores: the Greekes will finde their gaines The eafier for his loffe, be fure: but O Troy, ere I fee Thy ruine, let the doores of hell receive and ruine me. Thus, with his scepter set he on the crowding citizens, Who gaue backe, seeing him so urge. And now he entertaines His fonnes as roughly; Hellenne, Paris, Hippothous, Pammon, dinine Agasbones, renown'd Desphobus, Aganus, and Antiphonus, and laft, not leaft in armes, The firong Polites: these nine sonnes, the violence of his harmes, Helpt him to vent in these sharpe termes: Haste you infamous brood. And get my chariot, would to heaven that all the abject blood In all your veines, had Hellor foulde: O me, accurfed man, All my good sonnes are gone; my light, the shades Cimmerian Heue swallow d from me: I haue loft, Meffor, surnam d the faire Troilus, that ready knight at armes, that made his field repaire Euer fo prompt and joyfully. And Heltor amongst men, Estecmid a god, not from a mortals seed, but of theternall straine. He seem'd to all eyes: these are gone, you that survive are base; Lyers and common free booters, all faulty, not a grace But in your heeles, in all your parts; dancing companions, Ye all are excellent: Hence ye brats: love ye to heare my mones? Will ye not get my chariot? command it quickly; flye, That I may perfect this deare worker this all did terrifie,

And straite his mule-drawne chariot came, to which they fast did binde

The trunke with gifts: and then came forth, with an afflisted minde,

Old Hecuba. In her right hand, a bowle of gold she bore.

Prime mas red or m. ?

La fame in

With

lweet wine crown'd; flood neare, and faid, Receive this, and implore Sith facrificing it to love) thy fate returne. I fee Thy minde likes fill to goe; though mine diflikes it utterly. trans to the blinke-cloud-gathering god, (Idean love) that vewes the froy, and bit her miferies; that he will daigne to use His most at a bird, to ratific thy hopes, that her broad wing. anted a tray right and, thou mailt know thy zealous offering Acre redefand the face returne confirm'd, but if he faile, ha sally incent, though neuer fo it labours to preuaile. this I retain not the replide; for no faith is fo great. the and the mout, but it must, with held up hands intreate. 1968 and the Camber maide that held the Ewer and Balin by, I sarewall on his bands, when looking to the skie, and thus implored; did facrifice, and thus implored: O love, at 2 has thy commands, in all deferts aboue margods; vouchfale ine fale, and pittle in the fight seas stehilles; and for truft, to that wifht grace; excite it wing dimeflenger, most strong, most of aires region loved, any right hand; which fight, may firmely fee approu'd mor fammons, and my speed. He prayd, and heatens king heard, The shocks wing dhuntrelle, perfecteft of all fowles, which gods call who will eagle. And how broad the chamber nuptiall Of a saighty man, hath dores, fuch breadth caft either wing, Who have the use, and spred them wide, on right hand of the king. All two it, and relove't, and up to charlot hearofe. Praise with the Portall and the Porch, refounding as he goes. als trends el lollowed him, and mourn'd, as if he went to die : And bringing him past towne, to field; all left him: and the eye of the wasthen his guard; who pittied him, and ulde There The words to Hermes: Alercurie, thy helpe hath beene profuse, with most grace, in conforts of travailers diffreil; Now confort Eriam to the ficer but fo, that not the leaft suppli nof him be attained, till at Achilles tent, y hathar in'd him fafe. This charge incontinent ractife. To his feet, his featherd shoes he tide, and made at of gold; with which he used to ride for and dunmeatur'd earth, and equald in his pace The pure winds. Then tooke he up his red, that hath the grace es he lifts with fleep, and open them againe o But ... a. Has he held; flew forth, and did attaine contus fuaite: then like a faire yong Prince, the testing of the hagrace, as makes his lookes convince and g eyes to view him forth he went to meet the Wing. and good the lightle combe of Ilus; watering A Sear Manchus; the darke Even, fell on the carth; and then Meet of the Mules, lifeern'd this Grace of rich,

walleidt. Persmus; Beware Dardanides.

OF HOMERS ILIADS.

Our states aske counsell. I discerne the dangerous accesse Of some man neare us; now I seare we perish. Isit best To fliel or kille his knees, and aske, his ruth of men diftrest? Confusion strooke the king, cold Feare extreamely quencht his venes, Voright, upon his languishing head, his baire stood, and the chaines Offrong amaze, bound all his powres. To both which, then came neare

The Prince turn'd Deitie; tooke his hand, and thus bespake the Peere. To what place (father) driv'd thou out, through folitarie Night, When others fleepe? give not the Greekes, sufficient cause of fright, To these late transiles? being so neare, and such vow'd enemies? Otail which; if with all this lode, any should cast his eyes On thy adventures, what would then, thy minde effecine thy flate?

Thy selfe old, and thy follower old? Resistance could not rate Arany value: as for me, be fare I minde no harme To thy grave person, but against the hurt of others arme. Mine owne lov d father did not get a greater loue in me To his good, then thou dost to thine: He answerd: the degree

Of danger in my course (faire sonne) is nothing lesse then that Thou urgeft; but some gods faire hand, puts infor my lase state, That sends so sweet a Guardian, in this so sterne a time Of night, and danger, as thy felfe; that all grace in his prime Ot body, and of beauty shew st: all answerd with a minde So knowing, that it cannot be, but of some bleffed kinde, Thou art descended. Not untrue (said Hermes) thy conceit

In all this holds; but further truth relate, if of fuch weight As I conceive thy carriage be? and that thy care convaics Thy goods of most price, to more guard? or goe ye all your waies, Frighted from holy Ilion? So excellent a sonne As thou had'ft, (being your speciall ftrength) falne to Destruction; Whom no Greeke betterd for his fight? O what are thou (laid he) (Most worthy youth?) of what race borne? that thus recounts to me,

My wretched sonnes death with such truth? Now father (he replide)

You tempt me farre, in wondring how the death was fignifide Of your divine sonne, to a man, so meere a stranger here, As you hold me. but I am one that oft have feene him beare His person like a god, in field; and when in heapes he slew The Greekes, all routed to their fleet his fo victorious view. Made me admire: not feele his hand, because Æacides (incenft) admitted not our fight, my felfe being of accesse To his high person, seruing him; and both to Ilion

In one ship faild. Besides, by birth, I breathe a Myrmidon, Polyftor (cald the rich) my fire; declin'd with age like you. Sixe sonnes he hath, and me a seventh, and all those fixe live now In Phthia, fince all casting lots, my chance did onely tall, To follow hither. Now for walke, I left my Generall.

norrow all the Sunne-burn d Greekes, will circle Troy with armes, The Princes rage to be with-held, to idlely; your alarmes

Not given halfe hot enough they thinke, and can containe no more.

Priami 4maze. A fercuse a mente

Desams to A feromies

He answerd: If you serue the Prince, let me be bold timplore This grace of thee, and tell me true, lies Heller here at fleet. Or have the dogs his flesh? He faid, nor dogs nor fowle have yet Morches to Touche at his person: still he lies at fleet, and in the tent Of our great Captaine, who indeed is much too negligent Othlis fir ufage: but though now, twelue daies haue frent their beate Onihis cold body, neither wormes with any taint have cate. Nor putrifaction perisht it: yet euer when the morne Lifes her divine light from the fea, unmercifully borne bout Patroclus sepulcher; it beares his friends disdaine. Bound to his chariot, but no fits of further outrage raigne In his diftemper: you would muse to see how deepe a dew Fuen freepes the body, all the bloud washt off, no flendreft shew Of gore or quitture, but his wounds all closde, though many were

Opened about him. Such a loue the bleft immortals beare.

THE XXIIII. BOOKE

Printer to

Euen dead to thy deare sonne; because his life shew'd love to them. He io; full answerd, O my sonne, it is a grace supreme In any man, to ferue the gods. And I must needs say this. For no caule (having featon fit) my Hellors hands would miffe Advancement to the gods with gifts, and therefore doe not they Miffe his remembrance after death. Now let an old man pray Thy graces to receive this cup, and keepe it for my loves Nor leave me till the gods and thee have made my prayers approve Achiles pittie, by thy guide, brought to his Princely tent.

1. 1000 94000 10 "erum

Hermes replide; you tempt me now (old king) to a confent I are from me; though youth aptly erres. I ceretly receive Gifts, that I cannot broadly vouch? take graces that will give My Lord diffioneur? or what he knowes not! or will effective Perhaps unfie? fuch briberies, perhaps at first may feeme Sweet and fecure; but futurely, they ftill proue fowre, and breed Both fear e and danger. I could wish thy grave affaires did need My gride to Argos; either shipt, or lackying by thy side, And would be fludious in thy guard, fo nothing could betride, But care in me to keepe thee fafe, for that I could excule, And youch to all men. These words past, he put the deeds in use. For which love fent him; up he leapt to Priams chariot, I ooke looninge and reines, and blew in ftrength, to his free fteeds, and got The navall towres and deepe dike strait. The guards were all at meat. Those he enflumberd; op't the ports, and in be safely let Old Priam, with his wealthy prife. Forthwith they reacht the Tent Of great Achilles, Large and high, and in his most ascent A fininggie roofe of (cedy reedes, mowne from the meades, a hall Of flate they made their king in it, and strengthned it withall, Thicke with firre rafters; whose approach was let in by a dore That had but one barre; but so bigge, that three men evermore R Mir, to fhut; three fresh take downer which yet Racides Wor'd shut and ope himselfe. And this with farre more case Homes let ope, entring the king; then leapt from horse, and said :

Now know (old king) that Mercurie (a god) hath given this aide To thy endevour, fent by Iove; and now, away must I: For men must envy thy estate, to see a Deitie

Affect aman thus: enter thou, embrace Achilles knee. And by his fire, fonne, mother pray, his ruth and grace to thee. This faid, he high Olympus reacht, the king then left his coach

To grave Idam, and wenton; made his resolved approach: And entred in a goodly roome, where, with his Princes fate leve-lov'd Achilles, at their feast, two onely kept the state

Of his attendance, Aleymus, and Lord Automedon. At Priams entry, a great time, Achilles gaz'd upon His wondred-at approch; nor eate: the rest did nothing see,

While close he came up, with his hands, fast holding the bent knee Of Heilors conqueror; and kift that large man-flaughtring hand, That much bloud from his sonnes had drawne; and as in some strange land.

And great mans house; a man is driven, (with that abhor'd dismay. That followes wilfull bloudshed still, his fortune being to slay One, whose bloud cries aloud for his) to pleade protection

In such a miserable plight, as fright the lookers on : In fach a stupisied estate, Achilles sate to fee, So unexpected, so in night, and so incredibly.

Old Priame entry, all his friends, one on another star'd.

To fee his strangelookes, leeing no cause. Thus Prism prepar'd His sonnes redemption. See in me, O godlike Thetis sonne, Thy aged father, and perhaps, euen now being outrunne

With some of my woes; neighbour foes, (thou absent) taking time To doe him mischiese; no meane left, to terrifie the crime Of his oppression; yet he heares thy graces still survive,

And joyes to heare it; hoping still to see thee fate arrive, From ruind Troy: but I (curst man) of all my race, shall live To see none living. Fiftie sonnes, the Deities did give,

My hopes to live in; all aliue, when neare our trembling shore The Greeke ships harbord, and one wombe, nineteene of those sons bore. Now Mars, a number of their knees, hath ftrenghlesse lest, and he

That was (of all) my onely joy, and Troyes fole guard, by thee (Late fighting for his country) flaine; whose tenderd person, now I come to ransome. Infinite is that I offer you,

My selfe conferring it; exposde alone to all your oddes: Onely imploring right of armes. Achilles feare the gods,

Pittie an old man, like thy fire, different in onely this. That I am wretcheder; and beare that weight of miseries That never man did: my curst lips, enforc't to kiffe that hand

That flue my children. This mov'd teares, his fathers name did stand Mention'd by Priam) in much helpe, to his compassion, And mov'd Ascides fo much, he could not looke upon

The weeping father. With his hand he gently put away is grave face, calmeremission now, did mutually display

der powre in eithers heavinesse, old Priam, to record

Friam ente Acriles ert.

3 5

Simile.

Priam to de distinct.

id tonnes death; and his deaths manice his teares, and bosome pour d store Achilles. As his feet he land his reverend head. . and the shoughts, now with his fire, now with his friend, were fed. ewictboth burger Eld the tent But now Eacides, Contract of parts, with the ruth of their calamities) and up he raild the king. His milke-white head and beard, While we he behold, and faid; Poore man, thy minde is fear'd much affliction; how durft thy perfon thus alone, ace on his light, that bath flaine fo many a worthy forme, and a war to thee thy old heart is made of iron, fit and have we har woes, though huge; for nothing profits it. in the utting waftes but our lives heates. The gods have destinate, of we tiched mortals must live sad. Tis the immortall state the leather lives fecure. Two tunnes of gifts there lie - 10 10 gate, one of good, one ill, that our morealitie, the strong, tobile, order, which when love doth mixe to any man. the works hafrolickes, one while mournes. If of his mournefull Kan A mandrinkes onely, onely wrongs, he doth expose him to. Sad Langer, meinanundant earth, doth roffe him to and fro. strip aled, nor of gods nor men. The mixt cup Pelew dranke, are a from his birth, heaven bleft his life; ha liv'd not that could thanke The ways his fach rare benefits, as fet forth his effate. He sign damong his Myrmidons, most rich, most fortunate. 2010 magh a mortall) had his bed deckt with a deathleffe Dame. may a with all this good, one ill, god mixt, that takes all name to hall that goodnesse; his name now, (whose preservation here, when count the crowne of their most good) not bleft with power to beare And bloil one, but my felfer and I, flinken as foone as blowne. or fluil I live to cheate his age, and give nutrition and the couritht me. Farre off, my reft is fet in Troy, have the refleife, and thy feed. Thy felfe, that did enjoy, we have heard) a happy life: what Lesbos doth containe, the pair being a bleft mans leater) what the unmeafur d maine gontus, Pheygia holds; are all faid to adorne and the wealth end fonnes enow: but when the gods did turne in the concerne with bane, warre, and the blouds of men, unic, haver cleare. Sit downe and fuffer then, a new cole things; thy teares can fpring no deeds Walte and a recall thy fonne: impatience ener breeds and nales worft things worfe, and therefore fit. He faid, en the end of great seed of Iove) when yet unransomed, les ... in thy tents: but daigne with utmost speed of gratters, that thefe eyes may fee his person freed; and gotce it is had with gifts. Accept what I have brought,

of the less Philips the enough thy conquering hand hath fought,

and farie; I know well, I must retigne thy fonne,

A last auflete fafe. He frown dand faid; Give not my bloud

. .

See the thered under it, and Heltors father food

love by my mother utterd it, and what besides is done, I know as amply, and thy felfe, (old Priam) I know too. Some god hath brought thee:for no man durft use a thought to goe On such a service, I have guards, and I have gates to stay Easie accesses; doe not then presume thy will can sway. Like loves will, and incense againe my quenche bloud; lest nor thou, Nor love gets the command of me. This made the old King bow, And downe he fate in feare, the Prince leapt like a Lyon forth, Automedon and Aleymus attending; all the worth Brought for the body, they tooke downe, and brought in; and with it, Idens (herald to the King) a cote embroydred yet, And two rich cloakes, they left to hide the person. Thesis sonne Cald out his women to annoint, and quickly over-runne The corfe with water; lifting it in private to the coach; Lest Priamsaw, and his cold bloud embrac't a fiery touch Of anger, at the turpitude, prophaning it; and blew Againe his wraths fire to his death. This done, his women threw The core and cloake on, but the Corfe, Achilles owne hand laid Vpon a bed, and with his friends, to chariot it convaide. For which fore't grace (abhorring fo, from his free minde) he wept, Cried out for anger, and thus praide: O friend, doe not except Against this favour to our foe (if in the deepe thou heare) And that I give him to his Sire; he gave faire ransome, deare In my observance is Ioves will, and whatsoever part Of all these gifts, by any meane, I fiely may convert To thy renowne here, and will there; it shall be pour'd upon Thy honour'd sepulcher. This said, he went, and what was done. Told Priam, laying: Father, now thy wils fit rites are paide, Thy fonne is given up, in the morne, thine eyes shall fee him laid Deckt in thy chariot on his bedjin meane space, let us eate. The rich-hair'd Niobefound thoughts, that made her take her meate, Though twelve deare children the faw flaine: fixe daughters, fixe yong fons. The fonnes, incenst Apollo flue: the maides confusions Diana wrought; fince Niebe, her merits durft compare With great Latonas; arguing, that the did onely beare Two children, and her selfe had twelue; for which, those onely two Slue all her twelue; nine dayes they lay fleept in their bloud: her woc Found no friend to afford them fire; Saturnius had turnd Humanes to stones. The tenth day yet the good celestials burnd The trunkes themselues; and Niobe, when she was tyr'd with teares, Fell to her food, and now with rockes, and wilde hils mixt the beares (in Sepilus) the gods wraths still, in that place, where tis said, The goddesse Fairies use to dance about the funerall bed Of Achelom, where (though turnd' with cold griefe, to a stone) Heaven giues her heate enough to feele, what plague comparison With his powres (made by earth) deserues : affect not then too farre Without griefe, likea god, being a man; but for a mans life care, And take fit food, thou shalt have time beside to mourne thy sonne; Gg

He shall be tearefull, thou being full, not here, but Ilion Shall finde thee weeping roomes enow. He faid, and so arose, And cauld a filver-fleec's sheepe, kill'd, his friends skils did dispose The fleaing, cutting of it up, and cookely spitted it; Rofted, and drew it artfully. Automedon as fit Was for the reuerend Sewers place, and all the browne joynts serv'd On wicker vessell to the boord; Achilles owne hands kerv'd,

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The remains And close they fell too. Hunger stancht, talke, and observing time Was usde of all hands; Priam sate amaz'd to see the prime Of Thetis sonne; accomplisht so, with stature, lookes and grace, In which the falhion of a god he thought had chang d his place. Achilles fell to him as fast; admir d as much his yeares, (Told in his graue, and good aspect) his speech even charurd his eares: So orderd, so materiall. With this food feasted too, Old Priam spake thus: Now (loves seed) command that I may goe,

And adde to this feast grace of rest: these lids nere closed mine eyes Since under thy hands fled the foule of my deare sonne; sighes, cries, And woes, all use from food and sleepe, haue taken: the base courts Of my fad Pallace, made my beds, where all the abject forts Of forrow, I have varied, tumbl'd in dust, and hid; No bit, no drop of sustenance toucht. Then did Achilles bid His men and women see his bed laid downe, and covered With purple Blankets, and on them an Arras Couerlid, Wastcoates of filke plush laying by. The women strait tooke lights, And two beds made, with utmost speed, and all the other rites

Their Lord nam'd, ulde, who pleasantly, the king in hand thus bore: Good father, you must sleepe without, lest any Counsellor Make his accesse in depth of night, as oft their industrie Brings them t'impart our warre-affaires, of whom should any eye Discerne your presence, his next steps, to Agamemnon flie, And then shall I lose all these gifts. But goe to fignifie (And that with truth) how many daies you meane to keepe the state Of Hectors funerals: because so long would I rebate Mine owne edge, fet to facke your towne, and all our host containe From interruption of your rites. He answerd, If you meane

To suffer such rites to my sonne, you shall performe a part Of most grace to me. But you know, with how dismaid a heart Our host tooke Troy; and how much feare will therefore apprehend Their spirits to make out againe, so farre as we must send For wood, to raile our heape of death, unlesse I may assure, That this your high grace will fland good, and make their paffe secure; Which if you ferioully confirme, nine dates I meane to mourne, The tenth, keepe funerall and feast: th'eleventh raise and adorne My fonnes fit Sepulcher. The twelfth (if we must needs) weele fight.

Be it (replyed Eacides) doe Hector all this right; to hold warre backe those whole twelve daies30f which, to freeall feare, Take this my right hand. This confirm d, the old King refted there. His Herald lodg'd by him, and both, in forepart of the tent;

Achilles in an inmost roome of wondrous ornament, Whose side, bright-cheekt Brifen warm'd. Soft Sleepe tam'd gods and men, All, but most usefull Mercurie; Sleepe could not lay one chaine On his quicke temples, taking care for getting off againe Engaged Priam, undifferend of those that did maintaine The facred watch. Above his head he flood with this demand. O father, fleepft thou fo fecure, ftill lying in the hand Of so much ill? and being dismist by great Accides?

Tistrue, thou hast redeemde the dead, but for thy lifes release Should Agamemnon heare thee here) three times the price now paide, Thy fonnes hands must repay for thee. This said, the King (affraid) Start from his fleepe: Idens cald, and (for both) Mercurie The horse and mules, (before loide) joynde so soft and curiously, That no care heard, and through the hoft drave, but when they drew To gulphy Xanshas bright-wav dftreams, up to Olympus flew industrious Mercurie. And now the faffron morning rose, Spreading her white robe oner all the world. When (full of woes) They scoured on with the Corse to Troy, from whence no eye had seene Before Caffandra) their returne. She (like loves golden Queene, According Pergamus) discernd her fathers person nie. His Herald, and her brothers Corfe, and then the caft this cry Round about Troy; O Troians, if ever ye did greet Hetter, returnde from fight aline, now looke ye out, and meet His ranfomd person. Then his worth was all your citiesioy, Now docit konour. Out all rulht, woman, nor man in Troy Was left: a most unmeasurd cry, tooke up their voyces. Close To Scass Ports they met the Corle, and to it, headlong goes The reverend mother, the deare wife; upon it, strow their haire, And lye entranced. Round about the people broke the ayre In lamentations, and all day had staid the people there, If Priam had not cryed, Gine way, gine me but leane to beare The body home, and mourne your fils. Then eleft the prease, and gave Way to the chariot. To the court Herald Idam drave. Where on a rich bed they bestow'd the honour'd person, round Girt it with Singers; that the woe with skilfull voyces crownd. A wofull Elegic they lung, wept finging, and the dames Sigh'd as they fung: Andremache the downeright profe exclaimes Began to all, the on the necke of flaughterd Heller fell And cried out: Omy husband! thou, in youth badft youth farewell, Lest it mea widow: thy sole sonne, an infant, our selues curst In our birth, made him right our childe, for all my care, that nurst His infancie, will never give life to his youth, ere that,

Troy from her top will be destroyde, thou guardian of our state,

Shall be emploid, sternely survaid by cruell Conquerors,

Her carefull mothers of their babes, being gone, how can the laft?

Soone will the Iwolne fleete fill her wombe, with all their fervitude,

Thou even of all her strength, the strength; thou that in care wert past

My felfe with them, and thou with me (deare fonne) in labours rude,

Gg 3

Marcarie at . tares to Priams in en fleese.

> ca andra to ibe Traight.

> > Andr. marbes lem- n'a i. n fo? ber bu band.

Or rage not (fuffering life fo long) some one, whose hate abhorres Thy presence, (putting him in minde of his fire slaine by thine, His brother, lonne, or friend) shall worke thy ruine before mine, Toft from some towre, for many Greeks have eate earth from the hand Of thy strong father. In sad fight, his spirit was too much man'd, And therefore mourne his people, we, thy Parents (my deare Lord) For that, thou mak'st endure a woe, blacke, and to be abhor'd. Of all yet, thou hast left me worst; not dying in thy bed; And reaching me thy last-raild hand: in nothing counselled, Nothing commanded by that powre thou hadft of me, to doe Some deed for thy fake. O for thefe will never end my woes Never my teares cease. Thus wept she, and all the Ladies closde Her passion with a generall shricke. Then Hecuba disposse grass form. Her thoughts in like words. O my sonne, of all mine, much most deare; Deare while thou liv ft too, even to gods: and after death they were Carefull to fave thee. Being best, thou most wer't envied; My other sonnes, Achilles sold, but thee, he left not dead. imber and Samos; the falle Ports of Lemnos entertain'd Their persons, thine, no Port but death, nor there, in rest remain d, The violated Corfe, the Tombe of his great friend was spher'd With thy dragg'd person; yet from death he was not therefore rer'd. Bur (all his rage usde) so the gods have tendred thy dead state, Thou lieft as living, fweet and fresh, as he that felt the fate Of Phabus holy shafts. These words the Queene usde for her mone,

Relient lemen A

And next her, Hellen held that state of speech and passion. O dector, all my brothers more, were not fo lov'd of me, As the most vertues. Not my Lord I held so deare as thee That brought mehither, before which, I would I had beene brought To ruine, for, what breeds that wish (which is the mischiese wrought by my accelle) yet never found one barth taunt, one words ill from thy sweet cariage. Twenty yeeres doe now their circles fill, Since my arrivall; all which time thou didft not onely beare Thy felfe without checke but all elfe, that my Lords brothers were Then fifters Lords, fifters themselves, the Queene my mother in law, (The King being never but most milde) when thy mans spiritsaw sowre and reprochfull, it would fill reprove their bitternesse With fiveet words. And thy gentle foule. And therefore thy deceale, I truciy mourne for, and my selfe, curse, as the wretched cause, All broad froy yeelding me not one, that any humane lawes Of pitty or forgivenesse mou'd, t'entreate me humanely, But onely thee, all else abhorr'd mefor my destinie.

Thefe words made euen the comons mourn, to whom the king faid, Friends, Now fetch wood for our funerall fire, nor feare the foe intends Ambulh, or any violence, Achilles gave his word At my difmiffion, that twelve daies he would keepe sheath'd his sword, And all menselfe. Thus Oxen, Mules, in chariots straitthey put, Went forth, and an unmeasur'd pile of Sylvane matter cut, Nine daies emploide in cariage, but when the tenth morne shinde

On wretched mortals; then they brought, the fit to be a virta.

Forth to be burn'd: Troy fwum in teares. Upon the pics me the left.

Tuey land the perfon, and gave fire; all day it burn'd, all night.

But when the leventh morne let on earth, her rofie fingers whine,

The people flockt about the pile, and firth, with blackth wine.

Quencht all the flames. His brothers then and friends, the howy bone.

Gatherd into an urne of gold, ftill powring on their mones.

Then wrapt they in loft purple veiles, the rich unit, digg'd a pis,

Grav'd it; ram'd up the grave with flones, and quickly built to it.

A [epulcher. But while that worke, and all the funerall rices.

Were in performance, guards were held at all parts, dayes and higher,

For feare of falle surprife before they had impode the crowne.

To these folematics. The tombe, advanc't once, all the towner.

In 19 ve nutfl Prisms Courtpartooke, a passing sumpris metealt,

And so horse-taming Heldors rices, gave up his soule to rest.

Thus farre the Ilian ruines I have laid
Open to English eyes. In which (repaid
With thine owne value) goe unvalued Booke.
Live, and be lov'd. If any envious looke
Hurt thy cleare fame, learne that no state more hie
Attends on vertue, then pin'd envies eye.
Would thou wert worth it, that the best doth woom!,
Which this age feedes, and which the last shall bound.

Thus with labour enough (though with more comfort in the merits of rivide vine Author) I have brought my translation of in this is a use at it feet there therein, or in the harfh utterance, or matter of my Comment before. It are, for halfe, featterd with my burthen (lesse then fifteen which being the while time that the last twelve books translation slood me in) I desire my prefer will, and (I doubt not) bublity (if Godgivelsse) to reforme and profest all hereofter, may be impeniously accepted for the absolute worke. The rather, considering the most learned with all their helps by time share been so often by analymy while magically taken halting. In the means time, that most afrifful and unique which my hydrothes the fraitful borne of his blessings through these good reserve it is a watch, may without which attenty dry and bounded for who betseen removality structs.

But where our most ditigent Spondanus ends his worke with a prayer to least ken out of these Mæanders, and Euripian rivers (as he termes them jost in most and prophane writers (being quite contrary to himselfe at the beginning litter of humbly beseech the most deare and divolme mercy (ever most incommental, preferring the great light of his truth in his direct and infallite scriptory). I may ever be inabled, by resting wondring in his right comfortable shadows in these, to magnishe the clearensse of his almighty appearance in the other.

And with this falutation of Poefic given by ur Spondanus in his Prefice to full linds. (All baile Saint-facred Poefic, that under famich gall of fairon, fuch abundance of honey doctrine bash hidden, not revealing them to the univertity worldly, woulds than but formuch make mee, that amount they world.)

mi ht he numbred, no time should ever come neare my life, that could make mee for jake thee. I will conclude with this my daily and my hily prayer, learnd of the molt learned Simplicius.

Supplico tibi Domine, Pater, & Dux rationis nostrae, ut nostrae nobilitatis recordemur qua tu nos ornasti; & ut tu nobis præstosis, ut ijs qui per sese moueutur: ut & à corporis contagio, brutorumque asseduum repurgemur, cosque superemus, & regamus, & sicut decet, pro instrumentis ijs utamur. Deinde ut nobis adjumento sis, ad accuratam rationis nostrae correctionem; & coniunctionem cum ijs que verè sunt, per lucem veritatis. Et tertium, Salvatori

fupplex 010; ut ab oculis animorum noftrorum caliginem protfus abflergas, ut (quod apud *Homerum* eft) Norimus ben**e** qui Deus, aut mortalis habendus.

Amen.

FIN IS.

TO THE RIGHT GRACIOVS

and worthy, the Duke of LENNOX.

Mongst th'Heroes of the worlds prime yeares,
Stand here, great Duke, & fee the shine about you:
Informe your princely minde and spirit by theirs,
And then, like them, live ever; looke withour you,

For subjects fit to use your place, and grace

Which throw about you, as the Sunne, his raics, In quickning with their powre, the dying race Of friendleffe Vertue, fince they thus can raife

Their honor'd Raifers to Eternitie.

Noneever liv'd by Selfe-love: Others good

Is th'obiect of our owne: they (living) die,
That burie in themfelves their fortunes brood.
To this foule, then, your gracious count nance give;
That gave, to fuch as you, fuch meanes to live.

TO THE MOST GRAVE AND

bonored Temperer of Law and Equity, the Lord, CHANCELOR, &c.

Hat Poefie is not fo remov'd a thing
From grave administry of publike weales,
As these times take it; heare this Poet sing,
Most judging Lord, and see how he reveales

The mysteries of Rule, and rules to guide
The life of man, through all his choicest waies.
Nor be your timely paines the less capplyed

For Poefies idle name, because her Raies
Haveshin'd through greatest Counsellors and Kings.
Heare Royall Hermes fing th' Egyptian Lawes,
How Solon, Drace, Zoroafies sings
Their Lawes in verse; and let their just applause

(By all the world given) yours (by us) allow;
That, fince you grace all vertue, honour you.

Gg 4

TO THE MOST VVORTHIE

Earle, Lord Treasurer, and Treasurer of our Country, the Earle of SALISBURY, &c.

Ouchlafe, great Treasurer, to turne your eye, And see the opening of a Grecian Mine, Which, wifedome long fince made her treasurie, And now her title doth to you resigne.

Wherein as th Ocean walks not, with fuch waves The round of this Realme, as your wisedomes seas, Nor, with his great eye, fees, his Marble, faves Our State, like your Vlyssian policies: So, none like HOMER, hath the world enfpher'd, Earth, seas, and heaven, fixt in his verse, and moving; Whom all times wifest men, have held unper'de; And herefore would conclude with your approving. Then grace his spirit, that all wife men hath grac't, And made things ever fltting, ever laft.

An Anagram, Robert Cecyl, Earle of Salisbury. Curb foes;thy care is all our erly Be.

TO THE MOST HONORD RE-

slorer of ancient Nobility, both in bloud and pertue, the Earle of SVFFOLKE, &c.

Oyne, Noblest Earle, in giving worthy grace. Tothisgreat gracer of Nobilitie: See here what fort of men, your honord place Doth properly command; if Poelie (Protest by them) were worthily exprest. The gravest, wifest, greatest, need not then,

Account that part of your command the least, Nor them such idle, needlesse, worthlessemen. Who can be worther men in publike weales, Then those (at all parts) that prescrib'd the best? That stirdup noblest vertues, holiest zeales, Andevermore have liv'd as they profest? A world of worthiest men, see one create, (Great Earle;) whom no man fince could imitate.

TO THE MOST NOBLE AND

le wied Earle, the Earle of Northampton, egc.



O you, most learned Earle, whose learning can Reiect unlearned Custome, and embrace Reiest unlearned Gustome, and e The reall vertues of a worthy man, I prostrate this great Worthy, for your grace,

And pray that Poesies well-deserv'd ill Name (Being luch, as many moderne Poets make her) May nought eclipse her cleare essentiall flame: But as the thines here, to refuse or take her. Nor doe I hope, but even your high affaires May suffer intermixture with her view, Where Wiledome fits her for the highest chaires, And mindes, growne old, with cares of State, renew: You then (great Earle) that in his owne tongue know This King of Poets, fee his English show.

TO THE MOST NOBLE, MY

singular good Lord, the Earle of Arundell.

Tandby your noblest stocke; and ever grow In love, and grace of vertue most admir'd; And we will pay the facrifice we owe Of prayre and honour, with all good defir d

To your divine soule, that shall ever live In height of all bliffe prepar'd here beneath, In that ingenuous and free grace you give To knowledge, only Bulwarke against Death. Whole rare sustainers here, her powres sustaine Hereafter. Such reciprocall effects Meete in her vertues. Where the love doth raigne, The act of knowledge crownes our intellects. VV here th'act, nor love is, there, like beafts men die: Not Life, but ti ne is their Eternitie.

Gg 5

TO THE LEARNED AND

most noble Patron of learning, the Earle of PEMBROOKE, &c.



Bove all others may your Honour shine. As, past all others, your ingenuous beames Exhale into your grace the forme divine Of godlike Learning, whose exiled streames

Runne to your fuccour, charg'd with all the wracke Of facred Vertue. Now the barbarous witch (Foule Ignorance) fits charming of them backe To their first Fountaine, in the great and rich; Though our great Soveraigne counter-checke her charms (Who in all learning, reignes fo past example) Yet (with her) turkish Policie puts on armes,

To raze all knowledge in mans Christian temple. (You following yet our King)your guard redouble: Pure are those streams, that these times cannot trouble.

TO THE RIGHT GRACIOVS

Illustrator of vertue, and worthy of the favour Royall, the Earle of MONTGOMRIE.

Here runs a bloud, faire Earle, through your clear vains, That well entitles you to all things Noble: Which fill the living Sydnian foule maintaines, And your names ancient Noblenesse doth redouble:

For which I needs must tender to your Graces,

This noblest worke of man, as made your Right. And though Ignoblenesse, all such workes defaces. As tend to Learning, and the soules delight: Yet since the sacred Penne doth testifie, That Wisedome(which is Learnings naturall birth) Is the cleare Mirror of Gods Maiestie, And Image of his goodnesse here in earth, If you the daughter wish, respect the Mother:

One cannot be obtain'd without the other.

TO THE MOST LEARNED

and noble Concluder of the Warres Arte. and the Muses, the Lord LISLE, Ec.



Or let my paines herein (long honour'd Lord) Faile of your ancient Nobly good respects, Though obscure Fortune never would afford My fervice show, till these thus late effects. And though my poore delerts weighd never more

Then might keepe downe their worthlesse memorie From your high thoughts (enricht with better ftore) Yet yours in me are fixt eternally,

Which all my fit occasions well shall prove. Meane space(with your most noble Nephewes, daine

To thew your free and honourable love Tothis Greeke Poet, in his English vaine. You cannot more the point of death controule, Then to stand close by such a living soule.

TO THE GREAT AND VERtuous, the Countesse of Montgomerie.

Out Fame (great Lady) is fo lowd refounded, By your free trumpet, my right worthy friend, That, with it, all my forces stand confounded, Ar n'd and disarm'd at once, to one inst end,

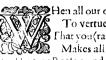
To honour and describe the blest consent Twixtyour high bloud and foule, in vertues rate.

Of which, my friends praise is so eminent, That I shall hardly like his Eccho fare, To render onely thends of his shrill verse. Besides, my bounds are short, and I must meerely, My will to honour your rare parts, rehearle With more time, finging your renowne more clearly

Meane-time, take Homer for my wants supply: To whom adjoyn'd, your name thall never dye.

TO THE HAPPY STARRE, DIS-

covered in our Sydneian Afterifme, comfort of learning, Sphere of all the vertues, the Lady



Hen all our other Starres fet (in their skies) To vertue, and all honour of her kinde, That you(rare Lady) should so clearely rise, Makes all the vertuous glorifie your minde.

And let true Realon and Religion try, If it be Fancie, not judiciall right, In vintoppose the times apostasie, To take the foules part, and her faving Light, While others blinde and burie both in fenfe, When tis the onely end for which all live. And, could those soules, in whom it dies, dispense As much with their religion, they would give That as small grace. Then shun their course faire Starre, And fill keepe your way pure, and circular.

TO THE RIGHT NOBLE PA

tronesse and Grace of Vertue, the Countesse of BEDFORD.



O you faire Patronesse, and Muse to Learning, The fount of learning, and the Muses sends This Cordiall for your vertues, and forewarning To leave no good, for th'ill the world commends.

Custo ne feduceth but the vulgar fort: Wat whom, when Nobleneffe mixeth, she is vulgar, The truly-Noble, still repaire their Fort, With gracing good excitements, and gifts rare, Lawhich the narrow path to Happinesse Is onely eaten. Vulgar pleasure sets Prostor her telte, in fwinge of her excesse. and beates her felte there dead, ere free the gets. ... e pleasuret en with pleasure still doth waste; by leafe with vertue Madame: that will last,

TO THE RIGHT VALOROVS

and vertuous Lord, the Earle of SOVTH-HAMSTON, &c.

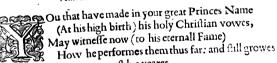


N choice of all our Countries Noblest spirits (Borneflavisher barbarisme to convince) I could not but invoke your honour'd Merits, To follow the swift vertue of our Prince.

The cries of Vertue, and her Fortreffe, Learning, Brake earth, and to Elyfium did descend, To call up Homer: who therein discerning That his excitements to their good, hadend (As being a Grecian) puts on English armes, And to the hardienatures in these climes, Strikes up his high and spiritfull alarmes, That they may cleare earth of those impious Crimes Whole conquest (though most faintly all apply) You know (learn'd Earle) all line for, and should dye-

TO MY EXCEEDING GOOD

Lord, the Earle of Svssex: with duty alwaies remembred to his honor'd Countesse.



Above his birth in vertue; past his yeares, In strength of Bountie, and great fortitude. Amongst this traine, then of our choisest Peers, That follow him in chace of vices rude, Summon d by his great Herald Homers voice, March you, and euer let your Familie (In your vowes made for luch a Prince)reioyce. Your service to his State shall never dye. And, for my true observance, let this show, No meanes escapes when I may honour you.

TO THE RIGHT NOBLE AND

Heroicall, my singular good Lord, the Lord of WALDEN, Co.



Or let the vulgar (way Ormion beares
(Rare Lord) that Poeties tavor thetwes men vaine,
Ranke you amongst her sterne distauousers;
She all things worthy tauour doth massiaine.

Vertue, in all things elfe, at bost slic betters;
Honour she heightens, and giues Life in Dearly;
She is the ornament, and soule of letters:

The worlds deceit before her vanishesh.
Simple she is as Doues, like Serpents wife;
Sharpe, graue, and facred: nought but things divine,
And things divining, fit her faculties;
(Accepting her as she is genuine,)

If the be vaine then, all things else are vile; If vertuous, still be Patrone of her stile.

TO THE MOST TRVELY-NO-

ble and Vertue-gracing Knight, Sir THOMAS HOVVARD.

HOMAS HOVVARD.

He true and nothing-leffe-then facred fritit

That moues your feete so farre from the prophane; In scorne of Pride, and grace of humblest ment, Shallfill your Names sphere, neuer seeing it wane.

To entertaine the humble skill of truth,

And put a vertuous end to all your powres,

That th'other age askes, we give you in youth,

Your youth hath wonnethe maistrie of your minde,

As Homer fings of his Antilochus, The parailell of you in euery kinde,

Valiant, and milde, and most ingenious.

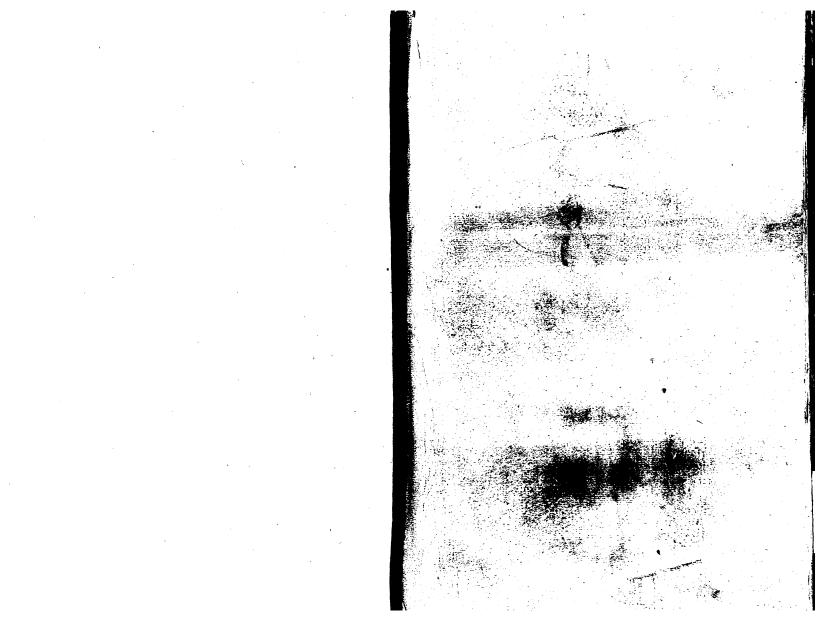
Goe on in vertue, after death and grow,

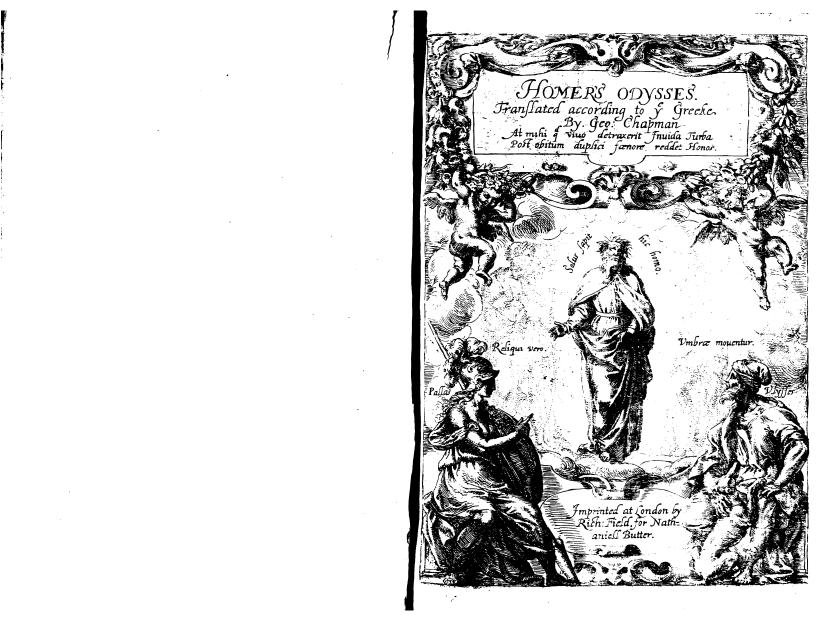
And thine like Ledas twins,my Lord & you.

Ever most humbly and faithfully dervied to you.

Ever most humbly and faithfully devotica to you and all the rare Patrons of divine Homer.

Geo, Chapman.





H O M E R S

TRANSLATED ACCORDING
TO THE GREEKE.

èy GEORGE CHAPMAN.

At mibi quod vivo detraxerit Invida turba Post obisum duplici sœnore reddet Honos.



LONDON,
Printed for Nathaniel Butter.

TO THE MOST WORTHILY HONO-

RED, MY SINGVLAR
GOOD LORD, ROBERT,
Earle of SOMERSET,

Lord Chamber-



Have adventured (Right Noble Earle) out of my vermost, and ever-vowed service to your Vertues, to entitle their Merits to the Patronoge of Homers English life: whose wish natural life, the great Macedon would have protected, as the spirit of his Em-

That he to his vnmeasur'd mightie Acts,
Might adde a Fame as vast; and their extracts,
In fires as bright, and endlesse as the starres,
His breast might breathe; and thunder out his warres.
But that great Monarks loue of fame and praise,
Receiues an enuious Cloud in our foule daies:
For since our Great ones, ceasse themselues to do
Deeds worth their praise; they hold it folly too,
To seed their praise in others. But what can
(Of all the gifts that are) be giuen to man,
More precious then Eternitie and Glorie,
Singing their praises, in vnsilenc't storie?
Which No blacke Day, No Nation, nor no Age;
No change of Time or Fortune, Force, nor Rage,

Shall

Shall euer race? All which, the Monarch knew, Where Homer liu'd entitl'd, would ensew:

Fx Angeli Po-

—Cuius de gurgite viuo

huan Anbra. Combibit arcanos vatum omnis turba furores &c. From whose deepe Fount of life, the thirstie rout Of Thespian Prophets, haue lien sucking out Their facred rages. And as th'influent stone Of Father Ioues great and laborious Sonne, Lifts high the heavie Iron; and farre implies The wide Orbs; that the Needle rectifies, In vertuous guide of euery fea-driuen courfe, To all aspiring, his one boundlesse force: So from one Homer, all the holy fire, That euer did the hidden heate inspire In each true Muse, came cleerly sparkling downe, And mult for him, compose one flaming Crowne.

He, at Ioues Table set, fils out to vs. Cups that repaire Age, fad and ruinous; Andgiues it Built, of an eternall stand, With his all-sinewie Odyssæan hand. Shifts Time, and Fate; puts Death in Lifes free state; And Life doth into Ages propagate. He doth in Men, the Gods affects inflame; His fuell Vertue, blowne by Praise and Fame: And with the high foules, first impulsions driven, Breakes through rude Chaos, Earth, the Seas, and Heauen. The Nerues of all things hid in Nature, lie Naked before him; all their Harmonie Tun'd to his Accents; that in Beasts breathe Minds. What Fowles, what Floods, what Earth, what Aire, what Winds, What fires Æthereall, what the Gods conclude In all their Counsels, his Muse makes indude With varied voices, that euen rockes haue mou'd. And yet for all this, (naked Vertue lou'd) Honors without her, he, as abiect, prifes; And foolish Fame, derived from thence, despises. When from the vulgar, taking glorious bound, Vp to the Mountaine, where the Muse is crownd;

DEDICATORIE.

He fits and laughs, to fee the iaded Rabble, Toile to his hard heights, t'all accesse vnable. &c.

And that your Lordsbip may in his Face take view of his Mind: the the unflated. first word of his Iliads, is were wrath: the first word of his Odysses, and sa, Man: contracting in either word, his each workes Proposition. In one, Predominant Perturbation; in the other, ouer-ruling Wisedome: in one, the Bodies feruour and falbion of outward Fortitude, to all possible beight of Heroicall Action; in the other, the Minds inward, constant, and vnconquerd Empire; vnbroken, vnalterd, with any most insolent and tyramous infliction. To many most souer aigne praises is this Poeme entitled; but to that Grace in chiefe, which (ets on the Crowne, both of Poets and Orators; to the purpe, purpose; and the raises: that is, Parua magnè dicere; peruulgata nouè; ieiuna plenè: To speake things litle, greatly; things commune, rarely; things barren and emptie, fruitfully and fully. The returne of a man into his Countrie, is his whole scope and obiect; which in it selfe, your Lordship may well say, is inime and fruitlesse enough; affoording nothing feastfull, nothing magnificent. And yet even this, doth the divine inspiration, render vast, illustrous, and of miraculous composure. And for this (my Lord) is this Poeme preferred to his Iliads: for therein much magnificence, both of person and action, gives great aide to bis industrie; but in this, are these belpes, exceeding sparing, or nothing; and yet is the Structure so elaborate, and pompous, that the poore plaine Ground worke (considered together) may seeme the naturally rich wombe to it, and produce it needfully. Much wonderd at therefore, is the Censure of Dionysius Longimus (a man otherwise affirmed, grave, and of elegant indeement) comparing Homer in his Iliads, to the Summe rifing; in his Odysses, to his descent or setting. Or to the Ocean robd of his asture; many tributorie flouds and rivers of excellent ornament, withheld from their observance When this bis morke so farre exceeds the Ocean, with all his Court and concourse; that all his Seazis onely a serviceable streame to it. Nor can it be compared to any One power to be named in nature; being an entirely wel-forted and digested Consuence of all. Where the most solide and grave, is made as nimble and fluent, as the most airie and fire; the nimble and fluent, as firme and well bounded as the most grave and solid. And (taking all together) of so tender impression, and of such Command to the voice of the Muse; that they knocke beauen with her breath, and discouer their fourdations as low as bell. Nor is this all-comprising Poesie, phantastique,

or relish: for, Qui Poeticas ad fores accedit, &c. (sayes the Divine Philo opher) he that knocks at the Gates of the Muses, fine Musarum furore, is neither to be admitted entrie, nor a touch at their Thresbolds: his opinion of entrie, ridiculous, and his presumption impious. Nor must Poets them elues (might I a litle infift on these contempts, not tempting

too farre your Lordships Vlyssean patience) presume to these doores, without the truly genuine, and peculiar induction There being in Poesie a twofold rapture, (or alienation of soule, as the aboue said Teacher termes it) one Insania, a disease of the mind, and a meere madnesse, by which the infected is thrust beneath all the degrees of humanitie: & ex homine, Brutum quodammodo redditur: (for which, poore Poefie, in this difeasd and impostorous age, is so barbarously vilified) the o-

ther is, Diuinus furor, by which the found and divinely healthfull, supra hominis naturam erigitur, & in Deum transit. One aperfection directly infused from God: the other an infection, obliquely and degenerately proceeding from man. Of the divine Furic (my Lord) your Ho-

mer hath ever bene, both first and last Instance; being pronounced ab-Colutely, TOV ORQUINTON, XALTEY Sentialor Totalles; the most wife and most divine Poet.

DE DICATORIE

Poet Against whom, who for ver foull open bis prophene menth, men merthily receive aufwer, with this of his divine defender (Empedocles Heraclitus, Protagoras Brachartic being aftidomerapart) vesa, Co. Who against fuch an Armies, and this General Homer dares accompe the affault, but be muft bereguead still entout. And ges againft this boalt, and this to pincible Commandie Shift to been every Belogne & foal a Leader. The common berd (Laffare us) felf peady to receive it on their bornes.

Their infested Leaders. Such men, as fideling ride the ambling Males VVhole Medie is as frequent as the stule. Whole Raptures are in overy Pageans scene,

In every Virial time, and Dancing greene: When he that writes by any beame of Truth, Must dive as deepe as he past stallow youth.

Truth dwels in Gulphs, whele Deepes hide shades so rich, That Niebt fits muffl'd there, in clouds of pitch: More Darke then nature made her, and requires

(To cleare her tough miles) Heavens great tire offices; To whom, the Sunite it felicis but a Beame. For ficke foules then (but rapt in foolith Dreame)

To wreakle with these Pleav n-Arong mysteries; VV hat madricate is it? when their light, ferves eyes That are not worldly, in their least aspect;

But truely pure, and aime at Heaven, direct. Yet these, none like but what the brazen head Blatters abroad, no fooner borne, but dead.

Holding then in eternal contemption Lord phose short-lived Bubbles, eternize your voertue and judgement with the Grecian Monark: effecming not arthe leaft of your New yeares Profents, Homer (three diodizind yeares dead) nove revived,

VVhen none conceined him, none understood, That so much life, in so much death as bloud Conveys about it could mixe. But when Death Drunke up the bloudy Miff, that humane breath

Pour dround about him (Povertie and Spight, Thickning the haplesse vapor) then Truths light Glimmerd about his Poeme; the pinche foult,

(Amidst

(Amidit the Mysteries it did enroule)
Brake powrcfully abroad. And as wesee

The Sunne all hid in clouds, at length, got free,
Through some forc't couert, over all the wayes.

Neare and beneath him, shoots his vented rayes

Farre off, and frickes them in some little Glade:
All woods, fields, rivers, left besides in shade:

Soyour Apollo, from that world of light,

Cloide in his Poems body: fhot to fight

Some few forc't Beames: which neare him, were not feene, (As in his life or countrie) Fate and Spleene,

Glouding their radiance, which when Death had clear'd: To farre off Regions, his free beames appear'd:

In which, all stood and wondred, striving which, His Birth and Rapture, should in right enrich.

Twelve Labours of your Thespian Horonles,
I now present your Lordship: Doe but please
To lend Life meanes, till th'other twelve receive

Equall atchievement: and let Death then reave
My life now loft in our Patrician Loves,
That knocke heads with the herd; in whom there moves

One bloud, one foule: both drownd in one fet height Of stupid Envie, and meere popular Spight.

VVhose loves, with no good, did my least veine fill:
And from their hates, I seare as little ill.

Their Bounties nourish not, when most they feed,
But where there is no Merit, or no Need:
Raine into rivers still, and are such showres,
As bubbles spring, and overflow the flowres.

Their worse parts, and worst men, their Best subornes, Likewinter Cowes, whose milkerunnes to their hornes. And as litigious Clients Bookes of Law,

Cost infinitely: take of all the Awe, Bencht in our kingdomes Policie, Pietic, State:

Earne all their deepe explorings: fariate

All forts there thrust together by the heart, VVith thirst of wisedome spent on either parts DEDICATORIE.

Horrid examples made of Life and Death, From their fine stuffe wouen: yet when once the breath Of sentence leaves them, all their worth is drawne As drie as dust; and weares like Cobweb Lawne: So these men set a price vpon their worth, That no man gives, but those that trot it forth, Through Needs foule wayes; feed Humors, with all coft. Though Indgement sterues in them: Rout: State engrost (Atall Tabacco benches, folemne Tables, Where all that croffe their Enuies, are their fables) In their ranke faction: Shame, and Death approud Fit Penance for their Opposites: none lou'd But those that rub them: not a Reason heard. That doth not footh and glorific their preferd Bitter Opinions. When, would Truth refume The cause to his hands; all would flie in fame Before his sentence; since the innocent mind, Iust God makes good; to whom their worst is wind. For, that I freely all my Thoughts expresse,

My Conscience is my Thousand witnesses:

You for the world I have, or God for you.

And to this stay, my constant Comforts vow;

Certaine ancient Greeke Epigrammes Translated.

All starres are drunke up by the firie Sunnes And in so much a flame, lies shrunke the Moone: Homers all-lin'd Name, all Names leaves in Death whose plender onely, Muses Bosomes breash.

Another.

Heavins fires shall first fall darkn'd from his Sphere. Grane Night, the light weed of the Dar fall weare: Fresh streames shall chace the Sea; tough Plowes shall teare Her fishie bestomes: Men in long date dead, Shall rife, and line, before Oblinion foed Those full-creene leases; that crowne great Homers head.

Another.

The great Mæonides doth onely write; And to him declates the great God of Light.

Another.

Seven king domes from, in which food fwell the wombe That bore great Homer, whom Fame freed from Tombe: Argos, Chius, Pylos, Smyrna, Colophone: The learn'd Athenian, and Vlyffcan Throne.

Another.

Art thou of Chitts: No-Of Salamine: As little was the Smyrncan Countrie thine? Nor fo. which then? was Cumas! Colophone: Nor one, nor other. Mrt thou then of none, That Fame proclames thee? None. Thy Renfon calls If I confesse of one, I anger all.





FIRST BOO OF HOMERS ODYSSES.

THE ARGUMENT.

"He Gods in compaile fit, to call Viyfies from Calypio's thrall; And order their high pleasures, thus; Gray Pallas, to Telemachus (In Ithaca) ber mer addreft: And did ber beaucity lims much In Menta's likenesse; that did raigne King of the Taphans (m the Maine, Whole rough wanes neare Loucadia runne) Admising wife Vlyffes some To seeke bis father; and addresse His course to your Tantalides That gonern'd Sparta, Thus much faid, She bend for was Hear us martial Maid, And vanishe from him. Next to this, The Banquet of the wooers is.

Another.

Appa. The Deities fit: The Mauretir'd: ThUly fear wit. By Pallas ford.



Me Man (O Mule) informe, that many a way, Wound with his wifedome to his wished stay. That wanderd wondrons farre, when, He, the towne Of facred Troy, had fackt, and shinerd downe. The cities of a world of nations, With all their manners, mindes, and fashions He saw and knew. At Sea felt many woes;

Much care fultaind, to faue from ouerthrowes Himfelfe, and friends, in their retreate for home. But so, their fates, he could not ouercome, Though much he thirsted it. O men vnwise, They perisht by their owne impieties. That in their hungers rapine would not shunne The Oxen of the loftic-going Sunne:

The information r fashion of an (or fatai)paffage cerding with the meft facred Let-

ginen him in the first verse; mandrue signifying, Homo cuius ingenium velue per soultan, 80 varias vias, vertuut in ve-

Who therefore from their eyes, the day bereft Of safe returne. These acts in some part left, Tell vs, as others, deified feed of Ioue. Now all the rest that austere Death out-stroug

At Troys long fiege, at home fafe anchor'd are, Free from the malice both of fea and warte; Onely Viziles is denide accesse To wife and home. The Grace of Goddeffes The reuerend Nymph Calyplo did detaine

Him in her Caues: past all the race of men, Enflam'd to make him her lou'd Lord and Spouse. And when the Gods had destin'd that his house,

Which Ithaca on her rough bosome beares, (The point of time wrought out by ambient yeares) Should be his hauen; Contention still extends

Her envie to him, even amongst his friends. All Gods tooke pitie on him: onely he

That girds Earth in the cincture of the lea, Diuine Vlyffes euer did enuie,

And made the fixt port of his birth to flie. But he himfelfe folemniz'd a retreate Neptunes progresse to the To th'Æthiops, farre dissunderd in their sease:

(In two parts parted; at the Sunnes descent, And underneath his golden Orient, The first and last of men) t'enioy their feast

Of buls and lambes, in Hecatombs addreft: lowing, I am in. At which he fat, given ouer to Delight.

forced to infert, The other Gods, in heavens supreamest height (fince the words Were all in Councell met: To whom began The mightie Father, both of God and man,

other translati- Discourse, inducing matter, that inclin'd shought to erre To wife Plyffes; calling to his mind out of that igno- 2 Faultfull Ægisthus, who to death was done, ranceshat may By yong Orestes, Agamemnons sonne.

perhaps refiese

Dy young oreject, Sammortals then,
was deprayer.

His memorie to the Immortals then, Mou'd love thus deeply: O how failly, men place sinculpabi. Accuse vs Gods, as authors of their ill,

his and made the When, by the bane their owne bad lives inffill, opibate of AE
gillion in from
They furfer all the mileries of their flates,
the true fence of Paft our inflictions, and beyond their fates. the word, as it a As now Ægisshus, past his fate, did wed

here to be rader. The wife of Agamemnon; and (in dread quite contrary. To suffer death himselse) to shunne his ill. As arming us Incurred it by the loofe bent of his will, in some place In flaughtering Atrides in retreate.

Diuirus, or Deo Which, we foretold him, would so hardly see

musers (some after) contrarius Deo. The person to whom the Epithete is given, giving reasons dissinguish it And so descent an Epithete given to Atlas instants following, in one place signifies. Mente permissions in the next, qui writerla mente geric

OF HOMERS ODYSSES.

To his murtherous purpole, fending Mercurie (That flaughterd Argu) our confiderate spie, To give him this charge: Do not wed his wife, Nor murther him; for thou shalt buy his life. With ransome of thine owne; imposde on thee By his Oreftes; when, in him shall be Atrides felfe renewd; and but the prime Of youths fpring put abroad; in thirst to clime

His haughtie Fathers throne, by his high acts. These words of Hermes, wrought not into facts Ægifthus powres; good counfell he despisde.

And to that Good, his ill is facrifilde. Pallas (whose eyes did sparkle like the skies)

Answerd: O Sire! supreame of Deities: Ægifthus past his Fate, and had desert To warrant our infliction; and conuert

May all the paines, such impious men instict On innocent fufferers; to revenge as ftrict,

Their owne hearts eating. But, that Ithacus (Thus never meriting) (hould fuffer thus: I deeply fuffer. His more pious mind Divides him from these fortunes. Though vakind

Is Pietic to him, gluing him a face, More fuffering then the most infortunates So long kept friendleffe, in a fea-girt foile,

Where the feas naule is a fyluane Ile, In which the Goddeffe dwels, that doth derine

Her birth from Alles; who, of all aline. The motion and the falhion doth command. With his bwife mind, whose forces understand The inmost deepes and gulfes of all the feas:

Who (for his skill of things fuperiour) flaves The two steepe Columnes that prop earth and heaven. His daughter tis, who holds this chomeleffe-driven, Still mourning with her. Euermore profuse

Of foft and winning speeches; that abuse And make so dlanguishingly, and possess With fo remiffe a mind; her loved gueft Manage the action of his way for home.

Where he (though in affection ouercome) In judgement yet; more longs to thew his hopes, His countries fmoke leape from her chimney tops,

express Profes descreves, man so class, we fit, quivil locum innerance poseth vis constitut.

d This is that transfered with the expression to express the expression of the wife of the property of the transfered with the expression of the transfered with the expression of the transfered with the expression of the exp

for, in continued aftere and remainer. The words occapioning all this, are pursuant , veryor pursuant figuifieng, qui lauguide, de amino remisso rem aliquant genit ; which being the office of Catygles fueles words in Figles , is here applied pufficely to bis owne fufferance of their operation,

Pallas to Inti-

in other places,

And

The Cloud-affembler answerd: What words flie Impiter to Palles C epace adbrire. (Bold daughter) from thy Pale of a Ivorie: vid.v.llum or claustrum den- As if I cuer could cast from my care tiam: which, for Diuine Vlyffes, who exceeds fo farre su our language, All men in wiscoome ? and so oft hath given is here twented, To all th'Immortals thron'd in ample heauen, Pale of Ivorie. So great and facted gifts: But his decrees, The teem being That holds the earth in with his nimble knees, pale, given v. by Stand to VIIIles longings lo extreme, For taking from the God-foe Polypheme firaine and com. His onely eye; a Cyclop, that excell'd pression of our All other Cyclops: with whose burthen swell'd peech, til the imagination, ap. The Nymph Thoofa; the divine increase petite and soule Of Phoreis feed, a great God of the feas. (that ought to She mixt with Neptune in his hollow caues, amination, be. And bore this Cyclop to that God of wates. for their deline- For whose lost eye, th Earth-shaker did not kill rie) haus giuen Erring Vlysses, but reserves him still worthypasse to

vs, as for their

fay of our

words, left we veter them

them. The most In life for more death. But vie we our powres, grave and divine And round about vs cast these cares of ours, therein, that not All to discouer how we may preferre formuch for the His wisht retreate; and Neptune make forbeare His sterne eye to him: since no one God can In spite of all, prenaile, but gainst a man. seeth are given To this, this answer made the gray-eyd Maide:

Supreame of rulers, fince so well apaide

The bleffed Gods are all then, now, in thee To limit wife Vlyffes miserie; And that you speake, as you referd to me Prescription for the meanes; in this fort be Their facred order: let vs now addresse With vimost speed, our swift Argicides, capple. To tell the Nymph that beares the golden Treffe In th'ile Ogygia, that tis our will She should not stay our lou'd Vigffes still; But suffer his returne: and then will I To Ithaca, to make his sonne apply His Sires inquest the more; infusing force Into his foule, to fummon the concourfe Of curld-head Greekes to counfaile: and deterre Each wooer that hath bene the flaughterer Of his fat sheepe and crooked-headed becues,

OF HOMERS ODYSSES. From more wrong to his mother, and their leaves Take in fuch termes, as fit deferts fo great. To Sparta then, and Pylos, where doth beate Bright Amathu, the flood and epithete To all that kingdome; my aduite thall fend The foirit-aduanc'd Prince, to the pious end Of feeking his loft father, if he may Receive report from Fame, where refts his flay, And make befides his owne facceffine worth. Knowne to the world; and fet in action forth. This faid, her wingd shooes to her feete the tied, Formdall of gold, and all eternifieds That on the round earth, or the fea, fuffaind Her rauisht substance, swift as gusts of wind. Then tooke the her ftrong Lance, with feele made keene, Great, maffie, active, that whole hoaffs of men (Though all Heroes) conquers, if her ite

Their wrongs inflame, backt by fo great a Sire. Downe from Olympus tops, the headlong divids And swift as thought, in thece arrived. Close at Visiles gates; in whole first court, She made her fland; and for her breafts support, Leand on her iron Lance: her forme imprest With Mestas likeneffe, come, as being a guest. There found the thole proud vegoers, that were then Set on those Oxe-hides that themselves had flaine. Before the gates; and all at dice were playing. To them the heralds and the reft obaving. Fill'd wine and water, forme, fail as they plaid; And some for solemne suppers state, puruaid, With porous fponges, clenfing tables feru'd

Grieu'd much in mind, and in his heart begat All representment of his absent Sire. How (come from far-off parts) his spirits would fire With those proud wooers fight, with flaughter parting Their bold concourfe; and to himfelfe connerting The honors they vsurpt, his owne commanding. In this discourse, he, first fair Palles Standing Vnbidden entrie: vp rofe, and addreft His pace right to her, angrie that a gueft Should fland to long at gate sand coming neare. Her right hand tooke; tooke in his owne, her speare, And thus faluted: Grace to your repaire

With much rich feast; of which to all they keru'd.

God-like Telemachus, amongst them fat.

(Faire gueft) your welcome thall be likewife faire. Enter, and (chear'd with feast) difclose th'intene That caused your coming. This said; first be went,

Pallas

And Pallas followd. To a roome they came, Steepe, and of state, the Lauelin of the Dame, He fet against a pillar, vast and hie, Amidit a large and bright-kept Armorie, Which was, belides, with woods of Lances grac'd, Of his graue fathers. In a throne, he plac'd The man-turnd Goddeffe: vnder which was spred A Carpet, rich, and of deuicefull thred: A footfoole staying her feete; and by her chaire, Another seate (all garnisht wondrous faire.

To rest, or sleepe on in the day) he set Farre from the prease of wooers; lest at meate The noise they still made, might offend his guest,

Disturbing him at banquet or at rest, Euen to his combat, with that pride of theirs. That kept no noble forme in their affaires. And these he set farre from them, much the rather To queltion freely of his ablent father. A Table fairely polisht then, was spread,

On which a reuerend officer fet bread: And other feruitors, all forts of meate. (Salads, and flesh, such as their haste could get) Seru'd with observance in. And then the Sewie Prowr'd water from a great and golden Ewre. That from their hands, t'a filuer Caldron ran: Both washt, and seated close; the voicefull man

Those cups with wine, with all endeuour crownd. Then rusht in the rude wooers; themselves places The heralds water gaue; the maids in hafte Seru'd bread from baskets. When, of all prepar'd, And fet before them; the bold wooers shar'ds Their Pages plying their cups, past the rest. But luftie wooers nuft do more then feafls For now (their hungers and their thirsts allaid) They call'd for fongs, and Dances. Thole, they faid.

Fetcht cups of gold, and fet by them; and round

Were th'ornaments of feast. The herald strait A Harpe, caru'd full of artificiall fleight. Thrust into Phemius (a learnd singers) hand, Who, till he much was vrg'd, on termes did flande But after, plaid and fung with all his art. Telemachus, to Pallas then (apart, Telemachus to His care inclining close, that none might heare)

In this fort faid: My Gueff, exceeding deare, Will you not fit incenst, with what I lay? These are the cares these men takes feast and play: Which easly they may vie, because they cate. Free, and vnpunisht, of anothers meate.

And of a mans, whose white bones wasting lie In some farre region, with th'incessancie Of showers powr'd downe upon them; lying ashores Or in the seas washt nak'd. Who, if he wore Those bones with flesh, and life, and industries

And thefe, might here in Itherafet eye On him returnd: they all would wish to be, Either past other, in celeritie Of feete and knees; and not contend t'exceed

In golden garments. But his vertues feed The face of ill death: nor is left to me The leaft hope of his lifes recoveries No not, if any of the mortall race.

Should tell me his returne, the chearful face Of his returned day, never will appeare. But tell me; and let Truth, your witnesse beare; Who? and from whence you are? what cities birth?

What parents? In what veffell fet you forth? And with what mariners arriv'd you here? I cannot thinke you a foote passenger.

Recount then to me all; to teach me well. Fit vlage for your worth. And if it fell In chance now first that you thus see ys here. Or that in former pallages you were

My fathers gueft? For many men have bene Guelts to my father. Studious of men, :: His fociable nature cuer was. On him againe, the grey-eyd Maide did paffe

This kind reply; Ile answer passing true, All thou haft askt: My birth, his honour drew From wife Anchialus. The name I beare. Is Mentas, the commanding flander

Of all the Taphians, studious in the art Of Nauigation, Hauing toucht this part With thip and men; of purpole to maintaine. Courfe through the darke leas, tother languaged men. And Temelis fultaines the cities name.

For rich in braffe, which my occasions need. And therefore bring I thining steele in steed. Which their vie wants; yet makes my veffels freight That neare a plowd field, rides at anchors weight,

hr which my fhip is bound, made knowne by fame.

Apart this citie, in the harbor calld Retbrus, whose wanes, with New Woods are walld. Thy Sire and I, were euer mutual eueffs. At eithers house, still interchanging fealts.

I glorie in it. Aske, when thou shalt see Lacrtes, th'old Heree, thefe of mee.

Palles to Tele-

From the beginning. He, men fay, no more
Visits the Citie; but will needs deplore
His sonnes beleeu'd losse; in a primate field,
One old maide onely, at his hands to yeeld
Foode to his life, as oft as labour makes
His old limbs faint; which though he creepes, he takes
Along a fruitfull plaine, set all with vines,
Which, husbandman-like (though a King) he proinces.
But now I come to be thy fathers guess;
I heare he wanders, while these wooers feast.
And (as th'Immortals prompt me at this houre)
Ile tell thee, out of a prophetique power,
(Not as prossed a Prophetique power,

(Nor as profest a Prophet, nor cleare (eene At all times, what shall after chance to men) What I conceine, for this time, will be true: The Gods institctions keepe your Sire from you. Dinine Visses, yet, abides not dead Aboue earth, nor beneath, nor buried

In any seas, (as you did late conceine)
But, with the broad sea fieg'd, is kept aline
Within an Ile, by rude and up-land men,
That in his spite, his passage home detaine,
Yet long it shall not be, before he tred
His countries deare earth; though solicited,
And held from his returne, with iron chaines.
For he hath wit to forge a world of traines,
And will, of all, be sure to make good one,
For his returne, so much relide voon.

But tell me, and be true: Art thou indeed
Tanus films.

So much 'a fonne, as to be faid the feed
Tallas thu enforme her quefilms is first vp
films is first vp
films is first vp
for of tensors
For oftentimes we met, as you and I
to the fathers

Meete at this houre; before he did apply

His powers for Trop, When other Grecian States,
In hollow thips were his affociates.
But fince that time, mine eyes could neuer fee

Telemachus to Pallas.

Renownd Vlyffes; nor met his with me.
The wife Telemachus againe replice:
You shall withall I know, be fatisfide.
My mother, certaine, sayes I am his sonne:
I know not; nor was euer simply knowne
By any child, the fure truth of his Sire.
But would my veines had tooke in liuing fire
From some man happie, rather then one wife,
Whom age might see seized, of what youth made prife.
But he, whoeuer of the mortall race
Is most ynblest, he holds my fathers place.

This fince you aske, I answer. She, againe: The Gods fure did not make the future straine Both of thy race and dayes, obscure to thee, Since thou wert borne fo of Penelope. The stile may by thy after acts be wonne, Of fo great Sire, the high vadoubted fonne. Say truth in this then: what's this feafling here? What all this rout ! Is all this ruptiall cheare! Or elfe some friendly banquet made by thee? For here no shots are, where all sharers be. Past measure contumeliously, this crew Fare through thy house; which should thingenuous view Of any good or wife man come and find, (Impletic feeing playd in cuery kind) He could not but through every veine be mou'd. Againe Telemachm: My guest much lou'd, Since you demand and lift thele lights to farres I grant twere fit, a house so regular, Rich, and fo faultleffe, once in gouernment, Should still at all parts, the same forme present. That gaue it glorie, while her Lord was here. But now the Gods, that vs displeasure beare, Hane otherwise appointed; and disgrace My father most, of all the mortall race. For whom I could not mourne fo, were he dead, Amongst his fellow Captaines slaughtered By common enemies; or in the hands Of his kind friends, had ended his commands; After he had egregiously bestow'd His powre and order in a warre fo yow'd: And to his tombe, all Greekes their grace had dones That to all ages he might leaue his fonne Immortall honor: but now Harpies have Digg'd in their gorges his abhorred grave. Obscure, inglorious, Death hath made his end; And me (for glories) to all griefes contend. Nor shall I any more mourne him alone; The Gods have given me other cause of mone. For looke how many Optimates remaine In Sames, or the shoares Duliebian, Shadie Zacruthus: or how many beare . Rule in the rough browes of this Bland here; So many now, my mother and this houle, At all parts make defam'd and ruinous. And the, her hatefull nuptials, nor denies, Nor will dispatch their importunities: Though the beholds them fpoile ftill as they feaft,

All my free house yeelds: and the little reft

Of my dead Sire in me, perhaps intend To bring, ere long to some vntimely end. This Pallas figh'd, and answerd: O (said she) Ablent Flyffes is much mift by thee: That on these shamelesse suiters he might lay His wreakfull hands. Should he now come, and flay In thy Courts first gates, armd with helme and shield, And two fuch darts as I have feene him wield, When first I saw him in our Taphian Court, Feafting, and doing his deferts disports When from Ephyrus he returnd by vs From Ilan, fonne to Centaure Mermeraus To whom he traueld through the watrie dreads, For bane to poilon his sharpe arrowes heads, That death, but toucht, causde, which he would not give, Because he fear'd, the Gods that euer live. Would plague fuch death with death; and yet their feare Was to my fathers bosome not so deare As was thy fathers loue; (for what he fought, My louing father found him, to a thought. If fuch as then, VIsffer might but meete With these proud wooers; all were at his seete But instant dead men; and their nuptials Would proue as bitter as their dying galls. But thefe things in the Gods knees are repolde, If his returne shall see with wreake inclosed, These in his house, or he returne no more. And therefore I adule thee to explore All waies thy felfe, to fet thefe wooers gone; To which end give me fit attention; To morrow into solemne councell call The Greeke Heroes; and declare to all (The Gods being witnesse) what thy pleasure is: Command to townes of their nativities, These frontlesse wooers. If thy mothers mind, Stands to her fecond nuptials, so enclinde: Returne she to her royall fathers towers. Where th'one of these may wed her, and her dowers Makerich, and fuch as may confort with grace, So deare a daughter, of fo great a race. And thee I warne as well, (if thou as well Wilt heare and follow) take thy best built faile, With twentie owers mann'd, and hafte t'enquire Where the abode is of thy absent Sire; If any can informe thee, or thine care From love the fame of his retreate may heare; (For chiefly love gives all that honours men). To Pylos first be thy addression then

To god like Nester. Thence, to Sparta, haste To gold-lockt Menelam, who was last Of all the braffe-armd Greekes that faild from Troy. And trie from both thefe, if thou canft eniov Newes of thy Sires returnd life, any where, Though fad thou sufferst in his search, a yeare. If of his death thou hear'st, returne thou homes And to his memorie erect a tombe: Performing parent-rites, of feast and game, Pompous, and fuch as best may fit his fame: And then thy mother a fit husband give. These past, consider how thou mail deprive Of worthlesse life, these wooers in thy house; By open force, or proices enginous. Things childish fit not thee; th'art so no more: Hast thou not heard, how all men did adore Dinine Orefles, after he had flaine Agiftbus, murthering by a trecherous traine His famous father : Be then (my most lou'd) Valiant and manly; euery way approu'd As great as he. I fee thy person fit, Noble thy mind, and excellent thy wit. All given thee, so to vie and manage here, That even past death they may their memories beare. In meane time Ile descend to ship and men. That much expect me. Be observant then Of my aduice, and carefull to maintaine In equall acts thy royall fathers raigne. Telemachus replide: You ope (faire Gueft) A friends heart, in your speech; as well exprest, As might a father serue t'informe his sonne: All which, fure place haue in my memorie wonne. Abide vet, though your voyage calls away; That having bath'd, and dignifide your flay With some more honour, you may yet beside, Delight your mind, by being gratifide With some rich Present, taken in your way: That as a Iewell, your respect may lay Vp in your treasurie; bestowd by me, As free friends vie to guefts of fuch degree. Detaine me not (faid she) so much inclinde To hafte my voyage. What thy loued minde Commands to give; at my returne this way. Beltow on me: that I directly may Convey it home; which (more of price to mee) The more it askes my recompence to thee. This faid, away gray-eyd Minerua flew, Like to a mounting Larke; and did endue

His mind with strength and boldnesse; and much more Made him, his father long for, then before. And weighing better who his guest might be, He stood amaz'd, and thought a Deitie Was there descended: to whose will he fram'd His powres at all parts; and went, so inflam'd Amongst the woocrs; who were silent let, To heare a Poet fing the fad retreat The Greekes performd from Troy: which was from thence Proclaimd by Pallas, paine of her offence.

When which divine fong, was perceiv'd to beare That mournfull subject, by the listning eare Of wife Penelope (Icarius feed, Who from an upper roome had giu'n it heed) Downe she descended by a winding staires Not folely; but the State, in her repaire, Two Maides of Honour made. And when this Queene Of women, stoops so low, she might be seene By all her wooers. In the doore, aloofe (Entring the Hall, grac'd with a goodly roofe) She stood, in shade of gracefull vailes implide About her beauties: on her either fide. Her honor'd women. When, (to teares mou'd) thus She chid the facred Singer: Phemius, You know a number more of these great deeds, Of Gods and men (that are the facred feeds And proper subjects of a Poets song, And those due pleasures that to men belong) Besides these facts that furnish Trois retreate, Sing one of those to these, that round your seate Entroy and They may with filence fit, and tafte their wine:
Cantor, counts
But ceaffe this fong, that through these cares of mine,

cietas homini. Conuey deseru'd occasion to my heart Of endlesse sorrowes; of which, the desert

In me, vnmeasur'd is, past all these men; Adaptation and So endlesse is the memorie I retaine; Epithete proper And so desertfull is that memorie first finding of fuch a man, as hath a dignitic of first and documentation. So broad, it spreds it selfe through all the pride documents ten.

ding to elecution Of Greece, and Argos. To the Queene, replide and government: Inspir'd Telemachus: Why thus enuies inspired onely by My mother, him that fits & societies

lone: ama are here called the With so much harmonie, to let him please first of menifinee His owne mind, in his will to honor these? For these bingenuous, and first fort of men, life; and have That do immediatly from loweretaine

suct informatio immediatel from Ione: (as Plato in Ione witnessfeet) The word deduced from abou which is taken for him, and primum in re: And will about on them be sufficiently express with ingeniosity then which, no emposion goes further.

Their finging raptures; are by low as well Inspir'd with choice, of what their longs impell. Iones will is free in it; and therefore theirs; Nor is this man to blame, that the repaires The Greekes make homeward, fings: for his fresh Music, Men still most celebrate, that sings most newes.

And therefore in his note, your eares employ: For, not Vigffer onely loft in Trey The day of his returne; but numbers more. The deadly ruines of his fortunes bore. Go you then, In; and take your worke in hand; Your web, and distasse, and your maids command To plie their fit worke. Words, to men are due, And those reprouing counsels you purfue. And most, to me, of all men; since I beare

The rule of all things, that are managed here. She went amazd away; and in her heart, Laid vp the wifedome Pallar did impart To her lou'd sonne so lately; turnd againe

Vp to her chamber, and no more would raisne In manly counfels. To her women, the Applied her fway; and to the wooers, he Began new orders; other spirits bewraid

Then those, in spite of which the woods swaid. And (whiles his mothers teares, full washt her cies, Till gray Minerus did those teares surprise With timely fleepes and that her woo'rs did soufe Rude Tamult vp, through all the (hadie boule, Disposde to sleepe because their widow was) Telemachus, this new-giuen spirit did passe

On their old infolence: Ho! you that are My mothers wooers! much too high ye beare Your petulant spirits: sit; and while ye may Enioy me in your banquets: fee ye lay Thefe loud notes downe; nor do this man the wrong.

(Because my mother hath dislike his song)

To grace her interruption: tis a thing Honeft, and honourd too, to heare one fing Numbers so like the Gods in elegance, As this man flower in. By the mornes first light, Ile call ye all before me, in a Court,

That I may cleerly banish your refore With all your rudenesse, from these roofes of mine. Away: and elsewhere in your feasts combines Confume your owne goods, and make mutual feat

At eithers house. Or if ye still hold best. And for your humors more fuffiled fill,

To feed, to spoile (because vapunisht still)

Their

On

On other findings: spoile, but here I call
Th'eternall Gods to witnesse, it is fall
In my wisht reach once, to be dealing wreakes,
(By toues high bountie) these your present checks,
To what I giue in charge, shall adde more reines
To my reuenge hereafter; and the paines
Ye then must suffer, shall passe all your pride,
Euer to see redress, or qualifide.

At this, all bit their lips; and did admire
His words fent from him, with fuch phrafe, and fire:
Which so much mou'd them; that Antinous
(Empribeus Sonne) cried out: Telemachus!
The Gods, I thinke, have rapt thee to this height
Of elecution; and this great conceit
Of selfe-abilitie. We all may pray,
That Ioue inuest not in this kingdomes sway,
Thy forward forces, which I see put forth
A hote ambition in thee, for thy birth.

Be not offended, (he replide) if I of Telemathus, Shall fay, I would assume this emperie, foddin a change, If Ione gaue leave. You are not he that sings, and no farre let The rule of king domes is the worst of things. downfro in late Nor is it ill, at all, to sway a throne: altering or tem. A man may quickly gaine possession pering Jo coman. Of mightie riches; make a wondrous prife dingly, hu affe-from I thought Set of his vertues; but the dignities' not amisse to in- That decke a King, there are enough beside fert bere sponda. In this circumfluous Ile, that want no pride notation, which To thinke them worthy of; as yong as I, withis: Pruden- And old as you are. An ascent so hie, ter Telemachus My thoughts affect not: dead is he that held Antinoi ac aspe. Desert of vertue to haue so exceld. niate emollin. But of these turrets, I will take on me Nam ita dictii To be the absolute King; and reigne as free tur ve existime- As did my father, ouer all, his hand tur cenfere 10- Left here, in this house, flaues to my command. Eurymachus, the fonne of Polybus, uertum fe pro- To this, made this reply: Telemachus! munitonice fe The Girlond of this kingdome, let the knees Regemeffe ex- Of deitie runne for: but the faculties. optat propter This house is seald of, and the turrets here, Reges tolent Thou shalt be Lord of, nor shall any beare comstari. Nets- The least part of, of all thou doest possesse. men inuidiam As long as this land is no wildernesse, concitet, tella Nor rul'd by out-lawes). But give these their passe, tur le regoum And tell me (best of Princes) who he was

itanze not am.

bir, mottuo Vlyfie, cum id alij poffidere queant fe looge præftantiores ac digniorenhoe voum siede molini, se proprissum ædium de bonotum folus fit domious, ijs exclufu ac etechs, qui vi illa occupare ac diperdere commun.

That

That guefted here so later from whence? and what In any region bofted he his state? His race? his countrie Baought he any newes Of thy returning Father? Or for dues Of moneys to him, made he fit repaire? How sodainly he ruth into the aire? How sodainly he ruth into the aire? How fodainly he ruth into the aire? His Port shewd no debaucht companion. He answerd: The returne of my loud Sire, to so the later and these and thought my feature in figure.

Is past all hope; and should rude Fame inspire From any place, a flattring meffenger, Wish newes of his furninall, he should beare No least beliefe off, from my desperate loue. Which if a facred Prophet should approve, (Calld by my mother for her cares vnrest) It should not move me. For my late faire guest, He was of old my Fathers: touching here From Sea-girt Taphes; and for name doth beare Mentas: the fonne of wife Auchialus; And governes all the Taphiam, studious Of Nauigation. This he faid: but knew It was a Goddeffe. These againe withdrew To dances, and attraction of the long. And while their pleasures did the time prolong. The fable Euen descended; and did steepe The lids of all men in defire of fleepe.

Telemachus, into a roome built hie, Of his illustrous Court; and to the cie Of circular prospect; to his bed ascended; And in his mind, much weightic thought contended. Before him, Eurysles (that well knew All the observance of a handmaids due, Daughter to Opis Pylenerides) Bore two bright torches. Who did so much please Laertes in her prime; that for the price Of twentie Oxen, he made merchandize Of her rare beauties; and Loues equal flame To her he felt, as to his nuptiall Dame. Yet never dorft he mixe with her in bed; So much the anger of his wife he fled. She, now growne old, to yong Telemachus Two torches bore; and was obsequious, Past all his other maids; and did apply Her service to him, from his infancie. His wel-built chamber, reacht; the op't the dore; He on his bed fat. The foft weeds he wore. Put off; and to the diligent old maid Gane all; who fitly all in thicke folds laid,

And

THE FIRST BOOKE.

And hung them on a beame-pin neare the bed;
That round about was rich embrodered.
Then made she haste forth from him, and did bring
The doore together with a filuer ring;
And by a string, a barre to it did pull.
He, laid, and couerd well with curled wooll,
Wouen in silke quilts: all night emploid his minde
About the taske that Pallas had design'd.

Finis libri primi Hom.Ody [].

THE





THE SECOND BOOKE OF HOMERS ODYSSES.

THE ARGUMENT.

Telemachus to Cours doth call The woors, and commands them all To leave his banfe: and taking them From wife Minerua, feip and men; And all things fit for him befule, That Euryclea could pround to Sire; He boifts faile, when heanen fropes his fire.

Another.
Bula. The old Mads flore
The voyage cheres;
The flop leases flore,
Minerua fleres.



Ow when with rolie fingers, th'early borne,

And, throwne through all the airc, appear'd the mome;

Vhyles lou'd fonne from his bed appeard;

His weeds put on, and did about him gird

His fword, that thwart his shoulders hung; and tied

To his faire feete, faire shooes, and all parts plied

For speedie readinesses, who when he trod

The open earth, to men, shewd like a God.

The Heralds then, he strait charg'd to confort The curld-head Greekes, with lowd calls to a Court. They fummon'd; th'other came, in vtmost haste; Who, all affembld, and in one heape plac't: He likewse came to councell; and did beare In his faire hand, his iron-headed speare: Nor came alone; nor with men troopes prepar'd; But two fleete dogs, made, both his traine, and Guard. Pallas supplied with her high wisedomes grace, (That all mens wants supplies) States painted face. His entring presence, all men did admire, Who tooke feate in the high throne of his Sire; To which the grave Peeres gave him reverend way. Amongst whom, an Ægyptian Heree, (Crooked with age, and full of skill) begun The speech to all. Who had a loued sonne, That with divine VIIIes did ascend His hollow fleete to Troy: to ferue which end,

The Greekes called to councell by Telemachus.

Onely mine owne affaires all this procure,

The other is what much more doth augment ?

Whose kind rule once, with your command was crownd:

That in my house a double ill endure;

One, having loft a Father fo renownd,

His weightie loffe, the ruine imminent

Of all my house by it, my goods all spent.

And of all this, the wooers, that are fonnes

He kept faire horse, and was a man at Armes, And in the cruell Cyclops sterne alarmes, His life loft by him, in his hollow cauca Whole entrailes open'd his abhorred graue; And made of him (of all Vlyffes traine) His latest supper, being latest slaine. His name was Antiphus. And this old man. This crooked growne; this wife Ægyptian, Had three fonnes more; of which, one riotous, A wooer was, and calld Eurynomus; The other two tooke both, his owne wisht course. Yet, both the best fates, weighd not downe the worles But left the old man mindfull still of mones Who, weeping, thus befpake the Seffion: Heare, Ishacenfrans, all I fitly fay; Since our divine Vlyffes parting day Neuer was councell calld, nor feffion: And now, by whom is this thus vndergone: Whom did Necessitie fo much compell, Of yong or old? Hath any one heard tell Of any coming armie; that he thus now May openly take boldnesse to anow? First haning heard it. Or will any here Some motion for the publicke good preferre? Some worth of note there is in this command: And, me thinkes, it must be some good mans hand That's put to it: that either hath direct Meanes to affift; or, for his good affect, Hopes to be happie in the proofe he makes; And that, love grant, what ere he vndertakes. Telemachus (reioycing much to heare The good hope, and opinion men did beare Of his yong actions) no longer fat. But longd tapproue, what this man pointed at: And make his first proofe, in a cause so good: And in the Councels chiefe place, vp he floods Telemachus pro. pofetbhis estate When strait, Pyfenor (Herald to his Sire, so the Greekes. And learnd in counsels) felt his heart on fire, To heare him speake; and put into his hand The Scepter that his Father did command: Then (to the old Ægyptian turnd) he spoke: Father, not farre he is, that vndertooke To call this councell, whom you foone shall know. My selfe, whose wrongs, my griefes will make me show, Am he that author'd this affembly here: Nor have I heard of any armie neare:

Of which, being first told, I might iterates

Nor for the publicke good, can aught, relates

To our chiefe Pecres, are the Confusions: Importuning my Mothers mariage Against her will, nor dares their blonds bold rage Go to Icarius, her fathers Court. That, his will askt, in kind and comely fort, He may endow his daughter with a dowre: And the contenting at his pleafures powre, Dispose her to a man that (thus behan'd) May have fit grace; and fee her honor fau'd; But these, in none but my house, all their lives Refolue to fpend; flaughtring my fheepe and becues; And with my fatteft goates, lay feaft on feaft; My generous wine, confuming as they lift. A world of things they spoile; here wanting one, That like Vlyffes, quickly, could fet gone These peace-plagues from his house, that spoile like warre. Whom my powres are vnfit, to vrge fo farre, My felfe immartiall. But had I the powre, My will should serue me, to exempt this houre From out my life time. For past patience, Base deeds are done here, that exceed desence Of any honor. Falling is my house, Which you should shame to see so ruinous. Reperence the centures, that all good men give. That dwell about you; and for feare to live Exposde to heavens wrath (that doth ever pay Paines, for joyes forfait) even by Ione I pray Or Themis; both which, powres have to restraine Or gather Councels that ye will abstaine From further spoile, and let me onely waste In that most wretched griefe I have embrac't For my loft Father. And though I am free From meriting your outrage, yet, if he (Good man) hath euer, with a hostile heart Done ill to any Greeke; on me conuert Your like hostilities and vengeance take Of his ill, on my life; and all thefe, make lovne in that inflice: but to fee abuide Those goods that do none ill, but being ill vide, Exceeds all right. Yet better tis for me.

My whole possessions, and my rents to see Confum'd by you; then lose my life and all; For on your rapinea revenge may fall, While I line, and folong I may complaine About the Cities till my goods againe (Oft askt) may be with all amends repaid. But in the meane space, your mis-rule hath laid Gricfes on my bosome, that can onely speake, And are denied the instant powre of wreake. This faid, his Scepter gainst the ground he threw, And teares still'd from him; which mou'd all the crew: The Court strooke filent; not a man did dare

To give a word, that might offend his eare.

Antinous onely, in this fort replied:

Antinous to Telemachus.

High-spoken, and of spirit vnpacifieds How have you sham'd vs, in this speech of yours: Will you brand vs. for an offence not ours? Your mother (first in craft) is first in cause. Three yeares are past, and neare, the fourth now drawes. Since first she mocked the Peeres Achaian. All, the made hope, and promift every man: Sent for vs euer; left loues shew in nought; But in her heart, conceald another thought. Besides, (as curious in her craft) her loome She with a web charg'd, hard to ouercome;

And thus befpake vs: Youths that feeke my bed; Since my divine Spoule refts among the dead, Hold on your fuites, but till I end, at most This funerall weed, left what is done, be loft. Besides, I purpose, that when th'austere fate Of bitter death, shall take into his state, Laertes the Heroe; it shall decke His royall corfe; fince I should suffer checke In ill report, of enery common dame, If one fo rich, should shew in death his shame. This speech she vsde; and this did soone perswade

Prouerbium.

Our gentle mindes. But this, a worke she made Telam Penelo- So hugely long; vndoing still in night (By torches) all, the did by dayes broade light: That three yeares her deceit, div'd past our views And made vs thinke, that all the faind, was true. But when the fourth yeare came; and those slie houres. That still surprise at length, Dames craftiest powres; One of her women, that knew all, disclosed The secret to vs; that she still vnlosde Her whole daies faire affaire, in depth of night. And then, no further the could force her fleight, But, of necessitie, her worke gaue end.

And thus, by me, doth enery other friend, Professing loue to her, reply to thee; That even thy felfe, and all Greeks elfe may fee, That we offend not in our flay, but shee. To free thy house then, send her to her Sire, Commanding that her choice be left entire To his election, and one fettl'd will. Nor let her vexe with her illusions still, Her friends that woo her; standing on her wita Because wife Pallas hath given wiles to it. So full of Art; and made her vnderstand All workes, in faire skill of a Ladies hand. But (for her working mind) we reade of none Of all the old world; in which Greece hath showne Her rarest peeces, that could equal her: Tyro, Alemena, and Mycena were To hold comparison in no degree (For folide braine) with wife Penelope. And yet in her delayes of vs, the showes No profits skill, with all the wit she owes: For all this time, thy goods and victuals go To vecer ruine; and shall cuer so While thus the Gods, her glorious mind dispose. Glorie, her felfe may gaine; but thou shalt lose Thy longings even for necessary food; For we will neuer go, where lies our good: Nor any other where, till this delay She puts on all, the quits with th'endleffe flay Of some one of vs; that to all the rest May give free farewell with his nuptiall feast. The wife yong Prince replide: Antinous! I may by no meanes turne out of my house,

Her that hath brought me forth, and nourisht me. Belides:if quicke or dead my Father be In any region, yet abides in doubt. And twill go hard, (my meanes being fo runne out) To tender to Icarius againe (If he againe, my mother must maintaine In her retreate) the dowre she brought with her. And then, a double ill it will conferre. Both from my Father, and from God, on me; When (thrust out of her house) on her bent knee, My Mother shall the horrid Furies raise With imprecations: and all men dispraise My part in her exposure. Neuer then Will I performe this counfell. If your fplene Swell at my courses; once more I command Your absence from my house. Some others hand

Charge with your banquets. On your owne goods cate; And either other mutually intreate, At either of your houses, with your feast. But if ye still esteeme more sweete and best, Anothers spoile; so you still wreaklesse live:

sept: zeps fgmfjing, infa-nabili quadam To your denouring; it remaines that I Gnaw (vermine-like) things facred: no lawes giue edacitate voro. Inuoke each euer-liuing Deitie;

And vow if Ione (hall daigne in any date, Powre of like paines, for pleafures to past rate; From thenceforth looke, where we have reueld fo. Vnwreakt, your ruines, all shall vndergo. Thus spake Telemachus, t'assure whose threat, Auguriam Farre-feeing love, vpon their pinions fet

Two Eagles from the high browes of a hill: That, mounted on the winds, together flill Their strokes extended. But arriving now Amidst the Councell; ouer every brow. Shooke their thicke wings; and (threatning deaths cold feares) Their neckes and cheekes tore with their eager Seres. Then, on the Courts right-hand away they flew, Aboue both Court and Citie: with whose view And studie what cuents they might foretell,

The Councell into admiration fell. The old Heree, Halitherfes then. Halitherses an The fonne of Neftor; that of all old men (His Peeres in that Court) onely could forefee

By flight of fowles, mans fixed destinie; Twixt them and their amaze, this interposde: Heare (Ithacensians) all your doubts discloses The woods most are toucht in this oftent, To whom are dangers great and imminent. For now, not long more shall Virgles beare Lacke of his most lou'd; but fils some place neare. Addressing to these wooers, Fate and Death, And many more, this mischiefe menaceth Of vs inhabiting this famous Ile. Let vs confult yet, in this long forewhile, How to our sclues we may preuent this ill. Let these men rest secure, and reuell still: Though they might find it fafer, if with vs They would in time preuent what threats them thus: Since not without fure triall, I foretell

For to Vigffes, all things have event, As I forefold him; when for Ilion went The whole Greeke fleete together; and with them. Th'abundant in all counsels, tooke the streame.

These coming stormes; but know their issue well.

I told him, that when much ill he had paft, And all his men were loft, he should at last, The twentith yeare turne home, to all vnknowne, All which effects are to perfection growne. Eurymachus, the sonne of Polybus, Oppoide this mans prefage, and answerd thus:

Hence, Great in yeares; go, prophecie at home; Thy children teach to fhun their ils to come. In these, superiour farre to thee, am I. A world of fowles beneath the Sunne-beames f That are not fit t'enforme a prophecie.

Befides, Vigffes perifit long ago, And would thy fates to thee had deftin'd fo: Since fo, thy fo much prophecie had fpar'd Thy wronging of our rights, which for reward Expected, home with thee, hath fummon'd vs

Within the anger of Telemachan. But this will I prefage, which thall be true, If any sparke of anger, chance t'ensue Thy much old art in these deepe Auguries. In this youg man incenfed by thy lies; Euen to himfelfe, his anger shall conferre

The greater anguish; and thine owne ends erre From all their objects: and befides, thine age Shall feele a paine, to make thee curfe prefage, With worthy cause, for it shall couch thee neare.

But I will foone give end to all our feare, Preuenting whatfocuer chance can fall, In my fuite to the yong Prince, for vs all To fend his mother to her fathers house. That he may fort her out a worthy fpoule,

And fuch a dowre beflow, as may befix One lou'd to leave her friends, and follow it. Before which course be. I beleeve that none Of all the Greekes will cease th'ambition

Of fuch a match. For, chance what can to vs. We,no man feare; no not Telemachus, Though ne're so greatly spoken. Nor care we For any threats of auftere prophecie Which thou (old dotard) vantit of fo in vaine. And thus shalt thou in much more hate remaine: For still the Gods shall beare their ill expences Nor ever be disposed by competence,

Till with her nuptials, the difmiffe our fuites. Our whole lives dayes shall fow hopes for such fruites. Her vertues we contend to: nor will go To any other, be the neuer fo

Worthy of vs, and all the worth we owe. 3

Telemachu

He answerd him: Eurymachus! and all Ye generous wooers, now, in generall, I fee your braue refolues; and will no more Make speech of these points; and much lesse, implore. It is enough, that all the Grecians here, And all the Gods belides, iult witnesse beare, What friendly premonitions have bene spent On your forbearance, and their vaine enem. Yet with my other friends, let loue preuaile To fit me with a veffell, free of faile; And twentie men; that may divide to me My readie passage through the yeelding sea. For Sparta, and Amatheon Pyles (hore I now am bound; in purpose to explore My long lackt Father; and to trie if Fame (Or love, most author of mans honourd name) With his returne and life, may glad mine cares Though toild in that proofe, I sustaine a yeare. If dead, I heare him, nor of more state; here (Retir'd to my lou'd countrie) I will tere A Sepulcher to him, and celebrate

Mentor for Telemathus,

Menter, that was Vlyffes cholen friend; To whom, when he fer forth, he did commend His compleate family, and whom he willd To fee the mind of his old Sire fulfild, All things conferuing fafe, till his retreate; Who (tender of his charge; and feeing fo fee In fleight care of their King, his fubices there, Suffering his fonne, fo much contempt to beare) Thus granely, and with zeale to him began: No more, let any Scepter-bearing man, Beneuolent, or milde, or humane be; Nor in his minde, forme acts of pietie, But euer feed on blood; and facts vniust Commit, even to the full I winge of his luft; Since of divine Vlyffes, no man now Of all his subjects, any thought doth show. All whom, he gouernd; and became to them (Rather then one that wore a diadem) A most indulgent father. But (for all That can touch me) within no enuie fall These insolent wooers; that in violent kind, Commit things foule, by th'ill wit of the mind:

And with the hazard of their heads, devoure

Vlyffes house; since his returning houre,

Such royall parent rites, as fits his state.

And then, my mother to a Spoule dispose.

This faid, he fat; and to the reft, arose

They hold past hope. But it affects me much, (Ye dull plebeians) that all this doth touch Your free States nothing; who (ftrooke dumbe) afford These wooers, not so much wreake as a word; Though few, and you, with onely number might Extinguish to them the prophaned light. Enemors fonne (Lincritus) replide; Menter! the railer, made a foole with pride; What language giu'st thou! that would quiet vs, With putting vs in stormer exciting thus The rout against vs: who, though more then we, Should find it is no eafie victorie To drive men habited in feaft, from feafts; No not if Ithacus himselfe, such guelts Should come and find to furnishing his Court, And hope to force them from fo sweete a fort. His wife should little ioy in his arrine, Though much the wants him: for, where the, aliue Would hers enjoy; there Death should claime his rights: He must be conquerd, that with many fights. Thou fpeakst vnfit things. To their labours then, Disperse these people; and let these two men (Menter and Halisberfes) that so boast, From the beginning to have governd most In friendship of the Father; to the sonne Confirme the course, he now affects to runne. But my mind fayes, that if he would but vie A little patience: he should here heare newes Of all things that his wish would understand: But no good hope for of the course in hand. This faid; the Councell rofe; when every Peere And all the people, in dispersion were To houses of their owne, the wooers yet Made to Philes house their old retreat. Telemachus, apart from all the prease, Prepar'd to shore; and (in the aged seas, His faire hands washt) did thus to Pallas pray: 7 Heare me (O Goddeffe) that but yesterday Didft daigne accelle to me at home; and lay Graue charge on me, to take ship, and enquire Along the darke feas for mine abfent Sire: Which all the Greekes oppole; amongst whom, most Those that are proud still at anothers cost, Past measure, and the civill rights of men. (My mothers wooers) my repulle maintaine. Thus spake he praying when close to him came

Liecritus to Mentur.

prayes to Pallas

Of voice and person; and aduisde him thus:

Pallas, refembling Menter, both in frame

Mineral in the person of Mentor exhorts to the voyage.

Those wooers well might know; Telemachus! Thou wilt not euer weake and childish be: If to thee be inftilld the facultie Of mind and bodie, that thy Father grac't. And if (like him) there be in thee enchac't Vertue to give words works, and works their end; This voyage, that to them thou didft commend Shall not fo quickly, as they idly weene, Be vaine, or given vp, for their opposite spleene. Put if Vlyffes, nor Penelope Were thy true parents; I then hope in thee Of no more viging thy attempt in hand-For few that rightly bred on both fides fland, Are like their parents; many that are worfe; And most few, better. Those then that the nurse, Or mother call true borne; yet are not for Like worthy Sires, much leffe are like to grow. But thou shewst now, that in thee fades not quite Thy Fathers wifedome; and that future light Shall therefore shew thee farre from being vnwife. Or toucht with staine of bastard cowardize. Hope therefore fayes, that thou wilt to the end Pursue the braue act, thou didst erst intend. But for the foolish wooers, they bewray They neither counsell have, nor foule; fince they Are neither wife nor just; and so must needs Rest ignorant, how blacke aboue their heads Fare houers, holding Death; that one fole day Will make enough to make them all away. For thee; the way thou wishest, shall no more Flie thee a step; I that have bene before Thy Fathers friend; thine likewise now will be: Prouide thy ship my selfe, and follow thee. Go thou then home, and footh each woocrs vaine: But vnder hand, fit all things for the Maine; Wine, in as ftrong and sweete casks as you can: And meale, the very marrow of a man: Which put in good fure lether facks; and fee That with sweete foode, sweete vessels still agree. I, from the people, straite will presse for you Free voluntaries, and (for thips) enow Sea-circl'd Ithaca containes, both new And old built; all which, He exactly view, And chuse what one soener most doth please. Which riggd, wee'l strait lanch, and affay the seas.

This spake *Joues* daughter, *Pallas*; whose voice heard; No more *Telemachus* her charge deferd;

But hafted home; and, fad at heart, did fee

Amidfthis Hall, th'infulting woors flea
Goates, and roft fwine. Mongft whom, Antinum
Careleffe, (difcouering in Telemachus
His grudge to fee them) laught; met; tooke his hand,
And faid, High fpoken! with the mind so mannd;
Come, do as we do sput not vp. your spitiis
With these low trifles; nor our louing merits,
In gall of any hatefull purpose, sleepe;
But eare egregiously, and drinke as deepe.
The things thou thinkst on, all, at full shall be
By th' Achines thought on, and perform to thee:
Ship, and choise Oares, that in a trice will land
Thy hastic Fleete, on heau'nly Pylos fand;
And at the same of thy illustrous Sire.

He answerd: Men whom Pride doth so inspire, Are no fit conforts for an humble gueft. Nor are constraind men, merrie at their feast. Is't not enough, that all this time ye have Op't in your entrailes, my chiefe goods a graue? And while I was a child, made me partake: My now more growth, more grown my mind doth make: And (hearing speake, more judging men then you) Perceive how much I was mileouernd now. I now will trie, if I can bring ye home An ill Fate to confort you; if it come From Pylos, or amongst the people, here. But thither I resolue; and know that there I shall not touch in vaine. Nor will I stav. Though in a merchants thip I flere my way: Which shewes in your fights best; fince me ye know Incapable of thip, or men to row.

This faid; his hand he coily fnatcht away
From forth Antinous hand. The reft; the day
Spent through the houfe with banquets; fome with iefts,
And fome with railings, dignifying their feaffs.
To whom, a left-proud youth, the wit began:

Telemaches will kill vs euery man.
From Sparta, or the very Pylian fand,
He will raife aides to his impetuous hand.
O he affects it ftrangely! Or he meanes
To fearch Ephyras fat thores; and from thence
Bring deathfull poions; which amongft our boules
Will make a generall shipwracke of our foules.

Another laid: Alas who knowes, but he Once gone, and erring like his Sire at lea, May perish like him, farre from aide of friends: And so he makes w worke; for all the ends Left of his goods here, we shall share; the house

Antinom to

Telemaelms an

The wit of the wooers voon the purpose of Telemachus to seeke bis Father. Left to his mother, and her chosen Spouse. Thus they. While he a roome ascended, hie And large, built by his Father; where did lie Gold and braffe heapt vp; and in coffers were Rich robes; great store of odorous oiles; and there Stood Tuns of sweete old wines, along the wall; Neate and druine drinke, kept to cheare withall Vly fes old heart, if he turnd againe From labors fatall to him to fuftaine. The doores of Planke were; their close exquisite. Kept with a double key; and day and night A woman lockt within; and that was the, Who all trust had for her sufficiencie. Old Euryclea, (one of Opis race, Sonne to Pifenor, and in passing grace

Telemacins to Euryciea.

With gray Minerua:)her, the Prince did call; And faid, Nurse! draw me the most sweete of all The wine thou keepft; next that, which for my Sire, Thy care referues, in hope he shall retire. Twelue veffels fill me forth, and ftop them well. Then into well-fewd facks, of fine ground meale, Powre twentie measures. Nor to any one But thou thy felfe, let this defigne be knowne. All this fee got together; I, it all In night will fetch off, when my mother shall Ascend her high roome, and for sleepe prepare. Sparta and Pylos, I must see, in care To find my Father. Out Euryclea cried,

And askt with teares: Why is your mind applied (Deare fonne) to this courfe; whither will you go: So faire off leane vs: and beloued fo: So onely and the fole hope of your race: Royall VIrles, farre from the embrace Of his kind countrie; in a land vnknowne Is dead; and you (from your lou'd countrie gone) The wooers will with fome deceit affay To your destruction; making then their prev Of all your goods. Where, in your owne y'are strong, Make fure abode. It fits not you fo yong. To fuffer fo much by the aged feas, And erre in such a waylesse wildernesse.

Be chear'd (lou'd nurse, said he) for not without forts Euryclea. The will of God, go my attempts about. Sweare therefore, not to wound my mothers eares With word of this; before from heaven appeares Th'eleuenth or twelfth light; or her selfe shall please To aske of me; or heares me put to feas; Lest her faire bodie, with her woe be wore.

Which having fwome; and of it, every due Performe to full: to vellels, wine the drew: And into well-fewd facks powr'd foodie meale. In meane time he (with cunning to conceale All thought of this from others) himselfe bore In broade house, with the wooers, as before. Then grey-eyd Pallas, other thoughts did owner And (like Telemachus) trod through the Towne; Commanding all his men, in th'euen to be Aboord his thip. Againe then question'd the Norman (fam'd for aged Phranius fonne) About his ship, who, all things to be done. Affur'd her freely should. The Sunne then fet. And fable shadowes slid through enery streets, When forth they lancht; and foone aboord did bring All Armes, and choice of every needfull thing. That fits a well-riggd ship. The Goddesse then Stood in the Ports extreame part; where, her men (Nobly appointed) thicke about her came, Whose every breast, she did with spirit enflame. Yet still fresh projects, laid the grey-eyd Dame. Strait, to the house the halted; and sweete sleepe Powr'd on each wooer, which to laid in steepe Their drowlie temples, that each brow did nod. As all were drinking; and each hand his lode (The cup) let fall. All flart vp, and to beds. Nor more would watch, when fleepe fo furfeted Their leaden ey-lids. Then did allas call Telemachus, (in bodie, voice and all Resembling Menter) from his native nest: And faid, that all his arm'd men were addrest To vie their Oares; and all expected now He should the spirit of a souldier show. Come then (faid she) no more let vs deferre Our honor'd action. Then she tooke on her A rauisht spirit, and led as she did leape: And he her most haste, tooke out, step by step. Arriu'd at fea and thip, they found athore

To this, the great oath of the Gods, the fwore;

The fouldiers, that their fashiond long haire wores To whom, the Prince faid: Come, my friends: let's bring Our voyages prouifion: euery thing Is heapt together in our Court; and none

(No not my mother, nor her maids) but one Knowes our intention. This exprest, he leds The fouldiers close together followed: And all together brought aboord their flore.

Aboord the Prince went; Pallas still before

To

The care of Minerna for Tele-

bis fouldiers.

30

Sat at the Sterne: he close to her, the men Vp,hasted after. He, and Pallas then, Put from the shore. His fouldiers then he bad See all their Armes fit; which they heard, and had.

Nauigatur.

RULL

A beechen Mast then, in the hollow base They put, and hoisted; fixt it in his place With cables; and with well-wreath'd halfers hoife Their white failes; which gray Pallas now employes With full and fore-gales, through the darke deep maine. The purple waves (lo swift cut) roar'd againe Against the ship sides, that now ranne, and plowd

The rugged feas vp. Then the men beftowd Their Armes about the ship; and sacrifice With crownd wine cups to th'endleffe Deities." They offerd up. Of all yet thron'd aboue. They most obseru'd the grey-eyd feed of Ione: Who from the evening, till the morning role, And all day long, their voyage did difpofe.

Finis libri fecundi Hom.Ody (].





THIRD BOOKE OF HOMERS ODYSSES.

THE ARGUMENT.

"Elemachus, and bear'us " wife Dames That never bufb and had, now came To Neftor; who, bu either quell Recent dat the religious feat He made to Neptune, on bu Bore. And there told what was done before The Troian turrets; and the flate Of all the Greekes, fince liious face. This booke , theje "three of growing place, Doth ferne with many a varied grace. (Which paft); Minerua takes ber leane. Whose state when Nestor dath perceines With facrifice be makes it knowne, Where many a pleasing rite is showing Which done, Telemachus had gaind A chariot of him; who ordained Pilitratus, bis forme, his maide To Sparta; and when flarie end The ample bear in began to be; All bonle-vites to affourd them free (In Pheris) Diocles did pleafe His firname Ortilochides.

Vid. Minerna Neftor . Tele-

Pallas.

Another.

Tauna. Vlyffes (onne Wub Nettor Berg To Sparta goue. Thence Pallas flies.



2 Secret He Sunne now left the great and goodly Lake, And to the firme hear'n, bright afcent did make, To thine as well youn the mortall birth, Inhabiting the plowd life giving earth, As on the euer tredders upon Death. And now to Pyles, that for garnisheth
Her selfe with buildings, old Melear towns,

The Prince and Goddeffe come, had firange fights showner For on the Marine shore, the people there To Neptane, that the Azure lockes doth weare, Beeues that were wholy blacke, gave holy flame. Nine seates of State they made to his high mame;

And

And enery Seate fet with fine hundred men; And each fine hundred, was to furnish then With nine blacke Oxen every facred Seate. Thefe, of the entrailes onely, pleafd to eate; And to the God enflam'd the fleshie thies. By this time Pallas, with the sparkling cies, And he she led, within the hauen bore:

Minerua to Te- Strooke faile, cast anchor, and trod both the shore. She first: he after. Then said Pallas: Now No more befits thee the least bashfull brows Tembolden which, this act is put on thee To feeke thy Father, both at shore, and sea: And learne in what Clime, he abides to close: Or in the powre of what Fate doth repose.

Come then; go right to Nestor; let vs fee. If in his bosome any counsell be. That may informe vs. Pray him not to trace The common courtship, and to speake in grace Of the Demander, but to tell the truth: Which will delight him; and commend thy youth For fuch preuention; for he loues no lies; Nor will report them, being truly wife.

Telemachus to

He answerd: Menter! how alas shall I Present my selfer how greete his granities My youth by no meanes that ripe forme affords, That can digelt my minds instinct, in words Wife, and befeeming th'eares of one folgee. Youth of most hope, blush to vie words with Age. She faid: Thy mind will fome conceit impreffe. And something God will prompt thy towardnesse. For I suppose, thy birth and breeding too. Were not in spite of what the Gods could do. This faid, the fwiftly went before, and he Her steps made guides, and followd instantly. When foone they reacht the Pylian throngs and feates, Where Neftor with his fonnes fate; and the meates That for the feaft feru'd; round about them were Adherents dreffing all their facred cheare. Being rost and boyld meates. When the Pylians faw These strangers come in thrust did all men draw

They are recei. About their entrie. Tooke their hands, and praid ued as guests. They both would fit. Their entrie first assaid By Nesters fonne, Pifistratus. In grace Of whose repaire, he gaue them honor d place Betwixt his Sire, and brother Thrasimed. Who fate at feast, on fost Fels that were spred Along the fea fands. Keru'd, and reacht to them Parts of the inwards; and did make a streame

Of spritely wine, into a golden boules Which to Minerua, with a gentle foule He gaue, and thus fpake: Ere you eate, faire gueft, Inuoke the Seas King, of whole facred feaft. Your travell hither, makes ve partners now: When (facrificing, as becomes) befrow This boule of fweete wine on your friend, that he May likewife vse these rites of pietie: For l'suppose, his youth doth prayers vse, Since all men need the Gods. But you I chafe First in this cups disposure; since his yeares Seeme short of yours, who more like me appeares. Thus gaue he her the cup of pleasant wine; And fince a wife and fuft man did defigne The golden boule first to her free receits Euen to the Goddesse it did adde delight. Who thus innokt: Heare then whole wall embrace Minernas grace. Enflheres the whole earth; nor difdaine thy grace To us that aske it in performing this: To Nefter first, and thefe faire formes of bis. Vouch (afe all honor: and next them, beftom On all these Pylians, that bane offerd now I bis most renowmed Hecatemb to thee Remuneration fit for them, and free: And lastly daigne Telemachus, and me, (The worke performed, for whole effect we came) Our fafe returne, both with our fhip and fame. Thus praid the; and her felfe, her felfe obaid; In th'end performing all for which the praid. And now to pray, and do as she had done; She gaue the faire round boule t'Vly fes sonne. The meate then dreft, and drawne, and feru'd teach gueft: They celebrated a most sumptuous feast. When (appetite to wine and food allaid) Horse-taming Nestor then began, and said: Now lifes defire is feru'd, as farre as fare. Time fits me to enquire, what guelts thele are. Faire guelts, what are ye and for what Coast tries Your thin the moift deepes: For fit merchandize. Or rudely coast ye, like our men of prize: The rough seas tempting; desperatly erring The ill of others, in their good conferring? The wife Prince, now his boldneffe did begin. For Pallas felfe had hardned him within: By this device of travell to explore His ablent Father; which two Girlonds wore;

His good, by manage of his foirits; and then

To gaine him high grace, in th'accounts of men.

Telemachus an

O Neftor! Still in whom Neleus lines! And all the glorie of the Greeks furniues; You aske, from whence we are; and I relate: From Ithaca (whose seate is situate Where Neius the renowmed Mountaine reares His haughtie forehead; and the honor beares To be our Sea-marke) we assaid the waves: The bufinefie I must tell; our owne good craves. And not the publicke. I am come t'enquire, If in the fame that belt men doth inspire, Of my most-suffering Father, I may heare Some truth of his estate now; who did beare The name (being joynd in fight with you alone) To even with earth the height of thon. Of all men elfe, that any name did beare. And fought for Troy, the feuerall ends we heare. But his death, love keepes from the world voknowne; The certaine fame thereof, being told by none. If on the Continent, by enemies flaine: Or with the waves eat, of the ravenous Maine. For his loue tis, that to your knees I fue: That you would please, out of your owne cleare view, T'assure his sad end; or say, if your eare Hath heard of the vnhappie wanderer. To too much forrow, whom his mother bore. You then, by all your bounties I implore, (If euer to you, deed or word hath flood, By my good Father promift, rendered good Amongst the Trojans; where ye both haue tried The Grecian (ufferance) that, in nought applied To my respect or pitie, you will glose, But vnclothd Truth to my defires difclofe.

Nessor to Telemacines.

Patralus.

O my much lou'd, (faid he) fince you renew Remembrance of the miferies that grew Vpon our still-in-strength-opposing Greece, Amongst Troys people; I must touch a peece Of all our woes there; either in the men Achilles brought by fea, and led to gaine About the Country or in vs that fought About the Citie, where to death were brought All our chiefe men, as many as were there. There Mars-like Aiax lies; Achilles there: There the-in-counsell-like-the-Gods; his *friends There my deare fonne Antilochus tooke end: Palt measure swift of foote, and staid in fight. A number more, that ils felt infinite: Of which to reckon all, what mortall man (If fine or fixe yeares you should stay here) can

Scrue fuch enquirie: You would backe againe, Affected with vnfufferable paine, Before you heard it. Nine yeares fieed we them. With all the depth and fleight of fleatagem That could be thought. Ill knit to ill, past end: Yet still they toild vs:nor would yet some fend Reft to our labors: nor will fcarcely yet. But no man liu'd, that would in publicke fet His wiledome, by Vhilles policie, (As thought his equall) to exceffinely He stood superiour all wayes. If you be His sonne indeed; mine eyes euen rauish me To admiration. And in all confene. Your speech puts on his speeches ornament. Nor would one fay, that one fo yong could vie (Valeffe his fonne) a Rhetorique fo profule. And while we liu'd together: he and I Neuer in speech maintaind diversities Nor fet in counfell: but (by one foule led) With spirit and prudent counsell furnished The Greeks at all houres: that with fairest course. What best became them, they might put in force. But when Troys high Towies, we had leveld thus: · We put to sea; and God divided vs. And then did Ioue our fad retreat deviles For all the Greeks were neither inft nor wife: And therefore many felt to sharpe a fate: Sent from Mineruas most pernicious hate; Whose mightie Father can do fearfull things. By whose helpe sne, betwixt the brother Kings Let fall Contention: who in councell met In vaine, and timeleffe; when the Sunne was fet; And all the Greeks calld; that came charged with wine. Yet then the Kings would vetter their deligne: And why they fummond. Menelaus, he Put all in mind of home: and cried. To fea. But Agamemnon flood on contraries: Whose will was, they should stay and sacrifise Whole Hecatombs to Pallas: to forgo Her high wrath to them. Foole, that did not know She would not so be wonne: for not with ease Th'eternall Gods are turnd from what they pleafe. So they (divided) on foule language stood. The Greekes, in huge rout role: their wine-heate bloud. Two wayes affecting. And that nights fleepe too. We turnd to studying either others wo. When love befides, made readie woes enow. Morne came, we lancht; and in our ships did stow

De Gracorum diffidio. Difcors nauiga- Our goods, and faire-girt women. Halfe our men

The peoples guide (Atrides) did containe; And halfe (being now aboord) put forth to fea. A most free gale gaue all ships prosperous way. God fettld then the huge whale-bearing lake: And Tenedos we reacht, where, for times fake, We did divine rites to the Gods:but Ione (Inexorable still) bore yet no loue To our returne; but did againe excite A fecond fad Contention, that turnd quite A great part of vs backe to fea againe; Which were th'abundant in all counsels men, (Your matchlesse Father) who, (to gratiste The great Airides) backe to him did flie. But I fled all, with all that followd me; Because I knew, God studied miserie. To hurle amongst vs. With me likewise fled Martiall Tidides. I, the men he led, Gat to go with him. Winds our fleete did bring To Lesbos, where the yellow-headed King (Though late, yet) found vs: as we put to choise A tedious voyage; if we faile should hoise Aboue rough Chius (left on our left hand) To th'Ile of Pliria: or that rugged land Saile vnder, and for windie Mimas Stere. We askt of God, that some oftent might cleare Our cloudie bufineffe: who gaue vs figne, And charge, that all should (in a middle line) The fea cut, for Eubæa; that with speed, Our long fustaind infortune might be freed. Then did a whistling wind begin to rife, And swiftly flew we through the fishie skies, Till to Geraftus we in night were brought; Where (through the broad fea, fince we fafe had wrought)

Of flaughterd buls, we burnd for facrifile. The fourth day came, when Tydem sonne did greete The hauen of Argos, with his complete Fleete. But I, for Pylos strait ster'd on my course, Nor ever left the wind his fore right force, Since God fore-fent it first. And thus I came (Deare fonne) to Pylos, vninformd by fame; Nor know one fau'd by Fate or ouercome. Whom I have heard of fince (fet here at home) As fits, thou shalt be taught, nought left vnshowne.

At Nepsunes altars, many folid thies

The expert speare-men; euery Myrmidon, (Led by the braue heire of the mightie fould Vnpeerd Achilles) fafe of home got hold.

Safe Philoctetes, Pages famous feed: And fafe Idomeneus; his men led To his home, (Crete;) who fled the armed fields Of whom, yet none, the sea from him withheld. Atrides (you have both heard, though ye be His farre off dwellers) what an end had he, Done by Reifthm, to a bitter death; Who milerably paid for forced breath, Atrides leaning a good fonne, that dide In bloud of that deceitfull particide His wreakfull fword. And thou my friend (as he) For this hath his fame) the like spirit in thee Assume at all parts. Faire, and great I see Thou art, in all hope; make it good to th'end;

That after-times, as much may thee commend. He answerd: O thou greatest grace of Green; Orefles made that wreake, his mafter peece: And him the Greeks will give, a mafter praise. Verse finding him, to last all after daies. And would to God, the Gods would fanour me With his performance, that my inimie, Done by my mothers wooers, (being fo foule) I might revenge vpon their every foule. Who (preffing me with contumdies) dare Such things as past the powre of viterance are. But heavens great Powres, have grac't my definie With no fuch honor. Both my Sire and L. Are borne to fuffer euerlastiagly.

Because you name those wooers (Friend, said he) Report fayes, many fuch, in spite of thee, (Wooing thy mother) in thy house commit The ils thou nam'ft. But fay; proceedeth it From will in thee, to beare fo foule a foile; Or from thy fubicals hate, that with thy spoile: And will not aide thee, fince their fpirits relie (Against thy rule) on some grave Augurie? What know they, but at length thy Father may Comes and with violence, their violence pay: Or he alone; or all the Greeks with him? But if Minerus now did so esteeme Thee, as thy Father, in times past; whom, past All measure, she, with glorious fauous grac't Amongst the Troises, where we suffered for (O!I did neuer fee, in fuch cleare thow, The Gods fo grace a man, as the to him, To all our eyes, appeard in all her trim) If io, I iay, the would be pleafed to loue, And that her minds care, thou fo much couldft mone,

Neffor Telema

Ægifthm

Telemachus,

As did thy Father, euery man of these,
Would lose in death their seeking mariages.
O Father, (answerd he) you make amaze
Seise me throughout. Beyond the height of phrase
You raise expressions but twill neuer be,
That I shall moue, in any Deitie,
So blest an honour. Not by any meanes,
If Hope should prompt me, or blind Considence,
(The God of Fooles), or euery Deitie
Should will it, for, its past my destinie.

Minerua

The burning-eyd Dame anfwerd: What a speech Hath past the reeth-guard, Nature gaue to reach Fit question of thy words before they sie:

Godeasily can (when to a mortall eie Hee's sturthest off) a mortall faitssie:

And does, the more still. For thy car'd for Sire;

I rather wish, that I might home retire,

After my sufferance of a world of woes;

Fare off; and then my gladeyes might disclose
The day of my returne; then strait retire,
And perish standing by my houshold fire.
As Agamemen did; that lost his life,
By false Agistom, and his falser wife.
For Death to come at length, tis due to all,

For Death to come at length, tis due to all, Nor can the Gods themselves, when Fare shall call Their most lou'd man, extend his vitall breath Beyond the fixt bounds of abhorred Death,

Telemachus.

Menter! (laid he) let's dwell no more on this. Although in vs, the forrow pious is. No fuch returne, as we wish, Fates bequeath My erring Father; whom a prefent death, The deathlesse have decreed. He now vie speech That tends to other purpole; and befeech Instruction of grave Neftor; fince he flowes Past shore, in all experience; and knowes The fleights and wisedomes; to whose heights aspire Others, as well as my commended Sire, Whom Fame reports to have commanded three Ages of men: and doth in fight to me Shew like th'Immortals. Nefter! the renowne Of old Neleius; make the cleare truth knowne. How the most great in Empire, Atrem Sonne. Sustaind the act of his destruction. Where then was Menelaus? how was it. That falle Ægifthus, being fo farre vnfit A match for him, could his death fo enforce? Was he not then in Argos? or his course With men fo left, to let a coward breathe

Spirit enough, to dare his brothers death? Ile tell thee truth in all (faire sonne) faid he: Right well was this event concein'd by thec. If Menelaus in his brothers house. Had found the idle liver with his fpoule. (Arriv'd from Trey) he had not lin'd; nor dead Had the diggd heape powrd on his luftfull head: But fowles and dogs had torne him in the fields, Farre off of Arges. Not a Dame it yeelds, Had given him any teare; fo foule his fact Shewd euen to women. Vs Trojs warres had rackt To every finewes fufferance; while * he In Areas vplands liu'd; from those workes free. And Agamemnons wife, with force of word Flatterd and foftn'd; who, at first abhord A fact fo infamous. The heavinly Dame. A good mind had; but was in blood too blame. There was a *Poet, to whole care, the King His Queene committed; and in every thing (When he for Trey went) charg'd him to apply Himselfe in all guard to her dignitie. But when strong Fate, so wrapt-in her affects, That the refolu d to leave her fit respects: Into a defart Ile, her Guardian led, (There left) the rapine of the Vultures fed. Then brought he willing home his wills wonne prize: On facred Altars offerd many Thies: Hung in the Gods Phanes many ornaments; Garments and gold; that he the valt events Of fuch a labor, to his with had brought, As neither fell into his hope, nor thought. At last, from Troy faild Spartasking and I, Both holding her vntoucht. And (that his eie Might fee no worfe of her) when both were blowne To facred Sunius (of Minerus towne The goodly Promontorie) with his shafes seuere Augur Apollo flue him that did ftere Atrides thip, as he tive flerne did guide. And the the full speed of her faile applide. He was a man, that nations of men Exceld in fafe guide of a veffell, when A tempest rusht in on the ruffld seas: His name was Phrontis Onetorides. And thus was Menelaus held from home, Whose way he thirsted so to ouercome; To give his friend the earth, being his purfuite, And all his exequies to execute. But failing still the *wind-hewd seas, to reach E 2

onoga metu: e ool cuius facie vindreprelenta

Pallas Neftori.

Some shore for fit performance, he did fetch The steepe Mount of the Malians: and there With open voice offended Impiter, Proclaimd the voyage, his repugnant mind, And powr'd the puffes out of a shreeking wind, That nourish to billowes, heightned like to hils. And with the Fleets division, fulfils His hate proclaimd: vpon a part of Creete Casting the Nauie; where the sea-waves meete Rough Iardanus; and where the Cydons live. There is a Rocke, on which the Sea doth drives Bare, and all brokens on the confines fer Of Gortys; that the darke feas likewife fret: And hither fent the South, a horrid drift Of waves against the top, that was the left Of that torne cliffe; as farre as Phestus Strand. A litle stone, the great seas rage did stand. The men here driven, scapt hard the ships fore shocks: The ships themselves being wrackt against the rocks;

Saue onely five, that blue fore-castles bore. Which wind and water cast on Azypis shore. When he (there victling well, and ftore of gold Aboord his (hips brought) his wilde way did hold. And t'other languag'd men, was forc't to rome. Meane space Ægisthus made sad worke at home; And flue his brother; forcing to his fway,

Agamemnonis

But in the eight, (to his affrighting fate) Orefles patrem Divine Orefles home from Athens came; And what his royall Father felt, the same He made the false Ægistbus grone beneath: Death enermore is the reward of Death.

Atrides Inbiects; and did feuen yeares lay

His voke vpon the rich Mycenean State.

Thus having flaine him; a fepulchrall feaft He made the Argines, for his luftfull gueft, And for his mother, whom he did deteft. The felfe-fame day, vpon him ftole the King, (Good at a martiall shout) and goods did bring, As many as his freighted Fleete could beare. But thou (my fonne) too long, by no meanes erre, Thy goods left free for many a spoilfull guest, Left they confume some, and divide the reft; And thou (perhaps besides) thy voyage lose. To Menelans yet thy course dispose. I wish and charge thee, who but late arriv'd, From such a shore, and men; as to have liu'd In a returne from them; he neuer thought; And whom, blacke whirlwinds violently brought

Within a fea fo vast, that in a yeare Not any fowle could paffe it any where. So huge and horrid was it. But go thou With thip and men (or if thou pleafest now To passe by land, there shall be brought for thee Both horse and chariot; and thy guides shall be My fonnes themselves) to Sparta, the divine, And to the King, whose locks like Amber shine. Intreate the truth of him; nor loues he lies: Wisedome in truth is; and hee's passing wife. This faid, the Sunne went downe, and vp rofe Night, When Pallas fpake; O Father, all good right Beare thy directions. But dinide we now The facrifiles tongues; mixe wine; and yow To Neptune, and the other ever bleft. That having facrifild, we may to reft. The fit houre runnes now, light dives out of date, At facred feafts, we must not fit too late. She faid: They heard; the Herald water gaue; The youths crownd cups with wine; and let all haue Their equall thares; beginning from the cup, Their parting banquet. All the Tongues cut vp; The fire they gaue them; facrifilde, and role; Wine, and divine rites, vide to each disposes Minerua and Telemachus definde They might to ship be, with his leave, retirde. He (mon'd with that) prouokt thus their abodes: Now love forbid, and all the long-liu'd Gods, Your leaving me, to fleepe aboord a ship: As I had drunke of poore Penias whip, Euen to my nakednesse; and had nor sheete. Nor couering in my house; that warme nor sweete A guest, nor I my selfe, had meanes to sleepe: Where I, both weeds and wealthy concrings keepe For all my guests: nor shall Fame euer say, The deare fonne of the man Vlyffes, lay All night a ship boord here; while my dayes shine; Or in my Court, whiles any sonne of mine Enioyes furuiuall: who shall guests receive, Whom euer, my house hath a nooke to leaue. My much lou'd Father, (faid Mineral) well All this becomes thee. But perswade to dwell This night with thee thy fonne Telemachus: For more convenient is the course for vs. That he may follow to thy house, and rest. And I may boord our blacke faile; that addrest At all parts I may make our men; and cheare All with my prefences fince of all men there

Within

E 3

I boaft my felfe the fenior; th'others are
Youths, that attend in free and friendly care,
Great-fould Telemachus; and are his peeres,
In fresh similitude of forme and yeeres.
For their confirmance, I will therefore now
Sleepe in our blacke Barke. But when Light shall shew
Her sluer forehead; I intend my way,
Amongst the Caucons; men that are to pay
A debt to me, nor small, nor new. For this,
Take you him home; whom in the morne dismisse,
With chariot and your sonnes; and gine him horse
Ablest in strength, and of the speediest course.

This faid; away she flew; formd like the fowle

Disparet Mi-

Nestor Telemacho.

Men call the Osifrage, when every foule Amaze inuaded: even th'old man admir'd; The youths hand tooke, and faid: O most defir'd: My hope fayes, thy proofe will no coward show, Nor one viskild in warre; when Deities now So yong attend thee, and become thy guides: Nor any of the heaven-housde States besides; But Tritogenias felfe; the feed of lone: The great in prey; that did in honor moue So much about thy Father; amongst all The Grecian armie. Fairest Queene, let fall On me like fauours: giue me good renowne: Which, as on me; on my lou'd wife, let downe. And all my children. I will burne to thee An Oxe right bred, brode headed, and yoke-free, To no mans hand yet humbled. Him will I

(His hornes in gold hid) give thy Deitie.

His fonnes, and all his heapes of kindered; Who entring his Court royall; euery one He marshald in his seuerall seate and throne. And every one, so kindly come, he gave His fweet-wine cup, which none was let to have Before this leuenth yeare, landed him from Tree: Which now the Butlereffe had leave t'employ. Who therefore pierst it, and did give it vent. Of this, the old Duke did a cup present To every guest: made his maid many a praire That weares the Shield fring'd with his nurses haire. And gave her facrifile. With this rich wine And food suffisde, Sleepe, all eyes did decline. And all for home went: but his Court alone, Telemachus, diuine Vlyffes fonne, Must make his lodging, or not please his heart. A bed, all chequerd with elaborate Art.

Thus praid he; and the heard; and home he led

He brought his guest to; and his bedsere was Pilifratus, the martiall guide of men, That lin'd of all his fonnes, vnwed till then. Himfelfe lav in a by-roome, farre aboue, His bed made by his barren wife, his loue. The rolie-fingerd morne, no fooner thone, But vp he rose, tooke aire, and sat vpon A feate of white, and goodly polisht stone, That fuch a gloffe as richeft ointments wore Before his high gates; where the Counfellor That matcht the Gods (his Father) vide to fit: Who now (by Fate forc't) floopt as low as it. And here fate Neftor, holding in his hand A Scepter, and about him round did fland (As early vp) his fonnes troope; Perfess, The God-like Thrasimed, and Aretus, Echephron, Stratius, the fixt and last Pififratus: and by him (halfe embrac't Still as they came) divine Telemachurs To these spake Nefter, old Gerenius: Hafte (loued fonnes) and do me a defire. That (first of all the Gods) I may aspire To Pallas fauour; who vouchfaft to me. At Neptunes feast, her fight so openly. Let one to field go; and an Oxe with speed Cause hither brought; which, let the Heardsman leade; Another to my deare guests yessell go. And all his fouldiers bring, faue onely two. A third, the Smith that works in gold command (Laertius) to attend; and lend his hand, To plate the both hornes round about with gold-The rest remaine here close. But first see told The maids within, that they prepare a feaft; Set feates through all the Court: fee strait address The purest water; and get fuell feld. This faid; not one, but in the feruice held Officious hand. The Oxe came led from field: \ The Souldiers troopt from thip; the Smith he came, And those tooles brought, that seru'd the actuall frame. His Art conceiu'd; brought Anvile, hammers brought, Faire tongs, and all, with which the gold was wrought. Minerae likewise came, to set the Crowne On that kind factifice, and mak't her owne. Then th'old Knight Nefter gaue the Smith the gold, With which he strait did both the homes infold-And trimm'd the Offering fo, the Goddeffe lovd.

About which, thus were Nefters fonnes employd:

Within a Portico, that rung like braffe,

Neltoris filij patris iuliu Miner uz facrum apparant,

The forme of the Sacrifice. Dinine Echephron, and faire Stration,
Held both the hornes: the water odorous,
In which they washt, what to the rites was vowd,
Aretus (in a caldron, all bestrowd
With herbes and stownes) seruid in from th'holy roome
Where all were drest; and whence the rites must come.
And after him, a hallowd virgin came,
That brought the barley cake, and blew the stame.
The axe, with which the Oxe should both be feld
And cut forth, Thrasimed stood by, and held.
Perseus the vessellheld, that should retaine
The purple licour of the offering staine.

Then washt, the pious Father: then the Cake (Of barley, falt, and oile made) tooke, and brake. Askt many a boone of Pallas; and the state Of all the offering, did initiate. In three parts cutting off the haire, and cast Amidft the flame. All th'inuocation paft. And all the Cake broke; manly Thrasimed Stood neare, and fure; and fuch a blow he laid Aloft the offring; that to earth he funke. His neck-nerues funderd, and his spirits shrunke. Out shrickt the daughters, daughter in lawes and wife Of three-ag'd Neftor, (who had eldeft life Of Clymens daughters) chaft Eurydice. The Oxe on broad earth, then layd laterally, They held, while Duke Pififtratus, the throte Diffolu'd and fet, the fable blood afflore: And then the life the bones left. Inflantly They cut him vp; apart flew either Thie: That with the fat they dubd, with art alone; The throte-briske, and the sweet-bread pricking on. Then Neftor broild them on the cole-turnd wood, Powr'd blacke wine on; and by him yong men flood. That spits fine-pointed held, on which (when burnd The folid Thies were) they transfixt, and turnd The inwards, cut in cantles: which (the meate Vowd to the Gods, confum'd) they rost and cate. In meane space, Polycaste (calld the faire,

In meane space, Polyacite (calld the faire,
Nesters youngst daughter) bath'd Vlysses heire;
Whom, having cleansd, and with rich balmes bespred;
She cast a white shirt quickly o're his head,
And then his weeds put on; when, forth he went,
And did the person of a God present,
Came, and by Nester tooke his honourd seate,
This pastor of the people. Then, the meate
Of all the spare parts rosted; off they drew,
Sate, and fell to. But soone the temperate sew.

Rofe, and in golden bolles, filld others wine. Till, when the reft felt thirft of feaft decline: Nefter his fonnes bad, fetch his high-man'd hotfe. And them in chariot ioyne, to runne the courle The Prince refolu'd. Obaid, as foone as heard Was Nefter by his fonnes, who strait prepar'd Both horse and chariot. She that kept the store. Both bread and wine, and all fuch viands more, As should the feast of love-fed Kings compole: Pournaid the voyage. To the rich Coach, role VIsiles fonne: and close to him ascended The Duke Pififratus; the reines intended, And scourg'd, to force to field, who freely flew. And left the Towne, that farre her folendor threw. Both holding yoke, and shooke it all the day; But now the Sunne fet, darkning every way, When they to Pheris came, and in the house Of Discles (the fonne t'Ortilochus, Whom flood Alphem got) flept all that night: Who gaue them each due hospitable rite. But when the rofie-fingerd morne arofe, They went to Coach, and did their horse inclose, Draue forth the fore-court, and the porch that yeelds Each breath a found; and to the fruitfull fields Rode fcourging still their willing flying Steeds: Who strenuously performed their wonted speeds. Their journey ending just when Sunne went downe; And shadowes all waves through the earth were throwne.

Telemachus proficileatur ad Menelaum.

Finis libri tertij Hom.Ody (.

Menelaus.



THE FOVRTH BOOKE OF HOMERS ODYSSES.

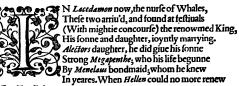
THE ARGUMENT.

Ecein'd now, in the Spartan Court R Telemachus, preferres report To Menelaus, of the throng Of wooers with him, and their wrong. Attides tels the Greekes retreate. And doth a Prophecie repeate, That Proteus made; by which he knew His brothers death: and then doth then How with Calypio list d the fire Of his youg quest. The woo'rs confore Their Princes death: whose trechery knowne, Penclope in teares doth drowne. Whom Pallas by a dreame doth cheare, And in similitude appeare Of faire Iphthima, knowne to be The fifter of Penelope.

Another.

Δελτα. Here, of the Sire
The Sonne doth heare:
The woo'rs conspire;
The mothers feare.

Aansfuttona narawar which is expounded Spat tam amplamor totalism magnam:where natfignifies properly plutima cete nattientem,



In iffue like diuine Hermione;
Who held in all faire forme, as high degree
As golden Venus. Her he married now
To great Achilles fonne; who was by vow
Bettothd to her at Troj. And thus the Gods
To conftant loues, giue nuptiall periods.
Whole flate here paft, the Myrmidom rich towne
(Of which she shar'd in the Imperiall Crowne)
With horse and chariots he resign'd her to.
Meane space, the high huge house, with seast did slow

Of friends and neighbours, joying with the King. Amongst whom, did a heavenly Poet sing, And touch his Harpe. Amongst whom likewise danc't Two-who in that dumbe motion aduanc't, Would prompt *the Singer, what to fing and play. All this time, in the vtter Court did ftay. With horfe and chariot, Telemachus, And Neftors noble fonne, Pilifiratus. Whom Etessess coming forth descried, And being a fernant to the King, most tried In care, and his respect; he ranne and cried: Guefts! Ione-kept Menelow! two fuch men, As are for forme of high Saturnian Straine. Informe your pleasure, if we shall vnclose Their horse from coach; or say, they must dispose Their way to some such house, as may embrace Their knowne arrivall, with more welcome grace? He (angry) answerd, Thou didft neuer show Thy felfe a foole (Bestides) till now; But now (as if turnd child) a childish speech Vents thy vaine spirits. We our selues now reach Our home, by much spent hospitalitie

Vens thy vaine fpitts. We out felues now reach
Our home, by much fpent hofpitaline
Of other men; nor know, if Now will trie,
With other after wants, our flate againe:
And therefore, from our feaft, no more detaine
Those welcome guests; but take their Steeds from Coach,
And with attendance guide in their approach.

This faid, he rusht abroad, and calld some more Tried in such service; that together bore Vp to the guests: and tooke their Steeds that swet Beneath their yokes, from Coach. At mangers fet, Wheate and white barley gaue them mixts and plac't Their Chariot by a wall so cleare, it cast A light quite thorough it. And then they led. Their guests to the divine house, which so fed. Their eyes at all parts with illustrous fights. That Admiration feild them. Like the lights The Sunne and Moone gaue; all the Pallace threw A luster through it. Satiate with whose view. Downe to the Kings most bright-kept Baths, they went: Where handmaids did their feruices prefent: Bath'd, balmd them; fhirts, and well-napt weeds put on. And by Atrides fide, fet each his throne. Then did the handmaid royall, water bring, Andro a Lauer, rich and glittering, Of massie gold, powr'd: which she plac't vpon A filuer Caldron; into which, might runne The water as they washt. Then let she neare

cantum dispance
Cantum sulpicantes: of which
place, the Critike
offirmesthes faltatores motu
fuo indicant
cantori, quo
genere cantus
ialetauri forent.
The rapture of
Eteoneus at fight
of Telemachus
and Piffrassus,

Menelaus rebules his fernäs for his doubs to entertaine guefi worthy.

A polisht table; on which, all the cheare The prefent could affoord; a reuerend Dame That kept the Larder, fet. A Cooke then came, And divers dishes, borne thence, seru'd againe; Furnisht the boord with bolles of gold; and then (His right hand given the guests) Atrides said. Eate, and be chearfull; appetite allaid, I long to aske, of what stocke ye descend: For not from parents, whose race namelesse end. We must derive your offpring. Men obscure, Could get none fuch as you. The pourtraiture Of Ione fultaind, and Scepter-bearing Kings, Your either person, in his presence brings. An Oxes fat chine, then they vp did lift, And fet before the guests; which was a gift, Sent as an honor, to the Kings owne taft. They saw yet, twas but to be eaten plac't, And fell to it. But food and wines care past, Telemachus thus prompted Nefters fonne:

(His eare close laying, to be heard of none) Confider (thou whom most my mind esteemes) The braffe-worke here, how rich it is in beames; And how befides, it makes the whole house sound: hartily admired What gold, and amber, filter, ivorie, round Is wrought about it. Out of doubt, the Hall he knew heard, Of Impiter Olympius, hath of all though he found. This state, the like. How many infinites, defirms he shold. Take up to admiration all mens school. Of Impiter Olympius, hath of all Take vp to admiration, all mens fights?

Atrides ouer-heard; and faid; Lou'd fonne, Menelaus relates No mortall must affect contention bu travels to his With Jone, whose dwellings are of endlesse date.

Perhaps (of men) fome one may emulate, (Or none) my house, or me. For I am one, That many a graue extreme have vndergone. Much error felt by fea; and till th'eight yeare, Had neuer stay; but wanderd farre and neare,

Cyprus, Phanicia, and Sydenia; And fetcht the farre off Ashiopia: Reacht the Erembi of Arabia;

And Lybia, where, with homes, Ewes yeare their Lambs: Where enery full yeare, Ewes are three times dams. Where neither King, nor thepheard; want comes neare

Of cheefe, or flesh, or sweete milke. All the yeare They ever milke their Ewes. And here while I Errd, gathering meanes to live: one, murtheroufly,

Vnwares, vnscene, bereft my brothers life: Chiefly betraid by his abhorred wife.

So, hold I, (not enjoying) what you fee.

And of your Fathers (if they living be) You must have heard this: fince unusualinings were So great and famous. From this Pallace bear; of the (So rarely-well-built, furnished fawell, well on to any And fubflanced with fuch a precious deale and and Of well-got treasure) banisht by the doome Of Face, and erring as I had to hothe and an area of the And now I have, and vie it; not to take Th'entire delight it offers; but so make Continuall withes, that a triple part; Of all it holds, were wanting; fo my heart Were earlie of forrowes (taken for their deaths hat fell at Troy) by their regined lateaths. And thus fit I here, weeping, mounting still Fach leaft man loft; and formetimes make mine ill (In paying just teares for their losse) my jou. Sometimes I breathe my woes, for in annay, The pleasure soone admiss satisfic But all these mens wants, wet not so mine city : all. (Though much they moueme) soonafolt sunpamille, For which my fleepe and moses men lothforneis. In his renewd thought; fince no Gateke hash wonne Grace for fuch labours as *Learner forme Hash wrought and fufferd: to himfelfe nought elfe But future forrowes forging: to me hels For his long ablence; finer Lichnoot know If life or death detaine him: fince fach woe For his love, old Laerter, his wife wife, And poore youg sonne sustaines; whom new with life, He left as fireleffe. This speech gricfe to teares (Powrd from the fonnes lids on the earth) his cares (Told of the Father) did excite; who kepe His cheekes drie with his red wood as he wept: His both hands vide therein. Avide then

While this his thoughts disputed forth did shine. (Like to the golden *distaffe-deckt dinine) From her beds high and odoriferous roome. Hellen. To whom (of an elaborate loome) Adresta fet a chaire: Aleppe brought A peece of Tapeffrie, of fine wooll wrought.

Phile, a filuer Cabinet conferd: (Given by Alcandra, Nuprially andeard To Lord Polybias; whose abode in Thebes.

Began to know him; and did firite retaine. If he should let himselfe confesse Sire.

Or with all fitting circumstance enquire.

Th'Ægyptian citie was;) where wealth in beapes, His famous house held: out of which did go

ſΪ

In gift t'Atrides, filuer bath-tubs two; i and in a my y to i of Two Tripods, and of fine gold, talents ten. His wife did likewife fend to Hollen then, and the state of t Faire gifts, a Distaffe that of gold was wroughts And that rich Cabinet that Phylobrought. And that rich Cabinet that Phylobrought. Round, and with gold ribd; now of fine thred, full: On which extended (crownd with fineft wooll Lycins Land 18 Of violet glosse) the golden Distaffe lay. الإنكارية أولاك يستورثك She tooke her State-chaire; and a foot-flooles flay to the Hadfor her feeterand of her husband, these lans concerning Askt to know all things: Is it knowne to vs. Community, Englished (King Menelaus) whom thesemen commend Themselues for; that our Court, now takes to friende I must affirme, (be I deceiu'd orno) I neuer yet faw man nor withman fo Like one another, as this man is like Vlyffes fonne. With admiration strike His lookes, my thoughts; that they should carrie now Powre to perswade me thus, who did but know, When newly he washome, the forme they bore. But tis his Fathers grace, whom more and more His grace refembles, that makes me retaine Thought, that he now, is like Telemachus then-Left by his Sire, when Greesedid vadertake Troys bold warre, for my impudencies fale.

He answerd: Now wife, what you thinke, I know, The true cast of his Fathers eye, doth show In his eyes order. Both his head and haire, His hands and feete, his very fathers are. Of whom (fo well rememberd) I should now Acknowledge for me, his continual flow Of cares and perils: yet still patient. But I should too much moue him, that doth went Such bitter teares for that which hath bene fpokes Which (thunning foft thew) fee bow he would cloke; And with his purple weed, his weepings hide. Then Neftors fonne, Pififtrasus replide: Great Pastor of the people; kept of God! He is Vlyffes fonne; but his abode Not made before here; and he modelt too; He holds it an indignitie to do A deed so vaine to vie the boast of words. Where your words are on wing, whose voice affords Delight to vs, as if a God did breake The aire amongst vs. and vouchsafe to speake. But me, my father (old Duke Nefter) fent To be his confort hither; his content, Not to be heightned fo, as with your fight.

In hope that therewith words and actions might Informe his comtons from your fince he is Extremely grieu'd and iniur'd, by the misse Of his great Father; fuffering euen at home. And few friends found, to helpe him ouercome His too weake fufferance, now his Sire is gone. Amongst the people, not affoorded one To checke the miferies, that mate him thus And this the state is of Telemachan. O Gods (faid he) how certaine, now, I fee My house enjoyes that friends sonne, that for me Hath vndergone fo many willing fights: Whom I refolu'd, past all the Grecian Knights. To hold in lone: if our returne by feas, The farre-off Thunderer did ever pleafe To grant our wishes. And to his respect, A Pallace and a Citie to erect, My vow had bound me. Whither bringing then His riches, and his fonne, and all his men From barren Ithaca, (some one sole Towne Inhabited about him, batterd downe) All should in Arges live. And there would I Eafe him of rule: and take the Emperie Of all on me. And often here would we (Delighting, louing eithers companie) Meete and converte; whom nothing should divide. Till deaths blacke veile did each all ouer hide. But this perhaps had bene a meane to take Euen God himfelfe with enuie, who did make Visites therefore onely the vnbleft, That should not reach his loued countries reft.

These woes made every one with woe in loue;
Euen Argiue Helles wept, (the seed of Inne)
Vissione wept, Attent *Sonne did weepe;
And Nessione, Attent *Sonne did weepe;
And Nessione, his eyes in teares did steepe.
But his teares sell not from the present cloud,
That from Vissione was exhal'd, but flowd
From brane Antilesbus remembered due,
Whom the renowmd *Sonne of the Morning slue.
Which yethe thus excusde: O Attentionne!
Old Nessione, There liues not such a one
Amongst all mortals, as Antides is,
For deathlesse wisedome. Tis a praise of his,
Still given in your remembrance, when at home
Our speech concernes you. Since then overcome
You please to be, with forrow cuen to rearcs.

That are in wifedome fo exempt from peres; Vouchfafe the like effect in me excuse. Menelaus ioy for Telemachus, and mone for Vlyffes absence.

Menelaus.

Pififratus weeps with remebrance of his brother Antilochus, Vid. Memnon,

In

THE FOURTH BOOKE (If it be lawfull) I affect no vie Of teares thus, after meales; at least, at night: But when the morne brings forth, with teares, her light, It shall not then empaire me to bestow My teares on any worthics ouerthrow. It is the onely right, that wretched men Can do dead friends; to cut haire, and complaine. But Death my brother tooke; whom none could call The Grecian coward; you best knew of all. I was not there, nor faw, but men report, Antilochus exceld the common fort. For footmanship, or for the Chariot race: Or in the fight, for hardie hold of place.

O friend (faid he) fince thou haft spoken so, At all parts, as one wife should fay and dos And like one, farre beyond thy felfe in yeares; Thy words shall bounds be to our former teares. O he is questionlesse a right borne sonne, That of his Father hath not onely wonne The person, but the wisedome; and that Sire, (Complete himselfe) that hath a sonne entire: Ioue did not onely his full Fate adorne, When he was wedded; but when he was borne. As now Saturnius, through his lifes whole date, Hath Neftors bliffe railed to as steepe a state: Both in his age to keepe in peace his house: And to have children wife and valorous.

But let vs not forget our rere Feaft thus: Let some give water here. Telemachus! The morning shall yeeld time to you and me. To do what fits, and reason mutually. This faid; the carefull feruant of the King; (Alphalion) powr'd on, th'iffue of the Spring;

And all to readie feast, set readie hand. But Hellen now, on new device did stand. Infuling strait a medeine to their wine, That (drowning Cares and Angers) did decline All thought of ill. Who drunke her cup, could shed All that day, not a teare; no not if dead That day his father or his mother weres Not if his brother, child, or chiefest deare, He should see murtherd then before his face. Such vsefull medcines (onely borne in grace, Of what was good) would Hellen euer haue. And this Iuyce to her, Polydamma gaue The wife of Thoon, an Ægyptian borne; Whose rich earth, herbes of medicine do adorne In great abundance. Many healthfull are.

And many banefull. Every man is there A good Phyfition, out of natures grace; For all the nation forming of Passer race. When Heller then her medicine had infulde. She bad powre wine to it, and this freech vide: Atrides, and these good mens sonnes great lone Makes good and ill, one after other mone In all things earthly: for he can do all. The woes past therefore, he so late let falls The comforts he affoords vs., let vs take: Feast, and with fit discourses, merrie make. Nor will I other vic. As then our blood Grien'd for Vlyffes, fince he was fo good: Since he was good, let vs delight to beare How good he was, and what his fuffrings were. Though enery fight, and enery fuffring deed, Patient Philes underwent; exceed My womans powre to number ar to name. But what he did, and fufferd, when he came Amongst the Troians, (where ye Greciansall Tooke part with fufferance) I in part can call To your kind memories. How with ghally wounds Himselse he mangi d; and the Troian bounds (Thrust thicke with enemies) aduentured on: His royall (houlders, having cast vpon Bafe abiect weeds, and enterd like a flatte. Then (begger-like) he did of all men craucy. And such a wretch was, as the whole Greeke fleete Brought not befides. And thus through enery ftreete He crept discovering of no one man knowne. And yet through all this difference, I alone Smok's his true person. Talkt with him. But he Fled me with wiles still. Nor could we agree, Till I disclaimed him quite. And so (as mou'd With womanly remorfe, of one that prou'd So wretched an estate, what ere he were) Wonne him to take my house: And yet even there; Till freely I (to make him doubtleffe) fwore A powrefull oath, to let him reach the shore Of thips and tents, before Trey vnderftoods. I could not force on him his proper good. But then I bath'd and footh'd him, and he then Confest, and told me all. And (having flaine A number of the Troian guards) retirde, And reacht the Fleete; for flight and force adminde. Their husbands deaths by him, the Troian wives Shrickt for; but I made triumphs for their lines. For then my heart concein'd, that once againe F 3

I should reach home; and yet did still retaine Woe for the flaughters, Venus made for me: When both my husband, my Hermione, And bridall roome, the robd of to much right. And drew me from my countrie, with her fleight. Though nothing vnder heaten, I here did need, That could my Fancie, or my Beautie feed.

Menelaus to Hellen and his

Her husband faid: Wife! what you pleafe to tell. Is true at all parts, and becomes you well. And I my felfe, that now may fay, have feene The minds and manners of a world of men: And great Heroes, measuring many a ground, Haue neuer (by these eyes that light me) found One, with a bosome, so to be belou'd, As that in which, th'accomplisht spirit, mou'd Of patient Vlyffes. What (braue man) He both did act, and fuffer, when we wan The towne of lien, in the braue-built horfe. When all we chiefe States of the Grecian force, Were houlde together; bringing Death and Fate Amongst the Troians; you (wife) may relate. For you, at last, came to vs; God that would The Troians glorie give; gave charge you should Approch the engine; and Deiphobus (The god-like) followd. Thrice ye circld vs, With full furuay of it; and often tried The hollow crafts, that in it were implied. When all the voices of their wives in it

voices of those You tooke on you; with voice so like, and fits

Kings of Greece, And euery man by name, fo vifited; that were in the That I, Vlyffes, and King Diomed, and calls their (Set in the midst, and heating how you calld) Tydides, and my felfe, (as halfe appalld With your remorcefull plaints) would, paffing faine Haue broke our filence; rather then againe Endure, respectsesses, their so mouing cries. But, Ishacus, our strongest fantasies Containd within vs, from the flendreft noile, And euery man there, fat without a voice. Anticlus onely, would have answerd thee: But, his speech, Ithacus incessantly With strong hand held in; till (Mineruas call,

Telemachus to

Charging thee off) Physes fau'd vsall. Telemachus replide: Much greater is My griefe, for hearing this high praise of his. For all this doth not his fad death dinerr. Nor can, though in him fwelld an iron heart.
Prepare, and leade then (if you pleafe) to reft: Sleepe (that we heare not) will content vs beft. Then Argine Heller made her hundmaid go. And put faire bedding in the Parties; Lay purple blankers on, Ruge warme and fofe: And caft an Arras couerier aloft:

Ing ad lectum.

They torches tooke; made hafte, and made the bed, When both the guests were to their lodgings led, Within a Partico, without the houle. Atvides, and his large-traine-wearing Spoule, (The excellent of women) for the way, In a retir'd receit, together lay. The mome arole; the King role, and put on His royall weeds, his tharpe Iwordhung vpon His ample shoulders; forth his chamber went. And did the person of a God present. Telemachin accosts him; who begun Speech of his iourneys propolition.

And what (my yong Vlyffean Heror) Protokt thee on the broad backet the fea. To vifit Lacedemen the Divine: Speake truth; Some publicker or onely thine:

I come (faid he) to heare, if any fame Breath'd of my Father; to thy notice came. My house is fackt; my far workes of the field, Are all destroid: my house doth nothing yeeld But enemies; that kill my harmleffe sheepe. And finewie Oxen: nor will euer keepe Their steeles without them. And these men are they, That wooe my Mother: most inhumanely Committing injurie on injurie. To thy knees therefore I am come, t'attend Relation of the fad and wretchedend, My erring Father felt: if witnest by Your owne eyes; or the certaine newes that flie From others knowledges. For, more then is The vivall heape of humane mileries, His Mother bore him to. Vouchfafe me then (Without all ruth of what I can fuftaine) The plaine and fimple truth of all you know. Let me befeech so much. If ever yow

Vinfolding onely the vinclosed truth. He (deeply fighing) answerd him: O shame That fuch poore vaffals should affect the fame, To share the loyes of such a Worthies Bed!

Was made, and put in good effect to you

Vpon my Father good Vly fes past;

And quit it now to me (himfelfe in youth)

At Troy (where fuffrance bred you fo much finant)

As when a Hinde (her calues late farrowed.... To give fucke) enters the bold Lions den: He, rootes of hils, and herbie vallies then For food (there feeding) hunting but at length Returning to his Cauerne; gives his strength The lives of both the mother and her brood. In deaths indecent: so the wooers blood Must pay Viy/es powres, as sharpe an end. O would to lone, Apollo, and thy friend, (The wife Minerua) that thy Father were As once he was, when he his spirits did rere Against Philomelides, in a fight Performd in well-built Lesbes; where, downe-right He strooke the earth with him, and gat a shout Of all the Grecians. O, if now, full out He were as then; and with the wooers cop't, Short-liu'd they all were; and their nuptials, hop't Would proue as desperate. But for thy demand. Enforc't with prayrs: Ile let thee vnderstand The truth directly; nor decline a thought, Much leffe deceive, or footh thy fearth in ought. But what the old, and still-true-spoken God, That from the sea breathes oracles abroad, Disclosed to me; to thee Ile all impart, Nor hide one word from thy follicitous heart.

Menelai nauigatio.

I was in Ægypt; where a mightie time, The Gods detaind me: though my naturall clime. I neuer fo defir'd; because their homes I did not greete, with perfect Hecatomes. For they will put men euermore in mind, How much their masterly commandments bind.

There is (befides) a certaine lland, calld pharos, that with the high-wau'd fea is walld: Iust against Ægypt; and so much remote. As in a whole day, with a fore-gale imote, A hollow thip can faile. And this Ile beares A Port, most portly; where sea-passengers Put in still for fresh water, and away To sea againe. Yet here the Gods did stay My Fleete, full twentie dayes: the winds (that are Masters at sea) no prosprous puffe would spare, To put vs off: and all my victles here, Had quite corrupted; as my mens minds were: Had not a certaine Goddeffe given regard, And pittide me in an estate so hard: And twas Edothea, honourd Proteus feed, That old sea-farer. Her mind I made bleed With my compassion, when (walkt all alone,

From all my fouldiers, that were ever gone About the Ile on fishing, with hookes bent; Hunger, their bellies on her errand fent) She came close to mes spake, and thus began: Of all men, thou art the most foolish man, Or flacke in bufineffe; or flayft here of choice: And doest in all thy suffrances reiovce. That thus long liu'lt detaind here; and no end Canft give thy tarriance. Thou does much offend The minds of all thy fellowes. I replied: Who ever thou art of the Deified.

I must affirme abat no way with my will. I make abode here: but, it feemes, fome ill The Gods, inhabiting broad beauen, fustaine Against my getting off. Informe me then, (For Godheads all things know) what God is he That staves my passage, from the fishie sea:

Stranger (faid the) He tell thee true: there lives An old Sea-farer in these seas, that gives A true folution of all fecrets here. Who, deathleffe Protess is, th' Egyptian Peere: Who can the deepes of all the leas exquire: Who Neptunes Priest is; and (they say) the Sire That did beget me. Him, if any way Thou couldit inveagle, he would cleare display Thy course from hence, and how farre off doth lie Thy voyages whole scope through Nessunes skie. Informing thee (O Godpreferu'd) beiide (If thy defires would to be fatisfide) What ever good or ill hath got event, In all the time, thy long and hard course spent. Since thy departure from thy house. This said: Againe I answerd: Make the sleights displaid, Thy Father yeth: left his forelight fee. Or his foreknowledge taking note of me, He flies the fixt place of his vide abode: Tis hard for man to countermine with God.

She strait replide: He vtter truth in all: When heavens supremest height, the Sunne doth skalls The old Sea-tell-truth leaves the deepes and hides Amidst a blacke storme, when the West wind chides: In caues still sleeping. Round about him sleepe (With short feete swimming forth the somie deepe) The Sea-calues (louely Halofydnes calld) From whom a noifome odour is exhalld, Got from the whirle-pooles, on whose earth they lie. Here, when the morne illustrates all the skie. He guide and feate thee, in the fittest place.

Idothea to Me melans.

tarificação de Sido

of their tribust

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Ironice.

For the performance thou hast now in chace.

Our either nofthrik; and in it quite a signal at a good pro

The fleights of

Of best exploit, to go as aides to thee. But now Ile thew thee all the old Gods fleights, He first will number, and take all the fights Of those, his guard, that on the shore arrives. When having viewd, and told them forth by fines; He takes place in their midft, and there doth fleepe, Like to a shepheard midst his slocke of sheepe. In his first sleepe, call vp your hardiest cheare, Vigor and violence, and hold him there. In spite of all his striuings to be gone. He then will turne himfelfe to every one Of all things that in earth creepe and respire, In water fwim, or thine in heavenly fire. Yet still hold you him firme; and much the more Presse him from passing. But when, as before (When sleepe first bound his powres) his forme ye see, Then ceasile your force, and th'old Heroe free; And then demand, which heaten-borne it may bee That so afflicts you, hindring your retreate, And free fea-passage to your native seate.

This faid, the diu'd into the wavie feas: And I my course did to my ships addresse, That on the fands stucke, where arrived, we made Our supper readie. Then th' Ambrosian shade Of night fell on vs; and to fleepe we fell. Rosie Aurora rose, we rose as well; And three of them, on whom I most relied, For firme at enery force; I chulde, and bied Strait to the many-river-ferued feas. And all affistance, askt the Deities.

Meane time Edothea, the feas broad breft Embrac't; and brought for me, and all my reft, Foure of the sea-calues skins, but newly flead, To worke a wile, which she had fashioned Vpon her Father. Then (within the fand A couert digging) when these Calues should land, She fate expecting. We came close to her: She plac't vs orderly; and madevs weare Each one his Calues skin. But we then must passe A huge exploit. The fea-calues fauour was So paffing fowre (they still being bred at seas) To lie by one of these same sea-bred whales:

It much atflicted vs: for who can please But the preferues vs; and to memorie calls A rare commoditie: she fetcht to vs Ambrofia, that an aire most odorous

The naftie whale-finell. Then the great enough a second The whole mornes date, with spirits patient lindo with parties and the Welay expeding. When beithe Noodedid flame: 2011 1016 Forth from the fea, in Sholes the fea califes cashe, 13 025.1 3. Along the fands. And then th'old fea-god erent From forth the deepes; and found his findal bestleres person Survaid, and numbered; and came never strike up to the strike the The craft we vide; but told vs fine for milebs His temples then difeafd, with sleepe he falues And in rush: we, with an abhorredicties was rolly altered rolling as a second Cast all our hands about him manfully boneins? And then th'old Forger sell his formes begans First was a Lion, with a mightie mane with a Then next a Dragonsa pide Panther them of the and a state of A vast Boare nexts and lodainly did ftraine at land a second All into water. Laft, however free post north ber and water. Curld all at top, and thot vp to the slite attending to such as a second We, with refolu'd hearts, held him fitting fall, at whom to When th'old one (held to fireight freell binstill. To extricate) gaue words, and quefficing the in the state of the state Which of the Gods, O Afrew former (faid ite) Admilde and taught thy fortitude this litight; Francisco Commission of the A To take and hold me thus, in any defpigitated what asks thy with now! I replices From intowalt: Why doeft thou aske? What wiles are thefethou thowfit. I have within this Ile, bene held for winden to A wondrous time; and can by no meanes, find An end to my retention. It hath spent The very heart in me. Give thou then vest To doubts thus bound in me, (ye Gods know all) Which of the Godheads, doth to fowly fall On my addression home, to stay me here: Auert me from my way? The fishie clearent and Barr'd to my paffage: He replide: Of force (If to thy home, thou wither free recourse) To Ione, and all the other Deines Thou must exhibite solemno facilities And then the blacke fea for thee stall be cleare. Till thy lou'd countries fertl'd reach. But where Aske these rites thy performance: T is a fate To thee and thy affaires appropriate,

That thou shalt neuer see thy friends, nor tred

Thy fo magnificent house; till thou make good

Thy Countries earth; nor fee inhabited

Thy voyage backe to the Alexorian flood.

Whole

THE FOURTH BOOKE Whole waters fell from lone; and there halt gitten and a chocal lift of the To lone, and all Gods, hould in simple beauco; in both the finding is O Denoted Hecatombs; and then free wayes a said in the said with a said in the said and a said in the said and said and a said a said and a said Transvigato est lum Mode e di Shall open to thee; cleard of all delayes. This told he; and me thought, he brake my heart, The ofference with the In such a long and hard course to dipert a few the sale base of the sale My hope for home; and charge my backe retreat; ... Partin, whobit is A Albandine famous Vertical As farre as Agypt. I made answer yet: Father, thy charge He perfects but before ា នៃ**រា**វាធិការ នេះ។ s in the company of the second Resolue me truly, if their naturalshore, All those Greeks, and their ships do fate enjoy, the state of the stat That Neffor and my felfe left, when from Troj handle home saignes We first raise saile: Or whether any died 1-20-1-1 At lea a death vnwisht: Or (satisfied) When warre was past, by friends embrac't, in peace Later at Land Relign'd their spirits: He made answer: Cease างเกราะ การเครื่องแรคกระที่ To aske fo farre; it fits thee not to be of the second of So cunning in thine owne calamitie. Nor feeke to learne; what learnd, thou shouldst forgets The Park to the second Mens knowledges haue proper limits let; And should not prease into the mind of God. But twill not long be (as my thoughtrabode) Before thou buy this curious skill with teares. Many of those, whose states to tempt thine cases, Are stoops by Death; and many left alive: One chiefe of which, in ftrong hold doth furning. Amidst the broad sea. Two, in their retreate, Are done to death. I lift not to repeate, Who fell at Troy; thy felfe was there in fight. But in returne, swift Aiax lost the light. In his long-oard ship. Neptune yet a while, Saft him vnwrackt: to the Gyraan Ile, The wracke of A mightie R ocke remoning from his way. Aiax Oileus. And furely he had scapt the fatall day, In spite of Pallas, if to that foule deed, He in her Phane did, (when he rapished Cassandra. The Trojan Prophetesse) he had not here Adioynd an impious boaft: that he would beare (Despite the Gods) his ship safe through the waves Then railde against him. These his impious branes. When Neptane heard; in his strong hand he tooke His maffie Trident; and so soundly strooke The rocke Gyraan, that in two it cleft: Of which, one fragment on the land he lefts The other fell into the troubld feas: At which, first rusht Aiax Gileades, And split his ship: and then himselfe aflore Swum on the rough waves of the worlds vaft mote.

Till having drunke a lalt cup for his finne, There perisht he. Thy brother yet did winne The wreath from Death, while in the waves they strone, Afflicted by the reuerend wite of Ime. But when the Heepe Mount of the Malean shore, He feemd to reach; a most tempestuous blore. Farre to the fishie world, that fighes fo fore, Strait rauisht him againe; as farre away, As to th'extreme bounds where the Agricus stays Where first Thustes dwelt: but then his Cone Enfthus I hieftrades liu'd. This done, When his returne vntoucht appeard againe; Backe turnd the Gods the wind; and let him then Hard by his house. Then, full of toy, he left His ship; and close this countrie earth he cleft; Kiff it, and wept for ioy: powrd teare on teare, 1 To let so wishedly his footing there. But fee:a Sentinell that all the yeare, Craftie Reifthus, in a watchtowre let To spie his landing; for reward as great As two gold talents; all his powres did call To strict remembrance of his charge; and all Discharg'd at first fight; which at first he cast On Agamemnon; and with all his haft, Informd Agifthm. He, an instant traine Laid for his flaughter: Twentie cholen men Of his Plebeians, he in ambush laid. His other men, he charg'd to fee puruaid A Feast: and forth, with horse and chariots grac't, He rode t'invi:ehim:but in heart embrac't Horrible welcomes: and to death did bring, With trecherous flaughter, the vnwary King. Receiv'd him at a Feast; and (like an Oxe Slaine at his manger) gave him bits and knocks. No one left of Atrides traine; nor one Sau'd to Ægiflbus; but himfelfe alone: All strowd together there, the bloudie Court. This faid: my foule he funke with his report: Flat on the lands I fell: teares spent their store: I, light abhord: my heart would live no more. When drie of teares; and tir'd with tumbling there: Th'old Tel-truth thus my danted spirits did cheare: No more foend teares nor time, ô Atress fonnes With ceast file weeping, neuer with was wonne. Vie vttermost assay to reach thy home, And all vnwares vpon the murtherer come, (For torture) taking him thy felfe, aliue; Or let Oreftes, that should farre out-strive

Thee

Thee in fit vengeance, quickly quit the light Of fuch a darke foule: and do thou the right Of buriall to him, with a Funerall feaft. With these last words, I fortifide my breasts

In which againe, a generous spring began, Of fitting comfort, as I was a man; But, as a brother, I must euer mourne. Yet forth I went; and told him the returne Of these I knew: but he had nam'd a third, Held on the broad fea; still with life inspir'd; Whom I befought to know, though likewise dead,

THE FOURTH BOOKE

And I must mourne alike. He answered: He is Laertes sonne; whom I beheld In Nymph Calyp(os Pallace; who compeld His stay with her: and fince he could not see His countrie earth, he mournd incessantly. For he had neither ship, instruct with oares, Nor men to fetch him from those stranger shores. Where, leave we him; and to thy felfe descend; Whom, not in Argos, Fate nor Death shall end; But the immortall ends of all the earth, So rul'd by them, that order death by birth,

Elifum deferi- (The fields Elifian) Fate to thee will give: Where Rhadamanthus rules; and where men live A neuer-troubld life:where inow, nor showres, Not irksome Winter spends his fruitlesse powres; But from the Ocean, Zephyre still refumes A constant breath, that all the fields perfumes. Which, fince thou married thellen, are thy hire; And love himselfe, is by her side thy Sire.

Protess leaseth Menelaus.

This faids he div'd the deepfome watrie heapes; I, and my tried men, tooke vs to our ships; And worlds of thoughts, I varied with my steps. Arriu'd and shipt, the filent solemne Night, And Sleepe bereft vs of our vifual light. At morne, masts, sailes reard, we sate; left the shores, And beate the formie Ocean with our oares. Againe then we, the Ioue-falne flood did fetch, As farre as Ægypt: where we did befeech The Gods with Hecatombs; whose angers ceast; I toomb'd my brother, that I might be bleft. All rites performd; all haste I made for home; And all the profprous winds about were come: I had the Pasport now of every God, And here closed all these labours period. Here stay then, till th'eleventh or twelfth daies light. And Ile dismisse thee well; gifts exquisite Preparing for thee: Chariot, horfes three:

A Cup of curious frame to ferue for thee, To serve th'immortall Gods with facrifice; Mindfull of me, while all Sunnes light thy skies. He answerd: Stay me not too long time here. Though I could fit, attending all the yeare: Northould my house, nor parents, with delire. Take my affections from you, fo on fire With love to heare you are my thoughts: but for My Pylian friends, I shall afflict with wo, Who mourne euen this flay. Whatfocuer be The gifts your Grace is to beflow on me: Vouchfafe them fuch as I may beare and fane. For your take cuer. Horfe, I lift not have, To keepe in Ithaca: but leave them here. To your foiles dainties: where the broad fields beire Sweet Opers graffe; where men-fed Lote doth flow; Where wheate-like Spek; and wheate it felfe doth grows Where Barley, white, and spreading like a tree: But Itbaca, hath neither ground to be (For any length it comprehends) a race To trie a horses speed: nor any place To make him fat in: fitter farre to feed A Cliffe-bred Goate, then raife or pleafe a Steed. Of all Iles, Ithaca doth leaft provide. Or meades to feed a horse, or wayes ro ride. He, smiling said: Of good bloud art thou (some): What speech, so yong! what observation Haft thou made of the world: I well am pleaside To change my gifts to thee; as being confessed Vnfit indeed: my ftore is fuch, I may. Of all my house-gifts then, that vp I lay For treasure there. I will bestow on thee The faireft, and of greatest price to me. I will bestow on thee a rich carn'd Cup Of filuer all: but all the brims wrought vo With finest gold: it was the onely thing That the Heroicall Sydonian King Presented to me, when we were to part At his receit of me; and twas the Art Of that great Artiff, that of beauen is free; And yet even this, will I bestow on thee. This speech thus ended; guells came, and did bring Muttons (for Prefents) to the God-like King: And fpirit-prompting wine, that fremuous makes, Their Riband-wreathed wittes, brought fruit and cakes. Thus, in this house, did these their Feast apply: And in Vhylles house, Activitie The wooers practifde: Toffing of the Speare

Ithaca deferibed by Telemachen.

The Stone, and hurling: thus delighted, where
They exercifde fuch infolence before:
Euen in the Court, that wealthy pauements wore.

Antinous did ftill their strifes decide;
And he that was in person deside

Eurymachus; both ring-leaders of all;
For in their vertues they were principall.

These, by Noemon (some to Phronius)

Thefe, by Noemon (fonne to Phroniss) Were fided now; who made the question thus: Antinous! does any friend here know, When this Telemachus returnes! or no, From fandie Pylos? He made bold to take My ship with him: of which, I now should make Fit vie my felfe; and faile in her as farre As spacious Elis, where, of mine, there are Twelue delicate Mares; and vnder their fides, go Laborious Mules, that yet did neuer know The yoke, nor labour: some of which should beare The taming now, if I could fetch them there. This speech, the rest admir'd; nor dreamd that he Neleian Pylos, euer thought to fees But was at field about his flocks furusy: Or thought, his heardsmen held him so away. Emptheus fonne, Antinous, then replied: When went her or with what Traine dignified Of his felected Ishacenfian youth? Prest men, or Bond men were they? Tell the truth. Could he effect this?let me truly know: Togaine thy veffell, did he violence show, And vide her gainft thy will or had her free,

When fitting question, he had made with thee? Noemon answerd: I did freely give My veffell to him; who deferues to line, That would do other: when fuch men as he, Did in diffresse aske: he should churlish be, That would denie him: Of our youth, the best Amongst the people; to the interest His charge did challenge in them; giving way, With all the tribute, all their powres could pay. Their Captaine (as he tooke the ship) I knew; Who Mentor was, or God. A deities thew, Maskt in his likenesse. But to thinke twas he, I much admire; for I did clearly fee, But yester morning, God-like Mentor here; Yet, th'other cuening, he tooke shipping there, And went for Pylos. Thus went he for home, And left the reft, with enuic ouercome: Who fate; and pastime left. Empithems sonne

(Sad, and with rage, his entrailes ouerrunne) His eyes like flames; thus interpolde his speech. Strange thing; an action of how proud a reach. Is here committed by Telemachan? A boy, a child; and we, a fort of vs. Vowd gainst his voyage; yet admit it thus, With ship, and choise youth of our people too? But let him on; and all his mischiefe do: love shall convert upon himselfe his powres, Before their ill prefum'd, he brings on ours. Prouide me then a ship, and twentie men To giue her manage; that against again He turnes for home, on th'isbacenfian leas, Or Cliffie Samian; I may interprease; Way-lay, and take him; and make all his craft, Saile with his ruine, for his Father faf't. This, all applauded; and gaue charge to do:

Role, and to greete Vhilles house, did go. But long time past not, ere Penelope Had notice of their far-fetcht trecherie. Medes the Herald told her; who had heard Without the Hall, how they within conferd: And hasted strait, to tell it to the Queene: Who from the entrie, having Meder (cene Prenents him thus: Now Herald; what affaire Intend the famous woo'rs, in your repaire: Totell Visifes maids, that they must ceasife From doing our worke, and their banquets dreffee I would to heaven, that (leaving wooing me, Nor euer troubling other companie) Here might the last Feast be, and most extreme, That ever any shall addresse for them. They never meete, but to consent in spoile, And reape the free fruites of anothers toile. O did they neuer, when they children were. What to their Fathers, was Vigffes, heare? Who never did gainft any one proceed. With vniust vsage, or in word or deed: Tis yet with other Kings, another right, One to purfue with love, another fpights He still yet iust; nor would, though might devoure, Nor to the worst, did ever taste of powre. But their varuld acts, thew their minds estate: Good turnes received once, thanks grow out of date. Medon, the learn'd in wifedome, answerd her:

Medon, the learn'd in wisedome, answerd her I wish (O Queene) that their ingratitudes were Their worst ill towards you: but worse by farre, And much more deadly their endeuours are; Antinom anger for the scape of Telemaches.

Penelope to Me-

Medon to Penelope relates the voyage of Telemachas Which tone will faile them in Telemachus
Their purpose is (as he returnes to vs)
To giue their sharpe steeles in a cruell death:
Who now is gone to learne, if Fame can breathe
Newes of his Sire; and will the Pylian shore,
And sacred Sparta, in his search explore.

THE FOURTH BOOKE

This newes diffolu'd to her both knees and heart,
Long filence held her, ere one word would part:
Her eyes flood full of teares; her fmall foft voice,
All late vie loft; that yet at laft had choice

Of wonted words, which briefly thus she vide:
Why left my sonne his mother; why refuside
His wit the solid shore, to trie the seas,
And put in ships the trust of his distresse:
That are at sea to men vnbridid horse,
And runne, past rule, their farre-engaged course,
Amidst a moisture, past all meane vnstaid:
No need compeld this: did he it, afraid
To live and leave posteritie his name;

I know not (he replide) if th'humor came From current of his owne inflinct, or flowd From others infligations; but he vowd Attempt to Pylos; or to fee descried His Sires returne, or know what death he died.

This faid he tooke him to Vly fer house After the wooers; the Vly Jean Spoule (Runne through with woes) let Torture feise her mind. Nor, in her choice of state-chaires, stood enclin'd To take her feate; but th'abiect threshold chose Of her faire chamber, for her loth'd repofe. And mournd most wretch-like. Round about her fell Her handmaids, joynd in a continuate vell. From enery corner of the Pallace, all Of all degrees, tun'd to her comforts fall Their owne deiections: to whom, her complaint She thus enforc't: The Gods beyond constraint Of any measure, vrge these teares on me. Nor was there ever Dame of my degree. So past degree grieu'd. First, a Lord, so good. That had fuch hardie spirits in his blood. That all the vertues was adornd withall. That all the Greeks did their Superiour call. To part with thus, and lofe. And now a fonne So worthily belou'd, a course to runne Beyond my knowledge; whom rude tempests have

Temeloge rebus. Made farre from home, his most inglorious graue.

keth ber Ladies Vnhappie wenches, that no one of all,
for not reling her (Though in the reach of every one, must fall

of Tilemahm.

His taking (hip) fultaind the carefull mind, To call me from my bed who this defiend. And most vowd course in him, had either staid, (How much foeuer hafted) or dead laid He should have left me. Many a man I have. That would have calld old Doline my flave, (That keepes my Orchard, whom my Father gaue At my departure) to have runne, and rold Laertes this; to trie if he could hold From running through the people; and from reares. In telling them of these yowd murtherers: That both divine Vlyffes hope, and his, Refolue to end in their conspiracies. His Nurfe then, Eurycles made reply: Deare Soueraigne, let me with your owne hands die: Or cast me off here: Ile not keepe from thee, One word of what I know: He trufted me With all his purpose; and I gaue him all The bread and wine, for which he pleafd to call. But then a mightie oath he made me fweare, Not to report it to your royall care, Before the twelfth day either should appeare Or you should aske me, when you heard him gone. Empaire not then your beauties with your mone,
But wash, and put vnteare-staind gamments on: Ascend your chamber, with your Ladies here: And pray the feed of Goat-nurst Impiter, (Dinine Athenia) to preferue your ionne: And the will faue him from confusion. Th'old King, to whom your hopes stand so inclin'd. For his graue counsels, you perhaps may find Vnfit affected, for his ages fake. But heaven-kings waxe not old; and therefore make Fit pray'rs to them, for my thoughts never will Beleeue the heavenly powres conceit fo ill. The feed of righteous Arcefiades To end it veterly; but still will please In some place euermore, some one of them To faue; and decke him with a Diadem:

To faue; and decke him with a Diadem:
Giue him possession of erected Townes,
And farre-stretcht fields, crownd all of fruits and flowres.

This eafd her heart, and dride her humorous cies,
When having wafnt, and weeds of facrifile
(Pure, and vnftaind with her diffruffill teares)
Put on; (with all her women-ministers)
Vp to a chamber of most height, she rose,

And cakes of falt and barly did impose Within a wicker basket; all which broke Euryclass pios comfort of Peseclope,

Laertes founc to Arcefius the fou of Iupster.

Ĭα

Penelope to Pallso. In decent order; thus the did inuoke:
Great Virgin of the Goat-preferued God;
If euer the inhabited abode
Of wife Vhffes, held the fatted Thies
Of theepe and Oxen, made thy facrifice
By his deuotion; heare me; nor forget
His pious feruices; but fate fee fet
His deare fonne, on these thores; and banish hence

These wooers, past all meane in insolence.

This faid, the thrickt; and Palla heard her praire.
The wooers broke with tumult all the aire
About the thadie houle; and one of them,
Whofe pride, his youth had made the more extreme,
Said; Now the many-wooer-honourd Queene,
Will furely faitate her delayfull fpleene,
And one of vs., in inftant nuprials take.
Poore Dame, the dreames not, what defigne we make,
Vpon the life and flaughter of her fonne.

Antinous (reft.

So faid he; but fo faid, was not fo done: Whole arrogant spirit, in a vaunt so vaine. Antinous chid; and faid; For shame containe These brauing speeches; who can tell who heares? Are we not now in reach of others cares: If our intentions please vs, let vs call Our spirits vp to them, and let speeches fall, By watchfull Danger, men must filent go: What we resolue on, let's not say, but do. This faid; he chuide out twentie men, that bore Best reckning with him; and to ship and shore, All hasted; reacht the ship, lancht, raised the maste Put failes in; and with leather loopes made fast The oares; Sailes hoifted; Armes their men did bring: All giving speed, and forme to every thing. Then to the high-deepes, their riggd vessell driven, They fupt; expecting the approching Euen.

Meane space, Penelope her chamber kept,
And bed, and neither eate, nor dranke, nor flept,
Her strong thoughts wrought so on her blamclesse still in contention, if he should be done
To death; or scape the impious wooers designe.
Looke how a Lion, whom mentroopes combine
To hunt, and close him in a craftic ring,
Much varied thought concciues; and scare doth sting
For vigent danger: So far'd she, till sleepe,
All iuncture of her ioynts, and nerues did steepe
In his dissoluting humor. When (at reft)
Palls wher sauours varied, and address
An Idoll, that Iphibina did present

in * structure of hereuery lineaugents . Great-fould Icarius daughter: whom, for Spoule Eunelw tooke, that kept in Physiohouse. This to divine VIIIes house the fent, To trie her best meane, how the might content Mournfull Penelope, and make Redent The strict addiction in her to deplore. This Idoll (like a *worme, that lefte or more, Contracts or firaines her) didig selfe convey Beyond the wards, or windings of the key. Into the chamber, and aboue her head, Her feate assuming, thus she comforted Diffrest Penelope. Doth fleepe thus sease Thy powres, affected with fo much disease: The Gods, that nothing troubles, will not let Thy teares not griefes, in any least degree, with the Sultaind with cause; for they will guard thy some, Safe to his wifht, and natine manfion; Since he is no offender of their States And they to fuch are firmer then their Fates. The wife Penelope received her thus: (Bound with a flumber most delicious, And in the Port of dreames) O fifter, why Repaire you hither fince fo farre off lie Your house and houshold: You were never here Before this houre, and would you now give cheare To my fo many woes and mileries: Affecting fitly all the faculties My foule and mind hold: having loft before A husband, that of all the vertues bore The Palme amongst the Greeks and whose renowne So ample was that Fame the found hath blowne Through Greece and Argos, to her very heart. And now againe; a sonne that did convert My whole powres to his lone, by ship is gone. A tender Plant, that yet was never growne To labours tafte, nor the commerce of men; For whom, more then my husband I complaine; And left he should at any sufferance touch (Or in the fea, or by the men fo much Estrang'd to him, that must his conforts be) Feare and chill tremblings, shake each joynt of me. Belides: his danger lets on foes profelt To way-lay his returne; that have addreft Plots for his death. The scarce-discerned Dreame. Said: Be of comfort nor feares fo extreme. Let thus difmay thee; thou haft fuch a mate

Attending thee, as some at any rate

brorum firu-Chura,

Iparra. Ipas, affectus curculionis fignificat quod longior & graci-

Minerua (ab Iphthimz perfona-folatur Penelopen in fomnis

Penelope to the Dreame.

THE FOURTH BOOKE

Would wish to purchase; for her powre is great; Minerus pities thy delights defeate: Whole Grace hath lent me to foretell thee theele.

If thou (faid she) be of the Goddesses, And heardst her tell thee thefe; thou mayst as well From her, tell all things elfe; daigne then to tell, If yet the man, to all misfortunes borne, (My husband) lives; and fees the Sunne adorne The darkfome earth; or hides his wretched head In Plates house, and lives amongst the dead?

I will not (the replide) my breath exhale, In one continude, and perpetuall tale: Liues he, or dies he. Tis a filthy vie, To be in vaine and idle speech profuse. This faid, the through the key-hole of the dore Vanisht againe into the open blore. Icarius daughter started from her sleepe. And loges fresh humor, her lou'd brest did steepe: When now fo cleare, in that first watch of night. She faw the seene dreame vanish from her sight.

The wooers (thipt) the feas moift wates did plice And thought the Prince, a haughtie death should die. There lies a certaine Iland in the fea. Twixt rockie Sames and rough Itbaca, That cliffie is it felfe, and nothing great; Yet holds convenient havens, that two wayes let Ships in and out; calld Afteris: and there The wooers hop't to make their massakere.

Finis libri quarti Hom.Odul.

FIFTH BOOKE OF HOMERS ODYSSES.

THE ARGUMENT.

Second Court, on loue attends: Awbo, Hermes to Calypso fends; Commanding her to cleare the wayes Vlyffes (ought; and (be obayes. When Neptune fam Vlyfles free. And, foin fafetie, plow the fea; Eurag'd, beruffles up the wanes, And plits bis (bip. Leucothea fanes His per (on yet; as being a Dame, Whole Godhead governd in the frame Of those seas tempers, But the meane By which she curbs dread Neptunes splene, Is made a lewell; which she takes From off her head; and that she makes Viviles on his bosome weare, About his necke She ties at there: And when he is with wanes befet. Bids weare it as an Anules: Commanding him, that not before He toucht upon Phzacias shore, He should not part with st; but then Returne it to the fea agein, And cast it from bim. He performes; Tet after this bides bitter flormes; And in the rockes, fees Death engrand; But on Rhazcias sbore is san'd.

Another.

E. Vlyffes builds A ship; and games The Gassie fields; Payes Neptune paines.



From role from high-borne Tithous Bed, That men and Gods might be illustrated: (And then the Deities fate. Imperial Ione, That makes the horrid murmure beate aboue. Tooke place paft all; whose height for euer springs; And from whom flowes theternall powre of things. Then Pallas (mindfull of Vlyffes) told

The many Cares, that in Calypsos hold, He still sustaind; when he had felt before, So much affliction, and fuch dangers more.

Mercurii de-

Descriptio spet

cus Calypfus.

Pallus to the Gods.

O Father, (laid she) and ye euer blest; Giue neuer King hereafter interest In any aide of yours, by feruing you; By being gentle, humane, just; but grow Rude, and for euer fcornfull of your rights: All inflice ordring by their appetites. Since he that rul'd, as it in right behon'd. That all his fubicets, as his children lou'd. Finds you so thoughtlesse of him, and his birth. Thus men begin to fay, ye rule in earth; And grudge at what ye let him vndergo: Who yet the least part of his sufferance know: Thralld in an lland; thipwrackt in his teares; And in the fancies that Calyple beares. Bound from his birthright; all his shipping gone; And of his fouldiers, not retaining one. And now his most-lou'd Sonnes life doth inflame Their flaughterous envies: fince his Fathers fame He putsin pursuite, and is gone as farre As facred Pylos, and the fingular Dame breeding Sparta. This, with this reply.

The Cloud affembler answerd: What words flie Thine owneremembrance (daughter:) haft not thou! The counsell given thy selfe, that told thee how Vlyffes shall with his returne addresse His wooers wrongs! And, for the lafe accesse. His Sonne shall make to his innative Port, Do thou direct it, in as curious fort, As thy wit ferues thee: it obeys thy powers And in their ship returne the speedlesse wowers. Then turnd he to his iffue Mercurie.

Toue to Mercury And faid: Thou haft made good our Ambaffic To th'other Statist; To the Nymph then now, On whose faire head a tuft of gold doth grows Beare our true-spoken counsell; for retreat Of patient Vly fes; who shall get No aide from vs, nor any mortall man: But in a *patcht-vp skiffe, (built as he can, And fuffering woes enow) the twentith day

At fruitfull Scheria, let him breathe his way.

mult:s vinculis

With the Phaacians, that halfe Deities live. Who like a God will honour him; and give His wisedome clothes, and ship, and brasse, and gold, More then for gaine of Troy he euer told. Where, at the whole division of the prey, If he a fauer were, or got away Without a wound (if he should grudge) twas well; But th'end shall crowne al!, therefore Fate will deale

So well with him; to let him land and fee His natine earth, friends, house and family. Thus charg'd he; nor Argicides denied; But to his feete, his faire wined shooes he tieds Ambrofian, golden; that in his command, Put either sea, or the vnmeasur'd land, With pace as speedie as a pust of wind. Then up his Rod went, with which he declin'd The eyes of any waker, when he pleafel, And any fleeper, when he wishe, difeafd. This tooke; he ftoopt Pierce; and thence Glid through the aire; and Messures Confluence Kift as he flew; and checkt the wanes as light As any Sea-mew, in her filling flight, Her thicke wings foucing in the fanorie feas. Like her, he past a world of wildernesse, But when the far-off Ile he toucht, he went Vp from the blue feato the Continent, And reacht the ample Canerne of the Queenes Whom he within found without, seldome seene. A Sun-like fire vpon the harth did flame; The matter precious, and dinine the frame; Of Cedar cleft, and Incense was the Pile, That breath'd an odour round about the Ile. Her felfe was feated in an inner roome, Whom sweetly sing he heard; and at her loome, About a curious web; whose yame she threw In, with a golden shirtle. A Grove grew In endleffe spring about her Cauerne rounds With odorous Cypreffe, Pines, and Poplars crownd, Where Haniles, Sea-owles, and long-tongu'd Bittoursbreds And other birds their shadie pinions spred. All Fowles maritimall; none roofted there, But those whose labours in the waters were. A Vine did all the hollow Cauc curbrace; Still greene, yet still ripe bunches gane it grace. Foure Fountaines, one against another powrd Their filuer streames; and medowes all enflowed With fweete Balme-gentle, and blue Violets hid, That deckt the fost bress of each fragrans Mead. Should any one (though he immortall were) Arrine and fee the facred objects there; He would admire them, and be oner-toyd; And fo frood Hermes rauilht powres employd. But having all admir'd, he enterd on The ample Caues nor could be feene valenowing Of great Calpple, (for all Deities are Prompt in each others knowledge, though to farre

Seuerd in dwellings) but he could not fee

Vhy/es there within. Without was he

Set fad afhore, where twas his vie to view

Th'unquiet (ea; figh'd, wept, and emptie drew

His heart of comfort. Plac't here in her throne

(That beames caft up, to Admiration)

Dinine Calypfa, queftion'd Hermes thus:

For what cause (deare, and much-esteem'd by vs.

Calypso to Mer-

Thou golden-rod-adorned Mercurie)
Arrin'ft thou here: thou haft not vide t'apply
Thy paffage this way. Say, what euer be
Thy hearts defire, my mind commands it thee,
If in my meanes it lie, or powre of fact.
But first, what hospitable rights exact,
Come yet more neare, and take. This faid she set
A Table forth, and firmish it with meate,
Such as the Gods taste, and served in with it,

Vermilion Neitar. When with banquer, fit
He had confirmd his fpirits; he thus express
Mercanato Co- His cause of coming: Thou hast made request

(Goddeffe of Goddeffes) to understand
My cause of touch here: which thou shale command,
And know with trush: Issue caused my course to thee,
Against my will; for who would willingly
Lackey along so vast a lake of Brine?
Neare to no Citie; that the powres divine
Receives with solemne rites and Hecatombs?
But Issues will ever, all law onercomes;
No other God can crosse or make it void.
And he affirmes, that one, the most annoid

With woes and toiles, of all those men that fought For Priams Citic; and to end hath brought Nine yeares in the contention; is with thee. For in the tenth yeare, when roy Victorie Was wonne, to give the Greeks the spoile of Tron:

Returne they did professe, but not enjoy,
Since Palls they incens; and she, thewaves
By all the winds powre, that blew ope their granes.

And there they rested. Onely this poore one,
This Coast, both winds and waves have cast vpon:
Whom now forthwith he wils thee to dismisse;
Affirming that th'vnalterd destinies,

Not onely have decreed he shall not die Apart his friends, but of Necessitie Enjoy their sights before those stall houres, His countrie earth reach, and erected Towres.

This frook, a loue-checkt horror through her powres;

When (naming him) the this reply did give:

Infatiate are ye Gods, past all that live; In all things you affect; which still converts Your powres to Enuics. It assists your hearts.

That any Goddeffe should (as your obtaine
The vie of earthly Dames) enjoy the mea:
And most in open mariage. So ye far'd,

When the delicious-fingerd Marking that'd Orions bed: you easie-liuing States, Could neuer fatisfie your emulous hates:

Till in *Ortygia*, the precife-lin'd Dame (Gold-thron'd *Diana*) on him rudely came. And with her (wift that's flue him. And facts paines.

(When rich-haird Cores pleafd to give the raines
To ber affections; and the grace did yeeld

Of loue and bed amidft a three-crope field,
To her *Info*) he paid angrie *Info*;
Who loft, no long time, notice of their loue;
But with a glowing lightning, was his death.

And now your enuies labour understeath
And now your enuies labour understeath
A mortals choice of mine; whose life, I wooke
To liberall safetie; when his ship, low strooler
With red-hote slasses, peece-meale in the seas,

And all his friends and fouldiers, factourleffe Perisht but he. Him, cast vpon this coast With blass and billowes, I (in life ginen lost)

Preferre'd alone; lou'd, nourifite, and did wow To make him deathleffe; and yet never grow Crooked, or worne with age, his whole life long.

But fince no reason may be made so strong,
To strine with lone; will, or to make it vaine.
No not if all the other Gods should straine.

Their powres against it; let his will be law; So he affoord him fit meanes to withdraw, (As he commands him) to the raging Maine:

But meanes from me, he neuer thall obtaine, For my meanes yeeld, nor men, nor thin, nor oares, To fet him off, from my to enuied thores,

But if my counfell and goodwill can aide
His fafe paffe home, my best shall be assaid.
Vouchfafe it so, (said heavens Ambassador)

Voluntarie it of (laid neatens Ambaffador)
And daigne it quickly. By all measors abhorre
Tincenie loses wrath again these, sist with grace
He may hereafter all thy with embrace.

Thus tooke the Argus killing God, his wings.
And fince the reuerend Ngaph, thele awfull things
Received from Ione, the to Viffes went:

Whom the athore found, drownd in discontent;
His eyes kept neuer drie, he did so mourne,

Calypfo.

the south that is

Hunger.

Pirfles to Calypfo

And waste his deare age, for his wisherecume. Which still without the Caue he vide to do. Because he could not please the Goddesse so. At night yet (forc't) together tooke their reft, The willing Goddeffe, and th'vnwilling Gueft. But he, all day in rockes, and on the shore The vext sea viewd; and did his Pate deplore.

Him.now.the Goddesse (coming neare) bespake: Vnhappie man, no more discomfort take, For my constraint of thee; nor waste thine age:

I now will passing freely disengage Thy irkfome flay here. Come then fell thee wood.

And build a ship, to saue thee from the flood. He furnish thee with fresh wane; bread and wine. Ruddie and fweet, that will the * Piner pine;

Put garments on thee; give thee winds foreright; That every way thy home-bent appetite May fafe attaine to it: if fo it pleafe At all parts, all the heaven-hould Deities! That more in powre are, more in skill then I; And more can judge, what fits humanitie.

He stood amaz'd, at this strange change in here And faid: O Goddeffe! thy intents preferre Some other project, then my parting hence:

Commanding things of too high confequence For my performance. That my felfe should build A ship of powre, my home assaies to shield.

Against the great Sea, of such dread to passe: Which not the best-built ship that ever was, Will passe exulting when such winds as Ione Can thunder vp, their trims and tacklings proue.

But could I build one. I would ne're aboord. (Thy will opposed) nor (won) without thy word. Giuen in the great oath of the Gods to me,

Not to beguileme in the least degree. The Goddeffe smilde; held hard his hand, and said: O y'are a shrewdone; and so habited

In taking heed; thou knowst not what it is To be vnwary; nor vse words amisse. How hast thou charmed me, were I pe're so slie:

ealyps sath, Let earth know then; and heaven, so broad, so hie: And th'vnder-funke waves of th'infernall streame; (Which is an oath, as terribly supreame,

As any God (weares) that I had no thought, But flood with what I spake; nor would have wrought, Nor counfeld any act against thy good:

But euer diligently weighd, and stood On those points in perswading thee; that I OF HOMERS OPYSSES,

Would vie my felfe in fuch extremitie For my mind simple is, and innocent,

Not ginen by cruell fleights to circumocers.

Not beare I in my breath a treat of facels.

But with the Sufferer, willing inference facels.

This faid, the Grace of Goddelles ledhomes.

He track her fteps; and (to the Caucine come) In that rich Throne, whence Merger and He fate. The Nymph her felfe did then appropriate the leading for food and beuridge to him; all bed many

And drinke that mortals vic to talke and cane. Then fate the opposite, and for her Feathermonic

Was Meller and Ambrofie addrell By handmaids to her. Both what was prepar d

Louis bred Viffest many-witted many is all sale to sale above and sale Still is thy home to wither to foone away tour

Befull of cheare, for all the worth I lay; think a long a street and balls But if thy foulcknew what a furning of memory not we gent pottern the i.b.i.C.

For shee to cast up, thy sterne Fairs imposes, and the shall also denies a Ere to thy country earth div hopes arranged to Vadonbeedly thy choice would here something Kespe house with me, and be a line speed with the and a beat haid!

Which (me thinkes) should they house and their differents of morrishin Though for thy wife there, thou are fer on fireting And all thy dayes are spent in her define, salary

And though it be no boaft in me to fay, had In forme and mind, I match hereucy way Nor can it fit a mortall Dames compare, and the

Taffect thole termes with vs, that deathle lease. The great in counsels, made her this reply: Renowm'd, and to be renerenced Deine! Let it not moue thee, that fo much I wow

My comforts to my wife; though well I know.

All cause my selfe, why wife Penelape In wit is farre inferiour to thee; In feature, flature, all the parts of flow; She being a mortall; an Immortall thou;

Old ener growing, and yet neuer old.
Yet her defire, shall all my dayes see told;
Adding the fight of my returning day,
And naturall home. If any God shall lay. His hand vpon me, as I passe the leas;

Ile beare the worst of what his hand shall please; As having given me fuch a mind, as shall
The more still rife, the more his hand lets fall. In warres and waves, my fufferings were not finall.

Would

I now have fufferd much; as much before; Hereafter let as much refult, and more. This faid; the Sunne fet; and earth fhadowes games When thele two (in an in-roome of the Caue, Left to themselues) left Loue no rites vindone. The early Morne vp; vp he role; put on His in and out-weed. She, her felfe inchaces Amidst a white robe, full of all the Graces, Ample, and pleated, thicke, like fifthie skales. A golden girdle then, her wafteenpales; Her head, a veile decks; and abroad they come; And now began Vly fes to go home

A great Axe, first she gave, that two wayes cuts In which a faire wel-polisht heine was put. That from an Oliue bough receiu'd his frame: A plainer then. Then led the till they came To loftie woods, that did the Ile confine. The Firre tree, Poplar, and heaven-scaling Pine Had there their offpring. Of which, those that were Of drieft matter, and grew longeff there, He chusde for lighter faile. This place, thus showne. The Namph turnd home. He fell to felling downe: And twentie trees he floopt, in little fpace; Plaind vide his Plumb; did all with artfull grace. In meane time did Calipso wimbles bring. He bor'd, closide, naild, and orderd enery thing, And tooke how much a ship-wright will allow A ship of burthen; (one that best doth know What fits his Art) fo large a Keele he cast. Wrought vp her decks, and hatches, fide-boords, maff; With willow watlings armd her, to refift The billowes ourrage; added all the mifte Sail-yards, and sterne for guide. The Nymph then brought Linnen for failes; which, with dispatch, he wrought. Gables, and halfters, tacklings. All the Frame worke (non will In foure dayes space, to full perfection came.

[47) u too much The fift day, they difmift him from the shore;

for one man: and Weeds, neate, and odorous gaue him; victles flore; Pliate affirmer, vectus, neate, and odorous gaue timi; victies trore; that there (a Wine, and strong waters, and a prosperous wind. king of Sucilie) To which, Vigffes (fit to be divin'd) His failes expold, and hoiled. Off he gat; bundred and And chearfull was he. At the Sterne he lat. trocaties ships, And ster'd right artfully. No sleepe could seife put to lea with His cy-lids: he beheld the Pletades The Beare, furnam'd the Waine, that round doth moue About Orien; and keepes still about The billowie Ocean. The flow-ferring starre. Bootes calld, by fome, the Waggonar.

Calypso warnd him, he his course should stere Still to his left hand. Scuenteene dayes did cleare The cloudie Nights command in his moist way; And by the eighteenth light, he might display The shadie hils of the Phastian shore: For which as to his next abode, he bore. The countrie did a pretie figure yeeld, And looks from off the darke feet like a thield.

Imperious Negrame (making his remeile

From the Ethiopian earth; and taking feare Vpon the mountaines of the Salyania From thence, farre off discovering) did descrie

Vhysis, his fields plowing. All on fire The fight strait set his heart; and made defire Of wreake runne ouer, it did boile to hie. Selection of the selection when When (his head nodding) O impietie (He cried out) now, the Gods inconfiancie's
Is most apparent, altring their designes Is most apparent; altring their designes Since I the Ashiops law: and here confines

To this Physe fate, his misery. The great marke, on which all his hopes rely, Company of the Control of the Contro Lies in Pheacia. But I hope he shall Feele woe at height, ere that dead calme befall. Continue de la contraction de This faid; he (begging) gatherd clouds from land,
Frighted the feas vp; introducing his hand,
His hard, His horrid Trident; and aloft did toffe (Of all the winds) all ftormes he could engroffe. All earth tooke into lea with clouds; grim Wight
Fell tumbling headlong from the cope of Light. The East and Southwinds infild in the aire;
The violent Zephire, and North-making faire, Rould up the wanes before them: and then, bent Viyffes knees; then all his spirit was spent. In which despaire, he thus spake: Woeis me! What was I borne to: man of milerie: Feare tels me now, that all the Goddeffe faid. Truebs selfe will author; that Fate would be paid Griefes whole summe due from me, ze sez, before I reacht the deare touch of my countries shore. With what clouds low, heattens heightned foreliead binds: How tyrannize the wraths of all the winds: How all the tops, he bottomes with the deepes? And in the bottomes, all the tops he fleepes? Thus dreadfull is the prefence of our death. Thrice foure times bleft were they that funke beneath
Their Fares at Tree and Williams Their Fates at Troy; and did to nought contend, But to renowme Atrides with their end? I would to God, my houre of death, and Fate,

That

That day had held the power to terminate; When showres of darts, my life bore vndeprest, Then had I bene allotted to have died, About divine Ascides deceast. By all the Greeks, with funerals glorified; (Whence Death, encouraging good life, had growne) Where now I die, by no man mournd, nor knowne. This fooke, a huge wave tooke him by the head, And hurld him o're-boord: ship and all it laid Inuerted quite amidit the waves; but he Farre off from her sprawld, strowd about the fea: His Sterne still holding, broken off; his Mast Burst in the midst: so horrible a blast Of mixt winds (trooke it. Sailes and faile-yards fell Amongst the billowes; and himselfe did dwell A long time vnder water:nor could get In hafte his head out: wave with wave fo met In his depression; and his garments too, (Giuen by Calypso) gaue him much to do, Hindring his swimmings yet he left not fo His drenched veffell, for the ouerthrow Ofher nor him; but gat at length againe (Wreftling with Neptune) hold of her; and then Sate in her Bulke, infulting quer Death; Which (with the falt ftreame, prest to stop his breath) He scap't, and gaue the sea againe; to give To other men. His ship so striu'd to live, Floring at randon, cufft from wave to wave, As you have feene the Northwind when he draue In Autumne, heapes of thorne-fed Grashoppers, Hither and thither, one heape this way beares. Another that; and makes them often meete In his confulde gales; so VIII s flecte, The winds hurl'd vp and downe: now Boreas Toft it to Notes, Notes gave it paffe To Eurus, Eurus, Zephire made it pursue The horrid Tennis. This sport calld the view Of Cadmin daughter, with the narrow heele. (Ino Lencothea) that first did feele A mortall Dames defires; and had a tongue. But now had th'honor to be nam'd among The marine Godheads. She, with pitie faw Vh/fes iusti'd thus, from flaw to flaw; And (like a Cormorand, in forme and flight) Rose from a whirl-poole: on the ship did light.

And thus beforeake him: Why is Neptune thus

In thy pursuite extremely furious,

Oppressing thee with such a world of ill,

OF HOMERS ODYSSES.

Even to thy death? He mult not serve his will, Though ris his studie. Let me then admite, As my thoughts ferue; thou shalt not be vnwife To leave thy weeds and thip, to the mmands Of these rude winds; and worke out with thy hands, Paffe to Phaseis; where thy auftere Fase, Is to purfue thee with no more fuch hate. Take here this Tablet, with this riband firing, And see it still about thy bosome hungs By whole eternall vertue, neuer feare To fuffer thus againe, nor perish here. But when thou touchest with thy hand the shore, Then take it from thy necke, nor weare it more; But cast it farre off from the Continent, And then thy person farre ashore present.

Thus gave the him the Tablets and againe (Turnd to a Cormorand) diu d palt fight the Maine. ·Patient Vhffes fighd at this; and stucke

In the conceit of fuch faire-spoken Lucke: And faid; Alas, I must suspect even this: Left any other of the Deities

Adde fleight to Neptunes force; to counfell me To ! aue my veffell, and fo farre off fee The shore I aime at. Not with thoughts too cleare Will I obey her:but to me appeare

These counsels best; as long as I perceive My ship not quite dissolu'd, I will not leave The helpe she may affoord me; but abide, And fuffer all woes, till the worst be tride. When the is fplit, He fivim: no miracle can

Past neare and cleare meanes, moue a knowing man. While this discourse emploid him, Neptane raild A huge, a high, and horrid fea, that feild Him and his ship, and tost them through the Lake;

As when the violent winds together take Heapes of drie chaffe, and hurle them every way: So his long woodstacke, Nepsune strocke astray.

Then did Vhyffes mount on rib perforce, Like to a rider of a running horse. To stay himselfe a time, while he might shift His drenched weeds, that were Califfes gift. When putting ftrait, Leucothess Amulet About his necke; he all his forces fet

To swim; and cast him prostrate to the seas. When powrefull Neptane faw the ruthleffe prease Of perils fiege him thus; he mou'd his head,

And this betwixt him and his heart, he faid: So, now feele ils enow, and struggle so,

Phofes fill fufpjo

Nepuni in V. lyflem incle-

Leucothea to Vly∏es.

Euca

and the second A

ing.

o cipiosom / cod?

alamn al

Till

Simile.

Till to your low-lou'd Ilanders you row. But my mind fayes, you will not so anoid This last taske too, but be with sufferance cloid. This faid; his rich-man'd horse he mili'd; and reacht His house at Ægas. But Minerus setcht The winds from fea; and all their wayes but one Barrd to their passage, the bleake North alone She fet to blow; the rest, she charg'd to keepe Their rages in; and bind themselves in sleepe. But Boreas still flew high, to breake the feas, Till Ione-bred Ithacus, the more with eafe, The nanigation-skild Pheacean States Might make his refuge; Death, and angrie Fates, At length escaping. Two nights yet, and daies, He spent in wrestling with the sable seas. In which space, often did his heart propose Death to his eyes. But when Aurera role, And threw the third light from her orient haire; The winds grew calme, and cleare was all the aire: Not one breath stirring. Then he might descrie (Raild by the high leas) cleare, the land was nie. And then, looke how to good fonnes that effectine Their fathers life deare, (after paines extreame, Felt in some sicknesse, that hath held him long Downe to his bed; and with affections strong, Wasted his bodie; made his life his lode; As being inflicted by some angrie God) When on their praires, they fee descend at length Health from the heavenst clad all in spirit and strength; The fight is precious: fo, fince here should end VIII fes toiless which therein (hould extend Health to his countrie, (held to him, his Sire) And on which, long for him, Difease did tire. And then besides, for his owne sake to see The shores, the woods so neare; such ioy had he, As thosegood sonnes for their recoverd Sire. Then labourd feete and all parts, to aspire To that wisht Continent, which, when as neare He came, as Clamor might informe an eare; He heard a found beate from the fea-bred rocks, Against which gaue a huge sea horrid shocks, That belcht vpon the firme land, weeds and fome; With which were all things hid there; where no roome Of fit capacitie was for any port; Nor (from the fea) for any mans refort;

The shores, the rocks, and cliffes so prominent were.

Hath given me fight of an vnhop't for shore,

O (laid Viyffes then) now Iupiter

(Though I have wrought thefeless folloug, so fore) Of rest yet, no place shewes the slendrest printse The rugged shore so brift dis with slines: Against which, enery way the wants to flocke; And all the shore shewes as one eminent rocke. So neare which, tis fo deeps, that not a fand Is there for any tired foote to fland: Nor flie his death-faft following mileries, Left if he land, upon him fore night flies A churlish wave, to crush him gainst a Cliffe, Worle then vaine rendring, all his landing strife. And should I swim to seeke a hauen elsewhere, Or land, leffe way-beate; I may juftly feare I shall be taken with a gale againe, And cast a huge way off into the Maine. And there, the great Earth-shaker (haning seene My so neare landing; and againe, his spleene Forcing me to him) will some Whale send out, (Of which a horrid number here about, His Amphitrite breeds) to swallow me. I well have prou'd, with what malignitie He treds my fteps. While this discourse he held; A curft Surge, gainft a cutting rocke impeld His naked bodie, which it gaths and tore; And had his bones broke, if but one fea more Had cast him on it. But * she prompeed him, That neuer faild; and bad him no more fwim Still off and on; but boldly force the shore, And hug the rocke, that him fo rudely tore. Which he, with both hands, figh'd and claspt; till past The billowes rage was, which feap't, backe, to fall The rocke repulit it, that it reft his hold, Sucking him from it, and farre backe he rould. And as the Polypus, that (forc't from home Amidst the fost sea; and neare rough land come For shelter gainst the stormes that beate on her At open (ca, as the abroad doth erre) A deale of granill, and sharpe little stones, Needfully gathers in her hollow bones: So he forc't hither, (by the sharper ill, Shunning the smoother) where he best hop't, still The worlf fucceeded: for the cruell friend, To which he clingd for fuccour, off did rend From his broad hands, the foken flesh to fore, That off he fell, and could fuftaine no more. Quite under water fell he; and, past Fate, Haplesse Visses, there had lost the state He held in life, if (ftill the grey-cyd Maid,

Palla

Per alperiora vitare laura

O'de of of iron

á partu dolco.

THE FIFTH BOOKE

His wisedome prompting) he had not assaid Another course; and ceast tattempt that shore; Swimming, and casting round his eye, t'explore Some other shelter. Then, the mouth he found Of faire Callicoes flood; whole shores were crownd With most apt succors: Rocks so smooth, they seemd Polisht of purpose:land that quite redeemd With breathleffe couerts, th'others blafted fhores. The flood he knew; and thus in heart implores: King of this River! heare; what ever name Makes thee invokt: to thee I humbly frame My flight from Neptunes furies; Reuerend is To all the euer-lining Deities, What erring man focuer feekes their aid. To thy both flood and knees, a man difmaid With varied fufferance fues. Yeeld then some rest

To him that is thy suppliant profest. This (though but spoke in thought) the Godhead heard; Her Current strait staid; and her thicke waves cleard Before him, fmooth'd her waters; and inft where

He praid, halfe drownd; entirely fau'd him there. Then forth he came, his both knees faltring; both His strong hands hanging downe; and all with froth

His cheeks and nothrils flowing. Voice and breath Spent to all vie, and downe he funke to Death. The sea had soakt his heart through: all his vaines. His toiles had rackt, ra labouring *womans paines.

Dead wearie was he. But when breath did find A passe reciprocall; and in his mind, His spirit was recollected: vp he rose,

And from his necke did th' Amulet vnlose, That Ino gaue him; which he hurld from him To fea. It founding fell; and backe did fwim With th'ebbing waters; till it strait arriv'd,

Where Inos faire hand, it againe receiu'd. Then kift he th'humble earth; and on he goes, Till bulrushes shewd place for his repose:

Where laid, he figh'd, and thus faid to his foule: O me, what strange perplexities controule The whole skill of thy powres, in this event?

What feele I if till Care-nurse Night be spent, I watch amidft the flood, the feaschill breath. And vegetant dewes, I feare will be my death: So low brought with my labours. Towards day, A passing sharpe aire euer breathes at sea.

If I the pitch of this next mountaine scale, And shadie wood; and in some thicker fall Into the hands of Sleepe: though there the cold

May well be checkt: and bealthfull flumbers bold Her fweete hand on my powers; all one allaid. Yet there will beafts denoure me. Beft appaid Doth that course make me yet; for there; some strife, Strength and my fpirit, may make me make for life. Which shough empaird, may yet be fresh applied, Where peull, possible of escape is tried.

But he that fights with heaven, or with the lea, To Indiference addes Impietie.

Thus to the woods he halted, which he found Not farre from fea; but on farre-feeing ground; Where two twin ynder-woods, he enterd on: With Oline trees, and oile-trees ouergrowne: Through which, the moist force of the loud-voic't wind, Did neuer beate; nor euer Phebas shin'd; Nor showre beate through, they grew to one in one, And had, by turnes, their powre t'exclude the Sunne. Here enterd our Vhiles and a bed Of leaves huge, and of huge abundance fixed With all his speed. Large he made it, for there, For two or three men, ample Courings were: Such as might shield them from the Winters worst. Though * freele it breath'd; and blew as it would burft.

Patient Visiles love, that ever day Shewd fuch a shelter. In the midst he lay. Store of leaves heaping high on every fide. And as in some our-field, a man doth hide A kindld brand, to keepe the feed of fires Noneighbour dwelling neare; and his defire Seru'd with felfe store; he elfe would aske of none; But of his fore-spent sparks, rakes th'ashes on: So this out-place, Virles thus receives: And thus nak't vertues feed lies hid in leanes. Yet Pallas made him fleepe, as foone as men Whom Delicacies, all their flatteries daine. And all that all his labours could comprile, Quickly concluded in his closed eies.

Finis libri quinti Hom.Ody

THE

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THE SIXTH BOOKE OF HOMERS ODYSSES.

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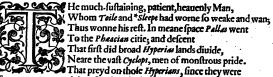
THE ARGUMENT.

M Incrua in a vision stands
She to the flood her weeds froud beare,
For now her Nuptiall day was neare.
Naussicaa her char ge ebayes;
And then with other virgins playes.
Their sports make wakt Vlysses rise;
Walke to them, and befeech supplies
Of sood and clother. His raided sight
Puts tho other Maids, affind to slight.
Naussicaa enery bolds stayes;
And gladly his desire obsyse.
He surmist with her sausem bloowne)
Attends her, and the ress, as I wome.

Another.

Z_nla. Here Oliue leanes T'hide shame, began. The Maide receiues The naked man.

unto E RAUETO
apuch ...
Somno & labore afflictus. Sleep
(RATTO RESTRUCT)
for the want of
fleepe.



Of greater powre; and therefore longer there
Diuine Naufithous dwelt not; but arofe,
And did for Scheria, all his powres dispose:
Farre from ingenious Art-inuenting men.
But there did he erect a Citie then.
First, drew a wall round; then he houses builds,
And then a Temple to the Gods; the fields
Lastly dividing. But he (stoopt by Fate)
Diu'd to th'infernals: and Alcinous sate
In his command: a man, the Gods did teach,
Commanding counsels. His house held the reach
Of grey Mineraus project; to provide,
That great-sould Isbaeus might be supplide

With all things fitting his returne. She went Vp to the chamber, where the faire *descent Of great Alcinow flept. A maid, whose parts In wit and beautie, wore dinine defents. Well deckt her chamber was: of which, the dore Did seeme to lighten; such a glosse it bore Betwixt the polls: and now flew ope, to find The Goddesse entrie. Like a pust of wind She reacht the Virgin bed. Neare which, there lay Two maids; to whom, the Graces did conusy, Figure, and manners. But about the head Of bright Nauficas, did Pallas tred The fubile aire; and put the person on Of Dymas daughter: from comparison Exempt in bufineffe Navall. Like his feed, Minerus lookt now; whom one yeare did breed, With bright Nausscaa; and who had gaind Grace in her love; yet on her thus complaind: Manficaa! why bred thy mother one So negligent, in rites fo flood vpon By other virgins: Thy faire garments lie Neglected by thee, yet thy Nuptials nic. When, rich in all attire, both thou shouldst be, And garments give to others honoring thee, That leade thee to the Temple. Thy good name Growes amongst men for these things, they enflame Father, and reuerend Mother with delight. Come, when the Der takes any winke from Night, Let's to the river, and repurifie Thy wedding garments: my focietie Shall freely ferue thee, for thy speedier aid, Because thou shalt no more stand on the Maid. The best of all Phascia wood thy Grace, Where thou wert bred, and ow'ft thy felfe a race. Vp, and stirre vp to thee thy honourd Sire, Togiue thee Mules and Coach, thee and thy tire, Veiles, girdles, mantles, early to the flood, To beare in state. It suites thy high-borne blood; And farre more fits thee, then to foote fo farre; For far from towne thou knowst the Bath-founts are. ... This faid; away blue-eyd Minerus went Vp to Olympus: the firme Continent, That beares in endleffe being, the deified kind; That's neither fouc't with showres, nor shooke with wind; Nor chilld with fnow; but where Seventie flies,

Exempt from clouds; and euer-beamie skies

Circle the glittering hill. And all their daies,

Give the delights of bleffed Deitie praise.

Olympus descri

And hither Pallas flew; and left the Maid, When she had all that might excite her, said. Strait rose the louely Morne, that up did raise Faire-veild Nauficaa; whose dreame, her praise To Admiration tooke. Who no time fpent To give the rapture of her vision vent, To her lou'd parents: whom the found within. Her mother fet at fire, who had to spin A Rocke, whose tincture with sea-purple shin'd; Her maids about her. But the chanc't to find. Her Father going abroad: to Counfell calld By his grave Senate. And to him, exhald

precert, but becaufe this more generally pleaperhaps finde

This familiar & Her smotherd bosome was. Lou'd Sire (said she) neare upanton
carriage of Nan- Will you not now command a Coach for me? fican to her far Stately and complete: fit for me to beare ther, joyned with To wash at flood, the weeds I cannot weare deflie express in Before repurified? Your selfe it fits berafier, in much To weare faire weeds; as every man that fits pray d by the gravest of Ho- In place of counsell. And fine sonnes you have: mers expositors Two wed; three Bachelors; that must be braue with her fathers In enery dayes thift, that they may go dances fit; knowing For these three last, with these things must advance ber shamefastnes Their states in mariage: and who else but I and sudgement, Their fifter, should their dancing rites supply? This generall cause she shewd; and would not name part. 18hich note Her mind of Nuptials to her Sire, for shame. where injerted, He vnderstood her yet; and thus replide: were more wor- Daughter! nor thefe, nor any grace befide, thy the observa- I either will denie thee, or deferre, Mules, nor a Coach, of flate and circular, frewd flowers of Fitting at all parts. Go; my feruants shall Serue thy defires, and thy command in all. The feruants then (commanded) foone obaid: fing subject may Fetcht Coach, and Mules joynd in it. Then the Maid perhaps pinde Brought from the chamber her rich weeds, and laid the flay of most All vp in Coach: in which, her mother plac't A maund of victles, varied well in tafte, And other junkets. Wine she likewise filld Within a goat-skin bottle, and distilld Sweete and moist oile into a golden Cruse. Both for her daughters, and her handmaids vie: To foften their bright bodies, when they role Clenfd from their cold baths. Vp to Coach then goes Th'observed Maid:takes both the scourge and raines; And to her fide, her handmaid strait attaines. Nor these alone, but other virgins grac't The Nuptiall Chariot. The whole Beuie plac't. Nauficaa scourgd to make the Coach Mules runne.

That

That neigh'd, and pac'd their visual freed, and foone. Both maids and weeds brought to the riner fide. Where Baths for all the yeare, their vie supplide. Whole waters were to pure they would not flaine. But still ran faire forth; and did more remaine Ape to purge flaines; for that purg'd flaine within, Which, by the waters pure flore, was not feen. These (here arrived,) the Mules vncoacht, and draue Vp to the gulphie rivers (hore, that gane Sweet graffe to them. The maids from Coach then tooks Their cloaths, and steeps them in the sable brooks. Then put them into fprings, and trod them cleane. With cleanly feet; aduenting wagers then, Who should have foonest and most cleanly done. When having throughly cleaned, they forced them on The floods shore all in order. And then where The waves the pibbles washt, and ground was cleare, They bath'd themselves; and all with glinning oile. Smooth'd their white skins: refreshing then their toile With pleasant dinner, by the rivers fide. Yet still watche when the Sunne their clouds had dride. Till which time (haning din'd) Hanfear With other virgins, did at flool-ball plays Their shoulder-reaching head-tires laying by. Nauficae (with the wrifts of Ivory) The liking stroke strooke; finging first a fong. (As custome orderd) and amidst the throng, Made fuch a flew; and forpatt all was feen e-As when the Chaft-borne, Arrow-louing Queene, Along the mountaines glidings either oner Spartan Taygetan, whole tops farre discover; Or Eurymenthus; in the wilde Bores chace. Or fwift-hou'd Hart; and with her, tout faire race (The field Nymphs) sporting. Amongst whom, to see How farre Diana had prioritie (Though all were faire) for fairneffe; yet of all. (As both by head and forhead being more tall) Latena triumpht; fince the dulleft fight, Might early judge, whom her paines brought to light, Manficas fo (whom never husband tamed). About them all in all the beauties flam'd. But when they now made homewards, and araid-Ordring their weeds, diforderd as they plaid: Mules and Coach ready; then Mineras thought. What meanes to wake Phyles, might be wrought. That he might fee this louely fighted maid, Whom the intended, thould become his aid: Bring him to Townesand his returne advance.

The Queene now (for the voftroke) ftrooke the ball 2

Of youth it founds. What are they? Nymphs bred hie,

On tops of hils; or in the founts of floods:

Quite wide off th'other maids, and made it fall

Unjust, and churlish like the female crie

In herbie marshes: or in leavy woods:

The pietie and Her meane was *this, (though thought a ftool-ball chance) Post was fuch, that (agreeing

Amidst the whirlpooles. At which, out shrickt alle letter) not the least of things he And with the shricke, did wife V ly se wake: makes come to Who, fitting vp, was doubtfull who should make

paffe, fine Nu-That sodaine outcrie; and in mind, thus striu'd: dentia. As Spond On what a people am I now arrived: well notes of him At civill hospitable men, that feare The Gods or dwell injurious mortals here:

> Or are they high-spoke men. I now am neares Ile proue, and fee. With this, the wary Peere Crept forth the thicket; and an Olive bough

Simile.

Broke with his broad hand; which he did bestow In couert of his nakedneffe; and then, Put hastie head out: Looke how from his den. A mountaine Lion lookes, that, all embrewd With drops of trees; and weather-beaten hewd; (Bold of his strength) goes on; and in his eye. A burning fornace glowes; all bent to prev On theepe, or oxen; or the vpland Hart; His belly charging him; and he must part Stakes with the Heards-man, in his beasts attempt. Euen where from rape, their strengths are most exempt: So wet lo weather-beate, fo flung with Need, Euen to the home-fields of the countries breed, Vly/[es was to force forth his accesse. Though meetly naked; and his fight did preffe The eyes of fost-haird virgins. Horrid was His rough appearance to them: the bard paffe He had at fea, flucke by him. All in flight The Virgins scatterd, frighted with this fight, About the prominent windings of the flood. All but Manficas fled; but the fast stood: Pallas had put a boldnesse in her brest. And in her faire lims, tender Feare comprest. And still she stood him, as resolu'd to know What man he was; or out of what should grow His strangerepaire to them. Anothere was he
Put to his wifedome; if her vitgin knee, He should be bold, but kneeling, to embrace: Or keepe aloofe, and trie with words of grace,

In humblest suppliance, if he might obtaine Some couer for his nakednes; and gaine OF HOMERS ODYSSES.

Her grace to shew and guide him to the Towne. The last the best thought, to be worth his owne, In weighing both well: to keepe fill aloofe. And give with foft words, his delires their proofe; Left preffing fo neare, as to touch her knee, He might incense her maiden modestie. This faire and fil'd speech then showd this washe.

Let me befeech (O Queene) this truth of thee; Are you of mortall or the deified race: If of the Gods, that th'ample heavens embraces I can refemble you to none aboue.

So neare as to the chaft-borne birth of love. The beamie Cynthia. Her you full present. In grace of enery God-like lineament:

Her goodly magnitude; and all th'addresse You promife of her very perfectueffe. If forong of humanes, that inhabite earth: Thrice bleft are both the authors of your birth. Thrice bleft your brothers, that in your defents,

Must, even to rapture, beare delighted hearts; To fee fo like the first trim of a tree. Your forme adorne a dance. But most bleft he Of all that breathe, that hath the gift tengage Your bright necke in the yoke of mariage,
And decke his house with your commanding ment.

I have not feene a man of formuch spirit. Norman, nor woman, I did cuer fee, At all parts equal to the parts in thee. T'eniov your fight doth Admiration feife

My eies and apprehensive faculties. Lately in Delos (with a charge of men Arriu'd, that renderd me most wretched then, Now making me thus naked) I beheld

The burthen of a Palme, whose issue sweld About Apolles Phane; and that put on A grace like thee; for Earth had neuer none Of all her Sylvane iffue fo adorn'd:

Into amaze my very foule was turnd To give it observation; as now thee To view (O Virgin) a stupiditie Past admiration strikes me, joynd with feare

To do a suppliants due, and prease so neare. As to embrace thy knees. Nor is it ftrange. For one of fresh and firmest spirit, would change Tembrace fo bright an object. But, for me,

A cruell habite of calamitic. Prepar'd the strong impression thou hast made: For this last Day did flie Nights twentish shade

Since

Since I, at length, escapt the fable seas, When in the meane time, th'ynrelenting prease Of waves and sterne stormes, tost me vp and downe, From th'Ile Ogygia: and now God hath throwne My wracke on this shore; that perhaps I may My miseries vary here: for yet their stay, I feare, heaven hath not orderd: though before These late afflictions, it hath lent me store. O Queene, daine pitie then, fince first to you My Fate importunes my distresse to vow. No other Dame, nor man, that this Earth owne. And neighbour Citie, I have feene or knowne. The Towne then shew me; give my nakednes Some shroud to shelter it, if to these seas, Linnen or woollen, you have brought to clenfe. God giue you, in requitall, all th'amends Your heart can with: a husband, family, And good agreement: Nought beneath the skie, More sweet, more worthy is, then firme consent Of man and wife, in houshold government. It ioyes their wilhers well; their enemies wounds: But to themselues, the speciall good redounds.

She answerd: Stranger! I discerne in thee. Nor Sloth, nor Folly raignes; and yet I fee, Th'art poore and wretched. In which I conclude, That Industry nor wisedome make endude Men with those gifts, that make them best to their. Ione onely orders mans felicitie. To good and bad, his pleasure fashions still, The whole proportion of their good and ill. And he perhaps hath formd this plight in thee, Of which, thou must be patient as he, free, But after all thy wandrings, fince thy way, Both to our Earth, and neare our Citie, lay, As being exposde to our cares to relieue, Weeds, and what elfe, a humane hand thould gine, To one so suppliant, and tam'd with woes Thou shalt not want. Our Citie, I will show; And tell our peoples name: This neighbor Towne, And all this kingdome, the Phactians owne. And (fince thou feemalt fo faine to know my birth: And mad'lta question, if of heaven or earth) This Earth hath bred me; and my Fathers name Alcinous is; that in the powre and frame Of this Iles rule, is supereminent.

Thus (paffing him) the to the Virgins went. And faid: Gine stay, both to your feet and fright; Why thus disperse ye, for a mans meere sight?

Effective you him a Cyclep, that lettle fince Made vie to prey vpon our Citizens: This man, no moist man is; (nor watrish thing. That's ever flitting; ever ravifling All it can compatie, and, like it, doth range In rape of women; neuer staid in change) This man is truly *manly, wife, and staid: In foule more rich; the more to fenfe decaid. Who, nor will do, nor fuffer to be done, Acts lend and abiect, nor can fuch a one Greete the Pheacians, with a mind enuious; Deare to the Gods they are; and he is pious. Befides, divided from the world we are; The outpart of it; billowes circulare The feareuoluing, round about our shore: Nor is there any man, that enters more Then our owne countrimen, with what is brought From other countries. This man, minding nought But his reliefe: a poore vnhappie wretch, Wrackt here, and hath no other land to fetch. Him now we must prouide for; from Amacome: All strangers, and the needle of a home. Who any gift, though ne're fo finall it be, Esteeme as great, and take it gratefully. And therefore Virgins, give the stranger food, And wine; and fee ye bath him in the flood: Neare to some shore, to shelter most enclined; To cold Bath-bathers, hartfull is the wind. Not onely rugged making th'outward skin, But by his thin powres, pierceth parts within. This faid; their flight in a returne they fet; And did viy fes with all grace entreate: Shewd him a shore, wind-proofe, and full of shade: By him a shirt, and vtter mantle laid. A golden lugge of liquid oile did adde. Bad wash; and all things as Nauficas bad. Divine Vlyffes would not vie their aid; But thus belpake them: Euery louely maid, Let me entreate to stand a little by: That I alone the fresh flood may apply, To clenfe my bosome of the sea-wrought brine. And then vie oile; which long time did not shine On my poore shoulders. He not wash in fight Of faire-haird maidens. I should blush outright, To bathe all bare by such a virgin light. They mou'd, and muside, a man had so much grace, And told their Mistris, what a man he was.

He clenid his broad foild-shoulders; backe and head

dren berec. Cur vitalis vel feniualis humiditas incit. Begins à sim; vt diçam: quafi quod nihii tir magis fluxum quam homo. *ary virili ani mo przditus, fortis, magnanimus, Nor are those affirmed to uile quidpiam & abiectum faciunt; vel,facere fultinent: accor. ding to this of Herodos ses in Poly: 25 . to: ; de ere iemee eur, ohere & arfest. Many, mens formes fuftaine. but few are men. According to an other tranflator: Ab love nam Inpplex pauper, procedit & hotpes: Res breuis, at chara eft. Magni quoque muneris inflar. Which I cite to Shew his good when he keepes bim to the Originell; and neare in any degree ex-

Plyffes modeftia to the Virgins.

He taught their youth welding by his aged indgment. As receiving the cuft one of mards then refed to that entreaiment of men: not withflanding the modefile of that age, could me be

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ward construmost sainted

Yet neuer tam'd. But now, had fome and weed, wardly, for those Knit in the faire curles. Which dissolu'd; and he observations of Slickt all with sweet oile: the sweet charitie. guests and stran- The vntoucht virgin shewd in his attire, therefore primi. He cloth'd him with. Then Pallas put a fire, ledged. It is easie More then before, into his sparkling cies; to anoide shew: His late soile set off, with his soone fresh guise. most curiously His locks (clensed) curled the more; and matcht (in power anoid the out- To please an eye) the Hyacinthian flower. And as a workman, that can well combine Silver and gold; and make both ftrive to shine; with the inward As being by Vulcan, and Minerua too, Taught how farre either may be vrg'd to go, Simile.

In strife of eminence, when worke sets forth A worthy foule, to bodies of fuch worth; No thought reprouing th'act, in any place; Nor Ars no debt to Natures livelieft grace: So Pallas wrought in him, a grace as great, From head to shoulders; and ashore did seate His goodly presence. To which, such a guise He thewd in going, that it rauisht eies. All which (continude) as he fate apart;

Nauficaes admi- Nauficaes eye strooke wonder through her heart; ration of Plysses. Who thus bespake her consorts: Heare me, you Faire-wrifted Virgins; this rare man (I know) Treds not our country earth against the will Of some God, thron'd on the Olympian hill. He shewd to me, till now, not worth the note; But now he lookes, as he had Godhead got. I would to heaven, my husband were no worfes And would be called no better; but the course Of other husbands pleased to dwell out here: Observe and serve him with our vtmost cheare.

She faid; they heard, and did. He drunke and cate Like to a Harpy; having toucht no meate A long before time. But Nauficas now Thought of the more grace, the did lately vow: Had horse to Chariot joynd; and up she rose: Vp chear'd her guest, and said: Guest, now dispose Your selfe for Towne; that I may let you see My Fathers Court: where all the Peeres will be Of our Pheacian State. At all parts then, Observe to whom, and what place y'are t'attain: Though Inced viher you with no aduice. Since I suppose you absolutely wife. While we the fields paffe, and mens labours there-So long (in these maids guides) directly beare Vpon my Chariot (I must go before,

For cause that after comes: to which this more Be my induction) you shall then some end Your way to Towne; whole Towns you fee afornd To fuch a fteepnelle. On whole either fide, A faire Port stands; to which is nothing wide An enterers passage: on whose both hands ride Ships in faire harbors; which, once paft, you win The goodly market place, (that circles in A Phane to Neptune, built of curious frome. And paffing ample) where municipa Gables, and maits men make, and polishe oares: For the Phascians are not conquerors By bowes nor quiners; Oares, mails, thips they are, With which they plow the fea, and wage their warre. And now the cause comes, why I leade the way Not taking you to Coach. The men that fway In worke of those tooles, that so fit our State, Are nude Mechanicals: that rare and late Worke in the market place; and those are they Whole bitter tongues I shun; who strait would fay, (For these vile vulgars are extreamly proud, And fouly languag'd) What is he allowd To coach it with Nauficaa? fo large fet. And fairely fashiond; where were these two mere He shall be sure her husband. She hath bene Gadding in fome place; and (of forraine men. Fitting her fancie) kindly brought him home In her owne ship. He must of force, be come From some farre region; we have no such man. It may be (praying hard, when her heart ran On some wisht husband) out of heaven some God Dropt in her lap; and there lies the at rode, Her complete life time. But, in footh, if the Ranging ab.oad, a husband fuch as he, Whom now we faw, laid hand on: fhe was wife. For none of all our Nobles are of prife Enough for her: he must beyond-sea come, That wins her high mind, and will have her home. Of our Peeres, many haue importun'd her. Yet the will none. Thus thefe folks will conferre Behind my backe; or (meeting) to my face. The foule-mouth rout dare put home this dilgrace. And this would be reproches to my fame; For even my felfe, just anger would enflame. If any other virgin I should see (Her parents living) keepe the companie Of any man; to any end of loue. Till open Nuptials should her act approue.

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And therefore heare me guests and take such way. That you your felfe may compasse, in your stay,

Your quicke deduction, by my Fathers grace, And meanes to reach the roote of all your race. We shall not farre out of our way to Towne. A neuer-felld Groue find, that Poplars crowner To Pallas facred, where a fountaine flowers And round about the Groue, a Medow growes, In which, my Father holds a Mannor house, Deckt all with Orchards, greene, and odorous: As farre from Towne, as one may heare a shout. There flay, and rest your foote paines; till full out We reach the Citie. Where, when you may gueffe We are arrived, and enter our accesse Within my Fathers Court: then put you on For our Phascian State: where, to be showne My Fathers house, defire. Each infant there Can bring you to it; and your felfe will cleare Distinguish it from others: for no showes, The Citie buildings make; compar'd with those That King Alcinous feate doth celebrate. In whole roofes, and the Court, (where men of state, And fuiters fit and ftay) when you shall hide: Strait paffe it, entring further: where abide My Mother, with her withdrawne houswiferies; Who still sits in the fire shine, and applies Her Rocke, all purple, and of pompous show: Her Chaire plac't gainst a Pillar: all arow Her maids behind her fer; and to her here, My Fathers dining Throne lookes. Seated where He powres his choice of wine in like a God. This view once past; for th'end of your abode, Addresse suite to my Mother; that her meane, May make the day of your redition scene. And you may frolicke strait, though farre away You are in distance from your wished stay. For if the once be won to with you well,

Your Hope may instantly your Pasport scale: And thenceforth fure abide to fee your friends, Faire house, and all, to which your heart contends. This faid, the vide her thining (courge, and lathe of our omnifuffi- Her Mules, that foone the shore left, where she washt; tion Homer ge- And (knowing well the way) their pace was fleet,

the leaft finesse And thicke they gatherd up their nimble feet. tying in his way, Which yet * the temperd lo; and vide her fourge diference be de- With fo much skill; as not to ouer-vige

fribes in Nam- The foote behind; and make them straggle fo, ficanhe observed, 1 the toole bening; and make them thrag

VInffer and her maids. And now the Sunne Sunke to the waters; when they all had woring The neuer-feld and found exciting wood. Sacred to Pallar: where the God-like good

Vhilles refred; and to Pallas praid: Heart me, of Goate kept some th'vinconquerd Maide Now throughly beare me; fince in all the time Of all my wracke, my pray'rs could never clime Thy far-off eares; when noisefull Neptune tost Vpon his watry briffels my imboft And rock-torne body: heare yet now, and daine I may of the Pheacian State obtaine Pitie and grace. Thus praid he and the heard: By no meanes yet (expolde to fight) appear d. For feare toffend her Vnkle, the fupreme Of all the *Sea-Gods; whose wrath still extreme Stood to Visiles; and would never cease, Till with his Country shore, he crownd his peace.

More of ant

Finis libri sc:cti Hom.Odys.



Amor, tantus

ron, operam

præftiterint.

THE SEVENTH BOO

OF HOMERS ODYSSES.

THE ARGUMENT.

TAuficaa arrines at Towne; And then Vlysses, He makes knowne His faste to Arete: who, view Takes of his vefture, which the knew, And asks bim, from whose hands it came. He tels, with all the haple fe frame Of his affaires, in all the while, Since he for soke Calypsos Ile.

Another.

'Hla. The honord minds, And welcome things, Vlysses finds, In Scherias Kings.

Hus praid the wife, and God-observing Man. The Maid by free force of her Palfreys, wan Accesse to Towne; and the renowmed Court. Reacht of her Father, where, within the Port, She staid her Coach; and round about her came Her Brothers, (made as of immortall frame.) Who yet disdaind not, for her loue, meane deeds;

facult fimplies. But tooke from *Coach her Mules, brought in her weeds. tas:nam vel fra- And she ascends her chamber; where puruaid A quicke fire was, by her old chamber-maid fun, t libeater Eurymedula, th' Aperdun borne, hanc redeunti And brought by fea, from Apera, radorne The Court of great Alcinous because He gaue to all, the bleft Pheacians lawes; And like a heaven-borne Powre in speech, acquir'd The peoples eares. To one then fo admir d. Eurymedusa was esteemd no worse, Then worth the gift: yet now growne old, was Nurle To Ivory-armd Nauficaa; gaue heate

To all her fires, and dreft her privie meate. Then role Visiles, and made way to Towne: Which ere he reacht, a mightie mist was throwne By Pallas round about him; in her Care, Lest in the sway of enuies popular, Some proud Pheacian might foule language paffe, Iustlehim vp, and aske him what he was.

Entring the louely Towne yet: through the cloud Pallas appeard; and like a yong wench showd Bearing a pitcher; Stood before him fo, As if objected purpofely to know What there he needed whom he questiond thus:

Know you not (daughter) where Alcineus, That rules this Towne, dwels: I, a poore diffrest Meere stranger here; know none I may request, To make this Court knowne to me. She replied:

Strange Father; I will fee you fatisfied In that request: my Father dwels, iust by? The house you seeke for; but go filently: Nor aske, nor speake to any other; I Shall be enough to shew your way: the men That here inhabite, do not entertain With ready kindnesse, strangers; of what worth Or state soeuer: nor haue taken forth Leffons of civill viage, or respect To men beyond them. They (vpon their powres Of fwift (hips building) top the warry towres: And I one hath ginen them thips, for failer to wrought, They cut a fether, and command a thought.

This faid; the viherd him; and after, he Trod in the swift steps of the Deitie. The free-faild fea-men could not get a fight Of our Fhiles, yet: though he foreright, Both by their houses and their persons past: Pallas about him fuch a darkneffe caft. By her dinine powre, and her reverend care. She would not give the Towne-borne, cause to stare.

He wonderd, as he past, to see the Ports; The shipping in them; and for all reforts, The goodly market steds; and Iles beside For the Heroes; walls so large and wide; Rampires fo high, and of fuch ftrength withall-It would with wonder, any eye appall.

At last they reacht the Court: and Pallas faid: Now honourd stranger; I will see obaid Your will to shew our Rulers house; tis here, Where you shall find, Kings celebrating cheare. Enter amongst them; nor admit a feare; More bold a man is, he prevailes the more. Though man nor place, be ener fam before.

You first shall find the Queene in Court, whose name Is Arete: of parents borne, the fame That was the King her Spoule: their Pedigree I can report: the great Earth-shaker, he Of Peribas, (that her fex out-shone,

Viviles, à Minerus in æder Alcinoi perducitur, leptus ne-

nauer velocer veluti penna, atque cogitatio,

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And yongest daughter was, t'Eurymedon; Who of th'vnmcafur'd-minded Giants, fwaid Th'Imperiall Scepter; and the pride allaid For the more per- Of men so impious, with cold death; and died Himselse soone after) got the magnified berefet down the In mind, N aufithous; who the kingdomes state Diagra, as Spon First held in supreame rule. Nausthous gat Rhexenor, and Alcinous, now King: Neptune bezat Naufithous of Rhexenor (whose seed did no male fruite spring. Peribasa. And whom the filuer-bow-glac't Phaebus flue By Nausi:hous, Rivexenor, Alei. Yong in the Court) his shed blood did renew nous, were begat In onely Arete, who now is Spoule B) Rhaxenor, A. To him that rules the kingdome, in this house,

ber valle Alan And is her Valle King Alcinous.

The honor of Arete (or vertue) alleg.

More honor of him, then the honord most of any wife in earth, can of her Lord, How many more soeuer, Realmes affoord, That keepe house vnder husbands. Yet no more Her husband honors her, then her bleft store Of gracious children. All the Citie cast Eyes on her, as a Goddesse, and give raste Of their affections to her, in their praires, Still as she decks the streets. For all affaires, Wrapt in contention, she dissolutes to men. Whom she affects, she wants no mind to deigne Goodnesse enough. If her heart stand inclined To your dispatch, hope all you wish to find, Your friends, your longing family, and all, That can within your most affections fall.

Who honors her, paft equall. She may boaft

This faid; away the grey-eyd Goddesse flew Along th'vntamed sea. Left the louely hew, Scheria presented. Out flew Marathm, And ample-streeted Athens lighted on. Where, to the house that casts so *thicke a shade,

www.spisses:

The Court of Alcinous. Of Ereitheus, the ingreffion made.

**Plyffet, to the loftic-builded Court
Of King Alcimus, made bold refort,
Yet in his heart caft many a thought, before
The brazen pauement of the rich Court, bore!
His enterd person. Like heavens two maine Lights,
The roomes illustrated, both daies and nights.
On every fide thood firme a wall of braffe,
Euen from the threshold to the inmost passes,
Which bore a roose vp, that all Saphire was,
The brazen thresholds both sides, did enfold
Silucr Pilasters, hung with gates of gold,
Whose Portall was of silver; over which

Agolden Cornish did the front enrich.
On each fide, Dogs of gold and filuer fram'd,
The houfes Guard stood; which the Deirie ("lam'd)
With knowing inwards had inspir'd; and made,
That Death nor Age, should their estates inuade.
Along the wall, stood enery way a throne;
From th'entry to the Lobbie: enery one,
Cast ouer with a rich-wrought cloth of state.
Reneath which the Pheasine Princes sate

Caft ouer with a rich-wrought cloth of thate.
Beneath which, the Pheacias Princes fate
At wine and food, and feafled all the yeare.
Youths forg'd of gold, at cuery table there,
Stood holding flaming torches, that, in night
Gaue through the houle, each bonourd Goeff, his light.

And (to encounter feaft with houfwifry)
In one roome fiftie women did apply
Their feuerall tasks. Some apple-colourd corne
Ground in faire Quernes; and fome did fpindles turne.
Some worke in loomes: no hand, leaft reft receives;
But all had motion, apt, as Afpen leaves.
And from the weeds they woue, (to faft they laid,
And fo thicke thrust together, thred by thred)
That th'oile (of which the wooll had drunke his fill)
Did with his moifture, in light dewes dishil.

As much as the Phastian men exceld;
All other countrimen, in Art to build
A fwift-faild ship: fo much the women there,
For worke of webs, past other women were.
Past meane, by Pastur meanes, they ynderstood

The grace of good works, and had wits as good.
Without the Hall, and clofe vpon the Gate,
A goodly Orchard ground was finate,
Of neare ten Acres; about which, was led
A loftic Quickfer. In it flourished
High and broad fruit trees, that Pomegranats bore,
Sweet Figs, Peares, Oliues, and a number more
Most victual Plants, did there produce their store.
Whose fruits, the hardest Winter could not kill;
Nor botest Summer wither. There was this
Pruite in his proper feason, all the yeare.

Sweet Zephire breath'd vpon them, blafts that were

Of varied tempers: thefe, he made to beare
Ripe fruites: thefe bloffomes: Peare grew after Peare;
Apple fucceeded apple; Grape, the Grape;
Fig after Fig came; Time made neuer rape;
Of any daintie there. A firstely vine
Street here his roote; whose fruite a hore fun-flyine.

Of any daintie there. A lipitely vine

Spred here his roote; whole fruite, a hote fun-fhine.
Made ripe betimes. Here grew another, greene.

Here, some were gathering; here, some prefling seene.

K 3

Valcan

Hortus Alcinoi memorabilis. Mercurie.

A large-allotted feuerall, each fruite had; And all th'adornd grounds, their apparance made, In flowre and fruite, at which the King did aime, To the precifeft order he could claime.

Two Fountaines grac't the garden; of which, one Powrd out a winding streame, that ouer-tunne The grounds for their vie chiefly: th'other wens Close by the loftie Pallace gate, and lent The Citie his sweet benefit: and thus The Gods the Court deckt of Alcinous.

Patient VIsses stood a while at gaze;
But (having all observed) made instant pace
Into the Court; where all the Peeres he found,

And Captaines of *Phaacia*; with Cups crownd, Offring to tharp-eyd *Hermes: to whom, last They vide to factific, when sleepe had cast

His inclination through their thoughts. But thefe, Visifes paft; and forth went, nor their cies
Tooke note of him: for Pallas floot the light
With mifts about him; that, vnstaid, he might
First to Alcinous, and Arete,
Present his person; and of both them, she
(By Pallas counsels) was to have the grace

Of foremost greeting. Therefore his embrace,
He cast about her knee. And then off slew.
The heavenly aire that hid him. When his view,
With filence and with Admiration strooks.

With filence and with Admiration (trooke

The Court quite through: but thus he filence broake:

Areten, Vlyffer fupplexorat.

Diuine Rhexenors offpring, Arete; fupplexorat.

To thy most honourd husband, and to thee,

A man whom many labours have diffrest,
Is come for comfort, and to curry guest:
To all whom, heaven vouchsafe delightsome lives,

And after, to your iffue that furnives,
A good refiguement of the Goods ye leave,
With all the honor that your felues receive
Amongst your people. Onely this of me.

Is the Ambition; that I may but fie (By your vouchfaft meanes; and betimes vouchfaft) My country earth; fince I have long bin left To labors, and to errors, barrd from end;

And farre from benefit of any friend.

He said no more; but left them dumbe with that;

Went to the harth, and in the ashes sar,

Afide the fire. At last their filcoce brake; And Echineus, th'old Heroe spake.

A man that all *Pheacians* past in yeares, And in perswassue eloquence, all the Peerese Knew much, and vide it well; and thus spake he:

Nor doth your honor, what you ice, admit, That this your guell, should thus abicely fit:

His chaire the earth, the harth his cushion, Affles, as if appode for food: a Throne Adomd with due rites, stands you more in hand To see his person plac'tin; and command That instantly your Heralds fill in wine;

That to the God that doth in lightnings thine, We may do facrifice: for he is there,

Where these his renerend suppliants appeare.

Let what you have within be brought abroad,

To fup the ftranger. All these would have showd This fit respect to him; but that they stay For your precedence, that should grace the way.

When this had added to the well-inclin'd,

And facred order of Aleimon mind; Then, of the great in wit, the hand he feifd; And from the afhes, his fair: per fon raifd; Aduanc't him to a well-adoned Throne;

And from his feate raifd his most loued sonne,
(Landamae, that next himselfe was set)

Togine him place. The handmaid then did get
An Ewre of gold, with water fild; which place

Vpon a Caldron, all with filter grac't)
She powrd out on their hands. And then was fpred

A Table, which the Buder fet with bread, As others feru'd with other tood, the boord, In all the choife, the prefene could affoord.

Virifes, meate and wine tooke; and then thus; The King the Herald calld: Postsman! Serue wine through all the house; that all may pay

Series while through all the notice; marked may pay Rites to the Lightner, who is full in way With humble suppliants; and them pursues, With all benigne, and hospitable dues.

Pontanous, gaue act to all be willd,
And hony fweetneffe-giuing-minds-*wine filld,
Difpofing it in cups for all to drinke.
All hauing drunke, what eithers heart could thinke

Fit for due facrifice; Aleisons faid:
Heare me, ye Dukes, that the Phaseians leade;
And you out Counfellors; that I may now
Diffuse the charge my mind frage for the page.

Difcharge the charge, my mind fuggefts to you, For this our gueft: Feaft paft, and this nights fleepe, Next morne (our Senate fummond) we will keepe

Infts, lacred to the Gods; and this our Gueft Receive in folemne Court, with fitting Feaft: The word that bears the long Epithete is tranflated only dulcombieb fignifies more, polytopped teper suspec

Then

K 4

(Without more toile or care; and with delight;
And that foone given him; how farre hence diffite
Socuer it can be) he may aftend;
And in the meane time, without wrong attend,
or other want; fit meanes to that aftent.

Committee Pares, the meanes to that afcert.
What, after, auditer Fares, thall make theener
Of his lifes thred (now fpinning, and began
When his paind mother, freed his roose of man)

Then thinke of his returne; that vader hand

Of our deduction; his naturall land

Enstation will be must endure in all kinds. If some God, baue this comparition of the Pher And other things with vs, in his abode; rison of the Pher And other things will thinke vpon then we; Giants and cp. The Gods wils stand: who euer yet were free cloys, to proceed of their appearance to vs; when to them out of the inacter virule will be the control of And would at feast six with vs; euen where we Cyclops, who were Orderd our Session. They would likewise be said of their end of the six o

jor mei jone of "VIII et aniwerds, Let tome other doubt the Pott is cleer, Employ your thoughts, then what your words give out; that the cyclop:

Which intimate a kind of doubt, that I in part the life. Should shadow in this shape, a Deitic.

of the Godi, and
yet afterward I beare no such least semblance; or in wit,
yet afterward of the Godine of the Godine of the Godine
their deser, (as Vertue, or person. What may well bestir
Polyp, hereaster One of those mortals, whom you chiefly know,
dares persser. One of those mortals, whom you chiefly know,
dares persser. One of those mortals, whom you chiefly know,
Antinum (out of
Appropriate to poore man; giue that to me
reason, euen to Of whose mones I sir, in the most degree;
the face of me.
And might say more; sustaining griefes that all
pass manis about the face of the gode consent to: no one twixt their fall
pass manis about the face of the consent of the grace then showne
there yould test The least diversion. Be the grace then showne,
him and the rest To let me taste your free-given sood, in peace;
to him that if
they gracel stops. Through greatest griefe, the belly must have ease.

Cyclopr with Worse them an enuious belly, nothing is.

their open appear It will command his strict Necessities, rame, shout along to men most griev'd in body or in mind, disconded from Of men most griev'd in body or in mind, one them, they A desperate wound. When most with cause I grieve, might machaner at birds me still, Ease man, and drinke, and live, of their open pre- And this makes all forgot. What ever ill fouce that ado- I cuer beare; it ever bids me fill.

But this case is but fore't, and will not last,
Till what the mind likes, be as well embrac'e,
And therefore let me wish you would partake
In your late purpose when the Morne shall make
Her next appearance, daigne me but the grace,
(Vnhappie man) that I may once embrace
My country earth: though I be still thrust at,
By ancient ils, yet make me but see that,
And then let life go. When (with all) I see
My high-rooft large house, lands and family.
This, all approu'd, and each, willd every one;

This, all appround, and each will denery of Since he hath faid to fairly; for him gone. Feaft paft, and facrifice; to fleepe, all yow Their eies at eithers houte. Phylis now,

Was left here with Alcinous, and his Queene,
The all-lou'd Arete. The handmaids then
The veffell of the Banquet, tooke away.
VVhen Arete fer eye on his array;
Knew both his out, and vnderweed, which fhe
Made with her maids; and mufde by what meanes he
Obtaind their wearing; which fhe made requeft
To know; and wings gaue to thele speeches: Gueff!

First let me aske, what, and from whence you are:
And then, who grac't you with the weeds you weare:

And then, who gract you with the weeds you we Said you not lately, you had err'd at feas:

And thence artin'd here: Laertides
To this, thus answerd: Tis a paine (O Queene)
Still to be opening wounds wrought deepe and greene;
Of which, the Gods haue opened frore in me;
Yet your will must be feru'd: Farre hence, at fea,
There lies an Ile, that beares Orreian name.

Where Atlas daughter, the ingenious Dame, Faire-haird Calppo liues: a Goddeffe graue, And with whom, men, nor Gods, focietie hane. Yet, I (past man vnhappie) liu'd alone.

By hear in wrath forc't) her house companion.
For Jose had with a feruent lightning cleft
My ship in twaine, and farre at blacke sea left

Me and my fouldiers; all whose lines I loft.

I, in mine armes the keele tooke, and was toft

Nine dayes together up from wane to wane. The tenth grim Night, the angry Deities drane Me and my wracke, on th'lle, in which doth dwell

Dreadfull Calypfo; who exactly well Receiv'd and nourifht me; and promife made, To make me deathleffe: nor fhould Age inuade My powres with his deferts, through all my dayes.

My powres with his deferts, through all my daye All mou'd not me; and therefore, on her stayes, Arete to Plyffes.

Plyffes to Ares

106

Seuen yeares she made me lie: and there spent I The long time; steeping in the milerie Of ceassess, the Garments I did weare From her faire hand. The eight revolued yeare, (Or by her chang'd mind; or by charge of lone) She gaue prouokt way to my witht remoue; And in a many-iovnted ship, with wine, (Daintie in fauour) bread, and weeds dinine, Sign'd with a harmleffe and fweet wind, my paffe. Then, seuenteene dayes at sea, I homeward was; And by the eighteenth, the darke hils appeard, That your Earth thrusts vp. Much my heart was cheard; (Vnhappie man) for that was but a beame; To shew I yet, had agonies extreame, To put in fufferance: which th'Earth-shaker sents Croffing my way, with tempells violents Vnmealur'd leas vp-lifting:nor would giue The billowes leave, to let my vessell live The least time quiet: that even figh'd to beare Their bitter outrage: which, at last, did teare Her sides in peeces, set on by the winds. I yet, through-fwomme the waves, that your thore binds, Till wind and water threw me voto it: When, coming forth, a ruthleffe billow finit Against huge rocks, and an accesses shore My mangl'd body. Backe againe I bore. And fivom till I was falne vpon a flood, Whose shores, me thought, on good advantage stood, For my receit: rock-free, and fenc't from wind. And this I put for, gathering vp my mind. Then the divine Night came; and tredding Earth, Close by the flood, that had from love her birth. Within a thicket I repolde; when round I ruffld up falne leaves in heape; and found (Let fall from heaven) a fleepe interminate. And here, my heart (long time excruciate) Amongst the leaves I rested all that night; Euen till the morning and meridian light. The Sunne declining then; delightsome sleepe, No longer laid my temples in his freepes But forth I went, and on the shore might see Your daughters maids play. Like a Deitie She shin'd aboue them; and I praid to her: And she, in disposition did prefer 2Noblesse, and wisedome, no more low then might Become the goodnesse of a Goddesse height. Nor would you therefore hope (supposed distrest As I was then, and old) to find the least

Of any Grace from her; being yonger farre. With your folkes, Waledome makes her commerce rare. Yet the in all abundance did beflow, Both wine (that makes the *blood in humanes grow) And food, and bath'd me in the Bood, and game The weeds to me, which now ye fee me have. This, through my griefes I tell you; and tis true. Alcinous answerd: Guest! my dangheer knew Least of what most you give her: nor became The course she tooke, to let, with every Dame, Your person lackey; nor bath with them brought Your felfe home to which first you had befought. O blame her not (faid he) Heroicall Lords Nor let me heare, against her worth, a word. She faultleffe is and witht I would have gone With all her women home: but I alone Would venture my receit here, having feare And reperend aw of accidents that were Of likely iffue: both your wrath to moue. And to inflame the common peoples love. Of speaking ill: to which they soone gine place: We men are all a most suspicious race. Mygueft (faid he) I vie not so bestind To wrath too rashly; and where are present To mens conceits, things that may both waies faile; The nobleft ever should the most prevaile, Would Ione our Father, Pallas, and the Sunne. That (were you still as now, and could but runne One Fate with me) you would my daughter wed. And be my fon-in-law, still vowed to leade Your rest of life here. La house would gine. And houshold goods; so freely you would live, Confin'd with vs: but gainft you will shall none Containe you here; fince that were violence done To Isue our Father. For your passage home, That you may well know, we can ouercome So great a voyage; thus it shall succeed: To morrow shall our men take all their heed (While you fecurely fleepe) to fee the feas In calmeft temper; and (if that will pleafe) Shew you your Country and your house ere night. Though farre beyond Eules be that fight. And this Euber (as our fubicals fav. That have bin there and feene) is farre away Farthelt from vs. of all the parts they know. And made the triall, when they belot to row The gold-lockt Rbademanth to give him view Of Earth-borne Titym: whom their speeds did shew

ealed one, Vioum calefaciendi vim habens (In that far-off Eubea) the same day They fet from hence, and home made good their way. With eafe againe, and him they did conuay. Which, I report to you, to let you fee How swift my ships are; and how matchlesly My yong Phaceians, with their oares prenaile, To beate the fearthrough, and affift a faile.

This cheard Vlyffes; who in prinate praid: I would to lone our Father, what he faid. He could performe at all parts; he should then Be glorified for euer; and I gaine My naturall Country. This discourse they had: When faire-armd Arete, her handmaids bad A bed make in the Portico; and plie With cloaths: the Couering Tapestries The Blankets purple. Wel napt Wastcoates too. To weare for more warmth. What these had todo. They torches tooke, and did. The Bed puruaids They mou'd Vlyffes for his rest; and said:

Come Gueft, your Bed is fit; now frame to reft. Motion of fleepe, was gracious to their Gueft; Which now he tooke profoundly; being laid Within a loop-hole Towre, where was contraid The founding Portice. The Kingtooke reft In a retir'd part of the house; where drest The Queene her felfe, a Bed, and Trundlebed; And by her Lord reposde her reverend head.

Finislibri septimi Hom.Odyss.

THE



THE EIGHTH BOOKE OF HOMERS GDYSSES.

is beinake them : Dukes, and Loid: ार हे हुट रे, my heavy thoughest स्कार हमा अस T

"He Peeres of the Bhancish Social page of the two nad appearance of A Connell call to confolate Hololet 11 21 116 27 116 27 117 127 177 17. Vlyfles, with all memor for Hamberthan's comes flavor to fle i move. The Connection Bearing and the content of the Connection of the Co Vab lier that rales, in American et entre energy and served in the lier that rales, in American and the lier energy and the li And after, fings the entercourfe manners in after the out of some sections. mus, and my Courts attention, as all margaret to the total

founding for pallage, whicheaft action Another. cometition; A thip into the lacted Late. colle. The Councels frame. At fleete applicat Now but now lanch we but from our Charles and fiftie You the of all of the In frifes of Game, Voyfles pried her can include the first in the fair and pairt all Vigilia.



And in tace Oare bound cases. Let climate Ow when the Rolle liberal morpe and 300 of smell The facred powre Alienwith disposory same of ad I Benner an enveloree. Catheireachteachte and an anne The Council arabod insignation of the string of the string of the Council arabod insignation of the string of the Came first of all . Campalished lones they face the sid! Neare to the Natile. Fainthafe the flots. Mineras tooke the heralds forme on her makement of the property of the

That feru'd Alcinem; fludious to prefer radigree, and 500 distance in off Visites Suite for home. About the towns diew and had modwing to ideal? She made quicke way; and fild with the construction of the IT had the stability Of that deligne, the cares of curry mane the drive busy some bust a serious F And men of Councell: all hatte to the County for the printed but a line in the To heare the firanger that made interested manager in or billing a reasonable To king Alcinow: long time loft at Sets: qi file ili ... i. oci void; post ... refile And is in person, like 2 Deitie. 10 sid surs lynur, Lollod a land callb A

And fireight the Court and fosts, with measurest fild... tripset to the Lynd E The whole State wonderd at Laure Son singular and without and the date of When they beheld him. Paller purchind this it is now paster the doctor.

A supernaturall, and heavenly dresse; Enlarg'd him with a height, and goodlinesse In breaft, and shoulders that be might appeare Gracious, and grave, and reverend, and beare A perfect hand on his performance there, In all the trials they refolud timpole,

All met; and gatherd in attention close. Alcinousexhorts Alcinous thus befpake them : Dukes, and Lords; the Pheacians Heare me digeft, my hearty thoughts in words: This Stranger here whose trauels found my Court; I know not; nor can tell if his refort From East or West comes: But his suite is this; That to his Countrey earth we would distnis His hither-forced person; and doth beare The minde to passe it vnder every Peere: Whom I prepare, and stirre vp; making knowne My free defire of his deduction. Nor shall there euer, any other man That tries the goodnesse Pheacensian, In me, and my Courts entertainement; flay Mourning for pallage, vnder leaft delay. Come then; A ship into the sacred seas, New-built, now lanch we; and from our our preale; Chuse two and fiftie Youths; of all, the best To vie an oare. All which, fee straight imprest; And in their Oare-bound seates. Let others hie Home to our Cours commanding inflantly The folemne preparation of a feath In which, prouition may for any guest Be made at my charge. Charge of these low things, I giue our Youth, You Scepter-bearing kings, Confort me home, and helpe with grace to vie This guest of ours : no one man shall refuse. Some other of you, hafte, and call to vs The facred finger, grave Demodecus; To whom hath Godgiuen, long that can excite The heart of whom he lifteth with delight. This faid, he led. The Scepter-bearers lent Their free attendance; and with all speede, went The herald for the facted man in fong. Youths two and fifties cholen from the throng Went as was willd to the vntam'd feas shore; Where come; they lancht the ship: the Mast it bore Aduanc't, failes hoifed: euery feate, his Ore Gaue with a lether thong: the deepe moist then They further reacht. The drieftreets flowd with men; That troup't vp to the kings capacious Court. Whole Portices, were chok't with the refort:

Whole wak were hung with men: yong, old, thrust there, In mighty concourfe; for whole promift cheere Alcinous flue twelue Sheepe; eight white-toothd Swine: Two crook-hancht Beenes; which flead, and dreft, dinine The show was of so many a locund Guest All fet together, at so set a feast. To whole accomplishe state, the Herald then The louely Singer led; Who past all mean The Muse affected; gave him good, and ill; His eies put out; but put in foule at will. His place was given him, in a chaire, all grac't With filuer fluds, and gainft a Pillar plact, Where, as the Center to the State, he refts: And round about, the circle of the Guefts. The Herald, on a Pinne, aboue his head His foundfull harpe hung: to whose height, he led His hand for taking of it downe at will. A Boord fet by, with food; and forth did fill A Bowle of wine, to drinke at his defire. The rest then, fell to feast; and when the fire Of appetite was quencht: the Muse inflam'd The facred Singer. Of men highlieft fam'd, He fung the glories; and a Poeme pend, That in applause, did ample heaven ascend. Whose subject was, the sterne contention Betwixt Vigffes, and Great Thetis Some, As, at a banker, facred to the Gods In dreadfull language, they express their ods. When Agamemus, fat rejoye't in foule To heare the Greeke Peeres jarre, in termes fo foule; For Augur Phabau, in prefage had told The king of men, (defirous to vnfold The wars perplexed end; and being therefore gone In heanenly Pythia, to the Porch of flone.) That then the end, of all griefes (hould begin, Twixt Greece, and Troy; when Greece (with firife to winne That witht conclusion) in her kings should intre-And pleade, if force, or wit must end the warre. This brane contention did the Poet fing; Expressing so the spleene of either kings That his large purple weede, Vigffes held Before his face, and eies, fince thence distilled Teares vncontaind; which he oblent d, in feare To let th'observing Presence, note a teare. But when his facred fong the meere Divine Had given an end; a Goblet crownd with wine Vhilles (drying his wet eies) did feile; And facrififde to those Gods that would pleafe

Demodocus

The contention of Achilles and

The continued Tinspire the Poet with a song so fit piets of Physics To do him honour, and renowne his wit, easy image, and on His teares then staid, But when againe began

(By all the kings defires) the mouing man;
Againe Viffes, could not chuic but yeeld
To that foft pathon: which againe, withheld,
He kept to cunningly from fight, that none
(Except Alcinow himfelfe, alone)
Difcern'd him mou'd to much. But he fat next;
And heard him deeply figh. Which, his prerext
Could not keepe hid from him. Yet he conceal'd
His vtterance of it; and would haue it held
From all the reft. Brake off the fong, and this

Said to those Ore-affecting Peeres of his: Princes, and Peeres! we now are fatiate With facred long, that fits a feast of state: With wine, and food. Now then, to field, and try; In all kinds our approu'd activity: That this our Gueft, may give his friends to know In his returne: that we, as little owe To fights, and wreftlings, leaping, speede of race, As these our Court-rites; and commend our grace In all, to all superiour. Foorth he led The Peeres and people, troup't vp to their head: Nor must Demodocus be left within: Whose harpe, the Herald hung vpon the pinnes His hand, in his tooke; and abroad he brought The heavenly Poet: out the fame way wrought That did the Princes: and what they would fee With admiration, with his companie They wisht to honour. To the place of Game Thefethrong'd; and after, routs of other came,

Of all fort, infinite. Of Youths that strone, Since the Phase. Many, and strong, rose to their trials loue. only dwellers by Vp role Acroneus, and Ocyalus, Sea, but fludious Elatreus, Prymneus, and Anchyalus; also of sea quali Nauteus, Eretmeus, Thoon, Proreus; ties wheir names Nauteus, Eretmeus, Thoon, Proreus; ferme to rappe Pontaus, and the strong Amphialus, their faculties Sonne to Tectonides, Polinius. All confifting of Vp roseto these, the great Euryalus; sea-fairing figure. In action like the homicide of warre. fication, except Nanbolides, that was for person farre As Acroneus, Past all the rest: but one he could not passe: fuma feu extre- Nor any thought improue; Laodamas. ma Nanis pars. Not any thought improue; L. Ocyalas velox Vp Anabefinzas then arofe; in mari, Elarre- And three fonnes of the Scepter state, and those; Barn Dan Were Halins, and fore-praise Landamas; ne.Remex. And Clytoness, like a God in grace.

These first the soore-game tride; and from the lists Tooke flart together. Vp the dust, in mists They hurld about; as in their freede, they flew; But Clytoness, first, of all the crew A Stiches length in any fallow field Made good his pace; when where the Iudges yeeld The prife, and praile, his glorious speed arrin'd. Next, for the boiltrous wreftling Game they firm d; At which, Euryalus, the reft outshone. At leape, Amphialus. At the hollow stone Elatrem exceld. At buffets, laft, Landamas, the kings faire sonne surpast. When all had firiu'd in these assaics their fill; Landamas faid; Come friends; let's proue what skill This Stranger hath attaind to, in our sports Me thinks, he must be of the active fort. His calues, thighs, hands, and well-knit shoulders show, That Nature disposition did bestow To fit with fact their forme. Nor wants he prime. But fowre Affliction, made a mate with Time, Makes Time the more scene. Nor imagine I, A worle thing to enforce debilitie, Then is the Sea: though nature ne're fo strong Knits one together. Nor conceine you wrong, (Replied Euryalus) but proue his blood With what you question. In the midst then stood Renowin'd Landamas, and prou'd him thus; Come (ftranger Father) and affair with vs Your powrs in these contentions: If your show Be answerd with your worth, tis fit that you Should know these conflicts: nor doth gloric stand > On any worth more, in a mans command, Then to be strenuous, both of footeand hand: Come then, make proofe with vs; discharge your mind Of discontentments: for not farre behind Comes your deduction. Ship is ready now; And men, and all things. Why (faid he) doft thou Mocke me Landamas! and these strifes bind My powrs to answer: I am more inclind To cares, then conflict. Much fultaind I have; And still am suffering. I come here to craue In your affemblies, meanes to be difmift, And pray, both Kings, and fubicas to affift. Euryalus, an open brawle begans And faid: I take you Sir, for no luch man As fits these honord strifes. A number more Strange men there are, that I would chuse before. To one that loves to lie a thip-board much

Leodanas vrgeth Vlysses to their sports.

The word is supera figurifying; deductio, qua transise bendam curamus eum qui nobilcum aliquandiu eft verfams.

Euryalm 19braids Physic Or is the Prince of failours; or to fuch
As traffique farre and neare, and nothing minde
But freight, and paffage, and a foreright winde,
Or to a viciler of a ship: or men

"""
I can compare, or hold you like to be:
But, for a wrestler, or of qualitie
Fit for contentions noble: you abbor

Vly∬es angry.

anadule; Damnorum magnorum auctor,

Fit for contentions noble; you abhor From worth of any fuch competitor. Vlyffes (frowning) answerd; Stranger! farre Thy words are from the fashions regular Of kinde, or honour. Thou art in thy guife Like to a man, that authors injuries. I fee, the Gods to all men, give not all Manly addiction; wisedome; words that fall (Like dice) vpon the square still. Some man takes Ill forme from parents; but God often makes That fault of forme vp, with obseru'd repaire Of pleasing speech: that makes him held for faire: That makes him speake securely: makes him shine In an affembly, with a grace dinine. Men take delight, to see how evenly lie His words afteepe, in honey modeftie. Another then hath fashion like a God; But in his language, he is foule, and broad: And fuch art thou. A person faire is given; But nothing elfe is in thee, fent from heaven. For in thee lurkes, a base, and earthy soule And that compelld me, with a speech most fonle To be thus bitter. I am not ynseene In these faire strifes as thy words operweene: But in the first ranke of the best I stand. At least, I did, when youth and strength of hand Made me thus confident: but now am worne With woes, and labours; as a humane borne To beare all anguish. Sufferd much I have. The warre of men, and the inhumane wave Haue I driven through at all parts: but with all My waste in sufferance: what yet may fall In my performance, at these strifes He trie; This faid; with robe, and all, he graspt a stone, A little grauer then was ener throwne

In my performance, at their firles lie trie;
Thy speech hath mou'd, and made my wrath runne hie.
This saids with robe, and all, he graspt a stone,
A little grauer then was euer throwne
By these Phaaciam, in their wrestling rout,
More firme, more massive, which (urnd round about)
He hurried from him, with a hand so strong
It sing, and slew: and ouer all the throng
(That at the others markes stood) quite it went:

Yet downe fell all beneath it; fearing fpent The force that draue it flying from his hand, As it a dart were, or a walking wand. And, faire past all the markes of all the rest His wing stole way. When Pallar straight imprest A marke at fall of it; refembling then One of the nauy-given Phascian men: And thus advanc't Visiles: One, (though blinde) (O ftranger!) groping, may thy ftones fall finde; For not amidft the rout of markes it fell, But farre before all. Of thy worth, thinke wells And stand in all strifes: no Pheacies here. This bound, can either better or come nere. Vhilles ioydato heare that one man yet Videhim benignly; and would Truth abet In those contentions. And then, thus smooth He tooke his speech downe: Reach me that now Youth, You shall (and straight I thinke) have one such more; And one beyond it too. And now, whose Core Stands found, and great within him (fince ye have Thus put my fplene vp) come againe and braue The Guest ye tempted, with such grosse disgrace: At wreftling, buffets, whirlbat, foeed of race. Atall, or either, I except at none, But vrge the whole State of you; onely one I will not challenge, in my forced boaft, And that's Landamas; for hee's mine Hoft. And who will fight, or wrangle with his friend? Vnwise he is, and base, that will contend With him that feedes him, in a forreigne place; And takes all edge off, from his owne fought grace. None else except I here; nor none despite; But with to know, and proue his faculties. That dares appeare now. No strife ye can name Am I vnskilld ins(reckon any game Of all that are as many as there are In vie with men) for Archerie I dare Affirme my felfe not meane. Of all a troupe Ile make the first foe with mine arrow stoupe: Though, with me ne're so many fellowes bend Their bowes at markt men, and affect their ends Onely was Philotteses with his bow Still my superiour; when we Greekes would show Our Archerie against our foes of Trey: But all that now by bread, fraile life enioy, I farre hold my interiours. Men of old None now aline, shall witnesse me so bold To vant equality with fuch men as thefe;

dames onely for brothers fince in his exception uies mere cueldo thould be of one acceptation in all fit things. And Lardama be calles his boft, being eldeft fon the beire being ener the youg might be come mently prefer Alcinous in bit exception, fince be Bood not in combetition at thefe contenti-

He names Las-

OF HOMERS ODYSSES.

117

Occhalian, Eurstus, Herculer,
Who with their bowes, durft with the Gods contend.
And therefore caught Eurstus foone his end.
Nor did at home, in age, a reuerend man;
But by the Great incensed Delphian
Was short to death, for daring competence
With him, in all an Archers excellence.
A Speare lie hurle as farre, as any man
Shall shoote a shaft. How at a race I can
Bestirre my feete; I onely yeeld to Feare,
And doubt to meete with my superiour here.
So many seas, so too much haue missife
My lims for race; and therefore haue diffusde

The ingenuous and rosall speech of Alcinous to Vlysses.

A diffolution through my loued knees. This faid he stilldall talking properties; Alcinous onely answerd: O my Guest In good part take we, what you have bene preft With speech to answer. You would make appeare Your vertues therefore, that will still shine where Your onely looke is. Yet must this man giue Your worth ill language; when, he does not live In fort of mortals (whence to ere he fprings That iudgement hath to speake becoming things) That will depraue your vertues. Note then now My speech, and what, my loue presents to you; That you may tell Herees, when you come To banquet with your Wife, and Birth at home, (Mindfull of our worth) what deferuings Ione Hath put on our parts likewife; in remoue From Site to Sonne, as an inherent grace Kinde, and perperuall. We must needs give place To other Countreymen, and freely yeeld We are not blameleffe, in our fights of field; Buffers, nor wreftlings: but in speede of feete: And all the Equipage that fits a fleete, We boast vs best. For table euer spred With neighbour feafts, for garments varied; For Poelie, Mulique, Dancing, Baths, and Beds. And now, Pheacians, you that beare your heads And feete with best grace in enamouring dance; Enflame our guest here; that he may aduance Our worth past all the worlds, to his home friends; As well for the vnmatcht grace, that commends Your skills in footing of a dance; as theirs That flie a race best. And so, all affaires, At which we boaft vs best; he best may trie; As Sea-race, Land-race, Dance, and Poefic. Some one, with instant speede to Court retire,

And fetch Demodocus, his foundfull lyre. This faid, the God-grac't king; and quicke refore Pentoneus made, for that faire harpe, so Court. Nine of the lot-chufde publique Rulers rofe, That all in those contentions did dispose: Commanding a most smooth ground, and a wide, And all the people, in faire game, afide. Then with the rich harpe, came Pontonent And in the midft, tooke place Demodern. About him then flood foorth, the choife yong men, That on mans first youth, made fresh entrie then: Had Art to make their naturall motion (weete And shooke a most divine dance from their seete; That twinckld Star-like; mou'd as fwift, and fine, And beate the aire fo thinne, they made it shine. Visifes wonderd at its but amazd He stood in minde, to heare the dance so phras'd. For as they danc't; Demodeca didfing, The bright-crownd Venus love, with Battailes king-As first they closely mixt, in thouse of fire. What worlds of gifts, wonne her to his defire, Who then the night-and-day-bed did defile Of good king Valcas. But in little while The Sunne their mixture faw; and came, and told. The bitter newes, did by his eares take hold Of Vulcans heart. Then to his Forge he went; And in his shrewd mind, deepe stuffe did invent. His mightie Anuile, in the stocke he put And forg'd a net, that none could loofe, or cut; That when it had them, it might hold them faft. Which having finisht, he made vtmost haste Vp to the deare roome, where his wife he wowd: And (madly wrath with Mars) he all bestrowd The bed, and bed posts: all the beame about That croft the chamber; and a circle strone, Of his denice, to wrap in all the roome. And twas as pure as of a Spiders loome. The woofe before its wouen. No man nor God Could fet his eie on it : a fleight fo odde. His Art shewd in it. All his craft bespent About the bed: he faind as if he went To well-built Lemner, his most loved towne, Of all townes earthly. Nor left this vnknowne To golden-bridle-vling Mars, who kept No blinde watch ouer him: but, feeing flept His riual fo afide, he hafted home With faire-wreath'd Penus loue flung: who was come New from the Court of her most mightie Sire.

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Mars enterd; wrung her hand; and the retire. Her husband made to Lemmit told, and faids Now (Lone) is Vulcan gone; let vs to bed. Hee's for the barbarous Sintians, Wellappaid Was Venus with it; and afresh assaid Their old encounter. Downe they went; and straight About them 'clingd, the artificiall fleight Of most wife Vulcan; and were so en snar'd, That neither they could stirre their course prepar'd, In any lim about them; nor arise. And then they knew, they could no more disguise Their close conuciance, but lay, forc't, stone still. Backe rusht the Both foote cook't; but straight in skill. From his neare skout-hole turnd; nor ever went To any Lemnos: but the fure event Left Phabus to discouer, who told all. Then, home hope Vulcan, full of griefe, and gall; Stood in the Portall, and cried out so hie, That all the Gods heard. Father of the skie And every other deathlesse God (said he) Come all, and a ridiculous object fee: And yet not sufferable neither; Come. And witnesse, how when still I step from home, (Lame that I am) Jones daughter doth professe To do me all the shamefull offices: Indignities, despites, that can be thought; And loues this all-things-making-come to nought Since he is faire for footh; foote-found, and I Tooke in my braine a little; leg'd awrie; And no fault mine; but all my parents fault, Who should not get, if mocke me, with my halt. But fee how fast they sleepe, while I, in mone, Am onely made, an idle looker on. One bed their turne ferues; and it must be mine; I thinke yet, I have made their felfe-loves shine. They shall no more wrong me, and none perceive: Nor will they fleepe together, I beleeue With too hote hafte againe. Thus both shall lie In craft, and force; till the extremitie Of all the dowre, I gaue her Sire (to gaine A dogged fet-fac't Girle, that will not flaine Her face with blushing, though she shame her head) He paies me backe: She's faire, but was no maide. While this long speech was making, all were come To Valcant provide brazen-founded home. Earth-shaking Neptune, vsefull Mercurie, And far-shot Phabus. No She Deitie

For shame, would show there: all the give-good Gods

Gaue length to laughters; all things stories it blacks. That which they faid, then decimpled for their you've models and in him? Finds good fucceffeat th'end. And now (faidisme) their as the world The flow outgoes the fwifes Land place and and the income To be the flowest of the Godse outgoes samulation and because Mars the most fwift; And this water, which growes To greatest inflice; that Adulteries sport being the state of the Obrain'd by craft, by craft of other fort, sairweith seed and of the seed (And lame craft too) is plagu'd which guitnes the more, and hard a state of the Intending of That found lims turning lemographisme, soffice. This speech amongs themselves they enact tained When Phabon, thus asks Hermes : Thus caclinind Would'st thou be Hermes, to be thus disclasses: in the angle of the series and the Though, with thee golden Fenn were reposide: He foone gaue that an answer: O (faid he Thou king of Archers) would were thus with the. Though thrice fo much thame; nav. though infinite Were powrd about me; and that cutry light In great heaven thining, witness all my hatmen, So golden Ferm flumberd in mine Asmes The Gods againe laught; even the watry flate Wrung out a laughter . But propitiate Was full for Mars, and praid the God of fire He would diffolue him; offering the define
He made to Isse, to pay himfelfe; and faid, All due debts, should be, by the Godssepaid Pay me, no words (laid he) where deeds lend paine; Wretched the words are given for wreached men. How shall I binde you in th'Immortals fight ... If Mars be once loos'd; nor will may his right: Vulces (laid he) if Mars hould flie, market Thy right repaid, it should be paid by me: Your word, fo ginen, I must accept (faid he) . 3 Which feid: he look them: Mars then ruthe from skit And ftoop't cold Thrace . The laughing Deity For Cyprus was, and tooke her Papers flate Where, She a Grove, ne're cut, hath confectate: All with Arabian odors fum'd; and hath An Alear there, at which the Grass bathe, And with immortal Balms befinooth her skin-Fit for the bliffe.Immortals folaceine Deckt her in to-be-studied attire, And ape to fet beholders hearts on fire. This fung the facred Mule, whole notes and words The dancers feere kept as his hands his coods. Vhffes, much waspleafed, and all the crew: This would the king have varied with a new

Stood

And pleasing measure; and performed by Two, with whom none would ftrine in demonit. And those, his sonnes were; that must therefore dence Alone; and onely to the hair advance, who had been all the substance and onely to the hair advance, who had been all the substance and onely to the hair advance, who had been all the substance and onely to the hair advance, who had been all the substance and onely to the hair advance. Without the words; And this five couple, wiss and an enough of the Yong Halins, and divine Landamas: 20 1100, about 110 flower to howe to have Who danc't a Ball dance. Then the rich-wrought Ball (That Polybus had made, of purpleall) They tooke to hand : one threw it to the skie to the s And then danc't backe; the other (capring bie) Would furely catch it, ere his frote toucht ground: And vp againe aduanc't it; and fo found The other, cause of dance; and then did he Dance lofty trickes; till next it came to be His turne to catch; and ferue the other ftill. When they had kept it vp to eithers will; They then danc't ground tricks oft mixt hand in hand; And did fo gracefully their change command; That all the other Youth that flood at paule. With deafning shouts, gave them the great applause. Then faid VIrses: O past all men here

THE EIGHTH BOOKE

Cleare, not in powre, but in defert as clere. You faid your dancers, did the world furpaffe; And they performe it, cleare, and to amaze. This wonne Alcinem heart; and equal prife He gaue V lyffes; faying; Matchleffe wife (Princes, and Rulers) I perceive our guest-And therefore let our holpitable best In fitting gifts be given him : twelve chiefe kings There are that order all the gloriousthings Of this our kingdome; and the thirteenth, I Exist, as Crowne to all: letinstanely Be thirteene garments given him: and, of gold Precious, and fine, a Talent. While we hold This our affembly; be all fetche; and given; That to our feast prepar'd, as to his heaven One guest may enter. And that nothing be Left vnperformd, that fits his dignity; Euryalus shall here conciliate Himselfe, with words and gifts; fincepast our rate He gaue bad language. This didall commend And give in charge; and enery king did fend His Herald for his gift. Earyalus and the second of the second o (Answering for his part) said: Alcinous! Our chiefe of all; fince you command, I will To this our guest, by all meanes seconciles And give him this entirely mettald fword:

The handle maffie filuer; and the bord

That gives it cover, all of Ivorie. New, and in all kinds, worth his qualitie. This put he strait into his hand, and faid: Frolicke, O Gueft and Father, if words, fled, Haue bene offenfine, let swift whirlwinds take, And rauish them from thought: May all Gods make Thy wifes fight good to thee; in quicke retreate To all thy friends, and best-loud breeding seates Their long miffe quitting with the greater joy; In whose sweet, vanish all thy worst annoy And frolicke thou, to all beight, Friend (faid he) Which heaven confirme, with witht felicitie. Nor cuer give againe defire to thee. Of this fwords vie, which with affects to free, In my reclaime, thou haft bestowd on me. This faid; athwart his shoulders he put on The right faire fword; and then did fet the Sunne. When all the gifts were brought; which backe againe (With King Alcinous, in all the traine) Were by the honourd Heralds borne to Courts Which his faire formes tooke; and from the refort Laid by their renerend Mother. Each his throne, Of all the Peeres (which yet were opershone In King Alcinew command) ascended: Whom he, to paffe as much in gifts contended: And to his Queene, faid: Wife! fee brought me here The fairest Cabinet I have; and there Impose a well-cleanfd, in, and viter weed; A Caldron heate with water, that with speed Our Guest well bath'd, and all his gifts made sure, It may a joyfull appetite procure To his fucceeding Feaft, and make him heare The Poets Himne, with the securer care. To all which, I will adde my boll of gold, In all frame curious, to make him hold My memory alwaies deare; and facrifife With it at home, to all the Deities. Then Arete, her maids charg'd to fet on A well-fiz'd Caldron quickly. Which was done; Cleare water powr'd in, flame made fo entire, It gilt the braffe, and made the water fire. In meane space, from her chamber brought the Queene A wealthy Cabinet, where (pure and cleane) She put the garments, and the gold bestowd By that free State: and then, the other vowd By her Alcinous, and faid: Now Gueft Make close and fast your gifts, lest when you rest A ship-boord sweetly, in your way you meet

Some losse, that lesse may make your next sleepe sweet. This when Vlyffes heard; all fure he made; Enclosed and bound safe; for the sauing trade, The Reuerend for her wisedome (Circe) had In foreyeares taught him. Then the handmaid bad His worth to bathing, which reioye't his heart. For fince he did with his Calypso part, He had no hote baths. None had fauourd him: Nor bin fo tender of his kingly lim. But all the time he spent in her abode, He liu'd respected, as he were a God.

Cleanfd then and balmd; faire shirt, and robe put on; Fresh come from bath, and to the Feasters gone; Nausicaa, that from the Gods hands tooke The foueraigne beautie of her bleffed looke, Stood by a well-caru'd Columne of the roome, And through her eye, her heart was ouercome Mausicaa enfla. With admiration of the Port imprest

med with Plyffes In his aspects and faid: God faue you Gueft!

Be chearfull, as in all the future state, Your home will shew you in your better Fate. But yet, even then, let this rememberd be, Your lifes price, I lent, and you owe it me.

The varied in all counfels gaue reply: Nausicaa! flowre of all this Empery! So Junes husband, that the strife for noise Makes in the clouds, bleffe me with strife of loyes, In the defir'd day, that my house shall show. As I, as I to a Goddeffe, there shall yow,

To thy faire hand, that did my Being giue; Which Ile acknowledge euery houre I liue. This faid: Alcinous plac't him by his fide; Then tooke they feast, and did in parts divide

The severall dishes; filld out wine, and then

Reuerend respect and honor; since the Queene

The striu'd-for, for his worth, of worthy men, bominibus dig- And reverenc't of the State; Demodocus

ma eft focietas. Was brought in by the good Pontonous. In midft of all the guefts, they gave him place, Against a loftie Pillar; when, this grace The grac't with wisedome did him. From the Chine That flood before him of a white-tooth'd Swine, (Being farre the daintieft ioynt) mixt through with fat, He caru'd to him, and fent it where he fat, By his old friend, the Herald; willing thus: Herald!reach this to grave Demodocus; Say, I salute him; and his worth embrace. Poets descrue past all the humane race,

Of knowledge, and the supreme worth in men (The Muse) informes them; and loves all their race. This reacht the Herald to him; who, the grace Receiu'd encourag'd: which, when feast was spent, Viy/fes amplified to this afcent: Demodocus! I must preferre you farre,

Past all your fort; if, or the Muse of warre, Iones daughter prompts you; (that the Greeks refpects) Or if the Sunne, that thole of Trey affects. For I have heard you, fince my coming, fing The Fate of Greece, to an admired firing. How much our fufferance was; how much we wrought; How much the actions role to, when we fought. So lively forming, as you had bin there, Or to some free relator, lent your eare. Forth then, and fing the woodden horfestrame, Built by Epeus; by the martiall Dame, Taught the whole Fabricke; which by force of fleight,

Vlaffes brought into the Cities height; When he had fluft it with as many men. As leveld loftie Ilion with the Plaine.

With all which, if you can as well enchant, As with expression quicke and elegant, You fung the reft; I will pronounce you cleare, Inspir'd by God, past all that cuer were.

This faid; even flird by God vp, he began; And to his Song fell, part the forme of man; Beginning where, the Greeks a ship-boord went, And every Chiefe, had fet on fire his Tent.

When th'other Kings, in great Viffes guide, In Troys vast market place, the horse did hide: From whence, the Troians, vp to Ilian drew The dreadfull Engine. Where (fate all arew)

Their Kings about it: many counsels given, How to dispose it. In three waies were driven Their whole diffractions: first, if they should feele

The hollow woods heart, (fearcht with piercing fleele) Or from the battlements (drawne higher yet) Deiect it headlong; or, that counterfet,

So vast and novell, fet on facred fire: Vowd to appeale each angerd Godheads ire. On which opinion, they, thereafter, faw, They then should have resolu'd: th'vnakerd law

Of Fate prefaging, that Troy then should end, When th'hostile horse, she should receive to friend; For therein should the Greecas Kings lie hid,

To bring the Fate and death, they after did. He fung belides, the Greeks cruption

Of

From

Heare me. Pheacian Counfellers and Peeres.

And ceasse, Demodocus; perhaps all cares

From those their hollow crasts; and horse forgone; And how they made Depopulation tred Beneath her feete, so high a Cities head. In which affaire, he fung in other place, That of that ambush some man else did race

lyffes glory.

As by the divine The Ilion Towres, then *Laertiades; fury dwelly in- But here he *fung that he alone did feile (With Menelaus) the ascended roofe Of Prince Deiphobus; and Mars-like proofe Made of his valour: a most dreadfull fight,

Daring against him. And there vanquisht quite, In litle time (by great Mineruas aid) All Ilions remnant, and Tray leuell laid. This the divine Expressor, did so give Both act and passion, that he made it line; And to Vlyffes facts did breathe a fire, So *deadly quickning, that it did infpire

In that the flaughters he made were ex-Old death with life; and renderd life fo fweet, And paffionate, that all there felt it fleet, proft fo lively.

Which made him pitie his owne crueltie, And put into that ruth, so pure an eie Of humane frailtie; that to fee a man Could so reviue from Death; yet no way can Defend from death; his owne quicke powres it made Feele there deaths horrors: and he felt life fade In *teares, his feeling braine fwet: for in things

ти, Metaph. Figurifying, con- That moue past viterance, teares ope all their springs.

Simile

iumo, tabeleo. Nor are there in the Powres, that all life beares, More true interpreters of all then teares. And as a Ladie mournes her fole-lou'd Lord, That falne before his Citie, by the fword, Fighting to refcue from a cruell Fate, His towne and children; and, in dead estate Yet panting, seeing him, wraps him in her armes, Weeps, shrickes, and powres her health into his armes; Lies on him, striuing to become his shield From foes that still assaile him; speares impeld Through backe and shoulders; by whose points embrude, They raise and leade him into servitude. Labor and languor: for all which, the Dame Eates downe her cheekes with teares, and feeds lifes flame With miferable fufferanc: So this King, Of teare-swet anguish, op't a boundlesse spring: Nor yet was feene to any one man there. But King Alcinous, who fate fo neare. He could not scape him: fighs (so chok't) so brake > From all his tempers, which the King d.d take Both note, and grave respect of, and thus spake:

Are not delighted with his fong, for, ener Since the divine Muse sung, our Guest hath never Containd from fecret mournings, It may fall, That fomething fung, he hath bin grien'd withall As touching his particular. Forbeare: That Feaft may joyntly comfort all hearts here-And we may cheare our Gueft vp; tis our beft. In all due honor. For our reverend Gueff. Is all our celebration, gifts, and all, His four hath added to our Festimall. A Guest, and suppliant too; we should esteeme Deare as our brother; one that doth but dreame He hath a foule; or touch but at a mind Deathlesse and manly; should stand so enclin'd. Nor cloke you, longer, with your curious wir. (Lou'd Gueft) what euer we shall aske of it. It now stands on your honest state to tell: And therefore give your name; nor more conceale. What of your parents, and the Towne that beares Name of your natine; or of forreiners That neare vs border, you are calld in fame. There's no man living, walkes without a name; Noble nor base; but had one from his birth; Imposde as fit, as to be borne. What earth. People, and citie, owne you! Gine toknow: Tell but our ships all, that your way must show: For our *thips know th'expressed minds of men: And will so most intentiuely retaine Their scopes appointed, that they never erre; And yet vie neuer any man to stere: Nor any Rudders have, as others need. They know mens thoughts; and whither tends their speed. And there will fet them. For you cannot name A Citie to them; nor fat Soile, that Feme Hath any notice ginen; but well they know. And will flie to them, though they ebbe and flow, In blackeft clouds and nights; and neuer beare Of any wracke or rocke, the flendreft feare. But this I heard my Sire 2 enfithous fay Long fince, that 2\(\text{cptume}\) feeing vs conuzy So fafely paffengers of all degrees, Was angry with vs; and vpon our feas, A well-built ship we had (neare habor come, From fafe deduction of some stranger home) Made in his flitting billowes, sticke stone still.

And dimm'd our Citie like a mightie hill

haning it found certain Gennium

M 3

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With shade cast round about it. This report, Intending his fa The old *King made; in which miraculous fort, ther Naufathous. If God had done such things, or left vndone; At his good pleafure be it. But now, on, And truth relate vs; both whence you errd; And to what Clime of men would be transferrd: With all their faire Townes; be they, as they are, If rude, vniust, and all irregular; Or hospitable, bearing minds that please The mightie Deitie. Which one of thefe You would be fet at, fay; and you are there; And therefore what afflicts you! why, to heare The Fate of Greece and Ilion, mourne you fo: The Gods haue done it; as to all, they do Destine destruction: that from thence may rife A Poeme to instruct posterities. Fell any kinfman before Ilion? Some worthy Sire-in-law, or like-neare fonne: Whom next our owne blood and felfe-race we lone? Or any friend perhaps, in whom did moue A knowing foule, and no vnpleafing thing: Since fuch a good one, is no vnderling To any brother: for, what fits true friends, True wisedome is, that blood and birth transcends.

Finis libri octani Hom.Ody

THE



THE NINTH BOOKE OF HOMERS ODYSSES.

THE ARGUMENT.

V Lysics here, is first made known;
Who telt the stern contention,
His power did gainst the Cicous tries
of and thence to the Locophagie
Extends his compansit, and from them,
Assays the Cyclop Polypheme;
And by the crasts, his mest apply,
He puts him out his mesty eye.

Another.

Lola. The firm gely fed Lotophagie. The Cicons fled. The Cyclops eye.

Note of the iust and bleffed Empery,

Lyfes thus refolu'd the Kings demands.

Alcinous! (in whom this Empire flands)
You flould not of so natural right disherie
Your princely feast, as take from a the spirits.
To heare a Poet, that in accent brings
The Gods bress downe; and breathes them as he sings,
Is sweet, and facred; nor can I conceive.

In any common weale, what more doth gine

He begins where
Alcinous commanded Demo-

Then to fee Comfort viniuerfally
Cheare up the people. When in enery roofe,
She giues observers a most humane proofe
Of mens contents. To fee a neighbours Feast
Adome it through, and thereas, beare the breast
Of the dinine Muse; men in order fee,
A wince-page waiting, Tables crowned with meate,
Set close to guests, that are to whe it skilld;
The Cup-boords furnisht, and the cups fall fall.

A "wine-page waiting, Tables crownd with meate; Set clofe to guefts, that are to we is skilld; The Cup-bootds furnish; and the cups still filld. This shewes (to my mind) most humanchy sine. Nor should you, for me, still the heatenly sine, That stirrd my soule so; for I loue such teares, As fall from fit notes; beaten through mine cares, With repetitions of what heaten hath done; And breake from heartie apprehension of God and goodnesse, though they shew my ill. And therefore doth my mind excite me fail.

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To tell thy bleeding mone; but much more now, To ferue your pleafure: that to ouer-flow My teares with fuch cause, may by fighs be driven; Though ne're fo much plagu'd, I may feeme by heaven. And now my name; which, way shall leade to all My miseries after: that their sounds may fall Through your eares also, and shew (having fled

So much affliction) first, who rests his bead In your embraces; when (fo farre from home) I knew not where t'obtaine it resting roome. I am Vivies Laertiades;

The feare of all the world for policies, For which, my facts as high as heaven refound. I dwell in Ithaca, Earths most renownd: All ouer-shadow'd with the * Shake-leafe hill Tree-fam'd Neritus; whose neare confines fill

quatientem feu agitantem frondes.

Ilands a number, well inhabited, That under my observance taste their bread. quedam quibus Dulichius, Samos, and the full-of- food vita tusteneatur Zacynthus, likewise grac't with store of wood. and appellantur. But Ithaca, (though in the feas it lie)

Yet lies the fo aloft, the casts her eye Quite ouer all the neighbour Continent. Quite ouer all the neignbour Commons
Farre Norward finate; and (being lent With barren tocks and cliffes is over-runne. And yet of hardie youths, a Nurse of Name. Nor could I fee a Soile, where ere I came, More sweete and withfull. Yet, from hence was I

Withheld with horror, by the Deitie

Divine Calppso, in her cavie house; Diune Catypio, in ner caute noute; Enflam'd to make me her fole Lord and Spoufe. Circe Æea too, (that knowing Dame, Whose veines, the like affections did inflame) Detaind me likewise. But to neithers loue.

Could I be tempted; which doth well approue; Nothing to fweete is as our countries earth, And joy of those, from whom we claime our birth.

Though roofes farrericher, we farre off postesse, Yet (from our native) all our more, is leffent

To which, as I contended, I will tell to Be to the second of the second The much-diffrest-conferring-facts, that fell By Iones divine prevention; fince I fer, From ruin'd Troy, my first foote in retreat.

From Ilion, ill winds cast me on the Coast The Cicons hold; where I emploid mine hoaft For Ifmarus, a Citie, built iuft by For Ifmarus, a Citie, built iuft by
My place of landing; of which, Villory

Mad

Made me expugner. I depeopld it. Slue all the men, and did their wives remit. With much spoile taken, which we did dinide, That none might need his part. I then applied All speed for flight: but my command therein. (Fooles that they were) could no observance win Of many fouldiers, who with spoile fed hie, Would yet fill higher; and exceffinely Fell to their wine; gaue flaughter on the flore. Clouen-footed becues and theepe, in mightic flore. In meane space, Cients did to Cients crici When, of their nearest dwellers instantly Many and better fouldiers made ftrong head, That held the Continent, and managed Their horse with high skill: on which they would fight. When fittelt cause seru'd; and againe alight, (With soone seene vantage) and on soote contend. Their concourse swift was, and had never end;

As thicke and fodaine twas, as flowres and leanes Darke Spring discouers, when the *Light receases. And then began the bitter Fate of Inne To alter vs vnhappie; which, even stroug

To give vs fuffrance. At our Fleet we made Enforced stand; and there did they innade Our thrust-vp Forces:darts encountred darts. With blowes on both fides: either making parts

Good vpon either, while the Morning shone, And facred Day her bright increase held ons Though much out-matcht in number. But as soone As Phebus Weltward fell, the Cirons wonne Much hand of vs; fixe proved fouldiers fell

To feeke of Flight escape from Death and Fate. Thence (fad in heart) we faild: and yet our State Was something chear'd; that (being over-matcht so much In violent number) dur retreate was fuch, As fau'd fo many. Our deare losse the lesse, That they furuit'd; fo like for like fuccesse.

(Of every ship) the rest they did compell

Yet left we not the Coaft, before we calld Home to our country earth, the foules exhald, Of all the friends, the Cicars ouercame. Thrice calld we on them, by their feuerall name, And then tooke leave. Then from the angry Worth, Cloud-gathering tone, a dreadfull ftorme calld forth

Against our Nauie; couerd shore and all;

With gloomic vapors. N ight did headlong fall From frowning Heaven. And then hurld here and there Was all our Nauie; the rude winds did teare,

In three, in foure parts, all their failes; and downe Driuen vnder hatches were we prest to drowne. Vp rusht we yet againe; and with tough hand (Two daies, two nights entoild) we gat nere lands Labours and forrowes, eating vp our minds. The third cleare day yet, to more friendly winds We masts aduanc't, we white sailes spred, and sate. Forewinds, and guides, againe did iterate, Our ease and home-hopes; which we cleare had reacht: Had nor, by chance, a sodaine North-wind setcht, With an extreame fea, quite about againe, Our whole endeuours; and our courfe constraine To giddie round; and with our bowd failes greete Dreadfull Maleia; calling backe our fleete. As farre forth as Cythera. Nine dayes more, Aduerse winds tost me; and the tenth, the shore, Where dwell the bloffome-fed Lotophagie, I fetcht: fresh water tooke in; instantly Fell to our food aship-boord; and then sent Two of my choice men to the Continent, (Adding a third, a Herald) to discouer.

THE NINTH BOOKE

What fort of people were the Rulers ouer The Losophogie. The land next to vs. Where, the first they met, Were the Lotophagie, that made them cate Their Country diet; and no ill intent, Hid in their hearts to them: and yet th'cuent. To ill converted it; for, having eate Their daintie viands; they did quite forget (As all men else, that did but taste their feast) Both country-men and country; nor addrest Any returne, tinforme what fort of men Made fixt abode there; but would needs maintaine, Abode themselves there; and eate that food ever. I made out after; and was faine to feuer Th'enchanted knot; by forcing their retreate; That striu'd, and wept, and would not leave their meate For heaven it felfe. But, dragging them to flecte: I wrapt in fure bands, both their hands and feete. And cast them under hatches; and away Commanded all the rest, without least stay; Lest they should taste the Lote too; and forget With such strange raptures, their despise retreate. All then aboord, we beate the fea with Ores;

And still with fad hearts faild by out-way shores; Till th'out-lawd Cyclops land we fetcht; a race The idle Cyclops. Of proud-liu'd loiterers, that neuer fow. Nor put a plant in earth, nor vic a Plow; But trust in God for all things, and their earth,

(Vnfowne, vnplowd) gives every of-fpring birth, That other lands have. Wheate, and Barley: Vines That beare in goodly Grapes, delicious wines: And Jone lends showres for all:no counsels there. Nor counsellers, nor lawes; but all men beare Their heads aloft on mountaines, and those steepe, And on their tops too: and there, houses keepe In vaultie Caues; their housholds gouernd all By each manslaw, imposse in severalls Nor wife, nor child awd; but as he thinks good.2 None for another caring. But there flood Another litle lle, well ftor'd with wood. Betwixt this and the entry; neither nie The Cyclops Ile, nor yet farre off doth lie. Mens want it sufferd, but the mens supplies. The Goates made with their inarticulate cries. Goates beyond number, this small Iland breeds. So tame, that no accelle disturbs their feeds. No hunters (that the tops of mountaines feale, And rub through woods with toile) feeke them at all. Nor is the foile with flocks fed downe, nor plowds Nor cuer in it any feed was fowd. Nor place the neighbour Cyclops their delights. In braue Vermilion prow-deckt ships; nor wrights Viefull and skilfull, in fuch works, as need Perfection to those trafficks, that exceed Their natural confines: to flie out and fee Cities of men; and take in, mutually The prease of others; To themselves they live, And to their Iland, that enough would gine A good inhabitant; and time of yeare Observe to all things Art could order there. There, close vpon the sea, sweet medowes spring, That yet of fresh streames want no watering To their foft burthens: but of speciall yeeld, Your vines would be there; and your common field, But gentle worke make for your plows yet beare A loftie haruest when you came to sheare. For passing fat the soile is. In it lies A harbor lo opportune, that no ties, Halfers, or gables need; nor anchors caft. Whom stormes *put in there, are with stay embrac'ts Or to their full wils fafe; or winds afpire To Pilots vses their more quicke defire. At entry of the hauen, a filuer foord Is from a rock-impressing fountaine powr'd, All let with fable Poplars; and this Port Were we arrived at, by the sweet resort

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Of some God guiding vs: for twas a night So gastly darke, all Port was past our fight, Clouds hid our ships, and would not let the Moone Affoord a beame to vs. the whole Ile wonne, By not an eye of ours. None thought the Blore That then was vp, shou'd waves against the shore, That then to an vnmeafur'd height put on. We still at sea esteemd vs, till alone Our fleet put in it selfe. And then were strooke Our gatherd failes: our rest ashore we tooke, And day expected. When the Morne gaue fire, We role, and walkt, and did the Ile admire. The Nymphs, Iones daughters, putting vp a heard Of mountaine Goates to vs., to render cheard My fellow fouldiers. To our Fleet we flew; Our crooked bowes tooke, long-pil'd darts, and drew Our felues in three parts out; when, by the grace That God vouch-laft, we made a gainfull chace. Twelve ships we had, and every ship had nine Fat Goates allotted; ten onely mine. Thus all that day, even till the Sunne was fet, We fate and feafted; pleafant wine and meate, Plenteoufly taking; for we had not fpent Our ruddie wine aship-boord: supplement Of large fort, each man to his veffell drew, When we the facred Citie ouerthrew, That held the Cicons. Now then faw we neare, The Cyclops late-praised Iland; and might heare The murmure of their sheepe and goates; and see Their smokes ascend. The Sunne then set, and we (When Night succeeded) tooke our rest ashore. And when the world the Mornings fauour wore, I calld my friends to councell; charging them To make stay there, while I tooke ship and streame, With some associates; and explor'd what men The neighbour Ile held: if of rude disdaine. Churlish and tyrannous, or minds bewraid Pious and hospitable. Thus much said, I boorded, and commanded to ascend My friends and fouldiers, to put off, and lend Way to our ship. They boorded, sate, and beate The old sea forth, till we might see the seate, The greatest Crolop held for his abode: Which was a deepe Caue, neare the common rode Ofships that toucht there; thicke with Lawrels spred, Where many sheepe and goates lay shadowed: And neare to this, a Hall of torne-vp frone, High built with Pines, that heaven and earth attone:

And loftic-fronted Okes: in which kept house. A man in thate, immane, and monfterous, Fed all his flocks alone; nor would affoord Commerce with men; but had a wit abhord; His mind, his body answering. Nor was he Like any man, that food could possibly Enhance fo hugely; but (beheld alone) Shewd like a steepe hils top, all ouergrowne With trees and brambles; litle thought had I Of fuch valt objects. When arrived to nics Some of my lou'd friends, I made flay aboord. To guard my thip; and twelve with me I thor'd. The choice of all. I tooke befides along, A Goat-skin flagon of wine, blacke and flrong. That Mare did present; Enantheus sonne, And Prieft to Phebus: who had manfion In Thracian Ifmarus (the Towne I tooke) He gaue it me; fince I (with reverence ftrooke, Of his graue place, his wife and childrens good) Freed all of violence. Amidst a wood Sacred to Phebus, flood his house; from whence He fetcht me gifts of varied excellences Seven talents of fine golds a boll all fram'd Of maffic filner. But his gift, most fam'd, Was twelve great velick, filld with fuch rich wine, As was incorruptible, and dittine. He kept it as his iewell, which none knew But he himselfe, his wife, and he that drew. It was so strong, that never any filld A cup, where that was but by drops instilld. And drunke it offs but twas before allaid With twentie parts in water: yet lo swaid . The spirit of that litle, that the whole, A facred odour breath'd about the boll. Had you the odour smelt, and sent it cast, It would have vext you to forbeare the taffe. But then (the tafte gaind too) the spirit it wrought, To dare things high, fet vp an end my thought. Of this, a hoge great flagon full I bore, And in a good large knapfacke, violes flores And longd to fee this heape of fortitude. That so illiterate was, and vpland rude, That lawes divine nor humane he had learnd. With speed we reacht the Cauerne, nor discernd His presence there. His flocks he fed at field. Entring his den; each thing beheld, did yeeld Our admiration: shelpes with cheeses heapt; Sheds stuft with Lambs and Goates, dislinedly kepts

Vinum Maroneum memozabile.

Distinct the biggest; the more meane distinct. Distinct the yongest. And in their precinct (Proper and placefull) flood the troughs and pailes. In which he milkt; and what was given at meales. Set vp a creaming in the Euening still,

THE NINTH BOOKE

All scouring bright, as deaw vpon the hill. Then were my fellowes inftant to conuav Kids, cheefes, lambs, aship-boord; and away Saile the falt billow. I thought best, not so. But better otherwife; and first would know. What guest-gifts he would spare me. Little knew My friends, on whom they would have preyd: his view Prou'd after, that his inwards were too rough For fuch boldvlage: we were bold enough, In what I fufferd; which was there to flav: Make fire and feed there, though beare none away. There fate we, till we faw him feeding come. And on his necke a burthen lugging home, Most highly hoge of Sere-wood, which the pile That fed his fire, supplide all supper while. Downe by his den he threw it; and vp rofe A tumult with the fall. Afraid we close Withdrew our felues, while he into a Caue Of huge receit, his high-fed cattell drave. All that he milkt; the males he left without His loftie roofes, that all bestrowd about With Rams and buck-goates were. And then a rocke He lift aloft, that damd up to his flocke. The doore they enterd: twas fo hard to wield. That two and twentie Waggons, all foure-wheeld, (Could they be loaded, and have teames that were Proportion'd to them) could not flirre it there. Thus, making fure, he kneeld and milkt his Ewes. And braying Goates, with all a milkers dues. Then let in all their yong: then, quicke did dreffe, His halfe milke vp for cheefe, and in a preffe Of wicker prest its put in bolls the rest. To drinke, and eate, and serue his supping feast.

All works dispatcht thus; he began his fire; Which blowne, he faw vs, and did thus enquire: Ho! Guests! what are ye! whence faile ye these seas! Trafficke, or roue ye and like theeues oppreffe Poore strange aduenturers; exposing so Your foules to danger, and your lives to wo!

This viterd he, when Feare from our hearts tooke The very life; to be so thunder-strooke With fuch a voice, and fuch a monster fee. But thus I answerd: Ening Grecians we.

From Tree were turning homewards: but by force Of adueric winds, in far-diverted course. Such vnknowne waies tooke, and on rude feas roft, (As low decreed) are cast upon this Coast. Of Agamemuon (famous Asrew fonne) We boaft our felues the fouldiers; who hath wonne Renowme that reacheth heavene to overthrow So great a Citie, and to ruine fo. So many nations. Yet at thy knees lie Our profitate bolomes, forc't with praires to trie, If any hospitable right, or Boone Of other nature, (such as haue bin wonne By lawes of other houses) thou wilt give. Reverence the Gods, thou greatft of all that line. We suppliants are; and hospitable love Poures wreake on all, whom praires want powre to moue: And with their plagues, together will prouide, That humble Guefts shall have their wants supplide. He cruelly answerd: O thou foole (faid he) To come so farre, and to importune me

With any Gods feare, or observed loue: We Cycles care not for your Goat-fed Jones Nor other Bleftones: we are better farre. To toue himselfe, dare I bid open warre: To thee, and all thy fellowes, if I please. But tell me: where's the ship, that by the seas Hath brought thee hither: If farre off, or neare; Informe me quickly. These his temptings were. But I too much knew, not to know his mind. And craft, with craft paid; telling him the wind (Thrust vp from Sea, by him that shakes the Shore) Had dasht our ships against his rocks, and torc Her ribs in peeces, close vpon his Coast: And we from high wracke fau'd; the reft were loft. He answerd nothing; but rusht in and tooke

Two of my fellowes vp from earth, and ftrooke Their braines against it. Like two whelps they sew About his shoulders; and did all embrew The blushing earth. No mountaine Lion tore Two Lambs fo sternly; lapt up all their gore, Gusht from their torne-vp bodies; lim by lim, (Trembling with life yet) raudht into him. Both flesh and marrow-stuffed bones be cate. And even th'vncleanfed entrails made his meate. We weeping, cast our hands to heaven, to view. A fight fo horrid. Desperation flew With all our after lines, to inflant death, In our beleeu'd destruction. But when breath,

This bis relation them cines, For

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The fury of his appetite had got, Because the gulfe his belly reacht his throte; Mans flesh, and Goates milke, laying laire on laire, Till neare chokt vp, was all the passe for aire. Along his den, amongst his cattell, downe He rusht, and streakt him. When my mind was growne Desperate, to step in; draw my sword, and part His bosome, where the strings about the heart Circle the Liver, and adde strength of hand. But that rash thought, More staid, did countermand, For there we all had perisht, since it past Our powres to lift afide a log fo vaft, As barrd all outscape; and so sigh'd away The thought all Night, expeding active Day. Which come, he first of all, his fire enflames, Then milks his Goates and Ewes, then to their dams Lets in their yong; and wondrous orderly, With manly hafte, difpatcht his houfwifery. Then to his Breakfast, to which other two Of my poore friends went: which cate: out then go His heards and fat flocks; lightly putting by The churlish barre, and close it instantly: For both those works, with case, as much he did. As you would ope and thut your Quiuer lid.

With stormes of whistlings then, his slocks he draue Vp to the mountaines; and occasion gaue For me to vie my wits, which to their height, I striu'd to skrew vp; that a vengeance might By fome meanes fall from thence; and Pallas now Affoord a full eare to my neediest vow. This then, my thoughts preferd: a huge club lav Close by his milk-house, which was now in way To drie, and feafon; being an Oliue tree Which late he feld; and being greene, must be Made lighter for his manage. Twas fo vast, That we refembl'd it to some fit Mast. To serue a ship of burthen, that was driven With twentie Ores; and had a bigneffe given, To beare a huge lea. Full fo thicke, fo tall We judg'd this club; which I, in part, hewd fmall. And cut a fathome off. The peece I gaue Amongst my fouldiers, to take downe, and shaue: Which done, I sharpn'd it at top, and then (Hardn'd in fire) I hid it in the den. Within a nastie dunghill recking there, Thicke, and so moist, it issue every where. Then made I lots cast, by my friends to trie, Whose fortune seru'd to dare the bor'd out eie

Of that man-eater; and the lot did fall On foure I wisht to make my aid of all: And Lithe fift made, chosen like the reft. Then came the Euen; and he came from the feaft Of his fat cattell; draue in all; nor kept One male abroad: if, or his memory flept By Gods direct will; or of purpole was His driving in of all then, doth surpasse My comprehension. But he closed against The mightie barre, milkt, and did still maintaine All other observation, as before. His worke, all done: two of my fouldiers more. At once he fnatcht vp. and to fupper went. Then dar'd I words to him, and did prefent A boll of wine, with these words: Cyclop!take A boll of wine from my hand that may make Way for the mans fieth thou haft cate, and thow What drinke our thip helds which in facred yow. I offer to thee, to take ruth on me In my difmiffion home. Thy rages be No who more fufferable. How shall men (Mad and inhumane that thou art) againe Greet thy abode, and get thy actions grace, If thus thou rageft, and eatfl vp their race. He tooke, and drunke; and vehemently joyd To tafte the fiveet cup; and againe employed My flagons powre, entreating more, and faid: Good Gueff, againe affoord my tafte thy aid; And let me know thy name; and quickly That in thy recompence I may beflow A hospitable gift on thy deferts And fuch a one as shall reioyce thy heart: For to the Cylops too, the gentle Earth Beares generous wine; and tone augments her birth. In store of such, with showres. But this rich wine. Fell from the river that is meere divine, Of Netter and Ambrofia. This againe I gave him; and againe, nor could the foole abstaine. But drunke as often. When the noble Invee Had wrought vpon his spirit; I then gave vse To fairer language; [aying: Cylop!now As thou demandst, lie tell thee my names do thou Make good thy hospitable gift to me: My name is No-Man, No-Man, each degree Of friends, as well as parents, call my name. He answerd, as his cruell soule became: No-Man! Ile cate thee last of all thy friends: And this is that, in which so much amends

N 3

Simile.

Simile.

OF HOMERS ODYSSES.

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I vowd to thy deferuings; thus shall be My hospitable gift, made good to thee. This faid; he vowards fell; but then bent round His fleshie necke; and Sleepe (with all crownes, crownd) Subdude the Sauage. From his throte brake out My wine, with mans flesh gobbers, like a spour; When loded with his cups, he lay and fnor d. And then tooke I the clubs end vp, and gor'd The burning cole-heape, that the point might heate. Confirmd my fellowes minds, left Feare should let Their vowd affay, and make them flie my aid. Strait was the Oline Lener, I had laid Amidst the huge fire, to get hardning, hot; And glowd extremely, though twas greene; (which got From forth the cinders) close about me stood My hardie friends: but that which did the good, Was Gods good inspiration, that gaue A spirit beyond the spirit they vide to haue: Who tooke the Olive sparre, made keene before, And plung'd it in his eye: and vp I bore, Bent to the top close, and helpt poure it in. With all my forces: And as you have feene A ship-wright bore a nauall beame; he oft Thrusts at the Augurs Froofe; works still aloft: And at the shanke, helpe others; with a cord Wound round about, to make it fooner bor'd. All plying the round still: So into his eye. The firie stake, we labourd to imply. Out gusht the blood that scalded is eye-ball Thrust out a flaming vapour, that corcht all His browes and eye-lids; his eye-strings did cracke, As in the sharpe and burning rafter brake. And as a Smith to harden any toole, (Broad Axe, or Mattocke) in his Trough doth coole The red-hote substance, that so feruent is, It makes the cold wave strait to seethe and hisse: So fod, and hizd his eye about the stake. He roar'd withall; and all his Cauerne brake In claps like thunder. We, did frighted flie, Dispersion corners. He from forth his cie, The fixed stake pluckt: after which, the blood Flowd freshly forth; and, mad, he hurl'd the wood About his houill. Out he then did crie

For other Cyclops, that in Cauernes by,

Vpon a windie Promontorie dwelld.

What ill afflicted him, that he expir'd

Who hearing how impetuoufly he yelld.

Rusht euery way about him; and enquir'd,

Such horrid clamors; and in facred Night,
To breake their fleepes for Askt him, if his fright
Came from fome mortall, that his flocks had driven?
Or if by craft, or might, his death were given?
He answerd from his den; By craft, nor might,
No man hath given me death. They then faid right;
If no man hurt thee, and thy felfe alone;
That which is done to thee; by lowe is done.
And what great lowe inflicts, no man can flie;
Pray to thy Father yet, "a Deitie;
And prove, from him, if thou canft helpe acquire.
Thus spake they, leaving him. When all on fire,
My heart with ioy was; that so well my wit,

Weptune.

And name deceived him, whom now paine did split, And groning vp and downe, he groping tride, To find the stone, which found he put asides But in the doore fate, feeling if he could (As his sheepe iffude) on some man lay hold; Esteeming me a foole, that could deuise No stratageme to scape his grosse surprise. But I, contending what I could innent, My friends and me, from death fo imminent, Toget deliuerd: all my wiles I woue, (Life being the subject) and did this approve, Fat fleecie Rams, most faire, and great, lay there, That dida *burthen like a Violet beare. These (while this learn'd in villanie did sleepe) I yokt with Ofiers cut there, sheepe to sheepe; Three in a ranke; and still the mid sheepe bore A man about his belly: the two more, Marcht on his each fide for defence. I then, Chufing my felfe the fairest of the den, His fleecie belly vnder-crept; embrac't His backe, and in his rich wooll wrapt me fast With both my hands, arm'd with as fast a mind. And thus each man hung, till the Morning thin'ds Which come, he knew the houre, and let abroad His male-flocks first: the females, vnmilkt stood Bleating and braying; their full bags fo fore, With being vnemptied; but their shepheard more, With being vnfighted; which was cause, his mind Went not a milking. He (to wreake enclin'd) The backs felt as they past, of those male dams: (Groffe foole) beleeuing, we would ride his Rams. Nor euer knew, that any of them bore Voon his belly, any man before.

The last Ram came to passe him, with his wooll,

And me together loded to the full:

Wooll of a viol

For there did I hang: and that Ram he staid: And me withall had in his hands; my head Troubl'd the while, not causefly, nor least. This Ram he grop't, and talkt to: Lazie beaft! Why last art thou now: thou hast neuer vide To lag thus hindmost : but still first hast brusde The tender bloffome of a flowre; and held State in thy steps, both to the flood and field: First still at Fold at Even: now last remaine: Doeft thou not with I had mine eye againe, Which that abhord man No-Man did put out. Affisted by his execrable rout, When he had wrought me downe with wine: but he Must not escape my wreake so cunningly. I would to heaven thou knewst, and could but speake, To tell me where he lurks now; I would breake His braine about my Caue, strewd here and there, To ease my heart of those foule ils, that were Th'inflictions of a man, I prilde at nought.

THE NINTH BOOKE

Thus let he him abroad; when I (once brought A litle from his hold) my felfe first losde, And next, my friends. Then draue we, and dispose. His strait-leggd fat fleece-bearers ouer land, Euen till they all were in my thips command: And to our lou'd friends, thewd our praid-for fight. Fscap't from death. But for our losse, outright They brake in teares, which with a looke I staid. And bad them take our Boote in. They obaid: And vp we all went; fate, and vide our Ores. But having left as farre the fauage shores, As one might heare a voice; we then might fee The Cyclop at the hauen; when initantly I staid our Ores, and this insultance wide: Cyclop!thou shouldst not have so much abusede

Vlyffes infults over the Cyclop.

Thy monstrous forces, to oppose their least, Against a man immartiall, and a guest: And eate his fellowes: thou might ft know there were Some ils behind (rude swaine) for thee to beare; That feard not to deuoure thy guests, and breake All lawes of humanes: Ioue fends therefore wreake. And all the Gods, by me. This blew the more His burning furie, when the top he tore From off a huge Rocke; and so right a throw Made at our ship, that just before the Prow. It ouerflew and fell: mift Maft and all Exceeding litle; but about the fall, So fierce a wave it raild, that backe it bore Our ship so farre, it almost toucht the shore.

A bead-hooke then (a far-extended one) I fnatcht vp thrust hard, and so set vs gone Some litle way: and strait commanded all To helpe me with their Ores; on paine to fall Againe on our confusion. But a signe, I with my head made; and their Ores were mine, In all performance. When we off were let, (Then first, twice further) my heart was so great, It would againe prouoke him: but my men On all fides rusht about me, to containe: And faid: Vnhappic! why will you propoke A man fo rude; that with fo dead a stroke, Given with his Rock-dart, made the sea thrust backe Our ship so farre; and neare hand fore't our wracker Should he againe, but heare your voice refound, And any word reach: thereby would be found His Darts direction: which would in his fall. Crnsh peece-meale vs. quite split our ship and all-So much dart weilds the monfter. Thus vig'd they Impossible things, in feare; but I gave way To that wrath, which fo long I held depreft, (By great 2\ ecessitie conquerd) in my breft. Cyclop! if any aske thee, who impolde Th'vnfightly blemish that thine eye encloses Say that Vlyffes (old Laertes fonne, Whose seate is Ithaca; and who hath wonne Surname of Citic-racer) bor'd it out. At this he braid fo loud, that round about He draue affrighted Ecchoes through the Aires And faid: O beaft! I was premonifut faire. By aged Prophecie, in one that was A great and good man; this should come to passe,

And how tis prou'd now? Augur Telemus, Surnam'd Eurymedes (that spent with vs His age in Augurie; and did exceed In all presage of Truth) said all this deed, Should this event take; author'd by the hand Of one Vly (es; who I thought was mand With great and goodly personage, and bore A vertue answerable: and this shore Should shake with weight of such a conqueror. When now a weakling came, a dwarfie thing, A thing of nothing; who yet wit did bring, That brought supply to all; and with his wine, Put out the flame, where all my light did shine. Come land againe Vir [es! that my hand, May Guest-rites give thee; and the great command, That Neptune hath at lea, I may convert

Polyphems im-

gainft Vly ffes.

With my follicitings; whose Sonne I am; And whole fame boalts to beare my Fathers name. Nor thinke my hurt offends me, for my Sire Can foone repole in it the visual fire.

At his free pleafure; which no powre befide Can boalt of men, or of the Deifide. I answerd: Would to God I could compell

Both life and foule from thee; and fend to hell

Those spoiles of nature. Hardly Neptune then

Could cure thy hurt, and give thee all again. Then flew fierce vowes to 2\(\text{eptune}\), both his hands To flarre-borne heaven cast: O thou that all lands

Girdst in thy ambient Circle; and in aire Shak'st the curld Tresses of thy Saphire haire: If I be thine, or thou maift inftly vant, Thou art my Father: heare me now, and grant That this Vlyffes (old Laertes forme.

That dwels in Ithaca; and name hath wonne Of Citie-ruiner) may neuer reach His naturall region. Or if to fetch.

That, and the fight of his faire roofes and friends, Be farall to him let him that Amends

For all his miferies, long time and ill. Smart for, and faile of: nor that Fate fulfill. Till all his fouldiers quite are cast away In others ships. And when, at last, the day Of his fole-landing, shall his dwelling show.

Let Detriment prepare him wrongs enow. Thus praid he Neptune; who, his Sire appeard; And all his praire to every fyllable heard.

But then a Rocke, in fize more amplified Then first, he rauisht to hims and implied A dismall strength in it; when (wheeld about) He fent it after vs. nor flew it out

From any blind aime; for a litle paffe Beyond our Fore-decke, from the fall there was: With which the fea, our ship gaue backe your. And thrunke vp into billowes from the stone;

Our ship againe repelling neare as neare The shore as first. But then our Rowers were (Being warnd, more armd) and stronglier stemd the flood

That bore backe on vs, till our thip made good The other Iland, where our whole Fleet lay; In which our friends lay mourning for our flave And every minute lookt when we should land.

Where (now arriu'd) we drew up to the fand; The Cyclops sheepe dissiding, that none there OF HOMERS ODYSSES.

(Of all our prinates) might be wrung, and beare Too much on powre. The Ram verwes alone, By all my friends, made all my portion. Abone all others; and I made him then.

A facilite for me, and all my men, To cloud-compelling Ine, that all commands. To whom I burnd the Thighs: but my fad hands,

Received no grace from him, who fludied how To offer men and fleete to Overthrow.

All day, till Sun-fet yet, we fate and eater And liberall store tooke in, of wine and meate.

The Sunne then downe, and place relign'd to shade, We flept, Morne came, my men I raild, and made All go aboord; weigh Anker, and away.

They boorded, fate and beate the aged feat And forth we made faile, fad for loffe before, And yet had comfort, fince we loft no more.

Finis libri noni Hom.Odyff.

THE



THE TENTH BOOKE OF HOMERS ODYSSES.

THE ARGUMENT.

7 Lyffes now relates to vs. The grace be had with A Eolus Great Guardian of the bollow winds: Which in a leather bag he binds, And gines Vlyffes; all but one. Which Zephyre was; who filld alone Vlystes failes. The Bag once feene (While he slept) by Viystes men; They thinking it did gold inclose: To find it all the winds did lofe. Who backe flew to their guard againe. Forth faild he; and did next attaine To where the Læstrigonians dwell. Where he eleven ships lost; and fell On the AExan coaft; whose shore He (ends Eurylochus t'explore. Dividing with him halfe his men: Who go and turne no more againe; (All fane Eurylochus, to fwine By Circe surnd.) Their flayes encline Vlystes to their fearch; who got Of Mercurie an Antidote. (Which Moly was) gainft Circes charmes, And so anoids bis souldiers barmes. A yeare with Circe all remaine, And then their native formes requine. On otter shores, a time they dwell, While Ithacus descends to hell.

Another.

Kanua Great A Folus
And Circe, friends,
Finds Ithacus;
And Hell descends.



O the *Eolian* lland we attaind,
That fromme about full on the fea; where raign'd
The God-lou'd *Eoline Hippotyles*,
A wall of fitce it had, and in the feas,
A wave-beat-fmooth-rocke, mou'd about the wall.

Twelue children, in his house imperiall,
Were borne to him: of which, sixe daughters were,
And sixe were sonnes, that youths sweet flower did heare.

His daughters, to his fonnes he game, as wines, Who foent in feafffull comforts all thiele lines; Clofe feated by their Sire, and his gene Spouse. Past number were the dishes, that the house. Made ener fauour, and still full she Hall; As long as day shin'd; in the night thins, all 1971 19 Slept with their chaste wines. Each his shere and bed Most richly furnishe, and this life they led.

We reacht the Cittie, and faire toofes of thefe;
Where, a whole moneths time, all things that might please.
The King vouchfast vs. Of great Troy contained.
The Greeiss fleete, and how the Greeker redistrict.
To all which, I game answer, as behou'd.

The fit time come; when I dismission then'd. He nothing would denie me, but addrest My paffe with fuch a bountie, as might beft Teach me contentment. For he did enfold Years Within an Oxe hide, flead at nine yeares old, All th'airie blafts, that were of ftormie kinds. Saturnian made him Steward of his winds And gaue him powre, to raife and to affwage; And thefe he gaue me, curbd thus of their tage. Which in a glittering filuer band I bound And hung up in my thip : enclosed to round. That no egrellion, any breath could find Onely he left abroad the Westerne wind: To speede our ships and vs. with blasts secure. But our fecurities, made all vnfure: Nor could be confurmate our course alone, When all the rest had got egression. Which thus fucceeded. Nine whole daies and nights We faild in fafetic; and the tenth, the lights Borne on our Countrey earth, we might descrie: So neere we drew, and yet even then fell I (Being oueswatcht) into a fatall fleepe: For I would fuffer no man elfe to keepe The foote that ruld my veffels courie; to leade The fafter home. My friends then Enny fed, About the bag I hung vp; and supposide, That gold, and filter, I had there encloide, As gift from Æeles. And faid, O heaven! What grace, and grane price, is by all men ginen To our Commander : Whitefocuer coaft Or towne, he comes to, how much the engroft Of faire and precious prey and brought from Troy! We the same voiage went; and yet enjoy In our returne, thefe emptie hands for all. This bag now, Ale was fo Rherall

Lapiter

modernes He calles the Sterne, the foote of the hip

To make a Guest-gift to him. Let ve trie Of what confifts, the faire-bound Treasuries And how much gold, and filuer it containes. Ill counsaile, present approbation gaines. They op't the bag, and out the vapours brake; When instant tempest did our vessell take, That bore vs backe to Sea; to mourne anew Our absent Countrey. Vp amazd I flew, And desperate things discourst; if I should call My selfe to ruine in the seas; or taste Amongst the living more mone, and sustaine: Silent, I did fo; and lay hid againe Beneath the hatches: while an ill winde tooke My ships, backe to Æolia: my men strooke With woe enough. We pumpt and landed then; Tooke foode, for all this; and (of all my men,) I tooke a Herald to me, and away Went to the Court of Alus; Where they Were feasting still: he, wife and children set Together close. We would not (at their meate) Thrust in; but humbly on the threshold fat. Hethen, amazd, my presence wonderd at-And calld to me: Vigffes! how, thus backe Art thou arriv'd here? what foule spirit brake Into thy bosome to retire thee thus? We thought we had deduction, curious Given thee before; to reach thy shore and home; Did it not like thee? I (euen ouercome With worthy forrow) answerd: My ill men Haue done me mischiese; and to them hath bene My sleepe th'vnhappie motiue. But do you (Dearest of friends) daigne succour to my vow: Your powres command it. Thus endeword I With fost speech to repaire my misery. The rest, with ruth, sat dumbe: but thus spake he; > Auant; and quickly quit my land of thee, Thou worst of all that breathe; it fits not me To conuoy, and take in, whom heavens expose. Away, and with thee go, the worst of woes, That feek'st my friendship, and the Godsthy foes. Thus he difmift me, fighing; foorth we faild,

Thus he dismist me, fighing, foorth we saild,
At heart afflicted: and now wholy saild
The minds my men suffaind: so spent they were
With toiling at their oares; and worse did beare
Their growing labours; that they caused their grought,
By selfe-willd follies; nor now, euer thought
To see their Countrey more. Six nights and daies
We saild; the seuenth, we saw faire Lamos raise

Her loftie Towres (The Leftrigenian State) That beares her Ports, so farre differmmate. Where *Shepheard, Shepheard calls out; he at home Is calld out by the other that doth come From charge abroad, and then goes he to fleepe, The other issuing. He whose turne doth keepe The Night observance, hath his double hire; Since Day and Night, in equal length expire, About that Region; and the Nights watch weigh'd At twice the Daies ward; fince the charge that's laid Vpon the Nights-man (belides breach of fleepe) Exceeds the Daies-mans: for one, oxen keepe, The other sheepe. But when the hauen we found, (Exceeding famous; and enuirond round With one continuate rocke: which, fo much bent, That both ends almost met: so prominent They were; and made, the hauens mouth paffing streight) Our whole fleete, in we got; in whole receipt Our Ships lay anchord clofe : nor needed we Feare harme on any * states, Tranquilline So purely fate there: that waves great nor fmall Did cuer rife to any height at all. And yet would I, no entrie make, but flaid Alone without the hauen; and thence formaid From out a loftie watch-towie raifed there. The Countrie round about: nor any where The worke of man or beaft appeard to me. Onely a fmoke from earth breake, I might fee. I then made choice of two; and added more, A Herald for affociate, to explore What fort of men lin'd there. They went, and faw A beaten way, through which, carts vide to draw Wood from the high hils, to the Towne, and met A maid without the Port; about to get Some neare fpring-water. She, the daughter was Of mightie Lastrigonian, Antiphas: And to the cleare spring, cald Artacia, went: To which the whole Towne, for their water fent. To her they came, and askt who governd there: And what the people, whom he orderd were? She answerd not, but led them through the Port, As making hafte, to shew her fathers Court. Where, enterd; they beheld (to their affright) A woman like a mountaine top, in height. Who rusht abroad; and from the Countaile place Cald home her horrid husband Ambha. Who (deadly minded) straight he firstcht vp one, And fell to supper. Both the rest were gone;

This place fuffers different confirmation, in tors, (in which all erre from the mind of the Poet: 48 in a hundred other places(which yet 1 want time to ap prone) especially about 1770s San Sunter-Sic. Prope enim nochs & diei tunt viz; (or fimiliter which ippe fignifies)
which shey will hane to be voder frood, that the daies in that region are long and the nights Short; where Hom. intends, that the Equinottial is there: (for how elfe is the courfe of day and night neare or equall?) Bus therefore the bath bis double Lire ,being as long about his charge as the ether; and the melat being more dangerom, orc. And f the day were jo long, why should the mirlit, man, be preferred in M.15C7; * For being caff on the fraies, as fings are by weather.

> Antifhas was king there.

mixt with it.

Furnus qui fit

And to the fleete came. Antiphas, a crie Draue through the Citie; (which heard,) instantly This way, and that, innumerable forts. Not men, but Gyants, iffued through the Ports; And mightie flints from rocks tore; which they threw Amongst our ships; through which, an ill noise flew, Of shinerd ships, and life-expiring men. That were, like fishes, by the monsters slaine, And borne to fad feaft. While they flaughterd thefe, That were engag'd in all th'adnantages, The close-mouth'd, and most dead-calme haven could give, I (that without lay) made some meanes to liue; My fword drew; cut my gables; and to oares Set all my men; and, from the plagues, those shores Let flie amongst vs, we made haste to flie; My men, close working, as men loth to die. My ship flew freely off; but theirs that lay On heapes in harbors, could enforce no way Through these sterne fates, that had engag'd them there. Forth our fad remnant faild; yet still retaind, The ioyes of men, that our poore few remaind,

Then to the Ile A as we attaind: Where faire-haird, dreadfull, eloquent Circe raignds Æatas fifter, both by Dame and Sire: Both daughters to heavens man-enlightning fire; And Perfe, whom Oceanius begat. The ship-fit Port here, soone we landed at: Some God directing vs. Two daies; two nights, We lay here pining in the fatall spights Of toile and forrow. But the next third day When faire Aurora had informd; quicke way I made out of my thip; my fword and lance Tooke for my furer guide; and made aduance Vp to a prospect, I affay to see The works of men; or heare mortalitie Expire a voice. When I had climb'd a height Rough and right hardly accessible; I might Behold from Circes house (that in a groue Set thicke with trees, stood; a bright vapor moue. I then grew * curious in my thought to tric * automa narrow. Some fit enquirie; when so spritely flie albet figmfryng I faw the yeallow fmoke. But my discourse, rutius: by rea A first retiring to my ship gaue force Togiue my men their dinner, and to fend, (Before th'aduenture of my felfe) some friend. Being neare my ship; of one so desolate

Some God had pittie, and would recreate

My woes a little, putting vp to me

A great and high-palmd Hart; that (fatallie, lust in my way it selfe, to taste a slood) Was then descending: the Sunne heate had fare Importun'd him, befides the temperature His naturall heate gaue. Howfocuer, I Made up to him, and let my Iauelin flie. That strooke him through the mid-part of his chine: And made him (braying) in the duft confine His flying forces. Forth his spirit flews When I stept in, and from the deaths wound drew My shrewdly-bitten lance; there let him lie Till I, of cut-vp Ofices, did imply, A With; a fathome long, with which, his feete I made together, in a fure league meete. Stoop't under him, and to my necke, I hean'd The mightie burthen; of which, I recean'd A good part on my lance: for elfel could By no meanes, with one hand alone, vphould (loynd with one shoulder) such a deathfulliode. And fo, to both my shoulders, both hands stood Needfull affiltents: for it was a Deare Goodly-wel-growne: when (coming formething neare Where rode my ships) I cast it downe, and rer'd My friends with kind words; whom, by name I cheer'd, In note particular, and faid; See friends, We will not yet to Plates house, our ends Shall not be haftend, though we be declind In cause of comforts till the day delign'd By Fates fixt finger. Come, as long as food Or wine lasts in our ship; less spirit our blood And quit our care and hunger, both in one. This faid; they frolikt, came, and looks yoon With admiration, the huge bodied beaft:

And when their first-seru'd eyes, had done their feast: They washt, and made a to-be-strin'd-for meale. In * point of honour. On which all did dwell The whole day long. And, to our venzons ftore, We added wine till we could with no more.

Sunne set, and darknesse vp; we slept, till light Put darkneffe downe: and then did I excite My friends to * counfaile, vetering this: Now, friends, Affoord vnpaffionate care; though ill Fate lends, So good cause to your passion; no man knowes The reason whence, and how, the darknesse growes; The reason, how the Morne is thus begunne: The reason, how the Man-enlightning Sunne Dives voder earth: the reason how againe He reres his golden head. Those counsailes then

explore those pleafing motion to them:for moir and Poly pares the little be bath so fay, with this long

Circes boufe.

Simile.

That passe our comprehension, we must leaue To him that knowes their causes; and recease Direction from him, in our acts, as farre As he shall please to make them regular: And stoope them to our reason. In our state, What then behoues vs? Can we estimate With all our counfailes, where we are: or know (Without instruction, past our owne skils) how (Put off from hence) to stere our course the more! I thinke we can not. We must then explore These parts for information; in which way We thus farre are: last Morne I might display (From off a high-raifd cliffe) an Iland lie Girt with th'ynmeasur'd Seasand is so nie That in the midft I faw the fmoke arife Through tufts of trees. This rests then to aduise. Who shall explore this. This strooke dead their hearts. Remembring the most execrable parts That Lestrigonian Antiphas had plaid: And that foule Cyclop, that their tellowes braid Betwixt his lawes; which mou'd them fo; they cried. But idle teares, had never wants supplied. I, in two parts divided all; and gave To either part his Captaine: I must have The charge of one; and one of God-like looke, Eurylochus, the other. Lots we shooke, (Put in a caske together,) which of vs Should leade th'attempt; and twas Eurylochus. He freely went; with two and twenty more: All which, tooke leave with teares; and our eyes wore The same wet badge, of weake humanity. Thefe, in a dale, did Circes house descries Of bright stone built, in a conspicuous way: Before her gates hill-wolues, and Lyons lay; Which with her virtuous drugs, so tame she made; That Wolfe, nor Lyon, would one man inuade With any violence; but all arole; Their huge long tailes wagd; and in fawnes would close, As louing dogs, when mafters bring them home Relicks of feaft; in all observance, come And footh their entries, with their fawnes and bounds All guests, still bringing, some scraps for their hounds: So, on these men, the Wolues, and Lyons rampts Their horrid paws set vp. Their spirits were dampt To see such monstrous kindnesse; staid at gate, And heard within, the Goddeffe elevate

A voicediuine, as at her web, the wrought,

Subtle, and glorious, and past earthly thoughts

As all the houswiferies of Deities are. To heare a voice, fo rauishingly rares Polites (one exceeding deare to me, A Prince of men; and of no meane degree In knowing vertue; in all Acts, whose mind Discreete cares all wayes, vide to turne, and wind) Was yet surprised with it; and faid; O friends. Some one abides within here, that commends The place to vs; and breathes a voice dinine; As the some web wrought, or her spindles twine She cherisht with her fong: the pauement rings With imitation of the tunes the fings: Some woman, or some Goddesse tis; Affay To see with knocking. Thus said he; and they Both knockt, and calld; and straight her shining gates She opened, iffuing: bade them in, to cates. Led, and (vnwise) they follow'd; all, but one Which was Eurylechus: who ftood alone Without the gates; suspicious of a sleight; They enterd, the made fit; and her deceit She cloakt with Thrones; and goodly chaires of State; Set hearby honey, and the delicate Wine brought from Smyrne, to them; meale and cheefes But harmefull venoms, the commixt with thefe; That made their Countrey vanish from their thought. Which, cate; the toucht them, with a rod that wrought Their transformation, farre past humane wunts; Swines fnowts, fwines bodies, tooke they, briftles, grunts, But still retaind the soules they had before: Which made them mourne their bodies change the more. She shut them straight in sties; and gaue them meate Oke-mast, and beech, and Cornell fruite, they eate, Groneling like swine on earth, in fowlest fort. Eurylochus, straight hasted the report Of this his fellowes most remorcefull fate. Came to the ships; but so excruciate Was with his woe: he could not fpeake a word: His eyes flood full of teares; which shew'd how flor'd. His mind with mone remaind. We all admir'd: Askt what had chanc't him, earneftly defir'd He would refolue vs. At the laft, our eyes, Enflam'd in him, his fellowes memories: And out his griefe burft thus; You willd; we went Through those thicke woods you saw; when, a descent Shew'd vs a faire house, in a lightsome ground, Where (at some worke) we heard a heavenly sound Breath'd from a Goddeffe, or a womans breft. They knockt, the op't her bright gates; each, her guest

eshie Caias animus curas prodentes

Seeing them, be thought of his fellower.

Draw from thy thigh thy fword; and flic on her

Her faire inuitement made: not would they flay, (Fooles that they were) when she once led the way. I enterd not, suspecting some deceit. When all together vanisht; nor the fight Of any one, (though long I lookt) mine eye Could any way discouer. Instantly, (My fword and bow reacht) I bad shew the place,

When downe he fell; did both my knees embrace, And praid with teares thus; O thou kept of God, Do not thy felfe loft nor to that aboad Leade others rashly; both thy selfe, and all Thou ventur'st thither, I know well, must fall

In one fure ruine : with these few then flie; We yet may shunne the others destinie.

I answerd him : Eurylechus! stay thou And keepe the ship then; eate and drinke: I now Will yndertake th'aduenture; there is cause In great Necessities vnalterd lawes. This faid, I left both ship and seas; and on Along the facred vallies all alone Went in discouery: till at last I came Where, of the maine-medeine-making Dame

I faw the great house: where, encounterd me, The golden-rod-fustaining Mercurie; ters Mercurie. Euen entring Circes doores. He met me in

A yong mans likeneffe, of the first-flowr'd chin, Whose forme hath all the grace of one so youg: He first cald to me: then my hand, he wrung, And faid; Thouno-place-finding-for repofe;

Whither, alone, by these hill-confines, goes Thy erring foote? Th'art entring Circes house, Where, (by her medcines, blacke, and forcerous)

Thy fouldiers all are shut, in well-armd sties, And turnd to fwine. Art thou arriv'd with prife Fit for their ranfomes: Thou com'ft out no more If once thou enterst. Like thy men before

Made to remaine here ; But Ile guard thee free; And faue thee in her spire : receine of me

This faire and good receipt; with which, once arm'd; Enter her roofes; for th'art to all proofe charm'd Against the ill day: I will tell thee all Her banefull counfaile. With a festinall

Sheele first receive thee; but will spice thy bread With flowrie poylons: yet vnaltered Shall thy firme forme be; for this remedy

Stands most approu'd gainst all her Sorcery. Which thus particularly shunne: When she

Shall with her long rod strike thee; instantly

Asto her flaughter. She, (furprise with feare And loue) at first, will bid thee to her bed. Nor fay the Goddeffe nay; that welcomed Thou mailt with all respect be; and procure Thy fellowes freedomes. But before, make fure Her fauours to thee; and the great oath take With which the bleffed Gods, affurance make Of all they promife: that no prejudice (By stripping thee of forme, and faculties) She may fo much as once attempt on thee. This faid, he gaue his Antidote to me; Which from the earth he pluckt; and told me all The vertue of it: With what Deiries call The name it beares. And Maly they impose For name to it. The roote is hard to loofe From hold of earth, by mortals: but Gods powre Can all things do. Tis blacke, but beares a flowre As white as milke. And thus flew Mercurie Vp to immenfe olympus, gliding by The fyluan Hand. I, made backe my way To Circes house: my mind of my affay Much thought revoluing. At her gates I staid And cald: the heard, and her bright doores difplaid; Innited, led: I followed in : but tract With some distraction. In a Throne she plac't My welcome person. Of a curious frame Twas, and so bright; I sate as in a flame. A foote-stoole added. In a golden boule She then subornd a potion: in her soule. Deformed things thinking: for amidst the wine She mixt her man-transforming medicine: Which when she saw I had deuourd; she then, No more obseru'd me with her soothing vaines But strooke me with her rod, and, To her Sty, Bad; out, away, and with thy fellowes lie. I drew my fword, and charg'd her, as I ment To take her life. When out the cri'd, and bent Beneath my fword, her knees; embracing mine;

And (full of teares) faid, Who : of what high line

Art thou the iffue: whence? what shores sustaine

That drinking these my venomes, th'art not turnd.

Thy breast holds firme yet, and unchang d thy mind:

Thy natiue Citie ! I amaz'd remaine

In other likeneffe, if it once had past

All but thy felfe, are brutifully declind:

Neuer drunkeany this cup; but he mournd

The inorie bounders of his tongue, and tafte.

The berbe Moly which with Penfes whole Narration, hath in chiefe an Allegoricall extofition. Notwithflanding I say danus Credo in boc vafto mundi ambitu extare res innume. rasmirandæ facultatis; adeo, vt ne quidé ista quæ ad traniformanda corpora pertiner, iure è mundo eximi poffit,&c Thou canst be therefore, none else but the man Of many virtues: Ithacenstan,
Deepe-soul'd Vissis: who, I oft was told, By that slie God, that beares the rod of gold, Was to arriue here, in retreat from Troy.
Sheath then thy sword, and let my bed enioy So much a man; that when the bed we proue, We may beleeue in one anothers loue.

I then: O Circe, why entreat'st thou me
To mixe in any humane league with thee;
When thou, my friends hast beasts turnd: and thy bed
Tenderst to me; that I might likewise leade
A beasts lise with thee; softm'd, naked stripe;
That in my blood, thy banes, may more be steept.
I neuer will ascend thy bed, before
I may affirme; that in heauens sight you swore
The great oath of the Gods; that all attempt
To do me ill, is from your thoughts exempt.

I faid; the fwore: when, all the oath-rites faid, I then ascended her adorned bed: But thus prepar'd: foure handmaids feru'd her theres That daughters to her filuer fountaines were, To her bright-fea-obseruing sacred floods; And to her viicut confectated woods. One deckt the Throne-tops, with rich clothes of flater And did, with filkes, the foote-pace, confecrate. Another, filuer tables fet before The pompous Throne; and golden dishes store Seru'd in with seuerall feast. A third fild wine. The fourth brought water, and made fewell thine In ruddy fires; beneath a wombe of braffe. Which heat, I bath'd; and odorous water was Disperpled lightly, on my head, and neckes That might my late, heart-hurting forrowes checke With the refreshing sweetnesse; and, for that, Men sometimes, may be something delicate. Bath'd, and adorn'd; she led me to a Throne Of maffie filuer: and of fashion Exceeding curious. A faire foote-stoole set: Water appoide, and every fort of meate Set on th'elaborately polisht boord. She wisht my taste emploid; but not a word Would my eares tafte of tafte: my mind had food That must digest; eye meate would do me good. Circe (observing, that I put no hand To any banquer, having countermand From weightier cares: the light cates could excuse)

Bowing her neare me; these wing'd words did vie:

Why fits Vlyfes, like one dumber his mind.
Leffening with languoss: Nor to food enclind;
Nor wine: Whence comes it: our of any feare.
Of more illufion: You must needs forbease.
That wrongfull doubt, fince you have heard the fweater.

O Circe! (I replied) what man ishe,

Awd with the rights of true humanitie,

That dares tafte food or wine; before he fees

His friends redeem'd from their deformitiese

If you be gentle, and indeed incline

Tolet me tafte the comfort of your wine;

Diffolue the charmes, that their fore tormes recheine

And shew me here, my honord friends, like men.

This faid, the left her Throne, and tooke her rod; Went to her Stie, and let my men abroad, Like fwine of nine yeares old. They opposite flood; Obseru'd their brutish forme, and look't for food, When, with another medicine, (every one All ouer incer'd) their briftles all were gone, Product by malice of the other bane; And enery one, afresh, looks up a man. Both yonger then they were; of stature mote; And all their formes, much goodlier then before. All knew me; clingd about me, and a cry Of pleasing mourning, slew about so hie, The horrid roofe refounded; and the Queene Her felfe, was mou'd, to fee our kinde fo keene. Who bad me now, bring thip and men athore; Our armes, and goods, in caues hid; and reftore My selfe to her, with all my other men. I granted, went, and op't the weeping veine In all my men; whose violention to see My fafe returne, was passing kindly free Of friendly teares, and miscrably wept. You have not seene yong Heiffers (highly kept; Filld full of daifies at the field, and driven Home to their houels; all so spritely given That no roome can containe them; but about, Bace by the Dams, and let their spirits out In ceasifelesse bleating) of more iocund plight Then my kind friends, even crying out with fight Of my returne fo doubted. Circl'd me With all their welcomes, and as cheerfully Disposide their rapt minds, as if there they faw Their naturall Countrie, cliffic Ithaca; And even the roofes where they were bred and borne. And yowd as much, with teares: O your returne As much delights vs; as in you had come

Benumb with fufferance. We did well allow

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Our Countrie to vs, and our natural home. But what vnhappie fate hath refrom friends? I gaue vnlookt for answer. That amends Made for their mourning, bad them first of all, Our ship ashore draw: then in Cauerns stall Our foodie cattell, hide our mutuall prifez And then (faid I) attend me, that your cies, In Circes facred house, may fee each friend, Eating and drinking, banquets out of end. They foone obeid; all but Eurylochus;

Who needes would fray them all; and counfelld thus. O wretches! whither will yet why are you Fond of your mischiefs: and such gladnesse show For Circes house; that will tranforme yeall To Swine, or Wolues, or Lions: Neuer shall Our heads getout; if once within we be, But stay compelled by strong Necessitie. So wrought the Cyclop, when this caue, our friends This bold one, led on, and brought all their ends By his one indifcretion. I, for this Thought with my fword (that desperate head of his Hewne from his necke) to gash vpon the ground His mangld bodie, though my blood was bound In neare alliance to him. But the rest With humble fuite containd me, and request, That I would leave him, with my thip alone; And to the facred Pallace leadethem on.

I led them; nor Eurylochus would stay, From their attendance on me: Our late fray Strooke to his heart fo. But meane time, my men, In Circes house, were all, in seuerall baine Studiously sweetn'd, smugd with oile, and deckt With in, and outweeds: and a feast secret Seru'd in before them: at which, close we found They all were fet, cheer'd, and caroufing round. When (mutuall fight had, and all thought on) then Margarita was forgotten; and the mone againe

escapes, and meetings:

Commemora. About the house flew, driven with wings of ioy. bantqueomnia. But then spake Circe; Now, no more annoy: their miferies, I know my selfe, what woes by sea, and shore. And men vniust, have plagu'd enough before Your injur'd vertues: here then, feaft as longs And be as cheerfull, till ye grow as strong, As when ye first forsooke your Countrie earth. Ye now fare all, like exiles not a mirth Flasht in amongst ye, but is quencht againe With still-renewd teares: though the beaten vaine Of your distresses, should (me thinke) be now

Her kind perswasions; and the whole yeare staid In varied feaft with her. When, now arraid The world was with the Spring, and orbie houres Had gone the round againe, through herbs and flowres, The moneths absolu'd in order; till the daies Had runne their full race, in Apollos raies: My friends rememberd me of home; and faid, If ever Fate would figne my paffe; delaid It should be now no more. I heard them well-Yet that day, spent in feast, till darknesse fells And fleepe, his virtues, throughour vapours fled. When I alcended, facred Circus bed. Implor'd my paffe; and her performed yow Which now, my foule vig d; and my fouldiers now Afflicted me with teares to get them gone. All these I told her; and she answerd these; -Much-skilld Viyffes Laersiades! Remaine no more, against your wils with me: But take your free way : onely this must be Perform'd before you stere your course for homes You must the way to Plate ouercomes And sterne Persephone, to forme your passe, By th'aged T behan Soule Tirelian The dark-browd Prophet: whose soule yet can see Clearely, and firmely : grave Perfephone, (Euen dead) gaue him a mind; that he alone Might fing Truths folide wifedome, and not one Prove more then shade, in his comparison. This broke my heart: I funke into my bed; Mourn'd, and would neuer more be comforted With light, nor life. But having now expect My paines enough to her, in my vnrest, That so I might prepare her ruth; and get All I held fit, for an affaire fo great; I faid: O Circe, who shall stere my course To Platos kingdome: Neuer ship had force To make that voice. The divine in voice. Said Seeke no guide, raife you your Maft, and hoice Your ships white failes; and then, fit you at peace; The fresh North spirit, shall wast ye through the fees. But, having past th' Ocean, you shall see; A little shore, that to Perseptone Putsyp a consecrated wood; where growes,

Tall Firres, and Sallowes, that their fruits foone loofe:

Cast anchor in the gulphes: and go alone?

To Plates darke house, where, to deberon

Cocytus runnes, and Pyriphlegiton.

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Cocytus borne of Styx, and where a Rocke Of both the met floods, beares the roring shocke, The darke Heroe, (great Tirelias) Now coming neare, (to gaine propitious passe) Dig (of a cubit euery way) a pit: And powre (to all that are deceast) in it A folemne facrifice. For which, first take Honey and wine, and their commixtion make: Then sweete wine, neate; and thirdly; water powre; And lastly, adde to these, the whitest flowre Then vow to all the weake necks of the dead, Offerings a number: and when thou shalt tread The Ishacensian shore; to sacrifice A Heifer neuer tam'd, and most of prife: A pyle of all thy most-esteemed goods Enflaming to the deare streames of their bloods: And, in secret Rites, to Tiresias vow A Ram cole blacke, at all parts, that doth flow With fat, and fleece; and all thy flockes doth leade:

BAUTOCHIthe

ahome bear was When the all-calling nation of the dead which is ex-pounded Inclyta Thou thus haft praid to; offer on the place, examina mor- A Ram and Ewe all blacke: being turn'd in face tuorum. Emt To dreadfull Erebus; thy felfeafide Epithete of Plas. The floods shore walking. And then, gratified to; and by Ana- With flocks of Soules, of Men, and Dames deceast, logie belongs to Shall all thy pious Rites be. Straight, addrest ad feomner ad- See then the offering that thy fellowes flews Flayd, and imposde in fire; and all thy Crew. Pray to the state of either Deitie. Graue Pluto, and scuere Persephone. Then draw thy fword, stand firme; nor suffer one Of all the faint shades, of the dead and gone, T'approch the blood, till thou hast heard their king, The wife Tirefias: who, thy offering Will instantly do honour: thy home waves. And all the measure of them, by the seas Amply vnfolding. This the Goddeffe told: And then, the morning in her Throne of gold, Suruaid the vast world; by whose orient light, The Nymph adorn'd me with attires as bright: Her owne hands putting on, both thirt and weede, Robes fine, and curious; and vpon my head, An ornament that glitterd like a flame: Girt me in gold; and forth betimes I came Amongst my souldiers; rould them all from sleepe; And bad them now; no more observance keepe Of ease, and feast; but straight, a shipboard fall. For now the Goddesse had inform'd me all:

Their noble spirits agree'd; nor yet fo cleare Could I bring all off; but Ebesie there His heedlelle life lett: he was vongeft man Of all my company, and one that wanne Leaft fame for armes; as little for his braine; Who (too much steept in wine, and so made faine; To get refreshing by the coole of sleepes Apart his fellowes; plung'd in vapors deepe; And they as high in tumult of their way) Sodainly wak't, and (quite out of the flav A fober mind had given him) would defeend A huge long Ladder, forward: and an end Fell from the very roofe; full pirching on The dearest ioynt, his head was plac't vpon: Which (quite diffolu'd,) let look his foule to hell, I, to the reft; and Circes meanes did tell Of our returne (as croffing cleane the hope I gaue them first) and said: You thinke the scope Of our endeuours now, is straight for home, No : Circe otherwise design'd, whose doome Enjoynd vs first, to greet the dreadfull house Of Austere Plate, and his glorious spouse: To take the countaile of Tirefias (The reuerend Theban) to direct our paffe.

This brake their hearts, and griefe made teare their haire But griefe was never good, at great affaire. It would have way yet. We went wofullon To thip and thore, where, was arrived as foone Circe vnicene, a blacke Ewe and a Ram, Binding for facrifice; and as flie came Vanisht againe, vnwitneft by our eyes Which gried d not vs. nor checks our facrifice: For who would fee God loath to let vs fee? This way, or that bent; still his waies are free.

Finis decimi libri Hom.Odyff.

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P. B. Carrier Con A.

OF HOMERS ODYSSES.

10

THE XI. BOOKE OF HOMERS ODYSSES.

THE ARGUMENT.

V Lysies way to Hell appeares;
Where he, the grame Tiresias beares;
Enquires bic wome, and others fates.
His mother sees, and th'after states,
In which, were belaky said Decease
Heroes, and Heroesses,
Anumber, that at Troy was dwarre;
As hax that was said state with the word that the was said warre be los;
And with the great Achilles Ghoss.

Another.

Λαμβδα. Vlysses bere Innokes the dead; The lines appeare, Hereafter led.

R riu'd now at our thip, we lancht, and fer Our Mast vp, put footh faile, and in didget Our late-got Cattell. Wp our failes, we went, My wayward fellowes mourning now thement. A good companion yet, a foreright wind.

Circe, (the excellent utseers of her mind)

Supplied our murmining conforts with, that was

They mournd the enent before they knew it.

> Both (peed, and guide to our adventurous palle. All day our failes stood to the winds; and made Our voiage profprous. Sunnethen let, and shade the resolution is All wayes obscuring: on the bounds we fell Of deepe Oceanus, where people dwell Whom a perpetuall cloud obscures outright: To whom the cheerfull Sunne lends neuer light; Nor when he mounts the star-fultaining heaven; Nor when he stoopes earth, and sets up the Euen: But Night holds fixt wings, fetherd all with Banes, About hose most vablest Cimmerianes. Here drew we vp our ship : our sheepe with-drew; And walkt the shore till we attaind the view Of that fad region Circe had foreshow'd; And then the facted offerings, to be vow'd, Eurylechus, and Persimedes bore. When I, my (word drew, and earths wombe did gore

Till I,a pitdigg'd of a cubine round. Which with the liquid facrifice, we crown'd First, honey mixt with wine, then, sweete wine nexte. Then water powrd in; laft the flowre of whene. Much I importun'd then, the weake-necks dead. And vowd, when I the barren foile should mead Of cliffie Isbasa; amidft my hall To kill a Heifer, my cleare best of all, And give in offering : on a Pile composit Of all the choife goods, my whole house enclosed. And to Tirefias, himfelfe, alone A sheepe cole-blacke, and the felectest one Of all my flockes. When to the powres beneath, The facred nation, that furnine with Death, My prayrs, and vowes, had done devotions fite I tooke the offrings, and vpon the pit Bereft their lines. Out gusht the sable bloods And round about me, fled out of the flood, The Soules of the deceast. There cluster'd then, Youths, and their wives, much fuffering aged men. Soft tender virgins, that but new came there. By timeleffe death, and greene their forrowes were. There, men at Armes, with armors all embrew'd, Wounded with lances, and with faulthions hew'de In numbers, vp and downe the disch, did stalke, And threw vnmeafur'd cries, about their walke; So horrid that a bloodleffe feare furprisde, My daunted spirits. Straight then, I admisse My friends to flay the flaughter'd facrifices Put them in fire, and to the Deitiese Sterne Plate, and Persephene, apply Excitefull prayes. Then drew I from my Thy, My well-edg'd fword; stept in, and firmely stood Betwixt the prease of shadowes, and the blood; And would not fuffer any one to dip Within our offring, his vafolide lip; Before Tirefies, that did all controule. The first that preast in, was Elpenors soules His body, in the broad-waid earth, as yet Vnmournd, vnburied by vs; fince we fwet With other vigent labours. Yet his imart, I wept to see; and ru'dit from my heart. Enquiring how, he could before me be. That came by thip ! He mourning, antwerdine: In Circes house, the spite some Spirit did beares And the vnspeakable good licour there. Hath bene my bane. For being to descend A ladder much in beight, I did nottend

My way well downe; but forwards made a proofe To tread the rounds, and from the very roofe Fell on my necke, and brake it. And this made My foule thus visite this infernal shade. And here, by them that next thy felfe are deare, Thy Wife, and Father, that a little one Gaue food to thee; and by thy onely Sonne At home behind thee left, (Telemanbur) Do not depart by flealth, and leave me thus, Vnmourn'd, vnburied : left neglected I Bring on thy felfe, th'incenfed Deitie. I know, that faild from hence, thy ship must touch On th'lle Æaa; where vouchfate thus much (Good king) that, landed, thou wilt instantly, Bestow on me, thy royall memory; To this grace, that my body, armes and all, May rest consum'd in firie funerall. And on the fomie shore, a Sepulchre Erect to me; that after times may heare Of one so haplesse. Let me these implores

Misenus apud Virgilium, ingenimole,&c. With which aline, I shooke the aged seas:

> I told the wretched Soule, I would fulfill And execute to th'vtmost point, his will, And, all the time, we fadly talkt; I still My (word aboue the blood held; when afide The Idoll of my friend, still amplified His plaint, as vp and downe, the shades he en'd. Then, my deceased mothers Soule appeard; Faire daughter of Antolicus, the Great: Grave Anticlea, Whom, when forth I fet For facred Ilion, I had left aliue. Her fight, much mou'd me; and to teares did drive My note of her deceasse: and yet, not she (Though in my ruth, she held the highest degree) Would I admit to touch the facred blood; Till from Tirefies, I had understood

And fixe vpon my Sepulcher, the Ore

And had, of friends, the deare focieties.

Tirefiat to Va

What Circes told me. At the length did land. Theban Tirefias foule; and in his hand Sustaind a golden Scepter, knew me wells And faid: O man vnhappy, why to hell Admitst thou darke arrivall; and the light The Sunne gives, leav'st; to have the horrid fight Of this blacke region, and the shadowes here! Now sheath thy sharpe sword; and the pit forbeare. That I the blood may tafte; and then relate The truth of those acts, that affect thy Fate.

a.A.

I sheath'd my sword; and left the pit, till he The blacke blood tafting, thus infimeted me: Renoum'd Viyffes! all vnaskt, I know That all the cause of thy arrivall now. Is to enquire thy wisht retreate, for home: Which hardly God will let thee ouercome Since Neptune still will his opposure trie, With all his laid up anger, for the eye His lou'd Sonne loft to thee. And yet through all Thy fuffring course, (which must be capital) If both thine owne affections, and thy friends Thou wilt containe; when thy accesse ascends The three-forckt lland, having scap't the seas; (Where ye shall find fed, on the flowrie leas, Fat flocks, and Oxen, which the Sunne doth owne, To whom are all things, as well heard as showne: And nener dare, one head of those to slay; But hold, vnharmefull on, your wished way) Though through enough affliction; yet fecure Your Fates shall land ye. But Presage fairs sure, If once ye spoile them; spoile to all thy friends; Spoile to thy Fleete; and if the inflice ends Short of thy felfe; it shall be long before, And that length, forc't out, with inflictions flore: When, losing all thy fellowes, in a faile Of forreigne built (when most thy Fates preuaile In thy deliuerance) thus the uent shall forts Thou shalt find shipwracke, raging in thy Ports Proud men, thy goods confuming, and thy Wife Vrging with gifts; give charge vpon thy life. But all these wrongs, Revenge shall end to thee; And force, or cunning, let with flaughter, free Thy house of all thy spoilers. Yet againe. Thou shalt a voyage make; and come to men That know no Sea; nor ships, nor oares, that are Wings to a ship; nor mixe with any fare, Salts fauorie vapor. Where thou first shalt land, This cleare-given figne, shall let thee vnderstand, That there those men remaine : assume ashore, Vp to thy roiall shoulder, a ship oare; With which, when thou shalt meete one on the way, That will, in Countey admiration, fay What doft thou with that wanne, vpon thy necke: There, fixe (that wanne) thy oare; and that shore decke With facred Rites to 2(eptane: flaughter there A Ram, a Bull, and, (who for firength doth beare The name of husband to a herd) a Bore. And, coming home, vpon thy naturall thore,

their foode.

Ander

Giue pious Hecatombs, to all the Gods (Degrees observed). And then the Periods Of all thy labors, in the peace shall end Of easie death, which shall the lesse extend His passion to thee, that thy foe, the Sea Shall not enforce it , but Deaths victory, Shall chance in onely-earnest-pray-vow'd age:

which all trans- Obtaind at home, quite emptied of his rage, fub molli, The Thy fubicets round about thee, rich and bleft: Epethete Marajo. And here hath Truth fumm'd vp, thy vitall reft. I answerd him: We will suppose all these

pious age is ewer altogether addicted.

Mumpor, pin- Decreed in Deity; let it likewise please guiter. But Now Tirefias to resolue me, why so neare ### figuifying flagitanter o. The blood and me, my mothers Soule doth beare; rando To which, And yet, nor word, nor looke, vouchfafe her Sonne? Doth the not know me? No (faid he) nor none Of all these spirits, but my selfe alone: Knowes any thing, till he shall taste the bloods

But whomfocuer, you shall do that good,

He will the truth, of all you wish, vnfold;

Who, you enuy it to, will all withhold. Thus faid the kingly foule, and made retreate. Amidst the inner parts of Plutos Seate, When he had spoke thus, by dinine instinct: Still I stood firme, till to the bloods precinct My mother came, and drunke; and then the knew, I washer Sonne; had passion to renew Her naturall plaints; which thus the did purfew: How is it, (O my Sonne) that you aliue. This deadly-darkfome region vnderdiue: Twixt which, and earth, so many mighty seas, And horrid currents, interpose their prease: Oceanus, in chiefe; which none (vnleffe More helpt then you) on foote now can transgreffe. A well built ship he needs, that ventures there : Com'ft thou from Troy but now: enforc't to erre All this time with thy fouldiers ? Nor haft feene, Ere this long day, thy Countrey, and thy Queene?

To this infernall state, made me contend: That from the wife Tirefias Theban Soule, I might, an Oracle, involu'd, vnrowle. For I came nothing neare Achaia yet; Nor on our lou'd earth, happy foote had fet; But (milhaps fuffering) err'd from Coast to Coaste Euer fince first, the mighty Gracian hoast Divine Atrides, led to Ilien: And I, his follower, to let warre vpon

I answerd: That a necessary end

The Fate of that vingentle death vinfould That forc't her thither: if fome long difeafer Or that the Splene, of her that arrowes pleafe, (Diana, envious of most eminent Dames) Had made her th'obiect of her deadly aimese My Fathers state, and sonnes, I sought, if they Kept still my goods: or they became the jury Of any other, holding meno more In powre of lafe returne, or if my ftore My wife had kept together, with her Sonne: If the, her first mind held; or had bene wonne By fome chiefe Grecian, from my lone, and bede All this she answerd; that Afficiented On her blood still at home; and that to griefe;

The rapefull Troyers: and for raid the would

She all the dayes, and darkneffe, of her life, In teares, had confecrate. That none poffeft My famous kingdomes Throne; but th'interest My fonne had in it; still he held in peace. A Court kept, like a Prince; and his increase Spent in his fubicets good; administring lawes With iustice, and the general applante A king should merit; and all calld him king.
My Father, kept the voland, labouring;

And shun'd the Citie: vide no sumptuous beds: Wonderd at furnitures; not wealthy weeds, But, in the Winter, ftrew'd about the fire Lay with his flaues in afhes, his attire Like to a beggers. When the Sommer came: And Autumne all fruits ripend with his flame Where Grape-charg'd vines, made shadows most abound, His couch with falne leaves, made vpon the ground:

And here lay he; his Sorrowes fruitfull flare, Increasing, as he faded, for my Fate. And now, the part of age, that inkfore is Lay fadly on him. And that life of his, She led, and perifht in; not flaughterd by The Dame, that darts lou'd, and her archeries Nor, by difease inuaded, vast, and foule.
That wasts the body, and sends out the soule With shame and horror onely in her mone, For me, and my life; the confirm d her owne.

She thus, when I, had great defire to prove My armes, the circle, where her foule did anoue: Thrice prou'd I, thrice she vanisht, like a sleepe, Or fleeting shadow, which fleooke much more deepe The wounds, my woes made; and made; aske her why

She would my Loue to herembraces file

The

And

Proserpina or Persephone.

Pay pious Nature, her vnalterd right,
And gine Fexation here, her cruell fill?
Should not the Queene here, to augment the ill
Of euery fufferance (which her office is)
Enforce thy idoll, to affoord me this?

And not vouchfafe, that even in hell we might,

Enforce thy idoil, to amoord me triss:

O Sonne (the anfwerd) of the race of men
The moft vnhappy, our moft equall Queene,
Will mocke no folide armes, with empty shade;
Nor suffer empty shades, againe tinuade
Flesh, bones, and nerues: nor will defraud the fire
Of his last dues; that, soone as spirits expire,
And leaue the white bone, are his nature right;
When, like a dreame, the soule assume her slight.
The light then, of the liuing, with most hafte
(O Sonne) contend to: this thy little tafte
Of this state is enough; and all this life,
Will make a tale, fit, to be told thy wife.

The old Herooffer appeare to Vizffes.

This speech we had; when now repair'd to me More semale spirits; by Persphone, Driuen on before her. All theroes wives And daughters, that, led there their second lines, About the blacke blood through Of whom, yet more) My mind impell'd meto enquire, before I let them alvogether taste the gore; For then would all have bene disperst, and gone, Thicke as they came. I therefore, one by one Let taste the pit: my sword drawne from my Thy And stand betwirk them made; when, severally All told their stockes. The first that quencht her sire, Wyas Tyro, issued of a noble Sire.

She said she sprong from pure, Salmoneus bed;

Tyre,

She faid the fprong from pure, salmoneus bed. And Crethers, Sonne of Æelus did wed. Yet the divine flood Enipeus, lou'd, Who much the most faire streame, of all floods mou'd. Neare whose streames, Tyre walking : Neptune came, Like Enipeus, and enioyd the Dame: Like to a hill; the blew, and Snakie flood Aboue th'immortall, and the mortall stood: And hid them both; as both together lay, Iust where his current, falles into the Sea. Her virgine wast, dissolu'd, she slumberd then; But when the God had done the worke of men. Her faire hand gently wringing; thus he faid; Woman! Reioyce in our combined bed; For when the yeare hath runne his circle, round (Because the Gods loues, must in fruiteabound) My loue (hall make (to cheere thy teeming mones)

Thy one deare burthen, beare two famous Sonnes; Loue well, and bring them vp: go home, and fee That, though of more ioy yet, I shall be free; Thou dost not tell, to glorific thy birth: Thy Loue is **Xeptawe* shaker of the earth. This said, he plung'd into the sea, and she (Begot with child by him) the light let see Great **Pelias, and **Xelews; that became In lowes great ministrie, of mighty fame. **Pelias, in broad loleus held his Throne, Wealthy in cattell, th'other roiall Sonne Rul'd sandy **Pyles.** To these issue more This Queene of women to her husband bore: **Aesa, and **Pheres, and **Amsthems**, That for his sight on horsebacke, stoopt to none. Next her, I saw admir'd **Amsinge**

That for his fight on horsebacke, stoopt to none.

Next her, I saw admir'd Antique
Assigne Assigne Assigne Assigne Assigne Assigne Assigne Assigne Assigne Assigned attraction, of great Neptunes love)
Boasted to sumber in the armes of Isne:
And two Sonnes likewise, at one burthen bore,
To that, her all-controlling Paramore:
Amphion, and faire Zethue, that first laid
Great Thebes foundations; and strong wals contaid
About her turrets, that seuen Ports enclosed.
For though the Thebass, much in strength reposte,
Yet had not they, the strength to hold their owne,
Without the added aides, of wood, and stone.

Alcmens, next I saw; that samous wise
Was to Amphyria, and honor'd life

Was to Ampyirus, and honor'd life
Gaue to the Lyon-hearted Herenkes,
That was, of lowes embrace, the great increase.
I saw besides, proud Creams daughter there,
Bright Megara; that nuptiall yoke did weare
With lowes great Sonne, who neuer field did try,

But bore to him, the flowre of victory.
The mother then, of Oedipus, I faw,
Faire Epicasta; that beyond all law,
Her owne Sonne maried, ignorant of kind;
And, he (as darkly taken, in his mind)
His mother wedded, and his father flew;

And he, in all-lou'd *Thebes*, the fupreame state With much mone manag'd; for the heavy Fate The Gods laid on him. She madeviolent slight To *Plates* darke house, from the lothed light; Beneath a steepe beame, strang'd with a cord;

Whose blind act, heaven exposde at length to view:

And left her Sonne, in life, paines as abhord, As all the furies powr'd on her in hell. Antiope like Ty-

--

Megara

Epicasta the mother of Oedipus. Then faw I Chloris, that did fo excell In answering beauties, that each part had alk Great Nelew married her, when gifts not fmall, Hadwonneher fauour; term'd by name of down. She was of all Amphions feed, the flowrer (Amphion, calld lafides, that then Ruld ftrongly, Mynican Orchomen) And now his daughter rul'd the Pylean Thrones Because her beauties Empire ouershone. She brought her wife-awd husband, Nelew. Nefter, much honord; Peryclimenu. And Chromius; Sonnes, with fourraigne vertues grac'ts But after, brought a daughter that furpalls Rare beautied Pere, fo for forme exact; That Nature, to a miracle, was rackt, In her perfections, blaz'd with th'eyes of men. That made of all the Countries hearts, a chaine, And drew them fuiters to her. Which her Sire Tooke vantage of; and (fince he did aspire To nothing more, then to the broad-browd herd Of Oxen, which the common fame fo rer'd, Own'd by Iphicles) not a man should be His Peres husband, that from Phylace, Those neuer-yet -driven Oxen, could not drive: Yet thefe; a strong hope held him to atchieue; Because a Prophet that had neuer en'd, Had faid, that onely he should be prefer'd To their possession. But the equal Fate Of God, withflood his stealth: inextricate Imprisoning Bands; and sturdy churlish Swaines That were the Heardimen; who withheld with chaines The stealth attempter: which was onely he That durst abet the Act with Prophecie; None else would vndertake it; and he must: The king would needs, a Prophet should be inst; But when some daies and moneths, expired were, And all the Houres had brought about the yeares The Prophet, did so satisfie the king (Iphiclus; all his cunning questioning) That he enfranchised him; and (all worst done) Iones counsaile made, th'all-safe conclusion. Then faw I Lede; (linkt in nuptiall chaine

With Tyndarus) to whom, the did fultzine Sonnes much renowm'd for wifedome: Caster one. That past, for vie of horse, comparison; And Pollax, that exceld, in whirlbat fight. Both thefe, the fruitfull Earth bore, while the light Of life inspir'd them; After which, they found

Such grace with twe, that both liu'd vnder ground. By change of daies: life still did one fustaine. While th'other died; the dead then lin'd againe. The lining dying, both, of one felfe date, Their littes and deaths made, by the Gods and Fate. Irbemedia, after Leda came, That did derive from 20 prome too, the name Of Father to two admirable Sonnes: Life yet made short their admirations, Who God-opposed Orne had to name. And Ephialtes, farre in found of Fame. The prodigall Earth fo fed them, that they grew To most huge stature, and had fairest hew Of all men, but Orion, ynder heanen: At nine yeares old, nine cubits they were drinen Abroad in breadth, and forung nine fathomes hie. They threatn'd to give battell to the skie, And all th'Immortals. They were fetting on Offe upon Olympus; and upon Steepe Offe, leanie Peline, that even They might a high-way make, with loftie heaven. And had perhaps perform'd it, had they lin'd Till they were Striplings. But inver Sonne deprind Their lims of life; before th'age that begins The flowie of youth and fhould adorne their chins. Phadra and Procris, with wife Mines flame. (Bright Striadne) to the offring came. Whom whilom The few made his prife from Creses That Abens facred foile, might kiffe her feete. But neuer could obtaine her virgin Flowres Till, in the Sea-girt Dia, Dians powre Detain'd his homeward hafte, where (in her Phane, By Bacchus witnest) was the fatall wane Of her prime Glorie. Mera, Clymene, I witnest there; and loth'd Eryphile; That honour'd *gold more, then the lou'd her Spoule. But all th'Heroeffes in Plates house, That then encounterd me, exceeds my might To name or number; and Ambrofian Night Would quite be spent, when now the formall hours. Present to Sleepe, our all-disposed powres. If at my thip, or here, my home-made vow. I leane for fit grace, to the Gods and you. This faid; the filence his discourse had made.

So goodly person'd, and so matche with mind?

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be betrayd to bis With pleasure held still, through the houses shade. When, white-arm'd Arete this speech began: Pheacians! how appeares to you this man!

Lada.

My guest he is; but all you stand combin'd, In the renowne he doth vs. Do not then With carelesse haste dismisse him: nor the maine Of his dispatch, to one so needie, maime; The Gods free bountie, gives vs all inst claime To goods enow. This speech, the oldest man Of any other Pheacensian, The grave Heroe, Echineus gave All approbation; faying: Friends! ye haue The motion of the wife Queene; in such words, As have not mist the marke, with which, accords My cleare opinion. But Acinous. In word and worke, must be our rule. He thus; And then Alcinous faid: This then must stand, If while I live, I rule in the command Of this well-skild-in-Nauigation State. Endure then (Guest) though most importunate Be your affects for home. A little stay If your expectance beare; perhaps it may Our gifts make more complete. The cares of all, Your due deduction asks; but Principall I am therein, the ruler. He replied: Alcinous!the most duly glorified. With rule of all; of all men; if you lay Commandment on me, of a whole yeares flay: So all the while, your preparations rife. Venutte & falle As well in gifts, as *time: ye can deuise

No better with for me; for I shall come Much fuller handed, and more honourd homes And dearer to my people: in whole loues, The richer euermore the better proues. He answerd: There is argude in your sight. A worth that works not men for benefit, Like Prollers or Impostors; of which crew, The gentle blacke Earth feeds not vp a few: Here and there wanderers, blanching tales and lies, Of neither praise, nor vse: you moue our eies With forme; our minds with matter, and our cares With elegant oration; such as beares, A musicke in the orderd historie It layes before vs. Not Demodocus, With sweeter straines bath vide to fing to vs. All the Greeke forrowes, wept out in your owne. But fay: of all your worthy friends, were none Objected to your eyes; that Conforts were To Ilion with you and feru'd destinie there: This Night is paffing long, vnmeafur'd: none Of all my houshold would to bed yet: On,

Relate these wondrous things. Were I with you, If you would tell me but your woes, as now, Till the divine Aurora shewd her head, I should in no night relish thought of bed. Most eminent King, (faid he) Times, all must keepe; There's time to speake much, time as much to sleepe. But would you heare still, I will tell you still, And vecer more, more milerable ill, Of Friends then yet, that scap't the dismall warres, And perisht homewards, and in houshold incres. Wag'd by a wicked woman. The chafte *Queene, No sooner made these Ladie ghosts vnseene, (Here and there flitting) but mine cie-light wonne The Soule of Agamemnon, (Atreus fonne) Sad; and about him, all his traine of friends, That in Agyfthus house, endur'd their ends, With his sterne Fortune. Hauing drunke the blood, He knew me instantly; and forth a flood Of springing teares gusht. Out he thrust his hands, With will tembrace me; but their old commands, Flowd not about him; nor their weakest part. I wept to fee; and mon'd him from my heart. And askt: O Agamemnon! King of men! What fort of cruell death, hath renderd flaine Thy royall person: 2\ eptune, in thy Flecte: Heauen, and his hellish billowes making meete, Rowling the winds: Or have thy men by land Done thee this ill, for vfing thy command, Past their consents, in diminution Of those full shares, their worths by lot had wonne, Of theepe or oxen: or of any towne: In couetous strife, to make their rights, thine owne, In men or women prisoners: He replied: By none of thefe, in any right, I died, But by Ægysthus, and my murtherous wife. (Bid to a banquet at his house) my life Hath thus bene reft me: to my flaughter led, Like to an Oxe, pretended to be fed. . So miserably fell I; and with me, My friends lay maffacred: As when you fee At any rich mans nuptials, thot, or fealt, About his kitchin, white tooth'd fwine lie dreft. The flaughters of a world of men, thine cies, Both prinate, and in prease of enemies, Haue personally witnest; but this one, Would all thy parts have broken into mone: To fee how strewd about our Cups and Cates, As Tables fet with Feast, so we with Fates,

Here he begins Proferoina.

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All gasht and slaine, lay; all the sloore embrude With blood and braine. But that which most I ru'd. Flew from the heavie voice, that Priams feed, Cassandra breath'd; whom, the that wit doth feed With banefull crafts, falle Clytemnestra flew, Close fitting by me; vp my hands I threw From earth to heaven; and tumbling on my fword, Gaue wretched life vp. When the most abhord, By all her fexes shame, for fooke the roome; Nor daind (though then so neare this heavie home) To shut my lips, or close my broken eics. Nothing to heapt is with impieties, As fuch a woman, that would kill her Spoufe, That maried her a maid. When to my house I brought her, hoping of her loue in heart, To children, maids, and flaues. But she (in th'Art Of onely mischiefe heartie) not alone Cast on her selfe, this soule aspersion. But louing Dames, hereafter, to their Lords Will beare, for good deeds, her bad thoughts and words.

THE ELEVENTH BOOKE

Alas (faid I) that Ione should hate the lines Of Atreus seed, so highly for their wines. For Menelaus wife, a number fell, For dangerous absence, thine sent thee to hell.

For this, (he answerd) Be not thou more kind Then wife to thy wife, neuer, all thy mind Let words expresse to her. Of all she knowes, Curbs for the worst still, in thy selfe repose. But thou by thy wifes wiles, shalt lose no blood: Exceeding wife the is, and wife in good. Icarius daughter, chafte Penelope, We left a yong Bride; when for battell, we Forfooke the Nuptiall peace; and at her breft, Her first child sucking. Who, by this house, blost. Sits in the number of furniting men. And his bliffe, the hath, that the can containe; And her bliffe, thou haft, that flie is fo wife; For by her wisedome, thy returned eies Shall fee thy sonne; and he shall greete his Sire, With fitting welcomes. When in my retire, My wife denies mine eyes, my fonnes deare fight; And as from me, will take from him the light; Before the addes one iust delight to life; Or her falle wit, one truth that fits a wife. For her fake therefore, let my harmes aduile; That though thy wife be ne're to chafte and wife,

Yet come not home to her in *open view,

With any ship, or any personall shew.

But take close shore disguilde: nor let her knowe For tis no world, to truft a woman now. But what fayes Fame: Doth my Sonne ver furning. In Orchomen, or Pylos? or doth line In Sparta, with his Vnkle: yet I fee Divine Orestes is not here with me. I answerd asking: Why doth Atres some: Enquire of me: who yet artin'd where none Could give to these newes any certaine wings? And tisabfurd to tell vocertaine things. Such fad speech past vs; and as thus we stood, With kind teares rendring vakind fortunes good. Achilles and Patroclus Soule appear'd; And his Soule, of whom neuer ill was heard. The good Antilochus; and the Soule of him. That all the Greeks past, both for force and lim. Excepting the vnmatcht Acides. Illustrous Aiax. But the first of these, That faw, acknowledg'd, and falueed me. Was * Thetis conquering Sonne, who (heanily His state here taking) said: Vnworthy breath! What act, yet mightier, imagineth Thy ventrous spirite. How doest thou descend These vnder regions: where the dead mans end, Is to be look on and his foolish shade? l answerd him: I was induc'd i'muade These vnder parts. (most excellent of Greece) To visite wile Tiresias, for aduice Of vertue to direct my voyage home To rugged Ithaca: fince I could come To note in no place, where Achaia flood: And so liu'd euer, tortur'd with the blood In mans vaine veines. Thou therefore (Thetis fonne) Haft equald all, that ener yet have wonne The bliffe the earth yeelds: or hereafter shall. In life, thy eminence was ador'd of all, Euen with the Gods. And now, even dead, I fee Thy vertues propagate thy Emperie. To a renewd life of command beneath; So great Achilles triumphs over death. This comfort of him, this encounter found; Vige not my death to me, nor rub that wound; I rather wish, to liue in earth a Swaine, Or ferue a Swaine for hire, that scarce can gaine Bread to fultaine him; then (that life once gone) Of all the dead, sway the Imperial thone. But fay; and of my Sonne fome comfort yeeld; If he goes on, in first fights of the field;

Achilles of the

This advice he followed at his coming home.

Or lurks for faferie in the obscure Rere: Or of my Father, if thy royall eare Hath bene advertisde, that the Phthian Throne, He still commands as greatest Myrmidon? Or that the Phthian and The falian rage. (Now feete and hands are in the hold of Age) Despise his Empire: Vnder those bright rayes, In which heavens feruour hurles about the dayes. Must I no more shine his revenger now; Such as of old the Ilson ouerthrow Witnest my anger: th'vniuerfall hoast, Sending before me, to this shadie Coast, In fight for Grecia. Could I now refort. (But for fome small time) to my Fathers Court; In spirit and powre, as then: those men should find My hands inacceffible, and of fire, my mind, That durst, with all the numbers they are strong, Vnseate his honour, and suborne his wrong. This pitch (till flew his spirit, though so low: And this, I answerd thus: I do not know. Of blameleffe Peleus, any least reports But of your some, in all the vtmost fort, I can informe your care with truth; and thus: Plyffer report of From Seyros, princely Neoptolemus, Neoptolemus the By Fleete, I conuaid to the Greeks; where he fon of Achilles, Was Chiefe at both parts: when our grauitie Retir'd to councell; and our youth to fight. In councell still (so firie was Conceit, In his quicke apprehension of a cause) That first he ever spake; nor past the lawes Of any graue stay, in his greatest hast. None would contend with him, that counfeld lasts Vnleffe illustrous 2 estor, he and I Would fometimes put a friendly contrary. On his opinion. In our fights, the prease Of great or common, he would never feafes But farre before fight ever. No man there. For force, he forced. He was flaughterer Of many a braue man, in most dreadfull fight. But one and other, whom he reft of light, (In Grecian fuccour) I can neither name, Nor giue in number. The particular fame,

Of one mans flaughter yet, I must not passe:

is most more; of fuch huge men went, that they showd like *whales,

Eurypilus Telephides he was,

missiaken by all Rampin'd about him. Neoptolemus

This place (and a number more) That fell beneath him; and with him, the falls

Set him to tharply, for the fumptuous

This place (and

Fauours of Miltreffes, he faw him weares For past all doubt, his beauties had no peere, Of all that mine eies noted, next to one, And that was Memmas, Tithous Sun-like fonge. Thus farre, for fight in publicke, may a taft Giue of hiseminence. How farre furpaft His fpirit in private; where he was not feene; Nor gloric could be faid, to peaile his fpleene, This close note, I excerpted. When we fate Hid in Epeus horfe: no Optimate Of all the Greeks there, had the charge to ope And thut the * Stratageme, but I. My scope To note then, each mans spirit, in a streight Of fo much danger; much the better might Be hit by me, then others: as, prouokt, I shifted place still; when, in some I smoke Both prime tremblings, and close vent of teares. In him yet, not a fost conceit of theirs, Could all my fearch fee, either his wer eies Plied still with wipings; or the goodly guife, His person all waies put forth; in least part, By any tremblings, shewd his toucht-at heart. But ever he was viging me to make Way to their fally; by his figne to frake His fword hid in his scabberd; or his Lance Loded with iron, at me. No good chance, His thoughts to Troy intended. In theuent, (High Troy depopulate) he made afcent To his faire thip, with prife and treasure store: Safe, and no touch, away with him he bore, Of farre-off hurl'd Lance, or of close-fought sword, Whole wounds, for fauours, Warre doth oft affoord; Which he (though fought) mift, in waters closeft wage; In close fights, Mars doth never fight, but rage. This made the foule of fwift Achilles tred A March of glorie, through the herbie meade; For ioy to heare me fo renowme his Sonnes And vanisht stalking. But with passion Stood th'other Soules strooke: and each toldhis bane. Onely the spirit * Telamonian Kept farre off; angrie for the victorie

Of great * Acides: propolde t'our fames

Since for those Armes, so high a head, so some

I wonne from him at Fleete; though Arbitric Ofalla Court of warre, pronounce it mine, And Pallas felfe. Our prile were th'armes dinine, By his bright *Mother, at his funerall Games. I wish to heaven, I ought not to have wonne:

Iupiter.

Minos

Orion.

Titym.

THE ELEVENTH' BOOKE The base earth couerd. Aiax, that of all-The hoaft of Greece, had person capitall, And acts as eminent, excepting his, Whole armes those were; in whom was nought amisse. I tride the great Soule with foft words and faid: Aiax! great sonne of Telamon, arraid In all our glories! what; not dead refigne Thy wrath for those curst Armes: The Powres dinine, In them forg'd all our banes; in thine owne One; In thy graue fall, our Towre was ouerthrowne. We mourne (for euer maimd) for ther as much. As for Achilles: nor thy wrong doth touch, In fentence, any, but * Saturnius doome; In whose hate, was the hoast of Greece become A very horror. Who exprest it well, In figning thy Fate, with this timeleffe Hell. Approch then (King of all the Grecian merit) Represse thy great mind, and thy flamie spirit;

And give the words I give thee, worthy care. All this, no word drew from him; but lefte neare The sterne Soule kept. To other Soules he fled: And glid along the River of the dead. Though Anger mou'd him; yet he might haue spoke;

Since I to him. But my defires were strooke With fight of other Soules. And then I faw Minos, that ministred to Death a law;

And Joues bright sonne was. He was set, and swaid A golden Scepter; and to him did pleade A fort of others, fet about his Throne, In Plutos wide-door'd house; when strait came on, Mightie Orion, who was hunting there,

The heards of those beasts he had slaughterd here, In defart hils on earth. A Club he bore, Entirely steele, whose vertues neuer wore.

Tityus I faw: to whom the glorious Earth Opened her wombe, and gaue vnhappie birth; Vpwards, and flat vpon the Pauement lay His ample lims, that fored in their display,

Nine Acres compasse. On his bosome sat Two Vultures, digging through his caule of fat, Into his Liver, with their crooked Beakes; And each by turnes, the concrete entraile breakes, (As Smiths their steele beate) set on either side. Nor doth he euer labour to divide

His Liuer and their Beakes; nor with his hand, Offer them off:but fuffers by command, Of th'angrie Thunderer; offring to enforce, His loue Latona in the close recourse,

She vide to Pytho, through the dancing land, Smooth Panopeus. I faw likewife fland,

Vp to the chin, amidft a liquid lake, Tormented Tantalus; yet could not flake

His burning thirst. Off as his scornfull cup, Th'old man would talke; fo oft twas fwallowd vp;

And all the blacke earth to his feete descried; Diuine powre (plaguing him) the lake still dried.

About his head, on high trees, clustering, hung Peares, Apples, Granets, Olives, euer youg;

Delicious Figs, and many fruite trees more, Of other burthen, whose alluring store,

When th'old Soule strin'd to pluck the winds from fight,

In gloomie vapours, made them vanish quite. There faw I Sissphus, in infinite mone, With both hands heaving vp a maffie frone;

And on his tip-toes, racking all his height, To wrest up to a mountaine top, his freight:

When prest to rest it there (his nerues quite spent) Downe rusht the deadly Quarrie: the event Of all his torture, new to raife againe;

To which, strait set his neuer-rested paine. The sweate came gushing out from every Pore,

And on his head a standing mist he wore; Reeking from thence, as if a cloud of duft Were raifd about it. Downe with these was thrust,

The Idoll of the force of Hercules. But his firme felfe, did no fuch Fare oppreffe;

He feasting lives amongst th'immortall States; White-ankled Hebe, and himselfe, made mates,

In heavenly Nuprials. Hebe, Iones deare race, And Janes; whom the golden Sandals grace. About him flew the clamors of the dead,

Like Fowles; and still stoops cuffing at his head. He, with his Bow, like Night, stalkt vp and downes His shaft still nockt; and hurling round his frowne,

At those vext houerers, aiming at them still; And still, as shooting out, defire to still. A horrid Bawdricke, wore he thware his breft: The Thong all gold, in which were formes imprest,

Where Art and Miracle, drew equal breaths, In Beares, Bores, Lions, Battels, Combats, Deaths. Who wrought that worke, did neuer fuch before;

Nor so dininely will do euer more. Soone as he faw, he knew me; and gaue speech:

Sonne of Lacrtes, high in wifedomes reach; And yet vnhappie wretch; for in this heart, Of all exploits atchieu'd by thy defert,

She

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Thy

THE ELEVENTH BOOKE.

Thy worth but works out some sinister Fate. As I in earth did. I was generate By Joue himselfe; and yet past meane, opprest By one my farre inferious whose proud hest, Imposde abhorred labours, on my hand. Of all which, one was, to defeend this Strand, And hale the dog from thence. He could not thinke An act that Danger could make deeper finke; And yet this depth I drew; and fetcht as hie, As this was low, the dog. The Deitic, Offleight and wifedome, as of downe-right powre, Both stoopt, and raild, and made me Conquerour.

This faid, he made descent againe as low As Plutos Court; when I flood firme; for show Of more Herwes, of the times before: And might perhaps have feene my wish of more: (As Thefeus and Pirithous, derin'd From rootes of Deitie) but before th'atchieu'd Rare fight of these; the rank-foul'd multitude In infinite flocks role; venting founds forude, That pale Feare tooke me, left the Gorgons head Rusht in amongst them; thrust vo, in my dread, By grim Persephone. I therefore fent My men before to ship; and after went. Where, boorded, fet, and lancht; th'Ocean wave, Our Ores and forewinds, speedie passage gaue.

Finislibri undecimi Hom.Ody(f.

THE



BOOKE OF HOMERS ODYSSES.

THE ARGUMENTA

TE shewes from Hell his (afe retreate, Toth Ile At 22, Circes feate. And how he (capt the Sirens calls. With therring Rockes, and waters falls, That Scylla and Charybdis breake. The Summes Stolne Herds; and his sad wreake. Both of Vlyffes (hip and men, His owne head (caping fcarce the paine.

Another.

My. The Rockes that errd; The Sirens call; The Summes Stolne Herd: The souldiers fall.

Vr Ship now past the streights of th'Occan flood. She plowd the broad feas billowes; and made good, The Ile Aca, where the Pallace Stands of thearly Rifer, with the rolie hands, Actine Aurora; where the loues to dance; And where the Sunne doth his prime beames advance. When here arriu'd; we drew her vp to land, And trod our felues the refaluted fand:

Found on the shore, fit resting for the Night;

Slept, and expected the celeftiall light. Soone as the white-and-red-mixt-fingerd Dame, Had guilt the mountaines with her Saffron flame; I fent my men to Circes house before, To fetch deceast Elpenor to the shore.

Reditur ab inferis ad Circen.

Strait swelld the high banks with feld heapes of trees: And (full of teares) we did due Exequies To our dead friend. (Whole Corle confum'd with fire, And honourd Armes: whose Sepulcher entires And ouer that, a Columne raild) his Ore. Curioufly caru'd (to his defire before) Vpon the top of all his Tombe, we fixt. Of all Rites fit his Funerall Pile was mixt.

Nor was our fafe afcent from hell, conceald From Circes knowledge; nor so soone reueald, But the was with vs, with her bread and food, And ruddie wine, brought by her facred brood

Sirenarum de-

Ccriptio.

Of woods and Fountaines. In the midft she stood,

And thus faluted vs: Vnhappie men, That have (inform'd with all your fences) bene In Plutos difmall manfion. You shall die

Twice now; where others that Mortalitte, In her faire armes, holds; shall but once decease.

But eate and drinke out all conceit of thefe; And this day dedicate to food and wine;

The following Night to Sleepe. When next shall shine The chearfull Morning; you shall proue the seas. Your way, and euery act ye must addresse,

My knowledge of their order shall designe: Lest with your owne bad counsels, ye encline Euents as bad against ye; and sustaine

By sea and shore, the wofull ends that raigne In wilfull actions. Thus did the aduite,

And, for the time, our Fortunes were fo wife, To follow wife directions. All that day We fate and feafted. When his lower way.

The Sunne had enterd; and the Euen, the hie: My friends flept on their Gables; she and I, (Led by her faire hand, to a place apart,

By her well forted) did to fleepe conuert Our timed powres. When, all things Fate let fall In our affaire, she askt; I told her all.

To which the answerd: These things thus tooke end: And now to those that I informe, attend:

Which (you remembring) God himselfe shall be, The bleffed author of your memorie.

Circe pratagit First, to the Sirens ye shall come, that taint futura pericula. The minds of all men, whom they can acquaint

With their attractions. Who foeuer shall (For want of knowledge mou'd) but heare the call

Of any Siren: he will so despite Both wife and children, for their forceries, That never home turnes his affections streame;

Nor they take ioy in him, nor he in them. The Sirens will fo foften with their fong, (Shrill, and in fenfuall appetite fo ftrong)

His loofe affections, that he gives them head. And then obserue: They sit amidst a meade; And round about it runnes a hedge or wall

Of dead mens bones: their witherd skins and all, Hung all along vpon it; and these men

Were fuch as they had fawnd into their Fen,

And then their skins hung on their hedge of bones. Saile by them therefore; thy companions

Before hand cauling to stop enery eare

OF HOMERS ODYSSES.

With sweete fost waxe so closes that none may heare A note of all their charmings. Yet may you (If you affect it) open care allow

To trie their motion : but prefume not fo To trust your judgement; when your senses go So loofe about you; but give straight command

To all your men, to bind you foote and hand, Sure to the Mast; that you may fase approve

How strong in instigation to their love Their rapting tunes are. If fo much they moue,

That, spite of all your reason, your will flands To be enfranchifde, both of feete and hands

Charge all your men before, to fleight your charge, And reft to farre, from fearing to enlarge,

That much more fure they bind you. When your friends Haue outfaild thefe: the danger that transcends

Refts not in any counfaile to prevent: Vnleffe your owne mind, finds the tract and bent Of that way, that anoids it. I can fay

That in your course, there lies a twofold ways The right of which, your owne, taught, prefent wit

And grace divine, must prompt. In generali yet Let this informe you: Neare thefe Sires shore

Mouetwo steepe Rocks; at whose seere, lie and rore The blacke feas cruell billowes: the bleft Gods

Call them the Rouers. Their abhord abods No bird can passe: no not the *Dones, whose feare

Sire Ione fo loues, that they are faid to beare Ambresia to him; can their rauine scape;

But one of them, falles euer to the rape Of those flie rocks. Yet Ione, another still Adds to the reft: that to may ever fill

The facred number. Neuer ship could shunne The nimble perill wing'd there; but did runne

With all her bulke, and bodies of her men

To veter ruine. For the feas retaine Not onely their outragious æsture there; But fierce affiltents, of particular feare,

And fupernaturall mischiefe, they expire: And those are whirlewinds of deuouring fire

Whisking about still. The Argine ship, alone

(befides bis proper imperfections vel lubobleurus, vt viz appareat) s veterty obsem red or let by thefe Rocks. Why

or fenen Stares.

ed the helf one, that the number might be full: Athenaus falls to it, and helps the other out: Interpreting it to be afformed of their perpetual! Speciarry number, though there appeared has fast have have and leading one thick program from its their afficied expectations of the Posticul Minds, which and an hundred others; I found in number of groupstamus gongle at the inscreptible Pose; I hope will made plaine except to the most quantum of any thing date, height their owne for conferen, and most arrogant onest vectoring. In the 2.5 of the I list of the Post of the I list of the I lis at the Pleiades.

(Which

nuc manjushums, (Which bore the * care of all men) got her gone, Naus omnibus Come from Areta. Yet perhaps euen she Curz: the ship Had wrackt at those Rocks; if the Deitie that held the care That lies by Iones fide, had not lent her hand all things: which To their transmission; since the man that mann'd our Critickes will In chiefe that voyage, she, in chiefe did loue. medi refiraine. Of these two spitefull Rocks, the one doth should omnib heroib? Poetisomnibus, Against the height of heauen, her pointed brow. vel Historicis, A blacke cloud binds it round, and neuer show all mans: prefer. Lends to the sharp point: not the cleare blew skie uatio u affirmed Lets euer view it. Not the Sommers eye; to be the freight Not feruent Autumnes. None, that Death could end ets and Histori- Could euer skale it; or if vp, descend. ans comprehen. Though twenty hands and feete he had for hold: ded all things, when Iscarce A polishtice-like glibnesse doth enfold know any that The rocke fo round, whole midst, a gloomie cell makes them any Shrowds, so farre Westward, that it sees to hell. care. But this From this, keepe you as farre, as from his bow likewife in gar- An able yong man can his shaft bestow. bige good enough for the monfter. For here, the whuling Scylla, shrowds her face: Nor will tempt That breaths a voice, at all parts, no more base our fpic's con- Then are a newly-kitn'd kitlings cries; expressing the Her selfe a monster yet, of boundlesse sister. diaine mindie Whole light would nothing please a mortals cies; includes. Being No nor the eyes of any God, if he any good of poore (Whom nought should fright) fell foule on her; and she Poefe, since no Her full shape shew'd. Twelue foule feete beare about man gets any
goods by it. And Her ougly bulke. Sixe huge long necks lookt out
notwith and ing Of her ranke shoulders: euery necke, doth let many of our A ghastly head out : euery head; three set at prophanation Thicke thrust together, of abhorred teeth: are for nothing Andeuery tooth stucke with a sable death. She lurkes in midft of all her denne; and streakes galled confesen- From out a ghastly whirle-poole, all her necks;

ces (scarce belee Where, (gloting round her rocke) to fish the falles, using the most reusing the most reall realts, in approbation of their lines; should be rubbed with the confirmation of it, even in the second wanties (as their
impieties please to call them,) which by much more learned and pions then themselves, have ever bene called the raptures of diusin inspiration By which Homo supra humanam naturam erigitur, & in Deum transit. Plat.

ane injuration of the control of the

And up rush Dolphins, Dogfish, somewhiles, Whales, got within her, when her rapine feeds. For euer-groning Amphitrite breeds About her whirlepoole, an vnmeafur'd stores No Sea-man euer boafted touch of shore That there toucht with his ship; but still she fed Of him, and his. A man for every bead Spoiling his ship of. You shall then descrie The other humbler Rocke, that moues fo nie, Your dart may mete the distance. It receaues A huge wilde Fig-tree, curl'd with ample leaues Beneath whose shades, dinine Charybdia sits Supping the blacke deepes. Thrice a day her pits She drinking all dry; and thrice a day againe, All, up the belches; banefull to fultaine. When the is drinking, dare not neare her draught, For not the force of Neptane, (if once caught) Can force your freedome. Therefore in your strife To scape Charybdis, labour all, for life To row neare Scylla; for the will but have For her fixe heads, fixe men; and better faue The reft, then all, make offerings to the wave. This Neede the told me of my lotte, when I Defir'd to know, if that Necessitie (When I had scap't Charybais outrages) My powres might not renenge; though not redreffe? She answerd : O vnhappy! art thou yet Enflam'd with warre? and thirst to drinke thy sweet? Not to the Gods give vp, both Armes, and will: She, deathlesse is, and that immortall ill Graue, harsh, outragious, not to be subdu'd, That men must suffer till they be renew'd. Nor lives there any virtue that can flie The vicious outrage of their crueltie. Shouldsthou put Armes on, and approch the Rockes I feare, fixe more must expiate the shocke. Sixe heads, fixe men aske still. Hoise faile, and slie, And in thy flight, aloud, on Cratic crie (Great Scyllas Mother, who, expodde to light

Her daughters rage; nor let her shew a head.
From thenceforth then, for euer past her care;
Thou shalt ascend, the sie *Triangularie;
Where many Oxen of the Sunne are fed;
And fatted flocks. Of Oxen, sifty head
In cuery herd feed; and their herds are senen;
And of his fat flocks is their number, Enen.

That bane of men;) and the will do fuch right

To thy observance, that she, downe will tread

Increase they yeeld not, for they neuer die; There every shepherdesse, a Deitie. Faire Phaethufa, and Lempetie, The louely Nymphs are, that their Guardians be. Who, to the daylights lofty-going flame Had gracious birthright, from the heavenly Dame Still yong Neara; who (brought forth and bred) Farre off dismiss them; to see duly fed Their Fathers herds and flocks in Sicilie. These herds, and flocks, if to the Deitie Ye leave, as facred things, vntoucht; and on Goe with all fit care of your home, alone, (Though through some sufferance) you yet safe shall land In wished Isbaca. But if impious hand You lay on those herds to their hurts: I then Prefage fure ruine, to thy ship and men. If thou escap'st thy selfe, extending home Thy long'd for landing; thou shalt loded come With store of losses, most exceeding late, And not conforted with a faued mate.

This faid; the golden-thron'd Aurera rofe; She, her way went, and I did mine dispose Vp to my ship: weigh'd Anchor, and away. When reuerend Circe, helpt vs to conuaie Our vessell safe, by making well inclind A Sea mans true companion, a forewind; With which she filld our failes, when, fitting all Our Armes close by vs. I did fadly fall To grave relation, what concernd in Fate My friends to know, and told them that the state Of our affaires fuccesse, which Circe had Prefag'd to me alone, must vet be made To one, nor onely two knowne; but to all: That fince their lives and deaths were left to fall In their elections; they might life elect. And give what would preferue it, fit effect.

I first inform'd them, that we were to flie The heavenly-finging Sirens harmony, And flowre-adorned Medow. And that I Had charge to heare their fong; but fetterd fast In bands, vnfauor'd, to th'erected Maft; From whence, if I should pray; or vse command To be enlarg'd; they should with much more band Containe my struglings. This I simply told To each particular, nor would withold What most enioun'd mine owne affections stay, That theirs the rather might be taught t'obay.

In meane time, flew our ships, and straight we fetche

The Sirens Ile: a spleenelesse wind, so stretche Her wines to waft vs. and fo vig'd our keele. But having reacht this Ile, we could not feele The least gaspe of it : it was striken dead, And all the Sea, in proftrate flumber foread: The Sirens diuell charm'd all. Vp then flew My friends to worke; ftrooke faile, together drew. And under hatches flowd them : fat, and plied Their polisht oares; and did in curls divide The white-head waters. My pair then came on A mighty waxen Cake, I fet vpon; Chopt it in fragments, with my fword; and wrougha-With strong hand, every peece, till all were soft. The great powre of the Sunne, in fuch a beame As then flew burning from his Diademe, To liquefaction helpt vs. Orderlie, I stopt their eares; and they, as faire did ply My feete, and hands with cords; and to the Maft With other halfers, made me foundly faft. Then tooke they feate; and forth our paffage strooke;

The formie Sea, beneath their labour shooke. Rowdon, in reach of an erected voice, The Sirens foone tooke note, without our noice: Tun'd those sweete accents, that made charmes so strong;

And these learn'd numbers, made the Sirens song: Come bere, then worthy of a world of praise; That doft fo bigb, the Grecian elery raife; Vlyffes! Stay thy [hip; and that fong beare That none past ener, but it bent bu eare: . But left him ranifb, and instructed more By vs .then any ener beard before. For we know all things what focuer were In wide Troy labour'd: what seener there The Grecians and the Trojans both fuftain'd; By these bigh issues that the Gods ordain d. And what focuer, all the earth can show T'informe a knowledge of defert we know.

This they gaue accent in the (weetelt straine That euer open'd an enamour'd vaine. When, my conftrain'd heart, needs would have mine care Yet more delighted; force way forth, and heare. To which end I commanded, with all figne Sterne lookes could make (for not a joynt of mine Had powre to ftirre) my friends to rife, and gine My limbsfree way. They freely striu'd to drive Their ship still on. When (farre from will to lose) Eurylechus, and Perimedes rofe To wrap me furer; and oppress me more

With

919

Of mighty billows, and a finoke afcend: A horrid murmure hearing. Enery friend while the state of Aftonish fat: from enery hand, his oare Fell quite forfaken: with the difmall Rore

Where all things there made Echoes, stone still stood Our ship it selfe: because the ghastly flood,

Tooke all mens motions from her, in their owne: I, through the ship went, labouring vp and downe My friends recouerd spirits. One by one

I gaue good words, and faid: That well were knowne These ills to them before : I told them all: And that these could not proue, more capitall

Then those the Cyclop blockt vs vp in vet My vertue, wit, and heaven-helpt Counsailes, set Their freedomes open. I could not beleeue

But they rememberd it, and with them give My equal care, and meanes, now equal trust: The strength they had for stirring vp, they must

Rouze, and extend, to trie if love had laid His powres in theirs vp, and would adde his aid To scape even that death. In particular then

I told our Pylot, that past other men He, most must beare firme spirits; since he swaid

The Continent, that all our spirits conuaid In his whole guide of her. He faw there boile The fierie whirlpooles; that to all our spoile

Inclosed a Rocke: without which he must stere, Or all our ruines stood concluded there.

All heard me, and obaid; and little knew That, shunning that Rocke, fixe of them should rue The wracke, another hid. For I conceal'd The heavy wounds that never would be heal'd. To be by Scylla opened: for their feare Would then have robdall, of all care to stere; Or stirre an oare, and made them hide beneath: When they, and all, had died an idle death. But then, even I forgot to shunne the harme Circe forewarnd: who willd I should not arme, Nor shew my selfe to Scylla, lest in vaine I ventur'd life. Yet could not I containe But arm'd at all parts; and two lances tooke: Vp to the foredecke went, and thence did looke That Rockie Scylla would have first appear'd,

OF HOMERS ODYSSES. And taken my life, with the friends I fearly

From thence yet, no place could afford her fight Though through the darke rocks, mine eye shrem her light, And ranfackt all wates. I then tooke a fireight
That game my felfe, and formed to more receipt

Twixt Scylla, and Charybdin; whence we faw How horridly Charybdis throat did dean The brackish seave, which, when all abroad

She spit againe out : neuer Caldron fod With fo much feruor, fed with all the flore

That could enrage it. All the Rocke did rore With troubl'd waters: round about the tops Of all the steepe crags, slew the fomy drops.

But, when her draught, the sea and earth distinderd, The troubl'd bottoms turnd vp, and the thunderd;

Farre vinder shore, the swart fands naked lay. Whole whole steme fight, the stant d blood did fray From all our faces. And while we on her

Our eyes bestowd thus, to our mines feares Sixe friends had Seylla fnatcht out of our keele.

In whom, most loffe, did force and virtue feele. When looking to my ship, and lending eye

To see my friends estates, their heeles turnd hie, And hands eaft up, I might discerne, and heare

Their calles to me for helpe, when now they were To try me in their last extremities. And as an Angler, medeine for furprise

Of little fifth, fits powring from the rocks. From out the crookt home, of a fold-bred One. And then with his long Angle, hoifts them hie >

Vp to the Aire; then fleightly hurles them by, When, helpleffe fprauling on the land they lie. So eafely Scylle to her Rocke had sape
My wofull friends, and fo vahelet, cutrape
Strugling they lay beneath her violent rape;
Who in their tortures, defperate of escape;

Shrickt as the tore; and vp, their hands to me Still threw for fweete life. I did never fee

In all my fufferance ranfacking the leas, A spectacle fo full of miseries. Thus having fled these rocks (these article dames Seylla, Charybdis.) where the king of flames

Hath offerings burnd to him; our thin put in The Iland, that from all the carth doth witnes The Epithete, Faultiefe: where the hondroftiend And famous Oxen, for the Sunnéauc fede and for the same and it

The bellowing of Oxen, and the bleate the second of the management of the second of th . Lian ti merçel, ni e Of fleecie sheepe; that in my memories seate e e i i podujeci. Put yp the formes, that late had bene imprest and warm that to I marke to By dread Rean Circe; and the best Of Soules, and Prophets, the blind T behan Secr.
The wife Tirefiss, who was graue decreer Of my returnes whole meanes. Of which, this one 1 14 (1460 of the diverti In chiefe he vrg'd; that I should alwaies shanne
The lland of the Man-delighting Sunne. ាស៊ីដូ មួយម៉ាស់។ ២និយាវិទ When, (fad at heart for our late loffe) I praid My friends to heare fit counfaile, (though difinaid And against blood to ! Fer captily bildaes duly? With all ill fortunes) which was given to me า วิ. เคย**เซอ อน**าแน้วเก็บนิสนิก By Circes, and Tirefias Prophecie; كورور بعاموه ماليولون أعاطيات That I should flie the Ile, where was ador'd The Comfort of the world: for ills, abhorr'd Were ambusht for vs there; and therefore, willd the stand that one? Violent Stellen They should put off, and leave the Ile. This kill'd المستثارة فتحرق فحادات Their tender (pirits: when Eurylochus e. Physical Covers. 19 A speech that yext me ytter'd; answering thus: Charlet Gertagna Cruell Vlyffes! Since thy nerues abound In ftrength, the more spent; and no toyles confound TTT Description W Thy able lims, as all beate out of steele; 6. 1. 6.34 5.4 Thou ablest vs to, as vnapt to feele The state of the state of The teeth of Labor, and the spoile of Sleepe, And therefore still, wet wast vs in the deepe: Nor let vs land to cate; but madly, now; In Night, put forth, and leave firme land to ftrow The Sea with errors. All the rabide flight Of winds that ruine ships, are bred in Night. Who is it, that can keepe off cruell Death, If fuddainly should rush out th'angry breath Of Notus, or the eager-spirited West? That cuffe ships, dead; and do the Gods their best! Serue black Nigherhill, with shore, meate, sleepe, and eale;
And offer to the Marning for the leas. This all the rest approu'd; and then knew I That past all doubt, the diuell did apply His flaughterous works. Nor would they be withheld; rin haughterous works. Nor would they be withheld;
I was but one; nor yeelded, but compell'd.
But all that might containe them, I affaid:
A facred oath, on all their powres I laid; That if with herds, or any richest flocks We chanc't t'encounter, neither sheepe, nor Oxe We once should touch, nor (for that constant ill That followes folly) (corne adaice, and kill:
But quiet fit vs downe, and take fuch food As the immortall Circe had bestowd. They fwore all this, in all feuerst fort;

And then we ancord, in the winding Ports Neare a fresh River, where the longd for shore They all flew out to; tooke in viciles flore, And, being full, thought of their friends, and wepe Their loffe by Seylle; weeping till they flept. In Nights third part, when flam began to floope; The Cloud-affembler, puta Tempst vp. A boiltrous spirit he gaue it; draue out all His flocks of clouds, and lee fuch darkneffe fall, That Earth, and Seas for feare, to hide were driven; For, with his clouds, he thrust out Night from beaucu. At Morne, we drew our ships into a case, In which the Nymphs, that Phebus cattailedranes Faire dancing Roomes had, and their feates of State. I vrg'd my friends then, that to shunne their Fate, They would observe their oath, and take the food Our ship afforded; nor attempt the blood Of those faire Herds and Flocks; because they were, That dreadfull Gods, that all could fee, and heare. They stood observant, and in that good mind Had we bene gone : but fo aduerfe the wind Stood to our passage, that we could not go. For one whole moneth, perpetually did blow Impetuous Netwinot a breaths repaire But his, and Eurus, rul'd in all the Aire. As long yet, as their ruddy wine, and bread Stood out amongst them; so long, not a head Of all those Oxen, fell in any strife Amongst those students for the gut, and life. But when their violes faild, they fell to prey: Necessitie compelled them then, to ftray In rape of fish, and fowle: what ever came In reach of hand or hooke, the bellies flame Afflicted to it. I then, fell to praire. And (making to a close Retreate, repaire Free from, both friends, and winds) I washt my hands, And all the Gods befought, that held commands In liberall heaven; to yeeld some meane to flay Their desperate hunger, and set up the way Of our returne reftraind. The Gods, in fleed Of gining what I prayd for, powre of deeds A deedleffe fleepe, did on my lids diffill, For meane to worke vpon, my friends their fill. For, whiles I flept, there wak't no meane to curb Their headstrong wants; which he that did distant My rule, in chiefe, at all times, and was chiefe To all the rest in counsaile to their gricies Knew well, and of, my prefent absence tools

OF HOMERS ODYSSES.

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Warow Allers of

His fit aduantage; and their iron strooke At highest heate. For (feeling their defire In his owne Entrailes, to allay the fire

That Famine blew in them) be thus gave way
To that affection: Heare what I shall lay; (Though words will franch no hunger) every death: To vs poore wretches, that draw temporall breath; You know, is hatefull; but all know, to die

The Death of Famine, is a miserie Past all Death loathsome. Let vs therefore take The chiefe of this faire herd; and offerings make

To all the Deathleffe that in broad heaven line; And, in particular, vow, if we arrive In naturall Ishaca, to strait erect A Temple to the haughtic in afpect;

Rich, and magnificent, and all within Decke it with Relicks many, and divine. If yet, he stands incenst, since we have staine His high-browd herd; and therefore will sustaine Defire to wracke our ship: he is but one;

And all the other Gods, that we attone With our divine Rites, will their infrage gine To our design'd returne, and let vs liue. If not; and all take part, I rather craue

To serue with one sole Death, the yawning water Then, in a defert Iland, lie and sterue, And, with one pin'd life, many deaths observe.

All cried, He counsailes nobly; and all speed Made to their resolute driving. For the fred Of those coleblacke, faire, broad-browd, Sun-lou'd Beeues: Had place, close by our ships. They tooke the lines Of sence, most eminent. About their fall Stood round, and to the States celestiall Made solemne vowes: But, other Rites, their ship Could not afford them; they did therefore ftrip The curld-head Oke, of fresh yong leaves, to make

Supply of seruice for their Barly cake. And on the facredly enflam'd, for wine Powrd purest water; all the parts divine Spitting, and rofting: all the Rites befide Orderly vling. Then did light divide My low, and upper lids, when, my repaire Made neare my ship; I met the delicate ayre

Their rost exhal'd. Out instantly & cried. And faid, O Ione, and all ye Deified. Ye have opprest me with a cruell scepe; While ye conferd on me, a loffe as deepe As Death descends to. To themselves, alone My rude men, left vngouernd; they have done A deed fo impious (I stand well assured) That you will not forgive, though ye procur d.

Then flew Lempetie, with the ample Robe. Vp to her Father, with the golden Globe: Ambassadresse, tinforme him, that my men Had flaine his Oxen. Heart-incenfed then: He cried; Revenge me(Father, and the relt Both euer living, and for ever bleft,)

Vlyffes impious men, haue drawne the blood Of those my Oxen, that it did me good To looke on, walking, all my starrie round;

And when I trod earth, all with medowes crown'd Without your full amends, lle leaue heauen quite; Dis, and the Dead, adorning with my light.

The Cloud-herd answerd; Son! thou shalt be ours, And light those mortals, in that Mine of flowress My red hote flash, shall grase but on their ship, And eate it, burning, in the boyling deepe.

This by Calypso, I was told, and she

Inform'dit, from the verger Mercurie. Come to our ship; I chid, and told by name Each man, how impioufly he was to blame. But chiding got no peace; the Beeues were flaine: When straight the Gods, fore-went their following paine With dire Oftents. The hides, the Helb had loft,

Crept, all before them. As the flesh did roft It bellowd like the Oxe it felfe, aliue. And yet my fouldiers, did their dead Beenes drive Through all these Prodigies, in daily feafts.

Sixe daies they banqueted, and flue fresh beafts. And when the feuenth day, Ione reduc't the wind That all the moneth rag'd; and fo in did bind Our ship, and vs; was turnd, and calm'd; and we

Lancht, put vp Masts; Sailes hoised, and to Sea. The Iland left fo farre; that land no where: But onely fea, and skie, had powre t'appeare; Ione fixt a cloud aboue our ships so blacke That all the sea it darkned. Yet from wracke

She ranne a good free time: till from the West Came Zephyre ruffling forth; and put his breaft Out, in a finging tempell; lo most vast, It burst the Gables, that made fure our Mast;

Our Masts came rumbling downe our canell downe. Rusht to the Pump: and by our Pylots crowne The maine Mast, past his fall, patht all his Skull.

And all this wracke, but one flaw, made at full. Off from the Sterne, the Sternefman, dining fell,

THE TWELFTH BOOKE And from his finews, flew his Soule to hell. Together, all this time, lowes Thunder chid; And through, and through the ship, his lightning glid: Till it embrac't her round : her bulke was filld With nafty fulphur; and her men were killd: Tumbl'd to Sea, like Sea-mews swumme about, And there the date of their returne was out. I toft from fide to fide still, till all broke Her Ribs were with the storme : and she did choke With let-in Surges; for, the Mast torne downe; Tore her vp pecemeale; and for me to drowne Left little vndissolu'd. But to the Mast There was a lether Thong left; which I cast About it, and the keele; and so sat tost With banefull weather, till the West had lost His stormy tyranny. And then arose The South, that bred me more abhorred woes: For backe againe his blafts expelld me, quite On ravenous Charibdis . All that Night I totter'd vp and downe, till Light, and I At Scyllas Rocke encounterd; and the nie Dreadfull Charybdie. As I draue on thefe, I faw Charybdis, fupping vp the feas, And had gone vp together, if the tree That bore the wilde figs, had not rescu'd me; To which I leapt, and left my keele; and hic Chambring vpon it, did as close imply My brest about it, as a Reremouse could: Yet, might my feete, on no stub fasten hold To ease my hands: the roots were crept so low Beneath the earth; and so aloft did grow The far-fpred armes, that (though good height I gat) I could not reach them. To the maine Bole, flat I therefore still must cling; till vp againe She belcht my Mast, and after that, amaine My keele came tumbling: fo at length it chanc't, To me, as to a Judge; that long aduanc't To judge a fort of hote yong fellowes jarres, At length time frees him from their civill warres, When, glad, he rifeth, and to dinner goes: So time, at length, releast with ioyes my woes, And from Charybdis mouth, appear'd my keele. To which (my hand, now lookd, and now, my heele) I altogether, with a huge noise, dropt. Iust in her midst fell, where the Mast was propt; And there rowd off, with owers of my hands. God, and Mans Father, would not, from her fands

Let Soylla see me; for I then had died

OF HOMERS ODYSSES.

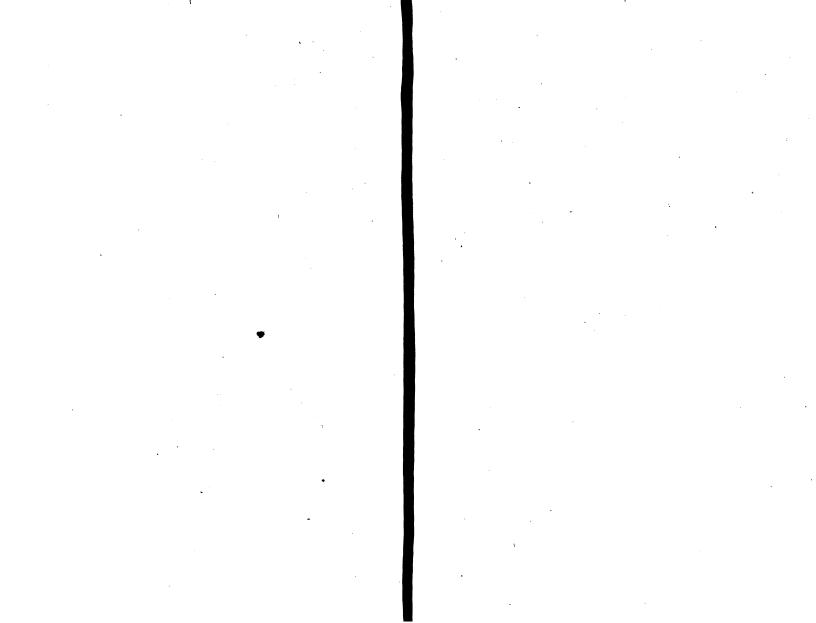
That bitter death, that my poore friends supplied.
Nine Daies at Sea, I houer'd: the tenth Night
In th'lle Oggeis, where about the bright
And right renoum'd Calyps, I was cast
By power of Detite; Where I lin'd embrac'e
With Lone, and feaths. But why should I relate
Those kind occurrents: I should iterate
What I in part, to your chastle Queene and you
So late imparted. And for me to grow
A talker ouer of my tale againe,
Were past my free contentment to sustaine.

Finis duodecimi libri Hom.Ody ([.

Opus nouem dierum.

تموا معت







THIRTEENTH BO OF HOMER SOLD Y SSES.

epiodes i i denomis ".



E faid Antificence riselier Toughes contained (In admiration) when with pleifure claim of Their cares had long being to him. All lift brake thinner filencies and in this fore figure.

To the International Largers Sonne: O Ithem ! (How encroper runne.
With funct inflamp intron way for home)
Since near a hall, your happy Prince come
To my high-rooft, and Braffe-foundation disoute:

Our Loues shall yeard you, that you that no more 'VV ander, nor suffer, homewards as before, when you then, who cuer, that are ever grac's Visit all choise of authoriz'd power postall VYbo

Such

Such wine with me, as warmes the facred Rage; Jegovores orros. quod And is an Honorarie given to Age. pro Honora. With which we likewise, heare Divinely sing datur And be. (In Honors praise) the Poet of the King: cause the wordt I moue, by way of my command, to this; Genetifit bath That where, in an elaborate Chift there lies p effeit, found. A Present for our Guest: Attires of prices

tion of gift. # EUNVOPE γαλκον. Bene-honeftos-faciens-

ing wel, es hel- And Gold, engrauen with infinite denice: guige, it is bere I wish that each of vs should adde beside A Tripod, and a Caldron, amplified With fize, and Mettall of most rate, and great. For we (in counfaile of taxation, met) Will from our Subjects, gaine their worth againe: Since 'tis vnequall one man should sustaine A charge so waighty, being the grace of all; VVhich, borne by many, is a waight but finall. Thus spake Alemon, and pleased the rest; VVhen each man clofd, with home & fleep his feall But when the colour-giuing light arole; All to the Ship, did * all their fpeeds diffose : nators, with e- And wealth (y honest men makes) broght with them. All which; euenhe, that wore the Diadem Stow'd in the Ship himfelfe, beneath the feats The Rowers fate in ; stooping, left their lets In any of their labors, he might proue. Then home he turn'd: and after him, did moue The whole affembly to expected Feaft. Amongst whom, he a sacrifice address, And flue an Oxe, to weather-wickling Ione ; Beneath whose Empire, all things are, and mone The thighs then rolling, they made glorious chere, Delighted highly; and amongst them there, The honor'd of the people vid his voice, Dinine Demodocus. Yet through this choice Of Cheere, and Mulicke, had Vigles fill An Eye directed so the Eafterne hill, To fee Him risogrifhet illustrates all. For now into his sainde, a fire did fall Of thirst for home and as in hungry vow To needfull food, and as fixed Plow; (To whom, the black Oxe all day long hath turn'd The stubbosne fallowes up; his stomacke burn d ... ? VVith empty heate, and appetite to food; His knees afflicted with his spirit-spent blood) At length the long-expected Sun-fet fees : That he may fit to foode, and reft his knees: So, to Plyffes, fet the friendly light The Sun affoorded, with as will ta light

THE THIRTEENTH BOOKE

VVho, flraight befoake, that Ore-affecting State: But did in chiefe, his speech appropriate To him by Name, that with their Rule was crowned. Alcinem ? Of all men, most renown'd, Difmiffe me, with as lafe paffe, as you vow; (Your offering past) and may the Gods to you In all contentment, vie as full a hand: For now, my landing heere, and stay shall stand In all perfection with my hearts delire; Bothmy fo fafe deduction to afoire. And louing gifts; which, may the Gods to me, As bleft in vie make, as your acts are free: Euen to the finding firme, in love, and life VVirh all defir'd enent, my friends, and wife. VVhen, as my felfe shall have delighted there. May you, with your wines, reft as happy here: Your Sonnes and Daughters (in particular State) With enery verme rendred confirmance: And, in your generall Empire, may ill neuer Approch your Land; but good your good quit cucr. This, all applauded, and all identify cried; Difmiffe the Stranger: he hath dignified With fit speech, his distribution? Then the King Thus charg'd the Herrald : Fill for offering A bowl of whice which through the whol large house Dispose to all men ; that proposious, Our Father Jose made, with our prayers; we may Give home our Gueft, in full and withed way. This faid & Poutonous commixt a Boule Of fuch sweete wine, as did delight the soule: Which making facred to the bleffed Gods, That hold in broad heaven their lupreame abodes; God-like Viffes, from his chaire anote, And in the hands of th' Empresse, did impole The all-round Cup: To whom (laire spoke) he saide Reioyce, O Queene, and be your ioyes repaide By heaven, for me, till age and death incomede; Both which, inflict their most vitwelcome neede, On Men and Dames, alike. Aind, first (for me) I must from hence, to both !Line you heare free; And ever may, all living blessings firing Your loy in Children, Subjects, and your Kings This faide, divine Philes tooke his way: Before whom, the vnarcrable lway Of King Alcinene virtue, did command A Heralds fit attendance to the Strand And Ship appointed. VVith him, likewife went Handmaids, by Aretes iniumction feat.

One

One bore an Our and In-weede, faire and sweete; The other an embroider'd Cabinet: The third, had Bread to beare, and ruddy wine: All which, (at Sea, and Ship arriu'd) refigne. Their Freight confer'd. VVith faire attendants then, The sheets and bedding of the Man of men, VVithin a Cabin of the hollow Keele. Spred, and made foft; that fleepe might fweetly feele His restfull eyes; He enter'd, and his Bed, In filence, tooke. The Rowers ordered Themselues in seuerall seates: and then set gone The Ship; the Gable from the hollow stone Dissolu'd, and weigh'd vp : Altogether, close Then beate the Sea. His lids, in sweete repose Sleepe bound fo fast, it scarle gave way to breath;

Inexcitable, most deare, next of all to death. And as amids a faire field, foure brane horse Before a Chariot, flung into their course With feruent lashes of the smarting Scourge; That all their fire blowes high; and makes them vree To vemost speede, the measure of their ground: So bore the Ship aloft, her fiery Bound? About whom rutht the billowes, blacke, and valle In which the Sea-roares burft. As firme as fast She ply'd her Course yet: Nor her winged speede The Faulcon gentle, could for pace, exceede. So cut the through the waves, and bore a Man. Euen with the Gods, in counfailes; that began And spent his former life, in all mileale: Battailes of men, and rude waves of the Seas Yet now, fecurely flept, forgetting all. And when heavens brighteft flar, that first doth call The early morning out, advance her heads Then, neere to Ishaea, the Billow-bred Phascian Ship approch't. There is a Port, The description That th'aged Sea-God Phoreys makes his Fort;

of Photogram Whose earth, the Ithacensian people owne.

In which, two Rockes inaccessible, are growne Farre forth into the Sea; whole each firength binds The boiltrous waves in from the high-flowne winds On both the out-parts fo, that all within The well-built Ships, that once their harbour win In his calme bosome; without Anchor, reft Safe, and vnstir'd. From forth the hauens high cress. Branch the well-brawn'd armes of an Oline tree. Beneath which, runs a Caue, from all Sun free; Coole, and delightfome: Sacred to the acceffe Of Nymphs, whose sur-names are the Naiades:

In

In which, flew humining Bees; in which lay throwne Stone cups, Stone veffels, Shittles, all of flone; With which, the Names their purple Mantles woue: In whose contexture, Art and wonder strone. In which, pure Springs perpetually ran; To which, two entries were : the one for man, (On which the North breath'd:)th'other, for the gods (On which the South:) and that, bore no abodes For earthy men: But onely deathleffe feete Had there free way. This Port, these men thought meet To Land Physics; being the first, they knew. Drew then, their Ship in : but no further drew Then halfe her bulke reach't: by fuch cunning hand Her course was managed. Then bermen tooke land; And first, brought forth Physes: Bed, and all That rickly furnisht it; he still in thrall Of all-fubduing fleepe. Vpon the fand They fet him foftly downe; and then, the Strand They strewd with all the goods he had bestow d By the renown'd Pheasian; fince he show'd So much Minerua. At the Olive roote They drew them then in heape, most far from foote Of any Transiler : leaft, ere his eves Refum'd their charge, they might be others prize.

Thele, then turn'd home: nor was the leas supreme Forgetful of his threats, for Pelipheme Bent at divine Vigffes: yet would prove

(Ere their performance) the detree of Iones Father! No more the Gods shall honor me, Since men despise me; and those men that see The *Light, in Linage of mine ownelou drace. I wowd Viffes, should before the grace Of his returne, encounter woes enow To make that purchase deare: yet, did not yow Simply against it, fince thy Brow hadbent To his reduction; in the fore-confent Thou hadft vouchfaft it : yet before my minde Hath full powre on him; the Phascians finde Their owne minds farisfaction, with his Paffe: So farre from fuffering, what my pleasure was a That eafe, and softnesse, now is habited In his fecure breft: and his careleffe head, Return'd in peace of fleepe to Ithica. The Braffe and Gold of rich Phaseis Rocking his Temples. Gaments richly wouen; And worlds of Prize more, then was ever frouen From all the conflicts he fuftain d'at Trey, Iffafe, he should his full share there, inioy.

sally fro Nep-

Inditer to Nep-

The Showre-diffoluer answerd: VVhat a speech Hath past thy Pallate, O thou great in Reach Of wrackfull Empire? Farre the Gods remaine From scorne of thee: For, twere a worke of paine; To profecute, with ignonimies, One That swaies our ablest, and most ancient Throne. For men: If any fo beneath in power. Negled thy high will: now, or any houre That moues heereafter ; take revenge to thee; Soothe all thy will, and be thy pleasure free.

Nepture to Aupacr.

* aupika.

leemen feu

VVhy then (faid he) thou blacker of the fumes That dimme the Sun; my licenst power refumes Act from thy speech : but I observe so much, And feare thy pleasure, that I dare not touch At any inclination of mine owne, Till thy confenting influence beknowne. But now; this curious-built Pheacian Ship, Returning from her Conuoy, I will ftrip Of all her fleeting matter; and to flone Transforme and fixe it (iust when she hath gone Her full time home; and iets before their prease In all her trim) amids the Sable Seas. That they may cease to conuoy strangers still, VVhen they shall see so like a mighty Hill Their glory sticke before their Cities grace, And my * hands cast a maske before her face.

Ofriend, (faid Ione) it shewes to me the best AUSTOL SH-Of al earths objects that their whole prease dreft quid,tanguam In all their wonder; neere their Towne shall stand operimentum. And stare upon a Stone, so neere the Land, So like a Ship, and dam vp all their lights,

As if a Mountaine interposde their sights. VVhen 2Vepsume heard this, he for Seberia went, VVhence the Pheacians tooke their first descent. VVhich when he reacht, and in her swiftest pride, The water-treader, by the Cities fide Came cutting close; close he came swiftly ons Tooke her in violent hand, and to a Stone Turnd all her fyluane fubstance. All below. Firmd her with Rootes & left her. This strange show VVhen the Phaseians faw, they stupid stood, And askt each other who amids the flood Could fixe their Ship fo, in her full speed home? And quite transparant, make her bulke become?

Thus talkt they; but were farre from knowing how Alcinous tels These things had issue. V Vhich their King did show, how the Ship And saide , O friends, the ancient Prophesies My Father told to me, to all our eyes became a Stone.

Are now in proofe : he faide, the time would come. VVhen Neptune, for our fafe conducting home All forts of Strangers (out of enery fix d) Would meete our faireft Ship as the retir'd-And all the goodly Shape, and speed we boff. Should like a Mountaine fland before vs loft. Amids the mouing waters; which we fee Perform'd in full end to our prophe fie. Heare then my counfaile, and obey me then: Renounce henceforth our convey home of men; Who ever shall becreafter greete our Towns. And to th'offended Deities Renowne; Twelve chosen Oxen let vs facred make. That he may pitty vs : and from 73 take This shady Mountaine. They, in feare, obaide, Slew all the Beenes, and to the Godbead praide: The Dukes and Princes, all enfohering round The facred Altar. While whose Tops were croun'd. Dinine VIrles (on his Countries breft ... Laid bound in fleepe) now role our of his reft: Nor (being to long remon'd) the Region knew. (Befides which absence yet) Acomparednew A cloud about him : to make strenge the more His fafe arrivall: left, vpon his Shots are He should make knowne his face, and viter all That might prenent, th'cuent the was to fall. WWhich the prepar d to well that not his wife (Prefented to him) should perceive his life: No Citizen, no Friend; till rightness Face Vpon the vvooers wrongs, were confirmente. Through which cloud, all things show d now to the King! Offorreign fashion. The endowed Spring, Amongst the Trees there. The perpetual wanes; The Rockes, that did more high their foreheads raise To his Rapt eye, then naturally they did: And all the Hauen, in which a man feem dhid From winde, & weather, when froms loudefichid. He therefore, being riken, stood and viewed His countrey earth: which (not penerin'd) he rew'd: And, striking with his hurld-downe hands his Thyes, He mourn'd, and faide : O me ! Againe where lyes My defart way ? To wrongfull men, and made? And with no Lawes of humane right indu de ? Or are they humane, and of holy minds? What fits my deede with thefe to many hinds Of goods late given? VVhat, with my felfe, wil floods.

And Errors do? I would to God, these Goods

Had

Had rested with their Owners: and that I

But know this countrey. Rocky 'tis, and rough : And fo, for vie of horse vnapt enough: Yet, with fad Barrenneffe not much infelled. Since clowds are heere in frequent raines digefied. And flowry dewes. The compatte is not great The little yet, well fild with wine, and wheat. It feeds a Goat, and Oxe well; being still

Water'd with floods, that ever over-fill VVirh heavens continual showers: and woodded so, It makes a Spring of all the kindes that grow.

And therefore, Stranger, the extended name Of this Dominion, makes accelle by Fame; From this extreame part of Athers.

As farre as Ilion; and his Hhoes.

This ioy'd him much, thee fo valenoward a Land, Turn'd to his countrey. Yet fo wife a hand He carried, even of this idy, flowne to hye, That other end he put to his reply, Then firaight to show that joy, and lay abrode His life to Strangers. Therefore, he beflowd A veile on Truck: For evermore did winde About his bosome, a most crasty minde,

VV hich thus his words fhew'd. I thene force at Sea, In spacious Crese, heard speake of these

Of which; my felfe (infermet) now reach the flace; VVith these my Fortunes; whose whole value more I left in Crese amongst my children there;

From whence I flye, for being the flamibeerer. Ofroyall James most loued Son, Swift-foote Orfilechan, that ecolorous com Profest men for the race. Yethim I doe.

Because he would deprive me of strytdue In Treiss prize: for which, Hallet & fo (The rude wates piercing) the reflectied we

Of minde and body, in the warres of men: Nor did I gratifie his Father then VVith any feruice : But, as well as be, Sway'd in command of other Southery.

So, with a friend withdrawne, we way laide him, VVhen gloomy Night, the cope of heaven did dim. And no man knew. But we (lotte declote) became, And I put out, to him, his vital thane;

VVhole flaughter, having author dwarf my fword, linfant flight made; and fliaight fell about A Ship of the renown d Phoneista Scatte

VVhen prayer, and pay, at a findicient race Obtain dmy Paffe, of men in her command:

VVhom I inioyn'd to fet me ou the land

Had falne on Kings of more Regality, To grace out my returne; that lou'd indeed, And would have given me Conforts of fit speed To my distresses ending! But, as now. All knowledge flyes me, where I may bestow My labour d purchase. Heere they shall not stay. Left what I car'd for, others make their prey. O Gods! I fee, the great Phaseians then VVere not all just, and understanding men; That land me elsewhere then their vants pretended: Affuring me, my countrey should see ended My miseries told them : yet now, eate their vants. O loue! great Guardian of poore Suppliants,

THE THIRTEENTH BOOKE.

That others fees, and notes too; shutting in All in thy plagues, that most prefume on Sin, Reuenge me on them. Let me number now The goods they gaue, to give my minde to know If they have stolne none, in their close retreat.

The goodly Caldrons then, and Tripods(fet In feuerall rankes from out the heape) he told. His rich wrought garments too, and all his Gold: And nothing lack't; and yet this Man did mourne, The but supposed misse of his home returne.

And, creeping to the shore, with much complaint; Minerualifea Minerus, (like a Shepheard, yong, and quaint,

Shepheard (Juch As King fonnes are: a double Mantle caft as King former A thought his Shoulders, his faire goers grac's times to be) ap With fitted shooes; and in his hand; a Darty pear to Viffes. Appear'd to him, whose fight reioye't his bart.

To whom he came, and faide: O Friend? Since first I meete your fight heere: Be all good, the worst That can joyne our encounter: Fare you Faire: Nor with aduerse minde, welcome my repaire: But guard these goods of mine, and succour me. As to a God, I offer prayers to thee, And low accesse make, to thy loued knee.

Say truth, that I may know, what countrey then? What commune people line heere? And what men? Some famous Isle is this? Or gives it vent

(Being neere the Sea) to some rich Continent? Pallas to Vivi-She answer'd; Stranger, what so ere you are; Y'are either foolish, or come passing farre,

That know not this Isle, and make that doubt trobles For 'tis not so exceedingly ignoble,

But paffing many know it : and fo many, That, of all Nations, there abides not any, From where the Morning rifes, and the Sun; To where the Enen, and Night their courses rung

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Of Pylos, or of Elis, the divine. V.Vhere the Epeyans in great Empire shine. But force of weather check't that course to them; Though (loath to faile me) to their most extreme They spent their willing pow'rs. But, forc't fro thence, VVe err'd, and put in heere, with much expence Of Care and Labour: and in dead of Night, VVhen no man there, seru'd any appetite, So much as with the Memory of food, Though our estates exceeding Needy stood. But, going ashore, we lay, when gentle sleepe My weary pow'rs inuaded : and from Ship, They fetching these my Riches, with iust hand About me laide them : while vpon the fand Sleepe bound my fenfes; and for Syden, they (Put off from hence) made faile: while heere I lay, Left fad alone. The Goddeffe laught, and tooke His hand in hers; and with another looke; (Assuming then the likenesse of a Dame, Louely and goodly, expert in the frame Or vertuous Huswiferies) she answerd thus.

Pallas to Vlyf-* ewinhower,

varia ce mul-

He should be passing slie, and couctous * Of stealth, in mens deceits, that coted thee, furandi auidas. In any craft; though any God should be Ambitious to exceede in subtilty. Thou still-wit-varying wretch ! Infatiate In ouer-reaches: Not secure thy state tiplicabilens Without thesewiles? Though on thy Natine shore Thou fetil fafe footing? But vpon thy flore Offalle words, still spend? That even from thy byrth Haue bene thy best friends? Come: our either worth Is knowne to either: Thou, of Men, art far (For words and counfailes) the most singular; But I, about the Gods, in both, may both My still-tried Faculties. Yet thou hast lost The knowledge euen of me: the feede of Ione, Pallas Athenia; that have still out-strove In all thy Labors, their extremes, and flood Thy fure guard euer : making all thy good, Knowne to the good Phaseians, and received. And now againe, I greete thee, to see wean'd Fresh Counsailes for thee: and will take on me The close referuing of these goods for thee, VVhich the renown'd Phaseian States bestow'd At thy deduction homewards; Onely mon'd V Vith my, both spirit and counsell. All which grace I now will amplifie, and tell what case Thy houshold stands in , vetering all those paines,

That, of meere need, yet flill must racke thy vainers Do thou then freely beare; Nor one word give To Man nor Dame, to thew then yet doft live: But filent, fuffer ouer all againe Thy forrowes past; and beare the wrongs of Men.

Goddeffe (faid he) vajust men, and vawills. That author injuries, and varities By vanities and wrongs, Thould rather be Bound to this ill-abearing definy Then just, and wife men. VVhat delight hath heaterla That lives voburt it felfe, to fuffer given Vp to all domage, those poore few that strive To imitate it? and like the Deites line? But where you wonder, that I know you not Through all your changes; that skill is not got By fleight or Art: fince thy most hard-hit face. Is still distinguish by the free given grace. And therefore truly to acknowledge thes In thy encounters, is a maiftery In men most knowing. For to all men, thou Tak it severall likenesse. All men thinke they know Thee in their wits. But, fince thy feeming view Appeares to all; and yet thy truth, to few: Through all thy changes, to discent thee right. Askes chiefe Loue to thee; and impired light. But this; I filrely know; that fome yeares paft, I have beene often with thy preferice gracit, All time the formes of Greek wag dwarfe at 7707 : But when Pases full hours, let our fwords enjoy Our voices, in tacke of Printing leftly Tolving Our Ships all boorded; and when God had blowne Our Fleete in funder, I could never fel The feede of Ione; Nor once difficiently thee Boording my Ship, to take the week from me. But onely in my proper spirit initially Err'd, here and there quite flaine the hearth diffold d Me, and my ill: which chanc't not vill thy grace By open foeech confirm dine ; m'a place Fruitfull of people: where, in perion, thou Didft gine me guide, and all their City flows And that was the renown'd Phainise earth. Now then; even by the author of thy Birth; Vouchfafe my doubt the Truth (for faire it lies My thoughts ; that thus should fall into mine cits Confpicuous ithese that feare I touch At loggefarre Shore, and that thy wit is fuch, Thoughoft delude me) Is it forethe fame

Most honor d earth, that beares my conntries name?

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I fee (fayd the) thou wilt be ener thus,
In euery worldly good, incredulous. And therefore, have no more the power, to see Fraile life more plagu'd with infelicity; In one so eloquent, ingenious wise.
And therefore, have no more the power, to see
Fraile life more plagu'd with infelicity;
In one fo eloquent, ingenious wife.
Another man, that so long miseties
Had kept from his lou'd home: and thus return'd
In one fo eloquent, ingenious wife. Another man, that fo long mileties. Had kept from his lou'd home; and thus return'd. To fee his houfe, wife, children; would have burn'd. In headlong luft rey lift. Yest enquire.
VVbar flares they hold, affects not thy delire.
Till thou half tried off in thy wife, there be
Till thou haft tried iff in thy wife, there be A Sorrow, wasting dayes, and nights for thee,
In Louing teares: That then the fight may proug
A full reward, for eithers mutuall Loue.
Rue I would never credit in you both
Bur I would neuer, credit in you both Least cause of sorrow; but well knew, the trodi
Of this thing arms returned shough all the Friends
Of this thine owne returne: though all thy Friends, I knew, as well, (hould make returnleffe ends.)
Vannalis and Coming Valle Nature Co
Tr. C. A. L. C. Channel Grand high did gra
To trand their falegard; finee to bigu durigo
His wratn, for thy extinction of the eye
Of his loud donne. Come then, he hiew thee why
1 call this life, thy levace; 10 growing
To stand their falegard; since so high did go His wrath, for thy extinction of the eye Of his lou'd sonne. Come then, He shew thee why I call this Isle, thy Ithees; To ground Thy credit on my words: This hauen is own d
This is the Oline with the ample pows
And heere close by, the pleasant-inaged Calle,
This is the Oline with the ample bows. And heere close by, the pleafants inaded Caue. That to the Fount-Nymphs, th' the conferred aug. As Sacred to their pleafures. Hercedon rue. The large, and couer'd den, where then half done.
As Sacred to their pleasures. Heere doth run i area and and area area
The large, and couer d den, where then have done a low
Hundreds of Offerings to the Activities 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
Here, Mount Neryess inakes his cutied I religion
Of shady woods. This layd, she clear of the clouds and the shade
That first deceyu d his eyes; and all things showed on select or governed
His countrey to him. Glad he stood with fight night negation and mile and a self-
Of his lou'd Soile; and kittin, with delight, affecting a series, and
And instantly, to all the Nymphs hee paide a standard and instantly
(With hands held up to heaven) thele wowes & laid will be danied of will
Ye Nymphs the Waisdes, great feed of tone: Washer all page 16 14 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
I had conceite, that neuer more thould moue
Your fight, in these spheres of my erring eyes; Have
And therefore, in the fuller Sacrifice where the same of the same
Of my hearts gratitude: Rejoyce, till more
I pay your Names, in Offerings as before
VVhich heere I vow: It <i>lones</i> benigne delcent and such as a second
(The mighty Pillager) with life convent your part both and or all or a
(The mighty Pillager) with life comusition of space and constant of space and to my fair degree for the property of the property of the property of the first of
Of my lou'd fonnes fight adde the fweet increase dated at about 1
Be

Be confident (laide Palin) nor oppriste lindi by 7000 2000 Thy fpirits with care of the performances;
But these thy fortunes, let with right appose
In this dinine Canes bosome, that they close Referve their value ; and we then may be How best to order other all to thee the Thus entred the the light-excluding Cane And through it, fought fome minioft notike to face The Gold, the great Braffe, & tober 1881 wrougher the Giuen to Flyfes: All which in he broaght 2 3 3 for and a site Laid downe in heape; and the impos afforce Clofe to the cauemesmouth? Then latthey on it state a state The facred Olines roote, comining how To act th'infulting woocrs oue; throw od see shill the contract of the con-VVhen Pallas faide; Examine now the theans That best may lay hand on the implication Of those proud wooers: that have HOP three yeares Thy Roofes rule fwaid; and bene bold Offerers
Of fuite, and gifts, to thy throwned wate; VVho for thy absence, all her desolate life in 100, 180 Diffolues in teares till thy defir d returne; Yet all her wooers, while thee thus doth mourne She holds in hope; and enery one affords (In fore-fent meffage) promise Dat fact words
Beare other viterance then her the art approves.

O Gods (faid theam) it now bellights My Fate to end me, in the macceant You tell me, and in time, their close intents. Aduise then meanes, to the reucag detects VVe both resolute on. Be thy selfe to thinke To stand close to me; and but such a trainede Breathin my bolome, as when the Towies VVe tore in Cinders. Oif equall powres and only Thou wouldst enstance, amids nit New Sas their Thy onely felfe (great Goddeffe) had to friend. In those brave ardors thou well worth that and I will be firoughy with thee; (Aniwe: Wife) Normust thou faile, but do thy past with me. VVhen both whole pow'rs cobine, I hope the bloods And braines of some of these that walle this goods

Shall firew thy goods Padements. Power we then I first will render thee voknowne to men! And on thy folid Linearies, pulledly and (1992)
Thy now (mooth skin. Thy last file blow recently supply
In hoary mattings: thy broad (houlders clean) In hoary mattings: thy broad shoulders cleans

OF HOMERS ODYSSES.

In fuch a cloake, as every eye shall loah. Thy bright eyes, bleare and wrinkle and to ch Thy forme at all parts, that thou shalt be strange, To all the VVooers; thy your some and wife.

But, to thy Herdiman first present thy life; That guards thy Swine, and witheth well to thee; That lottes thy fonne, and wife Peneloge.

Loor be off

Thy fearch shall finde him, fer aside his Heard, That are with talt-delighting Acomes rear d. And drinke the darke-deepe water of the Spring Bright Arethala; the most nourishing Raifer of Heards. There stay, and (taking feate

Afide thy Heardfman) of the whole State, treate Of home occurrents; while I make accelle To faire-dame breeding Sparts: for regreffe

Of lou'd Telemachus: who went in quelt Of thy lou'd fame; and liu'd the welcome Gueff Of Menelaus. The much-knower faide: Why wouldst not thou (in whose grave brest is bred The Art to order all acts) tell in this

His error to him? Let those yeares of his Amids the rude feas wander, and fuffaine The woes there raging? while vnworthy men

Denoure his fortunes? Let not care extend The heart for him (faide the) my felfe did fend His person in thy search, to fet his worth (By good fame blowne) to fuch a diffrance forth.

Nor suffers he, in any least degree The griefe you feare: but all variety That Plenty can yeeld, in her quiets fare. In Menelaus Court, doth fit and share. In whose returne from home, the VVooers yet

Lay bloudy ambush; and a Ship have fee To Sea, to intercept his life before He touch againe his births attempted shore. All which, my thoughts fay, they shall never do.

But rather, that the earth shall overgo Some one at least, of these Love-making men: By which thy goods, so much empaire fuffain. Thus vling certaine fecret words to him.

She toucht him with ber rod; and every lim VVas hid all over with a wither'd skin: His bright eies, blear'd, his brow curles, white & thing And all things did an aged man prefent.

Then (for his owne weeds) Shirt and coat all rene-Tann'd, and all footied, with noilome imeks. She put him on ; and ouer all, a cloke

Made of a Stags linge hide : of which was wome The him onite of A.S. and heading and him

Thus having both confulted of the event They parted both : and forth or Starte went

The gray-cy'd Goddeffe, to fee all things done

OF HOMERS ODYSH S.

The End of the Thirteenth Books



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FOURTEENTH BOOKE OF HOMERS ODYSSES.

THE ARGYMENT. TLyffick weese worth the Pield His S waine Eumzusgeho deth zeild Kinde Gueft-rites to bine; and relate Occurrents of his wrong deftate.

> Another. Viviles fatues.

Had more true He found him fitting in the Cottage dore; Where he had raif d to euery ayry Blore,

*aposukos; materia adhærens: Item qui rebus Mundanis dedinus eft.

A Front of great height; and in such a place, That round we might behold : of circular grace A walke so wound about it: which the Swain (In absence of his farre-gone Soueraine) Had built himselfe, without his Queenes supply, Otold Lacrees; to see safely lye His housed herd. The inner part, he wrought Offiones, that thither his owne labors brought; Which with an hedge of Thorn he fenc't about, And compate all the hedge, with pales cleft our Offable Oake; that here and there he fixt Frequent and thicke. VVithin his yard, he mixt Twelve Sties to lodge his Heard; and every Sty Had roome and vie, for fifty Swine to lye. But those were females all. The male Swine slept VVithout doores cuer. Nor was their Herd kep€

Faire like the Females, fince they fuffer d fill Great diminution: he being forc't to kill And fend the fatteff to the dainty Feafts; Affected by th' vngodly wooing guests. Their number therefore, but three hundred were! And fixty: By them, Mallines as an flere As fanage beafts, lay euer. Their fierce ftraine Bred by the Herdiman sa meere Prince of Men: Their number, foure. Himselfe was then appli de In cutting forth a faire hew'd Oxes hide, To fit his feete with thooes. His fernatics held Guard of his Swine. Three, here and there, at field; The fourth, he fent to City with a Sow, VV hich must of force be offer'd to the Vow. The VVoowers made to all faciety: To ferue which, still they did those Offrings ply. The Fate-borne-Dogs to Barke, tooke fodaine view Of Odyffam; and vpon him flew With open mouth. He (cunning, to appall A fierce Dogs fury) from his hand let fall His staffe to earth; and fat him carelesse downe. And yet to him had one foule wrong bene showne VV here most his Right lay shad not inflantly The Herdiman let his hide fall; and his cry (VVith frequent stones, slung at the dogges) repeld This way, and that, their eager course they held: When through the entry past, he thus did mourne. O Father! How foone, had you niede bene torne By these rude Dogges? whose hare had branded me

VVith much neglect of you? But Deity

Hath given to many other fighes, and cares

To my attendant state: that well vnwares ...

That God-like wonted to be ruling hoere;

Since now, I fat his Swine, for others cheere:

In Countries, Nations, Cities, all voknowne.

From whence you traily are; and all the woes

A thickned hardle; on whole top, he frow d

A wilde Goats shaggy skin ; and then bestowd

His owne Couch on it, that was fold and great.

Your age is subject to. This said, he led

Into his Cottage; and of Ofices, spred

VVhere he, perhaps, err's hungry up and downe,

The Sunnes (weet beames, But (Father) follow mee,

That (cheer'd with wine and foode) you may disclose

You might be hurt for me in theere I lie

Gricuing and mourning for the Maichie

If any where he lives yet; and doth fee

Ad latrandő

faro quodan

.1: ..

Plyfes ioy'd, to fee him fo entreat Τz His vncouth Prefence; faying, fore require,
And all th'immortall Gods, with that delight
Thou most defir st, thy kinde receive of me;
O Friend, to humane Hospitality.

Eumeus answer'd: Guest? If one much wurse Arrin'd here then thy felfe it were a confe To my poore meanes, to let a Stranger taft Contempt, for fit food. Poore men, and vnplacit In free feats of their owne; are all from Ione Commended to our entertaining Loue. But poore is th'entertainment I can gives Yet free, and louing. Of such men as line The lines of fernants, and are still in feare Where yong Lords gouerne; this is all the cheare They can affoord a Stranger. There was One That vide to manage, this now defare Throne: Towhom the Gods deny returne; that show'd His curious fanour to me, and bestow'd Possessions on me: A most wished wife. A house, and portion; and a Servants life, Fit for the gift a gracious King thould give: VVho still tooke pains himselses & God made shrine His personall endeuour : and to me. His worke the more increast: in which you fee I now am conversant. And therefore much His hand had help't me, had heavens wil beene fuch. He might have heere growne old: But he is gone. And would to God the whole succession. Of Hellen might go with him; fince for her So many men di de: whose Fate did confer My Liege to Trey, in Agamemment grace; To spoile her People, and her Turrets race.

This faid, his coate to him, he ftreight did gird; And to his Sties went, that contained his Herd. From whence, he tooke out two, flew both, and eut Both fairely vp. A fire enflam'd, and put To spit the joynts; which roasted well, he fer VVith spit and all to him, that he might eat From thence his food, in all the findging heat. Yet dreg'd it first with Flowre: Then fildhis Cup VVith good sweet wine; Sate then & cheard him vp. Eate now (my guest) such leane Swine, as are mease For vs poore Swaines: The fat, the wooers cate. In whose minds, no shame, no remorse doth mous Though well they know, the bleft Gods doe not love Vingodly actions; but respect the right, And in the worker of pious men, delight. But these are worse then impious; for those

That yow tiniustice, and professe them sees To other Nations, enter on their Land; And Impiter (to shew his punishing hand Vpon th'inuaded, for their pennance then) Giues fanour to their foes (though wicked men) To make their prey on theme who having freight Their thips with spoile enough, weigh ancor fireights And each man to his house; (and yet even these, Doth powrefull feare, of Gods infl vengeance feize Euen for that prize, in which they fo reioyce) But these men, knowing (having heard the voyce Of God, by some meanes) that sad Death hath reft The Ruler heere; will never fuffer left Their vniust wooing of his wife, nor take Her often answere: and their owne Roofes make Their fit retreats : But (fince voebeck't, they may) They therefore wil, make still his goods their pray, Without all spare, or end. There is no day, Nor night fent out from God, that ever they Prophane with one beafts blood, or onely two, But more make spoile of: and the wrongs they do In meates excelle ; to Winess well extend; VVhich as excellinely, their ryots fpend: Yet fail leave flore. For fure his meanes were great; And no Heree, that hath choifest feate Vpon the fruitfull neighbour Guntinene Or in this Isle it felfe; is a thent Was, as Vhilles: No, nor twenty facility Put altogether, did politile to much.

VVhose Herds and Flothers Heresito chery Head: Vpon the Continent, he daily fed Twelue Herds of Oxen; No leffe, Picelies of Sheepe; As many Herds of Swine. Stals, large and fleepe, And equal fort of Goats: which Tenains there, And his owne Sheepherdskepe. Their fed he here. Eleuen faire stalles of Goars; whose food high yealde In the extreame part of a neighbor Field. Each Stall, his Herdiman hath: An honest Swaine, Yet every one, must every day sustaine The load of one Beaft, (the most fat, and best Of all the Stall-fed) to the Voers Feaft. And I (for my part) of the Swine Ikeepe (VVith foure more Herdimen) enery day, help fleep The VVocers appendes, in blood of one. The most select, our choise cantall vpon,

To this; Philes gaue good eare, and fed a And drunke his wine; and vert; and ranified His food for meete vertation. Seeds of a Phla Vais.

Vlyffes i reauft againft the wesers, with newes of their popa.

and the

ei du, reprisis

His Stomacke fow'd, to heare his goods go'fhill
To glut of wooers. But his dinner done,
And Stomacke fed to fatisfaction:
He drunke a full Bowle, all of onely wine,
And gaine it to the Guardian of his Swine:
Who tooke it, and reioye't. To whom he faid;
O Friend, who is it that (fo rich) hath paid.

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Who tooke it, and reisoy. I to winder has on Friend, who is it that (fo rich) hath paid.

Price for thy feruice? Whole commended pow'r,
Thou fayft (to grace the Gracian Conquerour)

At Itian perifit? Tell me; it may fall.

Iknew fome fuch. The great God knowes, and all.
The other deathleffe Godheads: if Lean.

(Farre having trauai'd) tell of fuch a man.

(Farre having travail'd) tell of fuch a man. Eumaus answer'd: Father, neuer one Of all the Strangers that haue touch't vpon This Coast with his lifes Newes, could ever yet Of Queene, or lou'd sonne, any credit get. These Trauailers for cloathes, or for a meale; At all aduentures, any lye will tell. Nor do they trade for truth: not any man That faw the people Ishacenfian, Of all their fort; and had the Queenes supplies, Did euer tell her any newes, but lies. She graciously receives them yet; enquires Of all the can : and all, in teares expires. It is th'accustom'd Law, that women keepe, Their husbands, elsewhere dead, at home to weepe. But do thou, quickly Father, forge a Tale: Some Coat, or cloake, to keepe thee warme withall, Perhaps some one may yeeld thee: But for him, Vultures and Dogges, haue torne from euery lim His porous skin; and forth his foule is fled: His coarse at Sea, to Fishes forseited: Or on the Shore, lies hid in heapes of fands And there hath he his ebbe : his Native Strand With friends teares flowing. But to me, past all VVere teares created: For Incuer shall Finde so humane a royall Mayster more; VVhat euer Sea, I seeke; what euer Shores Nay, to my Father, or my Mothers loue Should I returne; by whom, I breath and mone, Could I so much ioy offer; nor these eyes (Though my defires fultaine extremities For their fad absence) would so faine be blest VVith fight of their lines, in my native Neft, As with Viyffes dead : in whose last rest, (O friend)my foule shall love him. Hee's not here, Nor do I name him like a Flatterer.

To me a poore man in the rich for the a street and a street and a street And be he paft all thores, where Sun can thine, I will innoke him as a foule dinine. was a second of the later O Friend (fayd he) Andrea indeeded to be (100 82) of the late of t He cannot line, doth too machilitenfe sine To incredulity. For (notto focale sales and sales and sales At needy randon; but my breath to breaks In facred Oath) Plyfes shall require to the state of the And when his fight recomform those that meaning In his owne roofes; then give me doales, and core. And garments worthy of a man of note. Before which, though neede waid measure fo, lle not receiue a thred, but neked go. No leffe I hate him then the gates of hell. That pooreneffe can force anamentalisto tell. Let love then (heavens chiefe God) in witnes beare; And this thy hospitable Tablehouse Together with vnblam'd Fifes house, and In which I finde receipt formations VVhat I affirm'd of him shall all be true. This inflant yeare, thine eyes can heare fhall view Thy Lord Viffes. Nay, ere this manche and (Return d full home) he thall surengo due nd To enery one, whose ener decellant dans

VVrong to his wife, and his illustrous Sounce. O Father (he replied) ile neither gine Thy newes reward; nor doth Philes lines But come; enough of this, les subminanteme;
And neuer more his memory expense.

It greenes my heart to be remembred than By any one, of one to glorions, But standyour oath, in your affection frong, And lex //r/les come, for whom I long: For whom his wife; for whom his aged Sire; For whom his Son, confumes his God like fire; VVhole chance I now must snounc, and ener shall. VVhom when the Gods had brought so be as tall As any vpright plant and I had faide; is the He would amongst a Course sweet have swaide In countailes; and for forme, have bear industric Euen with his Father : fome God milinfierd. Or man tooke from him; his curne equal minde; And past him for the Pylias Shore, to finde His long-loft Father. In reliance from whence, The Woodrs pride, way-layer his immocence; That, of dinine Arcefue, all therace May fade to Ithese, and not the grace and

Of any Name, left to it. But lesse we and I ald roll full has in any sained His flate, however: if furpriz'd bebegit doing the of many some a line of Orifhe Cape. And may satismine handred was so of the firm of ed bed Protect him fafely to his native Land. and about as and about illim ! Do you then (Father) thew your galofet and eauth (ad by it) has is if O Ofyour arrivall heere; nor breake the Linker of a risob good retiner of That Truth prescribes your but relate your name, has I make the first And of what race you are : your Fathers fame, you said you and the second And native Cities: Ship and men vnfold.

That to this Isle convaid you since Hold Your heere arrivall, was not all by thore; Nor that your feete, your aged person bore. He answer'd him 5 Ile tell all thickly time. If time, and foode, and wine enough acrie Within your roofe to vs: that freely we no of Within your roote to vs. that meery we a
May fit and banquer: Let your bufuefie be
Dilcharg'd by others. For, when all as done; I can not easily, while the yeared doth runnie.

His circle round, run ouer all the woes,
Beneath which (by the courle the Gods diffect).

My fad age labours. First, He tell you then From ample Crese I fetch my Name firains.
My Father wealthy: whose house, inamya life
Brought Such and Annual Control of the But me; a Bond-maid bore; his Generabine; Yet tender'd was I, as his lawfull line no felli By him; of whole race, I my life profes. Seem the subgree in the Co Cafter, his name; furnam d Eylecides A man, in fore-times, by the Cheter State and and the pattern of the For goods, good children, and his fortunate in order of the sand Succeffe in all acts of no means effects.

But death-conferring Fates hane banishs him. To Plate's kingdome. After whom, his foils To the little and the By Lots divided his possessions;
And gave me passing little, yes bestowed and any A house on me: to which may stertues wood dom it to a new down to a server of A wife from rich mens roofes sacrwas bonne low, Nor last in fight, thoughall Nerves fails me new. But I suppose, that you by thus much stene Know by the flubble, what the Come hash bene.
For, past all doubt; affiliction past all meane. Hath brought my age on: but, in feelbus path,

Both Mars and Palls, haue with boldnessee By

And Fortinude my fortunes; when I that the

Choise men for ambush, needeen kennessee Choife men for ambush, presseo hause poodne'd
Ill to mine enemies; my too venurous spirite;
Set neuer death before mine eyes, for merit. It is
But (farre the first advanc't shill) still I stroots.

THE FOURTEENTH BODEELED.

Dead with my Lance, whoever outmooks My fpeed of foot. Such was then for water. But rufticke actions, euer fled the farre And houshold thrift, which threads a fainness race. In Ore-driven Ships, did Enty pleasures place: In Banailes, light Dans, Autores, Sad things all, And into others thoughts, with horror fall. But what God put state any attender to me I faill effect d as my felicity.

As men, of feuerall Mettals are address; So, federall formes are in their fordes imprest. , feiterall formes are in their romes impress.

Before the formes of Greene, the foot in Phys. Nine times, in Chiefe, I did Command chioy Of Men and Ships, against our forreigns loc ; And all I firly with a macocatel for Yet, after this, I much explose archien d : Yer, after this, I much explose the hier d;

VVhen firaight, my house in all possessions them di
Yer after that, I great, and Roucrend greit Amongst the Creamst till the Thunds to the W A harefull fernice, that diffolis d'the know Of many a Soldier. And to this was I And famous Homene, chiby it of applying of the found One reason for denially so preset & Shage vise Was the vorceasonable peoples multiple Nine years we therefore fied the mistail histor;
And in the tenth (de-peopling Prints Februs;
We fail'd for home. But Godding the prints below to the first of the peoces; and Godding the prints below the peoces; and the prints below the peoces. The Countains Aut, did much inflate decree.

For, onely one month, that there will be an inflate of the countain of the counta For such a voyage, soone were won'the Yet fixe dayes after, flaid my friends in feafle VVhile I, in banquers to the Gods, addited Much facred matter for their factifice. The seamenth, we boorded; and the Northern's shire Lent vs a franke, and passing prosperous gale, Fore which, we bore as free and eafie falle As we had back ta full and froliche hide Nor felt one Ship misforume like her parite; But fafe we far, our Sailors and the winde Confenting in our controy. When having this de In facred radiance of the fift faire day:

	The state of the s	
•	To sweetly-water d Egypt reach a Quayay sounce of a said and	an bet
	And there we anchor d: where I change my mon which is the	. ^ ?
•	To flav aboord, and watch. Difmilling then before a secretary	Me:
	Some fcours, to get the hill tops, and discouraged district	uusef f _{eli}
	They (to their owne intemperance given ouer). Its and a	3.7
	Straight fell to forrage the rich fields; and thence	12:12
	Enforce both wives and infants; with th expence	ai ky
	Of both their bloods. When firaight the rumor flew	1.
	Vp to the City: (which heard) vp they drew	113
	By daies first breake; and all the field was fild a hand the month	. / 9.50
	VVith foot & horfe; whole Aroses, did all things gild.	51.3
	A 1-1 L ightning-louing-Deiry caft	en menden i e
	And then the Lightning-louing Drity call	716 2.2
	One man, of all. About whom Mischiefe spood friege equicase	A. 64 A. 7
	One man, of all. About whom payoner the blood	
	And with his stern steele, drew in streames the blood.	100
	The greater part fed in their diffoline vaines of walland	. 16 -
	The rest were sau'd, and made enthralled Swaines, and was the	ili dən -
	To all the baleft viages there bred, around Head and are	្នេះគំន
	And then, euen love himselfe supplyed my head House	figure" :
	With fauing counfaile; (though I with to dye	
	And there in Egypt, with their flaughters ly long and the same	19.0
	And there in Egyps, with their flaughors les sold and So much griefe leiz'd me) but Jose made me walld so the	. 7.3
	Dithelme my head, take from my necke, my hield:	ាធិន
	Hurlefrom my hand my Lange and to the moop of the wood land	egic: T
	Ofhorfe, the King led, instantly made vo school of the	ปีโรย ม
	Embrace, and kiffe his knees; whom pitty ward and choin	35 the
	To give me lafety, and (to make me frum oils bet or to and and	Je ve
	The peoples outrage, that made in amaine, and a ob) min to	4 t i &
	All iouncil of the state of the	100
	He tooke me to his Chariot, weeping homes	ه ۱۳۰۶ . وه محمد دی در
	Himselfe with seare of Iones wrath overcomes of him Seal to	
	VVho yeelding foules receives and cakes most il	
	All fuch as well may faue, yet love to kill a yor be an ablin	36
	Seuen yeares I foiourn d heere, and measure gas soldier	
	In good abundance of the Egyptian flate: West Sentition	ا م دواده ا اد مورد
	For all would give. But when the right years began to	
	A knowing Fellow (that would gnaw a map and	
A pue a wath -	A knowing reliow (that would graw a man 1990)	1 - 21 -
ALCE Sus,	Like to a Vermine, with his hellish braine	
Traxins.	And many an honest soule, euen quicke had staine;	244
	VVhole namewas Phenix) clole accolled me	
	And with infinuations fuch as he control to hate the second of the secon	
	Practifd on others, my confent he gain'd to the confent has been some	1.75
	To go into Phanicis; where remaind His house, and living. And with him I livid A compleat yeare. But, when were all arrived	
	His house, and living. And with him I lived him to him in the state of	
	A compleat yeare. But, when were all arrived gunstless and	
	The months and dajes: and that the yeare againg.	
	VVas turning round; and enery leafons raigne	orto, lu
	Renew'd ypon ys : we for Lybia went:	1 634

THE FOURTEENTH BOOKEROH TO

VVhen (still inventing crafts to circumvent) He made pretext, that I should onely go And helpe consey his freight; but thought not fo: For his intent was, to have fold me there, And made good gaine, for finding me ayeare. Yet him I follow d, though suspecting this: For, being aboord his Ship, I must be his Of firong Necessity. She ran the flood (Driven with a Northerne gale, right free, and good) Amids the full fireame, full on Crees. But then, Interplotted death to him, and all his men. For (put off quite from Crete, and fo farre gone That Shore was loft; and we fet eye on none: But all show'd heaven and sea) above our Keele Ione pointed right, a cloud as blacke as hell: Beneath which, all the fea hid; and from whence love thunder'd, as his hand would never thence. And thicke into our Ship, he threw his flash: . . That gainst a Rocke, or Flat her Keele did dash VVith headlong Rapture. Of the implante all Her bulke did fauour; and her men let fall Amids the Surges : on which, all lay took Like Sea-guls, round about her fides, and loft. And fo, God tooke, all home returns from them. But Ioue himselies (though plungd in the extream)
Recoust'd me, by thrusting on my hand
The Ships long Mast. And the my life might shared A little more vp) I embract it round; And on the rude windes, that distaines found it may be Nine dayes we houer'd. In the seath blakke night A huge Sea cast me on The frotis sheight: VVhere the Heroe Phillip, the waschiefe Of all the Thespretes game my stracke reliefe, VVirhout the price of that undemption on (27 1122 That Phenix fish't for. VVhere the Kings lou'd fon Came to me stooke me by the hand, & feif Into his Court; my poore life furficient VVith cold and labour : and liseculfe my wrack Chanc't on his Fathers Shore: hie let novlack My plight; or coate, or cleane or any thing Might cherish heate in me. And heere the King, Said, he recein d Viffes as his Guella Obseru d him Friend-like sand his course address Home to his country: shewing there to me Visiles goods. A very Treasure Of Braffe & Gold & Steele of curious frame. And to the tenth incceffier of his name He laid up wealth enough to serve beside

exercylon, Qui terram ra-

avican.

THE FOURTEENTH BOOKE In that Kings house; so hugely amplified His treasure was. But from his Court, the King Affirm'd him (hip't, for the Dodonean Spring: To heare, from out the high-hair'd Oake of love. Counfaile from him: for meanes to his remoue To his lou'd country, whence so many a yeare He had bene absent; If he should appeare Disguild, or manifest: and further swore In his mid Court, at Sacrifice, before These very eyes; that he had ready there Both Ship and Souldiers, to attend and beare Him to his country. But before; it chanc't That a Thesprosean Ship, was to be lanch't For the much-corne-renown'd Dalichias Land: In which, the Kinggaue to his men command. To take, and bring me under tenderhand To King Acastus. But, in ill designe Of my poore life, did their defires combine : So farre forth, as might euer keepe me vnder In fortunes hands, and teare my state in funder. And when the water-treader, farre away Hadleft the Land : then plotted they the day Of my long feruitude; and tooke from me Both coate and cloake, and all things that might be Grace in my habit; and in place, pur on Thefe tatter d rags, which now you fee vpom *At Samme fet. My wretched bosom. When heaven's light took *lea. They fetcht the Field-workes of faire Ishace And in the arm'd Ship, with a wel-wreath'd cord They streightly bound me, and did all disbord To shore to supper, in contentious rout. Yet straight, the Gods themselves rooke from about My pressed limbes the bands, with equal cases And I (my head in rags wrapt) tooke the Seas; Descending by the smooth steme swing then. My hands for Oares; and made from these bad men Long way, in little time. At last, Pfetcht A goodly Groue of Okes; whose Shore I rechit And cast me prostrate on it. When they knew My thus-made-scape, about the Shores they flew: But (soone not finding) held it not their beilt To fecke me further ; but return'd to reft Aboord their Vessell. Me, the Gods lodg'd close, Conducting me into the fafe repole A good mans stable yeelded. And thus, Fate This poore houre added, to my living date.

Owretch of Guests (faid he) thy Tale hath stirr d

My minde to much ruth : both how thou haft car'd

OF HOMERS ODYSSES. And fuffer d hearing, in such good parts showing: But what thy chang d relation would make knowne About Visites: I hold neither true, Nor will beleeve : and what need it thou purfue A Lyefo rashly? Since he sure is fo As I conceine; for which, my skill shall bo. Diselect The fafe returne my King lackes, cannot be; caies and coate, o He is so envied of each Deny, So cleere, fo cruelly. For not in Trep They gave him end; nor let his Corpfe enioy The hands of Friends (well they might have done. He managed armes to fuch perfection; And should have had his Sepulcher, and all: And all the Greekes to grace his Funerall: And this had given a glory to his Son Through all times future.) But his head is run Vnscene, vnhonor'd, into Harpies mawres. For my part, lle not meddle with the cause: I live a separate life, amongst my Swine; Come at no Towne for any need of mine; *osgiçteri. Valefie the * circularly witted Queene" (When any farre-come guest, is to be seene That brings her newes) eominands me bring a Brawns About which (all things being in quellion drawne,
That touch the King) they in a and forme are faid For his long absence. Some againe are glad To waste his goods virwical's all talking still. But, as for me, I noutifut will will T'enquire or question of him fince the man That faign'd himfelfe, the field Follow For flaughtering one, (through many Regions firaid) In my Stall (as his diversory) flade. V where well entreating him, he told me then, Amongh the Cretain with King Idener. He faw Vhylles; at his Ships repaire; That had bene brush't with the entaged aire: And that, in Summer, of a Automic, fure VVith all his bratte friends, and rich farniture, He would be heere : and nothing for nor for But thou, an old man, taught with fo much wo As thou hast suffer'd, to be season'd true, And brought by his face do not beere purfue His gratulations, with thy clinning Lies. Thou canft not foake for through my Faculties. For I did neuer, either honor thee Or give thee love, to bring thefetales to me. But in my feare of Holpitable with also a minimate with ક્લોલ કરવા કર**ા** Thou didft to this paffe, my affections more. Homes You

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You fland exceeding much incredulous,
(Reply'd VIsses) to have witness thus
My word, and Oath; yet yeeld no trust at all.
But make we now a couenant here, and call
The dreadfull Gods to witnesse, that take seat
In large Olympun: if your Kings retreat
Proue made, euen hither; you shall furnish the
With cloake, and coate, and make my passage free
For sort Kings returne not; let your servants throw
My old limbes headlong, from some rock most lye,
That other poore men may take feare to lye.

The Herdfinan; that had gifts in him divine;
Replied; O Gueth, how that this Fame of mine
And honeft vertue; among them, remaine
Now, and hecreafter, without worthy flaine;
If I, that led thee to my Houell herre;
And made thee fitting hospitable cheere;
Should after kill thee; and thy loved minds
Force from thy bones? Or how thould fland enclined
With any Faith, my will timportupe thee
In any prayer hecreafter, for his love?

Come, now tis supper's house and inflame hall My men wil make home : when our fiveet repair Wee'le tafte together. This discourse they held In mutuallinde; when from a neighbor field, His Swine and Swine-herds came, who in their coats Incloid their Herds for fleepe: which mighty throats Laid out in entring. Then, the God-like Swaine His men enioyn'd thus : Bring me to be flaing A chiefe Swine female, for my ftrapper Guefts VVhen, altogether we wil take our Feath, Refreshing now our spirits, that all day take Paines in our Swines good: who may therfore make For our paines with them all, amends with one; Since others eate our Labors and take nones. This faid; his sharpe steele hew'd down wood & they A passing fat Swine hal'd out of the Sty. Of fine yeares old, which to the fire they put. VVhen first Emman from the Front dident The facred haire, and cast it in the fire; Then, pray'd to heaven : for stil, before defire WV as ferurd with food, in their forude abods, Not the poore Swine-herd would forget the Gods Good foules they bore, how bad focuer were The habits, that their bodies parts did beare. VVhen all, the deathleffe Deities befought That wife Finder might be fafely brought

Home, to his house; then with a logge of Oke Left lying by (high lifting it) a stroke He gaue so deadly, it made life expire. Then cut the rest, her throat; and all in fire They hid and findg'd her : cut her vp, and then. The Maister tooke the office from the men. VVho on the Altar did the parts impose That feru'd for facrifice : beginning close About the belly; thorough which he went, And (all the chiefe fat gathering) gaue it vent (Part dreg d with Flowre) into the facred flame: Then cut they up the joynts, and roafted them: Drew all from spit, and seru din dishes all. Then role Emman, (who was General In skill to guide each act, his fit event) And (all, in seven parts cut) the first part went To service of the Nymphs, and Mercury; To whose names, he did Rites of piety In vowes particular; and all the reft He shar'd to every one : but his lou'd Guest He grace with all the Chine; and of that King To have his heart chear'd, fet up every firing. VVhich he observing saide; I would to Ione (Exmen) thou liu dit in his worthy loue As great as mine ; that giu'lt to fuch a guest As mypoore felfe, of all thy goods the belt. Eumaus answer'd; Eate, vnhappy wretch,

Emman answer d; Earce, whipappy writteh,
And to what heere is, at thy pleasure reach.
This I haue; this thou want ft : thus God will gine,
Thus take away; in vs, and all that line.
To his will sequall center, all things fall;
His minde he muft haue, for he can do all.

Thus having eare, and to his wine defocaded; Before he feru d his owne thing, he commended The first vie of it; in fit facilice (As of his meate) to all the Deities.

And to the City-racershand, applide The fecond cup; whole place was next his fide: Mefanlius did distribute the meate; (To which charge, was Emmans folely fet In absence of Viyses; by the Queene And old Liertes) and this man had beene Bought by Emmans, with his faculties, Employ'd then in the Taphian Merchandise.

But now; to food apposide, and order'd thus,

Did take away. For bed then next they were.

All throughly fatisfied with compleat cheare.

All fell. Defire fuffic'd. Melanlius

ઉલાદ કેટ 78 મુદ્દ , તી સ્ટલ્કા, 79 કો ટ્રેસ્ટ્રાલ્કા,

Swatasyas itarre.

Viy Tes.

The

Zequest air The night then came; ill, and no Taper shind: lone rain'd her whole date. Th'euer watry wind Zepbyre blew lowd; and Lacriades (Approving kinde Eumass carefulnes For his whole good) made farre about affay, To get some cast-off Cassocke (least he lay That rough night cold) of him, or any one

Of those his servants: when he thus begun. Heare me Eumeus, and my other friends; Ile vie a speech that to my glory tends: Since I have drunke wine past my vivall guile; Strong Wine commands the Foole, and mones the wife: Moues and impels him too, to fing and dance, And breake in pleasant laughters; and (perchance) Preferre a speech too, that were better in. But when my spirits, once to speake begin, I shall not then dissemble. Would to heaven, I were as yong, and had my forces driven As close together, as when once our powres VVe led to ambush, vnder th' Ilion Towres: VVhere It bacus, and Menelass were The two Commanders; when it pleafed them there To take my felfe for third; when to the Towne And lofty wals we led, we couch't close downe All arm'd, amids the Ofiers, and the Reeds, Which oftentimes th' ore-flowing River feeds. The cold night came; and th' Icy Northerne gale Blew bleake vpon vs : after which, did fall A fnow so cold, it cut, as in it beate A frozen water; which was all concrete About our Shields like Cristall. All made faine (Aboue our armes) to cloathe, and cloathe againe. And so we made good shift (our shields beside Clapt close vpon our cloathes) to rest and hide From all discouery. But I (poore foole) Left my weeds with my men, because so coole I thought it could not proue: which thought, my pride A little strengthen'd; being loth to hide A goodly glittering garment I had on. And fo I follow'd with my shield alone, And that braue weed. But when the night nere ended Her course on earth, and that the starres descended, Liog'd Vlyffes (who lay passing neare) And spake to him, that had a nimble eare; Affuring him, that long I could not lye Amongst the living; for the feruencie Of that sharpe night would kill me; fince as then, My cuill Angell, made me with my men

Leaue all weeds, but a fine one. But I know Tis vaine to talke; here wants all remedy now. This faid; he bore that understanding part In his prompt spirit, that still show dhis Are In Fight and counfell; faying (in a word, And that low whisper d) Peace, least you afford Some Greeke, note of your formes. No word more But made as if his sterne ousterity, bore My plight no pitty. Yet (as still he lay His head reposing on his hand) gane way To this invention, Heare me friends, a Dreame (That was of some celestial light a beame) Stood in my fleepe before me : prompting me V Vith this fit notice: we are farte (faide he) From out our Fleet. Let one go then, and try If Agamemnon wil affoord fluply To what we now are strong. This stirr'd a speed In These to th'affaire. Whose purple weeds He left for haft. Which then I tooke, and lay In quiet after, til the dawne of day. This shift Visses made for one in neede. And would to heaven, that youth fuch that aid feed Now in my Nerues; and that my loynts were lait. VVith such a strength as made me then held fit To leade men with Viyles. I (hould then Seeme worth a weed, that fit's a herdfinans men: For two respects, to gaine a thankfull frend: And to a good mans neede, a good extend. O Father (faid Emman) theu had flowing Good can fe for vs, to give thee good to the Not ving any word, that was not freed

From all least ill. Thou therefore dille abendant Or coate, or other thing, that apply Befeeme a wretched suppliant, for del Of this nights neede. But when her golden (17) The Morne alcends, you must resume your offer For heere you must not dreame of many weeds, Or any change at all. VVe ferue our needs, As you do yours: One backe, one coate. But when Viriles loued fonne returnes, he then Shal give you coat and caffocke; and beflow Your person where, your heart and soule is now. This faid, he rufe, made neere the fire his bed. VVhich all with Goats and Sheep-skins, he befored.

All which, Viffes with himselfe did line. VVith whom, befides, he chang'd a gabberdine, Thicke lin'd, and fost; which stil he made his shift, V Vhen he would dreffe him gainft the horrid drift

Of Tempest; when deepe winters season blowes. Nor pleased it him to lye there with his Sowes, But while Vly fes flept there : and close by The other yonkers, he abroad would ly, And therefore arm'd him. VVhich fet cheerefull fare Before Virfles heart; to fee fuch care Of his goods taken; how farre off foeuer His fate, his person, and his wealth should seuer. First then; a sharpe edg'd sword, he girt about His well-spred shoulders; and (to shelter out The sharpe VVest wind that blew) he put him on A thick-lin'd lacket; and yet cast vpon All that, the large hide of a Goat, well fed. A Lance then tooke he, with a keene steele head, To be his keepe-off, both 'gainst Men and Dogges: And thus went he to reft, with his male Hogges, That still abroad lay, underneath a Rocke: Shield to the North-winds ever eager shocke-

The End of the Fourteenth Booke of Homers Odystes.

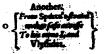




FIFTEENTH BOOKE OF HOMERS ODYSSES.

THE ARCYMENT.

Micron, 10 his Mixims feate
Mischere Vigitis James recrease,
In Bed, and making. Eleveration
Gifts of Astrices; and fickenses
The Spartam Court, And Atlays abound
Doth feature able may afford
To Theochymenus; that was
The Argine Angeles his fedgle pafe;
Fled for a fangher he had disse;
Eismeint cale Emetten fan,
Haw he because his Franker Alan;
Reng feld by the Phospicitais
For form afrond on Frankrish;
From forth the Spring Ma, made prife;
Telemachus arvin d as hisme,
Doth to Eismeins Cettage cines;





N Lambiant, large, and api for dances;

Alianian Pales, but accorde advances

Vp so the great in foole, Physioleed,

Suggesting his reintine; now fit for deed.

She found both him, and Nellis noble for label; in front of that faire Manfion:

Alternates furprized with pleasing fleepe.

But, on the warch Physionne did keepe,

Sleepe could not enter: cares did for excite
His foule, through affilte/folkiny night,
For his lou'd Father. To him (neare) the faid:
Telemathur! Tis time that now were flaid
Thy forreigne transfers, fince thy goods are free
For those proud men, that all will ease from thee:
Divide thy whole politeflons, and lease
Thy too-late presence mothing to receive.

upuxopos
Aaustasussa
Inqua ampli
vp pukhi chori duci pofsit,
vel ducumur:
shich the valgar traffation
turne therefore,
laum, feu amplam.

And dims all way, to course of Chariot.

Incite the shrill-voic't Menelaus then, To fend thee to thy Native feat agen; VVhile thou maylt yet finde in her bonor flrong Thy blameleffe Mother, gainft thy Father's wrong. For both the Father, and the Brothers to Of thy lou'd Mother, will not fuffer fo Extended any more, her widdowes bed; But make her now, her richest wooer wed, Eurymachus: who chiefly may augment Her gifts, and make her joynture eminent. And therefore hast thee; least in thy despight, Thy house stand empty of thy Natine right. For well thou know it what mind a woman beares, The house of him, who ener the endeares Her felfe in Nuprials to : the fees encreast, The yffue of her first lou'd Lord decessit, Forgotten quite, and neuer thought on more-In thy returne then, the re-counted flore Thou find'ft referu'd; to thy most trusted Maid Commit in guard, till heavens pow, rshaue purvaid A wife in vertue, and in beauties grace Of fit fort for thee, to supply her place. And this note more lle giue thee; which repole In fure remembrance: The best fort of those, That woo thy Mother, watchfull scours addresse, Both in the streights of th' Ithasensian Seas, And dufty Sames; with intent timuade And take thy life, ere thy returne be made. VVhich yet, I thinke will faile: and some of them That waste thy fortunes, taste of that extream They plot for thee. But keepe off farre from shore, And day and night faile : for, a fore-right blore VVho euer of th' Immortals, that you guard. And scape to thy returne, will see prepar d. As foone as thou arrivit, dismille to Towne Thy Ship and Men: and first of all, make downo To him that keepes thy Swine, and doth conceine A tender care to fee thee well furnise. There fleepe; and fend him to the Towne, to sell The chaft Penelope, that fafe and well Thou lin it in his charge; and that Pylos fands The place contain'd, from whence thy person Lands. Thus the, to large Olympus, made afcent. VVhen, with his heele, a little touch he lent To Nellers fon; who le lleepes fiveet chain's he lolde; Bad rife and fee in Chariot inclosed Their one-hoou dhorfe; y they might ftrait bee gone. No fuch halte (he replied) night holds her dirone,

The Morne will foone gesvp. Nor fee forgot The gifts with haft, that will, I know be rich; And put into our Coach with gualders speech, By Lance fam'd Mendant Not a Gueff Shall touch at his house, but shall thore his breft With fit mindrof an hospitable man. To last as long as any daylight can His eyes re-comfort; in fuch gifts as he Will proofes make of his hearty royalty. He had no fooner faid; but vp arofe. Aurera, that the Golden hills tepole. And Menelau (good at martialicries) From Hellens bed raifde, to his Orbell applies stories His first apparance. VVbose repaire it ade knowne Tvhffes lou'd fonne : Cit, his role was throwide About his gracious body: his closecant 1103 Athwart his ample shoulders, and in half Abroad he went; and did the King action; bread same sheet Atrides, guarded with persons destal Hone, Grant now remiffion to my Halla 23 11 Date , rd 1990 150 My minde now vrging mine owice hours helica Nor will I flay (laide he) thy performance agency and some mental since thy defires to go, are goldent for firming.

I should my selfic be angely to late the mental since the selfic be angely to late the mental since the selfic be angely to late the mental since the selfic be angely to late the mental since the selfic be angely to late the mental since the selfic be angely to late the mental since the selfic be angely to late the selfic be angely The like detention, vig abyon comen. Who loues a guest past Meane just income will have The Meane in all all s, bearen the hell effet. A like ill'tis, to thraft the finding the project of the comment o Thine eies shall see; lest else our obtes may entre de consente de les entre de les VVhat our house yeelds; and its every formula lare. As may suffice for health Born, well will do ; Both for our honor, and our public to. And feruing flrength with food, you after may As much earth measure, as wil match the day. If you will turne your could from fex and go Through Greece and Arges : (that my felle may fo Keepekinde way with thee) Ile towne horle, & guide Tour humane Cities. Nor vngratifide VVill any one remit vs : fome one thing VVill each present vs, that along may bring Our passe with lone; and proue our vermes blaz'd:

Telemaebus to Menelaus

Menel anfwere

A Caldron or a Tripod, richly braz'd. Two Mules, a bowle of Gold, that hath his price 1 The Mane well. Heightn'd with Emblemes of some rare denice. lithings and T aleser, The wife Prince answer d: I would gladly go o otni naiboA Poculum em- Home, to mine owne; and fee that govern'd fo July Line Post celaturis or. That I may keepe, what I for certaine hold. State of the Not hazard that, for onely hop't for Gold: Server State 1/2 I left behind me, none, so all wayes fit To be a structure To give it guard; as mine owne trust with it. 1 2 31 3 5 W.L Besides, in this broad course which you proposes La en India i A. V My Father seeking: I my selfe may lose. ionirdi∺ . VVhen this, the fhrill-voic't Menelass heard; Is sould be seemed. He charg'd his Queene and Maids, to see prepard - 1. A Breakfast of what the whole house held for best. Promisello To him, role Eteenem from his reft; - 1: / 活 VVhose dwelling was not farre off from the Court; a no estaT And his attendance, his command did fort. VVith kindling fires, and furth ring all the roft, ar Sda William In act of whose charge heard, no time he lost, Attended Himselfe then, to an odorous roome descended, 1944年19月1日1日 VVhom Meg spentbe, and his Queene attended. a li woo a said Come to his treasury; a two-ear of cup String He chulde of all, and made his Sonne beare vo Morwillita A Silver bowle. The Queene then taking fland Since Notes. Alide her Chift; where (by her owne faire hand I discula my le. Lay Vefts, of all hues wrought) She tooke out one Most large, most Artfull : chiefly fairs, and shope head it was a sound out W Like to a Star; and lay of al, the latter with the start of the start of the through the house, with eithers gift they past, and a six if skill A VVhen to Viffes forme, Airides faid: A 100 billow A Telemachus: fince so entirely swaid VVculiòuld a 📋 The thoughts are, with the your dreturn now render de toll indicate by A Telemachus, May Jano's thundring husband, the it render d your word is of relief by Perfect at all parts ; action answering thought. Of all the rich gifts, in my treasure fought Thing cies finalities : Lift . I give thee heere, the most in grace and belt. A Bowle, but Siluer, yet the beints comprete, and solver obtain an ani /V With Gold; whole fabricke his delert doth bring the sold had a see a From Polices hand. Prefented by the King bus ter of 180 19 16:08 And great Heroe of Sydomia's State And icraine theoryt, with VVhen at our parting he did confummate Asmuch carring, Tomeries His whole house keeping. This do thou command. 1900 annual live not it This faid, he put the round Bowlein his hand and her ways of your T And then, his firong fon Megapenthe place (month over woods one-A

The Silver cup before him; amply gracit services, seem to seeme me T

VVith worke, and lufter. Helles (flanding by:

And in her hand, the Robe, her hufwifery)

His name remembring, faid: And I prefent

(Loird sonne) this gift to thee; the Monument Of the so-many-loued Medien hands: Vyhich, at the lanitting of thy Nuptiall bands Present thy wife. In meane space, may it sy By thy lou of Mother; but to me apply Thy pleasure in it. And thus, take thy way To thy saire house, and Countries wished stay. Thus gaue she to his hands, the veile; and he, The acceptation author of loyfully. Which in the Chariots Chift, Pisserate Place with the rest, and held miraculous.

The yellow-headed King then, led them all, To seates and Thrones plact, in his spacious Hall. The Hand-maid, water brought, and gane it fiteam From out a faire and golden Ewre to them. From whose hands, to a filter Caldron, fled The troubl'd wave. A bright boord then the fored: On which, another reuerend Dame fet bread: To which, more feruants, store of victuals feru'd. Esconess was the man that keru'd; And Megapenthe fil'd them all their wine. All fed, and dranke, till all felt care decline For those refreshings. Both the Guells did go To horfe, and coach; and forth the Parities A little isso'd: When the vellow King Brought wine himfelfe : that, with an Offerin To all the Gods, they might their journey take. He stood before the Gods, and thus he toake.

Farewell young Princes: to grant New your eare.
This falutation from my grantude, beare:
That I professe in all our stew wares.
He stood, a carefull Eather to my cares.

To him the wife Phylidies; replied:
Vith all our vimoft thallbe fignified
(toue-kept Atrides) your right royall will:
And would to God, I could as wel hilfill
Mine owne mindes gratitude, for your free grace;
In telling to Phyles; in the place
Of my returne; in what accomplish kind
I have obtain'd the office of a friend
At your deferuings: whose faire tend you crowne
With gifts so many; and of silich renowne.

His with, that he might finde in his fetreat
His Father fafe remm'd to so repeat
The Kings loue to him/was faluted thus;
An Eagle rofe; and in her Seres did truffe
A Goofe, all white, & huge: A houthold one,
Which, men and women (crying our vpon)

المسلم ا

างที่รายของกาษที่สุดเดือนได้ เป็น

Purfu'd: but the (being neere the guests)her flight Made on their right hand; and kept still fore-right Before their horfes: which obserued by them, The spirits in all their minds tooke ioyes extream;

na.ng fiil Ho-Th'oftents folution, and did this prefer.

Neftors fon :e to VV hich Nestors fon thus question'd : loue-kept King, Yeild your grave thoughts, if this oftentfull thing question conti- (This Eagle, and this Goose) touch vs, or you? He put to study, and not knowing how mer. Ch. rafter Te put to thaty, and not take on her of mendans. To give fit answer; Hellen tooke on her

Hellen diffol nes the O'tent.

Heare me, and I will play the Prophets part, As the immortals cast it in my heart; And(as I thinke) will make the true fense knowne: As this Iones Bird, from out the Mountaines flowne (Where was her Arie; and whence rose her race) Trust vp this Goose, that from the house did grase; So shall VIIIes (coming from the wilde Of Seas and fufferings) reach, vnreconcil'd His Natiue home: where even this houre he is: And on those house-fed woo'rs, those wrongs of his. VVill shortly wreake, with all their miseries.

Telemsto He len O (faid Telemachus) if Saturnian Ione. To my defires, thy deare prefage approue; VVhen I arriue, I will performe to thee My daily vowes, as to a Deity.

This faid; he vide his fcourge vppon the horie, That through the City freely made their course To Field; and all day, made that full speed, good. But when the Sun-fet, and Observeres stood In each mans way; they ended their accesse At Pheras, in the house of Diocles, Sonne to Orfilechus, Alpheus feede; VVho gaue them guest-rites:and sleeps natural need They that night feru'd there. VVhen Aspera role, They joyn'd their horse:tooke coach, and did dispose Their course for Pyles; whose high City, soon They reach't. Nor would Telemachue be woon

To 2Vesters house: and therefore order d thus

His speech to Nesters fon, Pilifratus;

How shall I win thy promise to a grace That I must aske of thee? we both imbrace The names of Bed fellowes; and in that name VVill glory as an Adiunct of our fame: Our Fathers friendship: our owne equall age; And our joynt trauaile, may the more engage Our mutuall concord. Do not then affay (My God=lou'd friend) to leade me from my way. To my neere Ship ; but take a course direct

And leave me there; leaft thy old Sixes respect (In his *defire to love me)hinder fo My way for home, that have such need to go.

This faid; Nefterides held all discourse In his kinde foule, how best he might enforce Both promise and performance; which, at last He vow d to venture; and directly cast His horse about, to fetch the Ship and Shore. Where,come : His frends most lovely gifts, he bore Aboord the Ship; and in her hin-deck plac't The vaile that Hellens curious hand had grac't; And Menelaus Gold: and faid, Away; Nor let thy men, in any least date, stay: But quite put off, ere I get home, and tell The old Duke, you are past: for passing well I know his minde, to fo exceed all force Of any pray'r, That he wil stay your course: Himfelfe make hither, All your course call backes And when he hath you, haue no thought to racke Him from his bounty; and to let you part VVithout a Present : but be vext at heart With both our pleadings; if we once but moue The least repression of his fiery loue.

Thus took he coach: his faire-man'd fleeds fcourg'd Along the Pylian City: and anon His Fathers Court reacht. VVhile Philes Sonne Bad boord, and arme; which with a thought was done.

His Rowers fee, and he rich Odors firing . In his hin-decke; for his fecure retiring To great Athenia: To his Ship came flying A Stranger, and a Prophet; as relying On wished passage: having newly slaine A man at Argos: yet his Races vaine Flow'd from Melantones who in former date In Fylos liu'd, and had a huge efface. But fled his countrey; and the punishing hand Of great-foul'd Neless, in a forreigne Land From that most famous Mortall, having held A world of riches: nor could be compeld To render restitution in a yeare. In meane space, living as close prisoner In Court of Phylacus: and for the fake Of Neleus daughter, mighty cares did take; Together with a greeuous Languor fent From graue* Eryanis, that did much torment His vexed conscience; yet his lifes expence He scapt, and draue the loud-voic't Oxen thence,

To breed-sheepe Pyles; bringing vengeance thus

Cupiens dili-ECIC.

Her foule demerit, to great Nelew;

trad lim for

234

And to his Brothers house reduc't his wife: Who yet from Pylos, did remove his life For feed horse Argos; where his Fate set downe A dwelling for him : and in much renowne Made gouerne many Argines: where, a Spoule He tooke to him, and built a famous house. There had he borne to him Antiphates, And forcefull Mantins. To the first of these VV as great Oiclaus borne : Oiclaus gate Amphiaraus, that the popular State Had all their health in : whom even from his heart Ione lou'd; and Phabus in the whole defert Of friendship hel'd him. Yet not bleft so much That Ages threshold, he did euer touch: But lost his life, by *Female bribery. Yet two formes author'd his posterity; Alcinaon, and renown'd Amphilochus. Mantius had yffue; Polyphidius, And Clytus: But Aurora rauish't him, For excellence of his admired lim; And interested him amongst the Gods. His Brother knew, mens good and bad abods The best of all men; after the decease Of him that perifh't in vnnaturall peace At spacious Thebes. Apollo did inspire His knowing soule with a Propheticke fire. VVho (angry with his Father)tooke his way To Hyperefia; where (making flay) He prophesied to all men; and had there A Sonne call'd Theoelymenus; who here Came to Telemachus; and found abord Himselse at Sacrifice; whom in a word He thus faluted: O Friend, fince I finde Theochymicaus Euen heere at Ship, a facrificing minde Informe your actions: By your facrifices And by that worthy choise of Deities, To whom you offer : by your felfe, and all, These men that serue your course maritimall; Tell one that askes, the truth : Norgiue it glole, Both who, and whence you are? From what feed rofe Your royall person? And what Cities Tow'rs Hold habitation, to your parents pow'rs? He answer d: Stranger! The fure truth is this;

I am of Ithaca; my Father is (Or was) Virfes: but auftere death, now Takes his frate from him; whose event to know, (i-limfelfe being long away) I fet forth thus

With thip and fouldiers : Theoryments. As freely faid, And I to thee am fled From forth my country; for a man strooke dead By my vnhappy hand: who was with me Of one felfe-Tribe; and of his pedigree Are many Friends and Brothers : and the Iway Of Achine Kindred, reacheth faire away. From whom (because I feare their spleenes suborne Blood, and blacke fate against me(being borne To be a wandrer among forreigne men) Make thy faire thip, my release; and fuffein My life from flaughter. Thy deferrings may Performe that mersy: and to them I pray.

Nor will I barre (faid he) thy will to make My meanes and equall thip thy ayde: but take (With what wee haue heere, in all friendly vie) Thy life from any violence that purfues.

Thus tookehe in his Lance; and it extended Aloft the hatches; which himlelfe afcended. The Prince tooke seare at Sterne : on his right hand. Set Theoelymenne, and gane command To all his men, to arme; and fee made faft Amidft the hollow Keele, the Beechen Maft VVith able halfers; hoife faile; lanch: which foone He faw obay'd. And then his Ship did runne A merry course : Blew-cy d Mineral font A fore-right gale; tumultuous, vehement? Along the aire; that her waies vimoli veeld The thip might make, and plough the bruthish field.

Then fet the Sun, and Night black t all the water. The fhip (with loves wind wing d) wher the Epico Rolles Fetcht Pheres first : then Elis, the danne; And then for those Isles made that Sen ward shine, For forme and sharpnesse like & Lances head. About which, lay the woocis ambushed. On which he ruth't, to try if he could feape His plotted death or serve Her treacherous Rape.

And now returne we to Emman Shod; VVhere (at their foode with others marshalled) Vly [es, and his noble Herdiman fate; To try if whose loues curious estate Stood firme to his abode, or felt it fade; And so would take each best cause to perswade His Gueft to Towne; Virgles thus contends:

Heare me, Emmans, and ye other Friends. Next Morne, to Towne I couer to be gone, To beg forme others almes; not fill charge one. Admife me well then; and as well promite

I may be fitted with an honest guide: For through the streets (since Need will have it so) lle tread, to try if any will bestow A dish of drinke on me, or bit of bread, Till to Viyffes house I may be led. And there Ile tell all-wife Penelope, newes: Mix with the wooers pride; and (fince they vie To fare about the full) their hands excite To some small Feast, from out their infinite: For which, Ile waite, and play the Seruingman, Fairely enough; command the most they can. For I will tell thee; note me well, and heare, That if the will be of heavens Messenger, (VVho to the workes of men, of any fort Can grace infuse, and glory) nothing short Am I of him, that doth to most aspire In any seruice: as to builde a Fire, To cleave fere wood: to roaft, or boile their meat; To waite at boord, mixe wine, or know the Neate; Or any worke, in which the poore-calld worst, To serue the rich-cal'd best, in Fate are forc't,

He, angry with him, faid; Alas poore Gueft, VVhy did this counsaile cuer touch thy breft? Thou feek it thy vtter spoyle beyond all doubt, If thou giu'st venture on the Wooers rout: VVhose wrong and force, affects the Iron heauen. Their light delights, are farre from being given To fuch grave Servitors. Youths richly trick't In coats or Cassocks; Lockes divinely slickt, And lookes most rapting; ever have the gift To tafte their crown deups, land full Trenchers, thift. Their Tables ever like their Glasses shine; Loaded with bread, with varied flesh, and wine. And thou? go thither? Stay: for heere do none Grudge at thy presence: nor my selfe, nor one Of all I feed. But when Vigffes fonne Againe shall greet vs, he shall put thee on Both coat and cassocke; and thy quicke retreat Set, where thy heart and foule defire thy feat. Industrious Visses, gaue reply:

Plyfes answere I still much wish, that heavens chiefe Deity Lou'd thee, as I do; that hast easde my minde Of woes and wandrings, neuer yet confin'de. Nought is more wretched in a humane Race, Then Countries want, and fift from place to place. But for the banefull belly, men take care Beyond good counfaile: who foeuer are In compaffe of the wants it vndergoes,

By wandrings loffes, or dependant woes. Excuse me therefore, if I errid at homes VVhich fince thou wilt make heere (as ouercome VVith thy command for fray) He take on me Cares appertaining to this place, like then. Does then Visffer Sire, and Mother breath? Both whom he left, in th'age next docue to death? Or are they breathlesse, and descended where The darke house is, that never day doth cleere? Laertes lines (faide he) but enery hower in the Beleecheth love to take from him the powre That ioynes his life and limbes: for with a mong That breeds a meruaile, he lamenes his fonne Depriu'd by death. And addes to sire janother Of no leffe depth; for that dead formes dead Mother: VVhom he a Virgin wedded which the more Makes him lament heriofies and dorli deplore Yet more her miffe, because her wombe the truer Was to his braue some; and his flanghrer flucher, VVhich last loue to her, doth his life engage, And makes him live an vndigefted age. O! fuch a death she died, as never may Seize any one, that heere beholds the day; That either is to any man, a frienda Or can a woman kill in finelia kind. As long as the had Being, I would be A fill Inquirer (fince t'was decre to me. Though death to her, to heare his name) when the Heard of Vigffes: for I might be bold; She brought me vp, and in her love did hold My life, compar'd with long-vail'd crawie, Her yongest yssue (in some small degree Her daughter yet prefer d) a brane youg Dame. But when of youth the dearest lound Riane VVas lighted in vs; marriage did presso: The maide to Sames; whence was fent for her Infinite riches : when, the Queene beflow'd A faire new fuire, new thence, and all; and vow'd Me to the field. But passing loth to part, As louing me, more then the hou d her hair. And thefe I want now burthoir bufineffe growes Vpon me daily. Which the Gods impose, To whom I hold all; give account to them, For I fee none, left to the Diadom. That may dispose all better. So, I drinke And eate of what is heere; and whom I think Worthy or renerend, I have given to fall These kinds of Guest-rises a for the houshold ill Αs

Enment anfiver to Flyffes.

ล βยง ซางλบม... Peroptabi(VVhich where the Queene is, ryots) takes her stil From thought of these things. Nor is it delight To heare from her plight; of or worke, or word; The woo is spoyle all. But yet my men, will bord Her forrowes often, with discourse of all: Eating and drinking of the Festivall That there is kept; and after bring to field Such things as feruants make their pleafures yield.

O me (Eumau) faide Laertes fonne; Vivile: asswere Hast thou then err'dso, of a little one? (Like me?) From friends, and country ? pray thee lay, (And fay a Truth) doth vaft Defraction lay

*Supposing bim Her hand upon the wide-way'd * Seat of men? to direct ma Ci- VVhere dwelt thy Sire, and renerend Mother then? That thou art spar'd there? Or else, ser alone In guard of Beenes, or Sheepe: Set th'enemy on 3

Surprisde, and Shipt? transfer'd, and fold thee heere? He that bought thee, paid well; yet bought not deere: Emmeus relates Since thou enquir it of that, my gueft (faid be) Heare and be filent: and meane space, fit free

In vie of these cups, to thy most delights; * dispers. * Vnspeakable, in length now, are the Nights. Thosethat affect fleepe yet; to fleepe haue leave; Those that affect to heare, their hearers give. But fleep not ere your houre, Mach fleep doth griene VVho ener lifts to fleepe; Away to bed: Together with the morning raise his head: Together with his fellowes, breake his fast; 400 10. And then, his Lords Herd drive to their repair VVe two, still in our Tabernacle heere, Drinking & eating; will our bosomes cheere VVith memories, and tales of our annoyes. Betwixt his forrowes, every Humane ioyes. He most who most hath felt , and furthest err'de

And now thy wils to act, shall be preferr'd. There is an Isle aboue Ortygia Eumau: telles (If thou haft heard) they call it Syria;

Philis on hee VVhere, once a day, the Sun moues backwards fill.

10 to book and Tis not so great as good; for it doth fill sold. The fields with Oxen; fils them fill with Sheepe; Fils roofes with wine, & makes al Come there cheap: No Dearth comes euer there; nor no Disease, That doth, with hate, vs wretched mortals feafe. But when mens varied Nations, dwelling there In any City, enter th'aged yeare: The Siluer-bow-bearer (the Sun) and fhe. That beares as much renowne for Archery Stoop with their painles shafts, & strike them dead.

As one would fleepe, and neuer keepe the bed. In this Isle stand two Cities betwirt whome All things, that of the foiles fertility come, In two part sare divided. And both thefe. My Father ruld; (Csefins Ormenides) A man, like the immortals. With these States, The croffe-biting Phanifsians, traffick't rates Of infinit Merchandize, in thips brought there; In which, they then, were held exempt from pere-

There dwelt within my Fathers house, a Dame Borne a Phanisian; skilfull in the frame Of Noble Hulwiferies; right tall, and faire. Her, the Phanissan great wench-net-laire, With sweet words circumuented, as she was VVashing her Linnen. To his amorous passe He brought her first, shor'd from his Sh p to her; To whom he did his whole life's lone prefer; Which of these brest-expeding Dames, the harts Deceiues; though fashion'd of right honest parts. He askt her after, VVhat the was? and whence? She paffing prefently, the excellence Told of her Fathers Turrets; and that the Migheboalt her selfe, sprung from the Progeny Of the rich Sydons: and the daughter was Of the much-yeare-revennew'd Arybas. But, that the Taphian Pirats, made her prize, As the return'd fromher field hulwiferies: Transfer'd her hither; and at that mans house VVhere now the liu'd; for value precious Sold her to th' Owner. He that fhole her loue, Bad her againe, to her births feate remoue, To fee the faire roofes of her friends againe; Who still held state, and did the post maintaine, Her selfe reported. She said, Be it so; So you, and al that in your (hip shall roc, Sweare to returne me, in all fafety bence.

All fwore; th'Oath past, with every consequence: She bad, Be filent now; and not a word Do you, or any of your friends afford, Meeting me afterward in any way; Or at the washing Founts left some display Be made, and told the old mane and he then Keepe mestreight bound: To you, and to your men The vtter ruine, plotting of your lines. Keepe in firme thought then, eugsy wordthat firmes For dangerous vecerance: Halle your fains ful freight Of what you Trafficke for; and let me ftreight Know by some sent friend : She hath all in hold,

なさ入り アク・セスー Aor. I admode valer. Der. ex es-Afus. I.Fertrabo in re-111 C 2011. I pucla.

"Intending th: And

And (with my felfe) Ile bring thence all the gold I can by all meanes finger: and befide, Ile do my best, to fee your freight supplide VVith some wel-weighing burthen of mine owne. For I bring vp, in house, a great mans sonne, As crafty as my felfe; who will with me Run cuery way along; and I will be His Leader, till your Ship hath made him fure. He will an infinite great price procure Transfer him to what languag'd men ye may. This faid; She gat her home, and there made flay A whole yeare with vs; Goods of great availe Their Ship enriching. VVhich now, fit for faile: They fent a Messenger t'informe the Dame. And to my fathers house a fellow came, Full of Phanissian craft : that, to be fold A Tablet bought; the body all of Gold, The Verge, all Amber. This had ocular view, Both by my honor'd Mother, and the crew Of her house-handmaids, handl'd; and the price Beat; askt, and promist. And while this deuice Lay thus vpon the Forge: this Ieweller Made priuy fignes (by winkes and wiles) to her That was his obiect; which she tooke, and he (His figne feeing noted) hied to Ship. VVhen the (My hand still taking, as she vide to do To walke abroad with her) consai'd me fo Abroad with her; and in the Portice Found cups, with tafted Viands; which the guefts That vide to flocke about my Fathers feasts Had left. They gone (fome to the Counfaile Court; Some to heare newes amongst the talking fort) Her Theft, three bowles into her lap conuaid; And forth the went. Nor was my wit fo flaid To stay her, or my selfe. The Sun went downe, And shadowes round about the world were flowne, VVhen we came to the hauen; in which did ride The swift Phanissian Ship; whose faire broad side They boorded straight: Tooke vs vp; And all went Along the moyst waves. VVinde, Saturnian sent. Six dayes, we day and night fayled : But when Ione Put vp the feuenth day; She, that shafts * doth loue, Shot dead the woman; who into the pumpe Like to a Dop-chicke, diu'd, and gaue a thumpe In her fad ferling. Forth they cast her then To ferue the Fifth, and Sea-calues : no more Men. Bur I was left there, with a heavy hart. When winde and water draue them quite apart

Their owne course, and on tibeas they fells And there, poore me, did to Leertes fell: And thus thele eyes, the fight of this Isle prou'd. Enman (he replyed) Thou much haft mou'd The minde in me, with all things thou haft faid, And all the fufferance on thy bosome laid: Bur (truly) to thy ill hath lose joyn'd good. That one whose veines are seru'd with humane blood Hath bought thy feruice; that gives competence Of food, wine; cloth to thee. And fure th'expence Of thy lifes date heere, is of good defart. VVhose labours, not to thee alone, impart Sufficient food and housing; but to me. VVhere I, through many a heap't humanity Haue hither err d; where though (like thee) not fold, Not staid, like thee yet; nor nought needful hold. This mutuall speech they vid; nor had they floor Much time before; the much-nere morning lene To her faire throne. And now ftrooke faile, the men That feru'd Telemaches arriv'd just then Nere his lou'd shore: wher now they stoops the Mast, Made to the Port with Oares, and Anchor cafts Made fast the Ship, and then ashore they went : Dreft supper, fil'd wine; when (their appetites spent) Telemachus commanded, they should yield The Ship to th'owner; while himselfe as field VV ould fee his shepherds: when light drew to end He would his gifts fee, and to Towne defeend. And in the morning, at a Feat bellow Rewards for all their paines. And whither, now (Said Theodymenus) my louid Son Shall I addresse my selfer white his moon Of all men, in this rough heware Kle, hall I Direct my way to? Or go readily To thy house, and thy Medical Me replied : Another time, Ile see you satisfied VVith my house entertainment: but as now, You should encounter none that sould beflow Your fit entreaty; and (which leffe grace were) You could not see my Mother. I not there. For thee's no frequent object; but apart Keepes from her wooers, was d with her defart, Vp,in her chamber, at her Hufwifery. But He name one, to whom you fael apply Direct repaire; and thats Eurymachus, Renown'd descent, to wife Polybius: A man whom th' I thacenfient looke on now. As on a God: fince he of all that wow

Is farre superior man; and likest far To wed my mother: and as circular Be in that honor, as Vlaffes was. But heauen-hould love knowes, the yet hidden paffe Ofher disposure; and on them he may A blacker fight bring, then her Nuptiall day. As this he vtter'd; on his right hand flew A Saker; facred to the God of view: That, in his Tallons truft, and plum'd a Doue; The Feathers round about the Ship did roue, And on Telemachus fell; whom th' Augure then Tooke fast by th hand; withdrew him from his men;

T beoclymenus

And faid; Telemachus; This Hawke is fent to Telemachus. From God : I knew it for a fure Oftent VVhen first I saw it. Be you well assur'd, There will no wooer be by heaven indur'd To rule in Ithaca, aboue your Race: But your pow'rs euer fill the Regall place.

Telemachus to

I wish to heaven (faid he) thy word might stand; Theorymenus. Thou then shoulds foon acknowledge from my hand Such gifts & friendship, as would make thee (Guest) Met, and faluted, as no leffe then bleft.

This faid; he call'd Pyraus (Clynus sonne) His true affociate; faying, Thou hast done (Of all my Followers, to the Pylian (hore) My will, in chiefe, in other things; Once more, Be chiefly good to me : take to thy house This loued stranger, & be studious T'embrace and greete him, with thy greatest fare, Till I my felfe come, and take off thy care.

Pyress rep'y.

The famous for his Lance faide; if your flay, Take time for life heere; this mans care, lie lay On my performance; nor what fits a Gueft, Shall any penury with-hold his Feast.

Thus tooke lie ship; bad them boord, and away. They boorded; fate: but did their labour flav Till he had deckt his feete, and reacht his Lance. They to the City: he did firaight advance Vp to his Sties, where Swine lay for him, store, By whose fides did his honest Swine-herd snore: Till his short eares, his longest Nights had endeds And nothing worle, to both his Lords intended.

The End of the Fifteenth Booke of Homers Odysses.



SIXTEENTHBOOKE OF HOMERS ODYSSES.

THE ARGUMENT. He Prince at Field : he fands to Towne Eumzus, to make truly knowne His fafe returne, By Pallas will. Telemachus is ginen the skill To know his Father. Those that lay In Ambufo, to present the may Of your Vlyffides, for home; Retire, with anter overcome.

Another. Viviles former, The wife Sou beere

in:H

Laffes, and dinine Hamen tole Soone as the mouning could her eyes unclose: Made fire brake fash And to their Pasture fend The gather d Heres: on whom their Swaines attend.

The selfe-tyre barking Dogs, all favor d vpon; Nor bark t. at first fight of Fines fond The whinings of their fawnings yer did greet VIJIEs eares; and founds of considerior; Who thus befpake Esmant Sure forme friend Or one well knowne comes, that the Mallines friend Their mouths no lowder. Onely forme meare They whine and leape about a wholesters I heard .

Each word of this french was not frenc, before His Son flood in the entry of the dore well and the state of the state Out-rusht amaz'd Enman : and let googna :: The cup to earth, that he had labored for 1 and 1 and Cleanf d for the neate wine: Did the Prince funding and in the Prince Kift his faire forchead. Both his lough eyes of the man a Both his white hands. And tender remes diffil d. There breath'd no kind fould Father that was fild Leffe with his fonnes embraces, that had lined Ten yeares in farre-off earth; now new jetting desired. His onely childe too gotten in his uge And for whole absence he had felt the rage

THE SIXTEENTH BOOKE

Of griefes vpon him; then for this divin'd So much for forme, was this divine for mind: VVho kift him through: who grew about him kiffing. As fresh from death scapt. Who(so long time missing) He wept for ioy, and faid; Thou yet art come, (Sweet light, sweet Sun-rise) to thy cloudy home. O(neuer I look't) when once shipt away For Pyles shores, to see thy turning day. Come; enter lou'd Son; Let me feast my hare VVith thy fweete fight; new come, to farre apart. Nor when you liu'd at home, would you walk downe Often enough heere, but staide still at Towne: It pleaf dyou then, to cast such forehand view σμελου, αιδη. About your house, on that most odamned crew.

6 licentions.

Aus, of aidne, It shall be so then, Friend (saide he) but now Orcus, of I come to glad mine eyes with thee, and know mifes pr. pery, Ifftill my Mother, in her house remaine: or infernalis. Or if some wooer hath aspir'd to gaine fothat, perni Ofher in Nuptials: for Vigfes bed, ciolus (wb cb By this, lies all with Spiders cobwebs spred, translation) is In penury of him that should supply it. She full (faid he) holds her most constant quiet.

cres of deflotte Aloft thine owne house, for the beds respect : woen. Th. But for her Lords fad loffe; fad nights and daies phrafe being obscure her beauties, and corrupt their raies. This faid; Eumaus, tooke his brazen Speare;

And in he went: when being enter d neare VVithin the stony threshold; From his seat, His Father rose to him: who would not let Th'old man remoue; but drew him backe and prest VVith earnest termes his sitting; Saying, Guest; Take heere your feate againe; we foone shall get Within our owne house heere some other search Heere's one will fetch it. This faid; downe againe. His Father fate: and to his sonne his Swaine Strew'd faire greene Ofiers; and impos'd thereon A good foft Sheepeskin, which made him a Throne.

Then he appord to them, his last left Roste; And in a wicker basket, bread engroste: Fil'd luscious wine; and then tooke opposite seate To the divine Vly fes. VV hen the meate Set there before them, all fell to, and eate. VVhen they had fed; the Prince faid, pray thee fay, Whence coms this gueft what feaman gaue him way To this our Isle? I hope thefe feere of his Could walke no water; who boasts he he is? Ile tell all truly Son: From ample Crete He bosts himselfe; and sayes, his erring seece

Haue many Cities trod: And God was he VVhose finger wrought in his infirmity. But, to my Cottage, the last scape of his. VVas from a The proces Ship. VVhat ere he is, Ile giue him you: do what you please. His vant Is, that he is (at most) a suppliant. Enmaus, (faid the Prince) To tell me this, You have afflicted my weake Facultiess For how shall I receive him to my house VVith any fafety; that fulpitious Of my yong forces (should I be assaide With any fodaine violence) may want aide To shield my felfe? Besides, if I go home, My mother is with two doubts onercome: If the thall flay with me, and take fit care For all fuch guests, as there seeke guestine fare; Her husbands bed re pecting, and her fame Amongst the people: Or her blood may frame A liking to some wooer, such as best, May bed her in his house : not giving left And thus am I vnfure, of all meanes free To vie a Gueft there, fit for his degree. Bur, being thy Guest; Ile be his supply, For all weeds, such as mere necessity 272 Shall more then furnish: Fithim with a fword,

And fer him where his heart would have bene shor'd. Or (if so pleased) receive him in thy Shed : Ile fend thee clothes, I vow; and all the bread His wish would exter that to thy men wid thee He be no burthen. But that I should be His meane to my house; where a company Of wrong professing wooers wildly line; I will in no fort author; left they gine mei Foulevie to him; and me, as grauely gricue. For what great act can any one atchieue Against a multitude? Although his minde Retaine a courage of the greatest kinde? For all minds have not force in one degree. Virfes answer'd; O Friend, fince is stee

For any man, to change fit words with thee 3 He freely speake. Me thinkes, a woluich powre My heart puts on, to teare and to denoure; To heare your affirmation; that (in spice Of what may fall on you, made oppolises . Being one of your proportion, birth, and age, Thefe wooers should in such injustice rage. VVhat should the cause be ? Do you wilfully Indure their spoile? Or hath your Empery 70%

Bene

Bene fuch amongst your people; that, all gather In troope, and one voice; (weuen God doth father) And you your hate so, that they suffer them? Or blame your Kinsfolks faiths, before th'extream Of your first stroke hath tried them? whom a man When strifes, to blowes rife, trusts: though battel ran In huge and high waves? would to heaven my spirit Such youth breath'd, as the man that must inherit; Yet neuer toucht VlyBes: or that he (But wandring this way) would but come and fee What my age could atchieue (and there is Fate For Hope yet left; that he may recreate His eyes with fuch an obiect.) This my head Should any stranger strike off, if starke dead I strooke not all: the house in open force Entring with challenge. If their great concourse Did ouer-lay me, being a man alone; (VVhich you vrge for your felfe) be you that one. I rather in mine owne house wish to dye One death for all; then so indecently See euermore, deeds worfe then death applied; Guefts, wrog'd with vile words, & blow-gining pride: The women-feruants dragg d in filthy kind About the faire house; and in corners blind Made serue the rapes of Ruffins : Food devour'd Idely and rudely; wine exhauft, and pour'd Through throats prophane; and all about a deed. That's cuer wooing, and will noner freed.

Telemachus to

He tell you (Guest) most truly, faide his Son; I do not thinke, that all my people ron One hatefull course against me; Nor accuse Kinsfolkes that I in strifes of weight, might vie: But Ione will have it fo : our Race alone, (As if made fingular) to one, and one His hand confining. Onely to the King (I one-bred Arcefins) did Laertes fpring; Onely to old Lacrees did descend Vigffes; onely to Vigffes end Am I the Adiunct; whom he left fo yong, That from me, to him, neuer comfort sprong. And to all these now (for their race) arise Vp in their house, a brood of enemies. As many as in these liles bow mens knees; Samos, Dulychian, and the rich in Trees Zacynthus: Or in this rough Isles command, So many fuiters for the Nuptials stand, That aske my Mother; and meane space, prefer Their lusts to all spoile, that dishonor her.

Nor doth the (though the losths) deny their faires i Northey denials take, though raffetheir fruites. But all this time, the flate of allahings there Their throats denoure; and I mulk thords be are A part in all; and yet the periods vinished; oc. Of these delignes, lye in the lack to Gods Of all Loues then, Engage make quickeway To wife Penelope; and to her, fay . vioid were little to a comment My fafe returns from Pylos and along making and along the safe and Returne thou hither, having madeit knowne. Nor let (befides my Mother) anybeast and the second and the second Partake thy Melfage; fince aritimber beare My fafe returne displeasure. He replied; I know, and codepartiend your pour divide,
Your minde with one that understands you well. But, all in one yet; may I not buicale To th'old hard-fated * Argefiedes 17 Your fafe returne? who through his whole diffees Felt for Vlyfes, did notyet fo griene, But with his houshold, he had will to hime grant And feru'd his appetite, with wine, and food; Surneigh'd his husbandry, and did his blood Some comforts fitting life: But fince you tooke Your thip for Pyles, he would never brooke, Or wine, or food, they fay ; noncast an eye On any labour : but fits weeping by (say And fighing out his Randines, scaffeleffe mones Washing his body, turn d all skin and boncs. More fad newes fall ((and he) year mounte he falls For if the rule of all mens workes he will. Telem, to Euro. And his will his way goes : mine flands inclind *Intending bis Tattend the home-thene of the accret kind. Father: whife relarme, though Do then, what I inioyne, which given effects Beewere far fre Erre not to field to him, but turne direct. haming ar ful-Entreating first my Mother, with most speed; - by expecting: yet be defir d to And all the fecrecy that now ferues Neede order all thing; To fend this way their flore-house Guardian, as be were pre-And the thall tell all to the aged "Man. He tooke his shooes up; put them an, and went-" Intending to Nor was his ablence, hid from least defeere, La ries all that Dinine Minerua: who tooke firaigheat view, ... A goodly womans (hape, that all workes knew: And standing in the entry did profer Her fight t'Viyffes. But (though meesing her) His fonne Telemachus, nor faw nor knew: The Gods cleere prefences, analmente so few. Yet (with Vigles) even the Deinstid fee, And would not barke; but, whining louingly, Fled

3 HHT

Palls appearer Fled to the Stals farre fide, VVbere Site, ber eine Moou'd to Visfes. He knew her defigne, them was the selection And left the house, past the great Sheep cotes wall and a second size to a And Rood before her. She bad Vinerall in I tan gorant to be admin T Now to his fonne; nor keepe the least valoties out my men; the mane of Of the de the woods have a splowed by the principle of the special of the control They might approach the Towne's Affinining, the state of Not long would faile, t'affift to victory. Yet rook on here proper of the This faid; She laide her golden Rodon him; a mail on a mails a Pallas reftores And with his late-worne weeds grac't enerylim. for the time, His body straitn'd, and his youth infilled the Control of the His fresh blood call'd vp : euery wrinkle fill'd About his broken eyes ; and on his chim the standard of the st The browne haire spred. When his whole trim whought She yffu'd; and he enter'd to his fonne: VVho flood amaz'd; & thought fome God had done His house that honor : turn'd away his eyes, the second second And fayd; Now Gueft, your grace another guife Then fuites your late fnew; Other weeds you weare, And other person. Of the starry spheare You certainly present some deathlesse God. Be pleafd, that to your here vouchfaft abod VVe may give facred rites, and offer Gold Philes to Tell. To do vs fauour. He replied: I hold No deified state. VVhy put you thus on me A Gods refemblance? I am onely he That beares thy Fathers name: for whose lon'd ske. Thy youth so grieues: whose absence makes thee take. Such wrongs of men. Thus kift he him: nor could Forbeare those teares, that in such mighty hold and the He held before: still held, still ystining ener. And now (the shores once broke) the springtide never Forbore earth from the checkes he kift. His forme. (By all these violent arguments; not wonne To credit him his Father) did deny His kinde affumpt: and faid, Some Deity Fain d that joyes cause to make him grieue the more: Affirming, that no man, whoever wore The garment of mortality, could take (By any vemost power, his foule could make) Such change into it: fince at formuch will Not love himselfe, could both remove, and fill Old age, with youth; and youth, with age to spoile In such an instant. You wore all the soile in the said Of age but now, and were old: And but now as to a said. You beare that yong grace that the Gods indow Viol to his forme Their heaven-borne formes withall. His father faide: Telemachus? Admire, nor stand distinaide:

OF HOMBROSOBWSBEXIS HAT
But know thy folid Father; fines withing the most to and not no blod of
He aniweres all parts, that adorne his shirt to a molton was built built all T
There that no more Viy felles connelineed to I (boilgreen' red to I)
I am the man, that now this event have been a server as the server as th
To reduce the Buryout peccepta action at a some study and the study at
My countrey cartin, recommed I in a shareful to a table of a country and Y
The Prey-professor Pallar puts in all professor on the money of the A
VVho put me thus together think this think this to the control of
In aged pieces, as euen now gontains of rolle falle in flow grown - 2
This youth now rendring. Tis with madie have a narrow of your made of the free power. Sometimes to illieur me bourn at the control of the con
Constitute powr. Sometimes to the manuscriptor with the start so own the s
Sometimes againe, thus amply to make a representation of the section of the secti
My youth, and Ornaments : Elat fill bookle better : nav. gnov blood A.
The Gods san raife, and throw mendled with waft (1074 Smann 1914)
This faid; he fars, when him To Amenia poor to Dantoy solver of the Himselfe about him: Teares on passes he should be had to be not point.
And to defire of mone, increase the check place when your One topic ?
Both wept & howld, & laide out shricks more loud;
Both wept & howld, & laide out thrield more loud; Then or the Bird-bone-breaking Eagle lieres;
Or Brood-kind Vulture with the probled Sees, 191 (1912)
VVhen rufticke hands, their tenderickries ideas
Before they give their wings their following Bawal to too great
But milerably pour d they folion beneatile to some at the characters.
I Dell'illes, their teares: While both shearthreadig phylician in the control of
As frequent cries: & to their functionness; (breath) The light had left the skies; if first this forme
The light had left the skies; if first the forme and a many vortable of
I herr dumbe mones high more venetile with viorated
VVhat Ship it was, that game the manufall and the same state of th
To his bleft feet? He then, did likewifolds Hand on his passion; and game this feet which has,
Hand on his passion; and gave this few duck iters.
lle tell thee truth, my fonnes The men their
Much fame for shipping, my Reduces were
To long-wifht Itbasa; who each minch,
That greets their shore, give passes to whiteelie divide.
The Phaacenfian Peeres, in onormights date; (VVhile I fast slept) fershead at basenfiat slike:
Grac't me with wealthy gifts: Braff: Acte of Gold,
And Robes faire wroughe: All which have feeter hold the in the
In Caues, that by the Gods additional things.
And now, Minerua's admonitions wide
For this letreat; that we miglit heare diffole
In close Discourse, the flangheirs of durities.
Recount the number of the worsts then's
And let me know what name they hold with men
I hat my minde, may call shire their office to
A curious measure : & conferenthistaires
Or our two powirs, and chairs are including
Alone, may propagate to richbry

OF UMBER DISTRIBUTED

Vbffe tels bis

But

Telem, to Plyf.

The kind affiftance of some other louic. On tad arreas the corresponding O Father (he replied) I oft hanc heard 400 Your counfailes, and your force of hand prefer d To mighty glory: But your speeches now, mate an antil and all and Your ventrous minde, exceeding mighty thous. Euen to amaze they moue me : for in the Of no fitte counsaile, should be brought to fight, Two men, gainftth able faction of a throng. No one two, o one ten, Ne iwitesen frong These wooers are: but more by much. For inthe That from Dulyebius there are fifty two; All choife yong men: and enery one of thefe: Six men attend. From Sames croft the Seas Twice twelve young Gallants, From Zacynthus came Twice ten. Of Ithaca, the best of name, and and Twice fix. Of all which, all the State they take, A facred Poet, and a Herald make: all of the second Their delicacies, two (of special fort In skill of banquets) serue. And all this port If we shall dare t'encounter; all throst up a sadi a series In one strong roofe: have great care lest the cupin and the same Your great mind thirsts, exceeding bitter talle And your retreat; continiend not to your halte Your great attempt; but make you fay, you buy Their prides renenges, at a price too hy. And therefore (if you could) twere well you thought Of some affistent. Be your spirit wrought In such a mans election, as may lead His fuccours freely, and expresse a Friend His Father answerd: Let me aske of thee; Heare me, confider; and then answer me.

Visf. to Telem.

Viviles.

MC

And hold of Gods, an ouer-ruling hand. VVell then (faid he) not thele thall feuer long Their force and ours, in fights affur d, and ftrong. And then, twixt vs , and them, thall Mars prefer His strength; to stand our great distinguisher; When, in mine owne Roofes, I am forc't to blowes. But when the day, shall first her fires disclose; Go thou for home, and troope vp with the woods Thy wil with theirs joind pow'r with their mide power

Think fithou if Palles, and the King of skies

We had to Friend; would their sufficiencies

Make strong our part? Or that some other yet

Aloft the clouds; and are found aydes indeed:

As pow'rs not onely, that these men exceed;

But beare of all men else the high command

My thoughts must worke for? These (faide he) are set

And after, fall the Herdfman guide to Towne My steps; my person wholly ouer-growne With all apparance of a poore old Swaine. Heavy, and wretched. If their high disdaine Of my vile prefence; make them, my defert. Affect with contumelies; let thy loued heart Beare in fixt confines of thy bosome still, And see me suffer, patient of their ill. I, though they drag me by the heeles, about Mine owne free earth, and after hurle me out; Do thou still suffer. Nay, though with their Darts They beate, and bruife me; beare. But these foul parts Perswade them to forbeare; and by their names Cal all with kinde words: bidding for their shames Their pleasures cease. If yet they yeek not way; There breakes the first light of their fatall day. In meane space, marke this: VVhen the chiefly wife Minerua prompts me; lle informe thine eies VVith fome given figue; & then, all th'armes that are Aloft thy Roofe, in some neere roome prepare For speediest vsc. If those brave men enquire Thy end in all ; still rake vp all thy fire In faire coole words: and fay, I bring them downe To scoure the smoke off; being so over-growne That one would thinke, all fumes that ever were, Breath d fince Viriles loffe, reflected here. These are not like the armes, he lest behinde In way for Troy. Befides, tone prompts my minde In their remoue apart thus with this thought: That, if in heighth of wine, there should bee wrought Some harth contention twist you; this apt meane To mutual bloodshed, may be taken cleane From our your reach, and all the spoile preuented Of prefent Feaft: perhaps, even then prefented My Mothers Nuptials, to your long kinde vowes. Steelest felfe, ready; drawes a man to blowes. Thus make their thoughts fecure ; to vs alone Two Swords, two Darts; two shields left; w see done VV ithin our readieft reach ; that at our will VVé may refume, and charge: And all their skil, Pal'as and Ione, that all just counsailes breath; May darken, with securenesse, to their death. And let me charge thee now as thou art mine; And as thy veines mine owne true blood combine: Let (after this) none know Visiles nere. Not any one of all the houthold there: Not here, the Herdiman: Not Laertes be Made privy : nor her felfe Pendope.

Lati we ideal

water to IT

1.54

But onely let thy felic, and me workeout.
The womens thoughts, of all things bottoe about. The wooers hearts : and then thy men approue, To know who honors, who with revergnce loue Our well-weigh'd Memories; and who is won To faile thy fit right, though my onely Son.

bis Fuher.

You teach (faide he) so punctually now, As I knew nothing; nor were forung from you. I hope, heereafter, you shall better know VVhat foule I beare; and that it doth not let The least loose motion passe his naturall seat. But this course you propose, will proue, I feare, Small profit to vs; and could with your care VVould weigh it better, as too farre about. 略 れがい しゅいちい デ For Time will aske much, to the lifting out عدا بورق Of each mans disposition, by his deeds. ្នាស់ And, in the meane time, enery wooer feeds Beyond faciety snorknowes how to spare. The women yet, fince they more eafle are TRESTANCE COMPOSES For our enquiry ; I would wish you try The men I would omit: and thefe things make 16 910 fine Your labour, after. But to vndertake The wooers warre; I wish your vemost speede, Especially, if you could cheere the deed VVith some Oftent from loke. Thus (as the Sire Vitti iome Oitent from 10 me. I nus fas the Sire
Confented to the Son) did heere expire
Their mutuall freech. And now the Ship was come
That brough the yong Prince, this foldiers from the deepe Hauen(reach) they drew the Ship allores
Tooke all their Armes our, and the neighbors
Tooke all their Armes our, and the neighbors
To Clitius house. But to Visits Count
They sent a Herald first, to make report
To wise Penelope, that safe at field
To wise Penelope, that safe at field Her Son was left: yet fince the Ship would yield Most hast to her; he sent that first, and them Heknew the fuffer'd. Arthe Court now met The Herald, and the Herdiman; to repeat The Herald, and the Herdiman; to repeat
One message to the Queene. Both whom arrived VVithin the gates:) Both to be formost shriu'd Inthat good Newes. The Herald he for halt Amongst the Maids bestow dits thinking place Amongst the Maids beltow ditamining placit
The Queene amongst them: Now faid he) O Queen.
Your level September 1. And 4 200 April 1997. The Queeneherselse: To whom the herdinan tould Your lou'd Son is arrived. And then was leene All that Telemachus inioyn'd he should.

All which discharg'd; his steps, he backe bestowes,

OF HOMERS ODYSSES.

And left, both Court and City, for his Sowes. The wooers then grew fad: foule-vext, and all Made forth the Court. When, by the mighty wall, They tooke their feuerall feate before the gates; To whom Eurymachus, initiates Their veter'd greenance. O (fayd he) my Friends,

A worke right great begun, as proudly ends. VVe faid, Telemethus should never make His voyage good; nor this shore cuer take

For his returnes receipt: and yet we faile, And he performes it. Come Jer's man a Saile The best in our elections and bestow Such fouldiers in her, as can swiftest row s

To tell our friends, that way-lay his retreat 'Tis fafe perform'd: and make them quickly get Their thip for 1thees. This was not faid,

Before Amphinemen in Port displaid The ship arrived: her sailes then voder stroke,

And Oares refum'd. VVhen laughing, thus he fpoke: Move for no meffenger: thefe men are come; Some God hath either told his turning home. Or they themselves have seene his thip gone by:

Had her in chase and lost her. Instantly They role, and went to Port: found drawne to Land

The Ship; the fouldiers taking Armes in hand. The woo'rs themselves to counsaile went, in throng: And not a man befides, or old, or young,

Let fit among ft them. Then Emithem Sonne (Antinous) faid: See what the Godshane done: They onely have delivered from our ill The men we way laid severy windy hill

Hath bin their watch town where by nums they flood Continual Sentinell. And we made good Our worke as well: For (Sun, once let) we never Slept winke alhoro, all night; But made faile ever This way, and that; even till the morning kept

Her facred Stations to intercept And take his life, for whom our amhufh lay: And yet hath God, to his returne ginen way,

Bur let vs profecute with counfailes here
His necessary death : nor any where Let reft his fafery ; for if he furume,

Our failes will neuer in with Hanens arrive. Since he is wife, hath foule, and countaile to To worke the people, who will never do Our faction fauour. What we then intend

Against his person, give we present and Before he call a countaile; which, beleeue

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the plurall

cuer by Ho-

His spirit will hast, & point where it doth greeue: Standyp amongst them all, and vige his death Decreed amongst vs. Which complaint, will breath A fire about their spleenes; and blow no praise On our ill labours. Lest they therefore raise Pow'r to exile vs from our Native earth, And force our lives focieties to the birth Offorreigne countries: let our speeds preuent His comming home, to this auftere complaint; (At field and farre from Towne, or in some way Of narrow passage:) with his latest day Shewne to his forward youth: his goods and lands Left to the free division of our hands: The Moouables made al, his Mothers dowre, And his who-euer, Fate affoords the powre To celebrate with her, sweet Hymens rites. Or if this please not; but your appetites Stand to his fafety, and to give him feate In his whole birth-right; let vs looke to eate At his cost neuer more: but every man Haste to his home: and wed with whom he can At home; and there, lay first about for dowre, And then the woman giue his second powre Of Nuprial liking: And for laft apply His purpole, with most gifts, and destiny. This filence cauf'd whose breach, at last begon Amphinomus, the much renowned Son Of Nifus, furnamed Aretiades; VVho from Dulychius (full of flowry Leas) Caronif Capally is $n_{
m C} \gg \Gamma$ Led all the wooers; and in chiefe did please The Queene with his discourse, became it grew tes ogest- From rootes of those good mindes that did inthe His goodly person: who (exceeding will) Day bak. Il seit as ilsumman) Our Secret H: For (S. Bonis mentibus Vi'd this speech: Friends, Ineper will adule Slept wards arts or all mark The Princes death: for tis a damped thing.
To put to death the yffue of a King. number vied There you have seened First therefore, let's examine, what applause and or directors and will And the best standard The Godswill giue it. If the equal Lawes Anc vetenatic - Africa last ex-Of Ione approoue it, I my selfewill be !! 3 " त ति**ञ्चाति ४५ ति । ते १५ ति । १५ ति ।** The man shall kill him ; and this companie Bracellary ecclemorany Exhort to that minde: If the Gods remaine Let et fi his fatery ; for the formine, enisite I; I adulte I; I adulte This faid Amphinomas and pleaf differen He flies at 7262 affew est 2 and Vine is note and in Viffes Half Course and course Half Chine and course Williams Tooke feate againe. Then, to the Querie was conty, slow on the show of The wooers plot, to kill her fonne at his me with would not be and Since their abroad deligne had mifffthtunge we profite their abroad deligne had miffthtunge we profite their abroad deligne had miffthtunged we had mi Before he calle constalles white the best of who and who who who will be the calle constalles white the calle constalles white the calles constalles who were the calles constalles when the calles constalles constalles when the calles constalles constall

Knew of their counfailes) making the report. The Goddesse of her sex, with her faire fort Of louely women; at the large Hals dore (Her bright cheekes clouded, with a veile shee wore) Stood, and directed to Antinous Her sharpe reproofe; which she digested thus: Antineus: composed of injury, Plotter of mischiefe? Though reports that five Amongst our Ithecensian people: av That thou, of all that glory in their fway, Art best in words and counsailes; Th'art not so. Fond, bufic fellow, why plott'st thou the wo And flaughter of my Son? and dost not feare The Prefidents of Suppliants? when the care Of Ione stoopes to them?' Tis vninst to do Slaughter for flaughter; or pay woe, for wo: Mischiefe for kindnesse; Death for life sought then, Is an iniuftice to be loath'd of men. Serues not thy knowledge, to remember when Thy Father fled to vs; who (mou'd to wrath Against the Tathian theeues) pursu'd with scath The guiltleffe The fprots; in whose peoples feare, Purfuing him for wreake, he landed here. They after him, professing both their prize Of all his chiefly valew of Faculties, And more prized life. Of all whose bloodiest ends Visffes curb'd them, though they were his frends. Yet thou, like one that no Law will allow The least true honor, ear'st his house vp now That fed thy Father : woo'ft for love his wife. VV hom thus thou grieu'st & seek it her sole sons life. Ceasile, I command thee; and command the reft. To see all thought of these soule fashions ceast. Eurymach as replyed; Be confident, Thou all of wir made; the most fain d descent Of King Icarius: Free thy spirits of feare: There lives not any one; nor shall live here Now, nor hereafter, while my life gives hear And light to me on earth, that dares entreat VVith any ill touch, thy well-loued Sonne; But heere I vow, and heere will fee it done, His life shall staine my Lance. If on his knees The City-racer, Lacritudes, Hath made me fit; put in thy hand his foode, And held his red wine to me: that the bloode Of his Telemachus, on my handlay ? The least pollution, that my life can flay? No. I have ever charg'd him not to feare Deaths

OF HOMERS ODYSSES.

Deaths threat from any; And for that most deare Loue of his Father, he shall euer be Much the most loud, of all that live to me.

11/ho kils a guiltlesse man, from Man may sye;

From God his searches, all escapes deny.

Thus cheer'd his words but his affections still Fear'd not to cherish foule intent to kill, Euen him, whose life to all liues he prefer'd.

The Queene went vp3 and to her loue appear'd Her Lord fo freshly; that she wept, till sleepe (By Pallas forc't on her) her eyes did steepe In his sweet humor. When the Euen was come, The God-like Herdsman reacht the whole way home.

Vysses and his Son, for supper dress A yeare-old Swine; and ere their Host and Guest Had got their presence; Pallas had put by With her faire rod, Vysses royalty; And render'd him, an aged man againe, VVith all his vile Integements; lest his Swaine Should know him in his trim, & tell his Queene, In these deepe secrets, being not deeply seene.

Velcome divine Emman; Now what newes
Imployes the City? Are the wooers come
Backe from their Scout difinaid? Or heere at home

Emm. 10 Telem. VVill they againe attempt me? He replied,

These touch not my care; I was fatisfied
To do, with most speed, what I went to do;
My message done, returne. And yet, not so
Came my newes first; a Herald(met with there)
Fore-stal'd my Tale, and told how safe you were.
Besides which meerely necessary thing;
What in my way chanc't, I may ouer-bring,
Being what I know, and witness with minestyes.

Where the Herman Sepulcher doth rife
About the City: I beheld take Port
A Ship; and in her, many a man of fort:
Her freight was shields and Lances; and, me thought
They were the wooers: but of knowledge, nought
Can therein tell you. The Prince smild, and knew
They were the wooers; casting secret view.
Vpon his Father. But what they intended
Fled far the Herdsman: whose Swaines labors ended,
They drest the Supper; which, past want, was eat.
VVhen all defire sufficed, of wine, and meat;
Of other humane wants, they tooke supplies
At Sleepes fost hand; who sweetly closed their siess,

SEVENTEENTH BOOKE OF HOMER'S ODYSSES.

THE ARGUMENT:
TElemachus reserve des Tourne,
Mobes to his curious mother knowne.
In part his Transaites. After whome
Vlysses the Court doch come,
le good Eumans guide jand press.
To winnesse of the Process Fuell.
To winnesse of the Process Fuell.
In same off parts) his Dog doch know.

Another.

Viyiles flowers

through all diffault:

When his def knower;

who knowing thes.



Vt when aires sofie birth (the Morne) arofe,
Telemacher did for the Towne difpole
His carly freps, and tooke to his command
His faire long Lance, well forting with his hand.
Thus, parting with Tamane: Now my friend,
I mult to Towne sleft too faire I extend
My Mothers mone for me: who till her eyes
Mine owne eyes winneffe, varies teares and cries

Telem, to Eum

Through all extreames. Do then this charge of mine, And guide to Towne this haplefic gueft of thine; To beg elfe-where his further Fethuall:

Gine, they that pleafe, I cannot gine roall:
Mine owne wants take vp for my felfe my paine.

If it incenfe him, be the worft thall gaine;
The louely truth I lone, and must be plaine.

Alas Friend (faide his Father) nor do I

Define at all your further charity.

Tis better beg in Cities, them in Fields,
And take the worft a beggers fortune yields.

Nor am I apt to flay in Swine-flies more
How euer: ener the great Chiefe before

The poore Rankes must, to every step obay.

Viffe bis Son

The End of the xvi. Booke.

THE

Bu

But goe; your man, in my command shall sway:
Anon yet to, by fauor; when your fires
Haue comforted the colde heat, age expires;
And when the Suns stame, hath besides corrected
The early aire abroad; not being protected
By these my bare weeds, from the mornings frost;
Which (since so much ground is to be engrost
By my poore seete as you report) may give
Too violent charge; to th'heat by which I live.

This faide; his Sonne went on, with spritchy pace; And to the wooers, studied little grace. Arriu'dat home; he gaue his I aucline stay Against a lofty Pillar; and bold way Made further in. When having so farre gone That he transcended, the fayre Porch of Stone; The first by farre, that gaue his entry, eye VVas Nurse Euryclea; who th'embrodery Of Stooles there fet; was giving Cushions faire: VVho ranne vpon him, and her rapt repaire Shed teares for joy. About him gather'd round The other Maides this head, and shoulders, croun'd VVith kiffes and embraces. From about The Queene her selfe came, like the Queene of Loue; Or bright Diana: Cast about her Sonne Her kinde embraces: with effusion Of louing teares; kift both his louely eyes, His cheekes, and forehead; and gaue all supplies With this entreaty: Welcome sweetest light;

Penel 10 Tele

Telem tobis

On thee thus foone; when thy lou'd fathers fame As farre as Pylos, did thy spirit enflame: In that fearch ventur'd all vnknowne to me. O fay, By what power cam'ft thou now to be Mine eyes deare obiect? He return'd reply, Moue me not now: when you my scape descry From iminent death; to thinke me fresh entrapt; 100 mgs Con bough The fear'd wound rubbing, felt before I fcap't. Double not needleffe paffion, on a heart VVhose ioy so greene is, and so apt tinuert: But pure weeds putting on, ascend and take Your women with you: that yee all may make Vowes of full Hecatombs in facred fire To all the God-heads; If their onely Sire Vouchsafe reuenge of guest-rites wrong d, which hee Is to protect, as being their Deity. My way shall be directed to the hall Of common Concourse, that I thence may call . A stranger; who from off the Pylian shore

I neuer had conceite, to fet quicke fight

Came friendly with me; whom I fine before
VVith all my fouldiers; but in chiefe the charge
Pyram with him, withing him t'enlarge
His loue to him, at home, in best affaire;
And vamost honors, till mine owne repaired

Her Son, thus spoken this works could not be are.
The wings too eastly through the either eare:
But putting pure weeds on; made vowes entire.
Of perfect Hecatombes, in facted first.
To all the Deities; if their onety Sire.
Vouchfast reuenge of guest-rites, wrong dawhich he
VVas to proted, as being their Deity.

VV as to protect, as being their Deity.

Her Son left house: In his faire hand, his Lance;
His lookes cast from them; Palas pur a grace
His lookes cast from them; Palas pur a grace
That made him seeme of the celestiall race.
Whom (come to concourse) enery man admir d:
About him throng d the wooers, and defir d
All good to him in tongue; but in their hearts
Most deepe ils threater d, to his most defense
Of whose huge rous, once free; he cast glad eie
On some, that long before his infancie,

On some, that long before his infancie,
VVere with his Father, great, and gracious;
Graue Hulyther ses, Menter, Antiphus;
To whom he went: tooke seate by them: And they
Enquir'd of all things, sintee his parting day.
To them Pyram came, and brought his Guest
Along the City thither, whom no elect

The Prince respected; nor was long belote
He rose and met him: The first word yet; bore
Pyram from them both: whose haste; belought
The Prince to send his women, to see brought

The Gifts from his house, that Avrille game, VV hich, his own roofes, bethought, wold better fame. The wife Prince answer d, I can fearfe conceine The way to these workes. If the woods rease

By priny Stratagem, my life at home: Irather with, Pyranimay become: The Mailler of them, then the best of these. But, if I sowe in their fields of excesse, Slaughter, and ruine; then they my limploy,

Came

And to me joying, bring thoir thofe with joy.
This faid, he brought home his grief practifd Guefly
V'here both put off, both oyl d, and did inneff
Themschues in rich Robes walls, and fare, and eate.
His Mother, in a faire chaire, taking seate
Directly opposite: her Loome applied;
Vyho (when her Son and Guefl; had fatisfied)

Pyre. to Teles

Telem, to Pyr

Thei

Pratota m. Their appetites with feaft) faid ; O my Soune ondv ; state on viagonite ; You know, that euer fince your Sire was wonnered and and and a To go in Agamemnons guide to Troy; atthe hand and another, whicher Attempting fleepe, I neuer did inioy Life and an and an aid or a sold One nights good rest; but made my quiet bed market affin A Sea blowne vp with fighes; with regres full shed Embrew'd and troubl'd : yet, though all gour mille In your late voyage, hath bene made for this, That you might know th'abode your Father made. You thun to tell me what fucceffe you had.

Now then, before the infolent acceffe: The wooers straight will force on vs; expresse VV hat you have heard. I will (faide he) and true, VVe came to Pylos, where the studious due Telem:chu That any Father could affoord his Sone in u pro tobis (But new arriu'd, from some course he had ron Motier. To an extreame length, in some voyage vow'd) Neffer, the Paftor of the people, showd
To me arriu'd, in turrets thrust vp hye, VVhere not his braue Sons, were more lou'd then I, Yet of th'vnconquer'd-euer-Sufferer Plyffes; neuer he could fet his eare Aliue, or dead, from any earthy man-But to the great Lacedemonian
(Atrides, famous for his Lance) he feat VVith horse and Chariots; Me, to learne th'enens From his Relation; where I had the view Of Areine Hellen, whose strong beauties drew (By wils of Gods) fo many Greeian States And Troians, under fuch laborious Fares. Where Menelaus ask't me, what affaire To Lacedemon, render'd my repaire. Men. to Telem. I told him all the truth: who made reply: O deed of most abhor'd indecency ly A fort of Impotents attempt his bed, A fort of Impotents attempt his bed, VVhose strength of minde, hath Cities levelled ? As to a Lyons den, when any Hinde Hath brought her yong Calues, to their rest inclindes When he is ranging hils, and hearby dales, To make, of Feeders there, his Festivals; But turning to his lufter; Calues, and Dam, He shewes abhorr'd death, in his angers flame: So (should riffer finde this rabble hould In his free Turrets, courting his espould) .. ເປັນຄົ⊅... ຕໍ່າໝາຍກ່ວ Foule death would fall them. O, I would to Ione Phabus, and Pallas, that (when he shall prove The broad report of his exhausted store. <u>ardindina pada</u>a True with his eyes) his Nemes and Sinewes wore

That

That vigor then, that in the Ecstern Tow'rs (Prouok't to wraftle with the iron powrs Philomelides vanted) he approu'd; VVhen downe he hurl'd his Challenger, and mou'd Huge shouts from all the Achines then in view If once come home, he all those forces drew About him there to worke: they all were dead. And should finde bitter his attempted bed. But, what you aske and fue for, I (as far, As I haueheard, the true-spoke Marinar) VVill tell directly; nor delade your eare. He told me, that an Island didenfibleare (In much discomfort) great Lecries fonne; And that the Nymph Calyple (outer-roine VVith his affection) kepeline in her Caues, Where men, nor Ship, of powr to brook the waves: VVereneere his convoy to his countries Shore; And where her felfe, importun d'enermore His quiet flay; which not obtain d, by force; She kept his person from all else recourse. This told Atrides; which was all he knew; Norstaid I more: but from the Gods there blew A prosperous winde, that set me quickly heere: This put his Mother, quite from all her cheere: VVhen Theoclymenm the Augure, faid: O woman, honour'd with Piffer bed :-Your Son, no doubt, knowes clearely nothing more: Heare me yet speake, that can the truth vncore; Nor will be curious. Ione then, witheffe beare. And this thy Hospitable Table heere. VVith this whole houshold of your blameleffe Lord; That, at this houre, his royall feete are flor d On his lou'd countrey earth; and that even heere Comming, or creeping, he will fee the cheere These wooers make; and in his soules field, fow Seeds, that shall thrive to all their overthrow. This, fer a fhip-boord, Henew forted thus, And cried it out, to your Telemethin. Penelope replied; VV ould this would proue; You well should witnesse a most friendly loue, And gifts such of me, as encountring Fame Should greere you with a bleffed Mortals name: This mutuall speech past: all the wooders were Hurling the stone, and toffing of the Speare Before the Pallace, in the pauce Court: VV here other-whiles, their petulant refore Sate plotting injuries. But when the hower Of Supper enter'd, and the feeding power

Ferel in These.

There you rues

Land 1979bushi,

1. 1. 4. 20. 300 E

timini unut...

Little Charles

35 345 -

Brought sheepe from field, that fil'd vp euery way
VVith those that vide to surnish that puruay;
Medon, the Herald (who of all the rest
Madon, the Herald (who of all the rest
raid extensible Pleased most the woocrs and at euery Feast
raid extensible VVas euer neere) said; You whose kind consort
Make the faire branches of the Tree, our Court;
Grace it within now, and your Support take.

Grace it within now, and your Suppers take.
You that for health, and faire contentions fake
Wil please your minds know, bodies must have mean,
Play's worse she widenesses, in times to ease.

This laid, all left; came in, caft by, on Thrones
And Chaires, their garments. Their prouifions
VVere Slieepe, Swine, Goats; the chiefly great & fat.
Befides an Oxe, that from the Herd they gat.
And now, the King and Herdfinan, from the field,
In good way were to Towne: Twixt whom was held
Some walking conference; which thus begun

Eume. 10 Visif. The good Eume. 22: Guest, your will was wung.

(Because the Prince commanded) to make way.

Vp to the City; though I wisht your stay.

And to have made you Guardian of my stall:

But I, in care and seare, of what might fall.

In after anger of the Prince; forbore.

The checkes of Princes, souch their subjects fore.

But make we halt, the day is necrely ended;

And cold ayres still, are in the Euen extended.

Ph¶.io Eume. To

The walking

Fount of the

Citty.

I know t(faid he) confider all; your charge Is given to one that vnderstands at large. Hafte then : heereafter, you shall leade the way ; Affoord your Staffe to, if it fit your stay, That I may vie it; fince you lay, our passe Is leffe friend to a weake foot, then it was. Thus cast he on his necke, his nasty Scrip, All patcht and torne : A cord that would not flip For knots, and bracks, about the mouth of it, Made serve the turne: and then his Swaine did for His forc't state with a staffe. Then plied they hard Their way to towne: Their Cottage left in guard To Swaines and Dogs. And now, Euman led The King along: his gatments to a thred All bare, and burned; and he himselfe hard bore Vpon his staffe, at all parts like a pore And fad old begger. But when now they got The rough high-way; their voyage wanted not Much, of the City: where a Fount they reacht, From whence the Towne their choisest water setche That ever over-flow'd; and curious Art

VVas (hewne about it: In which three had pare;

VVholenames, Weritus and Polytter were, And famous theens. It had a Sphere Of poplar, that ranne round about the wall; And into it, a lofty Rocke let fall, Continual supply of coole cleare streame: On whose top to the Nymphs that were supreme In those parts loues; a stately Altar rose; VVhere euery Tranailer, did still impose Denoted facrifice. At this fount, found These filly Transilers, a man renown'd For guard of Goats, which now he had in guide: VVhose huge-stor d Herd, two herdsinen kept beside: For all Herds it exceld; and bred a feed For wooers onely. He was Deline feede. And call'd Melanthim. VVho casting eye One these two there, he chid them terribly: And so past meane, that even the wrethed fate, Now on Vlyffes, he did irritate. His fume, to this effect, he did pursue: VVhy fo; tis now at all parts passing true, That ill leades ill good evermore doth traine VVith like, his like: VVhy thou vuenuied Swaine, VVhither dost thou leade this same victeffe Leager? This bane of banquets; this most nasty begger ? VVhole light doth make one lad, it to abhorres: VVho with his standing in so many doores, Hath broke his backe; and all his beggery tends To beg base crusts, but to no manly ends; As asking fwords or with activity To get a Caldron. VV ouldft thou gine him me, To farme my Stable, or to fweepe my yarde, And bring brouse to my kids; and that prefer d, He should be at my keeping for his paines, To drinke as much whey, as his thirfly veynes VVould still be swilling (whey made all his fees) His monstrous belly, would oppresse his knees. But he hath learn'd to leade bale life about; And will not worke, but crouch among the rout; For broken meate, to cram his barften gut. Yet this lle fay; and he will finde it put In fure effect; that if he enters where Viriles roofes caft thade; the flooles will there About his cares flye; all the house wil throw; And rub his ragged fides, with outles enow. Past these reuiles; his manlesse rudenesse spurn'd Divine Visses; who, at no part turn'd

His face from him, but had his spirit fed

VVith these two thoghts; If he should finke him dead

meanous is Exmen, and Fly¶es, VVith his bestowed staffe: or at his feete Make his direct head, and the pauement meete. But he bore all, and entertain da breft, That in the strife of all extremes did rest.

rude vf.:ge of

Eumaus, frowning on him; chid him yet: Melan for bis And lifting up his hands to heaven, he fet This bitter curse at him: O you that beare Faire name to be the race of Impiter,

Nymphes of these Fountaines! If Viriles euer Burn'd thighes to you; that hid in fat, did neuer Faile your acceptance, of or Lambe, or Kid; Grant this grace to me; let the man thus hid Shine through his dark fate:make fom God his guide;

'Intending his That, to thee (Goat-herd) this fame Pallats "pride,

Thou driu'st afore thee; he may come and make wo ers dain ie The scatterings of the earth; and ouer-take Thy wrongs, with forcing thee to euer erre About the City, hunted by his feare. And in the meane space, may some slothfull Swaines Let lowfie ficknesse gnaw thy Cattels Vaines.

Melan: answer

*V'yfic :.

O Gods! (replyed Melanthius) what a curfe Hath this dog barkt out; and can yet, do wurse? This man, shall I have given into my hands, VVhen, in a well-built Ship, to farre-off Lands I shall transport him : That (should I want here) My fale of him, may finde me victels there. And (for Vly/es) would to heaven his iov The Silver-bearing-bow-God, would deftroy. This day, within his house; as sure as he The day of his returne shall never see.

This faid, he left them, going filent on; But he out-went them, and tooke straight vpon The Pallace royall, which he enter'd straight; Sat with the wooers, and his Trenchers fraight The Keruers gaue him, of the flesh there vented: But bread, the reuerend Buttlereffe presented. He tooke, against Eurymachus, his place; VVho most of all the wooers, gaue him grace. And now Vyffes and his Swaine got nere: VVhen round about them, visited their eare The hollow Harpes delicious-firicken firing;

To which, did Phamius (necre the wooers) fing. Then, by the hand Villes tooke his Swaine, And faide, Eumaus? One may heere fee plaine (In many a grace) that * Lacridades Built heere thele Turrets; and (mongst others thele) His whole Court arm'd, with fuch a goodly wall: The Cornish, and the Cope, Maiesticall:

His double gates, and Turrets, built too strong For force, or vertue, euer to expugue. I know, the Feafters in it, now abound, Their Cares cast such a fauour; and the sound The Harpe giues, argues, an accomplish Feath The Gods made Musicke, Banquets deeroft Gaeft. These things (said he) your skill may tell with case, Since you are grac't with greater knowledges. But now, confult we, how these workes shall fort, If you will first approach this praised Court, And lee these wooers (I remaining here) -Or I shall enter, and your selfe sorbeare. But be not you, too tedious in your flay Lest thrust ye be, and buffeted away. Braine hath no fence for blowes ; looke too't I pray. You speake to one that comprehends (faid he) Go you before; and heere, aduentureme. I have of old, bene vide to cuffes and blowes; My minde is hardn'd; having borne the throwes Of many a foure euent, in waves, and wars; Where knockes and buffets are no Forreinars. And this same harmefull belly, by no meane, The greatest Abstinent, can ener weare. Men suffer much Bane, by the Bellies ruge; For whose fake, Ships in all their equipage Are arm'd, and let out to th' vntamed Seas; Their bulkes full fraught with ils to enemies. Such speech they changed: when in the yeard there lay A dogge, call'd Argue, which, before his way Affun d for ilion; Vly [es bred; Yet flood his pleasure then, in little fled; (As being too yong) but growing to his grace, Yong men made choise of him for every Chace; Or of their wilde Goats, of their Hares, or Harts. But, his King gone; and he nowpast his parts; Lay all abiectly on the Stables Rore, Before the Oxe-stall, and Mules stable dore, To keepe the clothes, cast from the Pessants hands, While they laide compasse on Fifer Lands: The Dog, with Tickes (vnlook 1 to) ouer-growne. But, by this Dog no fooner feene, but knowne VVas wife Fylles, who (new enter d there) Vp went his Dogs laide cares; and (comming nere) Vp,he himselse rose, fawn d; and wilg d his Sterne; Coucht close his eares, and lay for Nor defeerne Could euermore his deere-lou'd Lord againe. Vlyffes faw it; nor had powre t'abfailne

From thedding tears: which (far-off feeing his Swain)

He

V lyffes ruthful

He dried from his fight cleane; to whom, he thus His griefe dissembled: Tis miraculous, That fuch a Dog as this, should have his laire On such a dunghill; for his forme is faire. And yet, I know not, if there were in him Good pace, or parts, for all his goodly lim. Or he liu'd empty of those inward things, As are those trencher-Beagles, tending Kings; VVhom for their pleasures, or their glories sake, Or fashion; they into their fauours take.

This Dog (faid he) was feruant to one dead hises Dogge. A huge time fince. But if he bore his head (For forme and quality) of fuch a hight, As when Vly fes (bound for th' lion fight, Or quickly after) left him : your rapt eyes VVould then admire to fee him vie his Thyes. In strength, and swiftnes. He would nothing flye, Nor any thing let scape. If once his eye Seiz'd any wilde beaft, he knew straight his scent: Go where he would, away with him he went. Nor was there euer any Sauage stood Amongst the thickets of the deepest wood Long time before him, but he pull'dhim downe; As well by that true hunting to be showne In such vaste couerts; as for speed of pace In any open Lawne; For in deepe chace, He was a paffing wife, and well-not d Hound. And yet is all this good in him vncroun'd With any grace heere now. Nor he more fed Then any errant Curre. His King is dead, Farre from his country; and his feruants are So negligent, they lend his Hound, no care. Where Maysters rule not , but let Men alone : You never there , lee honest fernice done. That Man's halfe vertue, loue takes quite away, That once is Sun-barn'd with the fernile day.

This faid; he enter'd the well-builded Towers. Vp bearing right vpon the glorious wooers: And left poore Argus dead. His Lords first fight, Since that time twenty yeares, bereft his light.

Telemachus, did farre the first behould Eumaus enter; and made fignes he should Come vp to him. He (noting) came, and tooke On earth, his feate. And then, the Maister Cooke Seru'd in more banquet : Of which; part he fet Before the wooers; part the Prince did get: VVho sate alone; his Table plac't aside; To which, the Herald did the bread divide.

After Emman, enter diffraight the King, Like to a poore, and heavy aged thing: Bore hard vpon his staffe; and was so clad, As would have made his meere beholder fad. Voon the Athen floores his limbes he fpred; And gainft a Cyprefle threshold stauthis head The tree wrought imough, and in a line direct. Tried by the Plumbe, and by the Architect. The Prince then bad the Herdiman give him bread. The finest there : and see that profused At-all-parts plight of hie given all the cheare His hands could turne to : Take (faide he) and beare These cates to him; and bid him beg of all. These wooers heere; and to their feathuis! Beare vp with all the impudence he can: Balbfull behaniour, fits no neces Alien ?? He heard, and did his will : Hold Greet (Taide he) Telemachus commends these cases to thee: Bids thee beare up, and all the fe woods implored Wit must make impudent, white Fore water pore. O lone (faid he) do my poore pray is the grace. To make him bleffed it of the mortall race And enery thought now, in his gustrious heart, To deeds that further my defires connect: Thus tookehe in, with hoth his banks his flores And in the vacouth Scrip that level of the Dr. 1 His ill-shod feere, repossi is but sengabe foil All time the Musicke to the Feasters plaid. His grie-Both loyntly ending. The linguistic missions and it To put in old act, their turnulus powers When Paller standing close, did parabilities frend, Of those proud wooers; so, to let him ary; the st was a Who most, who least, had learn'd humaning However, no thought toucht 464 massachade That any one should scape his wreaked then He handfornly became all, creptaleque, I To enery wooder, held a force hand our symmetry And all his worke, did in fo like twing you As he had practif d begging many subspaction to And though they knew, all beggest couled the Yet they admir dit, as no deede of his'; . 307920 500 210 Though facre from though a sober a still expense And pitty to him: who be was, and who he Enquiring mutually. Melent hour then sook

Heare me, ye wooers of the fire fare of the con,

About this begger: I have feene hefines and This face of his; and know for our sink under signal "

e٨

That this Swaine brought him hither. VV hat he's. Or whence he came, flies me. Reply to this Antineus made; and mockt Eumeus thus. O thourenowned Herdiman, why to vs Brought'st thou this begger? Serves it not our hands That other Land-leapers, and Cormorands (Prophane poore knaues) lye on vs. vnconducted. But you must bring them? So amisse instructed Art thou in course of thrist, as not to know Thy Lords goods wrackt, in this their over-flow? VVhich, thinkft thou nothing, that thou calft in thefe? Enmeus answer'd; Though you may be wife, You fpeak not wifely: VVho cals in a Guest That is a guest himselfe? None cal to Feast Other then men that are of publique vie: Prophets, or Poets, whom the Gods produce: Phylitians for mens ils: or Architects: Such men, the boundleffe earth affeords respects Bounded in honour, and may call shem wel: But poore men, who cals? Who doth to excell In others good, to do himfelfe anill? But all VIy Jes servants have bene still Eye-fores in your waie, more then all that wook And cheefly I. But what care I, for you? As long as theferoofes, hold as thruls to none; The wife Penelope and her God-like Sonne. Forbeare (faid he) and leave this songues bold ill; Antinous vies to be croffing ftill, buby hard the said of the And give sharpe words: his blood that humor beares. To fermen fill together by the eares of the morning has the But (turning then t'Antinone) O (finds he) You entertaine a Fathers care of the por radianted and man processing a To turne these eating guests out : Tis aduite of the owner of chi. Of needful vie for my poore faculties: The most be selected at offwart and all But God doth not allow this Theremide be 2000 1000 to What you your selues take; give; I not only? 33 2014 2014 2014 But give command that hospitality and market of the store and and Be given alstrangers: Nor thal my pow'es feath, of the highlight If this mood in me, reach my Mothers enter and say the say the Much lesse the leruants, that also hebite to fee 342d Virfes house kept, in his old degree. (antic abab en se antic and But you beare no fuch minde your wits more cally prove a most of a statement To fill your felfe, then let another taft. The was we not we call the table Antinous answer'd him; Braue spoken man http://www.antinous.com/ VVhole minds free fire, fee cheek in o verme whee the 2000 were If all we wooers heere, would give as miel one of sunt in many of an are

As would for three months serue his farre off way From troubling your house, with more cause of stav. This faid; he tooke a stoole vp, that did rest Beneath the boord, his spangled seete at feast: And offer'd at him: But the reft, ganeall, And fil dhis fullome Scrip with Festivall. And so Vigffes for the present, was, And for the future furnishe, and his passe Bent to the doore, to care. Yet could not leave Autinous fo: but faid; Do you to give (Lou'd Lord) your presence, makes a shew to me, As you not worst were of the company, But belt? and so much, that you seeme the King: And therefore, you should give some better thing, Then bread, like others. I will fored your praise Through all the wide worlds that have in my daies Kept house my selfe; and trod the wealthy waies Of other men, euen to the Title, Bleft; And often haue I given an erring Gueft (How meane focuer) to the vimost gaine Of what he wanted: kept whole troopes of men: And had all other commings in; with which Men live fo well, and game the fame of Rich. Yet Ione confum'd all : he would have it so : To which, his meane was this; he made me go Farre off, for Egypt, in the rude confort Of all-waies-wandring Pyrats; where, in Port I bad my lou'd men, draw their Shipsalhore, And dwell amongst them : Sent out some t'explore Vp to the Mountaines; who (intemperate, And their inflam'd bloods, bent to fatiate) Forrag'd the rich fields; hal'd the women thence, And vnwean'd children, with the foule expence Both of their fames, and bloods. The cry then flew Straight to the City; and the great fields grew With horse, and soon; and slam'd with iron armes; VVhen Ione (that breaks the Thunder in Alarmes) An ill flight cast amonest my men: Notone Inspir d with spirit, to stand, and turne vpon: The fierce pursuing foe: and therefore flood Their ill fate thicke about them : fome in blood, And fome in bondage: Toiles led by constraint Fastning vpon them. Me, along they fent To Cyprus, with a stranger Prince they met. Dmeter Iasides : who th' imperial leat Of that sweete Island, swaid in strong command: And thus feele I heere, Needs contemned hand. And what God sent (saide he) this suffering bane

To vex our banquet? Stand off, nor prophane My boord to boldly, left I thew thee here, Cyprus and Egypt, made more soure then there. You are a fawcy fet fac't Vagabond. About with all you go; and they, beyond Discretion give thee, since they finde not heere The least proportion set downe to their cheere. But every Fountaine hath his vnder floods; It is no Bounty to gine others goods. O Gods (replied Vlyffes) I fee now, You beare no foule, in this your goodly fhow: Beggers at your boord, I perceive, should get Scarfe falt from your hands, if the felues broght meat: Since, fitting where anothers boord is spread. That flowes with feaft; not to the broken bread VVill your allowance reach. Nay then (faid he, And look't austerely) It so saucy be Your futfer'd language, I suppose, that cleere You shall not scape without some broken cheere. Thus rapt he vp a stoole, with which he smit The Kings right shoulder, twist his necke, and it. He stood him like a rocke: Antinous dare Not stirr'd Vly fes: who, in his great hart Deepe ils proiected; which, for time yet, close He bound in silence; shooke his head, and went Out to the Entry, where he then gaue vent To his full fcrip; fate on the carth, and cate, And talk't still to the wooers: heare me yet Ye wooers of the Queene: It neuer greenes A man to take blowes, where for Sheepe, or Beenes, Or other maine possessions, a man fights: But for his harmefull belly, this man imites, VVhose loue to many a man, breeds many a wo. And if the poore have Gods, and Furies to: Before Antineus weare his Nuptiall wreath,

Or feeke your desperate plight some laser seate; Left by the hands, or heeles, youths drag your yeares, And rend your rotten ragges about your eares. This made the rest, as highly hate his folly, As he had violated fomething holy. VVhen one (euen of the proudest) thus began : Thou doft not nobly, thus to play the man On such an errant wretch: Oill disportd! Perhaps some facred God-head goes enclosed Euen in his abiect outfide: For the Gods Haue often visited these rich abods

Harsh Guest (saide he) sit silent at your meate,

He shall be worne vpon the dart of death.

Like fuch poore flranger Pilgrims; fince their powrs (Being alwayes shapefull) glide through Townes and Observing as they passe this who they be (Tow'rs. That piety loue, and who impiety. This, all men faid; But he held fayings cheape: And all this time Telemashar did heape Sorrow on forrow, on his bearing hart To fee his Father stricken; yet let part No teare to earth, but shooke his head, and thought As deepe as those ils, that were after wrought. The Queen now hearing of her poore guells firoke; Said to her Maid, (as to her wooer the fpoke)

I wish the famous for his Bow, the San VVould strike thy heart for Her wish (thus begun) Her Lady, faire Eurynome purfude Her execration; and did thus conclude: So may our vowes call downe from headen; his end; And let no one life of the reft extend His life till morning. Q Engage: 112 (Replied the Queene) may all Gods speake in ther: For all the wooers, we should rate as foes; Since all their weales, they place in others woes. But this Antinous, we past all thould have,

As one refembling blacke and enter Pare A poor strange wretch begulare compel dby need: Askt all, and enery one gane in his deed Fill'd his fad Scrip, and eard his heavy wants: Onely this man, beflow d ynamanly cantes And with a cruell blow (his force let flye) Twixtnecke and thoulders thou din charity. These minds (aboue) the and her Maids did show VVhile, at his scrip, Vhiles face below. In which time, the Euwaw call d, and this Go, good Emman, and forforde combine

The stranger to me: Bid him come and take

My falurations for his welcomes false; 1000 And my defire ferue, if heliathrocheard Or feene diffreft Poffes ? who hash err'd . 5 0 Like fuch a man; and therefore chance may fall, He hath, by him benemer, and spoke within. O Queene (faide he) I wish so heaften, your care Were quit of this vnreuerend noise you heare From these rude wooers, when their the guest: Such words, your care, would let into your breft As would delight it, to your very heart. Three nights and dayes, I did my Hoofe impart To his fruitions (for hexamero me The first of all men, fince he fled the Sea)

To call him to her; that the might enquire

Lit. C. in record in for Pill, . . And yet he had not given a perfect end To his relation, of what woes did spend a sing (House throws The spight of Fate on him: But as you see would have the A Singer, breathing out of Deity fests compared Loue-kindling lines; when all men feated neres with a Poet, fer Are rapt with endleffe thirft, to euer heare: So sweetn'd he, my bosome, at my meate; and an an action and action Affirming that VIsses was in Crete, VVhere first the memories of Mines were, A Guest to him, there dwelling, then as deare As his true Father: and from thence, came he Tir'd on with forrowes, toft from fea to fea 5.
To cast himfelse in dust, and tumble heere. At wooers feete, for blowes, and broken cheeten But, of VlyRes (where the Thefprets dwell, A wealthy people) Fame he fayes did tell The ftill furnicall: who his Native light the mount of the VVas bound for now; with treasure infinite, fortering demonstration Call him (fayd she) that he himselfe may say as This, ouer to me. We shall soom have way to your to a feet Giuen by the wooers: They, as well at Gare, As fet within doores, vieto regresses and and average and and a second Their high-fed spirits. As their humors leade! They follow; and may well; for fill they treate on the treet. Vncharg'd waies here their own welch lying vowafied In poore kept houses : onely something talked was a vision and and Their bread and wine is, by their houshold Swaines: But they themselves, let loose continuell Reines by the date of th To our expences; making flaughter fill approlate to believe and back Of Sheepe, Goats, Oxen; feeding past their fills And vainly lauishing our richest wine: And hair . Blowne and hair All these extending past the sacred line, adout the angular and I'l For here lives no man, like Ply for the history and all To curbe these ruines: But should he ence show it was the same and a second His country light, his presence; He and his open to die no we are all VVould foone reuenge these wooets interies and with the work and will This faid; about the house, in cechoes, rounds Merzing a good Her Sons strange Neelings made a horrid fortally and the form attendate At which, the Queene yet laught, and faid, Gog call in his one of suit skill The stranger to me : Heardst thousants all both a book and all adolf My words laft vtter'd, what a Necling brake new From my Telemachus? From where Landa bas This fure conclusion; That the death and has de accourage and seed a art Of enery wooer heere, is neere his date. Tool bla choras The control and Call then the Gueft; and if he tel as trew hypov moves it it a fee black A VVhat I shal aske him; Cote cloke all things west are ab bear a gineral I These hands that yeeld him. This said; down he went a roi); account it is T And told Myfes, that the Queene had fent w bolt of a with now " 10 fre will

About her husband, what her fad define Vrg'd her to aske : and if the found him true. Both cote, and caffocke (which he needed) new Her hands would put on him; And that the Bread Which now he begg'd amongst the commune reads Should freely feed his hunger now from her: VVho, all he wisht, would to his wants prefer. His answer was ; I will with fit speed, sell The whole truth to the Queene; For, passing well I know her Lord; finceheand I have thaird In equall forrowes. But I much am fcar'd With this rude multitudent woods a little and water and a little of the Therage of whole pride Iminethermans brane fphone Of whose rout, when one strooke me for no fault; Telemaches, nor none elfe, turn'd th'affault . From my poore shoulders. Therfore though she haft, Befeech the Queene, her bar the day less part and and the last the dayes broad light; and then, may in expoune.

Tis but my closer preasing to the fire In th' Euenings cold; because, my weeds, you know Are passing thin: For I made bold to show Their brackes to you, and pray d your kinde supply. He heard, and hafted; and mer inftantly He heard, and hafted, and met inflamely
The Queene ypon the pauement in
Who asks; what? bringst thou not pauement
Finde his austre supposes? Takes being to
Ofth vinius wooers? Or thus hard delight
On any other doubt the house object
To his fear'd fastery. He does night
(In any wise one; taking care to thun
The violent wooers; He bids bide, til Sum
Hath hid his broad light; and belong to
Or many Hath hid his broad light: and, beleeve it, Queene, Pwill make your best course : since you two, vnseene May passe th'encounter : you to speake more free: And he, your care gaine, leffe diffractedly. The Gueft is wife (faid the) and well doth give The right thought vie. Of all the men that live, Life ferues none fuch as these proud wooers are. To giue a good man, cause to vsehis care. Thus (all agreed) amongst the wooers goes Emmeus to the Prince; and (whispering close) Said; Now, my Loue, my charge shall take vp me, (Your goods, and mine) What here is, you must see In fit protection. But, in chiefe, regard Your owne deere lafegard; whole state, study hard,

Lest sufferance seize you. Many a wicked thought Conceale these wooers; whom inst towe see brought To vtter ruine, ere it touch at vs.

So chance it, Friend (replyed Telemachus) Your Beuer taken, go: in first of day Come, and bring facrifice, the best you may. To me, and to th'immortals, be the care Of whatfocuer heere, the fafeties are.

This faid the fate in his elaborate Throne. Eumeu (fed to fatisfaction) Went to his charge; left both the Court and wals. Full of secure, and fatall Festivals. In which, the wooers pleasures fail would sway: And now begun, the Evens nere-ending day.

The End of the Seavententh Booke of Homers Odyffes.





EIGHTEENTH BOOK E OF HOMER'S ODYSSES.

VLyfles, and Room Irus fight. Penelope, waschfafes her fight To all her Woods : who prefent Gifts to ber : ranifit with content. A certains Parle then we fing. Betwixt a Vocer, and the King.

Another. The Beggers glee, Eryna she Kings bigb fames Gifts ginen to fee



Here came a commune Begger to the Court; Who, in the City, beggrd of all refort: Excell dirimadnelle of the gut ; drunke, eare Paft intermission: was most hugely great; Yet had no finers in him, nor no force: In fight; stdan; In mind, a living Corfe. Pristrice name; was Areas: for his mother Impord to from his birth. And yet another

The City youth would give him (from the course He after tooke; deriu'd out of the force That Need held on him; which was ap and downe To run on all mens errands through the Towne) Which founded, Irus. VVhen whole gut was come, He needs would barre Villes his owne home. And fell to chiding him: Old man (laide he) Your way out of the Entry, quickly fee Be with faire Language taken; left your flay But little longer, fee you drage d away. See Sir : Observe you not, how all these make Direct fignes at me? Charging the to take Your heeles, and drag you out? But I take thame. Rife yet, y'are best; lest we two play a game At cuffes together. He bent browes, and faide: Wymich ! I do theeno ill : nor once vpbraide

Thy presence with a word; nor what mine eye By all hands fees thee giuen, one thought enuy: Nor shouldst thou enuy others. Thou mayst fee The place will hold vs both; and feem'st to me A Begger like my felf: which who can mend? The Gods give most , to whom they least are Friend: The cheefe goods Gods give is in good to end. But to the hands strife, of which y'are fo free, Prouoke me not, for feare you anger me: And lest the old man, on whose scorne you stood. Your lips and bosome, make shake hands in blood. I loue my quiet well, and more will loue To morrow then to day. But if you moue My peace beyond my right; the warre you make, Will neuer after give you will to take Virfes house into your begging walke. O Gods (faide he) how volubly doth talke

This eating gulfe? And how his fume breakes out. As from an old crackt Ouen? whom I will dout So bitterly; and so with both hands mall His chaps together; that his teeth shall fall, As plaine seene on the earth, as any Sowes That ruts the Corne-fields, or devoures the Mowes. Come; close we now, that all may see, what wrong An old man tempts, that takes at cuffes, a yong.

Thus in the entry of those lofty Tow'rs, These two, with al splene, spent their jarring pow'rs: Antinous tooke it ; laught, and faide ; O Friends We never had fuch fport: This Gneft contends VVith this vafte Begger, at the Buffets fight; Come, ioyne we hands, and fcrew up all their fpight.

All rose in Laughters; and about them bore All the ragg'd rout of beggers at the dore. Then mou'd Ansinous the victors hire To all the woo'rs thus: There are now at fire Two brests of Goat: both which, let Law set downe Before the man, that wins the dayes renowne, With all their fat and greauie: And of both i. Inowell rit∰ The glorious Victor, thal preferre his tooth, rate of Links of Links of A To which he makes his choise of, from vs all; And euer after, banquet in our Hall. VVith what our boords yeeld: Not a Begger more Allow'd to share; but all keepe out at dore. This he proposed; and this they all approud; To which viyffes answer'd : O most lou'd, By no meanes should an old man; and one old In chiefe with forrowes, be fo ouer-bold To combat with his yonger: But alas,

Mans-owne-ill-working belly, peode will peffe This worke vpon me, and enforce me and To beate this fellow. But then, you much doo My age no wrong, to take my yongers pare, And play me foule play ; making your fireher fenant Helpe his to conquer: for you cally may With your firengths and one. Do shen right, Sciar Your Honors on it, in your oaths, to yield His part no aide; but equal leave the field.

OF HOMERS ODYSSES.

All fwore his will. Bur ther Telement we His Fathers Icoffes, with comforts ferious, Could not but answer, and made this reply,

Gueft! If thine owne powers cheere thy victory, Feare no mans elfe, that will not paffe refice: He fights with many, that shall sough but thes. Ile fee thy guest-right paide i Thou beergain come In my protection : and to that the function Of all these wooers (which Antique are And King Eurymachas) coniogne their care.

Both vow dit. VVhen Flyffes, laying has His vpper weed, his inner begging And And Nere thew d his shame: which he, with registre extent Pluckt from about his Thighes; and for referred Their goodly fight, which were fo white and great; And his large shoulders, were no wiew, fo fee By his bare rags this armes, his breath and all So broad, and brawny (their grace natural) Being helpt by Paller; ever flanding neres That all the wooers, his admirant wore 97. Beyond all measure: mutuall whitecrassioners Through all their cluster faying: Sure as he times Poore true pull'd vpon him, bister blosses, plantante conting of

Through his thin Garment, when a Thigh he thouses!

They faid; But I'm felt: Hill Complete thinds

VV as mou'd at roote. But now, his needent it finds

Facts to his brags; and foldsmeall pure: fire The servants brought him; all his artises shit in a let a level of c VVith feares, and tremblings. Which Antinew flor And faide: Nay now too late comes feated No Law Thou shouldst at first have given thy brangare value. Nor should it so have swell d, ifergrow flating a stories are to do a ? And worne with penuries, that fill lay hold On his ragg d person. Howsenite ration with a distance of the contract of the This yow from me, for firmes Bhat Change and the state of Thy forces floope; and proue his owne supremes 18's lle put thee in a Ship, and downe the flagane Send thee alhore, where King Believe raignes, with the governor on a

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(The roughest tyrant, that the world containes) And he will flit thy Nostrils, crop each eareging Thy thame cut off, and give it dogges to teared The buffet fight This shook his Nerues the more: Burboth were now 3 Brought to the Lifts; and vp did either throw when His heavy fifts. Vlyffes, in suspence and the mog ? I range to be also To strike so home, that he should fright from thence His Cow-herd foule(his trunke laide profesate there:) Or let him take more leisure to his feare, most them and the And stoope him by degrees. The last, shew d best, To strike him slightly; out of feare the rest Would elfe discouer him. But (peace now broke) On his right (houlder, Irwa kide his stroke. Virles ftrooke him, inft beneath the care, His iaw bone broke, and made the blood appeare. VVhen straight, he strew'd the dost, and made his crie Stand for himfelfe; with whom, his teeth did lie;

Spit with his blood out: and againft the ground His heeles lay sprawling. Vp the hands went round
Of all the wooers; all at point todye.
VVich violent laughters. Then the King didply The Beggers feete, and dragged him forth the Hall Along the Entry, to the gates and wall: he core and and are Where leaving him, he put into his hand warm had the adish and A Staffe, and bad him there vie his command near an indicated in the last of the On Swine, and Dogs; and not prefume to be 20,2 4 1 1 2 1 Lord of the guelts, or of the Beggery : 19 26 13 . 26) Toward Line Line Since he, of all men, was the four and curfex of the men, which is the men and And so, bad please with that, or fare yet winfe in the sale aroccus deliant Then cast he on his scrip all pareholand rent, they have a miles and a Hung by a rotten cord; and backe howener; soir all shall mention so a To greete the Entries threshold with his feat deal and the first has The wooers throng d to him, and didentered to the O nich and again VVith gentle words his conquest blanching still a better to be a find Pray'd Ione, and all the Glods, to gine his will won and section to be well as VVhat most it wisht him; and would joy him most, Of that vnfauoury morfell) whom their vow d. and the same and the To fee with all their vimoffinalis bellowith on state and we will state Aboord a thip; and for thireclement of gir mails a see a fire fill said (To King Echetus: on whose Theonewas speak, bit and and the state of The worst mans seat y breath'd. And thus war grac't when the world Divine Vlyffes: who with ioy embrad vei fait ratt, our en attitue vinon = -Euen that poore conquest. Then waster to him live it works a second The goodly Goats breaft promift (that did fiving man to described and to In fat and greaty) by Antiques and prove id sucrete at 1900 1900 And from a Basket (by Amphinemus) if the and bear of and artist

VVas two Breads given him; who (befides) renowind with soil and a sile

His languet, with a golden Goblet cround,

Andthis high falutation : Frolicke, Gueft And be those righes that you first possest Reftor'd againe, with full as many ioves. As in your poore flate, I fee now annoyes. Amphinemus (faide he) you feeme to me Exceeding wife, as being the progeny Of fuch a Father, as autentique Fame Hath told me was fo: One of honour dname. And great revenues in Dulychius; His faire name, Ni/w. He is blazon'd thus; And you to be his Sonne; his wiledome beyring As well as wealth: his ftate, in nought empairing. To proue which, all waies; let me tell you this (As warning you to shun the miseries That follow full states, if they be not held With wifedome still at full; and so compeld To courfes, that abode not in their browes, By too much fwindge, their fodaine sucrethrowes) Of all things breathing or that creepe on earth: Nonehe is more wretched then a humane Birth. Blefs'd men, thinke never, they can curfed be, While any power lasts, to mone a knee. But when the bleft Gods, make them feele that fmart, That fled their Faith fo; as they had no hart, They beare their fufferings; and, what wel they might Haue cleerly fhun'd, they then meet in defpight. The Minde of Man fives fiel out of his way. Vnieffe God guide and prompt it, every day. I thought me once, a bleffed man with men a And fathion'd me, to all so counted then: Did all iniustice like them; what for Luft. Or any pleasure, neuer so vniust I could by powre or violence obtaine: And gaue them both in all their powres the raigne: Bold of my Fathers, and my Brothers still VVhile which held good my Arts feem'd neuerill. And thus is none, held fimply, good or bad; But as his will is either mift or had. Al goods, Gods gifts man cals, how ere he gets them: And so takes all, what price so ere, God sets them. Saies nought, how ill they come; nor will controule That Rauine in him, though it cost his soule. And these parts here, I see these woods play, Take all that fals; and all dishonors lay On that mans Queen, that (tell your frends) doth bear No long times absence, but is passing neare. Let God then, guide thee home; left he may meete In his returne, thy undeparted feete.

OF HOMERS ODYSSES.

Eurynome.

* Penelope,

For when he enters, and fees men for ride,
The quarrell cannot but in blood contribute.
This faid; he facrific'd; then drunke; & then
Referr'd rhe giuen Boule, to the guide of men;
VYho walk't away, afficied at his heart;
Shook head, and fear'd, that these facts wold comient
To ill in th'end. Yet had not grace to file:
Minerua staid him, being ordain'd to the
Vpon the Lance of yong Physides.

So, downe he fate; and then did Fullas pleafe T'incline the Queenes affections, to appeare To all the wooers; to extend their cheare To th'vtmost lightning, that still ofhets death: And made her put on all the painted theath. That might both fet her wooers fancies hye; And get her greater honor in the eye Euen of her Son & Soucraigne, then before. VVho laughing yet (to shew her humor bore No serious appetite to that light show) She told Eurynome, that not till now She ever knew her entertaine desire To please her wooers eyes; but oft on fire She fet their hate, in keeping from them still; Yet now the pleased rappeare: though from no will To do them honor; vowing the would tell Her fon that of them, that should he him well To make vie of: which was, not to conneile Too freely with their pride, nor to disperse His thoughts amongst them, since they of d to give Good words; but through them, ill intents did drive.

Eurynome replied : With good aduise You vow his counsaile, & your open guise. Go then, aduise your Son; nor keepe more close Your checkes, stil drown'd in your eyes outrillowes. But bathe your body & with Balutter make cleare Your thickn'd count nance; Vneethpofed cheme, And ever mourning, will the Marrow weare. Nor have you cause to mourn; your Son hath now Put on that vertue, which (in chiefe) your vow VVisht (as your bleffing) at his birth, might decke His blood & person. But forbeare to speaker Of Baths, or Balmings, or of beauty, now (The Queene replyed) left (vrging comforts) you Discomfort much: because the Gods have wome The spoile of my lookes, since my Lord was gone. But these must serue. Cal hither then to me Hippodamia & Antonoe ; That those our traine additions may supply Our owne deserts. And yet besides, Not I

(VVith all my age) have learn'd the boldnesse yet Texpose my selfe to men, vnlesse I get Some other Gracers. This faid; forth the went To call the Ladies; and much spirit spent To make their vtmoft speed for now their Queene VVould both her felfe thew. & make them be feene. But now Mineras other projects laid: And through Icarius adaughters Veines contraid Sweet fleepes defire. In whole foft fumes, inuolu'd She was as soone as laid; and quite dissoln'd Were all her Lineaments. The Goddeffe then Bestow'd immortall gifts on her, that men Might wonder at her beauties, and the beames That glifter in the deified fupreames, She cleer'd her mourning count nance vp withall. Euen such a radiance, as doth round empall Crown d'Cytheres, when her order d places, Conduct the Beny of the dancing Graces, She added to her owne : more plumpe, more hie, And fairer then the polisht Iuory, Rendring her parts, and presence. This grace done. Away the Deity flew; and vp did ronne Her louely-wrifted Ladies with a noise That blew the foft chaines from her fleeping ioyes. When the her faire eyes wip't, and (gafping) faide: Ome vnbleft! How deep a sweet sleepe spread His shades about me ? VV ould Diana pleased To shoot me with a death no more diseased, As soone as might be : that no more my mone Might waste my blood, in weepings neuer done; For want of that accomplished vertue spher'd In my lou'd Lord, to all the Greekes prefer'd. Then she descended with her Maids, and tooke Place in the Portall; whence her beamy looke Reacht eu'ry wooers heart. Yet cast she on So thin a veyle, that through it quite there shone Agrace so stolne, it pleased about the cleere, And funke the knees of enery wooer there. Their minds fo melted in loues vehement fires, That to her bed the heightn'd all defires. The Prince then coming necre, the faid; O Son, Thy thoughts & judgements have not yet put on That constancy in what becomes their good VVhich all expect in thee : thy yonger blood Did sparkle choicer spirits. But, arriu d At this ful growth, wherein their Formehath thrin'd Beyond the bounds of child-hood (and when now)

Beholders should affirme, This man doth grow

Like the rare fon of his matchles Sire.

Bb2

(His goodlinesse, his beauty, and his fire Offoule aspir'd to) thou mak'st nothing good Thy Fate, nor fortune; nor thy height of blood, In manage of thy actions. What a deed Of foule defert, hath thy groffe fufferance freed Beneath thine owne Roofe? A peore stranger here Vf'd most vnmanly! How will this appeare To all the world; when Fame thall trumpet out, That thus, and thus, are our guests beate about Our Court vnrighted? Tis a blaze will show Extreamly shamefull, to your name, and you.

I blame you not, O Mother (he replide) That this cleere wrong fustain d byme, you chide: Yet know I, both the good and bad of all; Being past the yeares, in which your errors fall. But (all this knowne) skill is not fo exact To giue (when once it knowes) things fit their fact. I wel may doubt the prease of strangers here; Who, bent to ill, and onely my Nerues nere, May do it in despight. And yet the iarre Betwixt our guest and Irm, was no warre Wrought by the wooers; nor our guest sustain'd VV rong in that action; but the conquest gain'd. And would to love, Minerus, and the Sun, That all your woo'rs, might ferue Contention For fuch a purchase as the Begger made; And wore fuch weak heads: Some flould death inuade Strew'd in the Entry; some imbrew the hall; Till enery man had vengeance capitall; Sattl'd like Irm at the Gates; his head Euery way nodding, like one forfeited To reeling Bacchus; Knees, nor feete, his owne, To beare him where hee's better lou'd or knowne.

prip of the fiet-pojed Widdow Qu ene.

Penel arfwer.

Their speeches given this end, Earymachine Began his Court-ship, and express it thus. Most wise Icarius daughter; If all those That did for Colches ventrous faile dispose, For that rich purchase; had before but seene Earths richer prize, in th' Ithacensian Queene, They had not made that voyage; but to you, Would all their vertues, and their Beings vow. Should all the world know what a worth you store. To morrow then to day; and next light, more Your Court should banquet; since to all Dames, you Are far preferr'd; both for the grace of show, In Stature, Beauty; Forme in euery kinde Of all parts outward; and for faultlesse minde. Alas (saidshe) my Vertue, Body, Forme,

The Gods have blafted, with that onely fforme That rauitht Greece to Ilien; fince my Lord For that warre thip't) bore all my goods abord: If he (return'd) should come, and governe here My lifes whole flate; the grace of all things there His guide would heighten, as the spirit it bore: Which dead in me, lives, given him long before. A fad course I line now; heavens sterne decree: WVith many an ill, hath numb'd and deaded me. He tooke life with him, when he tooke my hand! In parting from me to the Treis firand: These words my witnesse; VVoman! I conceine That not all th' Achines bound for Trey, shall leave Their Native earth, their fafe returned bones: Fame faying, that Trey traines up approved formes In deeds of Armes: Braue putters off of thafts: For winging Lances, Maiffeis of their crafts Vnmatched Riders: [wift of foot: and fireight Can arbitrate a warre of deadlieft weight: Hope then, can scarse fill all with lifes supply: And of all, any failing; why not I? Nor do I know, if God hath marshall'd me Amongst the safe-remm'd: Or his decree Hath left me to the thraldome, order d there. However, all cares be thy burthens here: My Sire and Mother, tend as much as now, I, further off; more neere in cares be you. Your Son, to mans state grown, wed whom you will: And (you gone) his care, let his houthold fill. Thus made my Lord his will; wheaten fees proud Almost at all parts; for the Sun remon'd Downe to his fet; ere long, wil leade the night Of those abhorred Nuprials, that should fright Each worthy woman; which her feednit are With any man that breaths, her first Lords care Dead, because he to flesh and blood is dead; Which, I feare, I thal yeeld to, and fo wed A fecond husband; and my reason is, Since some hath taken from me all his bliffe. Whom God gives over, they there felics for lake; Their greefes, their sojes; their God, their denill make: And tis a great griefe; nor was feene till now, In any fathion of fuch men as woo A good and wealthy woman, and contend VVho shal obtains her, that those men should spend Her Beeues and best Sheepe, as their cheesest ends: But rather, that her felfe, and all herfriends They should with Banquets, and rich gifts entrest;

OF HOMERS ODYSSES.

The Wovers

Gift.

Their life is death, that line with others meat. Diuine Viyffes, much rejoyc't to heare His Queene thus fish for gifes; and keepe in cheare Their hearts with hope, that the would wed againes Her minde yet still, her first intent retaine.

Antinous faw, the wooers won to gine; And faid; wife Queene, by all your meanes receive What euer bounty, any woo'r shall vie; Gifts freely given, tis folly to refuse. For know, that we resolue not to be gone To keepe our owne roofes, till of all fome One VVhom best you like, your long-woo'd love that win

This pleaf d the rest; and every one sent in His present by the Herald; First had place Antinous gift : a robe of speciall grace, Exceeding ful and faire; and twenty hewes Chang'd luster to it. To which, choise of shewes: Twelve massy plated Buttons, all of Gold, Enricht the substance, made to fairly hold The Robe together, all lac'd downe before, VVhere Keepes and Catches, both fides of it wore.

Eurymachus, a golden Tablet gane ; In which did Art, her choisest workes engrane; And round about, an Amber verge did run, That cast a radiance from it, like the Sun.

Eurydamas, two fernants had, that bore Two goodly Earings; whose rich hollowes wore Three Pearles in either, like fo many eyes, Reflecting glances, radiant as the skies.

The King Pyfander, great Polyters heire, A Casket gane, exceeding rich and faire.

The other, other wealthy gifts commended To her faire hand; which took, and straight accorded This Goddesse of her sex, her upper State. Her Ladies, all her gifts elaborate, Vp bearing after. All to dancing then The wooers went, and fongs delightfull straines In which they frolickt, till the Euening came: And then rail'd fable Hefperus his dame. VVhen, for their Lights within; they fet up there 3. Lampes, whose weekes were wood exceeding sere, And passing porous, which they cauld to burne, Their matter euer minister d by turne Offeueral Hand-maids. VVhom Vigffes (feeing Too conversant with wooersall agreeing VVith guife of maids) aduild in this faire fort: Maids of your long-lackt King; keepe you the port .

Willes women, Your Queenes chaft presence beares? Go, vp to her,

Imploy your Loomes, or Rockes, and heepe ye there: He ferue to feed these lamps; shold these Lords dances Laft til Aurora cheer'd vs with her glances. They cannot weary me, for I am one Borne to endure, when all men elfe haue done.

They wantonly brake out in Laughters alk Look't on each other: and to termes did fall Check proud Melanthe who was Dalins feed. Kept by the Queene, that game her dainty breed Fit for her daughter : and yet won not fo Her heart to her, to thate in any wo She fuffer'd for her Lord: But the was great . VVith great Eurymachus; and herdoueshear In his bed quenched. And this cholericke thing, Bestow'd this railing Language on the King. Bafe Stranger; you appealers in your braine, You talke so wildely: News you, againe Can get where you were borne; and facile your bed In fome Smithes Houill, or the Market Red; But heere you must take confidence to prace Before all thefe; for feare can get no flate In your wine-hardy flomache Oz, tis like To proue your native garbe: your tongue will frike On this fide of your mouth full, being at beft-Is the man idle-brain'd for want of set? Or proud, because he beate the roguish begger? Take heed Sir, left some betterman beleager Your eares with his fifts; and fer headlong hence Your bold abode heere, with your bloods expence. He looking sternly on hereinforer dher: Dog! What broad Language giu'ft thou? He prefet Your viage to the Prince; the he mayfall Foule on your faire limbes, til he salabem all. This fray'd the wenches sand althraighe got gone Inteare, about their bufine fer kunry one Confessing he faide well. Burbe shood now Close by the Cresses; and did looks before On all men there: his Braine employed about Some tharper bufineffe, then to dance it out; VVhich had not long to go. Nor therefore would Mineraa let the wooers spleenes giomenid, VVith too good viage of him; that his hare Might free enough, and make his challer finant. Eurymachus, prouok't hinsith, and made His fellow laugh, with aconceis he had! Fetch farre; from what was spoken long before; That his poore forme, perhans forme Deiry bore. It well may chance (faid he fome Goddich beare V Viat

This

This mans refemblance: For, thus standing nere
The glittering Torches; his slick chead dorth throw
Beames round about it, as those Creffers do.
For nor a haire he hath to give it shade.
Say, withly heartferne i vindertake a Frade
For fitting wages? Should I take there hence
To walke my grounds, and looke to enery Fence:
Or plant high trees: thy hire should raise thy forces,
Food store, & cloaths. But these same yelle courses
Thou are to prompt in, that thou wilt not worke,
But fortage up and downe; and beg, and lutte
In enery house, whose Roofes hold any will
To feed such fellowes. That thy gut may fil,
Giues end to all thy Beeing. Hereplyed;

I wish, at any worke, we two were tryed; In hight of Spring time, when heavens lights are long, I, a good crook'd Sithe, that were sharpe; and strong: You fuch another, where the graffe grew deepe; Vp by day breake, and both our labours keepe Vp, til flow darknes eaf dthe labouring light; Fasting all day, and not a crum tilnight: VVe then should proue our either workmanship. Or if (againe) Beeues, that the goad, or whip VVere apt t'obey, before a tearing Plow: Big, lufty beafts: Alike in bulke and brow: Alike in Labour, and alike in strength; Our taske foure Acres, to be Till'd in length Of one fole day: Againe then you should try If the dul glebe, before the Plough thould five Or !, a long Stitch could beare cleane, and even. Or laftly; if the guide of earth & heaven Should flir flerne war vp, either here or there: And that, at this day, I had double Speare, And Shield, and steele Caske, fitting for my brower; At this work likewise, midst the foremost blowes Your eyes should note me; and get little cause To twit me with my bellies fole applaule. But you affect, t'affect with injurie, Your minde vngentle; feeme in valour hie, Because gainst few; and those, not of the best Your conversation hath bene still profest. But if Vly [es (landed on his earth, And enter'd on the true right of his birth) Should come & front ye; ftraight, his ample Gates Your feete would hold, too narrow for your Fates.

He frown'd, rag'd, call'd him wretch; and vow'd.
To be his death, fince he durft proue, fo proud.
Annongft fo many: to tell him fo home
aid!

VVhat he affected. Askt, if ouercome gowbia in and and With wine he were; or (as his Minion faid) ាននៃ**នេះ**គេចក្រុម ម Talk't stil so idlely; and were pairied . 112 In his minds inflruments; or was provid Because 201 you He gat from Irm off, walkfach applicate VVith all which finatching vp a stoole he threw: VVhen old Vlyffes, to the knees withdrew. Of the Dulychian Lord Amphinemus, As if he fear'd him. His dart miffing thus His aged obiect: and his Pages hand, A 34. 1 34 5 (A Boy that waited on his cups command) Now holding of an Ewre to him) he fmit. Downe fel the founding Ewre; and after it. The guiltleffe Page, lay iprawling in the duft, And crying out. V Vhen all the wooers thrust A tumult vp amongst them; wishing all, The rogue had peritht in fome Hofpiral Before his life there, flired fuch vprocessory. And with rude speeches, spice their plantages cap. And all this for a Begger, to fulfill

Afilthy Prouerbe: Good Hill yeelds to the The Prince cried out on them, to let the bad

The Prince cried out on them; to let the bad.

Obscure the good so; Told them they were mad.

Abused their banquet; and affirm d some God.

Tried maisteries with them: Bad them, cake their sold.

Of sood and wine: Sit vp. or fal to bed.

At their free pleasures; and fince he gaue head.

To all their freedomes; why should they mistake.

Their ownerich humors for a Beggers sake?

All bit their lips to be fo taken downe;
And taught the courfe that fhold haue bin their own;
Admird the Prince; and faide he brauely spoke.
But Nifew Son then, strooke the equall stroke,
And saide, O Friends, let no man here distaine
To put vp equall speeches; nor maintaine
VVith serious words, an humor; Nor with stroke;
A Stranger in anothers house prouoke,
Nor touch the meanest seruant; but confine
All these differences in a bolle of wine:
VVhich fill vs Cup-bearer; that having done
Our nightly sacrifice, we thin arrone
Our powres with sleeped structuring first the guest
Vp to the Prince, that the said interest
In his dispositie here: the strough being his
In just descent, & all the faculties.

This all approu'd; when Noble Mulius

Telem maches
the wooers yet
went them
straile.



(Hc-

(Herald in chiefe, to Lord Amphinomus)
The VVine distributed with reuerend grace "
To eurywooer: when the Gods giuen place
VVith service sir, they sent d themselves, and tooke
Their parting Cups: till (when they all had shooke
The angry humor off) they bent to reft;
And euery VVooer to severall Roofes address.

The End of the Eighteenth Booke of Homers Office.





THE NINETEENTH BOOK E OF HOMERS ODYSSES.

THE ARGYMEN'S.

Veyfics and his Son, efchen
Offending of the Woors view
With any Armonia, file Birth's faste,
Veyfics tals his Danith's Creek,
Eurycled the triath par fahind,
Which has Parnathes the danied,
Which he Parnathes toyin Bore
(Strocke by him in his Chace) slid gave.

Another.

Two King Still but
by what he faid.
By what he faid.
informer his shaid.



Ei did Divine Phyles keepe his Roofe;
And with Minerous plotted fill the proofe
Of all the woods them by Vyhen thus, his Son
Fire taught with thefe fores, ounfailes: we must ron
A close course with these Armes, & lay them by.
And to the woods such to faire a sky,
the twoods neare shander. Let me then
(Thus you may well retaine) repeate agen
Vying in Emission Costages, I admifd.

If when they fee your leyfure exercifed Inferching downe your Armes: St aske what vie Your minde will give them: Say, "its their abuse Your minde will give them: Say," its their abuse Your minde will give them: Say, "its their abuse Your minde will give them: Say, "its their abuse. This not being like the Armory well knowne. To be the leavings of Laertes Son, Conforting the designe for Ilian.
Your eyes may fee how much they are infected, As all fires vapors, cuer flame, reflected On those fole Armes. Besides, a graver thought, Inne graves within you, less (their spirits wrought Aboue their pitch with white) they might contend Ar some high banquer, &to wounds cranscend;

Vtyffe former comfaire to bus Son, for diffo fing be Armes repeated.

and a 77 760

Their Feast innerting; which, perhaps may be Their Nuptiall feast, with wife Penelope. The ready weapon when the blond is up, Doubles the uprove heightned by the Cup. Wrath's meanes for Act: curbe all the wayes ye can; As Loadstones draw the steele, so steele draw's Man.

Retaine these words; nor what is good, think thus Receiu'd at second hand, superfluous. The Sonne obeying, did Euryelea call, And bad her shut (in the vtter Porches) all The other women; till himselfe brought downe His Fathers Armes, which all were ouer-growne By his neglect, with ruft : his Father gone, And he too childish, to spend thoughts vpon Those manly Implements; but he would now Reforme those young negle as; and th'armes bestow Past reach of smoke. The louing Nursereplide;

I wish (O Son) your powers would once prouide For wisedomes habit; See your houshold were In thrifty mannage, and tend all things there. But if these armes must downe; and every Maide Be shut in vtter roomes; who else should aide Your worke with light? He answer'd; This my guest: There shal not one in my house, tast my Feast, (Or ioyne in my * Naue) that fhall ydlely line,

wil needs turne How ever farre hence he his home derive. this, Quadram He faid, and his words flood; The doores the thur (/or Modium) guiter, I bough Of that so wel-fill d house; and th' other put the words beare I heir thoghts in act; Best Shields, Helmes, sharpned Lances no fuch fignifi- Brought downe; and Pallas before both, aduances gine a Pronerb A golden Creffet, that did cast a Light,

then in vie, Re. As if the Day fate, in the Throne of Night. VVhen (halfe amaz'd) the Prince faid. O my Father, not inyn or make Mine eyes, my foules pow'rs all in wonder gather: Name of my cha- For though the wals, and goodly wind-beames here, riot, or chariot All all these Pillars, that their heads, fo rere, wheele, xour And all of Firre; they seeme yet, all of fire. Roy, or your mas Some God is furely with vs. His wife Sire, diolus Rote, Bad peace, and keepe the counsailes of the Gods Nor aske a word: These Pow'rs that vie abods Aboue the starres, have power from thence to shine

Through night, and all shades to earths inmost Mine. Go thou for fleepe; and leave me here to wake The women and the Queene; whose heart doth ake To make enquiry for my felfe, of me.

He went to fleepe, where lights did endlefly Burne in his Night-roomes: where he feafted Reft. Til dayes faire weed, did all the world inueft.

Thus was divine Vhilles left alone VVith Peller, plotting foule confusion To all the wooers. Forth then came the Queene; Phabe, with golden Cytheres scene, Her Port presented. Whom they set a Chaire Aside the fire: The fashion circulare: The fubitance Silver, and rich Elephant: VVhose Fabricke did the cunning finger vant Of great I emaline: who belides, had done A footfoole for her, that did fute her Throne: On which, they cast an ample skin, to be The Cushion for her other Royalty. And there the fate; about whom, came her Maids, VVho brought vpon a Table flore of Breads, And Bolles, that with the wooers wine were cround. The Embers then they cast upon the ground. From our the Lampes, and other Fuell added: That still with cheereful flame, the fad house gladded. Melantho, feeing still Virfes there: Thus the held out her spleene: Still stranger here? Thus late in might? To fee what Ladies do? Auant you wretch: Hence; Go, without doores, go: And quickly too, left ye be finde daway VVith burning fire brands. He thus feeing their fray Continu'd by her with fuch (pleene) replide; Minion! What makes your angry blood thus chide My prefence still? Is it because you see I thine not in your wanton branety? But weare these rags? It fits the needy Fate That makes me beg thus, of the commune flate. Such poore foules, and fuch beggers, yet are men; And even my meane meanes, means had to maintain A wealthy house; and kept a manky prease; VVas counted bleffed ; and the poore acceffe Of any Begger did not come, but feede VVith often hand: and any man of neede Releeu'd as fitted: kept my femants to, Not few; but did with thole additions go, That call choife men, The Henelle who are filld The rich, the great. But what fuch great ones build Intent puls downe, as thus he ruin d me. His will was fuch which is his equity. And therefore (woman) beare you firring hand On your behaujour, left your spirit thus manud. And cherisht with your beauties (when they wane) Comes down: Your pride now, being then your bane. And in the meane space, shun the present danger: Left your bold fathion, breed your Soueraigns anger.

Or lest Viyfes come: of whom, even yet

Hope finds fome life in fate. Or, be his feat

Amongst the meetly ruin'd, yet his Sonne
(Whose lifes heate, Phaebus faues) is such a one,

As can discouer, who doth well deferue

Of any woman heere-His yeares, now ferue.

Of any woman heere; His yeares, now ferue. The Queen gaue eare, & thus suppress the stame: Thou quite without a brow, past female shame; I heare thy monstrous boldnesse, which thy head Shall pay me paines for. Thou haft heard it faid. And from my selfe too; and at euery part Thy knowledge ferues thee; that (to cafe my hart So punisht in thy witnesse) my desire Dwelt on this Stranger; that I might enquire My lost friends Beeing. But tis euer tride. Both Man and God, are ftill forgot with Pride. Eurynome! Bring heere this Guest a seat, And Cushion on it; that we two, may treat Of the affaire in question. Set it neare, That I may foftly speake, yet he well heare. Shedid this little freely; and he fat Close by the Queen, who askt him, Whence, & what He was himselfe? And what th'inhabited place? VVhere liu'd his parents? whence he fetche his race?

O woman (he replyed) with whom, no man

Ply∬estobis Queene.

*uparoriv-

That moues in earths vibounded circle, cart Maintaine contention for true honor genen: Whose fame, hath reacht the fairely flowing heanen. VVho, like a neuer-ill-deferuing King, That is well spoke of; First for worshipping, And striuing to resemble God in Empire, VVhose equal hand, impartially doth temper, Greatnesse, and Goodnesse: To whom therefore, beares The blacke earth, store of all graine; Trees conferres, Cracking with burthen, Long-liu'd Herd's creates; All which the Sea with her forts, emulates; And all this feeds, beneath his powrefull hand. Men, valiant, many, making strong his Land With happy lives led; Nothing elle, the cause Of all these blessings, but welf order'd Lawers Like fuch a King, are you; in Loue, in Fame, or And all the bliffe that deifies a Dame. And therefore, do not mixe this with a mone So wretched, as is now in question. Aske not my Race, nor Countrey, left you fill My heart yet fuller, with repeated ill: For I must followit, with many teares; Though tis not feemly, to fit wounding cares

In publique Roofes, with our particular life; Times worft expence, is ftill-repeated Griefe. I should be irkesome to your Ladies here: And you your felfe would fay, you vrg'd your eare To what offends it : My still-broken eine, Supposing wounded with your too much wine. Stranger(said she) you seare your owne excesse; With giving me too great a nobleneffe: The Gods, my person, Beauty, Vertue to, Long fince subuerted; when the Ilien wo The Greeke designe attempted. In which, went My praife, and honor. In his gouernment Had I deseru'd your vimost grace; But now Sinister Deity, makes dishonor woo (in thew of grace) my ruine. All the Peres. Sylvane Zacyuthus, and Dulychius Spheres Sames and Ishaca, strange strifes have showne, To win me; spending on me, all mine owne. Will wed me, in my spite: And these arethole, That take from me, all vertue to dispose Or Gueff, or Suppliant : or take any course Amongst my Heralds (that should all disburie) To order any thing: Though I neede none To give me greefe at home; Abroad erres one That my veins thrink for; who there (holding gone) Their Nuprials haften, and find me as flow. Good spirits prompted me, to make a show Of vndertaking a most curious taske. That an vnmealur d space of nine would askes VVhich, they enduring long would often Lay VVhen ends thy worker I foone had my delay; And praid their stay: For though my Lord wer dead, His Fathers life yet, matter ministred That must imploy me: which (rouell them true) Was that great worke I nam'd. For now nere drew Laertes death; and on my hand did lye His funerall Robe: whose end (being now so nye) I must not leave, and lose so much begun: The rather, left the Greeke Dames might be wun To taxe mine honor; if a man forgreat Should greet his grave, without his winding sheet. Pride made them credulous, and I went on: VVhen, what focuer all the day had done, I made the night helpe, to vndo againe; Though oyle, and watch it cost, and equal paine. Three yeares my wit fecur'd me vndifeernd: Yet, when the fourth came, by my Maids discern'd (False carelesse wenches) how they were deluded:

When (by my light descern'd) they all intruded; Vi'd threatning words, and made me give it end. And then could I, to no more length extend My linger'd Nuptials: Not a counfaile more VVas to be stood vpon; my Parents bore Continuall hand on me to make me wed: My Sonne grew angry, that fo ruined His goods were by them. He is now a man: VVile in a great degree; and one that can Himselfe, give order to his houshold fare: And love, give equal glory, to his care. But thus you must not passe me: I must know, (It may be, for more end) from whence doth grow Your race, and you, For I suppose you none Sprung of old Oake, or just dour of stone.

He answer'd; O Vly [es renerend wife! Yet hold you purpose to enquire my life? He tell you, though it much afflict me more Then all the forrowes I have felt before. As worthily it may: fince fo long time, As I have wandred from my Native Clime, Through humane Cities : and in sufferance stil: To rip all wounds up (though of all their ill I touch but parr) must actuate all their paine. But, aske you still; He tell, though stil fustaine.

In middle of the fable Sea, there lies lation of bim- An Isle, cal'd Crete; a rauisher of eyes: for to bis wife. Fruitfull, and mann'd with many an infinite flore: Where ninety Cities crowne the famous shore; Mixt with all Languag'd men: There Greekes furnings There the great-minded Eteogretans live : There the Derensians, neuer out ofwar: The Cydons there; and there the fingular Pelasgian people: There doth Guessias stand. That mighty City; where had most command Great Iones Disciple (Minos) who nine yeares Conferr d with love: Both great familiares In mutual counsailes. And this Mines Son. (The mighty-minded King Descation) VVas Sire to me, & royall Idemen, VVho with Asrides, went to Ilien then, My elder Brother, and the better man: My name Aethon. At that time began My knowledge of Vlyffes; whom my home Receiu'd with guest-rites. He was thither come By force of weather, from the Malean coaft But new got off; where he the Nauv loft. Then vnder faile for Tree; and wind-bound lav

Long in Amnifus hardly gos an allowance you will be a more than From horrid fformes, that made him anchor there, In Hauens that facred to Lucinewere Dreadfuli and dangerous. In whose bosome crept Lucina's Cauerne. But in my roofe flept Virles, thor'd in Crese: who first enquir'd For royall Idomen; and much defir'd To tafte his guest-rites; since to him had bene A welcome Guest my Brother Idonese. The tenth, or, leventh light, on Viffes thin de In flay at Crete; attending then the winde For threath'd Ilion. All which time, my house VVith lone and entertainments curious Embrac't his person: though a number more My hospitable rooses received before. His men I likewise call'd; and from the store Allow d them meale, and heat-exciting wine; - 1 And Oxen for their flaughter; to confine In my free hand the vimost of their need. Twelve daies the Greeks staid, ere they got them freed; A gale fo bitter blew out of the North and the That none could fland on earth being tumbled forth By some sterne God. But on the thirteenth day The tempest ceast, & then wear Greekes their way. Thus, many tales Vi, fes told his wife, At most, but painting, yet most like the life: (f which her heart fuch fende took through hir eares, It made her weepe as the would name to teares. And as from off the Mountaines melts the fnow. Which Zephyres breath conceald; bix was made flow By hollow Eurus, which fo fast poures downe; That with their Torrent flouds have over-flowne: So downe her faire cheekes, her kinde tears did glide; Her mift Lord mourning fet fo neere her fide. Vlysses much was mou'd to see her mourne,
VVhose eies yet stood as dry as from or Home. In his vntroubl'd lids, which in his craft Of bridling passion, he from iffue falls VVhen the had given her mosage to many teares, That now rwas fatiate: her yet louing feares Askt thus much further: You have thus farretried. My loues credulity: But if gratified VVith to long flay heaves with 1911 you can
Describe what weede he wore with a hinde of man Both he himfelfe was, and what Followers Obseru'd him there. Alas (fayd he) the yeares Haue growne fo many fince (shipmaking now Their twentith revolution) that my thow

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Of these slight notes, will set my memory fore; But (to my now remembrance) this he wore: Philes desart A double purple Robe, drawne close before With golden Buttons; pleated thicke, and bore A facing where a hundred colours shinde: About the skirts, a Hound; A freckl'd Hinde In full course hunted. On the fore-skirts yet, He pincht, and pull'd her downe : when with hir feet, And all her force, the flruggl'd hard for flight VVhich had such life in Gold, that to the light It feem'd the Hinde it felfe for every hiew; The Hound and al, so answering the view, That all admir dall. I obserued beside His inner weed, so rarely beautifide, That dumbe amaze it bred; and was as thin, As any dry and render Onion skin: As fost twas too, and glister'd like the Sun. The women were to louing wonder wun By him and by his weeds. But (by the way) You must excuse me, that I cannot say He brought this fuite from home, or had it there Sent for some Present; or perhaps elsewhere Received it for his guest gift: For your Lord Had Friends not few: The Fleete did not afford Many that had not fewer. I bestow'd A well-edg'd fword on him; a Robe that flow'd In foulds, and fulneffe, and did reach his feere. Of richest purple: Brought him to his Fleete. VVith all my honor: And belides (to add To all this fifted circumftance) he had A Herald there; in height, a little more Put from the earth: that thicker shoulders wore; A fwarth complexion, and a curled head; His name Eurybases; and much in flead, He flood your King, imployed in most command, Since most of all, his minde could vnderstand. VVhen all these signes she knew, for chiefly wew Defire of moane vpon her beauties grew: And yet (even that defire fuffic d) the faid. Till this (my Guest) a wretched state arraid Your ill-vid person: but from this houre forth. You shalbe honor'd, and finde all the worth

That fits a friend. Those weeds these bands bestowd From our my wardrobe: those gold buttons sow d Before for clofure, and for Ornament: 07 1841 1842 1849 But neuer more, must his returne present The person that gaue those adormments State. And therefore, under an abhorred Fate

OF HOMERS ODYSSES HHT VVas he induc't to feell the communo fame and an artistic state of the state of To visit vile Trey, I, too vile to name, digital page of page of page 1777 No more yet mourne(faid he)nor ships for pinde Your louely person : Weeping mell ethe Minds And yet I blame you not; for any Dame That weds one young and brings to him his name (VVhat euer man he is) will mourne his loffe a Much more respectfull then, much show your most; That weepe thus for Virfes who (Plane faics) Was equal with the Gods, in all his waits. But where no cause is, there must be so mone And therefore heare me; my Relation Shal lay the cleere truth maked to gourview I heard amongst the Thefrents, for modernes, That Lord Voffes liu'd, and food jufferow On his returne for home: That wealth did flow In his possession, which he made not be more. But begg'd amongst the people; fine scalene He quite was left: for all his men were loft In getting off, from the Trinseries Coeffs Ine and the Sun was wroth with them in the Made of his Oxen ; and no man ler fease The rugged deepes of Nothing : Quelinhe The Ships Keele onely keeping was by Sea Cast on the faire Physician Continent VV bere men furuiue, that are the Gods defeent And like a God received him; gave him henyes Of wealthy gifts, and would conduct his steps Themselves fate home : which he might long age His pleasure make : but profit would souls. He gather d going, and had mighty flore Of Gold in fafegard: fo beyond the Shore That commune failes kept his high flood of wig Bore glorious top; and all the world for it Hath farre exceeded. All this Theologicald That doth the Scepter of The Constitution VVho fwore to me, in housheld Carrifice. The Ship was lancht, and men to men the puile: That foone should fet him on his pountney earth: Show'd me the goods, enow to ferue the hirthing That in the tenth age of his feed shold firring Yet in his Court contain d. But then the King (Your husband) for Dodges was in way; That from th'oraculous Oake, he might display lones will; what course for hometwood best prenade: To come in pompe, or beare a secret faile. But me, the King dispatcht in course heafines A Ship then bound for the Dulychian Altere.

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So thus you fee his fafety, who to you mouthe, which she was a straight and as we VVho now is passing neere; and his refurne No more will punish with delayes, but fee which was not you can all His friends, and country : All which truth to thee Wast medical would me ! Ile feale with facred Oath. Be with the feature to be to be the second Thou first, and best, of all the Tiron disene; ad hes, snow and berrand And thou house of the great Lientes heire, and described and and and are To whole high roofes, trender my repailed, arm flution of a roof doc That what I tell the Queene, event shall crowne:
This yeare, riffes shall possesse his owner. Nay, ere the next month ends, thall heare arrive; Nay ere it enters, heere abide aliuer on the ser van order about the O may this proue (faide fhe,) gifts, friendfhip, then Should make your name the most usnown d of men worth a track and That nor my Lord shall ever fee his Court, Nor you gaine your deduction thence; for now The alter d house doth no such man allow-Aswas Vigfes (ifhe euer were) fol orow man entile restriction or or or or To entertaine a reuerend Pafferedit Do annauf odien bil. Ye bathehis feete; and then with Tapilley no boubes on Bone a Best sheets, and blanquets, make this bed, and lay Soft wascottes by him; that (lodg d water) he may color
Euen till the golden-feated mornings ray; Enioy good eft; and then, with her first light, Bathe, and give almes, that cheriffit appetite He may apply within our Hall and fire the ·Safe by Telemachus. Or if the trille the said and the said and the To greeue his age againe; let none gine grace a flux gan gib porg Ofdoing any deed, he shall comissand to the same and the (How wroth fo euer) to his barbardul dishibit and the manus and a For how shall you (guest) know me for a Dame of the Transfer of the months are the That paffe fo far, nay, turne and winde the Fame holy a sonit file Of other Dames for wifedome, and the frame : 11 10 (1200) 101 1106 2. Ofhoushold viage; if your poorethin wieds the distinction of the state of I let draw on you, want, and world deed of nate and an animal of a said on That may perhaps, cause heere your latest days, with not bling to come to The life of Man is flore, and flore an api soust will one shoot it is And if the Rulers felfe of housholds, be stil, both if to age to so with me . . . Vingentle, studying inhumanity, 1. In and and Channel to Continue The rest proue worse. But he beares all the blames had not (mark at the All men will, living, wow against his name the All live or action of the Barton of the Milchiefes, and mileritis And (Bead) hippiyme and of most a walling VVith bitter Epitaphes, his memory Jordan and 10 page and a second But if himfelfe be noble, (noble things to a strong the problem to an Doing, and knowing) all his Vnderlings with a secretic as the second

THE NINETEENTH BOOKE

VVill imitate his Nobleffe; and all gueffs Giue it, in many; many interests. But (worthieft Queen faid he) where you command Baths and rich beds for me, I scome to stand On fuch flate now; nor ever thought it yet, Since first I left the frowy hils of Grese. VVhen once I fell a ship-board, those thoughts fleds I love to take now(as long fince) my bed: Though I began the vie, with fleepleffe nights; I, many a darknesse, with right homely rites Haue spent ere this houre; & desir'd the Morne Would come; and make fleepe to the world a scorne Nor run these dainty Bathes in my rude bead; Nor any handmaid (to your feruice bred) Shal touch my ill-kept feete, vnleffe there line Some poore old drudge here, that hath learnd to give Old men good viage; & no worke wil fly: As having fuffer'd ill, as much as I. But if there line, one fuch, in your command; I wil not shame to give my foot, her hand.

She gaue this answere: O my loued Guest. There never enter'd these kinde Roofes, for rest, Stranger or Friend, that to much wifedome laide In gage for Guest-rites, as your lippes have paide. There littles an old maide in my charge, that knowes The good you speake of, by her many woes; That nourisht and brought vp, with curious care, Th'vnhappy man, your old familiar: Euen fince his Mother let him view the light, And oft hath felt in her weake armes, his weight. And the (though now much weaker) that apply Her Maiden service, to your modefly. Eurycles, rife; and wash the fecte of one, That is of one age with your Soueraigne gone. Such hands, such feet hath, though of alter d grace: Much griefe in men, wil bring on change space.

She (from her aged flumber wak't) did cleare Her heavy eyes; and instantly (to heare Her Soueraignes name) had worke enough to dry Her cheekes from teares: and to his memory These Mones did offer: O my Son (faide the) I neuer can take greefe enough for thee; VVhom Goodnes hurts; & who, even lones high spleen (Since thou art Ione-like) hates the most of men. For none hath offer'd him fo many Thyes; Nor fuch whole Hecatombes of facrifice; Fat, and selected, as thy zeale hath done; For all, but praying that thy noble Sonne,

Thy happy age, might fee at state of man. And yet hath love with Mifts Commercan Put out the light of his returning day. And as your felfe (O Father) in your way Tooke these faire roofes for hospitable rights, Yet finde (for them) our dogged womens fpights: So he (in like course) being driven to proofe (Long time ere this) what fuch a royall Roofe Would yeeld his miseries; found such vlage there. And you (now flying the foule Language here, And many a filthy fact of our faire Dames) Hy me, like them; and put on causiesse shames To let me clense your feet. For not the cause The Queenes command yeelds, is the pow'r y drawes My will to wash your feete. But what I do, Proceeds from her charge and your reuerence to. Since I, in foule, am stricken with a ruth Ofyour distresses, and past*show of truth. Your strangenesse claiming little interest In my affections and yet many a Guest Of poore condition, hath bene harbourd here:

*Intending with Trueth it felfe: not bu there uncly.

But neuer any, did so right appeare Like King viyles, as your felfe; For flate, Both of your stature, voice, and very gate. So all haue faid (faid he) that euer yet Had the proportions of our figures met, In their observances , so right, your eye,

Proues in your foule, your judging faculty. Thus tooke the vp a Caldron, brightly fcour d, To clenfe his feete in: and into it pour d Store of cold wave. which on the fire the fet; And therein bath'd (being temperatly heat) Her Soueraigns feet. Who turnd him from the lights Since fodainly, he doubted her conceit (So rightly touching at his state before) A scar now seeing on his foot, that bore. An old note to discerne him ; might descry The absolute truth; which (witnest by her eye) VVas straite approu'd. He first receiu'd this sore, As in Parnassus tops, a white tooth'd Bore He stood in chace withall ; who strooke him there, At fuch time, as he liu'd a foiourner, VVith his grand Sire, Auto/year: who, th' Art Of Theft and swearing (not out of the hart, But by equiuocation) first adorn'd Your witty man withall; and was suborn'd By loves descent (ingenious Mereurie) VVho did bestow it; fince so many a Thie

Of Lambes, and Kids, he had on him befrow'd In facred flames, who therefore, when he vow'd VVas cucr with him. And this man impord Visiles name: the light being first disclosed To his first fight then; when his grand Sire came To fee the then preferrer of his fame, His loued daughter. The first supper done, Eurycles, put in his lap, her Sonne, And pray'd him to bethinke, and give his name; Since that defire, did all defires inflame.

Daughter, and Son-in-Law(faydhe) let then The name that I shall give him stand with men; Since I arrived here, at the houre of paine, In which, mine owne kinde entrailes did fuftaine Moane for my daughters, yet vnended throes: And when so many mens and womens woes. In joynt compassion met, of humane birth, Brought forth t'attend the many feeding earth: Let Odyffeus be his name, as one Exposed to inst constraint of all mens mone. VVhen heere at home, he is attitud at state; Of mans first youth the shall initiate His practifd feete, in trauaile made abrode: And to Pernaffus, where mine owne abode And chiefe meanes lye; addresse his way, where I VVill give him from my opened treatury, VVhat shall returne him well; and fit the Fame Of one that had the honor of his marke.

For these faire gifts he went and found all grace Of hands, and words, in him and all his race. Amphithea (his Mothers mother) to Applied her to his loue; withat ito do In Grandames welcomes: both his faire eves kift. And browes; and then commanded to affift VVere all her fonnes, by their respected Size (1999) In furnishing a Feast, whose cases did fire Their minds with his commands who home firaite led A fine-yeares-old-male Oxe steld, flew, and flead: Gather'd about him; cut him vp with Art; Spitted, and roafted; and his euery part Divided orderly. So all the day They fpent in feaft: No one man went his way VVithout his fit fill. VVhen the Sun was fet. And darknesse rose, they slept; all dayes fire het Th'enlightned earth: and then, on hunting work Both Hounds, and all Antolycas defected In whose guide, did dinine Ply [es go ; Climb'd steepe Parnaffus, on whose for chead grow

gues bis Grane child Vlyffes dyffes is deriud Ódwoogus,de riv dof Odu-Count.ex O-(lig if ying dolorem proprie

· wastu. ...

Alliyluan off-fprings round. And soone they rech't The Concaues, whence ayes sounding vapors fetcht Their soud detect. As soone as any Sun Had from the Ocean (where his waters run In silent deepnesse) rais d his golden head: The early Huntsmen, all the hill had spread; Their Hounds before them, on the searching Traile: They necre, and euer eager to affaile. Vissies, brandishing a lengthfull Lance, Of whose first slight, he long d to proue the chance.

Then found they lodg'd a Bore, of bulke extreame, In fuch a Queach, as neuer any beame The Sun shot, pierc'st: Nor any passe, let finde The moist impressions of the fiercest winde: Nor any storme the sternest winter drives; Such proofe it was : yet all within, lay leaues In mighty thicknesse ; and through all this, slew The hounds loud mouthes. The founds, the tumult And all together rouz'd the Bore, that rusht (threwe Amongst their thickest: All his brissels, pusht From forth his rough necke; and with flaming eyes Stood close, and dar'd all. On which horrid prise Visites first charged; whom, about the knee The fauage strooke, and rac't it crookedly Along the skin, yet neuer reacht the bone. Vigffes Lance yet, through him, quite was throwne; At his right shoulder entring :at his left. The bright head passage to his keennesse cleft, And thew'd his point gilt, with the gushing gore. Downe in the dust fell the extended Bore, And forth his life flew. To Visses, round His Vnckle drew; who (wofull for his wound) With all Art bound it vp; and with a charme Staid straight the blood went home, & when the harm Receiu'd full cure; with gifts, and all event Of ioy, and love sto his lou'd home, they fent Their honor'd Nephew: whose returne his Sire, And reuerend Mother, tooke with ioyes entire: Enquir'd all passages; all which, he gaue In good relation: Nor of all would faue His wound from vtterance: By whose scar he came To be discourred by this aged Dame.

VVhich, when the clenting felt, and noted well:
Downe from her Lap, into the Caldron, fell
His weighty foot, that made the Braffe refound:
Turn'd all affice, and on th'embrewed ground
Spilt all the water. Ioy and griefe together
Her breft inuaded: and of weeping weather

Her eyes flood full: Her fmall voice, flucke within Her part expressive; till at length, his chin She tooke, and spake to him: O Sonne (saide she) Thou art Pigles; nor canst other be: Nor could I know thee yet, till all my King I had gone ouer, with the warmed Spring.

Then look t the for the Queene, to tell her all;

And yet, knew nothing fore: thogh nought could fall In compasse of all thoughts, to make her doubt. Mineras, that distraction strooke throughout Her minds rapt forces; that the might not tell. Viffes, noting yet her aptneffe well; With one hand tooke her chin; and made all shew Offauour to her: with the other drew Her offer d parting closer: Askther why, She, whole kinde breaft had nurft to renderly His infant life, would now, his age deftroy? Though twenty yeares had held him from the joy Of his lou'd country. But, fince onely the, (God putting her in minde) now linew, twas he Hechated her filence; and to let no care In all the Court more know his being there: Left, if God gave into his wreakfull hand I hinfulting wooers lives: he did not fland On any partiall respect with her, Because his Nurse; and to the rest prefer Her fafety therefore a But when they should feele His punishing finger, give her equal freele.

What words (faid the) flye your retentine pow'rs? You know, you locke your countailes in your Tow'rs! In my firme bofome: and that I amfaire. From thofe loofe fraikies. Like an Iron barre Orbole of folidif flone, I will containe: And tell you this befides; That if you gaine By Gods good aide, the wooers lines in yours; VVhat Dames are heere their fhamelelle Paramours; And haue done most diffhonor to your worth, My information, well shall paint you forth.

It shal not neede (laide he) my felfe will soope (VVhile thus I maske heere) fer on every one My sure observance of the worst, and best: Be thou then silent, and leave God the rest.

This faid; the old Dame, for more water went;
The reft was all upon the Pauement from,
By knowne V. fles foot. More brought (and he
Supplied befides with sweeter Oyunnenss) the
His feate drew neer the fire; to keepe him warme;
And, with his peec trags, hiding elose his harmer

Her

The Queene came neere and laid: Yet (guell) afford Your further patience; till, but in a word He rell my woes to you: For well I know, That Refts weet Houre, her foft foote orders now: When all poore men, how much focuer gricu'd, VVould gladly get their wo-watcht pow'rs relien d. But God hath giuen my griefe a heart fo great, It will not downe with reft. And fo Liet My judgement vp, to make it my delight. All day I mourne; yet nothing let the right I owe my charge, both in my worke and Maids: And when the night brings rest to others aides, I toffe my bed; Diffreffe with twenty points, Slaught'ring the pow'rs that to my turning ioynts Convey the vital heate. And as all night, Fandareus daughter (poore Edone) fings, Clad in the verdure of the yearly Springs; VVhen the for Itylia, her loved Sonne (By Zerss iffue; in his madneffe, done To cruell death) poures out her hourely shone, And drawes the eares to her of every one; So flowes my mone, that cuts in two my minde, And here and there, gives my discourse the winde; Vncertain whether I shal with my Son Abide still heere, the safe possession And guard of all goods: Reuerence to the bed Of my lou'd Lord; and to my far-off freed Fame with the people; putting full in vie; Or follow any best Greeke I can chuse To his fit house, with treasure infinite VVon to his Nuptials. VVhile the infant plight And want of judgement kept my Son in guide; He was not willing with my being a Bride, Nor with my parting from his Court : But now (Arriu'd at mans state) he would have me vow My loue to some one of my wooers heere, And leave his Court; offended that their cheere Should so consume his free possessions. To fettle then a choice in these my mones, Heare and expound a dreame, that did engrave My fleeping fancy. Twenty Geefe, I have: All which, me thought, mine eye faw talking wheater In water steep't, and ioy'd to see them eate. VVhen straight, a crooke-beak't Eagle, from a hill Stoop't, and trust all their neskes, and all did kill; VVhen (all left scatter'd on the Pauement there) She tooke her wing up, to the Gods faire sphere: I, even amid my Dreame, did weepe and mourne,

To fee the Eagle, with fo shrew'd a turne, Stoope my fad turrets; when, me thought there came About my mournings, many a Grecian Dame To cheere my forrowes; in whose most extreame The Hawke came back, and on the prominent beame That croft my Chamber, fell; and vi'd to me A humane voice, that founded horribly; And faide; Be confident, Icarius feed; This is no dreame, but what shall chance indeed. The Geefe, the wooers are: the Eagle, !, VV as heeretofore a Fowle: but now imply Thy husbands Beeing, and am come to give The wooers death, that on my Treasure, line. With this, Sleepe left me; and my waking way I tooke to try, if any violent prey Were made of those my Fowles, which, well enough I (as before) found feeding at their Trough, Their yoted wheate. O woman (he replide) Thy dreame can no interpretation bide, But what the Eagle made, who was your Lord; And faide himselfe would fure effect afford To what he told you; that confusion To all the wooers should appeare; and none Escape the Fate, and death, he had decreed. She answer d him: O Guest, these dreames exceede The Art of man tinterpret; and appere Without all choife, or forme; nor ever were Perform'd to all at all parts. But there are To these light Dreames, that like thin vapors fare, Two two-leau'd gates; the one of Iuory; The other, Horne. Those dreames that Fantasie Takes from the polisht fuory Port, delude The Dreamer euer, and no truth include: Those that the glittering Horn-gate, lets abrode, Do euermore, some certaine truth abode. But this my dreame, I hold of no fuch fort To flye from thence; yet, which foeuer Port It had accesse from, it did highly please My Son, and me. And this, my thoughts profelle; That Day that lights me from Viffes Court, Shall both my infamy, and curfe confort. I therefore purpose to propose them now In strong Contention Vigfes Bow; Which he that easly drawes; and from his draft, Shoots through twelue Axes(as he did his shaft, All fet up in a rowe; And from them all, His stand-farre-offkept firme) my fortunes shall

Dispose; and take me to his house from hence,

The two parts

The protojition

Diplies Bow

to the Wovers,

determined by

Penelope,

VVhere

VVhere I was wed, a Maide; in confluence Offeast and riches: fuch a Court hecre then, As I shall euer in my dreames reteine.

Do not (faid he) deferre the gamefull prife, But fet to taske their importunities With something else, then Nuptials: For your Lotal Vill to his Court and Kingdome be restored, Before they thred hose seeds, or draw his Bow.

O Guest (repli'de Penelepe) would you Thus fir, and please me with your speech; mine eares Would neuer let mine eye-lids close their Spheares; But none can line without the death of fleepe; Th'Immortals, in our mortall memories keepe Our ends, and deaths by fleepe; dividing fo, (As by the Fate and portion of our wo) Our times fpent heere; to let vs nightly try, That while we live; as much as live, we dye. In which vie, I will to my bed afcend, VVhich I bedeaw with teares, and figh pastend, Through all my houres spent; since I lost my ioy, For vile, lew'd, neuer-to-be-named Troy. Yet there, lle proue for sleepe, which take you here; Or on the earth, if that your custome were; Or haue a bed, dispos d for warmer rest. Thus left the with her Ladies, her old Guest: Ascended her faire chamber, and her bed: VVhose fight did euer duly make her shed Teares for her Lord; which still her eyes did steepe, Till Pallas thut them with delightfome fleepe.

The End of the N ineteenth Booke of Homers Odyffes.





THE TWENTITH BOOKE OF HOMERS ODYSSES.

THE ARGYMENT.

VLyffes, in the Woort Beds,
Lyffes, in the Woort Beds,
The felalung first, to belt the Maids 3
That sentence grains off; His care
For other Obuds does prepare:

Another.
Towes thunder chides;
but cheers the king;
The Woovs prides
discomfing;

Lyffes in the Entry, laide his head, And wnder him, an Oxe-hide newly flead, Aboue him Sheep fels flores & over those Eurynome cast Manyles. His repose

VVould bring no fleepe yet; fludying the ill He wisht the wooers; who came by him still VVith all their wenches; laughing, wantoning In mutuall lightnesse, which his heart did sting; Contending two wayes ; if (all patience fled) He should rush up and strike those Strumpers dead : Or let that night be last, and take the extreme Of those proud wooers, that were so supreme In pleasure of their high fed fantafies: His heart did barke within him; to furprize Their sports with spoiles: No fell thee Massive can Amongst her whelpes, flye eagrer on a man She doth not know; yet fents him formething neare And faine would come to pleafe her tooth and teares Then his dildaine, to see his Roofe so fil de VVith those fowle fashions: Grew within him wilde To be in blood of them. But finding best In his free indgement, to let passion rest; He chid his angry spirit, and beare his breft: And faid; Forbeare(my minde) and thinke on this:

There

There hath bene time, when bitter agonies Haue tried thy patience: Call to minde the day, In which the Cyclop, which past manly sway Of violent strength, deuour'd thy friends; thou then Stoodst firmely bold, till from that hellish den Thy wifedom broght thee off; whe nought but death Thy thoughts resolu'd on. This discourse did breath . The fiery boundings of his heart, that stall Lay in that æfture; without end, his ill Yet manly suffering. But from side to side It made him toffe apace: you have not tride A fellow roafting of a Pig before A hafty fire, (his belly yeelding ftore Of fat, and blood) turne faster: labour more To haue it roaft, and would not haue it burne; Then this, and that way, his vnrest made turne His thoughts, and body; would not quench the fire, And yet, not have it heighten his defire Past his discretion; and the fit enough Of haft, and speed; that went to all the proofe His well laid plots, and his exploits requird; Since he, but one, to all their deaths afpir'd.

Pallas appeares to Vly[]es.

In this contention, pallas floop't from heanen;
Stood ouer him, and had her presence given
A womans forme; who sternly thus began:
Why thou most sowre; and wretched-sated man
Of all that breath! yet lieft thou thus awake?
The house, in which thy cares so to see and take
Thy quiet vp, is thine: thy wife is there;
And such a Son; as if thy wishes were
To be suffic d with one; they could not mend.

Goddeffe (said he) tis true; But I contend
To right their wrongs: and (though I bee but one)
To lay vnhelpt, and wreakfull hand vpon
This whole refort of impudents, that here.
Their rude assemblies neuer will forbeare.
And yet a greater doubt imployes my care;
That if their slaughters, in my reaches are,
And I performe them; (tone and you not pleased)
How shall I slye their friends? & would stand seard
Of counfaile, to resolue this care in me,

Wretch (the replied) a friend of worse degree, Might win thy credence: that a mortall were, And of d to second thee athough nothing nece So powerfull in performance, nor in care: Yet I, a Goddesse, that have fill had share In thy archieuements, and thy persons guard, Must still be doubted by thy Braine, so hard

To credit any thing aboue thy powre, And that must come from heaven; if every houre There be not personall apparance made. And aide direct given, that may fense invade. He tell thee therefore cleerely: If there were Of divers languag'd men, an Army here Of fifty Companies; all driving hence Thy Sheepe and Oxen, and with violence Offer'd to charge vs, and beliedge vs round: Thou shouldst their prey reprize, & them confound. Let fleepe then feize thee : To keepe watch all Night; Consumes the spirits, and makes dull the fight, Thus pour d the Goddeffe fleepe into his eyes, And re-ascended the Olympian skies. VVhen care-and-lineament-refoling fleepe. Had laide his temples in his golden heepe; His, wife-in-chaft-wit-worthy-wife, did rife: (First fitting vp in her soft bed) her eyes Opened with teares, in care of her estate, VVhich now her friends refolu'd to terminate To more delaies, and make her marry one. Her filent teares (then ceast) her Orizon This Queene of women to Diana made. Reverend Diana; let thy Darts invade My wofull bosome, and my life deprine. Now at this instant; or soone after drive My foule with Tempelts forth, and gine it way To those farre-off darke Vaults, where never day Hath powre to shine; and let them cast it downe Where refluent Oceanus doth crowne His curled head; where Plate's Orchard is. And entrance to our after mileries. As such sterne whirlewinds, ranishe to that streame, Pandaress daughters, when the Gods to them Had reft their parents; and them left alone (Poore orphan children) in their Manfion. VVhose desolate life, did loues sweet Queene incline To nurse with preffed Milke, and sweetest wine; VVhom June deckt, beyond all either Dames VVith wisedomes light, and beauties moving flames: Whom Phabe, goodlineffe of flature render'd, And to whose faire hands, wife Minerus tender'd. The Loome and Needle, in their vtmost skill. And while Loues Empresse skal'd th' Olympian hill, To beg of Lightning-louing Ione (fince bee The meanes to all things knowes; and doth decree Fortunes, infortunes, to the mortall Race)

For those poore virgins, the accomplishe grace

To

Of sweetest Nuptials: The fierce Harpyes preyd On enery good, & miferable Maid; And to the hatefull Furies, gaue them all In horrid seruice. Yet, may such Fate fall From steepe Olympus, on my loathed head; Or faire=chair'd Phabe, strike me instant dead: That I may undergo the gloomy Shore, To visit great Viyijes soule; before I footh my idle blood, and wed a wurfe. And yet, beneath how desperate a curse Do I live now? It is an ill, that may Be well indur'd, to mourne the whole long day; So nights sweete sleepes (that make a man forget Both bad, and good) in some degree would let My thoughts leave greening. But, both day and night; Some cruell God, gives my fad memory fight. This night (me thought) Vlyffes grac't my bed In all the goodly state, with which he led The Grecian Army: which gaue ioyes extreame To my diffresse, esteeming it no dreame, But true indeed: and that conceite I had, That when I saw it false, I might be mad. Such cruell Fates, command in my lifes guide:

By this, the mornings Orient, dewes had dide
The earth in all her colours; when the King
In his fweet fleepe, fuppord the forrowing
That fhe vi'd waking in her plaintiffe bed a.
To be her mourning, flanding by his head,
As having knowne him there. VVho flraight arofe,
And did againe within the Hall difpofe
The Carpets and the Cushions, where before
They feru'd the feats. The Hide, without the dore
He carried backe; & then, with held vp hands,
He pray'd to him, that heaven & earth commands;

O Father Jone; If through the moyst and dry You (willing) brough the home; when misery Had punish the enough, by your free doomes; Let some of these within those inner roomes, (Start!d with horror of some strange Oftent) Come heere; & rell me, that great Jone hath bent Threatnings without, at some lewd men within.

To this his pray'r, Jone shooke his sable chin,
And thunder'd from those pure clouds that (aboue
The breathing aire) in bright Olympus moue.
Diuine Vlysse joy'd, to heare it rore.
Report of which, a woman Miller bore
Straight to his eares; For neere to him, there gro und
Milles for his Corne, that twice six women sound

Continuall motion, grinding Barley meate,
And wheat (mans Marrow.) Sleepe the cies did feale
Of all the other women: having done
Their vituall taske; which yet, this Dame atone
Had scarle given end to, being, of al the refl,
Least fit for labour. But when there founds, preft
Her eares, aboue the rumbling of her Mill:
She let that stand, look't out; and steadeds sleepe hill
Saw cleere, and temperate; which made her thinware
Of giving any comfort to his care,
In that strange signe he pray don't this simble.

In that strange signe he pray d for) this simble.

O King of men, and Gods; a mighty stroke.

Thy thundring hand laide, on the cope of starres;
No cloud in all the aire; and the clore warres.
Thou bids to some men, in thy sile Officials.
Performe to me (poore wreach) the siline clicks,
And make this day, the last, and sholl extreasin,
In which the wooers pride shall solded them.

In which the wooers pride thalf foliate them With whoorish Banquets in Phylic Roofe!
That, with lad toyle, to grinde them medie enough, Haue quite diffolu'd my knees: worthfale them, now Thy thunders may their latest Feat for fillow.

This was the *Boone, Viffe Beek do it sine;
VVhich (with his Thunder) through his bollon drone
A ioy, that this vant breath do VVhy now the men
(Despite their pride) will the make, yay me paine.
By this, had other Maids then those that lay,
Mixt with the woods; made a fire site day;

Amidst the harth of the illustrious Hall:
And then the Prince, like a Celegial
Role from his bed; to his embalm'd feete, and
Faire shooes: his sword about his breast applied;
Tooke to his hand his sharp-pil'd Lance, and mee
Amidst the Entry, his old Nigste, that feet

His haft, at fodaine ftand; To withom the faid:

O (my lou'd Nurfe) with what grace haire you laid

And fed my gueft heere? Cound you to negled.

His age, to lodge him thus? Though all respect

I gue my Mothers wifedome. I mult yet

At much more price, a man of much leffe worth, Without his persons note, and yet casts sorth With ignominious hands (for his Forme sake). A man much better. Do not faulty make

Affirme, it fail'd in this: For the hath fet

(Good Son) the fault effe. He was given his feat Close to her fide; and food, till he would eat.

VVine til his wish was seru d: For she requir d His wants, and will d him all things he defir d. The Miller-woman prayer to Ione, in fatiffaction of Vtyffer prayer,

Viz. That fome from within, might office; do minessed in his bearing, some wreakes of Oflent to his enemics fro beaugn

Thus thefe; and to thefe came Molanthing,

Commanded her chiefe Maides to make his bed;
But he (as one whom forrow onely fed
And all infortune) would not take his reft
In bed, and couerings, fit for any Gueft;
But in the Entry, on an Oxes hide;
Neuer at Tanners, his old Limbes implide
In warme Sheep fels; yet ouer all, we caft
A mantle, fitting, for a man more grac ft.

A mantle, fitting, for a man more grac's. He tooke her answere: Left the house, and went (Attended with his dogges) to fift th' euent Of prinate Plots, betwirt him and his Sire In commune counfaile. Then the crue entire Of al the houshold Maids, (Euryeles) bad Bestir them through the house; and see it clad In all best Forme : gaue all their parts; and one She fet to furnish euery seate and Throne VVith Needle=workes, and purple clothes of State: Another fet to scoure and cleanse the Plate: Another, all the Tables to make proud VVith porous Sponges: Others, the bestow'd In all speed to the Spring, to fetch from thence Fit store of water; all, at all expence Cfpaines, she will'd to be: For this, to all Should be a day of commune Festivall; And not a wooer now should seeke his home, Else where then there: But all were bid to come Exceeding early; and be raif'd to heaven, With all the entertainment could be geuen.

They heard with greedy eares; and every thing Put straight in practife: Twenty to the Spring Made speed for water; Many in the house Tooke paines; and all, were both laborious And skill din labour. Many fell to Fell And cleave their wood: & all did more then well. Then troop't the lufty wooers in; and then Came all from Spring. At their heeles, loaded men VVith flaughter'd Brawnes: of all the Herd the prize. That had bene long fed up in feuerall Sties. Eumeus, and his men, conuei dthem there. He (feeing now the King)began to chere, And thus faluted him: How now, my Gueft? Haue yet your vertues found more interest In these great wooers good respects? Or still Purfue they you with all their wonted ill?

I would to heauen, Emmass (he replide)
The Deities once would take in hand their pride;
That fuch vnfeemly fashions put in frame
In others Roofes, as shew no sparke of shame.

Great guardian of the most egreatous Rich wooers Herds, confishing all of Goats: Which he with two more drawe; & made their coars The founding Pertises of that faire Court. Melanthins (Seeing the King) this former fore Of vpland Language gaue: VVhat full flay beere? And dull these woods with the metched cheere? Not gone for ever, yet? why now fee This strife of custes betwixt the bennery. (That yesterday assaid, to get the mone) And thy more roguery, needs wil fall vpon My hands to arbitrate. Thou wilt not hence Till I fet on thee : thy ragg d impudence Is fo fall footed. Are there not believe Other great Banquetants, but you must ride At anchor ful with vs ? He nothing faid, But thought of ill enough and there his head. Then came Philatins (a chiefe of men) That to the wooers all-denoming days A barren Stere draue, and fat Goappiler they In custome were, with Traffiques by the, That who they would fent; and had wive raince there. And for these likewise, the faire Porches were Hurdles, and Sheep pens, a many Paire. Philatius tooke note in his regalite. Of feene Viriles; being a man as well Gruen to his minds vie as to buy at falls Or do the drudgery that the black defer the And (franding neere Emmans) this enquire. VVhat Gueft is this that makes our house of late His entertainer? whence claimes he there ---His birth in this life holds ? what Nation ? VVhat race? what country flambale speeds your? Ore hardly portion d, by the serials Pates. The structure of his Lineaments relates A Kings refemblance in his pombe of reight Even thus, in these rags. But the tring them.
That have no firme homes they there and there As Need compels, God keases to the words foliere, As vnder water: and this tune he fines 11 15 VVhen he is spinning cuen the tares of Miles. Thus comming to him; with a kinde of there He tooke his hand; and touth was selling moure VVith meere imagination of his worth)

This falutation he feat forth-

20/

Health! Father stranger; in allogher world

Be rich and happy: though area liero are build

At feete of neuer fuch infulring Neede. O lone, there lives no one God of thy feede More ill to man, then thou. Thou tak'ft no ruth (VVhen thou thy felfe haft got him, in most truth:) To wrap him in the straites of most distresse. And in the curse of others wickednesse. My browes have fwet to fee it; and mine eyes Broke all in teares; when this being still the guife Of worthiest men, I have but onely thought. That downe to thele ils, was Viffes wroughe; And that (thus clad) even he is error driven. If yet he lives, and fees the light of heaven. But, if now dead, and in the house of hell, Ome! O good Vlyffes! That my weale Did euer wish: and when, but halfe a man Amongs the people Cephalenian; His bounty, to his Oxens charge preferr'd One in that youth : which now, is growne a Herd Vnípeakeable for number; and feede there With their broad heads, as thicke as of his care A Field of Corne is to a man; yet these. Some men adviseme, that this noted prease Of wooers may denoure; and with median Voto their Fealls with them that neither eith His Son respect, though in his owne free rouse. Nor haue the wit to feare th infallible proofe Of heavenly vengeance: but make offer now The long-lack't Kings polleffions to bellew In their felfe shares. Me thinkes the minde in the Doth turne as fast; as (in a flood or Sea) A raging whirlepit doth; to gather in To fithy death, those swimmers in their sin. Or feeds a motiones circulare To drive my Herds away. But while the Son Beares vp with life, twere hainous wromen non-To other people with them; and to trust Men of another earth: and yet more inft It were to venture their Lawes , the mainegighe Made stil their Maisters, then at home tole mire Their right, and them; and fit and greene to fee The wrong authoriz'd by their gluttonie. And I had long fince fled, and tried th'enent VVith other proud Kings (fince more infolence These are, then can be borne,) But that, even fill I had a hope, that this (though bome to ill) VVould one day come from fome coaft & their last In his roofes strew, with ruines red, and vaft. Herdsman (said he) because thou art in show.

Nor lewd nor indiferents said base Handle (Green in the participation of the leaf and the leaf of the There rules in thee an underflanding finite, dT: office in the state of the state o He take an oath, that in thee Chall controlle had to man law all shies All doubt of what I fweare; be winterfor Jahr parties and in the That Iwai it the first Seate of the thron delibries have a project of This holpitable Table; and the thought of and always and always and the transfer of the first power of the f Arrived at home; and all the fewer that raigne, debias it will work it. In fuch exceffes beere; thall been brought wind your administration of the He answer'd: Stranger yould inflation in the first in the What you have fwome: in your eyes beams flioud faine when it to be a What powers I mannage and how shote mis hands all a said of the part of the pa VVould rife and follow, where he firth commismed and his sail of a service So faid Emmans: praying all the Sky artis of T. colibete a line to the That wife Flyffes might arrive and tried blanch his that some Thus while they vow'd: the wooers fat as hard on a book as On his Sons death: but had their southfals there and their southfals there are For on their left hand, did an Earletfort the A and a second And in her feres, a fearefull Pigeon bore; VVhich scene; Amphinemus profit gd : O friends Our Counfailes neuer will receipe their ends In this mans flaughter: let verhetsfore plie Our bloody feast, and make his Oxen die Thus came they in; caft of on feature their cloakes And fell to gining facrificing ftrokes : 540 1.44 Of Sheepe and Goates; the cheefely far and great a Slew fed vp Swine, and from the Heard a Neare The inwards (roufted,) they disposite betwixt Their then observers; wine in Flaggons mixt. The bolles Emmens brought: Philaine bread; Melanthus fill'd the wine. Thus dranke and fed The feathfull wooers. Then the Prince(in grace Of his close project) did his Father place Amids the paned Entries in a Sease Seemeleffe, and abic@: a finall boom and meane Of th'onely inwards. In a cup of gold Yet fent him wine ; and bad him now drinke bolde; All his approches he himfelfe would free Gainst all the wooers: fince he would not see His Court made popularer but that his Sire Built it to his vic. Therefore all the fire Blowne in the wooers spleenes, he bad suppreffer And that in hands nor words they should digresse From that fet peace, his speech did then proclaime. They bit their lips, and wondred at his aime Iu that braue Language : when Autimore faides

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The Feaft that

Euric ea fioke

of before, re-

Lirad vato

That

Though this speech (Grecians) beathere vebratter library busino M There rules in thee aft vnder and to flink all : ollar place in thee aft vnder and to flink all the same and He take an oath, that in the same or tebrach ruo fo sonsloiv att shidred But of our tongues, we keeperhonderbeited; earen? I rank to ideo in All That health the first Scare, of the order of delitor shruit sidil, professor bunk This i.o. pitable Table: attailer attailer attailer and aim and aim and aim are attailer. That fill holds title for the sheet or bird found in a fill holds title for the sheet or bird fill holds title fill holds t Fly paffing high with him. The wife Prince maile!) Hills to strong of the Prince maile! Your eyes thall wire offe, Lacretten tital and, Assential lo gairque of And now the Heralds bore about the Tewhiel Hands a smoot as bound The facred Hecatombe: to whole tenowine that : or or selle over to: 1 71 The faire-haird Greekspaffemblide and beneath 199 and all sowing of Apollo's shady wood sthe boly deading - 1 1 29 1.6 . Shad any stid !! They put to fire; which (made enough) they dress and all rown and the Mw. v ollen bas die die v V Divided all, that did in th'end accrew S. Cod Erward, p. syick. To glorious fatisfaction. Those that were Disposers of the Feast, did equall cheere Bestow on wretched Laersindes. With all the wooers foules: It fo did please which are the many and the did Telemachus to charge them : And for thefe Mmerua would not fee the malices the main at Limbs. The wooers bore; too much contain that for the Vly fes mou'd heart, yet might higher flow In wreakfull anguish. There was wooing there (Amongst the rest) a Gallane, that did beare The name of or e well learn'dy in lefts prophanes His name Ctefippus, borne a Samiane: Who proud, because his Father was for rich; Had so much considence, as did bewitch His heart with hope, to wed Plyffer wife: And this man faid : Heare me, my Lords, in fife For this great widdow: This her gwell did thate Euen feast with vs, with very comely care Of him that order dit: For tis not good Nor equall, to depriue Guefts of their food; And specially, what ever guest makes way To that house where Telemachus doth fway. And therefore, I will adde to his receipt A gift of very hospitable weight, VVhich he may give againe, to any Maide That bath's his grave feete; and her paines fee paide; Or any servant else, that the divine Vly/fes lofty Battlements confine. Thus fnatcht he with a valiant hand from out The poore folkes commune basket in Neat's foot And threw it at Vlyffes: who his head Shrunke quietly afide; and let it fred His malice on the wall. The fuffering man

A laughter raifing, most Sardinian VVith fcome, and wrath mixt, or the Stiming. VVhom thus the Prince reproud & Your valour wan Much grace Cteffpow; and hath eard your minde VVith mighty profit: yet you fee it finde No marke it aim'd at ; the poore fittangers part Himselfe made good enough, to seape your Dart. But should I serue thee worthily, my Lance Should firike thy heart through, & fin place t'aduance Thy felfe in Nuptials with his wealth) the Sire Should make thy toomb heere; that the foolish fire Of all fuch valors, may not dare to flow These foule indecencies to me. I now Haue yeares to vinderstand my Arength, and know The good and bad of things, and animo more At your large fufferance, to behold my flore Confum'd with patience: See my Cattell flaine, My wine exhausted; and my Bread; in Vinte Spent on your license: For, to one their young, So many enemies were match too flione. But let me neuer more be wither to to be gone of a o deix Your hostile minds; Northose balle deetls ye do: I wish it rather, and my death would freike Much more good of me, the to like and fee, infl Indignity, pon indignity with the Control of the Indignity My Gueits prouok't with blace words and blowes: My women feruants, drage et about thy houle To luft, and rapture. This made filence feize The house throughout will Daniel with 1 101 1000 At length the calme brane; and laid. Friend, forbeare To give a just speech a didainfull care: 10 10 100 The Gueft no more touch; how as ferome here made as the position My felfe, will to the Prince and Queen confinend A motion gratefull, if they please when the a zint and received Gratefull receite: as long is in grant This new qualifies and as a long is the grant of the contract of the co Left wife Virfes any paffage ope arigitorianol de de monte To his returne in our conceits; to bing i so hid of the state had so to The Queenes delayes to our demands flood flrong In cause, and reason; and our quarrels thus 11102 Set neuer foote amongst our liberal Feast: for thould the King returne, though thought deceafe. It had bene gaine to vs in finding Milia Dista Lina ? . To lose his wife: But now, fince nothing dim The daies breakes out, that shewes horience more Shall each the deere touch of his tourney hore. Sit by your Mother, in perfection, silar spared the sign and the sign

at least in

That now it stands her honor much vpon To choose the best of vs. and who gives most. To go with him home. For fo all things loft In flicking on our haunt for you shall cleere Recouer in our no more concourse here: Posselle your birth-right wholly; eate and drinke And neuer more on our difgraces thinke. By lone, no Agelaus: For I sweare By all my Fathers forrowes; who doth erre Farre off from Ithaca; or refts in death: I am so farre from spending but my breath. To make my Mother any more defer Her wished Nuptials; That Ile counsaile ber To make her free choile: And befides, will give Large gifts to move her. But I feare to drive. Or charge her hence: For God will not give way

To any luch courfe, if I should affay.

At this, Minerus made for foolish ioy
The wooers mad; and rouz d their late annoy
To such a laughter, as would neuer downe.
They laught with others cheeks; eate mear oreflowne
Vvith their owne bloods: their cies stood sulf of respess
For violent ioyes: Their soules yet thought of feares:

VVhich Theoelymenus exprest, and faid:

O wretches! Why? Suffaine ye (well apaid)
Your imminent ill? A night, with which Death fees 3
Your heads, and faces, hides beneath your linees.
Shrickes burn about you; your eies, thrust out teares.
These fixed wals, and that maine Bearine that beares.
The whole house yp, in bloody torrents fall:
The Entry full of ghost stands: Full the Hall
Of passengers to he!: And, ynder all
The dismall shades; The Sun sinkes from the Poles;
And troub! d aire, poures bane about your soules.

The difmall shades; The Sun sinkes from the Poles And troub!'d aire, poures bane about your soules. And troub!'d aire, poures bane about your soules. They sweetly laught at this: Eurypuschus
To mocks dispos'd, and saide; This new counces' vs
Is surely mad; conduct him forth to light
In th'open Market place: he thinkes' tis night
Within the house. Eurypuschus (faid he)
I will not aske for any guide of thee;
I both my seete enioy; haue eares, and eien;
And no mad soule within me: and with these.
Will I go forth the doores: because I know;
That imminent mischiese must abide with you;
Vhich, not a man of all the wooets here
Shall stye, or scape. Ye all too highly beate
Your vicurb'd heads: Impieties ye commit.
And euery man affect, with formes vasit.

This faid; he left the house, and tooke his way Home to Prese who as free as day, Was of his welcome. When the woods eyes Chang'd lookes with one another, and (their guile Of langhters, still held on) still eas'd their brests, Ofwill to fet the Prince against his guests: Affirming that of all the men aliue He worst lucke had; and prou'd it worst to give Guests entertainment: For he had one there A wandring Hunter out of prouendere. An errant Begger every way ; yet thought (He was so hungry) that he needed nought But wine and Victuals : nor knew how to do a Nor had a spirit to put a knowledge to; But liu'd an idle burthen to the earth. Another then stept vp; and would lay forth

His lips in phrophefic, thus: But (would he beare His friends perfwafions) he fhould finde it were More profit for him, to put both abord For the Sicilian people, that afford
Thefe feete of men, good price and this would bring Good meanes for better guefts. Thefe words made To his eares idlely: who had fill his eye (wing Vpon his Father, looking feruenty)
When he would lay his long, withholding hand

On those proud wooers. And, within command Of all this speech that pass, tearns heire (The wise Penelope) her royall chaire. Had plact of purpose. Their high dinner then With all pleas of palares, these ridiculous men Tell (weetly to its injung they had flaine Such itore of banquet, but there did nor taigne A bitterer banquet Planet in all heaven, Then that which Palls, had to that day driven;

And, with her able friend now, meant appole; Since they, till then, were in deferts to grose.

The End of the Twentith Pocke

And inftant rendry, old Laertes fent

THE XXI. BOOKE OF HOMER'S ODYSSES.

THE ARGUMENT.

PEnclope proposethnow,
To bim that drawer Vlysses Bow
Her instant Nupreale. Ithacus,
Eumaus, and Philacius,
Gines charge for guarding of the Gates;
And be, his saft shoots through the plates.

Another.

The Nupriall vow,
and Game reberf:

Drawne is the Bow,
the floeles are pierft.



Allas (the Goddeffe with the sparkling eyes)
Excites Penelope, I obiect the prife
(The Bow & bright steeles) to the wooers strength;
And here began the strife and blood at length.
She first ascended by a losty staire,
Her vitmost chamber; of whose doore, her saire
And halfe transparent hand, receive the Key,
Bright, brazen; bitted passing curiously,
And at it hungs knob of suory.

And this did leade her, where was strongly kept The treasure Royall; in whose store lay heap't, Gold, Braffe, and Steele, engraven with infinite Art; The crooked Bowe, and Arrowy quiuer, part Ofthat rich Magazin. In the Quiuer, were Arrowes a number: tharpe, and fighing gere. The Bow was given by kinde Emrythides (Iphieus, fashion'd like the Deities) To yong Vlyffes; when within the Roofe Of wife Ortilocus, their passe had proofe Of mutuall meeting in Messena; where Vlyffes claim'd a debt: To whose pay, were The whole Messenian people bound; since they From Ithaca, had forc't a wealthy prey Of Sheepe, and Sheepherds. In their thips they thrust Three hundred Sheepe together: for whose iust

Viriles his Ambaffador, that went A long way in the Ambaffie; yet then Bore but the formost Prime, of yongestmen. His Father, fending first to that affaire His gravest Counsailors, and then his heire. Iphitus made his way there, having loft Twelve female horfe; and Mules, commended most For vie of burthen, which were after, cause Of death, and Fate to him. For (past all Lawes Of hospitality) Iones mighty *Son (Skill d in great Acts) was his confusion Close by his house; though at that time his guest: Respecting neither the apposed Feast And hospitable Table, that in lone He fet before him; nor the voyce of Inc: But, feizing first his Mares, he after flew His hoft himfelfe. From those Mares ferch, now grew Visiles knowne t'Iphieus; who, that Bow At their encounter, did in loue bestow, Which great Eurytus hand, had borne before (Iphitsus Father) who (at deaths (ad dore) In his steepe Turrets, left it to his Sou. Vlyffes gaue him a keene Faulchion, And mighty Lance; and thus began they there Their fatall Loues: For affice, neuer were Their mutuall Tables to each other knownes Because Iones Son, th' vnworthy part had showne Of flaughtering this God-like louing man, Enrytus Son; who with that Bow began And ended loue t'Vlyffes : who fo deare A gift effeem'd it, that he would not beare In his black Fleete, that guest-rite to the war; But, in fit memory of one fo farre In his affection; brought it home, and kept His treasure with it; where till now it slept. And now the Queene of women had inten: To giue it vie; and therefore made ascent Vp all the staires height, to the chamber dore: Whose shiping leaves, two bright Pilastersbore To fuch a Close, when both together went; It would refult the Aire in their confent. The Ring the tooke then, and did draw a fide A barre that ran within; and then implide

The Key into the Locke, which gave a found

(The Bolt then shooting) as in patture ground

A Bull doth Low, and make the valleys ring:

So loud the Locke humm'd when it look his Spring,

InverΔαdeπεθελειαι. Equas duodecem forming

*Hercules.

THE XX. BOOKE And ope the doores flew. In the went, along The lofty chamber, that was boorded ftrong With heart of Oake; which many yeares ago The Architect did smooth and polish so, That now as then he made it freshly shine; And tried the evennesse of it with a Line. There stood in this roome, Presses that enclosed Robesodorferous; by which repord The Bow was vpon pins: Nor from it farre Hung the round Quiner, glittering like a Starre: Both which, her white extended hand tooke downe: Then fate the low, and made her lap a Crowne Of both those Reliques; which she wept to see, And cried quite out with louing memory Ofher deare Lord: To whose worth paying then Kinde debts enow : She left; and to the men Vow'd to her wooing, brought the crooked Bow, And thaft-receiving Quiver, that did flow With arrowes, beating fighes vp where they fell. Then, with another Chist, repleate as well VVith Games won by the King of Steele and Braffe, Her Maids attended. Past whom, making passe To where her wooers were : She made her flay. Amids the faire Hall doore, and kept the ray Of her bright count nance hid with veyles fo thin

That though they feem'd t'expose, they let loue in; Her Maids on both fides flood; and thus fhe fpake. Heare me, ye wooers, that a pleasure take To do me forrow, and my house inuade To eate and drinke; as if 'twere onely made To ferue your Rapines: My Lord long away: And you allow'd no colour for your flay But his still absence; striuing who shall frame Me for his wife; and (fince 'tis made a game) I heere propose divine Vigffes Bow For that great Maister-peece, to which ye vow. He that can draw it, with least show to striue, And through these twelue Ax-heads, an arrow drine; Him will I follow, and this house forgo, That nourisht me a Maid: now furnisht so With all things fit; and which I so esteeme That I shall still live in it in my dream. This faid, the made Eumaus give it them. He tooke, and laide it by; and wept for wo, And like him, wept Philatius; when the Bow Of which his King was bearer, he beheld. Their teares, Antinous manhood much refeld; And faid, Ye ruftick fooles! that flill each day

Your minds give oner to this vaine diffnay, VVhy weepe ye (wretches?) and the widebiles eyes Tempt with renew'd thought a that would ather wife Depose her sorrowes, since her kord is dead And teares are idler Sit, and eate your bread, Nor whilper more a world-or get ye gone, And weepe without doores: Let this Bow alone To our outsmatcht contention ! For I feare, The Bow will scarse yeeld draught to any heere. Heere no fuch man lines as Laures Son Amongst vs all: I know him Thoughtputs on His lookes fight now, me thinks though then a child. Thus flew dhis words doubt wer his hopes callild His firength, the firerches of Flaffer fireng. And his steeles piercer: But his shafe multing Through his piercft Pallat first a whom to be wrong & In his free roofe; and made the rest ill tonguid Against his vertues. Then the facted heat That fpirited his Son, did further fet Their confidence on fire; and faid: O Frends; Jose hath bereft my wirs: The Greene intends (Though I must grant her wife) ere long to leave Plyffes Court; and to her bed recease. Some other Lord: yet notwith fanding 1 Am fore to laugh, and fet my pleasures by any Like one madficke. But wooest fince pe haue An object for your mals now to brands As all the broad Acheius earth exceeds As facred Pyles, as the Argue breaks As blacke Epprin, as Mysen's birth as he was a second And as the more-fam'd Itherenfian carth in Jaco All which, your felues well know, and aft hand faille; (For what neede hath my Mother of my aide it h. In her advancements) Tender sto exercise : For least delay; nor too much time profision. In stay to draw this Bow; but draw a shaight; Shoot, and the fleeles pierce: make all fee how fleight You make these poore barres, to fo rich a perfe. No eagrer yet? Come on : My faculties Shall try the Bowes firength, and the pierced fleeles I will not for my reuerend Mother feele The forrowes that I know will feine my heart, To fee her follow any, and department From her fo long-held home : Burfuft extend The Bow and Arrow to their sender hand For I am onely to succeede my Sing In guard of his games ; and let none afpire To their belides poffession. This faid ;

2 V

His purple Robe he cast off. By he laide His well-edg'd sword; and first, a seuerall pit He digg d for every Axe, and strengthen dit VVith earth, close ramm'd about it: On a rew Set them of one height, by a Line he drew Along the whole twelve ; and so orderly Did cuery deedbelonging (yerhiseye Neuer before beholding how twas done) That in amazerose all his lookers on. Then flood he neere the doore, & prou'd to draw The stubborne Bow: Thrice tried, & thrice gane Law To his vncrown'd attempts: the fourth affay VVith all force offering, which a figne gaue stay Given by his Fathers though hee shew'd a minde As if he flood right heartily inclinde To perfect the exploite: when; all was done In onely drift to fet the wooers on. His weaknesse yet confest; he said, O shame I either shall be euer of no name, But proue a wretch: Or elfe I am too youg, And must not now presume on powers to firong As finewes yet more growing, may ingraft,
To turne a man quite ouer with a shaft. Besides, to men whose Nerues are best prepard;
All great Admenteres, at first proofe, are bard. But come, you stronger men, attempt this Bow, Andlet vs end our labour. Thus, below: A well-ioyn'd boord he laide it; and close by, The brightly-headed shaft then throud his I hie The brightly-headed thate then throng as I me
Amidft his late-left feate. Antions then
Bad all arife: but first, who did fustaine
The cups state ener; and did facrifice
Before they cate still: and that man, bad rife,
Since on the others right hand he was place;
Because he held the right hands stifing; grace;
Which he for a feat of the still that hands stifing; grace; VVith best successe still. This direction win Supreame applause ; and first, rose Oeneps Son Liedes, that was Priest to all the rest; Sate lowest with the Cup still, and their iest.
Could neuer like ; but euer was the man That checkt their follies; and he now began To taftethe Bow : the sharpe shaft tooke, sing dhard, And held aloft: and till he quite had marr'd good and work with the His delicate tender fingers, could nor flir to medicing to the The churlish string : who therefore did refer and and the bas we The game to others; faying, that fame Bow Of many a chiefe man there; nor thought the Pate

VV as any whit authors blance Described to days Were much the better cakeny then keen life in the Without the object of their amorous finite 200 1 For whom they had but it but it many dayes To finde full other, nothing for delayer Obtaining in them : and affine id (Harmon at gaine) Somehop's to have her hor when this sough Bow They all had tried, and ficulothe various stories They must rest please to cealer and new some one of the Of all their other faire-veyl'd Greetan Danses (208 10 10 Them) 100 VVith gifts, and dow'r, and Hymened Flament with an all an artists and all an artists and all an artists and all artists and all artists and all artists and all artists are all artists and all artists are all artists and all artists are a Let her love light to him, that most will give And whom the Nuptiall defliny did disie. Thus laid he on the well-ioyn doohfile Bond

The Bow, and bright-pil't shaft (intil then relief)

His seate his right. To him, download bond you doo Gaue bitter language, and reproved him thisk in age VVhat words (Lindaypathering theorethis probat That tis a worke to beare? And diffe hard of more the year of the They fee up my disdaine: This Bow mothers 1 has a series and a series The best of vs fince thy armes cannot lend; and word The firing least motion: Thy Mothers thrower sales and a service sales Brought neuer forth their miner; ad distingly of Bones; Or knitting shafts off. Though thou can not drive The flurdy Plant, thou art to vs no less and hear to the hear the Melantheus! Light a fire, and fet thebeat A chaire and cushions, & dist shifteet fat That lyes within bring one; that we may let Our Pages to this Bow, to see it helic And suppl'd with the fuet; and then wee May gine it draught, and pliy this goom detree Vimost performance. He a mighty free Gaue instant flame, put into aft in takite Command layd on him: Chaire and callions fet } Laid on the Bow, which draight the Pages flat, Chaft, suppl'd with the Suct to their most And still was all their Vnctuous labour lock All woocis firengths, too indigent and port To draw that Bow : Antinens annes, it shee ; And great Eurymathus (the both chare beth) Yet both it tir'd, and made them glad to refle Forth then went both the Swaines; and after them Divine Vhilles, when being path th'extreme Of all the Gates; with withing words he tride Their loues, and this askt: Shall my countailes like Their depths from you? My mind would glailly know If fodainly *Vlyffes* had his Vow Made good for home; and had fome God to guide

His steps and strokes to to wreak their mover publicable and with an VV as any whit author authorized the state of the sta Would your aids ioyne on his part soil with theirs round and thomas work How frand your hearts affected a They made prayer of Boile on such iv That some God would please so terment their Londe deal well were the months of the sound that the sound th He then should see, how farre they would afform in other, ande still other, in Their lines for his. (He seeing their truth) is plusted and in their lines for his. Some hep't to have her; hoir somebilid a gas made until the property of the pr They all had riced and blad ented cancel tyrns you mondwe received won bring From foorth my Country; yet sie nonconcessido es alorin fin ellum vod ? From my fure knowledge; your defres to fee offer and and oried the iO My fafe returne. Of all the company Absential Laura with unusaring the TT Now feruing heere besides ; not one but you adjust or stigit one fore Mine eare bath witnest willing to bestows and had thing when moder beet Their wishes of my life, so long held dead avoid not be a said the on the wishes of my life, so long held dead avoid not be a said to b I therefore vow, (which fitall be perfected) that if iq-nig these, woth all That if God please, beneath my hand to leme, min o'l stigit sin sin size ? These wooers livelesse; ye shall both receive a character and such Wines from that hand, and meaness and necretor me was 22 now 1211 VV Have houses built to you : and both shall be: A Sound or olde was at tall? As friends, and brothers to myjonely Sonne, Add that is directly in quality and And that ye well may know me sand bearonne array is a few world with To that affurance: the infallible Signe of to Mydi note real signification The white-tooth'd Bore gave, this made knee of mine that I amon adapter . When in Parnaffus, he was held in thate onto thought and about a bound to By me, and by my famous Grandfires rates and and work, and 'Girbard' all' Il'e let you fee. Thus feuer'd he his weede From that his wound; and every word had deed in 2 pare to the first or the first In their fure knowledges; VVhich made them east animal street animal str Their armes about him; his broade brest imbracty. His necke and shoulders kist. And him, as well Did those true powers of humane loue compell To kiffe their heads and hands; and to their mone Had fent the free light of the cheerefull Sunne Had not Vly fes broke the ruth, and faide; Cease teares, and sorrowes, lest wee proue displaide, By some that iffue from the house; and they Relate to those within. Take each his way, Not altogether in; but one by one: First I, then you; and then see this bedone: The envious wooers will by no meanes give a would a decay The offer of the Bow, and Arrow leave bulg in the beam but a To come at me; spight then their pride; dothou? (My good Eumans) bring both (haft and Bows at the last To my hands proofe; and charge the maides before; That inftantly, they fhut in enery doore; That they themselves, (if any tumult rife Beneath my Roofes; by any that enuies, My will to vndertake the Game) may gaine

No passage forth, but close at worke containe With all free quiet; or at least, confirmin'd. And therefore (my Philatine) fee maintain'd (VVhen close the gates are shur) their closure fast. To which end, be it thy fole workers caft Their chaines before them. This faid, in he lede Tooke first his seate, and then they seconded His entry with their owne. Then tooke in hand Eurymachus the Bow, made close his stand Aside the fire; at whose heare, here and there He warm'd and suppl'd it, yet could not flere To any draught, the sking, with all his Art: And therefore, sweld in him his glocious hearts Affirming, that himselfe, and all his friends Had cause to greeue: Not onely that their ends They mist in marriage (since enowbesides Kinde Grecian Dames, there little be their Brides In Ithaca, and other bordering Townes) But that to all times future, their renownes VVould stand disparaged, if Flyffer Box 1 They could not drawe, and yet his wifeworld woo. Antineus answer'd; That there could enfoe No shame at all to them: For well he knew. That this day was kept holy to the Suine By all the City: and there should be done No fuch prophane act; therefore bad, lay by The Bow for that day : but the maiflery Of Axes that were fet vp, still might stand 5 10 1997 Since that no labour was, nor any hand VVould offer to inuade V byfes house To take, or touch with furreptitions Or violent hand, what there was left for vie. He therefore bad the Cup-bearcoinfalle VVine to the Bolles; that to, with facilitie They might let rest the shooting exercise; And in the morning make Melantilian bring The cheefe Goats of his Head, that so the King Of Bowes and Archers, they might birne the Thyes For good successe; and then attempt the prize. The rest face pleased with this: the Heralds straine Pour'd water on their hands : each Page did waite VVith his crown'd cup of wine : ferred eucry man Till all were fatisfied : and then began Philes plot of his close purpose, thus : Heare me, ye much renown'd Eurymachine, And King Antinous, in cheefe, who well, And with decorate facted, doth compell This dayes observance; and to let lay downe

The Bow, all this light ; giving Gods their owne. 33 34 32 Constant At The mornings labour, God the more wil bleffe, And strength bestow, where he himselfe shall please. motors and to Against which time, let me presume to pray Your fauours, with the rest; that this assay. May my olde armes prooue; trying if there lye In my poore powers the same activity of mentions and addition That long fince crown'd them: Or if needy fare And defolate wandring have the web worne bare Of my lifes thred at all parts; that no more Can furnish these affaires as heeretofore. This heat their spleens past measure; blown with sease Lest his loth'd temples, would the garland weare Of that Bowes draught: Antineus vling speech. To this fowre purpole: Thou most arrant wretch Of all guelts breathing; in no least degree Grac't with a humane soule: It serves not thee will be the miles to the A To feast in peace with vs; take equal share
Of what we reach to; fit, and all shings hease That we speake freely (which no begging questions and the Vi Did euer yet) but thou must make request in the man in the remainder the To mixe with vs in merit of the Queene But wine enflames thee; that hath ener beene. The second told The bane of men: who ever yet would take In guelt-rites, with the mighty-minded Son and as any object woll off! Of bolde Ixion; in his way to warren in a latter of the more sent rout it Against the Lapithes; who driven as farte way as well of and a selection of As madnesse, with the bold effects of wines The the territories IV Did outrage to his kinde hoaft; and decline : as mil name and no sale of Other Heroes from him feathed there to a war and to the hand tall over O With fo much anger, that they left their cheere, qu' > 102 2000 1000 1000 And dragg'd him forth the fore-court affir his note; and a soft of the Cropt both his cares; and in the ill difpole and a street and their a wall His minde then fufferd; drewthe fatall day with sider of the most in that On his head, with his hoalt-For thence the fray Hall's a road the dood? Betwixt the Centaures, auch the Lapither ... annt, er ein & bog en ei 10 Had mortall act : but he for his excellen en ann et au tantitus auf le In spoile of wine, far'd worst himselfe : As thousand him to said flow a constitution of the said flow and the said flow a constitution of the said flow and the said flow a constitution of the said flow and For thy large cups, if thy armes draw the Bow should had no reason and the My minde foretels (halt feare : for not a man live) o que de man pid al VV Of all our Confort, that in wifedome can in the branch that a root will Boaft any fit thare, will take prayers then; to mag on to millionethe with But to Echerus, the most sterne of men and the ment and a say and an all A blacke Saile freight with thee; whose worst of illians with thee; whose worst of illians with thee; Be fure is paft all ransome. Six then still;
Drinke temperately; and neuer more contend With men your yongers. This the Queene did end

With her defence of him; and told his Foe It was not faire, nor equall t'ouercrow The poorest Guest her sonne pleased t'enterraine In his free Turrets; with fo proud a ftraine Of threats, and brauings; asking if he thought That if the stranger to his armes had brought The flubborne Bow downe; he should marry her And beare her home? And faid, himselfe mould erre In no fuch hope; nor of them all the best That green'd at any good, the did her gueft, Should banquet there; fince it in no fort thow d Noblesse in them, nor paid her, what she ow'd Her owne free rule there. This Eurymachus Confirm'd and faide; nor feeds it hope in vs (Isarius daughter) to folemnize Rites Of Nuprials with thee; Nor in nobleft fights It can show comely; but to our respects The rumor, both of fexes, and of Sects Amongst the people, would breede shame, and feare, Lest any worst Greeke said; See, men that were Of meane descruings, will presume t'aspire To his wines bed, whom all men did admire For fame and merit; could not draw his Bow, And yet his wife, had foolish pride to woo: When straight an errant Begger comes and drawes The Bow with eafe, performing all the Lawes The game befide contain d; and this would thus. Proue both indignity and thame to vs. The Queene replied; The fame of men I fee Beares much price, in your great fuppord degree : Yet who can proue (amongst the people great) That of one to effected of them; the feat Doth fo defame and ruine? And befide. With what right is this guest thus viletied In your high centures? when the man, in blood Is well compoid, and great; his parents good. And therefore give the Bow to him to try His Birth and breeding by his Cheustry. If his armes draw it; and that Phebas flands So great a glory to his ftrength, my hands Shall adde this guerdon't Baery fort of weed, A two-edg'd Sword and Lance, so keepe him freed From Dogs and Men hereafter and diffinis His worth to what place tends that lieart of his. Her fonne gaue answere, That it was a wrong To his free fway, in all things that belong To guard of that house, to demand the Bow Of any woods, and the vie bestow sad

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Vpon the stranger: For the Bow was his. าราช ที่สามารถในโดยสมาริ To give or to with-hold: No maisteries ាក្រាស់ សារាធ្នាល់ នៅសាស្ត្រា Ofher proposing, giving any power Tempaire his right in things, for any wower; and the same of th Or any that rough Ithaca affords; ent agreeded to the The Any that Elist of which no mans words Nor pow'rs should curbe him (stood he so englind) To fee the Bow in absolute gift religned Burney and the state of the factors of the factors and the factors of the factors and the factors and the factors are the factors are the factors are the factors and the factors are the fact To that his guest, to beare and vie at will: And therefore bad his Mother keepe her still Amongsther women, at her Rocke and Loomes Bowes were for men: and this Bow did become. aranda a salah Past al mens his disposure since his Sire Left it to him, and all the house entire. She stood difmaid at this ; and in her minde His wife words laide vp; standing so inclinde As he had will'd; with all her women, going Vp to her chamber: there her teares bestowing (As every night she did) on her lou'd Lord, Til fleepe and Pallas, her fit reft reftor d. The Bow, Emmaus tooke, and bore away; Which vp in tumult, and almost in fray Put all the wooers: One enquiring thus, Whether? Rogue? abie (2) wilt thou beare from vs That Bow proposed? Lay downe, or I protest Thy dogs that care thee, that thou nourishest To guard thy Swine: amongst whom (left of all) Thy life (hal leave thee; if the Festival) VVe now observe to Phabus; may our zeales Grace with his aide, and all the Deities elfe. The war would be a seasoff This threat made good Enman yeelde the Bow. To his late place, not knowing what might grow with a long it said? From fuche multitude. And then fell on and a service and G Telemachus with threats; and faide, Set gon 10 1918 12 8 18 28 20 17 18 17 7 That Bow yet further: tis no fernants part To ferue too many Maifters : raife your bart 12975 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 And beare it off, left (though your yonger) yet VVith stones I pelt you to the field with it If you and I close, I shall proone constrong: dil and an artist I wish as much too hard for all this throng distant who is a wrong a series of The Gods would make me; I should quickly fond - 22 th 2 20 1 64 Some after, with inft forrow to their end: They waste my victles so, and ply my cup, waste in the bracker Common for And do me such shrewd turnes still. This out years a second or constraint The wooers all in Laughters; and por downe foliable a way of the walls Their angers to him; that so late were growner more of waw a mathematical So grave and bloody, which refolu d that feare and a substitution of the substitution Of good Enman; who did take and beare the above the property of the

The King the Bow; call d Nurse, and bad her make The doores all fure; that if mens turisde the wall, better The eares of some within; they may not live to the same of the sam But keepe at worke faill, close and file stay. Thefe words put wings to here madelale the put The chamber doore: The Gourt extes they were frue By kind Philating, who firsight didge of the state of the From out the Hall; and make Postion was a von Of fpongy Bulrufhes; with which the edolid of : none of the (In winding round about them) the Grant gates a bullet wind I ale Then tooke his place againe, to view the Pates drive we ordings on the That quickly follow'd. When he came he favorable the second of the Plyffes viewing, cre he shield to whole I will grant in Charter have a The famous Bow; which every way he mou distillary in all ador-Vp, and downe turning it: in which hoperaid The plight it was in : fearing shielly delit - 2 - 1 - 2 The hornes were eate with wormes work long reft. But what his thoughts intended relating for pond on a constant in And keeping fuch a fearch about the Big a Coung tart (species) The wooers little knowing fell to left uno ? and ot bin and the bin . And faid; Past doubt, he is toman picket it or shoot mile on this ... In Bowyers craft, and fees quine the bough the wood: Or fomething (certaine) to be vnderflood There is, in this his turning of it still : A cunning Rogue he is, at any ill. Then spake another proud one: Would to beauen Imight (at will) get Gold, till he hath geden 🔨 🦠 That Bow his draught: with these sharp refts did these Delightsome woo'rs, their fatall humors please. But when the wife Visites once had laide His fingers on it; and to proofe furuaide The stil sound plight it held: As one of skilt In fong, and of the Harpe, doth at his will In tuning of his Instrument, extend Astring out with his pin; touch al aid lond To every wel-wreath d ftring, his pellect found, Strooke all togither: with fuch ealer downound The King, the Bow. Then twang dibevo the firing, That, as a Swallow, in the aire doth fleg VVith no continu'd tune; but (pauling still) Twinkes out her scatter d voice in accents shrift: So sharpe the string sung, when he gaue it touch, Once having bent and drawne it. Which so much Amaz'd the wooers, that their colours went And came, most grieuously. And then, lose rent The aire with thunder which at heart did chere The now-enough-fustaining Traueller.

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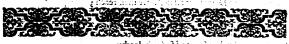
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Acquaint Rosmon : At the E

Tha-love, againe, would his a nemprenable, and offer, and other More Then tooke he into hand, from off the Table with the said in the The first drawne arrow; and a number more stagethin a molito come after Spent shortly on the wooers. But this One, Sold lift show the good tul He measured by his arme (as if northowne some in the measure abrow shade) The length wereto him) nockt it then sand drews and is red med and The chamber de ore The Lives to the chamber de ore the chamb By kind I believed, who draight walk slow that the first bull but he believed to the believed The steele-charde'd arrow; which who he haddone and it is an and He thus bespake the Prince: You have not wond ato sale De his bornet Difgrace yet by your Guest; for I have strook white particularly vegeriffo The marke I shot at ; and no such toile tooke and suggistion or many In wearying the Bow, with fat and fire, As did the wooers: yet referu'd entire (Thanke heaven) my strength is; & my felfe americal, strength as the strength is No man to be so basely vilified As these men pleafed to thinke me. But, free way Take that; and all their pleasures: and while Day Holdsher Torch to you and the howre of feath to the saw and the Hath now full date; give banquet sandthe reft and a second and (Poeme and Harpe) that grace a welfill d boorde. This faide: he beckn'd to his Sonne whole from Hestraight girt to him: tooke to hand his Lance, Mind Andreas Andreas And compleate arm'd did to his Sire addance. The state are arrived at

The End of the X X I. Booke 16 (ilwin) and I of Homer Obyses.

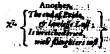




THEXXII. BOOKE OF HOMER'S ODYSSES.

THE ARGUMENT.

The Wobers in Minericaes fight Slaine by Vigles; Allaho lighto And infiful Huferness, by his timus And fernance, any he flanghous done.





He upper rate, that wife this wore, Gathers, to the treat Hall dore With Bow and Quiter full of that is, we down the pour obstore his feet, & thus made known His true flate to the woods: This ftrife, thus Hath harmlesse bene decided: Now for vs. There refts another manie, more hard to hit, And such, as neuer man before hath smit;

VVhose full point likewise, my hands stiall affay, And try if *Phebu* will sine me his day.

He laid; and off his bitter Arrowithruft
Right, at Antimore; that (trooke him inft
As he was lifting up the Bolle; to (how,
That 'twixt the cup, & lip, much ill-may grow.

Destbroucht not at his thoughts, at Feed: for who
VVould thinke, that he alone could perish fo
Amongst so many? And he, bestevell?

The Arrow in his throate tooke full his fall;
And thrust his head saw through the other side:
Downe fell his cup; downe he; downe all his pride.

Straight from his Nostrils gusht the humane gore:
And as he fell, his sectofism; ouerbore
The feastfull Table; all the Ross; and Bread
About the house strew d. VVhen his high-born head
The rest beheld solow, up rusht view all,

And ranfack't euery Corner of the Hall For Shields and Darts: but all fled farre their reach : Then fell they foule on him with terrible for ich And told him, it should proue the deerest shaft That cuer past him; and that now was fall the No shift for him, but fure and sodaine death: For he had slaine a man, whose like did breath In no part of the Kingdome: and that now He should no more for Game, strive with his Bow O i But Vultures eate him there. Thefe threats they fpents Yet every man beleeu'd, that sterne eventure and and Chanc't 'gainst the authors will: O Fooles, to thinke That all their rest, had any cup to drinke, the same it But what their great Antinow began. and plat " Tall have. He (frowning) faide; Dogs, fee in metheman Mailling. Ye all held dead at Troy: My house it is That thus ye spoile; that thus your Luxuries File with my womens rapes: in which, ye woo The wife of one that lines; and no thought flow Of mans fit feare, or Gods: your present Fame, Or any faire sence of your future name. Shall end your base life. This made fresh feares breath Their former boldnesse: every man had eye On all the meanes, and studied wayes to five So deepe deaths imminent. But seeing none, 12 17 18 18 18 18 Eurymachus began with suppliant mone To mooue his pitty, faying, If you be
This lles Viffes, we must all agree In grant of your reproofes integrity. 'million in your reproofes integrity of the proof of the proofes integrity.' The Greekes have done you many a wrong at home: I was he have but A At field as many: But of all, the fumme it is aid no man; but a Lies heere contract in death: For onely he the death to make the stiffe! Imposed the whole ill Offices that we Are now made guilty of: and not so much Sought his endeuours; or in thought did touch At any Nuptials; but a greater thing Employ'd his forces: For, to be our King, VV as his cheefe object: his fole plot it was To kil your Son: which Iones hand would not passe But fet it to his owne most merited end. In which, end your iust anger; nor extend In milde ruth of your people, we are yours. And whatfocuer waste of wine; or food, Our Liberties haue made; wee'le make all good In restitutions: call a Court, and passe A fine of twenty Oxen, Gold, and Braffe.

On enery Head; and raise your most rates still. Till you are pleafd with your confessed fill: VVhich if we faile to tenders all your wrath, It shalbe instruce in our bloods to barbe. Eurymaches (faide he) if you would gine All that your Fathers hoord, to make yeline; And all that euer you your schoes possesse, Or shal by any industry increase: I would not cease from slaughter, till your bloods Had bought out your intemperance in my Goods. It refts now for you, that you either fight That will scape death, or make your way by flight: In whose best choise, my thoughts conceine, nor one Shall thun the death, your first hath undergone. This quite diffolu d'their knees : Espanyelus Enforcing all their feares, yet counfail dehres O Friends 'This man, now he hath got the Bow And Quiner by him, euer will beflow His most inaccessible hands atvs And neuer leave, if we avoide him thus Tilhe hath strew'd the pauement with us all; And therefore, joyne we fwords, and on him fall With Tables forc't vp; and borne in opposed Against his sharpe shafts; when being round enclosed By all our on-fets, we shall either take His horrid person, or for fafety make His rage retire from out the Hall, and Gates And then, if he escape, weel make our flages to he had a Knowne to the City, by our generall cry; And thus this man thal let his laft that the That euer his hand vanted. Thus he drops His sharpe edg'd sword; and with a table, say In on V. y fes with a terrible throte, the beautiful His fierce charge vrging. But Philes language of the man The boord, and cleft it through, from end mend Borne at his breaft, and made his that extend His sharphead to his Liver: his broad by sit Pierc't at his Nipple: when, his hand release. Forthwith his fword, that fel and kill the ground; VVith cups and victles, lying scatteres agents About the pauement : amongst which his brow
Knockt the embrued earth: while in paines did floor His vitall spirits, til his heeles spooke our His feastful life; and huri'd a Throne about, That way-laide deaths convulsions in his face; When from his tender eyes, the light did fleet. Then charg'd Amphinemy, with his drawer blade The glorious King, in purpoles o have made

Olivinch, the chookerby

His feete forfake the house: But his affay The Prince preuented; and his Lance gaue way Quite through his shoulder, at his backe: his brest The fierce pile letting forth. His rume, prest Grones from the patternent; which his forher ! ftrook. Telemachus his long Lance then forfooke (Left in Amphinemus) and to his Sire Made fiery passe; not staying to acquire

His Lance againe; in doubt that while he drew The fixed pile, some other might renew Fierce charge vpon him; and his vnarm'd head Cleave with his back-drawne fword: for which he fled Close to his Father; bad him arme, and he Would bring him Shield and Iauelins inftantly; His owne head arming; more armes laying by To serue the Swine-herd, and the Oxen-herd.

Valour well arm'd, is ever most preferd. Run then (faide he) and come, before the last Of these auxilliary shafts are past:

For feare, left (left alone) they force my fland From forth the Ports. He flew, and brought to hand Eight Darts, foure Shields, 4-Helmes. His owne parts First put in armes, he furnisht both his men. That to their King stood close. But he, as long

As he had shafts to friend, enough was strong For all the wooers: and some one man still He made make even with earth. Till all, a hill Had raifd in th'euen floor'd Hall. His last shaft spent, He fet his Bow against a beame, and went

To arme at all parts, while the other three Kept off the wooers: who, vnarm'd, could be No great affailants. In the well-built wall

A window was thrust out, at end of all The houses Entry: on whose viter fide There lay a way to Towne; and in it, wide And two leav'd folds were forg'd, that gane fit meane

For flyers out; and therefore, at it then Vlyffes plac't Eumaus in close guard: One onely passe ope to it : which (prepard In this fort by Vlyffes, gainst all passe)

By Agelaus tardy memorie, was In question call'd: who bad, some one ascend At fuch a window, and bring straight to fread?

The City with his clamor; that this man Might quickly shoot his last. This, no one can Make fafe accesse to (faide Melanthius)

For 'tis too neere the Hals faire doores: whence thus The man afflicts ye: For from thence, there lies

But one streight passage to it; that denies Accesse to all; if any one man stand (Being one of courage) and will countermand Our offer to it. But I know a way

To bring you armes, from where the Kingdoth lay His whole munition: and, beleeve there is

No other place, to all the Armories Both of himselfe and Sonne. This faide: a paire Of lofty Staires he climb'd; and to th'affaire,

Twelve Shields, twelve Lances broght; as many casks, min nogy after the life VVith horse-haire Plumes, airelier to bitter talks 188 111 and a gotto be ? Both Son and Sire. Then thrinke the tricks money our money the your

And his lou'd heart; when this in ames he jees and pinching with fine and pinching So many wooers ; and their thaken dars and in the it is after it is after it is after it is a first in the in the

For then the worke shew'd, as it asks more Watts a wolled anisan melia A To lafe performance: and he tolde his Sonne and annulos orts qv ybed and i he highelt win beame That or Melansbins, or his maides had done

A deed, that foule warre, to their hands confied. Salini han sid no & week O Father (he replyed) tis I have entil uo (word thinks eldernhaire toll

In this cauf d labour: I, and none but It but a smed dance and it That left the doore ope, of your Atmosty: ("gal of and gained) on and

But some (it seemes) hath set a thatper eve and all of the principle in On that important place: Emmaio Phail Specous lo us in easiled cas or off

Sate may you fleepe, noue the differ of the griffield of aroob art such bnA To this falle action : any maride for Ongoth sur i moy maid moleof back rece and en a That I suspect more; which is Boline Southe.

VVhile thele spake thus; Metinghias went againe state of the For more faire armes; Whom the renowited Swanie 2216 and a come of Esmen faw and tolde Visfer ftraight 300 le gninigh and the

i galabilati atawa na : It was the hatefull man, that his conceine early dream drong geweet whe Before suspected; who had done that ill? And (being againe there) askiff the fliodid kill hand, man it gotter

(If his power feru'd) or he should bring the Swame in the notroy vin to him; rinflict on him a severall plane 1500 to the state of the For cuery forfeite, he had made the house of the filter on be about the u.e.)

He answer'd: Land my Telemachan With the and on the boog none of M VVill heere containe thefe proud ones tridefpine. Come of the containe thefe proud ones tridefpine. Come of the contained the co How much focuer, these stolne armes excite Toher fide, Life ... Oarle

Their guilty courages; while you two tale Possession of the Chamber: the doores make Sure at your backe : and then (Surprising him) and the synth synth synthesis

His focte and hands binde; wrapping enery lim daidhe isang shend In pliant chaines; and with a halter (call-Film period in 115th Y Aloft the Column draw him : where aline Calwards near the what O

He long may hang; and paines chow, deprine His vexed life, before his death linccede.

This was compared

The w**ooers thre**s in this

ille argini, ixila**n**olor O

3.: T

This charge (foone heard) as foone they put to deed: Stole on his stealth; and at the further end Of all the chamber, faw him bufily bend His hands to more armes: when they (still at dore) Watcht his returne. At last, he came, and bore In one nand, a faire Helme : in th'other held A broad, and ancient rufty-rested Shield, That old Laertes in his youth had worne; Of which, the checke=bands had with age bin torne. They rusht vpon him, caught him by the haire, And dragg'd him in againe: whom (crying out) They cast vpon the pauement : wrapt about With fure and pinching cords, both foote and hand; And then (in full acte of their Kings command) A pliant chaine bestow'd on him; and hal'd His body vp the columne, till he feal'd The highest wind-beame. Where, made firmly fast, Enmaus on his just infliction, past This pleasurable cauill: Now you may, All night keepe warch heere, and the earlieft day Discerne (being hung so high) to rouse from rest Your dainty Cattle, to the woods Feaft. There (as befits a man of meanes fo faire), Soft may you fleepe, nought vnder you but aire; And fo, long hang you. Thus they left him there, Made fast the doore; and with Fly jes, were All arm'd in th'inftant, Then they all flood closes Their minds fire breath d in flames against their foes. Foure in th'Entry fighting all alone; albest for ex VVhen from the Hall charg'd many a mighty one: ாக நில்கா கங்கண் But to them then, loues feede (Minerus) came, Two tools it is store! Refembling Menter, both in voice and frame Ofmanly person. Palsing well apaide Virles was ; and faide, Now Menter, aide Gainst these odde mischieses : call to memory now My often good to thee; and that, we two Of one yeares life are. Thus he faid: but thought ratasmon el el It was Minerna, that had ever brought To her fide fafety. On the other part, The wooers threatn'd: but the chiefe in heart. VVas Agelaus; who, to Menter spake. . . i j ribi a . Menter: Let'no words of Villes make 178 ; 2 Thy hand a fighter on his feeble fide, .dedi... Gainst alvs wooers: for we firme abide In this perswassion, That when Sire and Son Our fwords have flaine, thy life is fure to ron One fortune with them : what strange acts hast thou Conceit to forme here ? Thy head must bellow

The wreake of theirs, on vs : And when thy powrs Are taken downe by these sierce steeles of ours; All thy possessions, in doores, and without Must raise on heape with his, and all thy rout Offons and daughters, in thy Turrets bleed Wreake offerings to vs. and our Towne stand freed. Of all charge with thy wife. Mineraces heart Was fir'd with these Braues: the approu'd desert Of her Vlyffes, chiding: faying, No more Thy force nor fortitude, as heretofore Will gaine thee glory. VVhen nine yeares at Troy, VVhire-wrifted Hellens rescue, did imploy Thy armes and wifedome; still, and ever vide The bloods of thousands, through the field diffusde By thy vafte valor; Priams broad-waide Towne By thy grane parts, was fackt, and onerthrowner And now, amongst thy people, and thy goods, Against the wooers base and petulant bloods. Stint it thou thy valour? Rather mourning here, Then manly fighting? Come Friend, Stand we nere; And note my Jabour, that thou maist discerne Amongst thy foes, how Menters Nerues will erne All thy old Bounties. This the spake, but staide Her hand from giuing each-way-often-fwaide Vncertaine conquest, to his certaine vse; But still would try what selfe pow rewould produce Both in the Father, and the glorious Son.

Then, on the wind-beame, that along did ron The finoaky roofe: transform'd Mineras fat Like to a Swallow; formetimes cuffing at The fwords and Lances, rulhing from her feate; And up and downe the troubl'd house, did beate Her wing at euery motion. And as the Had rouz'd Vhilles; fo, the enemy Damafters fonne excited . Polybus, Amphinomas, and Demoprolemis, Eurymonian and Polyttorides For these were men, that of the wooing prease VVeremost egregious, and the clearly best In strength of hand, of all the despense rest That yet furuit d, and now fought for their foules ; VVhich straight, swift arrowes sent among the Fouls. But first. Damafters some had more spare breath To spend on their excitereents, ere his death; And faide, That now Pilles would forbeare His difmall hand, fince Menters spirit was there, And blew vaine vants about Vlyffer eares; In whose trust, he would cease his Massacres, Reft him, and put his friends huge boafts in proofe:

The

The heart of any with a left; fo crown'd

Your withe with a laughter, neuer yeilding

Φελοκερτομος amons cur di cui (cinstere ma-

And so was he beneath the Entries roofe Left with Telemachus, and th'other two: At whom (faide he) discharge no Darts: but thro All at Vlyses, routing his faint roft; Whom if we flaughter, by our interest In loues assistance, all the rest may yield Our pow'rs no care, when he strowes once the field. As he then will'd: they all at randon threw, VVhere they supposed he rested; and then flew Minerua after euery Dart, and made Some strike the threshold; some the wals inuade: Some beate the doores; and all acts rendred vaine Their grave steele offer'd: which escap't, Againe Came on Vly/ses, faying; Othatwe, The wooers troope, with our joynt Archerie Might so affaile; that where their spirits dream On our deaths first, we first may slaughter them. Thus the much sufferer faid; and all let fly, VVhen euerie man strooke dead his enemy: Virses flaughtred Demoptolemus: Euryades by yong Telemachus His death encounter'd. Good Enmant flew Elatus; And Philatius ouerthrew Py/ander: all which, tore the paued floore Vp with their teeth: The reft retir'd before Their fecond charge, to inner roomes; and then Vly/ses follow d: from the flaughter'd men Their darts first drawing. While w worke was done. The wooers threw, with huge contention To kill them all; when with her Swallow wing, Mineraa cufft; and made their Iauclins ring Against the doores, and thresholds, as before: Some yet did graze vpon their markes. One tore The Princes wrift, which was Amphimedon; Th'extreamepart of the skin, but toucht vpon. Ctesippus, ouer good Eumaus Shield His shoulders top did taint; which yet did yield The Lance free paffe, and gaue his hurt the ground. Againe then charg'd the wooers, and girt round Vly/ses with their Lances; who turn'd head, And with his lauelin strooke Eurydamas dead. Telemachus, disliu'd Amphimedon; Enmaus, Polybu; Philatius Won Ctesippus bosome with his dart, and faid; (In quittance of the lesters part he plaid, of the second water The Neats-foot hurling at Physes) Now Great Sonne of Po ytherfes; you that vow Your wit to bitter taunts; and loue to wound

To fooles in folly; but your glory building On putting downe in fooling, ipitting forth Puit words at all forts : Ceale to Rolle at worth, And leave revenge of vile words to the Gods, Since their wits beare the sharper edge by ods: And in the meane time, take the Dart I draite? For that right hospitable foote you gane Divine Villes, begging but his owne. Thus spake the black-Ox-herdsman; & ftraight down Vlyffes ftrooke another with his Dare, (Damafters fon.) Telemachus didpare luft in the midft, the belly of the faire Enemors sonne; his frence Pile taking afte Out at his backe. Flat fell he on his face; His whole browes knocking, and did marke the place. And now, man-flaughtering Palles tooke in hand Her Snake-frindg'd shield, & on that beam took stand In her true forme, where Swallow-like the fat. And then, in this way of the houle, and that? The wooers (wounded at the heart with feare) Fled the encounter: As in Pastures, where Fat Herds of Oxen feede, about the field (As if wilde madneffe their inflines impeld) The high-fed Bullockes flye: whom in the Spring (When dayes are long) Gadbees, or Breezes fling. Visiles and his fonne, the Flyers chac'ft; As when with crooked Beakes and Scres, a cast Ofhill-bred Eagles, cast off at some game, That yet their strengths keepe; But (purvp) in flame The Eagles stoopes; From which along the field The poore Foules make wing: this and that way yield Their hard-flowne Pinions: I hen, the clouds affay For scape or shelter, their forlome dismay All spirit exhaling, all wings strength to carry Their bodies forth; and (struft vp) to the Quarry Their Faulconers ride in, and reioyce to fee Their Hawkes performe a thight fo feruently; So (in their flight) Visffes with his Heire, Did stoope and cutse the wooers, that the aire Broke in valte fighes: whose heads, they shor & cleft; The Pauement boyling with the foules they reft: Liedes (running to Flyffes) toke Hiskness; and thus did on his name innoke: Pliffer: Let me pray thee, to my place Affoord the reuerence; and to me the grace: That never did, or faide, to any Dame

Assistant Such

1

والمراجع والمراجع والمراجع

Thy Court contain'd, or deede, or word to blame.
But others so affected, I haue made
Lay downe their insolence; and if the trade
They kept with wickednesse, haue made them still
Despise my speech, and vie their wonted ill;
They haue their penance by the stroke of death;
Which their destriction warrantesse.
But I am Priess amongst them; and strall I,
That nought haue done worth death, amongst the dya
From thee, this Prouerbe then will men deriue;
Good turnes do neuer their meere deeds survivae.

He (bending his displeased forchead) saide;
If you be Priest amongst them, as you pleade,
Yetyou would marry; and with my wife too;
And haue descent by her: For all that woo
Wish to obtaine, which they should never doo
Dames husbands liuing. You most therefore pray
Offorce, and oft in Court heere; that the day
Of my returns for home might never shine;
The death to me wish't, therefore shall be thine.

This faid; he tooke a fword up that was cast From Agelaus, having strooke his last; And on the Priests mid necke, he laide a stroke That strooke his head off; tumbling as he spoke.

Then did the Poet Phamius (whose sur-name VVas call'd Terpiades; who thither came. Forc't by the woo'rs)fly death; but being nere The Courts great gate, he stood, and parted there In two his counfailes; either to remone And take the Altar of Herseian Ione; (Madefacred to him; with a world of Art Engrauen about it; where were wont e impart Laertes, and Vlyffes, many a Thye Of broad-brow'd Oxen to the Deity) Or venture to Vlyffes: claspe his knee. And pray his ruth. The last was the decree His choise resolu'd on. Twixt the royall Throne. And that faire Table that the Bolle stood on VVith which they facrific'd; his Harpe he laide Along the earth; the Kings knees hugg d, and faide:

Visifes! Let my prayers obtaine of thee
My facred skils respect, and ruth to mee.
It will hecreafter grieue thee to haue flaine
A Poet, that doth sing to Gods and men.
I, of my selfeam taught: for God alone,
All sorts of song hath in my bosome sowne:
And I, as to a God, will sing to thee;

Then do not thou deale like the Priest, with ma.

Thine owne lou'd sonne Telemachus will say,
That not to beg heere; nor with willing stay
Was my accesse to thy high Court address,
To give the woods my song after Feasts
But being many, and so much more strong;
They fore t me hither, and compelled my Song.

This did the Princes facred vertue heare;
And to the King his Father, faid: Forbeare

To mixe the guildeffe, with the guildes blood.
And with him likewife, let our mercies fore.

Medow the Herald; that did fill behave

Himfelfe with care of my good fronting childe;
If by Esman yethe be not kild;
Or by Philatine; nor your fury mer;
While all this blood about the housest firet.

While all this blood about the house of the ser.
This Medon heard, as lying hid hereauth.
A Throne fer neere, halfe dead with feare of death.
A new-flead Oxe-hide (as but there throwed by).
His ferious shroud made, he lying there so fly.
But hearing this, he quickly left the Thropse's
His Oxe-hide cast as quickly, and as soone.
The Princes knees feez of thropse's one love.
I am not slaine; but heare alive, and whose.
Abstaine your felse; and do not fee your Sine.
Quench with my cold blood, the supressure direct that thames in his strength, making finished me.
His wraths right, for the wooers iningly.

Piffer smil d, and said; the consideration in this man hath sau'd, and made there different;
To let thee know, and say, and others see,
Good life, is much more safe them willow.
Go then, six free without, from death within:
This much renowned Singer, from the sin
Of these men likewise quit. Both refl you there,
While I my house purge, as it first me here.

This faide, they went and tooke their feat without At Iones high Altar, looking round about, Expecting ftill their flaughter: VVhen the King Search round the Hall, to, try lies hidden wing Made from more death. But all, laid profitate there In blood and gore he faw: whole tholes they were; And lay as thicke, as in a hollow creake VVithout the white Sea, when the Fathers breake Their many-methed Draught-net vp, there lye Fifth frisking on the Sands; and faine the dry VVould for the wet change. But th'al-feeing beam The Sun exhales, but fucks their lives from them a

So, one by other, spraul'd the wooers there. Virfes, and his Son then, bid appeare The Nurse Euryclea, to let her heare His minde in something, fit for her affaire. He op't the doore, and call'd; and faid, Repaire Graue Matron, longfince borne; that art our Spy ાત**ા અ**તાર છે. To all this houses seruile huswifery: A orbi My Father cals thee, to impart fome though? That askes thy action. His word found in nought Her flacke observance, who straight op't the dore And enter'd to him; when himfelfe before Had left the Hall. But there, the King she view d Amongst the slaine, with blood and gore embrew'd: And as a Lyon sculking all in Night, Farre off in Pastures, and come home, all dight dMIn jawes and brest-lockes, with an Oxes blood, New feafted on him, his lookes full of mood; So look't Ply ses; all his hands and feete Freckl'd with purple. When which fight did greete The poore old woman (fuch workes being for eyes Of no fost temper) out the brake in cries; VVhose vent, though throughly opened he yet closed, Cal'd her more neere, and thus her plaints compoids ani bra wat Forbeare; nor shricke thus: But vent loyes as loud; 3 100 322. It is no piety to bemone the proud: Though ends befall them, moung neere to much, These are the portions of the Gods to such. application to all Mens owne impieties, in their instantact, Sustaine their plagues; which are with fay but ratte. Adu . . . g. dtl But these men, Gods nor men had in esteeme: To de de constante de la const Nor good, nor bad, had any sence in them. Their lines directly ill, were therefore cante That Death in thefe sterne formes, To deepely drawes. Recount then to me, those licentions Dames, in and That loft my honor, and their fexes fhames. eggai , 57**8**7≸ Ile tell you truly (the replied.) There are Twice five and twenty women here, that share 5A 65 3 34 All worke amongst them; whom I raught to Spin, firm my o And beare the iust bands that they suffer d in: 4 Li. 1 - 22 Of all which, onely there were twelve, that gaue Themselues to impudence, and light behaue; Nor me respecting, nor herselfe (the Queene. Y And for your Son, he hath but lately bene offer a Of yeares to rule: Nor would his Mother beare His Empire, where her womens labors were: Burlet mego, and giue her notice now harms at 10 mores. And Voriation and Vil Of your arrivall. Sure some God doth show Hour plen. auchie. His hand vpon her, in this rest she takes,

That all these vprores beares, and neuerwakes. Nor wake her yet (laid he) but caule to come Those twelve light women, to this viter rootine, She made all vemost haste, to constraint go, And bring the women he had furnment for Then, both his Swaines and Son, beloud, go call The women to their aide, and elected bill Tho be Of those dead bodies : Cledie zachbedrik & Thiene VVith wetted Sponges: which aviels the fire done He bad take all the Strumpels, twist the wall : 4 5 18 18 18 Of his first Court; and that become recentle Halls as In which, the veffell of the houle were from de And in their bosomes sheath their enery sword Till all their foules were fled; and they had then; Felt twas but paine to spost with lawlessemen. This faid; the women came, all drown din mone; And weeping bitterly. But lieft hear done! The bearing thence the dead sall which beneath which The Portice they flow d, where deathichedenth. They heap't together. Then tooke all the paines are to V by ses will d. His Sonne yet, and the Swaines poner. VVithparing-shoulds wroughts: The women bose Their parings forth; and althe clotter it goie. The house then clentd, they brought the women out it is That no meanes feruid their fad effates to the sand sand Then faide Telemacha, Thefe thall not dye A death that lets out any wanton bloods and Williams And vents the poilon that game Last her foode. The body clenting; but a death that chokes The breath, and all together, that protokes And feemes as Bellowes, to abhorred Luft : That both on my head; pour dedepranes wainft, And on my Mothers; scandaling the Court. VVith men debaucht, in so abhorred a fort. This faid; a Halfer of a fhip they caft up. ... About a croffe beame of the toofe; which faft They made about their neckes, in twelve parts cut; Andhal'd them vp fo high, they could not put Their feete to any stay. As which was done, Looke how a Mauis, or a Pygeon In any Groue, caught with a Sprindge, or Net; VVith firugling Pinions gainfithe ground doth beat Her tender body; and that then fireight bed Is fowre to that fwindge, in which the was bred; So firiu dthese taken Birds, till enery one Her pliant halter, had enforc't vpon Her stubborne necke; and then alost was haul'd

To wretched death. A little spaceshey sbrauld Their feet fast mouing; but were quickly still. Then fetcht they downe Malembins an fulfill early anight of pur clorit The equal execution; which was done so to sind in the distriction? In Portall of the Hall; and thus beguns and pudents of providing logismA They first flit both his Nesethrils icrops tachenes His Members tugg d off, which the dogs could reare. And chop up bleeding frees and while redibot The vice-abhorring blood was a offithey forious. His hands and feet, and there that worke had end: Then washt they hands & feet, that blood had steintly And tooke the house againe. And then the King (Euryelea calling) bad her quickly bring the home weather a state of All ill-expelling Brimftone, and forme fire, That with perfumes cast, he might thake entire The houses first integrity in all amount standards in more than the And then his timely will was, the should tall Her Queene and Ladies; still yet charging her That all the Handmaids the thould fit it confer. She said, he spake as fixed a Burbestore, see the seed of the seed of the She held it fit to change the weeds he wore. And the would others bring him other notice His faire broad shoulders might rest clad and show His person to his servants was roo blame. First bring me Fire said he. She went and come VVith fire, & fulphure straight, with which the hell And of the huge house, all roomes capitall shell . Shell is He throughly sweetned. Then went Mirfetoesis ... 300 The Handmaid fernants downe : Se vo the were To tell the newes, and will d them so present leded i Their feruice to their Soueraigne Downe they came. Sustaining Torches all, and potent a flame in the rot bra/ Of Loue, about their Lord: with welcomes home, ा अहर VVith huggings of his hands, with laboriome noba/ Both heads and fore-heads, killes, and embraces min / And plyed him fo, with all their louing graces, " =idia That teares and fighes, tooke up his whole define; $\gamma_1 \cdot d$ For now he knew their hearts to him entire.

The End of the X X 1 1. Booke of Homers Odyffes.



THEXXIII. BOOKE HOMERS ODYSSES.

THE ARGVMENT. 7 Lylles to bis wife is knowne: A briefe from of his Transiles former. Hamfelfo bes Son and Serments 20 T'approne the Woters entre brow.

For all annones initam d before: The true wines soves. now made the more.



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with ...

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He feruants thus inform'd; the Matron goes Vp., where the Queene was call in such repose; Affected with a feruent joy to tell V.Vhat all this time the did with paine conceale. Her knees repoke their first strength; and her feete Were borne about the ground with wings, to greete The longigreen'd Queene, with newes her King was come; And (necre her) faid: Wake, Leave this withdrawne roome; That now your eyes may fee, at length, though late.

The man return'd, which all the heavy date Your woes have rackt out, you have long'd to fee: Viriles is come home, and hath fet free His Court of all your wooers; flaughtering all; For wasting so his goods with Festivall: His house so vexing; and for violence done, So all waies varied to his onely sonne. She answer'd her; The Gods have made thee mad; Of whose pow'r now, thy pow'rs such proof haue had. The Gods can blinde with follies, wileft eies, And make men foolish, so to make them wife. For they have hurt even thy grave braine, that bore An understanding spirit hererofore. V Vhy halt thou wak't me to more teares, when Mone Hath turn'd my minde, with teares, into her owne? Thy madnesse much more blamefull, that with lyes Thy hafte is loaden : and both robs mine eyes

Of most delightsome sleepe; and sleepe of them, That now had bound me in his fweet extream, Tembrace my lids, and close my vsuall Spheres. I have not flept fo much this twenty yeares; Since first my dearest sleeping-Mate was gone For that too-ill-to-speake of, Ilien. Hence, take your mad steps backe; if any Maid

Of all my traine besides, a part had plaid Of all my traine besides, a part had plaid So bold to wake, and tell mine eares fuch lies; I hadreturn'd her to her huswiferies VVith good proofe of my wrath to fuch rude Dames: But go your yeares have fau'd their yonger blames. She answer'd her : I nothing wrong your eare, But tell the truth : your long-mift Lord is heere; And, with the wooers flaughter, his owne hand (In chiefe exploit) hath to his owne command Reduc't his house; and that poore Guest was he. That all those wooers, wrought such iniutie. Telemachus had knowledge long ago That twas his Father; but his wifedome fo Obseru'dhis counsailes; to giue surer end To that great worke, to which they did contend.

This call'd her spirits to their conceiuing places; She fprung for ioy, from blames into embraces Of her graue Nurse: wip't euery teare away From her faire cheekes, and then began to fay What Nurse said, over thus; O Nurse, can this. Be true thou fayste How could that hand of his Alone, deftroy to many? They would full Troope all together. How could he then kill Such numbers, so vnited? How? (said she) I have nor feene, nor heard; but certainly The deed is done. VVe fate within, in feare; The doores flut on vs: and from thence might heare The fighes, and grones of euery man he flew; But heard, nor faw more : till at length, there flew Your fonnes voice to mine eare, that call'd to me, And bad me then come foorth: and then I fee Vlyffes standing in the midst of all Your flaughtred wooers, heap't vp like a wall, One on another, round about his fide; It would have done you good to have descride Your conquiring lord; al fineard with blood & gore So like a Lyon. Straight then, off they bore The flaughtred carkaffes; that now before The fore-Court gates lye, one on other pilde. And now your victor, all the Hall (defilde VVith stinch of hot death) is perfuming round;

And with a mighty fire the harth hath crown'd. Thus, all the death remould, and every roome Made sweet and sightly; that your selfe should come His pleasure sent me. Come then, take you now Your mutuall file of comfort : Gricfe, on you Hath long, and many fufferings laid; which length, VVhich many fuffrings, nowe your vertuous flrength Of vncorrupted chaftneffe, hath conferr d A happy end to. He that long hath err'd Is fafe arriu'd at home : his wife, his fonne Found fafe & good; all ill that hath bene done On all the dooers heads (though long prolong d) His right hath wreak't, and in the place they wrong'd. She answer'd: Do not you now laugh, and boff As you had done some great act seeing most Into his Being: For, you know, he won (Euen through his poore, and vile condition) A kind of prompted thought; that there was place Some vertue in him, fit to be embrac't By all the house; but, most of all, by me. And by my Son, that was the progenie Of both our loues. And yet it is not he, For all the likely proofes ye plead to me: Some God hath flaine the wooers, in disdaine Of the abhorred pride, he faw fo raigne In those base workes they did: No man aline, Or good, or bad, whoever did arrive At their abodes once, ever could obtaine Regard of them: and therefore their fo vaine And vile deferts, have found as vile an end. But (for Viy/ses) neuer will extend His wisht returne to Greece: Nor he yet lines. How strange a Queen are you? (faid she) that gines No truth your credit? That your husband, fet Close in his house at fire, can purchase yet No faith of you; But that he still is farre From any home of his? your wit's at warre With all credulity every and yet now Ile name a figne, shall force beleefe from you: I bath'd him lately; and beheld the fear That still remaines a marke too ocular To leave your heart yet blinded; and I then Had run and told you : but his hand was feine To close my lips from th'acclamation My heart was breathing: and his wisedome won My still retention, till he gaue me leane, And charge to tell you this. Now then recease My life for gage of his returne; which take

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In any cruell fashion; if I make All this not cleere to you. Lou'd Nurse (said she) Though many things thou knowst, yet these things be Veil'd in the countailes th'vncreated Gods Haue long time maskt in: whose darke periods Tis hard for thee to fee into; But come, Lets fee my fon; the flaine; and he by whom They had their flaughter. This faid, down they went; When on the Queens part, divers thoghts wer spent; If (all this given no faith) the still mould stand Aloofe, and question more: Or his hugg'd hand, And loued head, the should at first assay With free-given kiffes. VVhen her doubtfull way Had past the stony panement, she tooke seate Against her husband, in the opposite heate The fire then cast vpon the other wall: Himselfe, set by the Columne of the Hall; His lookes cast downwards, and expected still, VVhen her incredulous, and curious will To thun ridiculous error, and the thame Tokisse a Husband, that was not the fame, VV ould downe, and win enough faith from his fight. She filent fate, and her perplexed plight Amaze encounter'd : Sometimes, the flood cleare He was her Husband: sometimes, the ill weare His person had put on, transform'd him so, That yet his stampe would hardly current go-

Her fon her strangenesse selecting; blam'd her thus:
Mother, vngentle Mother! tyramous!
In this too curious modesty you show;
Why sit you from my Father? Nor bestow
A word on me, enquire and cleere such doubt
As may perplexe you? Found man euer out
One other such a wise? That could forbeare
Her lou'd Lords welcome home, when twenty yeare
In infinite sufferance, he had spent apart:

Section 18

angli nggitt bil

No Flint fo hard is, as a womans hart.

Son (she replied) Amaze containes my minde,
Nor can I speake, and vie the commune kind
Of those enquiries; nor sustaine to see
VVith opposite lookes, his countenance. If this be
My true Flyses now return'd; there are
Tokens betwixt vs of more sitnesse tarre
To giue me argument, he is my Lord;
And my affurance of him, may afford
My proofes of toy for him, from all these eies
VVith more decorum; then object their guise
To publique notice. The much-Sufferer brake

In laughter out; and to his Son faid; Take Your Mother from the preale; that the may make Her owne proofes of me, which perhaps may give More cause to the acknowledgements, that drive Their shew thus off. But now, because I goe So poorely clad, she takes distaine to know So loath da creature, for het loued Lord. Let vs consult then, how we may accord. The Towne to our late action. Some one, slaine, Hath made the all-left slaughterer of him, faine To shy his friends and country. But our swords Haue slaine a Cities most supportful Lords. The chiefe Peters of the kingdome: therefore see You we wise meanes t vehold your wichorie.

See you to that good Father (faide the Son) Whole countailes have the four raigne glory won From all men liuing. None will striue with you: But with vaquestion'd Girlands grace your brow: To whom, our whol alacrities we vow. In free attendance. Nor shall our hands leane Your onless needy of supplies, to give All the effects that in our pow'rs can fall. Then this (faid he) to me seemes capital Of all choife courses: Bathe we first, and then Attirewe freshly: all our Maides and men Enjoyning likewise, to their best attire. The facred Singer then, let touch his Lire And go before vs all in gracefull dance, That all without, to whole cares that advance Our cheerefull accents, (or of Transilers by, Or firme inhabitants) folemnity Of frolicke Nuptials may imagine licere. And this performe we, left the maffakere Of all our wooers be divulged about The ample City, ere our felues ger our, And greet my Father, in his Groue of Trees; Where, after, we will proue what policies Olympias shall suggest to ouercome Our latest toiles, and crowne our welcome home. This all obey'd: Bath'd, put on fresh attire,

This all obey d: Bath'd, put on freelf attire,
Both men and women did; Then rootle fits Lire'
The holy finger, and fet thing on fire
VVith fongs, and fault effe danced: all the Court
Rung with the footings, that the minimistic froit
From iocund men drew, and faire gradf it Dances;
VVhich, (heard abroad) thus flew the comming fames:
This fure the day is, when the much woo'd Queen

Is richly wed; O wretch! That hath not beene

So constant, as to keepe her ample house Til th'vtmost houre, had brought her formost spouse, Thus fome concein'd, but little knew the thing. And now, Enrynome had bath'd the King: Smooth'd him with Oyles, and he himselfe attir'd In vestures royall. Her part then inspir d The Goddesse Pallas; deck't his head and face With infinite beauties: gaue a goodly grace and a supplied Of stature to him: a much plumper plight Through all his body breath'd; Curles foft, & bright et dans bur Adorn'd his head withall, and made it show, As if the flowry Hyacinth did grow ್ - ಮಣಿಕ∪∺ In all his pride there: In the generall trim 42100 50 7 Of every locke, and every curious lim. ा न ं स्थाप कर हो र का है Looke how a skilfull Artizan, well feene 740 rrese In all Arts Metalline; as having beene n 20 Does er Taught by Mineral, and the God of fire. ិក្សា ខាង នៅ**នៃ**ពេលប្រ Doth Gold, with Silver mix for that entire Same to the stage of They keepe their felfe distinction; and yet fo, L. whom, That to the Silver, from the Gold doth flow in a second A much more artificiall lufter then his owne; Mr. Low Barry And thereby to the Gold it felfe, is growne ar star for the file set list. A greater glory, then if wrought alone: Then the control of t Both being stuck off, by eithers mixtion: i daohar ili dolla C So did Minerua, hers and his combine; Actiewed at the at our He more in Her, She more in Him did thine. Enjoyaine L. Le. 10. 10. Like an Immortall from the Bath, he rofe: The factor blogger their And to his wife did all his gracedifpole Sills and median but. Encountring this her strangenesse: Cruell Dame Of all that breathe; the Gods, paff freele and frame Haue made thee ruthlesse: Life retaines not one alean retaines not one Of all Dames elfe, that beares fo ouer-growne A minde with abstinence; as twenty yeares To miffe her husband, drown'd in woes, and teares to be a read was no in 10 And at his comming, keepe aloofe; and fare The ample Carry, see east As of his fo long absence, and his care, And greet my Eather, in ... No sense had seisd her. Go Nurse make a bed, ्वाप्तिक अन्युक्त विद्यालया अ<mark>प्तिक्र अप्र</mark> That I alone may fleepe; her heart is dead Open Bastlinill vacant To all reflection. To him thus replied walling of mall ro Mass I was like in a Bodyanen a. 1. van -With branest men: Nor poorest, vie to leight. Your meane apparance made not me retire क्षीरेक, हे वैद्धांत au Nor this your rich shew, makes me now admire, Nor moues at all: For what is all to me, ាក់ ក**ារ**នៃពន្ធភាព ម៉ែននេះ គឺ គ. កា If not my husband? All his certainty Some Same Detailed I knew at parting, but (follong apart) - Garate A. Jaco The outward likenesse, holds no full defart at Moron of har free file

For me to trust to. Go Nutse, see address A fost bed for him; and the fingle rest Himselfe affects so. Let it be the bed. That flands within our Bridal Chamber-fled. VVhichhe himself made: Bring it forth from thence; And see it furnisht with magnificence. This faid the, to affay him; and did ffir Euen his establisht patience; and to hit. Whom thus he answerd: Woman!your words prone My patience strangely: VVho is it can moue My Bed out of his place ? It shall oppresse Earths greatest under stander; and valesse, Euen Godhimselse come, that can easely grace Men in their most skils, it shall hold his place. For Man : he lives not, that (as not moffskill'd, So not most youg) shall easely make it yield. If (building on the ftrength in which he flowes) He addes both Levers to, and Iron Growes. For, in the fixure of the Bed is showne A Maister-peece; a wonder: and twas done By me, and none but me : and thus was wrought; There was an Oline tree, that had his grought Amidit a hedge; and was of shadow, proud; Fresh, and the prime age of his verdire show'd. His leaves and armes fo thicke, that to the eye It show d a columns for folidity. To this, had I a comprehension To build my Bridall Bowre; which all of flone, Thicke as the Tree of leanes, I raidle, and caft A Roofe about it, nothing metaly gracifly Put glew'd doores to it, that op't Art enough. Then, from the Office, every broad-lean bough I lope away : then fell'd the Tree, and then VVent ouer it, both with ray Aze, and Plaine: Both gouern'd by my Line. And then, I how'd My curious Bed-fled out; in which, I thew'd Worke of no commune hand. Alkthis begon, I could not leave till to perfection My paines had brought it. Tooke my Wimble, bor'd The holes as fitted : and did laft afford The varied Omament, which show dino want Of Silver, Gold, and poliffit Elephant. An Oxe-hide Dide in purple, then I threw About the cords. And thus, to curious view I hope I have objected honest figne, To proue, I author nought that is not mine: But, if my bed fland varemon d tor no. O woman, paffeth humane wit to know. This funk her knees & heart, to heare forme

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The fignes the vrg'd; and first, did teares ensue Her rapt affurance : Then she rang and spread Her armes about his necke; kist oft his head; And thus the curious stay the made, excuside: Vly/ses! Be not angry, that I vide Such strange delayes to this; since heretosore Your fuffering wifedome, hath the Gyrland wore From all that breath: and 'tis the Gods that thus
With mutuall miffe, fo long afflicking vs,
Haue caufd my coyneffe: To our youths, entied
That wish t society, that should hause tied That wisht society, that should have tied Our youths and yeares together: and fince now Judgement and Daty, should our age allow
As full joyes therein, as in youth and blood: As tull loyes therein, as in youth authorou.

See all yong anger, and reproofe withflood.

For not at first fight giving yp my armes:

Meheart fill trembling, left the falfe alarmes Mpheart still trembling, lest the false alarmes I hat words oft strike vp, should ridiculize me. Had Argine Hellen knowne credulity VVould bring fuch plagues with it sand her, againe (As aucthresse of them all) with that foule staine
To her, and to her countrey; she had staid Her loue and mixture from a firangers bed.
But God impell d her to a firangers dede. sis a sibilar Because she had not in her selfe decreed Because the had not in her telledecreed
Before th'attempt; That, such acts ftill were thent, By which, not onely she her felfe sustaines,

But we, for her fault, haue paid insurall paines.

Yet now, since these signes of our certaine bed

You have discovered and discovered. As simply in themselves, as in th'event. You have discovered, and distinguished
From all earths others: No one man but you, Yet euer getting of it th'onely thow; Nor one, of all Dames, but my felfe, and the My Father gaue; old Atters progenie:

(Who ever guarded to our felves the dore
Of that thick-finded chamber) I no more Willcroffe your cleere perfwation: though, till now, abluon I flood too doubtfull, and auftere to you.

These words of hers, so instifying her say,
Did more desire of toyfull mone comay. To his glad minde; then if at inflant fight; She had allow'd him, all his withes right of the control of the state of the same of the s He wept for ioy, t'enioy a wife to fit and the state of t For his graue minde, that knew his depthrof with a second and have And held chaste vertue at a price to high And as fad men at Sea, when shore is night, the (lost VVhich long their hearts haue wisht (their ship quite

By Nepsanes rigor, and they vext, and toft Twixt winds &black waves fwimming for their lives; A few escap't; and that few that survives (All drenche in fome, and brink) craulevp to Land, VVith ioy as much as they did worlds command: So deare, to this wife, was her husbands fight; Who still embrac't his necke; and haid (til light Displaid her filuer Ensigne) if the Dame That beares the blew sky, entermixe with flame In her faire eyes, had not infart her thought On other ioyes, for loues to hardly brought To long'd-for meeting: who th'extended night VVith-held in long date; nor would let the light Her wing-hoou'd horse joynes (Lamping Phierre)
Those euer Colts, that bring the word on
To worldly men; But, in her golden chaire,
Downe to the Ocean, but her follow hair Downe to the Ocean, by her filuer haire Bound her afpirings. Then Visited 3 O wife: Nor yet are my contentions Raid; A most vnmeasur diabour, long and hard Askes more performance; to it, being prepar'd By grave Tirefias, when downe to held I made darke paffage; that his stall might tell My mens returne, and usine. But come, and now Enjoy the sweet rest that our Fates allow. The place of rest is ready, (the replyed) Your will at full ferue, fince the deified Haue brought you, where your right is to command. But fince you know (God making vaderstand Your fearching mind) informe me, what muft be Your last set labour; Since twill fall to me (I hope) to heare it after tell me now: The greatest pleasure is before to know. Vnhappy? (faid Vh/ses) To what end Importune you this labour? It will lend Nor you, nor me, delight, but you thall know. I was commanded, yet more to beflow My yeares in trauaile; many Cities more By Sea to visit : and when first for shore I was will'd to take A navall Oare in hand; and with it make My paffage forth, till fuch ftrange men I met, As knew no Sea, nor ever falt did eat With any victles: who the purple beakes Of Ships did neuer fee : nor that which breakes The waves in curles, which is a Fan-like Oare, And ferues as wings, with which a ship doth soare. To let me know then when I was arrived

On that strange earth, where such a people liu'd. He gaue me this for an unfailing figne: When any one, that tooke that Oare of mine Borne on my shoulder, for a Corne-clense Fan, I met ashore, and shew'd to be a man Of that Lands labour: There had I command To fixemine Oare; and offer on that firand Timperiall Neptune (whom I must implore) A Lambe, a Bull, and Sow-alcending Bore: And then turne home; where all the other Gods That in the broad heaven made fecure abods I must folicite (all my curious heed Giuen to the seuerall rites they have decreed) VVith holy Hecatombes: And then, at home A gentle death should seize me, that would come From out the Sea, and take me to his rest In full ripe age; about me, living bleft, My louing people: To which (he prefag'd) The fequell of my fortunes were engag d. If then (saide she) the Gods will please timpose A happier Being to your fortunes close Then went before; your hope gives comfort fireneth. That life shall lend you better dayes at length. VVhile this discourse spent mutual speech, the bed Eurynome and Nurse had made; and spred With richest Furniture, while Torches spent Their parcell gilt thereon. To bed then went The aged Nurse; and where their Soueraignes were, Eurynome (the Chamber-maid) did beare A Torch, and went before them to their reft: To which she left them; and for hers addrest. The King and Queene then, now(as newly wed) Resum'd the old Lawes of th'embracing bed. Telemachus, and both his Herdsmen, then Diffolu'd the dances, both to Maids and men : VVho in their shady roofes tooke timely sleepe. The Bride, and Bridegroome, having ceast to keepe Observed Loue-ioyes; from their fit delight, They turn'd to talke. The Queene then did recite VV hat the had fuffer'd by the hatefull rout Of harmfull wooers, who had eate her our So many Oxen, and fo many Sheepe; How many Tun of wine their drinking deepe Had quite exhausted. Great Viffes then, VVhat euer flaughters he had made of men; VVhat euer forrowes he himfelfe fustain'd, Repeated amply, and her eares remain'd VVith all delight, attentive to their end.

Nor would one winke fleepe, till he told her all: Beginning where he gaue the Cacons fall. From thence, his paffe to the Latophagie; The Crelops acts; the putting out his eye, And wreake of all the Souldiers he had eate. No least ruth shewne, to all they could entreate. His way to Æolas; his prompt receit. And kinde difmission : his inforce retreate By fodaine Tempest, to the fishy maine, And quite distraction from his course againe. His landing at the Lastrigonian Port, VVhere thips and men, in miferable fort, Met all their spoiles; his ship, and he, alone Got off from the abhorr'd confinion. His passe to Circe; her deceits, and Arts: His thence descension to thinfernall parts: His lifes course of the Thebase Prophet learn'd: VVhere, all the flaughter'd Grecians he descern'd, And loued Mother. His aftonish eare With what the Syrens voices made him heare. His scape from th'erring Rockes, which soylle was, And rough Charybain; with the dangerous paffe Of all that toucht there: His Suilian
Offence given to the Sun: His every man Deftroy dby thunder, vollied out of heaven, That fplit his Ship; his owne endenours driven To thist for fuccours on th' Ogygian thore, VVhere Nimph Calpple, fuch affection bore To him in his arrivall: That with feaft She kept him in her Caues, and would have bleft His welcome life, with an immortall flate; VVould he have staid, and liu'd her Nupeial mase: All which the neuer could perfwade him to. His passe to the Phasciant frent in wo: Their hearty welcome of him, as he were, A God descended from the starry Sphere: Their kinde dismission of him home, with Gold, Braffe, Garments; all things his occasions would. This last word vide; sleepe feiz'd his weary eye, That falues all care, to all mortality. In meanespace, Pallas, entertain'd intent, That when Philes, thought enough time frent In loue-ioyes with his wife, to raise the Day, And make his grave occasions, call, away. The Morning rose, and he; when thus he saide; O Queene: Now latiate with afflictions, laide On both our bosomes; (you oppressed heere With cares for my returne; I, every where

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By Ione, and all the other Deities, tost
Euen till all hope of my returne was lost)
And both arriu'd at this sweet Hauen, our Bed;
Be your care vide, to see administed
My house possessions left. Those Sheepe that were
Consum'd in surfets by your wooers heere;
lle forrage, to supply with some; and more,
The suffering Grecians shall be made restore,
Euen till our stalles receive their wonted fill.

And now, to comfort my good Fathers ill
Long fuffer'd for me: To the many-tree'd
And ample Vineyard grounds, it is decreed
In my next care, that I must haste, and fee.
His long d'for prefence. In the meane time, be
Your wisedome vide; that since (the Sun ascended)
The fame will soone be through the Town extended,
Of those I heere have slaine; your selfe (got close,
Vp to your chamber) see you there tepose,
Cheer'd with your women; and, nor looke assort
Without your Court; nor anie man, a word.

This faid he arm'd: To arms, both Son and Swain
His powre commanding; who did entertaine
His charge with fpirit: Op't the gates, and out;
Heleading all. And now was hurl'd about
Assorats ruddie fire: through all whose light
Mineraled them, through the Towne from fight.

The End of the X XIII. Booke of Homers Odyfes.



And to them (after)came the mountfuli Gloft



THE XXIII BOOK BUILDING HOMER'S OF YOUR WINDS

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ish Son given hand, in the handwid and a commany a wread and the commany wread and death did flare for the confidence of the did the same and the sa



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And to them (after)came the mournfull Ghoft Of Agamemnen, with all those, he lost In falle Agysthus Court. Achilles then Beholding there, that mighty King of men: Deplor'd his plight, and faid: O Atrem Son! Of all Heroes: all Opinion Gaue thee, for loses most lou'd fince most command Of all the Greekes he gave thy eminent hand At fiedge of Ilien, where we fuffer dio: And is the iffue this? That first in wo. Sterne Fate did therefore fet thy fequell downe? None borne paft others Fates can paffe his owne. I wish to heaven, that in the heighth of all Our pompe at Ilien, Fate had fign'd thy fall; That all the Greekes might have advanc't to thee; A famous Sepulcher, and Fame might fee Thy Son given honor in thy honour dend. But now, a wretched death did Fate extend To thy confusion and thy Issues frame. O Thesis Son (faid he) the vitall flame Extinct at them, far from th' Argine fields; The stile of blessed, to thy vertue yields. About thy fall, the best of Greece and Troy VVcre facrific'd to flaughter: Thy inflior Concein d in battell, with forme worth forgot In fuch a death, as great Apollo thos At thy encounters: Thy brane person lay Hid in a dufty whirlewinde, that made way old VVith humane breaths, spent in the ruines flace Thou great, wert greatly valew d in thy Fate. All day we fought about thee; nor as all Had coult our conflict, had not sovelet fall and some and and a single on A A storme, that fore't off our vnwilling feete. But, having brought thee from the fight, to flette and have a both Thy glorious person (bath'd and balm'd) we laide the state of the water to to W. Aloft a bed; and round about the paide a describe a from man and anA The Greekes warme teares, to thy deplore deceste; 7 - 271103 111 The case from Quite danted, cutting all their curles, increase. Thy death drave a divine voice through the Season and and and and That started vp thy Mother from the wanes : ::::::: Oft - :00ec And all the Marine Godheads, left their caucs 1,750 Ga Conforting to our fleet her rapt repaire: is old ંકHં The Greekes flood frighted to see Sea, and Aire, -A And Earth, combine to in thy loffes fence To see ിഠ Had taken thip, and fled for euer thence. If old-much-knowing-Neffer had not staide Their rushing off: His counsailes having swaide In all times former, with fuch cause, their courses.

Who bad contains themselves, and trust their forces; For all they faw, was Thetis come from Sea, VVith others of the watry progenie, To see and mourne for her deceased Son . VVhich staid the seares; that all to sight had won: And round about thee stood th'old Sea gods feedes! VV retchedly mourning : their immercall weeds Spreading upon thee: all the facred Nine Of deathleffe Mules, paid thee dues diaine; By varied turnes their heauthly voyers venting All in deepe passion for thy deatheons in a And then, of all our Army not an eye You could have seene, vndrown'd in misery; The mouing Muse, so rul'din cuery minde. The mouing Full senenteene dayes and nights, our traces confin d To celebration of thy mourned end price Allies be Both men, and Gods, did in thy silvant contends The eighteenth day, we front about thy heape 10,220. Of dying fire : Blacke Oxen, farten Sticepe and promise VVeilew, past number. Then the pleasure species and (Thy Corie) wee tooke vp, which with floots of wile And pleasant Hony we embalm & said dien : ohuooh ... voner VVrape thee in those Robes, this the Gods did same: In which, we gaue thee to the Hallowell lame, To which, a number of heroicial mante; All arm'd, came ruthing in, in defporage plight; As prefit to facrifice their vitall right of antoged flour and the To thy dead ruines, while to brighte they have the little.
Both toote & horfe brake in said fedgile, & mound in infinite tumult. But when all the said to the little to th The rich flame lafted; and that with the rich can ad the Thy body was with the enamor'd facepoy at the grand it and the product of VVe came in early Morne, and an artistic control out the same at the control of t Collection made, of every Inorie bont q a what co was treesed ... VVhich washt in wine, and glaces he with the ide A two-car'd Bolle of Gold thy Molhe? game od seemed mort alst and By Basebar giuen her; and did to the recessor have or a na short work From Falcan famous hand; which to remove them and the brother and the Great Thetis Son) with thy faite blinds we drown the membrase of T. Mixt with the Bones of Manufacturing wow bits agond of the Dount O Patreelan And brane Antilocher, which in the state of Of thy Patroclus, was thy faubure Deale of Samo as w I: About thee then, a matchleffe Sepulcher, my bard you was the service of The facred hoalt of the Atheirs of the more wow but we work some first Vpon the Hellefpent; where most it feith signifier of observed the service. (For height, and confpicuity) the cies , as a gain resident the best of the Thy Mother then obtain of the Gette confident 4. South of the programme of

We spent at Sea, in hope to instigate

To inflitute an honor'd game, that spent The best approuement of our Grecian Fames: The castle of In whose praise, I must say, that many games About Heroes Sepulchers, mine eyes thairbaara a Hau e leene perform'd But thefe, bore off the prize V Vith myracles to me from all before, In which, thy Silver-footed Mothers bore The Institutions name; but thy defarts (Being great with heaven) caufdal the eminent parts. And thus, through all the worst effects of Fate, Achilles Fame, cuen Death (hall propagate: VVhile any one, thall lend the light an eye, Divine Escides (hal neuer dye. , week Side a William or But wherein can these comforts be conceined the state of As rights to me? when having quite archier d An end with fafety, and with Conquest too สกาย ... ออกสาย เออา Offo vnmatcht a warre; what none could do it a, and he had at a fi Of all our enemies there, sat home, a Estend,
And VVife, have given me inglorious end.
While these thus spake, the digmetalling spy Brought neere, Viglet noble victory To their renew d discourse; in all the ends The wooers fuffer'd, and thew'd those his Frends. VVhom now, amaze inuaded with the view, And made give backe : yet Agamemmen knew is Melanthim heyre, much fam'd Amphineden, of paid 14 mgs, hall Who had in Ithees, Guest-fauours shown a basiv med an legal of theme A To great Assides, who first spake and faides and all the man and will all On your aliue parts, that hath made governate is the same former original at This land of darkneffe, the retrest trous take for laborate in land of darkneffe, the retrest trous take for laborate in labor So all together? All being like in yeers if to mean sets the way and will Nor would a man haue choold, of all the Peeres nrolling on a resinus of W A City honors, men to make a pattened strend ground all and readollo More frong for any object? Hathyour mart hours was allewised VV Bene felt from Neptane, being at Sent His weath, De a lott De Cour A Or have offenfine men imposit this Byer Ad to bound about a said a said Your Oxen driving son your lockes affate? And die Or for your City fighting, and your white heart 10? Haue deaths vntimely, leiz'd your bell sign dimes? Informemetruly: I was once your Guett sucurity in the last of the O Note: heether the sate of the second had profel delegated the sate of the sate First armes for Ilien; and were come affects when or an analysis allowed On Ithaea, with purpose to implote is the most way and the most Violses aider that City-racing man, solo pris (phinoidil color point) In wreake of the adulterous Phrygian. . estimated the state of the Retaine not you the time? A whole mouths date

THE XXIII. BOOKE

1 1735, 113

In our arrivall, old Laertes Son; V Vhom (hardly yet) to our defigne we won. The Soule made answer : Worthiest King of men, I well remember enery passage then ou now reduce to thought; and will relate The truth, in whole forme, of our timeleffe Fate. VVe woo'd the wife of that long absent Kings VVho (though her second marriage, were a thing Of most hate to her) she would yet deny At no part our affections; nor comply With any in performance: but decreed In her delayes, the cruell Fates, we feed. Her craft was this: She vndertooke to weaue A Funerall garment, destin'd to receaue I he corfe of old Leertes; being a taske Of infinite labour, and which Time would aske. In midft of whose attempt, she cause our stay VVith this attraction: Youths! that come in way Ofhonor'd Nuptials to me: Though my Lord Abide amongst the dead; yet cease to bord My choise for present Nuprials; and sustaine (Lest what is past me, of this web, be vaine) Till all receiue perfection: Tis a weede Disposed, to wrap in, at his Funerall neede The old Lacres: who (poffersing much) Would (in his want of rites as fitting) touch My honor highly, with each vulgar Dame. Thus spake she, and perswaded, and her Frame All day the labour d; her dayes worke not fmall; But every night time, the vowrought it all. Three yeares continuing this imperfect taske; But when the fourth year came, her flights could mask In no more covert; fince her trufted Maid Her whole deceite, to our true note betraid. VVith which, furprized, the could no more protract Her workes perfection: but gane end exact To what remain'd: washt vp, and set thereon A gloffe fo bright, that like the Sun and Moon The whole worke shew'd together. And when now Of meere necessity, her honour'd yow She must make good to vs: ill fortune brought Visiles home, who yet, gaue none one thought Of his arrivall; but far-off at field Liu'd with his Herdsman: Nor his trust would yield Note of his person; but lin'd there as Guest; Ragg d as a begger, in that life profest. At length, Telemachus left Pylos fank;

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And with a Ship, fetcht soone his natiue Land. When yet, not home he went : but laid his way Vp to his Herdiman, where his Father lay; And where, both laide our deaths. To town then bore The Swine-herd, and his King; the Swaine before. Telemachias, in other wayes, bestow'd His course home first, t'associate vs that woo'd. The Swaine, the King led after, who came on Ragged and wretched, and still lean'd vpon A borrow'd staffe. At length, he reacht his home; VVhere (on the fodaine, and fo wretched, come) Nor we, nor much our elders, once did dreame Of his returne there: but did wrongs extreame Of words, and blowes to him: all which, he bore VVith that old patience he had learn'd before. But when the minde of love had rait'd his owne; His fon and he, fetcht all their Armour downe; Fast lockt the doores; and (to prepare their vse) He will'd his wife (for first meane) to produce His Bow to vs. to draw; of which, no one Could stir the string: Himselfe yet, set vpon The deadly strength it held; Drew all, with ease; Shot through the steeles, and then began to sease Our armeleffe bosomes; flriking first, the brest Of King Antinous, and then the reft In heapes turn'd ouer : hopefull of his end, Because some God(he knew)stood firme his frend. Nor prou'dit worte with him; but all in flood, The Pauement straight, blusht with our vitall blood: And thus our foules came heere; our bodies laid Neglected in his roofes: no word conuaid To any friend, to take vs home and give Our wounds fit balming; nor let fuch as live Entombe our deaths: and for our fortunes, thed Those teares, and dead rites, that renowne the dead. Atrides Ghoft gaue answere; Obleft Son

Attides Ghost gaue aniwere; Oblett Son Of old Laertes, thou at length, hast won With mighty vertue, thy vnmatched wife. How good a knowledge: how vntoucht a life Hath wife Penelope? How well she laide Her husbands rights vp! whom she lou'd a Maid? For which, her vertues shall extend applause steyond the circles staile mortality drawes; The deathlesse in this vale of death, comprising, Her praise, in numbers, into infinites rising. The daughter, Tyndarw begat, begot No such chaste thoughts; but cut the virgin knot That kn't her spouse & her, with murtherous swords.

For which, posterities shall put hateful worth that To notes of here that all her Starte Lynd grot a la bank And for her ill, shall even the good beblandd To this effect, these these digressions and the In hell : Earths darke, and ener hiding Banks 12: 20 Viriles, and his Son (new plat the live and one one Soone reacht the field, elaboratel endance at Land By old Laertes labour : when with energy For his loft Son, he left, all Court affaires And tooke to this rude place which with soile orber He made a fweet and habithie foide affin a raing di VVhere flood a house to him; about Which; tan :: () In turnings thicke, and Labyrinthian and a roy you Poore Houels, where his need hap when the above That did those workes (of pleasure section theb) and Might fit, and eate, and fleeper has historiane house An old Sicilian Dame liu'd; fludistration in the side of To ferue his fowre age with her chessefull paines Then faide Visses to his Son, and Swaines; Go you to Towne, and Strybur door hill The best Swine ye can chook with fill the fill t Stay with my father, and affay his tranger components If my acknowledged truth, it can deling the control of Or that my long times transite, dethis whange My fight to him, that I appeare as flyinge of the Thus gave he armes to them, and home he hiera Visiles to the fruitfull field applied a comid or or His present place: nor found be sedimentary in the His fonnes, or any fernant, he symbol to an all that spacious ground and grobe from the need. Were dragging bulbes, to repaires Fence and Old Delius leading all Flyfes found 1501, 4500 121 His father farre aboue, in that false mound Employd in proyning of a Plant Historian All torne and tatter'd; fit fortsomely deads But not for him. Vpon his legs he wore. White is the Patcht boots, to guard him from abe beautiles goies His hands had thorne-proofe hedging Mirrors con-His head a Goats-skin Caskerthroughail which Gene His heart given ouer, to abjecteft mone. Him, when Plyfes law confum d with acc. And all the Enfignes on him, that the page Ofgriefe presented: he brake outlingers: And (taking fland then, where acres of Pearce !! Shot high his forehead ouer him) his minde Had much contention. If as you down in a Make straight way to his father, kiffe to have Tell his returne, and put on all the face

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And fashion of his instant told seturing, 2. 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 Or flay th'impulsion; and the long day burne all the lio Of his quite loffe given, in his Fathers feare, A little longer : trying first his chease With some free dalliance; th'earnest being so neare, This course his choise preferr dyand forth he went: His Father then, his aged houlders beat Beneath what yeares had floop't, about a Tree Bufily digging O,old man (faid he) harron) Ho, it and and You want no skill, to drefle and decke your ground, For all your Plants dorth order d diffance bound: No Apple, Peare, or Oliue, Fig. of Vine; Nor any plat, or quarter, you confine To graffe, or flow rs, flands empty of your care, Which shewes exact in each peculiane: Andyet (which let not mone you) you bellow sold and the No care vpon your felie; though to this thow 1. 5: 11. fourward irkfomnesse, to what you are, You labour with an inward froward sare, Which is your age; that should weare all without More neare, and cherishing. I make no doubt That any floth you vie, procures your Lord To let an old man, go so much abhord In all his weeds; nor thinesthere in your looks A fashion, and a goodlinesse, so tooke VVith abiect qualities, to merit this Nasty entreaty: Your resemblance is A very Kings, and thines through this retreate. You looke like one, that having wash; and care, Should sleepe securely, lying weet, and neare. It is the ground of Age, when cares abufeit, To know life's end; and as the freet, fo vieit. But veter truth, and tell; what Lood is he That rates your labour, and your liberty? VVhole Orchard is it, that you husband thus? Or quit me this doubt; For if Isbaens This kingdome claimes for his : the man I found At first arrivall heere, is hardly found Ofbraine, or civill; not induring flay, To tell, nor heare me, my enquiry one Of that my friend; if fill he bore about

His life and Being; or were divide Death, And in the house of him that harboureth

My Land and house retaining interest.

As guest, from any forreigne Region office

Of more price with me. He deriu d his race

The foules of men. For once he hin'd my gueft;

In his abode there, where there soid um'd none,

OF HOMERS ODYSSES.

From Isbaca; and faid, his Father was Laertes, furnam'd Arcefiades. I had him home; and all the offices Perform'd to him, that fitted any friend Whose proofe I did to wealthy gifes extend: Seuen Talents, Gold; a Bolle all filmer, fer

With pots of flowers: twelhe robes, that had no pleat: Twelne cloakes (or mantles) of delicious dye: Twelve inner weeds: Twelve fines of Tapiflry I gaue him likewife : women skill'd in vfe Of Loome, and Needle; freeing him to chufe Foure the most faire. His Pather (weeping) faide,

Stranger! The earth to which you are connaide. Is Ithaca; by fuch rude men poffert; Vniust and insolent, as first address To your encounter; but the gifts you gane VVere giuen (alas) to the vingrateful grane. If with his people, where you dow arrive, 11 Your Fate had bene to findeyour friend affine,

You shold have found like Guest-rites from his hand; Like gifts, and kinde paffe to your withell laid. But how long finee, recently your synchrony your goeth Your Friend, my Son? who was in manufact. Of all men breathing, if he was in a

Oborne, when Fates, and ill Afpects let fall ... A cruell influence for hills Parte away
From Friends and Countries the little alay The Sea-bred appetites; or (left afficire) To be by Fowles, and vpland Monflers tore.

His lifes kinde authors; nor ha wealthy wife, Bemoning (as behoon d) his partial life. To all men dead) in bed, his dylang cycs ()

But give me knowledge of your name and store: What City bred you? VV here the anchoring place Your thip now rides at lies, that their dyon lies. And where your men? Or if a partenues 11. In others keeles you came, who (thing Land To your adventures heere, fome other Suand

To fetch in further course) have left to vs Your welcome prefence? Like Heply was thus: I am of Alybande, where I hold My names chiefe house, to mach renewite esteld.

My Father Aphidantes; fam'd coffeing From Pelipemen, the Molefsian King My name, Eperiem. My taking heed 1 271 On this faire life, was rul'd by the command Of God, or Fortune : quite against contem

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Of my free purpole; that, in course was bent For th'Isle Sicania. My Ship is held Farre from the City, neere an ample field. And for (VIy/les) fince his passe from me Tis now fine yeares. Vnbleft by Defting. That all this time, hath had the Fate to erre: Though, at his parting, good Birds did angure His putting off, and on his right hand flew VVhich, to his passage, my affection drew: His spirit ioyfull, and my hope was now To guest with him, and see his hand bestow Rights of our friendship. This, a cloud of griefe Cast ouer all the forces of his life. VVich both his hands, the burning dust he swept Vp from the earth, which on his head he heapt, And fetcht a figh, as in it, life were broke: VV hich green d his Son, and gave so smart a stroke Vpon his nofethrils, with the inward fripe. That vo the Veine rose there; and weeping tipe He was to fee his Sire feele fuch woe For his diffembl'd ioy; which now (let goe) He forung from earth, embrac't and kift his Sire: And faid; O Father: he, of whom y'enquire Am I my felfe, that (from you, fwenty yeares) Is now return'd. But do not breake inceases For now, we must not formes of kinde mainerine But hafte and guard the substance. I have flaine All my wives wooers; fo, revenging move Their wrong fo long time fuffer d. Take not you The congration of the comming then to be at this glad inftant; but, in provide the first of the congrate indgement; give mone, glad fuscace.

And, on the fodaine, put this confequence. In act as absolute, as all signe went To ripening of your resolute affent.

All this hafte made not his staide faith, so free To trust his words; who faid, If you are he. Approue it by fome figne, This fear then for (Replied Vlyfes) given mely the Bote Slaine in Parmaffus, I being fent before By yours, and by my honour'd Mothers will an ambient of the state of t To fee your Sire Antelyeus fulfill The gifts he vow'd, at gluing of my Name, 767 Ile tel you too, the Trees (in goodly frame Of this faire Orchard) that I askt of you.
Being yet a childe, and follow'd, for your flow And name of enery Tree. You gaue me then Of Figge-trees, forty; Apple-housers, tens Peare-trees, thirteene; and fifty rankes of Vine;

Each one of which, a leafon did confine For his best eating. Not a Grape did grow, That grew not there, and had his heavy brow When tones faire daughters (the all-sipening how's) Gaue timely date to it. This charg well powers lowe. Both of his knees and heart, with fuch impression' we are Of fodgine comfort, that it gauge policision and (and an analysis Ofall, to Traver: The fignes westall to trate provide the same And did the love, that gave them, fortime. His cast his armes about his source and funkes The circle, flipping to his feete, So thranke finites and the VVere all his ages forces, with the fire Of his yong loue rekindl'd. The old Sine was a great of the The Son tooke vp, quite lineleffe: Bookis breach Againe respiring; and his foule from death His bodies pow is recourring: Outherwied,
And faid; O impirer! I nowthaluntied[1] That still there line in heaven, remembring Gods? Of men that ferue them; though the periods: 7 4 1 39 100 They fet to their apparances, are long to think on the control of In best mens sufferings, yet, as sure as strong to the a new mes. They are in consorts : be their firange delayer Extended neuer fo, from dayer to dayer. Yet fee the short ioyes, or the foons mixt feares Of helpes with-held by them Solminy yeares? For, if the wooers now, have paide the paine Due to their impious pleasing Now, againe Extreame feare takes me, left we ftraight shall fee Th' Ithesenfranshere, in murinie; Their Meffengers disparche, to win to kiend The Cephalenian Cities. Do not frend Your thoughts on thele cares (finde his fuffering fon) But be of comfort; and see that course ron That beft, may foun the worst: Our house is never Yelemachen, and both his Herdfinen, there To dreffe our supper with their vanofthaft, And thicker hafte we. This faide, Fouth they paft: Came home, and found Telemobio, at feast With both his Swaines: while who had done all dreft WVith Baths, and Balmes, and royally arraid The old King was, by his midian Maid. By whose side Pallar stood his crooks age streining: His fieth more plumping; and his looks enlightning: VVho yfluing then to view, his four admir d The Gods Afpects into his forme inspir d: And faid: O Father: certainly forme God By your addression in this state hath stood; More great, more reuerend, rendring you by farre,

OF HOMERS ODYSSES.

	132 × 150 2 (142 (144) + 1	
	THE XXIIII.BOOKE	
372	THE XXIII. BUQUE	1704.1
	At all your parts, then of your felfe, you are	201
	That helpt me take in the wel-smart many and the control of fitrong Nericus (the Cephalius powiis and this, and the control of	
	Offerong Nericus (the Copuntar powers and in the City, leading) two dayes flathour private of the City, leading) two dayes flathour private of the Copuntary of	
		4.4
	I should have helpt thee 10, to tenath Their stubborne knees, that in the injury and the stubborne knees, that in the injury and the students.	7.71 J
	This faid; and supper order d by the man,	,
		,
	mi I he shem VD. 200 (ITC): UISH Mattheway	
	As whose age grew; with it; beereast his case 1.	
	As whose age grew, with it, bnoiseast his care?	
	and affonith inches 266 at 1 a	
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		3.5
	and the first and our few lights are the	
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	was standard and subject to the standard standar	
		77
		ίT
	e ser 1 1 Ab a also handes XV filen (O IE al Galla Ab Villa)	
		11
		77
	And Fate, the wooters natural transfer all sales of the Vlyses roofes. All heard, together all sales Holl.	- H. AA
		B
		1.1
	T - :- Come buriall - while their security were apicant	***
	To other Neighbor-Cities, where they lived a	From
	•	

OF HOMER SIOD Y SEE STATE	_37
rom whence, in fwifted Fillers hopes, ar ited and labered management	
Aen to transfer them home. In meana foace here	7.7 7.7
Men to transfer them home. In means there is the state of the heavy Nobles, all in counfails were a state of the heavy Nobles, all in counfails were a state of the heavy Nobles and the heavy Nobles	7 V 757
Where (met in much heape) vo to all and a late in with the bloom we	
extremely-green'd Empithem; fo to lole 10 20 20 20 16 17 20 17 20 16 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	3
lis Son Animo contaites Cita of the selection, of the contains and it	Α.
By great Physes hand, had flaughing us fall in it is his it is	Α.
Vhole Father (weeping for him) (aide O Friends)	.)
This man hath author'd workes of district lends	· 📝
ong fince, conucying in his guide to Trees of all and and and and	
Good men, and many, that did ih he applo 9:	
All which are loft, and all their Souldiers deads dryd Patrons sine and	
And now, the best men Cephalenia hand in the sent and and ababas	
His hand hath flaughter'd. Go methen (before	
His francto Pales, or the Elean Shoresh	٠,
His Cape to Pylos, or the Elem Shoresh a VV here rule the Epeans) gaing his hornid hand to	
For we shall grieue, and in any will beared : marketon at the earth and	1-
	:7
And Brothers end in these confusions	
Renenge left yninflicted. Noswill I	
Reuenge left vninflicted. Noswill I Enloy one dayes life more; But greeve, and die VVith inftant onfet. Nos hould jent finnine	
VVith inftant onfet. Northould non forming	
To keepe a bale, and beauty paint and show the second seco	
IT-A-show les Gighe negrentus This with testes	
His grices aduid, and made all subsection In his afficience But by this, was come Vp to the Counfaile, irosperinger home (VVhen fleep had left the, which the flagsburgs them	
In his affliction, But by this, was come	
Vo to the Counfaile, from Philes home	
(VV) hen fleen had left the, which the flammers there	
And their lefte dangers from their eves was a second	
Had no night intercepted) thois supplies.	
That inft Vhises fau dout of the flame	
VVhich Medes, and the facred Singer were.	
These stood amids the Countaile, and the searce	
The flaughter had imprest, in eithers looke	
Specke fill to gastly: that amaze it stroots	
Through enery there beholder: To whole earth	
One thus enforc't, in his fright, cause of theirs:	
Attend me ithacenfiant; This fleme fact	
Done by Plyffes, was not put in act	25
VVithout the Gods affiftance: Thefe felfe cies	!
Saw one of the immortall Deities	٠.,
Close by Vly Jes. Mentary Spring put on	· •
At enery part: and this fure Deary, thone	÷
AT	٠.
And flaughterous spirit: Now the points controlled	, 1
Of all the woods weapons; round about	
The arm'd housewhisking; in continual rout	•
Their party putting, till in heapesthey fell.	
Th	15
•	

THE XXIII BOOKE This newes, new fears did through their spirits inapels When Halisberfes (honor d Matters forme; VVho of them all, law onely what was done Prefent, and future) the much-knowing man And aged Heroe, this plaine course ran Amongst their counsailes: Giue me likewile eare; And let me tell ye, Friends; that the let beare On your malignant spleenes, their fad effects, VVho, not what I perswaded, game respects: Nor what the peoples Pastor (Memor) faide; That you should see your issues follies Raid In those soule courses, by their petulant life The goods denouring, scandaling the wife The goods deuouring, leandaing thewire
Of no meane perfor; who (they fill) would fay) Could never more see his returning day: Which yet, appearing now: now give it truft, And yeeld to my free counsailes: Do not thrust Your owne fafe persons, on the acts, your Sons and the acts of the So deerely bought, left their confusions On your lou'd heads, your like addictions draw. This stood so farre, from force of any Law To curbe their loofe attempts, that much the more They rusht to wreake, and made rude timultrore. The greater part of all the Court atoles Good counfaile could not ill defignes dispose. VVhich (compleate arm'd) they put in prefent force:
The reft fate fall in counfaile. Thefe men thet Before the broad Towne, in a place they fet All girt in armes ; Emisheus chooling Chiefe To all their follies, who put griefe to griefe; And in his flaughter d sons revenge did burne. But Fate gaue neuer feete to his returne; Ordaining there his death. Then Pallar spake To love, her Father, with intent to make His will high Arbiter, of th'act defign'd; And askt of him, what his vnsearched mind Held vndiscouer d; If with Armes, and ill, And graue encounter, he would first fulfill His facred purpose; or both parts combine In peacefull friend(hip? He askt, why incline These doubts, thy counsailes? Hast not thou decreed That nbacus thould come, and give his deed The glory of reuenge, on these and theirs? Performe thy will; the frame of thele affaires Haue this fit iffue. When Figfes hand Hath reacht full wreake; his then renown d command

Shall reigne for euer : Faithfull Truces ftrooke

Twixt

Twixt him, and all ; For every man shall brooke His Sons and Brothers flanghers; by our meane To fend Oblinies in ; expugning cleane The Character of enmittin all, As in best Leagues before. Peace, Feefinell, " And Riches in abundance, bé the flate. CaThat crownes the close of Wife Viviles Fate. This four d the Free; who from beanens Continue To th' libaces fine lile, made ftraight delicent. Where (dinner past) Plyffes laid , Some one Looke out to fee their necreneile. Delie found Made present speed abroad, and law them nice Ran backe, and told; Bad Arme; and inflantie Were all in armes. Phyles part, was foure; And fixe more fons of Deline: All tils powere Two onely more, which were his aged Six. And like-year'd Dollar, whole lines listed fire All white had left their heads : yet, thinen by Notice, Made Souldiers both, of necessary decide. And now, all girt in armes, the Ports, for wide, They fallied forth, Vigfor being diet guide.

And to them, in the inflant, Paller tame, In forme and voice, like whether white a flater Inspir'd of comfort in Villes hart VVith her feene pretties Total Son, sport He thus then spake ; Now Son ; your open that see (Expord in flaughterous fight) the enemy; Against whom, who shall belt serve, will be seene: Difference not then your race, that yet hath beene For force, and formule, the formula size, Of all earths off prince, This the Son replaces Your felfe shall see (lou d Father) if your please. That my deferuings shall in nought digresse From best fame of our Races formost merit. The old King Iprung for ioy, to heare his fpirit : And faid; O lou'd Immortals; witnesday Lioy, paft measure, to be a blood by the state of the sta Seed of Arcefung Pray Walte and ber 3 set sales That rules in Armes, (his daugheer) and selection (Spritefully brandfully) hurle and selection (Spritefully brandfully) hurle and selection (Spritefully) hurle and selection (Spritefully) has been applied by the selection (Spritefully) has been applied by the selection (Spritefully) and the selection (Spritefully) has been applied by the selection (Spritefully) and the selection (Spritefully) has been applied by the selection (Spritefully) and the selection (Spritefully) an To his braue brandisht Lance serials floods the brass.

That check't Empithem Cashes and doubt his passe, 200 of the brass.

OF HOMERS ODYSSES.

Quite through his head; who fell, & founded falling; His Armes, the found againe, from earth recalling. Viriles, and his Son, rutht on before; And with their both-way-headed Darts, did gore Their enemies breafts fo thicke, that all had gone The way of flaughter, had not Pallas throwne Her voice betwist them, charging all to flav And spare expence of blood. Her voice did fray The blood so from their faces, that it left A greenish palenesse. All their hands it rest Of all their weapons; falling thence; to earth: And to the commune Mother of their Birth (The City) all fled, in defire, to faue The lines yet left them. Then Vhises game A horrid (hout; and like Iones Eagle flew . In fiery pursuite, till sammim threw His smooking lightning twixt them; that had fall Before Minerua: who then, out did call Thus to Virises: Borne of lovel abstaine From further bloodshed : Jones hand in the flaine. Hath equall'd in their paines, their prides to thesa Abstaine then, lest you moue the Deity. Againe then, twixt both parts, the feed of lone

(Athenian Pallas) of all future lone and in his man A league compos de and for her forme, tooke choice Of Menters likeneffe; both in Limb, and Voice.

The End of the XXIIII. and laft Booke of Howers Doffeed (196 37 5 un. วา ที่รู้เปราไทยเกาะไรย์ดี

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establishment or retroller So wrought dinine Vly fles through his woes : in more all har of C So croun debe Light with bins Line Masher's Throsen, As through his great Renowner. I have bronglit winde? And my lafe faile to faced Anchor brought. no is Chair of wheth That bore the Care of all men in ber Kesler gradulle 10 Manda's von C Then my admentarous Barke : The Condinan Pleases ver The Condinant Not halfe fo precious, as this fanle of Cheeces of and a sound in soil In whole longs I have madeour fhores relogee, the direct restricted. Tet this inestimable Pearle smil all small de 19 1 de 19 1 Our Dunghil Chamichetes, but obnitor tall 3 Each Moderne feraper, this Gent fenateling by tor Come seve . 2000 and His Oate preferring far. Let fich, let by: So ferme the flars the clouds; at The fout i met Deffele Deseiners. For as Clouds would fune Observe the Stars yes (Regions left below With all their encies) bar them but of hope aid at the For they fine oner and wit find when they star it ? Diffo'ne in finckes, make Mure and same Claft So pufs Impollars (our Mule-vapolias) Branes la pri With their felfe-blowne additions to distribut Men folid, of their ful ; though and and the golgans hir They come in their compare ; and fulle report Of lenelling, or touching at their light & role : 14.44 000 That fill retaine their radiance, and cleere right; And feel fine enerithen , ales me blaft Of leaf diferace teares downe to Impofers Maft. His Tops, and Tacklings, His whole Freight, and He Conficate to the Fifty Monarchy: His traft, by fooligh Fame bought now, from b Ginen to ferne Mackarell forth and Frankincence. Such then, and any ; too foft-ey à to fee Through workes fo folid, any worth, fo free Of all the learn d professions, as is fu To praife at fuch prace, let him thinke his wi Too weake to rate it. rather then a With his poore pow'rs, Ages, and H

To the Ruines of and Green

Rey tacts Green wrackt: who was Elfe th' Hyads, and Ochffes, had

Ad Deum.

"He onely true God (betwise whom and Me, Lenely bound my comforts, and agree With all my afficus) onely truly knower, And can indge truly me, with all that goes To all my Faculties. In whole free grace And inforation; I onely place All mennes to know (with my meanes; Study, praire, In & from his word takes) faire by faire In all continual content ation, rifug To knowledge of his Truth, and practifing

His wil in it, with my fole Saniours aide, 1915 | 1856 PR 1709 | 18**19 | fa**t Guide, and enlightning : Wothing Lotte por faide, · 10 5 63 2 86 2 5 63 5 1 (188.) 5 8 Nor thought that good is but acknowledged by .. Dall & Lacendri Lorson His inclination, skill, and faculty. Child that was 19) toy and all services By which, to finde the way out to his lane. He same ti fer wer wode in de n For they Pro company My findies, prairs and pow'rs: No pleasant steen. To deministry, maker But figu dby his: for which my blood for faken Mana) exception (sec. 1) My foule I cleane to: and what (in his blood reinsher fel . Swaes w That hathredeem'd, cleanfd, sanghe her fire her good . But was he of with Sary come to their compact Deo opt. Max. gloria, til go ment to optiden to gratilation) मध्य विशेषात्र विषय हरण विषय हरण विशेष adibat Brases of item, day one it the last the contract of the first the second Tops, et . seelings, beatliet Et wee in which offer of the first

46 da., 'anti-co o ani maini. . Suggest cas les Mareinkel. กลังเรียงเกรียงสายสายสายสายเลืองสายสาย

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